THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

VOLUME 85, No. 6  JUNE 1951

Whole Number 683

Contents

Frontispiece—National Officers Elected .................................. 438
The President General's Message ........................................ 439
We Made a Flag (Poem)—Luella Bender Carr ......................... 440
Patriot Transfusions (Poem)—Clara Grace Swink Votaw ............... 440
The Sixtieth Continental Congress—Mrs. Thomas Burchett ............ 441
MacArthurs Visit Continental Congress ................................. 446
Tribute to General and Mrs. MacArthur—Anita G. Williams ......... 447
Our New National Officers ............................................. 448
This Flag of Ours—Ethel L. Moore ..................................... 449
Tribute to Old Glory—E. E. Patton ...................................... 452
D. A. R. Work at Ellis Island—Gertrude Carraway ................. 453
What Is National Defense?—Mrs. E. L. Veasey ...................... 458
The Blue Ridge School—Edith Burford Kelly ......................... 459
National Defense—Katharine G. Reynolds and Frances B. Lucas .... 465
Parliamentary Procedure—Nellie Watts Fleming .................... 469
Book Reviews—Florence Nightingale ................................. 470
Motion Pictures—Caroline White Settlemyer ....................... 471
Building Completion Committee—Mrs. Donald Bennett Adams .... 472
Disc Recordings of Addresses at 60th Continental Congress ....... 472
State Activities ..................................................... 473
With the Chapters ................................................... 477
C. A. R. National Convention ........................................ 490
Genealogical Department .............................................. 491
Minutes, National Board of Management .................................. 498
National Officers ................................................... 525
"American Mother" ................................................ 532
News and Views, Editorially ....................................... 535
From the Magazine Chairman ...................................... 536
Quiz Program ......................................................... 537
Among Our Contributors ............................................. 539

Issued Monthly By
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
Publication Office: ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

GERTRUDE S. CARRAWAY, Editor

Address all manuscripts, photographs and editorial communications to The Editor, The Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, Administration Building, 1776 D Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

MRS. WILL ED GUPTON, National Chairman

Single Copy, 35 Cents. Yearly Subscription, $2.00

Copyright, 1951 by the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution

Entered as second-class matter, December 8, 1924, at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., under the Act of March 3, 1879
NATIONAL OFFICERS ELECTED AT CONTINENTAL CONGRESS

MISS MARGARET GOODWIN  
Vice President General

MRS. JOHN N. PHARR  
Vice President General

MRS. H. B. KIRKPATRICK  
Vice President General

MRS. W. L. AINSWORTH  
Vice President General

MRS. Y. H. YARBROUGH  
Vice President General

MRS. R. E. HEYWOOD  
Vice President General

MRS. HARRY J. SMITH  
Vice President General

MISS LILLIAN CHENOWETH  
Hon. Vice President General
The President General’s Message

DEAR DAUGHTERS:

JUNE, the month of Flag Day, is an especially appropriate time for us to stress the reverence in which our United States Flag should be held, with the idea that it is the symbol for all that our American Way of Life stands for in the world.

Of all times in the history of our Country, this is the hour for us to stress our American Flag; for there is abroad the current idea of placing too much emphasis on the United Nations standard. Again, we repeat we believe in the primary purposes of cooperation, good will and unity for a united front of nations, for law, order and organization tending toward world peace. BUT, again we say that we owe primary allegiance to the Flag of the United States, and we should at all times and in all places give our Flag the place of honor on American territory.

What some Chapters have done along this line, following our stand last Fall, is truly remarkable; and to them we express our commendation and approbation. Other Chapters should also let it be known that we honor the United States Flag above all others.

Flag Day is a particularly fine time for this important emphasis. It is hoped that every Chapter will observe Flag Day and do all within their power to express our love for the Star Spangled Banner. Let us remind ourselves and others of the unsurpassed benefits and blessings of living under the Stars and Stripes.

June is the month for School Commencements. Daughters of the American Revolution, wherever possible, should participate in these Commencement exercises, for our school boys and girls should also be reminded of our freedoms and benefits under the American Flag.

Some Chapters present Good Citizenship Pilgrimage medals and other Good Citizenship awards at Commencement programs. We heartily approve of this plan, and recommend it for other Chapters.

During the Summer many Chapters will not function regularly, but we trust that our members will not forget our D. A. R. projects, Committees and objectives. Our National Society should go forward every month during the year. So, while I hope you will enjoy pleasant vacations, never lose sight of our important missions. Today, as never before, our Society has a paramount role to play. Our members should always bear in mind that individually and unitedly we must help preserve the freedoms our forefathers won for us to enjoy and to pass on to future generations.

Affectionately,

[Signature]

President General, N. S. D. A. R.
We Made a Flag

This afternoon we held a sewing bee
At Mistress Ross's home. The time went fast,
We made a flag for General Washington.
For hours we cut and stitched, 'twas done at last.

Of red and white we made the thirteen stripes
To represent our States, and on a square
Of blue, we placed a ring of snowy stars;
How beautiful it looked when finished there.

The red came from a petticoat that Ruth
Had brought (of finest wool and never worn).
Martha had dyed a piece of cloth bright blue.
Bess gave a sheet, the hem but slightly torn.

Never, I'm sure, has any land displayed
A flag as winsome as the one we made.

—Luella Bender Carr

Member, Greysolan Du Lhut Chapter, Duluth, Minn.

Patriot Transfusions

In spite of this delirium of doubt
That undermines the bulwarks of mankind,
Blinds youth to opportunities about
And plants queer isms in the restless mind,
America will lead the way to peace,
Eternal progress and to brotherhood;
For her Democracy will never cease
Extending friendly hands and doing good.

And we through whom the bloods of patriots race
Shall flood the world with knowledge, faith and love,
That freedom-lovers everywhere may trace
Peace charters archived in the stars above.
Infused by such ambition, hope and trust,
Youth then will seek the realms that are august.

—Clara Grace Swink Votaw

Member, Sioux Lookout Chapter, North Platte, Neb.
The Sixtieth Continental Congress

By Mrs. Thomas Burchett
National Chairman, Press Relations Committee

The Sixtieth Continental Congress, April sixteenth through April 20, will be recorded in the annals of the Daughters of the American Revolution as an epoch-making event. National history was also in the making during those days, so tense with eager anticipation. General Douglas MacArthur had accepted the President General's invitation to be a guest of the Continental Congress.

An atmosphere of joyful preparation permeated the entire scene. A direct broadcast to Constitution Hall of the General's report to the United States Congress was made. Immediately following his address, and a hero's welcome, with the booming of a seventeen-gun salute, he proceeded down Constitution Avenue for the memorable visit. As he and his family entered the Hall, a mighty ovation was further evidence of the high esteem which the Daughters had for this great military leader.

The eyes of the entire world were focused upon Constitution Hall when the General delivered his brief address there. He had spoken to the joint sessions of the United States Congress as an official reporting to a Nation. But it was to the Daughters of the American Revolution that he made his first appearance by acceptance of an invitation.

With the General were his charming wife, Jean Marie Faircloth MacArthur, formerly of Murfreesboro, Tenn., a member of the Colonel Hardy Murfreesboro Chapter, D. A. R., at Murfreesboro; and their son, thirteen-year-old Arthur MacArthur, on his first visit to the United States, the land of the birth of his distinguished forebears. Mrs. James B. Patton, the President General, did the introductions in her usual charming and gracious manner.

The MacArthur party was met and escorted to Mrs. Patton by Mrs. Geoffrey Creyke, Chairman of Program for the Continental Congress, and Mrs. Eugene Gary, Platform Chairman. Mrs. Will Ed Gupton, State Regent of Tennessee, personally escorted Mrs. MacArthur.

The opening events of Continental Congress on Monday, April 16, at 8:30 P. M., were characterized by pomp and ceremony of great beauty and as the mighty United States Flag unfurled and floated over a new President General and her Cabinet, it was with a feeling of renewed pride in, and dedication to, those principles of the Daughters of the American Revolution that a vast audience arose to do them honor.

The opening session was conducted in the usual manner. A message from President Truman was read. He expressed a wish that all our citizens would join with the D. A. R. in paying homage to the ideals on which our Nation is founded. Greetings were extended by the Hon. John Russell Young, President of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia; Wallace C. Hall, President General of the National Society Sons of the American Revolution; Mrs. Donald Bennett Adams, National President of the National Society Children of the American Revolution; and D. Stuart Pope, III, Junior National President of the N. S. C. A. R.

Little tots in Colonial costumes greeted the President General as representatives of the C. A. R. They were Elizabeth Jane Elam and John Blaine Patton, her young grandson.

The President General chose for the subject of her address to Congress, "The Past Is Prologue." She spoke of Washington, D. C., as the throbbing heart of a great nation girding for defense, with the wheels of government grinding at an ever increasing speed in an effort to prepare our country adequately for any emergency. She told of the advancement of the Daughters of the American Revolution over the period of sixty years—and described these years as but the prologue to a glorious pageant of patriotism. She related the dramatic story of America's struggle for freedom.

"To the American pioneer, to the Madonna of the Trail, the pioneer mother, the horizon was often dark. It is the same today. We face the approaching storms with the same unflinching spirit. We go forward.
to meet our problems, not backward to avoid them,” she said.

Mrs. Patton stated that we are charting a course of home defense and that it is a time for sober thinking: “In speaking of national defense I repeat once again our opposition to any form of world government as dangerous to our safety... The sovereign rights which we enjoy should not be endangered. American freedom should not be sacrificed upon the altar of a superstate. The altar we hold dear is the altar of patriotism where freedom’s fires flame brightly.” She reviewed the several important phases of present D. A. R. activities and closed with the words: “With God’s help and guidance we will be strengthened and inspired in our united endeavors.”

The Hon. J. Howard McGrath, Attorney General of the United States, addressed the opening session on “Justice, the Keystone of Democracy.” Said he: “Justice means more than that our Courts are conducted fairly. It means more than that our Constitution is upheld. It means more than that the laws are vigorously enforced. For ours to be a just Nation, our citizens must be just in their actions toward one another. The American tradition of fair play must permeate every aspect of our national life.”

Mr. McGrath commented upon the splendid accomplishments of the D. A. R. in fostering and expanding social justice in the United States. He spoke of his personal knowledge of the patriotic activities with respect to new citizens and stated that the Society has been of immeasurable aid in making each new citizen aware of the privilege of being an American citizen as well as of his obligations and responsibilities as such.” He stated that today we are faced with the greatest threat in our history, but he has not the slightest doubt that we will surmount this threat as we have overcome every one in the past.

Special music for the opening evening was furnished by the United States Marine Band and Orchestra and by Barrington Sharma, baritone, accompanied by Jewell Downs.

Honorary Presidents General were presented by the President General: Mrs. Grace L. H. Brosseau, Mrs. Russell William Magna, Mrs. William A. Becker, Mrs. Henry M. Robert, Jr., Mrs. William H. Pouch, Mrs. Julius Y. Talmadge and Mrs. Roscoe C. O’Byrne. Mrs. Brosseau spoke for the group.

Mrs. James Sherera Montgomery, the official organist and accompanist, gave an Organ Recital on Tuesday prior to the morning session. Reports of the National Officers were given by the following: Mrs. James B. Patton, President General; Mrs. Loren Edgar Rex, First Vice President General; Mrs. Leland Hartley Barker, Chaplain General; Mrs. Warren Shattuck Currier, Recording Secretary General; Mrs. George D. Schermerhorn, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. David M. Wright, Organizing Secretary General; Mrs. John Morrison Kerr, Treasurer General; Mrs. Kenneth T. Trewella, Registrar General; Mrs. Hugh L. Russell, Historian General; Mrs. Roland M. James, Librarian General; Mrs. George Andrew Kuhner, Curator General, and Mrs. Charles Haskell Danforth, Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution.

Tuesday evening the Pages assembled at the Mayflower Hotel where by invitation of the President General and the National Board of Management, they and their escorts were guests at a dance. Music was by Sidney.

On Tuesday night, in lieu of the President General’s Reception, which has been held in former years, there was a National Defense meeting with Mrs. Bruce D. Reynolds, the National Chairman, presiding.

The Hon. Harry F. Byrd, United States Senator from Virginia, spoke upon “U. S. Government and National Economy.” He said of the Daughters of the American Revolution that they not only know what is right but that they have the courage and fortitude to fight for what is right, just as their ancestors fought and died to give us freedom. He stated that with the continuance of now existing conditions, our security is in more danger from disunity at home than from enemies abroad. Appealing for national unity if we are to remain strong, he said that cohesive action can come in this Democracy of ours only by free and full discussions of the great issues confronting us. He lauded the three-branch government and believes that it will preserve our liberties and prevent dictatorship. He presented an interesting “Byrd’s eye view of our fiscal affairs.”

This gave interesting and startling facts, among them that with 2,200,000 Federal...
civilian employees we are adding 2,200 new civilian employees every day. Also, he stated that in the Pentagon building alone the military has 35,000 civilian employees under one roof. He urged elimination of non-essential expenditure and a balanced budget. In quoting from General Bradley, Senator Byrd said that other sideline wars can be instigated by Russia. She can turn sideline wars on and off like a spigot of water and can bleed us white before the supreme test comes when we may be called upon to fight the combined might of communistic nations.

Among Senator Byrd's closing remarks were "... Virginia yields to no other Commonwealth or State in appreciation of the Daughters of the American Revolution."

The Rev. Edmund A. Walsh, S. J., Vice President, Georgetown University, and Regent, School of Foreign Service, spoke upon "Dangers of World Communism." In his opening remarks he said: "Time and the inexorable weight of irrefutable evidence have both conspired to vindicate the warnings and progress for an alert and concrete national defense, which I have heard advocated from this platform for over twenty years. You have no need to take your patriotism out of mothballs now and seek new ground whereon to stand. You never fell into the trap that Moscow wove for the eager beavers of the Pink Decade.

"You have often raised your voice against the conspiracy of ridicule and supercilious pedagogy to which the youth of America was subjected in so many universities during the last two decades. America sees her younger generation rallying to her defense by millions and dying heroically in distant outposts of the world." He made a plea for national unity and thereby a notice to the Kremlin that the government of the United States intends to use every component of its physical, intellectual and moral assets in meeting its international obligations.

Music for the National Defense meeting was by the United States Air Force Band, and M/Sgt. Glenn Darwin was the baritone soloist.

Wednesday morning was dominated by interest in the Valley Forge Memorial Bell Tower. Mrs. Benjamin R. Williams, Chairman for this project, presented Mr. Dwight W. Koppes, Advertising and Promotion Manager of the Ladies' Home Journal and Vestryman of Washington Memorial Chapel of Valley Forge. His subject was "Never Underestimate the Power of the D. A. R." He gave a graphic description of the present structure and told of work on the bells to bring them to full readiness for their final repository in the Tower when it is completed. He suggested to the Assemblage that we must cling to the inspiring conception that we are building a superb, magnificent Memorial Tower—not just raising money. At stated intervals throughout the Continental Congress, pledges were taken for funds and over $6,000 was raised.

Wednesday afternoon the program was characterized by youth emphasis. Reports came at this time from such of the Committees as pertain directly to youth, including Approved Schools, Mrs. Lowell E. Burnelle, Chairman, with five former National Chairmen speaking briefly on her program and Jimmy Lou Rochester, a Tamassee pupil, singing a solo.

Thomas Burchett, Jr., of Ashland, Kentucky, student at Washington and Lee University and member of the S. A. R., was guest soloist.

Mrs. Jessica Wyatt Payne, lecturer and forum speaker of Huntington, W. Va., spoke on "Save the Republic Before the Symbols Disappear." In a forceful, dynamic way she told of first-hand knowledge of subversive acts and misleading concepts which have been thrown out for us to accept. She urged that we learn propaganda technique in order to recognize and stop the indoctrination of the Communist—Socialist philosophies in the schools, churches, clubs, unions and governments.

"Progressive Education came along, and, disregarding character building found in the McGuffey Readers, they advised us to let the children alone—don't cramp their style or personality by telling them right from wrong," she said. "Too many parents and teachers let them alone and they came home wagging their confusion behind them. If the schools are to continue to preserve our liberties and our heritage, they must teach and practice Americanism."

Delightful music was featured on Wednesday evening when the National Press Club Chorus sang.
The Hon. Robert A. Taft, United States Senator from Ohio, spoke on “Defense of America.” Senator Taft commended the D. A. R. for its acceptance of responsibility in time of stress. He emphasized that both the foreign and the domestic policy of the United States is today dominated by one over-riding purpose, the battle against the spread of Communism throughout the world. Above all, he asserted, we require leaders in this country who will not waver back and forth in their opposition to Communism, who have the accurate judgment to adopt methods which will be effective and avoid those which threaten disaster and who believe that liberty alone can enlighten the world.

The Hon. Edward Martin, United States Senator from Pennsylvania, spoke upon “America’s Greatest Danger.” He traced the hardships and trials of our forefathers and Colonial development culminating in the declaration that “these Colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent States.” He believes the most pressing danger we face is the weakening of the moral fiber of our people. He said, “The most ardent hope that fills the hearts of men and women today is the hope for peace in the world with honor, justice and freedom.”

An unusually interesting program of foreign-born students of the Americanization School, District of Columbia, was given on Thursday morning.

Thursday evening was the time for State Regents’ Reports. The soloist was Lee Fairfax, baritone, accompanied by Mrs. Fairfax. As State Regents reported, we realized the importance of each State in the making up of the power and prestige of the National Society.

The newly-elected officers were then presented. They were: Vice Presidents General—Miss Margaret Goodwin, of Beloit, Wis.; Mrs. John Newton Pharr, of New Iberia, La.; Mrs. Harlow Barton Kirkpatrick, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; Mrs. Young Harris Yarbrough, of Milledgeville, Ga.; Mrs. William Louis Ainsworth, of Derby, Kan.; Mrs. Roy E. Heywood, of Portland, Me.; and Mrs. Harry J. Smith, of Parkersburg, W. Va.; and Honorary Vice President General—Miss Lillian Chenoweth, of Washington, D. C.

All Committees brought in excellent reports. Time and space will not permit detailing all of these.

The Building Completion Committee, under direction of Mrs. Donald Bennett Adams, National Chairman, and Mrs. Russell William Magna, adviser, at intervals during the Congress, called for gifts and pledges, resulting in approximately $22,000.

A special tribute to the newspaper reporters was given by the National Press Relations Chairman. Also, she acknowledged with gratitude the cooperation of the Washington newspapers, Associated Press, United Press and International News Service.

The President General announced that a full story of N. S. D. A. R. work and headquarters is to be published in a forthcoming issue of the National Geographic Magazine. She also announced that forty kodachrome slides have been prepared showing the interior and exterior views of the headquarters. These may be purchased at $12 a set or rented.

Distinguished clergy who appeared during the Congress were: the Rev. Edward L. R. Elson, D. D., Minister National Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C.; Chaplain Alfred G. Oliver, Chairman, National Defense Committee, S. A. R.; the Rev. Frederick Brown Harris, D. D., Minister Foundry Methodist Church, D. C., and Chaplain United States Senate. Our own Chaplain General conducted most of the devotionals.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was led at various times by Mrs. Harry J. Smith, National Chairman Correct Use of the Flag; Mrs. Carlton R. Todd, State Chairman, National Defense Committee, D. C.; Mrs. Edward F. Randolph and Mrs. William L. Ainsworth, National Vice Chairmen, Correct Use of the Flag Committee; Mrs. Dixie Cotton Herrin, Past Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. J. F. Maddox, National Chairman of Americanism Committee; Mrs. L. E. Tomm, National Vice Chairman, National Defense Committee; and Mrs. Joseph S. Silversteen, Past Vice President General.

Among the talented vocalists who led the National Anthem were Miss Jeanette I. Dentler, Vice President General and National Chairman Advancement of American Music Committee; Mrs. Charles Carroll Haig, Past Treasurer General; Mrs. William H. McGlauffin, Capt. Molly Pitcher
Chapter, D. C.; Mrs. Iley Baker Browning, Poage Chapter, Ashland, Ky.; Mrs. George F. Emrick, National Vice Chairman, Correct Use of the Flag Committee; Miss Thelma LeBar Brown, Olean Chapter, N. Y.; and Mrs. Edward Cage Brewer, Vice President General.

Resolutions passed concerned some of the following subjects: The National Society went on record as favoring a restoration in our public schools of simple non-denominational prayers, hymns and a simple devotional service; re-assertion of opposition to all legislation in whatever guise that would place control of education under any department or bureau of Federal Government; opposition to seating and recognizing Communist China as the legitimate government of China; petitioning the Congress of the United States to initiate legislation necessary to insure the supremacy of our State and National laws; reaffirmation of faith in the Bill of Rights as set forth in the Constitution of the United States of America.

Request the State Department to issue a concise, clear and explicit statement as to its foreign policies; urge Joint Conference Committee of Congress considering Manpower Bill to protect interests of people by maintaining the duty of the Congress to write legislation and to examine it closely before adopting the Commission’s report; opposition to adoption of any Congressional Bill drafting women for military service or for drafting men or women for civilian occupations; be alert to attempts to undermine our allegiance as expressed in the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag and to expose undermining attempts wherever they appear; disapproval of any control of public recreation by the U. S. Government; demand a practice of rigid economy by reducing strictly non-defense spending to include sharply curtailing appropriations to government departments, reduce extravagant use of civilian manpower by the armed forces and freezing foreign economic assistance expenditures as a necessary measure for national security; commend the Congress of the United States in its continued support of the Committee on Un-American Activities; commend the F.B.I. for its vigil to keep America secure and to express faith in J. Edgar Hoover, Director of the F.B.I.; to petition Congress to pass legislation and

(Continued on page 464)

Distinguished guests at Continental Congress are welcomed in the President General’s Reception Room of Constitution Hall: (left to right) General MacArthur; Mrs. W. Eugene Gary, Platform Chairman; Arthur MacArthur; Mrs. Geoffrey Creyke, Congress Program Chairman; Mrs. MacArthur (with the arm bouquet of flowers presented by the National Society); and Mrs. James B. Patton, President General.
MacArthurs Visit Continental Congress

The visit of General Douglas MacArthur, Mrs. MacArthur and their son, Arthur MacArthur, to the Sixtieth Continental Congress at 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon, April 19, "a most significant day in American history," was described as "the most thrilling" event ever to take place in Constitution Hall. So interesting was the brief program that a full transcript is carried below:

The President General: Our distinguished guest needs no introduction. His record is his introduction. It is my proud privilege to introduce General Douglas MacArthur.

General MacArthur: When I heard from your President General, Mrs. Patton, that this distinguished group would be in session today, I determined to stop by to avail myself of an opportunity I have long sought personally to pay you the tribute that is in my heart. [Applause] Of all the great societies of the country during the past century I know of none which has fought more diligently for the preservation of those great ideals which bulwarked our forefathers in their efforts to secure and preserve freedom.

The complexities and confusion largely resulting from internal subversion and corruption and detailed regimentation over our daily life now threaten the country no less than it was threatened in Washington's day. Under these harmful influences we have drifted far away and to a dangerous degree from the simple but immutable pattern etched by our forefathers. It behooves this distinguished Society to assert a dynamic leadership in checking this drift and regaining the ground which we have lost. In this hour of crisis, all patriots look to you. Goodbye.

The President General: Mrs. MacArthur, the former Jean Marie Faircloth, is a member of the Colonel Hardy Murfree Chapter, Murfreesboro, Tennessee. The white orchid she is wearing is a gift of the Tennessee State D. A. R. Society. We would be so glad, Mrs. MacArthur, if you would say a few words as a member of our organization. Mrs. MacArthur has kept her membership in Tennessee during her long absence from the United States.

Mrs. MacArthur: Thank you very much. I have never made a speech in all my life. I leave that up to the General. But it is a great pleasure to be with you and I certainly am very proud of my membership in the D. A. R. It always meant so much to me. Thank you.

The President General: I would like to present Arthur MacArthur. This is the first time, Mrs. MacArthur tells me, that Arthur has been in this country.

[Arthur MacArthur took a bow.]

The President General: General MacArthur, this was the first and only resolution passed by our Congress on Tuesday morning.

Whereas, General Douglas MacArthur has maintained dignity, proved loyalty to his country and demonstrated ability in the conduct of his life as a great military leader;

Resolved, That the Daughters of the American Revolution commend him for his record and express confidence in his continued defense of American principles.

In General and Mrs. MacArthur's honor the sum of $5,000 was contributed this morning to the Memorial Bell Tower, Valley Forge; this tower will house the great carillon. We were assembled here and listened to your report to Congress this afternoon, and when you were finished, not many members had dry eyes. Our fervent thanks are expressed to you, a great American.

[The audience arose and applauded as General and Mrs. MacArthur joined with the audience in singing "Faith of Our Fathers"]

The President General: I should like to present just one more person and that is Representative Joe Martin of Massachusetts who has helped us. He is the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives. [Applause]

[The President General retired from the platform with the General and Mrs. MacArthur.] His parting plea to Mrs. Patton: "Help save our Country."
Tribute to General and Mrs. MacArthur

BY ANITA G. WILLIAMS
Chairman, Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge

The Daughters of the American Revolution realized their opportunity to honor a great American. On Thursday morning of Continental Congress, in a very few moments, over $6,000 was contributed in cash and pledges to honor General and Mrs. Douglas MacArthur in the construction of the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge.

This gift was announced by Mrs. Patton to the General and Mrs. MacArthur when they came to Continental Congress Thursday afternoon. We wish each member might have been present to have received the inspiration of this moment. The Tribute will be fittingly recorded within the Memorial Room of the great Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge.

The Status of the Bell Tower Fund: In September, 1950, each Chapter Regent and National Officer received a financial statement of the Bell Tower Fund as of August 31, 1950. This statement showed the total amount of money on hand for memorials and construction. It showed the amount necessary for completion of the Tower. It gave the estimated cost required to build the Tower—$346,092.50.

From this analysis we learned that $150,000 additional would be needed to complete the Tower.

We have taken $150,000 as the goal that must be reached for completion. The amount of $75,000 additional is required if we aim at completion just to the top of the Memorial Room. The Memorial Room—so termed because it is the first part of the Tower where the Memorial Tablets, Honor Rolls, Gates and Windows will be placed—is approximately the first 50 feet of the Tower. Above the Memorial Room will be the room housing the mechanics which operate the Carillon and of course above that, the Great Carillon itself. The total height of the Tower is 112 feet.

Some difficulties were encountered in the Fall of 1950, so that the building program did not progress as far as hoped. Because of this condition, the demand upon the Bell Tower Fund in the Treasurer General’s office was not great, therefore $162,305.49 remains in the Bell Tower account.

This sum seems to be sufficient for completion of the Tower; but let us explain, so that there may be no confusion. Much of the amount, $162,305.49, is the same money that was in the Treasury August 31, 1950, and received consideration at that time when the analysis was made which showed $150,000 additional money was needed for completion. Within that $162,305.49 is the $35,280 which you have contributed 1950-1951.

The builders, the George A. Fuller Company, report that they will be ready to resume work this week and that they will push on through the Summer to completion. We realize they will be able to push on to completion only if we have been able to complete the full amount of money necessary. So we urge that you send your pledges to us very soon that we may know where we stand and how far we dare venture—we know this membership always honors its pledges, so this method gives you time and gives us the needed assurance. As the builders work, bills will again come pouring into the Treasurer General’s office and our present fund will dwindle.

We repeat, the August 31, 1950, analysis shows $150,000 additional is needed for completion—this is, in addition to the money then on hand. For simplicity in accounting, suppose from this point on we deal entirely with $150,000 as our basis, our goal, because that is the amount we actually need to raise now.

$150,000.00 less $35,280.95 (contributed 1950-1951) balance needed $114,719.05.

Since March 1 we have received ap-

(Continued on page 522)
Our New National Officers

THE seven new Vice Presidents General elected at the Sixtieth Continental Congress are Miss Margaret Goodwin, Mrs. John Newton Pharr, Mrs. Harlow Barton Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Young Harris Yarbrough, Mrs. William Louis Ainsworth, Mrs. Roy Edwin Heywood and Mrs. Harry J. Smith.

Miss Lillian Chenoweth was elected Honorary Vice President General, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mrs. William Vaught, of West Virginia.

Pictures of these new officers appear on the frontispiece of this issue, and a brief summary of their previous D. A. R. offices follows:

MISS MARGARET HELEN GOODWIN
National Chairman of the Good Citizenship Pilgrimage Committee and Honorary State Regent of Wisconsin, Miss Goodwin for 25 years has been active as Chapter Treasurer, Vice Regent and Regent, State Chairman, State Treasurer, State Vice Regent and State Regent. She has attended all her State Conferences and many Continental Congresses.

MRS. JOHN NEWTON PHARR
For 25 years Mrs. Pharr has served consecutively as a D. A. R. Officer or Chairman, including Chapter Regent, State Chairman, State Counselor, State Recording Secretary and State Regent of Louisiana. At present she is National Chairman of the Junior American Citizens Committee, State Chairman of the Building Completion Committee, and C. A. R. Promoter.

MRS. HARLOW BARTON KIRKPATRICK
As Regent of Pittsburgh Chapter, Mrs. Kirkpatrick gained experience that led to her State Regency in Pennsylvania. For three years she was State Credentials Chairman. She is now National Chairman of the Clearing House Committee and a member of the National Committee for the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge.

MRS. YOUNG HARRIS YARBROUGH
Honorary State Regent of Georgia, Mrs. Yarbrough is a Past State Regent, State Vice Regent, State Treasurer and Chapter Regent. For three years she was State C. A. R. Director, and is now a State Promoter. She has been National Vice Chairman, Tellers Committee; and is now National Vice Chairman, Building Completion.

MRS. WILLIAM LOUIS AINSWORTH
Mrs. Ainsworth, Past State Regent, Honorary State Regent, and National Vice Chairman, Correct Use of the Flag, is a member of Eunice Sterling Chapter, the largest Chapter in Kansas. An active C. A. R. supporter, she has a long record of D. A. R. achievement and attendance at State and National meetings.

MRS. ROY EDWIN HEYWOOD
Past State Regent of Maine and Past National Chairman of the D. A. R. Manual for Citizenship Committee, Mrs. Heywood has served as a member of the National Resolutions, Building Promotion, Platform, House, and Approved Schools Survey Committees. She is a C. A. R. Promoter and a former State D. A. R. Registrar, Historian and Vice Regent.

MRS. HARRY J. SMITH
Included in Mrs. Smith's 27 years of service are terms as Chapter Registrar, Chapter Regent, State Chairman of National Defense, State Recording Secretary, State Vice Regent and State Regent of West Virginia. Past President of her State Officers Club, she is now National Chairman, Correct Use of the Flag Committee.

MISS LILLIAN CHENOWETH
Miss Chenoweth has served the Society for 44 years, as Vice President General, State Regent, State Vice Regent; Regent of Continental Chapter and Regent and Honorary Regent of Manor House Chapter, District of Columbia; President of State Officers Club, Recording Secretary of Ex-State Regents Club, President and Vice President of the Chapter House Corporation. She is now National Chairman of Printing, and was an Official Reader for the recent Continental Congress.
This Flag of Ours

BY ETHEL L. MOORE

THE word flag, it is claimed, was originated to give expression to that which hangs loosely, also from the Anglo-Saxon, "to fly," in connection with rushes that were used for streamers which, being light in weight, were lifted and floated on the breeze.

The first European flag to be planted on this continent was claimed by the Norsemen and Danes. It was said to bear a raven and to have been brought to the Northeastern shores by Leif Ericson in the year 1000.

The first authentic design, although not planted on the continent itself, was that of Spain. Columbus landed on one of the Islands of the Bahamas on Friday, October 12, 1492, which he called San Salvador, meaning Holy Savior. This flag was the royal standard of Spain emblazoned with the arms of Castile and Leon. In 1498 he again came to these shores but this time he was flying his own standard which had been presented to him as a gift from Queen Ysabella. It bore the letters F and Y, in green surmounted by gold crowns either side of a green cross on a white background, which stood for Ferdinand and Ysabella.

The accomplishment of Columbus' first voyage aroused the other nations in Europe. From England sailed John Cabot and his son, Sebastian, who succeeded in reaching the mainland of North America in 1497. They raised the royal ensign of Henry VII of England on the shores of Labrador, this being the first definitely known flag to be planted on the continent proper. This, of course, the Cabots did not know, they being under the impression that they were on the coast of China.

Ponce De Leon, whose request to be made the Governor of the Island of Porto Rico had been granted by Spain and then removed from that office on account of complaints of his cruelty, was getting old. An old Indian told him of fabulous wealth to be gained in the Northwest, where could be found a fountain that would give eternal youth. He started in search of this and on a Sunday morning came to an extensive country which he thought was a large island. The fragrant flowers and blossoms appeared as a fairyland. This Sunday was known to the Spaniards as Pascua Florida, so he called the land Florida, this being our Easter Sunday. So the flag of Spain flew on the continent also. This flag did not bear the combined letters of F and Y as Queen Ysabella died in 1504 and De Leon reached Florida in 1513.

In 1585, Sir Richard Grenville, who had been sent by Sir Walter Raleigh, brought the English flag for the second time to the American Continent. He landed on Roanoke Island, then part of Virginia, so named in honor of the Virgin Queen.

In 1603 under James I, former James VI of Scotland, England and Scotland were united. The flag then used showed the Red Cross of St. George joined with the White Cross of St. Andrew, and the field changed to blue. Some historians claim that the flag under which the Pilgrims landed in 1620 was the flag of St. George as England and Scotland some time after the union used their individual flags for certain purposes. Later deciding to adopt a flag representing something local, the Pilgrims created a flag which was the first heraldry in America. The symbol was a pine tree. The possible reason for this was that it was usually under the pine tree that meetings were held to decide local affairs.

The flag of the Dutch East India Company first appeared in New York harbor in 1609, brought by Hendrick Hudson; this bore orange, white and blue horizontal stripes with the letters V. O. C. A. in the white stripes, representing Vereenige Oost Indisch-Compagnie. Hudson landed about 100 miles north up the river which bears his name, where he was hospitably entertained by the Indians. Returning to Europe, he made the mistake of stopping at England where King James detained him claiming that the land he visited belonged to the English crown. In 1610, in the employ of English merchants, he again set sail and arrived in Hudson Bay where his crew mutinied, abandoning him and some of his crew in a small boat. The
Dutch claimed the land along the Hudson River to Albany and unfurled their flag to the Western breezes.

In 1631 Peter Minuit, who had been appointed Governor by the Dutch West India Company of New Netherland, was deprived of his office which he had held since 1625. He then went to Sweden offering his services. He returned to America as the leader and guide of the Swedes who established the colony of “New Sweden” on the banks of the Delaware River. The Swedish flag planted on this soil was blue with a yellow cross. This settlement was wiped out by the Dutch in 1655 who in turn were overruled by the British in 1664.

In 1643 Plymouth, Massachusetts Bay, Connecticut and New Haven united and called themselves the colonies of New England. They adopted the ensign of St. George with the Royal Crown and the King’s cypher in the center on a white background. Boston, however, still continued to use the pine tree for local purposes.

In 1659 another flag was created by a group of men from the Counties of Essex, Suffolk and Middlesex, Mass., who called themselves, “Three County Troop,” and upon the flag appeared that legend.

At the beginning of the new century there was a conglomeration of flags. Most of the Colonies had adopted a flag of their own; however, this did not indicate that they didn’t consider themselves part of the Old Country. They fought shoulder to shoulder with the English in quarrels with other nationalities in America.

In 1745, the New Englanders under the leadership of Pepperell conquered Louisburg. In this controversy, a numerous assortment of flags were carried. Prominently among them was the one of Boston presented by George Whitefield who by his preaching heralded this expedition against the French as the New Englander’s Crusade. In their triumphant march through the gate of Louisburg this flag was distinguished with its “Desperandum Christ Duce.” It was through this fighting experience, the Colonists became self-conscious that, if occasion should arise, they could protect themselves by acting together and this confidence was further strengthened when they helped materially in the taking of Quebec.

In 1754, from a woodcut printed by Benjamin Franklin in his paper, another flag was originated. This was really the culmination of a convention held in Albany, N. Y., at which 150 Indian Chiefs represented the Six Nations of Indians and 25 English represented the Colonists in America. The meeting was held for the purpose of forming an alliance with the Americans and Indians; and it was here that Franklin suggested a plan of union.

The woodcut printed by him was a snake cut into 13 pieces to represent the 13 colonies; on each piece was the initial of a Colony and underneath the inscription, “United or Die.” This was then used as a design for a flag. The plan of union agreed upon at this meeting was not accepted by the Colonists as they did not think there was any need of a union at that time.

In June, 1768, the discontent of the Colonists against the British had brewed to the breaking point and was visibly exhibited by a red flag flown from the Liberty Pole in Boston with a paper attached calling for the people to arise and clear the country of the British Commissioners and their officers. Many times this Liberty Pole was cut down by the British, to be again erected by the citizens, and as a result of meetings held under the old Liberty tree, many lively skirmishes were had with the English. The flying of this flag to show their defiance could be considered the actual beginning of the war.

When Putnam marched forth that star-lit night from Boston toward Bunker Hill to defy the British, he carried a red flag with a pine tree in the center, but at the actual battle on the 17th day of June, it is not positively known what sort of flag was used; however, it is recorded that the British captured none. A Mrs. Manning in her later years claimed that her father who was in the battle had assisted in raising a standard and she had heard him say it bore a ground of blue, the field in the corner divided by the red cross of St. George, in one section of which was a pine tree.

At the beginning of the Revolution there were many flags with various mottoes, such as “Appeal to Heaven,” “Liberty or Death,” “Liberty and Union,” and other similar legends.
South Carolina adopted a flag with a crescent in the center. This was originated by Colonel Moultrie who had received instructions from the Council of Safety to procure one after he had captured Fort Johnson on Sept. 13, 1775, and it was thought necessary some sort of flag be flown to show that he was in possession. He chose this design to correspond with his troops who were clothed in blue with silver crescents on their capes inscribed, "Liberty or Death." The blue in the flag represented steadfastness; and the crescent, increasing hope.

Pennsylvania displayed a flag of 13 stripes, alternate red and white; and the American fleet in leaving Philadelphia under Admiral Hopkins was given a rousing sendoff by the people when this flag was flown. The 13 stripes represented the 13 united colonies.

During the years 1775-6, the rattlesnake was used extensively as an emblem on flags, the idea being that the rattlesnake stood for vigilance and true courage, and that although it was not of a quarrelsome nature, it would not stand oppression; that it never struck without giving warning by shaking its rattles, and that when it did, even though the wound was small, it was deadly. This design was gradually abandoned as the Colonies felt that it portrayed too defiant a spirit and did not correctly express their feelings; their strife was for liberty and they turned their eyes toward heaven.

Some of the Colonies still advocated mottoes. Massachusetts suggested, "Come If You Dare"; New Hampshire, "Liberty, Property and No Stamps"; Connecticut, "He Who Brought Us Over, Will Sustain Us." New York displayed a flag of white with a black beaver on it. South Carolina discarded their blue flag with a silver crescent for a yellow flag with a rattlesnake on it; Rhode Island favored a flag white with an anchor of hope.

During this time the predominating idea in the minds of the Colonies was the abolition of the oppressive English laws. They wanted the freedom enjoyed by those in the Old Country and the design in their flags changed accordingly with the expression of liberty, independence and union.

After the Colonies had been at war for several months, they realized that not only should there be a union of themselves but also of their flags. It was on December 13, 1775, Benjamin Franklin suggested at a dinner, which included Washington, that one universal flag be adopted. He proposed the East India flag with some modifications: 13 stripes of alternate red and white to represent the union of the Colonies and the combined crosses of St. George and St. Andrew in the canton denoting that we partly held allegiance to the Mother Country but showed our revolt by the intervening stripes of white. This was called the Cambridge flag, and on Jan. 2, 1776, Washington was the first to hoist it.

Just previous, copies of the king's speech had been sent to the Colonists by General Howe who was looking forward to its having a favorable effect; consequently when from his ship he saw this flag flung to the breeze, accompanied with a salute of 13 guns, he delightedly jumped to the conclusion that this meant submission to the English Crown.

Relative to this, Washington wrote the following letter to a friend: "The speech I sent to you, a volume of them were sent out by the British gentry and we gave great joy to them without knowing or intending it. For on that day, the day which gave being to our new army but before the proclamation came to hand, we had hoisted the union flag in compliment to the united Colonies; but behold! it was received in Boston as a token of the deep impression the speech had made upon us and as a signal of submission. So we hear from a person sent out from Boston last night. By this time I presume, they begin to think it strange that we have not made a formal surrender of our lines."

Undoubtedly it was the Cambridge flag that furnished the idea for our National flag. When the Colonists came to the conclusion that they would certainly sever their connections with England, they decided to eliminate the canton of the crosses of St. George and St. Andrew. A committee was appointed by Congress for this purpose, and on June 14, 1777, Congress resolved that the national flag be 13 stripes, alternate red and white, with 13 stars in a field of blue.

The stars were first used in a circle so that no one colony would predominate over the other, but this design was soon dis-
Tribute To Old Glory

BY E. E. PATTON

THIS article is taken from an address delivered by Franklin K. Lane on June 14, 1914, before the officers and the 5,000 employees of the Department of the Interior, of which Department he was Secretary at the time.

Franklin K. Lane was born in Canada but his parents took him to California when he was about eight years of age. There he grew up, practiced law in San Francisco, was defeated for Mayor of that city and for the Governorship of the State.

Theodore Roosevelt appointed him as a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission and President Woodrow Wilson made him Secretary of the Interior in 1913. It is said that Wilson had never seen Lane until he appeared to take the oath of office as a member of the Wilson cabinet.

Gen. James A. Fowler says that Lane was the ablest member of the Wilson cabinet; that he could have filled, with credit and satisfaction, any cabinet position and that, but for the accident of his birth, he would have been a great President.

(I omit the quotation marks except where he and Mr. Flag Maker talk.)

This morning, as I passed into the Land Office, the Flag dropped me a most cordial salutation, and from its rippling folds I heard it say: “Good morning, Mr. Flag Maker.”

“I beg your pardon, Old Glory,” I said, “aren’t you mistaken? I am not the President of the United States, nor a member of Congress nor a general in the army. I am only a government clerk.”

“I greet you again, Mr. Flag Maker,” replied the gay voice. “I know you well. You are the man who worked in the swelter of yesterday straightening out the tangle of the farmer’s homestead in Idaho, or perhaps you found the mistake in that Indian contract in Oklahoma, or helped to clear that patent for the hopeful inventor in New York, or pushed the opening of that new ditch in Colorado, or made that mine in Illinois more safe, or brought relief to an old soldier in Wyoming. No matter; whichever one of these beneficent individuals you may happen to be, I give you greeting, Mr. Flag Maker.”

I was about to pass on, when The Flag stopped me with these words:

“Yesterday the President spoke a word that made happier the future of millions of peons in Mexico but that act looms no larger on the Flag than the struggle which the boy in Georgia is making to win the Corn Club prize this summer.

“Yesterday the Congress spoke a word which will open the door of Alaska; but a mother in Michigan worked from sunrise until far into the night, to give her boy an education. She, too, is making the Flag.

“Yesterday we made a new law to prevent financial panics, and yesterday, maybe, a school teacher in Ohio taught his first letters to a boy who will one day write a song that will give cheer to the millions of our race. We are all making the Flag.”

“But,” I said impatiently, “these people were only working.”

Then came a shout from The Flag:

“THE WORK that we do is the making of the Flag. I am not the Flag; not all. I am but its shadow. I am whatever you make me, nothing more. I am your belief in yourself, your dream of what a people may become.

“I live a changing life, a life of moods and passions, or heartbreaks and tired muscles. Sometimes I am strong with pride, when men do an honest work, fitting the rails together truly. Sometimes I droop, for then purpose has gone from me, and cynically I play the coward. Sometimes I am loud, garish and full of that ego that blasts judgment.

“But always I am all that you hope to be, and have the courage to try for.

“I am song and fear, struggle and panic, and ennobling hope. I am the day’s work of the weakest man, and the largest dream of the most daring. I am the Constitution and the courts, statutes and the statute (Continued on page 533)
NOW that the Federal Government has closed the United States Marine Hospital on Ellis Island, it is an appropriate time to review the outstanding accomplishments of Daughters of the American Revolution at Ellis Island for the past 30 years, first in providing comforts and aids for the immigrants there and more recently in pioneering in occupational therapy among Public Health Hospital patients.

As early as our 1921 Continental Congress, our National Society passed a resolution calling upon the Government to provide better services for older persons detained at Ellis Island, especially for women with babies. At the National Board Meeting June 7, 1922, the sum of $100 was given to the Chairman of the Patriotic Education Committee for Americanization work among the children at Ellis Island.

On Oct. 17, 1922, the National Board recognized the need of occupational and recreational features in the women’s detention room and asked each State Regent to try to raise $2 per Chapter in her State to help finance D. A. R. activities for the immigrants.

Mrs. George Maynard Minor, President General, reported to the Board Feb. 13, 1923, that D. A. R. work in the women’s and children’s detention rooms was progressing satisfactorily. Mrs. John S. Remsen had resigned as the Society’s representative on the island, and Mrs. Grace L. H. Brosseau, then National Chairman of Transportation, had been appointed in her place, with a new committee suggested for the purpose. Recommendation for this new National Committee was approved by the Board and ratified by the 1923 Congress.

Up to that time, the Ellis Island work had been conducted as a sub-division of a sub-division under the Vice Chairman of Americanization. Miss Alice Louise McDuffee told the 1923 Congress that the previous year’s request that “we concentrate on making better American homes, giving special care to our sister, the Foreign-born woman,” was being “finely worked out through our Occupational Work for Foreign-born women on Ellis Island.”

In her first annual report to Continental Congress in 1924 Mrs. Brosseau, Chairman of the new Ellis Island Immigrant Aid Committee, said that Miss Contessa had been engaged as a full-time assistant and had already accomplished excellent results among the women and children on the island. An assistant was being considered. During that year a total of 676 boxes had been received for the project, and there was a cash balance on hand of $3,342.04.

Declaring that the D. A. R. was the only organization on the island answerable to the Commissioner himself, Mrs. Brosseau also spoke of the “magnificent work” being done along similar lines on Angel Island by the California Chapters. At the 1924 Congress the activities on this western island were placed under the Executive Committee, with request for a constructive plan of assistance by the Ellis Island Committee.

At the 1925 Continental Congress, Mrs. Brosseau reported generous response to the request for $2 per Chapter, receiving a total of $3,862.50 in money and $600 from “an interested well-wisher,” as well as many boxes of supplies. An assistant had been employed for Miss Contessa.

“The work in the women’s room has been most satisfactory in every way,” read Mrs. Brosseau’s report. “Each month the demand becomes a little greater, and as many as ninety have applied for work in one day . . . The women make all sorts of things, from delicate lace-work up to much-needed practical garments, and contentment now reigns supreme in that corridor.

“One Armenian girl, who could not speak a word of English, asked, the second day after landing, for some balls of certain colored cottons. After receiving them she disappeared and brought them back,
with an air of great delight, a perfect little American flag that she had laboriously made with a needle. That, we felt, was sincere appreciation of our country, and perhaps of the efforts made by our organization. We have another flag, made by a man, which we display with much pride as 'Exhibit B.'"

In October, Major Henry M. Curran, the Commissioner, had paid the National Society the great compliment of asking the D. A. R. to take charge also of the men's recreation in the warrant case room, paying “the pleasing compliment that if the Daughters of the American Revolution undertook the work he knew it would be well done.”

Until then women had never been allowed in that room, for it contained only men of the criminal class. “But whatever their infractions of law may have been, whatever their natural tendencies as to disposition may be,” Mrs. Brosseau reported, “they are gentle lambs when we reach them, for we bring to them occupation and a chance to forget their troubles. "The work they seize upon with the same avidity that the women display, and they will do anything and do it well. Hooked rugs and knitted scarfs and belts are their specialty, but they do not disdain beading and embroidering bags, if nothing else offers. Their appreciation knows no bounds, and the magic letters D. A. R. symbolize everything that is bountiful and kind and good.”

Upon leaving his post as Commissioner, Major Curran wrote Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook, President General, the following letter, which Mrs. Brosseau read to the 1926 Congress:

“Before I leave Ellis Island, I want to express to you my gratitude for all that your organization has done for the comfort and contentment of the foreigners detained here. Miss Contessa's work has been uniformly admirable, and your entire effort has brought about such harmonious and pleasant co-operating association between your organization and our Government, that I think we all owe you a debt of thanks.”

Mrs. Brosseau reported for the year 1,001 boxes and $4,473.65. “One of the most sincere compliments,” she said, “was paid us by an old German woman who had been detained on the island a year and who had been a daily guest. When she left, she said she was going to join the D. A. R. so she could come back and work with that Society. . . .

“The greatest good accomplished during the year has probably been among the men, for with them there was so much more to overcome. Industry, order and a sense of gratitude have replaced lawlessness, gambling and rebellion; and whether they ultimately remain here or go back to what they have left, it is a changed America for them.”

In 1927 Mrs. Charles Read Banks, who succeeded Mrs. Brosseau as Ellis Island Chairman, upon Mrs. Brosseau’s elevation to the office of President General, reported to Continental Congress that instead of merely supplying materials to the immigrants in the two detention rooms, Daughters of the American Revolution were then covering all eight detention rooms. Boxes contained contents valued at $5,000.

Next year Mrs. Banks told of an Ellis Island Lantern Slide Lecture by Mrs. Brosseau, and a playlet by Mrs. Anthony Wayne Geissinger, of Columbus, Ohio. Since September, she reported, materials had been supplied to hospital patients; “we are sure that, while we did not ask your permission to add this additional department to our already ‘big job,’ it will have your hearty approval . . . The Government pays the salary of the social worker at the hospital, so we still pay only two workers.”

“One young man, who was held for deportation,” Mrs. Banks related, “printed the 23rd Psalm when asked to do something to show how he felt towards the officials and workers at Ellis Island, and in addition wrote a letter. I will quote: ‘There are many fellows here that appreciate this charitable work and I am one of them, and may God bless you and all the other good people that cooperate with you. Wishing you happiness with God's blessings . . .’”

The 1928 Continental Congress, for the first time, passed a resolution asking Chapters to pay five cents per capita during the coming year for the work at Ellis Island. Afterwards, this special fund was continued annually, sometimes at three cents per capita, until quota systems were discontinued and budgets were adopted by the National Society.
Work at Ellis Island extended to every department, Mrs. Banks reported to Continental Congress in 1929. In addition to regular work among adult immigrants, supplies were given to the Baby Nursery maintained by Baptist Churches, and to the Kindergarten maintained by Congregational Churches. A Christmas party for about 500 was reported a great success. Miss Dorothy E. Wilmot, of Bridgeport, Conn., wrote a splendid short play, "An American Citizen, or The Awakening of an American Citizen." Mrs. Brosseau published her story of the first three years at Ellis Island: "A Glimpse Through the Open Door."

Mrs. Harvey Tyson White succeeded Mrs. Banks as National Chairman for one year. She reported the work as "purely occupational... The sole object of our Ellis Island work is to keep the detained alien busy during the weeks and often months of detention... During 1923 to 1925 we were assisting the war-torn peoples of Europe, among whom were many destitute women and children; but since the law of 1924 has become effective, the class of immigrants have been in decidedly better circumstances and their stay of detention shortened."

The next Chairman, Mrs. J. Warren Perkins, told the 1931 Congress: "It not only saves the hearts and minds of the alien but helps our Government keep peace and order while each case is being investigated. It is not only the immigrant who comes to our shores for the first time that we meet, but aliens from every State in the Union... The long weary days on Ellis Island would be long indeed if it were not for our work..."

"We wait until the newcomers become restless and ask for work before they are given material. On the first piece is pinned a slip of paper on which is printed in several different languages these words: 'This material is given with no expense to you by the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution to help you pass the time pleasantly while you are detained on Ellis Island. The finished product is yours to do with as you wish.'"

Ten sewing machines were sent to the island, with 1,380 boxes of supplies, that year, and in 1932 Mrs. Perkins told the Congress delegates: "Do you realize if it were not for the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution the immigrant and alien detained on Ellis Island would be idle from morning until night? There is no organization represented there that gives any occupational work but ours."

Mr. Edward Corsi, then Commissioner of Immigration, wrote Mrs. Perkins: "I am very enthusiastic about the splendid work the D. A. R. is doing on Ellis Island. In keeping the alien busy and interested, you are not only breaking the monotony and often the despair engendered by his detention, but you are strengthening his morale, and making him happy under trying circumstances. Moreover, you are teaching him to be useful. Your work becomes even more indispensable and should have, as I know it has, the generous and united support of every member of your great patriotic organization."

Radio talks and movies about the work were reported for that year, with 1,172 boxes of supplies sent and many sewing machines. Mrs. Perkins said that about 150 persons were served each day in the five detention rooms.

At a meeting of the Executive Committee April 25, 1932, Mrs. Russell William Magna, President General, spoke of her visit to Ellis Island and the conditions there.

In 1934 Mrs. Perkins narrated to Congress numerous instances of humanitarian and benevolent services. She said the D. A. R. Manuals of Citizenship were distributed daily. Many of the recipients commented: "If I had had that little book months ago I should not be on Ellis Island today."

On Jan. 2, 1934, Mrs. Perkins reported: "We extended our service of occupational therapy to the U. S. Marine Hospital on Ellis Island at the request of the Commissioner of Immigration and the Medical Officer in charge of the Public Health Service. This extension of service will not affect our original unit of work in the least...

"Now we have installed a trained worker who has had experience in just this kind of occupational therapy. She spends the mornings in the wards giving out wool for the patients to knit into sweaters, cordage for belts and other materials that they may work with while sitting up in bed or in their wheel chairs. Most of the
ward work is light work for mental diversion.

"In the afternoon our work shop is open for those who are able to use looms, jig saws and do carpentry. Each patient must present a written permit from his attending physician before he is allowed to work. . . We are not only making these people happy with employment but we are preparing them to adjust themselves to industrial conditions before they leave the hospital where some have been not only months but years. . .

"Is not our Ellis Island occupational therapy as a whole a labor of love and loyalty to unfortunate humanity, helping them to adjust themselves to their temporary surroundings and look through to a happy and useful future?"

Thus, our National Society, in addition to its pioneering work among the immigrants to our shores, became the first to start occupational therapy in any general hospital under the Public Health Service. Its values are now generally recognized, and the Federal Government is providing such services in most of its hospitals.

Despite decreased immigration during the Depression, Mrs. Perkins carried on the work successfully at Ellis Island. Musical programs were given by noted singers. She mentioned a letter from a foreign-born person there: "Please give me a paint because I no have."

In 1935 Mrs. Perkins told Continental Congress she felt that the Committee's work at Ellis Island and Angel Island "is both the home and foreign missionary spirit of our Society." That January the first year of extended service had been completed, having cared for 205 medical, 76 neurological, 24 surgical and 42 tubercular patients.

Dr. D. J. Reichard, Surgical Chief of the Neuropsychiatric Service, wrote: "I want to express to you my appreciation of the occupational work that the D. A. R. are fostering and supporting in the Marine Hospital at Ellis Island."

The new Commissioner of Immigration of the Port of New York, Mr. Richard Reimer, speaking over radio, asserted: "I cannot refrain from adding here about the fine work that the D. A. R. do on Ellis Island. Not alone do they furnish material for the detained aliens to work into wearing apparel and 'what not' free of charge in every way, but I have listened to a brief talk by one of these unselfish women explaining their attractive-booklets on Good Citizenship and accepted most eagerly by the immigrant."

Mrs. Robert E. Merwin, Chairman, told the 1936 Continental Congress of an Ellis Island person exclaiming: "Here comes the Revolutionary lady; now we will have something to do."

The next Chairman, Mrs. Smith H. Stebbins, had splendid reports for the Continental Congresses in 1937, 1938, 1939, 1940 and 1941. She quoted Galen, Greek physician, who remarked 18 centuries ago: "Occupation is Nature's best medicine and essential to human happiness;" and from the Bible, "He that showed mercy was the real neighbor."

As the new National Chairman, Mrs. M. D. Farrar told Congress in 1942: "Due to the crowded conditions in the Immigration Department now, we are unable to carry on our work in an efficient manner. Therefore, with the consent of the President General (then Mrs. William H. Pouch), we are withdrawing our work from the Immigration Department for the duration of the war, concentrating on the hospital and Coast Guard work. Before taking this step your committee consulted with Mr. Byron H. Uhl, District Commissioner at the island, who stated that in his opinion the Daughters of the American Revolution have done and are doing the finest piece of Americanization work at Ellis Island that he has ever seen done."

Next year Mrs. Farrar declared: "The Marine Hospital at Ellis Island is the only Public Health Service Hospital that has an occupational therapy unit, and that is due to the generosity of the D. A. R." In 1944 she told Congress that D. A. R. occupational therapy treatments had been given that year to 7,315 patients, including a few SPARs.

Mrs. W. Arthur Saltford, who succeeded her as National Chairman, reported three paid therapists and a part-time worker, with several D. A. R. volunteers. Radio receiving head sets, requested by the Medical Director, were purchased from the D. A. R. War Fund. A launch costing $900 was bought by the National Society
for the Staten Island Area Station Hospital at New Dorp, N. Y. The Ohio State Society fully equipped a Music Room; and a Wood Shop, Art Room and Sewing Room had been opened in a corner of the Library.

Mrs. Salford told the 1947 Continental Congress that an additional therapist, making four, had been employed, and there were also a part-time secretary and three volunteers, as well as students helping for clinical training from New York University.

An address by Dr. Vernam T. Davis, Director of Neuropsychiatric Service of the U. S. Marine Hospital on Ellis Island, was a feature of the Continental Congress program in 1947. In part, he said:

"We, at Ellis Island, feel particularly fortunate in having our occupational therapy services provided by the D. A. R. I think you should know that your Committee in my opinion has been particularly successful...

"For years, this hospital would have had no occupational therapy unit whatsoever, if it were not for the contribution which the D. A. R. has made. During recent years, particularly as a result of the publicity which hospitalization and treatment of patients has received during the war, there has been a broader recognition of the value and advantages of occupational therapy and at the present time, plans are under way to expand the occupational therapy facilities in other U. S. Marine Hospitals. I believe that you should feel that you are entitled to a fair portion of credit for pioneering in this field of occupational therapy...

"Generally speaking, I do not think as Director of a neuropsychiatric service, I would want to have the occupational therapy of the patients dependent upon some outside agency. However, I want you to know that I do not think we could have done the job as well ourselves. In this respect, I am somewhat in the position in which I found myself the other evening when my eight-year-old daughter asked me a riddle at the supper table. The question was, "What is it that an individual does not want to have, but when he has it, does not want to lose it?" When I gave up, I learned that the answer was a bald head.

"I didn't ask for the occupational therapy of the D. A. R.; it was already there when I came to the hospital, but I don't want to lose either of them."

Mrs. George A. Kuhner, now Curator General, became National Chairman of the Ellis Island Committee in 1947, and in 1948 told Continental Congress that a gymnasium had been opened as an addition to Starks Auxiliary Craft Shop, the office had been improved. Thanksgiving and Christmas parties and a Valentine dance had been held.

"As stockholders in this Committee," she said, "you have made an investment in human life, so that your dividends are not to be reckoned in terms of dollars, but rather in the warm feeling around the heart which comes to those who have helped to heal the sick and mend the broken."

A total of $20,505.55 had been contributed that past year, and the sum of $18,730 had been included in the 1948-49 budget for the Ellis Island-Angel Island work, thus replacing the previous per capita quotas.

An allotment of $14,000 was granted for the Committee in 1949, Mrs. Kuhner reporting that a larger shop had been assigned to Staten Island, where the work had extended, with a separate metal shop. Four therapists, including Mrs. Lucile Boss, long a valued worker, and a part-time secretary, with students, were said to labor in this "D. A. R. Operation Friendship."

Mrs. Kuhner told the 1949 Continental Congress: "When we recite the American's Creed we affirm that we believe in a nation founded upon certain principles for which American patriots sacrificed their lives and fortunes. One of these is humanity, and your Ellis Island Committee carries out that principle through social service and occupational therapy."

In her last report in 1954, Mrs. Kuhner told of furnishing a club room for men. One patient, she said, observed: "Every day I thank God for the D. A. R. Shop." She declared the Ellis Island work to be "Service to our fellowman. It is our religion translated into deeds."

Mrs. Edward F. Madden became Ellis Island Chairman in the early Summer of (Continued on page 531)
WHAT Is National Defense?

By Mrs. E. L. Veasey

WHAT is National Defense? We have been hearing that term since our forefathers established a Nation. What does it mean to you personally? It means, literally, defending our country against aggressors with an Army, a Navy, an Air Force and a Marine Corps. But, in a larger sense, it means more than military strength. It means various things to various persons. But to each individual it means preserving his or her own way of life. We like our traditions, our design for living; we don't want to be displaced persons, wandering over the face of the earth. We want a place to come home to at night.

For years now we have been reading and hearing about Communism. We have a pretty good idea of what life is like in communistic countries. We know, too, that we will settle for the democratic, American way, in spite of its imperfections and weaknesses. We want to keep our four freedoms and continue to be one Nation, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all. I think that, of all the freedoms, the one which we would miss the most, if we should be deprived of it, is freedom of speech. Americans like to talk. Sometimes we talk too much. We read the morning paper or hear a newscast, and what do we do? We immediately express an opinion. We don't care who hears us ... we live in a free country ... our reactions are not censored.

We knock Uncle Sam, but have you ever stopped to think whom we are knocking when we knock Uncle Sam? We gripe because Uncle Sam wants men, he wants money, including those tax dollars which you have earned but which will not go into your pocket. He wants the young men from your block or your home who are told to forget the plans they have made and put on a uniform. But Uncle Sam is not the War Department, nor the Mobilization Board, nor the tax collector. He is not the President in the White House, nor the man in the street. He is a lot of people, living and dead, and something that lives after them.

Uncle Sam is the fellow who thumbed his nose at the Red Coats and dumped a boatload of tea into Boston Harbor. He is the Dutch immigrant boy who came to America not knowing a word of English, who had to start earning his own living at the age of nine and who gave to America the beautiful Bok Tower. He is the southern planter suffering at Valley Forge and spending the best years of his life defending the early Colonists in their struggle for freedom. Who is Uncle Sam? He is the homely boy from the Mid-West who wrote the Gettysburg Address. He is the dreamer who first made a boat propel itself by steam. He is all of the inventors who have given us things to make life more abundant.

Uncle Sam isn't any one man. He is a spirit, a will, a way of doing things. He is what makes us Americans. He is proud, two-fisted, full of enterprise ... a compound of Dutch determination, of English fortitude, of Irish cockiness, of French ingenuity. He has the German talent for mechanics and the Italian ear for melody. Out of this cross-section of world culture has come the drive, the gusto, the energy which made the small thirteen original Colonies grow into forty-eight States and into a world power.

Uncle Sam is simply the best of you, and me, and the way we want to live. He is free, tempestuous, tough and tender. Yes, tender. He is the Red Cross, the March of Dimes, the Friendship Train. When other nations are in trouble, he is the most open-handed sucker in the world! Between wars, some people call him "UNCLE SAP."

But they don't call him that now. He has his coat off, his sleeves rolled up, and a look in his eye that means business. He isn't the quaint, old hillbilly with the tight pants and the chin whiskers any more. The national security is threatened and he has a job to do. We see him now as the American G. I.'s living in foxholes in Korea, eating "K" rations. He is the generals sacrificing their lives in an effort (Continued on page 522)
ALMOST half a century ago a young Episcopal clergyman felt the need for taking not only the services of the church to the people living in the secluded areas of the Blue Ridge mountains of Virginia, but also the opportunity for training the young people born in that area. He was assisted by another young clergyman, and, working together, these two men dreamed the dream that materialized into the Blue Ridge School. Frederick W. Neve, later to become Archdeacon, never lost his interest in this school, and the Rev. George P. Mayo, under whose inspired leadership the school grew and developed, testified to that interest by calling the first building Neve Hall. That building still stands and now houses the smaller girls who come here.

For a long time, almost forty years in fact, the Blue Ridge School gave to the boys and girls who lived in the mountain area around the school their only chance at an education. But with the opening of the Skyline Drive (that beautiful parkway that attracts so many visitors and lies within hiking distance from the school), better means of transportation were developed, new job opportunities opened up, and gradually many of the mountain families, following the road of progress, either moved away or availed themselves of the bus service which would carry their children back and forth to the public schools which had been built nearer their homes. The need for a private school, no matter how inexpensive, became less of a necessity for the mountain people.

If the Blue Ridge School now depended solely upon the boys and girls from our adjacent mountains, we surely would have to close our doors, for now we number only between 20 and 30 among our student body each year. Our doors have never been and never will be closed to the mountain boys and girls. They are given first consideration when new students are being planned for. But the need for such a school as ours has changed.

The words of the great American poet who said, "New occasions teach new duties," is still very true. We are living in a rapidly changing world and we need to be alert to new opportunities and obligations. Now the boys and girls who really need the service of such a school as ours are those young people who come from homes that are being disrupted by either death, sickness, or divorce, and approximately 90 percent of our student body falls within this category.

Who would gainsay that a real Christian service was being given to a working mother who needs to place her children in a home-school where they will be protected, cared for, loved? Or, who would deny the worthwhileness of a school which can relieve a father in a home that has been made motherless by sickness or death? Or, who would doubt the validity of a school that offers a place of security for both an education and a home to the welfare boards having children they need to place?

In considering where our best chance for Christian service lay, those of us working at the Blue Ridge School decided that we were especially equipped and able to help those children from the average American home where money was scarce and where the need for a home as well as a school was great. We have kept the tuition as low as possible so that no child needing what we have to offer would be kept away.

One of our justifiable prides, we think, is the fact that here an entire family of children can be kept together and cared for as long or as short a period as is necessary. Visitors are always impressed by our brother and sister combinations. Last year, for example, we had two families of four children, four families of three children, and nine families of two chil-
What a real blessing to a mother or father to know that here is a place where a little family can be kept together and have that sense of security which comes from being with your own. And with what joy those of us who work here have watched certain family relationships grow strong and lovely again when an imminent divorce suit has been stopped after father and mother have visited their children on this campus, and have decided to try home-making once more.

But this program would not be possible if it were not for the friends the school has made. The very small tuition fee charged to those who are in special need of financial consideration does not begin to cover the expenses. And so it is with deep gratitude we look to the D. A. R. Chapters, many of whom give scholarship or partial scholarship aid to our deserving students; to those who send boxes of good used clothing which can be used for our more needy students as well as for the mountain families who look to us for help; for the books and the splendid magazine subscriptions which come to us and which make our library a very good and up-to-date one; for the letters of interest and inquiry; for the visitors who come (and so many have come since that memorable day in October, 1948, when the National D. A. R. officers visited us); for the funds that have been started by other D. A. R. Chapters for a frozen food locker, for sound-proofing our dining-room, for toys and gifts of money at Christmas time.

Now we are looking forward with delight to the building of a much needed boys’ dormitory by the Virginia Chapters of the D. A. R. This work is to be the special project under the regency of Mrs. Robert V. H. Duncan, of Alexandria. It was indeed a fortunate day for the Blue Ridge School when in the 1930’s the Daughters of the American Revolution decided to put us on their list of Approved Schools!

There are several ways to appraise a school. One way is to consider its academic offering. We glad to be able to say that the Blue Ridge School offers a program from the first through the twelfth year of school. All of our courses are planned under the direction of the State Board of Education so that when a student transfers from here to another school, either in Virginia or elsewhere, his credits are acceptable. Increasingly, we are finding young people who attend the Blue Ridge School are looking toward college entrance. Three of our four graduates of last year have applied and have been accepted by colleges in Virginia and North Carolina. The fourth one will be going to college, too, I believe, unless she marries. It is a matter of satisfaction to know that the school program is sound and that each year the level of attainment is being raised.

Another way to appraise a school is to consider its staff members. Our teaching staff is an excellent one, most of them with Master’s degrees or graduate work in excess of their Bachelor’s degrees. Our House-parents are educated, cultured men and women, most of whom can be called on to substitute in the classroom if sickness occurs. Their interests are wide and varied, and their talents are put at the disposal of the entire school. In fact, one of the things that makes for such a fine spirit at the school is the way in which young and old work together for the advancement and enjoyment of all.

A third way to appraise a school, and perhaps the finest, is to consider what it offers to the spirit. The Blue Ridge School is a church school, founded and assisted in its support by the Episcopal Church. However, it is in no way narrowly sectarian. Children of all denominations find a home here. They learn to love the service, and in the beautiful Chapel designed by the famous architect, Ralph Adams Cram, many of them come to have that close, personal feeling for
Liking a school, being happy there, isn’t something that can be put on like a Sunday garment. It has to be the everyday reaction that builds into ourselves a certain glow that can be seen and recognized as contentment and happiness. The friendliness, the gayety, the sense of appreciation expressed in word and deed, the cooperativeness, the smiles seen and noted by our visitors—all tell that here at the Blue Ridge School we have found life good and worthwhile.

And, finally, just as a tree is known by its fruit, so a school is judged by the people who call it Alma Mater. We feel that we have a right to be proud of the young men and women who have graduated from here. Some of them have become teachers, doctors, lawyers, ministers, nurses, business men—each one contributing in a fine, democratic way to the community of which he is a part.

In Greene County, where the school is located, the Mission workers and teachers on Wyatt’s Mountain and on High Top are graduates of the school; the Principal and one of the teachers at the only public elementary school in the county, located at Dyke, are graduates of the school. The Principal and one of the teachers at the Earlysville High School graduated from here. In nearby Charlottesville several of
our graduates are teachers in the school system there. There are others connected with the work of the Public Welfare Board. Another graduate is one of Charlottesville’s outstanding young bankers. In our own community we have several merchants. Successful farmers, workers of all kinds, housewives are numbered among our graduates.

Scarcely a week goes by but some former student comes back to the campus, or writes, and the message is always the same, “I miss the old school and only wish that I had done better when I was there.” On the Board of Directors for the school three of our graduates are serving, and on our own school staff we find three other alumni of the school. A record like this is the true reward for any service that we have given and makes the contributions of time and thought and material goods worth their weight in gold.

A source of deep gratification has been the number of requests that have come from former students who have entered the armed services. These boys had not completed their work while here, but now are finishing their high school work in the U.S.F.A.I. and upon completion of their course are granted a diploma from this school. Many of these boys express the desire to go on to college or into some specialized field of work upon graduation. It is nice to know that they will swell the ranks of the alumni who are making good.

But, even here, we sometimes have problem children and once in a while we have had to send children away because they failed to respond to our efforts in their behalf, or we failed to meet their need. This is never done hurriedly, but only after every avenue has been explored, and the consensus is that we have nothing else to offer for this particular case. Imagine then our pleasure, and our grief, when times without number, these same boys or girls write us or come back to see us and say, “If I had only known—if I only had tried—.”

What then is the charm of this school located as it is in deep country twenty-three miles from the nearest city of any size? Not pretentious in any way—simple in its style of building, simple in its way of life, surrounded by those beautiful blue hills that our friends in Tamasssee have so rightly called, “The Blue Hills of God.”

Is it the fact that the “air smells wooingly here,” filled from the earliest of spring until late, late autumn with the color and fragrance of first one flowering bush and then another? Is it the fact that the
sun and the shade make this a place of true beauty, no matter what the weather or the time? Or, is it the fact that all our work is interspersed with play?

Hardly a week goes by without some special treat for the student body: movies, folk dancing, game parties, occasional trips to town in the big school bus, the Birthday party held the last of January when everybody has a chance to celebrate, the hikes, the ball games, the occasional swims at Blue Hole when the time is right, the picnics, a dance of semi-formal nature when young men are invited in to add to the number of our youthful boys (you know, no doubt, that we have boys only through eighth grade) and thus make up to our older girls their feeling of the lack of young men, the chance to sing in Glee club or Choir, or to take part in plays and pageants. All of these things keep our Jacks and Jills from becoming dull boys and girls.

No wonder that the year goes so fast. And, in all of this, staff and student participate together. It gives evidence of the real affection and interest in each other that makes our life here that of a real family. Worshiping together, working together, playing together make for a unity of spirit and give a feeling of security to the students who come to us, many of whom have had little sense of security before. Maybe this is the reason that once having worked here, or gone to school here, you never really forget, and as soon as you can, turn your steps back the road that leads to the Blue Ridge School.

But what of the future? What are the dreams and plans for the years that lie ahead? We visualize an expanding school—a school that may in time take care of perhaps two hundred boys and girls. We visualize a school that increasingly will have adequate equipment, adequate endowment for taking care of that equipment. And always we visualize a program that develops and keeps step with the best the world has to offer—a program which will fit boys and girls to become the responsible men and women of the future, who will be worthy citizens of this country that has so much to offer the world.

Already that dream is in the process of becoming a reality. Friends in New York have made possible the enlargement of our reservoir. Now friends are needed to buy a foot of pipe, at only $3 per foot, so that the new water supply may be carried down our hill and make fire protection a reality. Remodeling of the New Rectory, once the home of Dr. Mayo, is under way, and eventually this fine building will be a dormitory for older girls, with home
quarters for House-parents, a studio for the teaching of music, a memorial library where students and staff may entertain their friends.

And now in the seeable future is the new boy's dormitory to be erected by the Virginia D. A. R. Chapters, which will make possible additional enrollment. Much of the credit for this building should go to the leadership of Mrs. C. Bernard Bailey and Mrs. William J. Phillips, whose enthusiasm for and vision of the Blue Ridge School have fired the interest of the Virginia Daughters. Both have served as State Approved School Chairmen. Mrs. Bailey is now State Vice Regent and heads the Building Completion Committee. Mrs. Phillips serves on the school's Board. The present State Chairman of the Approved Schools Committee is Mrs. John L. Wentworth.

The future is at hand; those of us here have faith in that future. To you, our friends of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, we send our thanks for all you have done and are doing to make our program here possible. Won't you come to see us again? The roads are getting better each year, and a pilgrimage here can make a pleasant day. Do come. We want to see you.

The Sixtieth Continental Congress

(Continued from page 445)

to enforce a flag law which prohibits any flag being displayed over or in place of the Flag of the United States of America; opposition to Atlantic Union, proposing that the President of the United States call a convention of North Atlantic nations to set up a "free Federal Union," excluding Russia and her satellites;

Re-dedication in emulation of spirit and service of our founders and forefathers; enlist effort to get law requiring teachers to take Oath of Allegiance to the United States of America; to fly United States Flag over graves of U. S. Military Personnel buried in Korea; efforts renewed to have rescinded the World Government Resolutions in States which have them; that the rightful claim of the United States to the region of Antarctica be presented to Congress with urgent request that this be so recognized; reassertion of stand against any form of World Government; commending the Marine Corps and urging Congress to pass the pending Senate Bill 677 which would expand its personnel and make its Commandant a permanent member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff of the Department of Defense; that the D. A. R. oppose ratification of the Genocide Convention or Treaty by the Senate of the United States.

Many State functions and Committee affairs of notable interest were held outside the actual days of Continental Congress; among these, the Memorial Service on April 15 at Constitution Hall. Following this was a Tribute to the Founders at the D. A. R. Founders Monument. After these services the Chaplain General placed wreaths at the Tomb of America's Unknown Soldier, Arlington National Cemetery, and at the Tomb of George and Martha Washington, Mount Vernon.

The brilliant Annual Banquet was at the Mayflower Hotel, Friday at 7:30 P. M. The Hon. Everett W. Dirksen, United States Senator from Illinois, was the speaker. And, so, the Sixtieth Continental Congress has become an outstanding phase in the history of our great organization, the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.
THE reports submitted by the State Chairmen of National Defense were most encouraging, but several came in too late to be included in the National Chairman's report, which had to be in the office of the Recording Secretary General by April first. There were many interesting items which could not be included in the annual report for lack of space; so your Chairman is mentioning some of them at this time and hopes they will suggest ideas which can be of general use.

EXCERPTS FROM STATE REPORTS

Alabama: Thirty Chapters reporting. (What of the other 22?) Fine work on National Defense subjects and material distributed to schools. Two-thirds of the members voted, and 25 Good Citizenship Medals awarded.

Arkansas: Only 27 Chapters, but fine activity evidenced, with 97 National Defense programs, and practically 100 per cent voting.

California: Almost all 116 Chapters reported. 100 per cent in 1952? Over a thousand letters sent to Congressmen re World Government. Held a round-table discussion on the Constitution. Members warned friends and relatives of the dangers of World Government.


Connecticut: Approximately 75 per cent of the 57 Chapters had special National Defense programs, and much literature was distributed to members and nonmembers. Three members serve in the State Legislature. (Fine idea!)

Delaware: One high school teacher made effective use of our National Defense material. (Let's share, everybody.)

District of Columbia: Held four National Defense meetings for the District, with distinguished speakers. (Can't we have more meetings of this type?)

Georgia: Elijah Clarke Chapter commended for courageous answers to World Government questions which appeared as a full-page advertisement in an Athens paper. Protested to school authorities that Negroes were singing, "Lift Every Voice and Sing," as a substitute for our National Anthem, and received full cooperation.


Iowa: Ninety-two Chapters, 92 Chairmen. (Fine!) 95 per cent voted. Cooperated with other organizations.


Maine: Every Chapter was sent data on Civil Defense duties at the request of the State Committee. Out of 38 Chapters 30 submitted reports. (Good, but make it perfect in '52.)

Massachusetts: Almost 100 per cent in National Defense Chapter Chairmen (100 per cent in ’52?) Reported 100 per cent voting when physically able. Most Chapters had the 1950 resolutions explained.

Michigan: Marquette Chapter distributed many leaflets and John Flynn’s “The Road Ahead” to other organizations, and invited the public to a program on National Defense topics. Fort Ponchartrain Chapter Chairman reported as doing outstanding work in contacting persons on D. A. R.-endorsed subjects.

Mississippi: Most Chapters studied World Government and the Genocide Convention. One Chapter keeps a National Defense scrapbook. (Good idea.)

Missouri: Eighty-seven Chapters and as many Chairmen. (Another perfect record.) Distributes literature and checks school books.

Montana: With 13 Chapters, had 42 programs on subjects related to National Defense. Three broadcasts over statewide networks. (Good work for a small group.)

Nebraska: Forty-two Chapters, 42 Chairmen; 32 submitted reports. (100 per cent in ’52?) Many letters written and contacts made relative to World Government, Socialized Medicine, Federal Aid to Education.

New Hampshire: State Chairman says: “The work of the Chapters seems to have swung more to the government side of the program. They seem to have found out they can try to do something about the things they think are not American.” (This attitude is what the National Defense Committee has been striving for. Thank you.) Almost 100 per cent voting.

New Mexico: All eleven Chapters had National Defense programs. Wrote to members of Congress, commending them when they had spoken or voted for the things we feel are for Good Government. (A different, and good, slant.)

New York: All 176 Chapters have Chairmen. Wonderful! 75 newspapers responded to the request to print the American’s Creed on Constitution Day. (Good!) Good Citizenship Medals contests have increased 30 per cent over last year. (Other States please note.)

North Carolina: Chairmen for all 79 Chapters, and 60 Chapters sent individual resolutions opposing World Government to their legislators; 25 Chapters studied the U. S. Constitution (more should do so); 15 reviewed “The Road Ahead.” The State Chairman wrote: “The responsibility as a member of the N.S.D.A.R. to help keep America free is so stupendous that it is awesome.” (Would that every member felt this responsibility!)

Ohio: One Chapter Chairman gave “812 volunteer hours to National Defense projects.” Very fine response to requests to write to legislators on pertinent subjects.

Pennsylvania: All Chapters observed some National Holiday; fine responses in reading 1950 resolutions; impressive numbers contacted State and National legislators; between 95 and 100 per cent registered for voting; many held National Defense forums, and some held study periods for National Defense before regular meetings.

Rhode Island: Twenty-three Chapters, 23 Chairmen. Most Chapters have National Defense reports at each meeting, with 16 reporting special National Defense meetings. Many observed patriotic holidays and gave Good Citizenship Medals.

South Carolina: Fifty-three Chapters held 93 programs on subjects related to National Defense.

South Dakota: Fourteen Chapters, 14 Chairmen, 14 reports submitted to the State Chairman. (Could not have been better.) 100 per cent voting. All National Holidays observed. Thirteen Chapters reported National Defense programs. All Chapters contacted State Legislators about pending legislation and seven different resolutions were sent by Chapters to them regarding World Government and other matters.

Tennessee: Most of the credit for rescinding world Government Resolution should be given to the Tennessee Daughters. The distribution of patriotic literature, as was the awarding of Good Citizenship Medals, with Chief John Ross presenting 23 medals, was fine.

Texas: Of the programs presented, 65 per cent were on World Government or the United Nations. Patriotic holidays were observed and literature was distributed.

Utah: Two Chapters, but evidently active. Sang National Defense programs; observed patriotic holidays; distributed literature to legislators, schools, etc., re World Government and United Nations; contacted
legislators on pending legislation; gave
eight Good Citizenship Medals.

**Virginia:** Eighty-seven Chapters, 81
Chairmen. (100 per cent in '52?) 42
Good Citizenship Medals presented; and
of the 36 Chapters reporting (why not
more?) much has been accomplished.
Special mention is made of the cancellation
of two scheduled meetings for promoting
World Government at Virginia Polytechnic
Institute through the efforts of the
Allegheny Chapter; and that the Blue
Ridge Chapter so effectively circulated Mr.
Kamp's two books: "We Must ABOLISH
the United States—the Hidden Facts Be-
hind the Crusade for World Government" and
"It Isn't SAFE to Be an American,"
that the demand warranted a Lynchburg
bookstore stocking both books.

**West Virginia:** Forty-four Chapters, 43
Chairmen. (Won't that 44th Chapter ap-
point a Chairman right away?) Chapters
report programs on all National Defense
subjects.

**Wisconsin:** Forty-seven Chapters, 45
Chairmen. (Just two to go!) Many
Chapters report National Defense pro-
grams at each meeting, and cooperation
with local organizations; Good Citizenship
Medals were presented.

**Wyoming:** Nine Chapters—58 letters to
legislators; 14 contacts with local groups;
5 Good Citizenship Medals presented; pro-
grams on National Defense subjects.

Jacques Laramie Chapter commended for
its work to counteract the World Federal-
ist speakers at the University of Wyoming.
Their Chairman wrote: "We have followed
National Defense programs to the letter."

**KATHARINE G. REYNOLDS.**

**UNESCO**

UNESCO, the United Nations Special
Agency (Educational, Scientific and Cul-
tural Organization), has issued many book-
lets which are to assist teachers "toward
a better World Understanding." No
American would criticize such an aim but
when the inside page of such pamphlets
contains these words, "This pamphlet ex-
presses the views of the writers; it is in
no way an official expression of the views
of UNESCO," one wonders why UNESCO
recommends their use.

"Some Suggestions on the Teaching of
Geography" states: "Geography teaching
may be considered from different points
of view, but what is to be stressed here is
its role in developing a world sense in
children. . . . It should train children more
thoroughly by giving them a world outlook
and making them citizens of the world as
well as citizens of their own country."

"We must mold the minds of future citi-
zens of the world, directing them toward a
geographical and hence a universal atti-
ude." (pp. 19-20)

Thus the pride one derives from being
a patriotic American should apparently be
submerged.

**WORLD CITIZENSHIP**

In "The United Nations and World Citiz-
enship," another booklet: "Worldwide or-
ganization for the conduct of human af-
fairs is therefore essential . . . world ma-
chinery is required . . . education has, in
short, the duty to develop informed and
competent world citizens." (p. 6) . . .
"recognizing that the unity of mankind is
fundamental, whereas subdivisions of gov-
ernment are secondary." (p. 12)

This is propaganda for a world govern-
ment to supersede our National Govern-
ment, and is being sent out by the United
Nations as a guide for our teachers.

"UNDER THIRTEEN"

The following are excerpts from "In the
Classroom with Children Under Thirteen
Years of Age":

"Before the child enters school his mind
has already been profoundly marked, and
often injuriously by earlier influences. . . .
Our inquiry was limited to children be-
tween 3 and 13 years of age. . . . These
earlier years may be indispensable to the
education of children for world citizen-
ship. . . . the kindergarten and infant school
has a significant part to play. Not only can
it correct many of the errors of home train-
ing but it can prepare the child for mem-
bership in a world society." (pp. 7-9)

"In our view history and geography
should be taught at this stage (under 13
years) as universal history and geography.
. . . The study of history . . . raises the
problems of value which are better post-
poned until the child is freed from national
prejudices which at present surround the
teaching of history . . ."

"The study of history may also usefully
contribute to the development of world-
mindedness, but precaution must be ob-
served, especially in modern history. . . . We therefore recommend that the study of modern history should be undertaken only with young people whose critical objectivity and world-mindedness have already been well developed.” (p. 15)

WE PARENTS

So parents “profoundly mark”, “often injuriously”, their children who should be placed in schools and taken away from home atmosphere to be indoctrinated as “World Citizens”!

INTERNATIONAL ANTHEM

One suggestion in the booklet: “. . . would it not be desirable for all the children of the world today and tomorrow, all the inhabitants of the world, to have an anthem expressive of belonging to the human community?” (p. 51)

And . . . “there are people who see only a small number of people of their own sort . . . In many cases, however, nature would assert itself and children would unite with this richer, more varied group if their parents did not say, ‘I don’t want you to play with those children, they are not our sort.’ The integration of the children in the school community then becomes impossible because of the narrow family spirit of the parents.” (p. 54)

INCOMPETENT

Now you have the opinion of parents of the writers for UNESCO. How do you like it? You aren’t competent to decide with whom your child shall associate! I wonder how many parents in the United Nations have read these booklets being circulated as teaching guides by that organization. We are paying with our taxes to have these printed!

We spend time, effort, and billions, and in a far-off country called Korea our men are dying for an organization which prints such stuff at our expense!

Write to the United Nations Publications Division, Lake Success, New York, for your list of the UNESCO publications, order your own and READ them.

I have been a schoolteacher and am a parent and I hope you will write letters to your State and National Legislators for the protection of our children.

Oh yes, Senator Benton of Connecticut has proposed a program to strengthen UNESCO until it would function as an INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY!

In 1949 the amount allocated to UNESCO was $8,473,500.

NATIONALISM

On page 58: “As long as the child breathes THE POISONED AIR OF NATIONALISM, education in world-mindedness can produce only rather precarious results. As we have pointed out, it is frequently the family that infects the child with extreme nationalism.”

Thus our children should be herded together, leveled to one stratum, treated as if each were the same—without personality, without individual differences in intelligence—and taught socialistic world-mindedness. That is the first step toward communist supremacy.

FOREIGN AID

In five years the United States has performed the major miracle of putting a prostrate Europe on her feet.

The cost to us has been $22 billion; yes, twenty-two billions of dollars to raise European capacity to a greater level than that of Russia and the second only to our own. Western Europe is today producing 23 per cent more of industrial and mine products than in 1938.

There are 200 million people in Europe to our 150 million. This does not include those of the British possessions.

With the aid we have given by shouldeing the tax burden, surely these countries cannot expect us now to shoulder the “policing” of Europe by supplying armed forces for the United Nations at the rate of over 90 per cent, as we are doing in Korea. Remember, they outnumber us by 50 million!

Casualties of United States troops in Korea are almost 60,000, England 980, France 369, Australia 280, and Canada 74. Try that for percentages! (Times-Herald, April 3, 1951, p. 14.)

Florida Rescinds

Both Houses of the Florida Legislature have rescinded World Government resolutions. This news was announced by the President General at the banquet during Continental Congress.

FRANCES B. LUCAS.
QUESTION. What can a Chapter do when the retiring Recording Secretary and Treasurer will not hand over to the incoming officers the books of their offices?

ANSWER. Have the new Chapter Board order a letter to be written to them quoting the article in your By-Laws regarding this, "that retiring officers must hand over to the incoming officers within two weeks after the annual meeting all books pertaining to their offices," and request a reply. Frankly, your Parliamentarian does not know what can be done with folks who will not conform to the By-Laws. While it is a disagreeable situation, it is not serious enough to report to the National Society, for discipline as stated in N. S. By-Laws, Article XI.

QUESTION. In our Chapter we have some members who have been inactive for at least two years, never assuming any responsibility for the work or the welfare of the Chapter, so we would like to place them on a separate list from our active members, calling them "sustaining members," as we plan to charge them more dues than we do for those who take an active part in the work of the Chapter. Do you think this a good plan?

ANSWER. No, this is not a good plan, for all of your members should be treated alike, and not be placed in another class of membership, and be charged more dues than others. May the Parliamentarian suggest this, that possibly your meetings are not very interesting and therefore they do not get much pleasure out of attending them, or probably they are not asked to do things; both of these things can surely kill the interest of some members in their Chapter.

QUESTION. What officers are deemed necessary by the National Society to organize a Chapter?

ANSWER. Look in the N. S. By-Laws, Article IX, section 4, and you will find the following: "Officers to be reported to the National Society and recognized for creden-
FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE, by Cecil Woodham-Smith. 382 pages. Published by McGraw-Hill. $4.50.

After six years of research, Mrs. Woodham-Smith, in her new biography of “The Lady with the Lamp,” discloses that Florence Nightingale at the age of sixteen heard “voices,” which she interpreted as special messages from God.

Not until eight years later did the “voices” make it clear to Florence what she must do in life. And it was another nine years before she left her parents to start on her mission. “Mama was terrified,” Flo reported, when she told her mother in 1845 that she wanted to be a nurse. The “terror” was natural and understandable in those early days. The mother commented to a friend, “We are ducks who have hatched a wild swan.”

Born into the upper Victorian class, daughter of a society mother and wealthy father, Florence was a slight and attractive girl who enjoyed parties and travels. There were a number of beaux. But, though she apparently liked her kind of life, she confided in her diary that she should be chided for attempting “to shine in society.”

Reading government hospital reports by candlelight, she wrote that her mind was “absorbed with . . . the sufferings of man; it besets me behind and before . . . All the people I see are eaten up with care or poverty or disease.”

Finally determining to prepare herself for her chosen career, she relinquished her joys, including her main suitor, “the man I adore.” On her 30th birthday, she wrote in her diary: “Today I am 30—the age Christ began his mission. No more childish things. No more love. No more marriage. Now, Lord, let me think only of Thy Will, what Thou wilt me to do. Oh, Lord, Thy Will, Thy Will.”

Three years afterwards she assumed charge of a home for “Sick Gentlewomen in Distressed Circumstances.” Partly a sanitary officer, partly a supply sergeant, and partly “a saint,” she then cleared up British Army medical stations in the Crimea. Attaining international fame, she was given a special brooch by Queen Victoria, who observed: “I wish we had her at the War Office.”

A kind of war office of her own was arranged by Miss Nightingale. Although broken in health, with the aid of those she gathered around her for help, she compiled in six months a thousand pages on the condition of British hospitals in the Crimea.

From her bed, where she lay sick, she began to win. War Office organization was started. Hospitals and barracks were redesigned. Nurses’ training schools were founded. Drawing up the first sanitary code for India, she lived to see it put into operation.

Some of her associates, under such a terrific strain, died. When one passed away, Florence almost blamed Divine Providence for blocking her work. But she desisted, with the notation, “I must remember God is not my private secretary.”

At last she lived to understand the wonders of her success. But in 1906 her vision and her mind failed her. On August 13, 1910, the third month of her 91st year of age, she was called home to rest with her God.

Death of a Past National Officer

Mrs. Elizabeth Allen Clarke (Eli A.) Helmick, of Honolulu, Hawaii, passed away April 13. A member of the Army and Navy Chapter of the District of Columbia, Mrs. Helmick served as Registrar General of the National Society, 1926-29.
Motion Pictures
Two Films for Summer Fare

BY CAROLINE WHITE SETTLEMAYER
National Chairman, Motion Picture Committee

FATHER'S LITTLE DIVIDEND (M. G. M.). Cast: Spencer Tracy, Joan Bennett, Elizabeth Taylor, Billie Burke.

As a sequel to "Father of the Bride," this amusing and lively comedy takes up the next chapter in the lives of Stan and Ellie Banks.

Chatting with us as before, Stan recalls how he had just settled back to enjoy life with a bit of travel with his wife, having a real sense of freedom from responsibility, when his daughter announces the coming of a baby. Ellie greets the news with enthusiasm but Stan resents the baby from the start. Now he will have to stay at home with all his plans changed.

There will be hardly a couple, young or old, who has not experienced, at least in part, what Stan's daughter and her husband go through in trying hard to please both sides of the family. Naming the baby becomes a major issue of contention between the two sides of the family as well as who shall furnish the nursery.

When baby finally arrives, after several false alarms, he seems to be at odds with Grandpa from the very beginning. But later, when baby is temporarily lost for a few hours, Stan realizes how precious he really is and changes his attitude to that of an adoring grandfather, willing to make all the necessary sacrifices.

Touches of sentiment and of real warmth and charm add to the true-to-life-feeling of this comedy. It will be of particular interest to young married people and their mothers and fathers.


This comedy deals with the hair-raising experiences of a green ship crew, making try-out-runs to prove a new type of ship engine. The ship PC-1168 is nick-named the USS TEAKETTLE by the crew.

Although the Naval Reserve Lieutenant assigned to captain the ship had an engineering degree eighteen years ago, he has had no experience at sea. To his consternation and dismay, he discovers all his crew are "landlubbers" with little knowledge of running ships and engine rooms. The many strange attempts of the green crew to try to get the cantankerous steam engine under control make for hilarious comedy. Unexpectedly the ship goes wild, out of control, skims under barely raised drawbridges, just missing scows and freighters, ending in a minor collision.

The many experiences bring the crew together in a loyal fellowship, to defend the honor of their ship in spite of the bad reputation it has acquired for going wild.

The persistent and courageous efforts of the Captain and crew, in trying to make the USS TEAKETTLE'S new type engine work, are finally rewarded by the higher brass. There is a surprise ending.

Although a very simple story, this wartime comedy is packed with amusing incidents and funny situations. It is a wartime comedy, with the war itself never seen at any time.

Past National Officer Passes Away

Mrs. Elizabeth Daniels (John Paul) Earnest, Corresponding Secretary General 1907-09, died April 27. She was a member of the Lucy Holcombe Chapter, District of Columbia, serving as Regent, 1905-07.
Building Completion Committee

BY MRS. DONALD BENNETT ADAMS
National Chairman

As a supplemental report of the activities of the A. B. C. of the D. A. R. the following figures may be of interest:

Receipts: 1 May 1950 to 31 March 1951 $104,896.69
1 April 1951 to 14 April 1951 4,845.99
15 April 1951 to 23 April 1951 15,276.67
Total: 1 May 1950 to 23 April 1951 $125,019.35

Bank Loans: Due 1 May 1950 $520,000.00
Paid 1 May 1950 thru 23 April 1951 110,000.00
Total Bank Loans 26 April 1951 $410,000.00

We have also paid more than $10,000.00 in interest. And pledges were made at 60th Continental Congress of over $10,000.00. The faster the pledges are paid off, the less interest we have to pay. LET US HEAR FROM YOU.

Paper doilies and paper napkins, with drawings of Constitution Hall and Memorial Continental Hall, are now available. Paper napkins, one cent each; doilies, two cents each. Available in packages of 25, 50, 75, 100, 250 and 500. Send orders to Building Completion Committee, 1776 D Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C., and make checks payable to Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.

Disc Recordings of Addresses at 60th Continental Congress

Disc recordings of the main addresses during the 60th Continental Congress, suitable for playing on ordinary phonographs, are available for Chapter Meetings and other gatherings. Each program has a playing time of one-half hour and may be rented for $1.00, plus postage.

A souvenir record of the remarks of General MacArthur may be purchased for $2.00.


Requests should be made as far in advance of meeting dates as possible to

R & E RECORDINGS, INC.
Box 6548 Washington, D. C.
MINNESOTA

MINNESOTA DAUGHTERS held their 56th State Conference at the Nicollet Hotel in Minneapolis, Minn., on March 14, 15 and 16. The Minneapolis Unit, consisting of twelve Chapters, was the official hostess.

On Tuesday evening preceding the Conference, the Minnesota State Officers Club met for a banquet. Mrs. Albee Ladd presided, and we were entertained with a very amusing marionette program. Our State Regent, Mrs. Howard M. Smith, opened the Conference and called our business meeting to order Wednesday afternoon. Addresses of welcome were made by Miss Jennie I. Hiscock, Chairman of the Unit, and Mayor of Minneapolis, the Hon. Eric G. Hoyer. Greetings were given by Miss Minnie Dilley, Miss Nellie Sloan, and Miss Louise Burwell, Honorary State Regents; and the State Officers presented their annual reports.

The early evening session was given over to the report of the C. A. R., and all enjoyed the musical numbers given by these young members. The reports of the Minneapolis and St. Paul Units and some amusing sidelights of the State Workshop Tour concluded the day’s activities.

Mrs. Leland H. Barker, Chaplain General, was our guest and spoke on her official duties at the Forum Breakfast Thursday, March 15th. She arrived the evening before and was our honored guest throughout the Conference.

The forenoon was made up of the reports of our State Chairmen of National Committees. Much active and constructive work was reported at this time. Mr. Dave Harrison, Assistant Director of Civil Defense for Minnesota, stressed the urgent need for local organization and preparedness to cope with any emergency that might arise in our State.

Beautiful flowers formed an attractive setting for the Chapter Regents’ luncheon at the Minnesota Terrace. The reports of 46 regents marked a highlight of the Conference.

The evening of the second day was given over to the Conference Banquet. Our interest was focused on the Good Citizenship Pilgrimage girls—a group of fifty-one young women chosen throughout Minnesota, and presented to our State Regent by Mrs. A. C. Jacobson. Miss Dorothy Olds, sponsored by the Greysolon du Lhut Chapter, of Duluth, received the national award. Each young woman was given a red rose by our Chaplain General. The speaker of the evening was Mr. Otto Christenson who spoke on “Capitalism under Yokum’s Moon.” He contrasted the present with the past and pointed out the changes that had taken place in our government during recent years.

Music for all the sessions as well as the special numbers was ably directed by Mrs. E. W. Wichman.

The Sibley House Association convened Friday and concluded with a luncheon when Mr. C. E. Linstrom spoke on “This is Our Problem.” The reports showed a very successful year both in numbers of those who visited this lovely spot, and those who were served at the Sibley Tea House.

And so came to a close the 56th Annual State Conference. All felt that this meeting had been one of the most successful ever held in Minnesota, not only from the work accomplished but from the treasured friendships we have renewed.

Lucetta Bissell, State Historian

HAWAII

IN extending greetings and “Aloha” to the members at the Hawaii State Conference February 22 in Honolulu, Mrs. James Davidson Brown, State Regent, called attention to the fact that the Hawaii State Society, started in January, 1916, was then 35 years and one month old.

“Through these years we, whom you have chosen as State Officers,” she declared in part in her report, “have accepted our duties and obligations, sincerely convinced in the truth of a statement once
made by our Honorary President General, Mrs. Magna, who said, "To live under the American Constitution is the greatest privilege that was ever accorded to the human race."

"Again we have come to a time when we are preparing to defend not only our shores, but also our most essential American beliefs. The forces of untruth and deception, which are infiltrating into our country, must be met with a defense that is as staunch and inspired as that demonstrated by the patriots whom this organization memorializes. As Washington and his men were dauntless and courageous in the defense of their beliefs, so should we be positive and firm in the defense of ours.

"Here in far-off Hawaii we may sometimes feel that we are minor cogs in the energetic and forceful machinery of the National Society and all that it stands for. But there is so much to be done by so few loyal workers in a community such as ours that we, of necessity, must spread our time and strength very thin, to meet the constant demands of home, church, schools, war effort, social life, and balancing the budget! So, every service which you perform for your Chapter, no matter how slight the contribution may seem to you, adds up to the gratifying reports which we hear every year. . . .

"Upon each of you, as individual members of our Chapters, rests the greatest responsibility of our Society. Your enthusiasm, assistance, loyal support, and willingness to carry out the suggestions of our State and National Society make possible the strength and security of our organization. Your State and Chapter Regents depend upon you.

"The projects formulated by our Senior Officers in the National Cabinet will remain nothing but impotent ideas unless you, as true, patriotic Daughters, make your strength and influence felt in this troubled world. The progress and true worth of our Society is in your hands. To each who has carried a share in the responsibilities of her Chapter activities, our sincerest thanks. . . .

"Let us endeavor throughout the year ahead to strive for closer friendship in upholding the object of our National Society, which enjoins us 'to cherish, maintain and extend the institutions of American freedom, to foster true Patriotism and love of country, and to aid in securing for mankind all the blessings of liberty.'"

(Miss) Elizabeth Appleton
State Vice Regent

---

NORTH CAROLINA

THE Fifty-First Annual State Conference was held in Rocky Mount at the New Ricks Hotel February 28, March 1 and 2, with the eleven Chapters of the Eighth District as hostesses. Mrs. J. R. Bennett, Sr., of Rocky Mount, was General Chairman. Miss Virginia Horne, State Regent, presided at all business sessions.

As a tribute to her marked ability and notable service, the program for this Conference was dedicated by the State Regent to Miss Gertrude Carraway, Vice President General from North Carolina and Editor of the D. A. R. magazine. The front cover of the program was a replica of the front cover of the Magazine and a picture of Miss Carraway was on the inside of this cover.

Crossnore, D. A. R. Approved School, located in North Carolina, was featured at the Conference. An exhibit of handmade articles and posters, made by Crossnore students, depicting life at the school, was on display in the lobby all during the Conference. At the close of the Wednesday afternoon session a colored movie film of scenes and life at Crossnore School was shown. Dr. Mary Martin Sloop, founder and business manager of the school, was narrator. At the last session of the conference a gift of $1,000 was announced for Crossnore from Mrs. Joel G. Layton, retiring State Chaplain.

At the evening session on Wednesday the conference was honored to have Inglis Fletcher, noted author of North Carolina, speak on "North Carolina and Its Forgotten History." She said North Carolina had been too busy making history in the early Colonial days to take time to record it. Mrs. Fletcher is a member of the Eden- ton Tea Party Chapter, one of the hostess Chapters.

On Thursday evening the main speaker was the distinguished Jennings Randolph,
Assistant to the President of Capital Airlines. His subject was "The Present Crisis." He pointed out that the percentage of citizens in North Carolina, as in all other States of this country, who avail themselves of the privilege and duty of voting is alarmingly low. He called upon the Daughters to be more alert to the trend of affairs before we find ourselves ruled by a Communist government.

Miss Horne, in her State Regent's report, spoke of the stand that the State Society has taken against World Government and announced that the campaign to influence the Legislature of North Carolina to rescind a resolution favoring World Government would continue.

Adding interest to the regular program of the Conference were several visiting National and State Officers. They were Mrs. Everett Lee Repass, Vice President General from Virginia; Mrs. Benjamin R. Williams, Vice President General from Pennsylvania; Mrs. J. DeForest Richards, Vice President General from Illinois; Mrs. Robert Duncan, State Regent of Virginia; Mrs. Thomas Lee, State Regent of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Ralph W. Greenlaw, State Regent of New Jersey; and Mrs. Patrick H. Odom, State Regent of Florida.

The social affairs given in connection with the Conference were evidence of the real Southern hospitality found in Rocky Mount. Mrs. L. T. Penniman, of Rocky Mount, State Librarian, entertained at a beautiful luncheon preceding the Conference with the State Officers, Honorary State Regents, and visiting National and State Officers as guests. Mrs. Saul Gold gave an elaborate tea on Thursday afternoon at the Benvenue Country Club. About 400 delegates and visitors to the Conference attended. The Micajah Petway Chapter of Rocky Mount gave a lovely breakfast at the New Ricks Hotel, honoring Mrs. W. D. Bennett, Regent of the Chapter.

At the Wednesday afternoon session Mrs. R. B. Hardison of the Craighead-Dunlap Chapter in Wadesboro, of which Miss Horne is a member, spoke of the many ways in which Miss Horne has served the North Carolina Society and particularly of the splendid way she is now serving as State Regent and moved that the Fifty-first State Conference endorse her for the office of Vice President General from North Carolina. Mrs. Ruth Lyon, of the Thomas Wade Chapter in Wadesboro and State Corresponding Secretary, seconded the motion. After other seconds Miss Horne was heartily endorsed by the Conference with a written ballot.

At the Thursday afternoon session Dianne Chatham of Winston-Salem was announced as the winner in the State Good Citizenship Contest and Mrs. P. H. Efird, Chairman of that Committee, presented her the award, a $100 bond.

At the closing session on Friday morning Mrs. Joel G. Layton, retiring State Chaplain, installed the newly elected officers. They were Chaplain, Mrs. W. C. Tucker of Greensboro; Treasurer, Mrs. James E. Lambeth of Thomasville, re-elected; and Historian, Mrs. Noah Burfoot of Elizabeth City.

Helen Whitley (Mrs. J. P.) Robinson
State Recording Secretary

THE Fifty-fifth State Conference convened March 13 and 14 in the Chamberlin Hotel, Old Point Comfort, with the Newport News Chapter as hostess.

The session was preceded by a Memorial Service conducted by Mrs. L. F. Shelburne, State Chaplain, paying tribute to 62 members called to rest during the past year. The Memorial Committee, on roll call, placed a white carnation in the floral wreath in memory of their respective Chapter members; later the wreath was carried to Yorktown and placed at the foot of the Victory Monument.

The Virginia Society was hostess at a beautifully-appointed Coffee Hour on the "Sun Porch."

The Conference, with the theme, "Building for the Future," was called to order by the gracious State Regent, Mrs. Robert V. H. Duncan, at 8:30 P. M. The invocation was given by Mrs. Shelburne; the Pledge of Allegiance was led by Mrs. Edward Holley, State Chairman, Correct Use of the Flag; the American's Creed, Mrs. Bruce D. Reynolds, National Chairman, National Defense; and the singing of the National Anthem, Mrs. Robert Y. Frazier, State Chairman, Advancement of American Music.
A musical program by Mrs. C. Paul Malm preceded the morning session.

The splendid report of the State Regent cited the importance of an informed membership: “To be a good D. A. R. is to be a good citizen. Today, in these trying times, America needs good citizens. Let us be mindful of this responsibility and in this sixtieth year of our National Society’s organization strive to do our part,” she urged the 265 members attending as representatives from the 87 Virginia Chapters.

Excellent reports were given by all nine State Officers and the State Chairmen—outstanding among them: Americanism, Approved Schools, Conservation, Correct Use of the Flag, National Defense, Press and Radio Committees.

The Good Citizen Pilgrim, Jaquelin Kilby, sponsored by the Culpeper Minute Men Chapter, was introduced and the State award of a $100 Bond, a Prayer Book and a personal gift were presented by Mrs. William H. Pouch, Honorary President General.

The Newport News Chapter was awarded $10 for Advancement of American Music.

At noon, following a precedent of many years, the State Regent asked those present to rise for a few moments of silent prayer.

At luncheon Dr. Dewey C. Loving, Superintendent of the Blue Ridge School, gave an inspiring talk on “Blue Ridge—Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow.” The State Project of the present administration is the building of a Boys’ Dormitory at this school.

A fine report was made during the afternoon session by Mrs. E. Stewart James, State President of the C. A. R.; and William V. Tynes, III, Junior State President of the C. A. R., brought greetings.

The State Regent emphasized importance of the completion of our present National and State projects, following which pledges were made to Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge, Building Completion Fund and the Boy’s Dormitory at Blue Ridge.

Nine Resolutions adopted were on World Government, Information to State Legislators opposing World Government, National Defense, Treaties, The Flag, Compulsory Health Insurance, Textbooks, Genocide, and Courtesy.

The Mount Vernon Chapter extended an invitation on behalf of the eleven Northern

(Continued on page 530)
Harmony Mission (Butler, Mo.) members on the afternoon of February 12 gave their annual Guest Day Washington Tea in the lovely home of their Vice Regent, Mrs. Claude Mahan.

Mrs. John Bradley, Regent, presided, after welcoming the guests. Members answered roll call by “My Ancestor”. Miss Billie Epperson, chosen by the Butler High School as the “Good Citizen,” was introduced and Mrs. Nelle Drysdale presented her with the pin.

The program, “Turning the Pages of History,” with Mrs. Mahan as narrator, proved enthralling to the many guests and members, as she skillfully wove her story of the wives and daughters of men famous in American History and introduced each character played by a member in Colonial Costume.

As each lady came into the story, she told the part she had played in our early history. They were Miss Florence Willard as Mrs. Martha Washington; Mrs. Connie McGenis as her granddaughter, Nellie Custis; Mrs. James Crabtree as Mrs. John Adams; Mrs. Hedrick Cheverton as Dolly Madison; Mrs. Nelle Drysdale as Mrs. James Monroe; Mrs. Minnie Pharis as Mrs. Benjamin Franklin; Mrs. Emmett Kling, Sr., as Mrs. Patrick Henry; Miss Ethel Allen as Mrs. Paul Revere; Mrs. Charles Mobley as Betsy Ross; Mrs. Fred Eads as Molly Pitcher; Mrs. Emmett Kling, Jr., as Martha Randolph Jefferson, daughter of Thomas Jefferson.

A short talk was given on Abraham Lincoln. Washington’s Prayer was given by the Regent.

To close the program, Mrs. Minnie Pharis sang Washington’s favorite song, “Drink To Me Only With Thine Eyes”. Following this, the Vice Regent presented Mrs. Pharis with a beautiful corsage in honor of her eighty-third Birthday.

The home was beautifully decorated with cut flowers, miniature cherry tree and hatchets, and a large framed picture of the George Washington family which has been in one member’s family for 150 years.

Mrs. James F. Crabtree
Press Relations Chairman

Gainesville (Gainesville, Fla.). For the benefit of the National Society’s Building Fund, a Colonial bridge party was given Wednesday afternoon, February 21, by the Chapter at the Gainesville Country Club, with over 240 reservations.

Receiving at the club entrance were Mrs. Albert Vidal, Regent, and Mrs. George Evans, State Americanism Chairman for Florida, both Chapter Charter Members. Assisting were the young Misses Diana and Marilyn Batey, dressed in picturesque Colonial attire.

The Colonial theme was carried out in both a colorful decorative scheme and the dessert course served. An impressive bouquet of red and white gladioli, blue iris and white statice stood on the mantel, framing the mirror reflection of the crowds of players at more than 50 tables of bridge and canasta in the large circular room. Each place was marked with a miniature American Flag. Cherry tarts were served with coffee.

Competitive spirit was encouraged by a display of attractive prizes donated by local merchants. Among the guests were visitors from nearby towns.

Mrs. L. Calvert Pepper was Chairman, and serving with her on the Social Committee were Mrs. Vidal, Mrs. S. T. Dell, Jr., Mrs. Loonis Blitch, Mrs. H. O. Alford, Mrs. Catherine Tuberville, Mrs. Winston Little, Mrs. Elmer Hinckley, Mrs. John Morrow, Mrs. Howard Gray, Mrs. C. L. Angle, Mrs. Lewis F. Blalock and Miss Edith Pitta. The Chairman of the Decorating Committee was Mrs. Donald Morrison, Sr.

Mrs. Albert Vidal, Regent

Baron De Kalb (Decatur, Ga.). In the quiet of the Decatur cemetery, the Baron De Kalb Chapter sponsored the unveiling of a monument to the memory of Col. James McNeil, a soldier of the Revolution and a founder of the City of Decatur.

Mrs. Milton C. Scott, Regent, presided over the service. A scripture reading was given by Mrs. R. L. Paine, and Mrs. Henry Newton introduced the speaker, Mr. Carl Hudgins, a former President of the
De Kalb Historical Society. Mr. Hudgins sketched briefly the life of Colonel McNeil, speaking in glowing terms of his courage as a soldier and his valuable contribution to the early life of Decatur and De Kalb County.

The marker was dedicated by the Historian, Mrs. J. C. Peteet, after which it was unveiled by Richard Austin and Henry Shumate. Mary Virginia Shumate placed a wreath on the grave. These three are great-great-grandchildren of Colonel McNeil. Austin McNeil Ford, also a direct descendant, accepted the monument for the family. Mrs. H. H. Trotti, President of the De Kalb Historical Society, accepted the gift for the County. Taps was sounded and the Rev. Harry Tisdale, rector of Holy Trinity Episcopal Church, gave the prayer and benediction.

Descendants of Colonel McNeil were present, and many D. A. R. members, as well as representatives of other patriotic organizations and civic clubs.

Other important work done by this Chapter is its contribution to the Approved Schools, having given three scholarships to Tamassee amounting to $250; two scholarships to Crossnore of $30 each; three boxes of clothing to Kate Duncan Smith School; and smaller contributions to five other schools. Gifts were sent to the Valley Forge Memorial and the National Building Fund.

An acre of ground at Tamassee has been purchased and given in honor of Mrs. J. E. Carmack, former Regent; and another Regent, Mrs. A. L. Wade, has been honored by a gift in her name to the Marian Sibley Wylie Victory Fund.

Mrs. Louis W. Morris
Chairman, Press Relations

Spinning Wheel (Marshalltown, Iowa). Members have organized for emergency work in case of disaster, and recently sponsored defense and atomic motion pictures.

The movies, “Pattern for Survival” and “How You Can Beat the A-Bomb,” were given public showings. Filmed through the cooperation of the armed forces and the American Red Cross, “Pattern for Survival” portrays what to do in case of atomic attack.

Announced by Mrs. Arthur Brennecke, Chapter National Defense Chairman, the Chapter has formed six groups of its members for possible disaster work: first aid, traffic directors, ground air-raid spotters, food, clothing and shelter.

Mrs. Ruth E. Hager, Regent

Douglas King (Wayne, Neb.). The Regent, Mrs. Young, with members, Mesdames Ley, Jones, Miller and Reynolds, attended the Group “C” District meeting in Norfolk in September. The State Regent, Mrs. Venable, presided. After the Pledge to the Flag, talks were given by Mrs. Venable and the State Vice Regent, Mrs. Rasmussen. The invitation for Group “C” District meeting, 1951, by Douglas King Chapter, was accepted.

After the luncheon, a very informative message by Mr. John P. Tyson, Principal of Kate Duncan Smith D. A. R. School, was given, their motto being: “Better Homes for Gunter Mountain.”

All Chapter meetings have been held on prescribed dates, with very good attendance. The October meeting was devoted to “Founders Day,” with Mrs. Reynolds telling of the “How, When and by Whom,” the Daughters of the American Revolution was organized. Other Chapter programs have been on: “Honoring Our Heroes”, a Christmas play, “February in History”, “American Indian”, and “National Defense”.

Miss Reeve conducted the Good Citizenship Pilgrimage Contest. The National
Defense Committee sponsored Good Citizen Awards to boys and girls of our two High Schools, four awards in all.

The Magazine Chairman gave reviews of the current magazine. Cash contributions were given to National Building Fund and Tamassee School.

The Genealogical Records Chairman sent to State Chairman 21 pages (in duplicate) typed records.

Jessie Austin (Mrs. R. J.) Reynolds
Historian and Past Regent

Nancy Christian Fleming (Roanoke, Va.) Our Chapter entertained with a silver tea at the home of a member, Mrs. R. H. Smith, in honor of Washington's Birthday.

A White Elephant sale and auction of antiques were held, proceeds going for a gift to the Virginia Room in Memorial Continental Hall.

All Chapter members assisted the hostess.

Louis Joliet (Joliet, Ill.). The members of the Louis Joliet Chapter met for luncheon January 27 in the Louis Joliet Hotel to celebrate their fortieth birthday. The speakers' table was beautiful with white pom poms, white candles and greenery, and the flanking side tables had thirteen white candles down the center, intertwined with asparagus fern.

After a delicious luncheon, the immediate Past Regent, Mrs. W. I. Jones, called the meeting to order and Mrs. C. Richard Norfolk, Chaplain, conducted the devotions.

Guests of the Chapter were Mrs. Frederick A. Sapp, Chairman of the Illinois Room in Memorial Continental Hall in Washington; Mrs. Thomas E. Maury, Building Fund Chairman; and Mrs. Theodore F. Eisner, Director of the Fourth Division.

The charter members in attendance were Miss Emily Gaskill, Mrs. Grant Houston, Mrs. Arthur Montzheimer, Mrs. Vincent Cohenour and Miss Anne L. Smith.

Past Regents present were Mrs. Grant Houston, Mrs. Hugh B. Carson, Mrs. Curtis J. Deering, Miss Anne L. Smith, Mrs. Claude Emery and Mrs. Walter I. Jones.

Mrs. George C. Mariner, Chairman of Music, introduced Mrs. R. R. Richards, guest soloist, who presented a musical program.

Mrs. Henry C. Leach, Regent, made an address of welcome and Miss Anne L. Smith presented the program for the day. The forty years of the Chapter's life were divided into four decades and the first decade was reviewed by Miss Emily Gaskill; the second by Mrs. Grant Houston; the third by Mrs. Curtis J. Deering; and the fourth decade by Mrs. Joseph A. Esposito. The accomplishments of the Chapter were recounted and happy memories recalled. Many years were hard but were crowned with success. The Chapter has pressed ever forward in the effort to perpetuate the memory and spirit of the men and women who achieved American Independence and to cherish, maintain and extend the institutions of American Freedom; to foster true patriotism and love of country; and to aid in securing for all mankind all the blessings of liberty.

Mrs. Mat Bloomfield
Press Relations Chairman
Ann Pamela Cuningham (Columbia, S. C.) celebrated its 25th birthday anniversary with the annual open meeting March 7 at the home of Mrs. Benjamin A. Knowlton, with Mrs. T. A. Boykin, Regent, presiding.

Mrs. Ernest Spong, Chaplain, opened the meeting with the Pledge of Allegiance, American’s Creed and prayer. Mrs. W. Bedford Moore, Jr., spoke briefly on the life of Ann Pamela Cuningham, the South Carolinian who founded the Mount Vernon Ladies Association of the Union and was instrumental in preserving George Washington’s home. Miss Cuningham is the only woman whose likeness hangs in the South Carolina State House. Mrs. John Wilson Brown, of Philadelphia, told of her mother’s visit, as a child, to Miss Cuningham.

Mrs. Douglas Faunt, Secretary, read a letter from Mrs. R. K. Wise, State Regent, extending congratulations to the Chapter on reaching its 25th birthday and expressing regrets at being unable to attend the meeting. Mrs. Elliott Crum, Regent of the William Capers Chapter, was introduced and Mrs. Boykin transmitted a message from Mrs. Paul McConville, Regent of the Columbia Chapter, who was not present.

The program was turned over to Mrs. J. W. Haltiwanger, Sr. She introduced Mrs. Hugh Williamson, of the Voice Department of the University of South Carolina, who spoke interestingly on “American Music.” She emphasized the fact that American music reflects the American point of view; that it is not folk music, because this is regional and not representative of composition. She presented some of her pupils in a program of American music. Those taking part were Miss Jacquelyn Stukes, mezzo soprano; William Jordon, tenor; Dode Phillips, pianist; and Miss Carolyn Powell, accompanist.

Members and guests were invited into the dining room where they enjoyed coffee, sandwiches and birthday cake served by the following assistant hostesses: Mrs. W. Bedford Moore, Jr., Chairman, and Mrs. J. W. Haltiwanger, Jr., Mrs. W. Gordon Belser, Mrs. John G. Ehrlich, Mrs. Arthur Langley, Mrs. W. H. Kendrick and Mrs. W. L. Heinz.

Mrs. Douglas Faunt, Secretary and Press Relations Chairman

Halifax Resolves (Scotland Neck, N. C.). The organization meeting of the Halifax Resolves Chapter was held February 22 at the home of Mrs. R. D. House, Sr. Miss Elizabeth Draughon, Organizing Regent, presided over the meeting, gave the welcome and presented the guest speaker, Mrs. W. L. Goodwyn, North Carolina Chairman of the Ellis Island Committee. Mrs. R. C. Barnhardt, Regent of the Miles Harvey Chapter, Tarboro, was also a guest.

Mrs. Goodwyn in her address told the objects of the National Society and “What the Daughters Do.” She also gave the charge to the newly appointed officers. The Historian read a paper showing that the “Halifax Resolves” was the first resolution of its kind in all America.

A committee was appointed when the Provincial Congress met in Halifax, April 4, 1776, to draw up resolutions declaring Independence with other colonies, and re-serving to the colony the sole and exclusive right of forming a constitution and laws for the colony. The resolutions were adopted unanimously on April 12, antedating the Virginia resolves a little more than a month. The Continental Congress acted upon these resolutions on May 14, prior to a national Declaration of Independence on July 4, 1776.

The meeting concluded with the singing of America and the Mizpah benediction. Prospective members attending the meeting were Mrs. John B. Edwards, Mrs.
Ashby Dunn, Miss Nannie Lamb and Mrs. Mary Lamb White.

Mrs. R. D. House, Jr. and Mrs. Gene Mitchell House assisted the hostess in serving delicious and attractive refreshments carrying out the George Washington motif.

The Chapter was confirmed by the National Board April 14.

(Miss) Elizabeth Draughon, 
Organizing Regent

Pittsburgh (Pittsburgh, Pa.). Mrs. Anna Rose Ingraham (Mrs. Joseph W.) Marsh, 91, who died at her home recently, left many sorrowing friends in our Chapter, which she served as Regent. She was also Organizer and First Regent of the Dolly Madison Chapter, Daughters of 1812.

In 1940 fourteen clubs joined in honoring her for her many contributions to the city’s welfare. Her death closed more than half a century of leadership in the civic, cultural and philanthropic life of the city. On her 80th birthday, Beaver College, her Alma Mater, of which she was an honorary trustee for many years, conferred upon her the degree of Doctor of Literature.

Among the survivors is a daughter, Mrs. J. Payton, of Washington, D. C., well known in D. A. R. circles.

Col. Aaron Ogden (Garden City, N. Y.). February 6 was the annual Guest Day. Mrs. Francis Clarke Rodman, Regent, presided, in the Garden City Community Church.

The Chapter was greatly honored by guests, who gave inspiring messages: State Regent, Mrs. Edgar B. Cook; Vice President General, Mrs. J. DeForest Richards of Illinois; Honorary President General, Mrs. William H. Pouch; Past State Regent, Mrs. James Grant Park; National Vice Chairman, Miss Donna Crittenden; State Vice Regent, Mrs. Harold Erb; State Chaplain, Miss Ruth M. Duryee; State Recording Secretary, Mrs. Frank B. Cuff; State Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. George O. Vosburgh; State Treasurer, Mrs. Floyd E. Woolsey; and State Librarian, Mrs. Elmer J. B. Sawyer.

State Chairmen present were: Building Completion Fund, Mrs. W. Carl Crittenden; D. A. R. Good Citizenship and Press Relations, Mrs. Fred Aebly; Motion Pictures, Mrs. Howard W. Steiner; Program, Mrs. Eugene S. Ovenshine; New York State Room Ten Broeck House, Miss Gladys Voorhees Clark; State Vice Chairman Press Relations, Mrs. Arthur E. Corwith.

The Chapter was also honored by the presence of the President General, Daughters of the Union, 1860-1865 Inc., Mrs. Frank Wolfe; President New York Chapter Daughters of Founders and Patriots, Mrs. Nelson A. Reed; National Recording Secretary N. S. New England Women, Miss Alice D. Butterfield; President New York City Colony N. S. New England Women, Mrs. Edwin D. Coddington; and Chairman Greater New York National Defense Round Table, Mrs. Frederick Roe. Twenty Regents came from all the nearby Chapters as well as Presidents of local organizations.

Mrs. Cuff awarded Mrs. Frederick Whitehouse $100 given Valley Forge for the Chapter giving the most per capita during the year, also a $10 award for the Ruth Floyd Woodhull Chapter. The $10 was returned, for Valley Forge.

Miss Ruth M. Duryee opened the meeting with invocation. Mrs. Cook, State Regent, made the principal talk. Mrs. Ward Mould, violinist, and Mrs. Frederick Plate, organist, gave a musical program. A reception followed.

Mrs. Paul Erlenbach, Historian

LEFT TO RIGHT: MRS. EDGAR B. COOK, STATE REGENT; MRS. FRANCIS CLARKE RODMAN, CHAPTER REGENT; AND MRS. WILLIAM H. POUCH, HONORARY PRESIDENT GENERAL
**Canal Zone** (Balboa, C. Z.). Distinguished by the presence of three Charter members, the Canal Zone Chapter celebrated its 25th Anniversary December 16, with a luncheon at Hotel Tivoli, Ancon.

After welcoming the 31 members and guests, the State Regent, Mrs. Maenner B. Huff, presented two soloists and Larry Hanrahan of the C. A. R. Society, who sang appropriate Christmas selections.

Following the Pledge to the Flag, a Charter member, Mrs. Donald Thompson Baker, read the Collect.

A donation of $25 was made to Bella Vista Children's Home in Panama City. Maintenance of the Girl's Dormitory is one of the several particular interests of the Chapter. The Home cares for 35 orphans of American and other nationalities. Other interests include a scholarship at Tamassee D. A. R. School; William Crawford Gorgas Society, C. A. R., named for the famed physician of Canal history; the Panama Canal Chapter, Red Cross; and American History prizes in Balboa and Cristobal High Schools.

An interesting letter from Mrs. Margaret C. Moseley, Chairman of Units Overseas, was read by Mrs. George Eugene, State Regent last year and delegate to the 1950 Continental Congress.

Mrs. Frederick C. Brugge was nominated to attend Congress this year, as was the guest of honor at the luncheon, Mrs. Ernst A. Erbe, who will reside in the States.

After cutting the handsome birthday cake, the group heard Mrs. Edwin L. Luce, Charter member and guest speaker, tell how the Organizational meeting was held at the home of the then Governor of the Panama Canal and Mrs. Merriweather Walker. The 20 Charter members included Mrs. Luis Carlos Prieto, Chapter Organizer; and Mrs. Edna Whitver, the third Charter member attending the luncheon. Mrs. Luce illustrated her talk with old pictures.

With loyal members such as these, the Chapter will continue on, despite constant change in civilian and military population.

Catherine W. H.
(Mrs. Wm. N.) Taylor
Recording Secretary

**Alexander Macomb** (Mt. Clemens, Mich.) may well have had as its theme for 1950 activities: “An investment in youth is an investment in the future.” In October of 1950, three outstanding students of Mt. Clemens High School, accompanied by a faculty member, spent a week at Flushing Meadows, N. Y. The group spent four full days attending United Nations meetings. The D. A. R. Chapter and the local League of Women Voters sponsored this trip. Members of these organizations believe that hope of eventual world peace depends upon the youth of today who will be conducting world affairs of tomorrow. Sending local students to the United Nations seemed a concrete way of furthering this belief.

The two groups received full cooperation from school authorities. From a large list of eligible students submitted by the teachers, a committee from the D. A. R. and League chose six contestants. Each contestant was interviewed, and three chosen to make the trip.

The excitement and importance of these four days spent at the United Nations meetings was vividly portrayed by the girls and teacher in the more than eighteen speeches given on their return. Men's service clubs, church organizations, P.T.A. groups, women's clubs, and school assemblies, heard this first-hand report of what goes on at Lake Success and Flushing Meadows. Because of the sincere belief in the world organization, shown by the students, and the enthusiastic response of their audiences, the D. A. R. and League will send another group this fall.

The Alexander Macomb Chapter raised its share of the expenses, totaling $100, through its forty-fourth Annual Colonial Tea, held each year in February. The members agree with one of the local educators that this project was one of the greatest contributions of its kind to the community.

Mrs. Frederick Soule, Regent
Chancellor Livingston (Rhinebeck, N. Y.). A neglected hillside cemetery belonging to the first church built in Dutchess County has been restored by the efforts of our Chapter.

The second immigration of Palatines to New York came with Governor Hunter in 1710 and settled on Beekman lands at Rhinebeck.

Here in 1715 the Lutherans and Calvinists, together, built their church. In 1729 the Lutherans sold to the High Dutch Reformed Protestants for twenty-five pounds and built a new Lutheran Church.

The ancient five-sided burial plot has been fenced with a dry stone wall, two feet underground and three feet wide, three feet high above ground, of local stone given by fellow townsmen. It is peculiarly suited to the period and location. Two elderly stone masons did the work.

The simple and beautiful gateway has fine wrought-iron gates, two heavy posts of granite and a bronze marker, which reads: “In Memory of Alice Hill, Sarah H. Van Etten and Sophie H. Strong, Charter Members of Chancellor Livingston Chapter, D. A. R.”

Buried in this ancient graveyard were Revolutionary soldiers: Frederick Streight, Frederick Streit Jr., Johannas Eckert and many others; some inscriptions almost obliterated by time.

Sunday afternoon, June 15, 1950, seventy-four neighbors and D. A. R. members gathered for a dedicatory ceremony.

Mrs. Walter T. Ackert, Regent, unveiled the memorial plaque and introduced the Very Rev. Edwin Jan van Etten, Dean of the Cathedral Church of St. Paul in Boston, who was the speaker. It was through his financial aid to the Chapter that the cemetery was restored, in memory of his loved mother and her sisters.

The Rev. Herman F. Vesper of Red Hook pronounced the benediction. Refreshments were served by the Chapter.

Mrs. Jacob H. Strong, Treasurer

Col. Arthur Erwin (DeLand, Fla.). Washington’s Birthday was celebrated with a dramatized broadcast, “The Living Washington,” over Station WJBS, and at the Chapter meeting, held at the home of Mrs. Theodore Strawn, by Judge Robert Wingfield’s account of his “Time trip to Valley Forge as it was December, 1777.”

Proof of authenticity, given by Judge Wingfield of his marvelous adventure, were his display of firearms of Revolutionary date, “Picked up with permission at the ordnance shack,” and a recorded interview with General Washington telling of the difficulties Washington was encountering in his campaign, his trials with the Continental Congress, “who could authorize supplies but give him no money to get them,” leaving it to Light Horse Harry Lee’s cavalry to capture food sold to the British “by farmers who loved profit more than patriotism”; his efforts to hold together an organized army in the face of short enlistment terms and other troubles, and the fact that only one-third of the colonists were heart and soul for independence.

Asked if the colonies would be able to maintain their liberties, “the General” replied that, “Eternal vigilance was always the price of liberty” and “It depends on the character of citizens, their individual interest in their government and what it stands for as to whether it will stand or fall when a militant minority, working from within is encouraged by a foreign power without to overthrow it.”

Though a trifle dubious over his visitor’s claim of travel in time, General Washington sent his respects to the Chapter named after his friend, Colonel Erwin, responsible for collecting boats which made crossing of the Delaware River and capture of Trenton possible.

Chapter members were happy that the quota for the Bell Tower at Valley Forge had been raised and a Blue Star awarded for its quota for the Building Completion Fund.

Mrs. Lloyd T. Everett
Press Relations Chairman
Wiltwyck (Kingston, N.Y.). On March 14 Wiltwyck Chapter held its Seventh Annual Colonial Bazaar, for financing its many projects and for the maintenance of its Chapter House.

Mrs. Clarence Dumm, General Chairman, selected “The American Flag” as the Theme of the Bazaar. The Chapter House and the Booths were decorated accordingly. Fewer, but well-stocked Booths, were noticeable. Many beautiful aprons were sold by Mrs. G. N. Wood and Mrs. John Steinert. Mrs. Arthur Quimby and Miss Virginia Curtis sponsored a Parcel Post Booth with packages from all parts of the country. All kinds of delicious foods were dispensed by Mrs. Herman Schweng and Miss Hazel Bloom. Mrs. W. Dean Hays and Mrs. Arthur Hazenbush had a fine showing of Used Books and the C. A. R. sold homemade candy.

Mrs. Maynard Mizel and Mrs. Walter Tremper were co-chairmen of the card games, and dessert was served by Mrs. Charles Terwilliger and Mrs. Dale Swartzmiller. A “Betsy Ross” Tea, with Mrs. Raymond Gross and Mrs. Clair Sheaffer in costume, added color and created a Colonial atmosphere. Thanks to the patronage of friends and the cooperation of Chapter Members, the Bazaar was a financial and social success.

Wiltwyck Chapter, which was organized on Feb. 12, 1891, bought and restored one of Kingston’s original Dutch Colonial Stone Houses. Erected in 1695, this building was originally the home of Anthony Crispell, whose French Hugenot ancestors came from Holland in 1668. A fine example of Colonial Architecture, it is also a museum containing many valuable Colonial and Revolutionary antiques.

Wiltwyck Chapter, of which Mrs. Adam H. Porter is Regent, has a membership of 204, of whom 52 are in the Junior Committee. The Chapter’s many activities make it one of the outstanding Chapters in the State.

Mrs. Ella Ochs, Press Chairman

Shawnee (Mission, Kan.) celebrated George Washington’s Birthday with a guest-day Tea at the home of Mrs. George A. Lopp, on February 28, their regular day of meeting. The co-hostesses were Mrs. J. N. Rodman, Mrs. K. S. Nicolay, Mrs. Lloyd Rosander and Mrs. Richard Parker.

Upon arriving, the members and guests were met at the door by Mrs. Lopp’s 11-year-old son, Jimmy, who was most suitably dressed in a George Washington costume.

We have Mrs. T. H. Voegtli, our Program Chairman, to thank for the splendid program which followed the customary Ritual opening and prayer.

Two Shawnee-Mission High School students, Janet Severin and Cliff Thompson, who were the school’s representatives at the State High School debate tournament held at Lawrence, Kansas, most dexterously delivered their debate, “Resolved that the American people should reject the welfare state.” Marilyn Galloway, another Shawnee-Mission student, sang a most appropriate song for the occasion, “The House I Live In.”

A red, white and blue floral centerpiece formed the flowers of the day; and the inviting tea table with dainty tea sandwiches and tea cakes decorated with American flags and cherries, and blue mints presented a most colorful picture. Presiding at the tea table were Mrs. Paul Kent, Vice Regent, and Mrs. Voegtli.

Mrs. E. F. Sanders, Regent, presided at a short business meeting following the social occasion.

It was a disappointment to the members that Mrs. W. H. von Der Heiden, Kansas State Regent, was unable to be with us.

Mrs. Chauncey Cox, Publicity Chairman

Governor Treutlen (Fort Valley, Ga.) This Chapter of 74 members held a memorial service at the Woman’s Club March 14, honoring seventeen deceased members beside whose graves there had recently been placed the National insignia. Following a luncheon, the memorial services followed in the Club House.

Mrs. C. B. Almon, Regent, presented Mrs. John A. House, Historian, who took charge of the program. After the Pledge to the Flag and a prayer said in unison by the Chapter members praising Him for their priceless heritage and pledging anew to Him and to each other their purpose to hold inviolate all entrusted to them for future generations, she presented Mr. Henry A. Mathews. He paid tribute to the deceased and to all Daughters of the
American Revolution for their loyalty to America and the freedom for which their ancestors gave their lives.

The Chaplain, Mrs. Ben H. Fincher, lighted two large candelabra and a basket of greenery was placed between. While Mrs. George Haslam, Jr., played softly on the piano, "Sunset and Evening Star," Mrs. Houser called the name of each deceased member, and as members of her family stood, Mrs. Almon passed a carnation to Mrs. Fincher, which she in turn placed in the basket.

Following the benediction, Mrs. Almon presented the flower-filled basket to Mr. Harris Hafer, grandson of the Organizing Regent, Mrs. Annie Wade Harris, with the request that he place it on her grave. Deceased members honored included: Mrs. Clara Phillips Anderson, Mrs. Maude Brown Bassett, Mrs. Beulah Marshall Brown, Mrs. Gertrude Harris Brown, Mrs. Willie Anderson Carithers, Mrs. Alice Shepard Crandall, Mrs. Martha Cook Flournoy, Mrs. Frances Wilson Gowan, Mrs. Annie Anderson Greene, Mrs. Jule Hunter Hurst, Mrs. Elizabeth Kilpatrick Hunter, Mrs. Annie Wade Harris, Mrs. Carrie Harris Hafer, Mrs. Zetella Harris Neil, Mrs. Lula Frederick Riley, Miss Carrie Elise Riley, Mrs. Elizabeth Greene Shepard.

Arlene McArdle (Mrs. B. W.) -Bleckley
First Vice Regent

Hollywood (Hollywood, Cal.). Dressed in Colonial gowns, some of which are family heirlooms, the Board of Directors received members and guests at the Reciprocity Day program, Friday, February 16, in the beautiful parlor of the First Methodist Church of Hollywood, the regular meeting place of the Chapter.

Tall, silver candelabra holding red, white, and blue tapers flanked the tea table's elaborate centerpiece of gladioli stock and larkspur. Presiding at the antique Sheffield urns, family heirlooms of Mrs. Clare W. Warner, Treasurer, were Mesdames Waldo G. Knapp, Chaplain; Fred S. Fish, Historian; and Arthur C. Christensen and Paul F. Magenheimer, Directors.

Among the guests of honor invited were State Officers, Mesdames Edgar Atkinson Fuller, Regent; Anna Benson, Chaplain; George Dunsmoor, Recording Secretary; and other State officers, Chairmen and Vice Chairmen of Committees in Southern California; Regents of Southern Chapters; Mrs. John Whittier Howe Hodge, National Vice Chairman, D. A. R. Museum; and Mrs. George Kemper Patterson, Junior Past Regent and State Chairman of Conservation, both of Hollywood Chapter.

Mrs. D. W. Pierce, Regent, presented Mrs. LaTour in a group of American folk songs, and Mrs. Richard W. Petrie, who reviewed Plymouth Adventure by E. Gebler. Always alert to controversial issues which might threaten our American heritage, Mrs. Pierce read selections from the Genocide Treaty. A discussion followed.

Mrs. Carl Holzman, State Chairman of the Building Completion Committee, announced that Hollywood Chapter was on the Gold Star Honor Roll, and had received its first Blue Star. This accomplishment was made possible through the pledge of the Board of Directors to raise $40 each realized largely through vanishing luncheons.

Organized in 1910, Hollywood Chapter has 189 enthusiastic members who support various projects of National and local D. A. R. interest. Newspapers give generous space to activities, so that the public is informed about our meritorious objects.

Mrs. Carl William Johnson
Press Chairman

Skenendoah (Oneida, N. Y.). Four High School senior girls were honored recently by the Skenendoah Chapter at a movie and a luncheon. The event marked the awarding of pins to the winners of the D. A. R. Good Citizenship Pilgrimage essay contest.
Mrs. William A. Hobkirk, Regent, Mrs. Alvin Hobron, Committee member (left), and Mrs. Chester Webster, (right) Committee Chairman, present Good Citizenship awards to Senior girls.

Honored were Charlotte Tayntor, senior from Morrisville-Eaton Central School in Morrisville; Amelia Wilson, Senior of Oneida High School; Dorothy Sicilia, senior in Canastota High School, Canastota; and Janet Frost, Munnsville, senior in Stockbridge Valley Central School, who was unable to be present at the ceremonies. The girls will also receive certificates of the honor at their June graduations.

The pins were awarded by Mrs. Chester Webster, acting Chairman of the Good Citizenship Committee, assisted by Mrs. Alvin Hobron, of Chittenango, a member of the Committee.

During the morning the honored High School guests and the members of the D. A. R. Chapter attended a special preview showing of “A Magnificent Yankee” at the Kallet theater. The dinner was at noon in Hotel Oneida, with Mrs. William A. Hobkirk, Chapter Regent, presiding.

During the Chapter’s business session, two new members were inducted, Mrs. Jack Barron and Mrs. Cornelius Milmoe. The program was given by the Good Citizenship group. Miss Sicilia gave a reading. Miss Tayntor played the violin in a duet with Miss Alice Babcock of Morrisville as pianist. She also sang a vocal solo. Miss Wilson spoke on her extracurriculum activities in high school and revealed plans for her future.

The girls were chosen for the essay contest by the faculty and student body of their respective schools, based on their dependability, leadership, loyalty and patriotism.

Mrs. W. Lee Eaton
Press Relations Chairman

Arthur Barrett (Marysville, Kan.). Culminating the effort to mark the grave of Sarah Handley Keyes, daughter of a Revolutionary soldier and member of the ill-fated Donner Party, an imposing Memorial of native limestone was formally dedicated May 30, by the members of the Arthur Barrett Chapter. They were assisted by Patriotic and Civic organizations, Boy and Girl Scouts. Mrs. Frank Williams, Regent, was in charge of the dedication; Mr. Raymond Ellenbecker, local historian, related the tragedy which befell the Donner Party; Attorney W. S. Eddy gave an inspiring message to the large crowd of interested citizens.

Located near the historic Alcove Spring, favorite camp site of the early immigrants who traveled the Old Oregon Trail, the Memorial stands on a plot of virgin prairie adjacent to the Old Trail and a short distance south of the famous Independence Crossing on the Blue River in Marshall County, Kansas. Mrs. Keyes, the oldest member of the Donner Party, died while the party was encamped, awaiting the flood waters of the Blue River to recede, and was buried beside the Old Trail on May 29, 1846.

The project to erect a suitable monument was begun at the time of the celebration of the 100th Anniversary of the Passage of the Donner Party in 1946, by Mrs. John L. Berry, then Chapter Regent. The bronze D. A. R. plaque was purchased, when funds for the Memorial were made available from a legacy of the late Martha Harvey, a member of a prominent Kansas pioneer family, daughter of James Harvey, fifth Governor of Kansas and a granddaughter of Mrs. Keyes. Mrs. Alice Keyes McCoy, great-granddaughter of Sarah Handley Keyes, with her husband, W. J. McCoy, traveled from their home in Springfield, Ill., to attend the dedication.

Carved on the stone is the inscription: “God in His Love and Charity has called in this beautiful valley, a Pioneer Mother.”

Mrs. Frank Williams, Regent

Oxford Caroline Scott (Oxford, Ohio). On February 12 the Chapter met in the D. A. R. Brant Memorial Room of Oxford College for the regular monthly meeting at 2:30 in the afternoon. Following devotionals appropriate to February, the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag and routine business, delegates were chosen to attend the State Conference and Continental
Congress and officers were elected for the coming year. Then followed a program of early American Music, captioned, "Music that Washington Knew."

The program was presented by four Miami University students; all members of the National Music Professional, Delta Omicron. Jane Wiley of Middletown, Ohio, was the narrator, telling of George Washington's interest in the music of his time, of his friendship with Francis Hopkinson, our first native-born composer, and something of the music that was performed by Shirley Groom, Soprano from Bellaire, Ohio, and by the violinists, Winifred Wright of Oxford, Ohio, and Thalia Sims from Lake Wales, Florida. These girls were accompanied on the piano by Jane Wiley, who has a special interest in the local D. A. R. Chapter, for, through Oxford Caroline Scott, Wells Hall Dormitory girls headed by Jane Wiley, sent a typewriter this year to Ellis Island.

**MISS ISABEL CLARK, OXFORD CAROLINE SCOTT CHAPTER CHAIRMAN OF ADVANCEMENT OF AMERICAN MUSIC COMMITTEE, PRESIDES AT A COLONIAL TEA TABLE**

Following the program, Miss Isabel Clark of Portland, Oregon, now teaching piano at Miami University, presided at the tea table, as members of the Chapter and their guests enjoyed a social hour together.

Janet Cutler (Mrs. Edward G.) Mead
Regent

**Cayuga (Ithaca, N. Y.).** On February 24 Cayuga Chapter held its annual Washington's Birthday party. Members, prospective members and guests received the program with enthusiasm. The accent was upon that period of Washington's youth when he was developing those qualities which were to make him a great man. Miss Emilie Brown, in her paper, "Stage Coaching," gave an imaginary account of what it meant to travel in those early days.

The feature of the afternoon was a play, "Stagecoach Days," by Mrs. E. A. Denton, Past Regent. Written with deft touches of humor, it admirably captured the atmosphere of the times. The scene is a Virginia inn where the innkeeper's wife and village ladies are discussing the eligibility of the handsome young surveyor, George Washington, whom no one has caught as yet. This idea is quickly dispelled by two ladies just returned from a shopping trip to Williamsburg where they have heard that Washington has been caught at last, and is to marry a young widow with two children.

The innocent gossip is at its height when the pretty lady with the child, also arriving by stagecoach, reveals herself as Martha Custis, the lady of Washington's choice. The village ladies are aghast with embarrassment, especially the young lady with aspirations. Gracefully Martha Custis puts them at ease by inviting them to have tea with her at the inn, and promising that Washington shall dance with each one of them at the wedding.

In the picture, seated (from left), are Mrs. R. B. Gervan, Mrs. John M. Grover, and Mrs. Walter Sykes; standing (from left) are Mrs. H. M. Harding, Mrs. Philip MacEachron, Mrs. Roy Park (as Martha Custis), Adelaide Park (as Nellie Custis), Mrs. Harry Osborn (as the innkeeper's wife), Miss Leona Smith, Mrs. E. A. Denton, and Miss Edna Gross, Chapter Regent.

**Miss Edna M. Gross, Regent**

**Mary Jemison (Warsaw, N. Y.).** The twenty-fifth anniversary of the Chapter was celebrated November 14 at 8 P.M. at the Historical Building in Warsaw. The public was invited and many friends attended.

Mrs. Gordon Meyer, of Perry, Regent, presided. The meeting was opened by

reveille, then the D. A. R. Ritual. Mrs. Merle Webster read congratulatory telegrams from many State officers and nearby Chapters. The Girls’ Ensemble of the Warsaw Central School sang two numbers.

In her talk on “The Parent Society,” Mrs. Roy Hutchinson, Past Regent, told the story of D. A. R. organization in 1890. Since the time when Mrs. Benjamin Harrison was its first President General, it has grown in size and good works. Its Manual for Citizenship is published in 18 languages. It owns two schools, helps support 12 others. It is the only national organization which owns so many fine buildings.

Mrs. William Jackson, in her “History of the Local Chapter,” told how it was organized in June, 1925, by Mrs. Mary Webster, with 16 organizing members. Seven of its Charter Members are still living. In 1934 the name became Mary Jemison, after the famous pioneer woman who lived in this County.

The Hon. Barber Conable delivered the main address. He defined patriotism as reverence for the Constitution. Pointing out that in the cause for peace, many feel we should promote the formation of a world government, he called attention to the fact that many countries and peoples have no conception of our ideals of democracy. He stated he was against any plan which would not leave America strong, free and democratic. Declaring he felt the best guarantee of peace is a strong, free America, he said we cannot accomplish this by surrendering our Constitution.

Following adjournment, a huge birthday cake was cut, and refreshments were served.

Mrs. Gordon Meyer, Regent


The invocation was asked by the Rev. Raymond Allington, rector of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Good Shepherd, North Charleston.

General Charles P. Summerall, President of The Citadel, the military college of South Carolina, also President of the South Carolina Society, S. A. R., and the Citadel-Charleston Chapter, S. A. R., introduced the distinguished guests. They included Mrs. James T. Owen, of Elloree, S. C., First State Vice Regent, D. A. R.; Mrs. Tristram T. Hyde, President of the Charleston Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy; Mrs. William H. Grimball, President of the South Carolina Society, Colonial Dames of America; Mrs. John Anderson, Regent of the local Chapter of the Daughters of American Colonists; and General and Mrs. Edward P. King, of Sea Island, Ga.

Mrs. Harold A. Moore, Regent of Fort Sullivan, introduced the other officers of the Chapter and Miss Jeanne Ray, Junior President of the Charleston Society, Children of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Owen in her address gave a brief history of the National Society, D. A. R., and outlined the many ways by which this patriotic organization has upheld the principles of George Washington.

General Summerall, former Chief of Staff of the U. S. Army, paid tribute to the far-seeing wisdom of George Washington as expressed in his Farewell Address. He pointed out how many tragic mistakes our country has made in not following Washington’s advice as to preparedness in time of peace. General Summerall said that Washington left for posterity great truths which should be a beacon to guide and direct the nation.

Mrs. Thomas Debnam
Press Relations Chairman

Louisa St. Clair (Detroit, Mich.). The United States Flag was raised at dedication services in Detroit June 11, 1950, for a new Veterans’ Memorial Building. The colors were presented by Mrs. Millard H. Toncray, then Regent of this Chapter.
The building is ten stories high and cost $5,700,000. It is an L-shaped shaft of white Vermont marble against a background of sky, busy river and the shoreline of neighboring Canada. On its face is carved an immense eagle with widespread wings.

It was erected almost at the spot on the bank of the Detroit River where 249 years before Antoine Laumet de la Cadillac stepped ashore after giving command to halt his flotilla of 25 canoes which for 45 perilous days had paddled through the great lakes, down from Quebec, in search of a strategic site. This place of the narrows, d'Etroit, was best suited for setting up a fort to defend the New World. To curious Indians, emerging silently from the surrounding forests, interpreters with upraised hands, explained theirs was a mission of peace and commerce. In defense of that peace and commerce Detroit has grown from a small fort into a city acclaimed throughout the world as the arsenal for democracy.

The entire north wall of the general lounge room in the building is of bronze where names are inscribed of those citizens of valor who have given their lives in defense of that mission. Its many meeting rooms and banquet halls are almost adequate to cater to elaborate plans for pagentry with which Detroit will celebrate its 250th birthday in July, 1951.

It is fitting that our Chapter was given the honor of presenting the colors. Not only because it is the oldest and largest chapter in Michigan but more because so many members are honoring personal ancestors of local fame.

Mrs. Sidney C. Probert, Regent

James Dawson and Admiral David Farragut (Knoxville, Tenn.). Saturday, February 17, was a red-letter day when these Chapters entertained other Chapters of Knox and surrounding counties at a George Washington Luncheon.

Mrs. E. W. Mitchell and Mrs. E. E. Patton, Hostess Regents, had as guest speaker Mrs. Will Ed Gupton, State Regent. Others at the head table were Mrs. T. E. Deakins, State Vice Regent; Mrs. Charles F. Wayland, State Historian; Mrs. H. H. McCampbell, Director, Appalachian District; Mrs. H. E. Christenberry, Regent, Bonny Kate Chapter; Mrs. C. A. Browning, James White Chapter; Mrs. R. D. Privette, Simon Harris Chapter; Mr. George H. Smith, representing Sons of the Revolution; and the Rev. Robert H. Wood, who gave the invocation.

Guests were greeted by Mrs. R. M. Vertrees and Mrs. Orvis Milner, in Colonial costume, as George and Martha Washington.

Decorations for the speakers' table were planned by Mrs. Frank Stansberry, Mrs. H. H. Hollinger and Mrs. W. W. Bradford. An attractive royal blue cut-out silhouette of George Washington enclosing the program and menu, made by Mrs. James E. Asbury and Mrs. H. C. Amick, was at each place.

Four little girls in Colonial costume danced the minuet. Mrs. Rogers Carroll, vocalist, Mrs. E. J. Foster, violinist, and Mrs. H. P. Bibeo, pianist, rendered music.

Mrs. C. A. Browning, State Chairman for Valley Forge, used a replica of the Valley Forge Chapel made by Mrs. James J. Cowan. As she completed her interesting talk, she placed her money corsage in the miniature tower. Mrs. Gupton and others threw in their money corsages also. Mrs. Gupton then auctioned the decorations. Mrs. Mitchell and Mrs. Patton rejoiced at the neat sum realized for the Bell Tower Fund.

Mrs. W. W. Bradford
ON April 21 several hundred young Americans from twenty-seven States assembled in the ballroom of the Mayflower Hotel for the opening session of the 1951 National Convention of the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution.

To the entrance march by the U. S. Army Band Orchestra in their colorful uniforms and led by the color bearers, guards and pages, the Junior National Officers, National President, Mrs. Donald B. Adams, and Honorary National President, Mrs. William H. Pouch, proceeded to the platform. Dressed in his ROTC uniform, Daniel Stuart Pope, III, ably presided at all sessions. Patriotic Education was the keynote of the Convention.

While Senior Officers direct the mechanics of the Society, interesting reports showing the fine work accomplished were presented by Junior Officers and Chairmen. Presentation of awards were made to outstanding participants in the C. A. R. work.

There are 562 societies—a total membership of 12,452—and 160 societies in the process of organization.

Mrs. Loren E. Rex, First Vice President General, D. A. R., greeted the Convention on behalf of the President General. State Regents and National Officers of the D. A. R. showed their interest in the C. A. R. by attending. The Society has many worthwhile projects, including providing milk for underprivileged children at Kate Duncan Smith, clothes and gifts to the children of Tamassee, and raising funds to purchase pianos for Crossnore and Tamassee. Amazing are the accomplishments of the Grandmothers Committee.

Congratulations to Oregon Grandmothers for providing funds to defray expenses to the Convention for their Junior State President.

New York and Pennsylvania led in the largest increase in membership.

The social event of the Convention is always the colorful Dinner Dance. The young people were appreciative and inspired by the gracious greeting of Mrs. James B. Patton, President General, N. S. D. A. R. Thanks to Mrs. Patton for her continued interest. Beautiful articles were given to the C. A. R. Museum, the latest acquisition being an exquisitely embroidered nightgown presented by Suzanne Campbell Foster and Clarence Duquette Maxey, III, of Virginia, descendants of Kezzie LeMasters and Abram Campbell, married 1822.

Brig.-Gen. Bonner Fellers held the young people spellbound with his fine address on "The Heritage of the C. A. R."

A resolution was adopted commending General MacArthur for his untiring efforts in the cause of liberty and justice.

Pre-Convention highlights were the Junior National Board Meeting and Dutch Treat Dinner at the Shoreham, and Stunt Night when a number of talented youngsters performed.

A pilgrimage was made to Arlington Cemetery, Mount Vernon, and Alexandria, Va. Wreaths were placed at the Tombs of the Unknown Soldier, George and Martha Washington, and the Unknown Revolutionary Soldier. En route, stops were made at Gadsby Tavern, Carlisle House and Christ Church, where Memorial Services were held.

Every member of the D. A. R. who attended this Convention must have been proud of these young boys and girls who exemplified the excellent training received through the C. A. R. which is sponsored by the D. A. R.

National officers elected: President, Mrs. Charles Carroll Haig; Vice President Presiding, Mrs. Stanley Thorpe Manlove; Chaplain, Mrs. Raymond C. Goodfellow; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Virginia Heckert Lambert; Organizing Secretary, Mrs. Robert J. Boyd; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. E. P. Comer; Treasurer, Mrs. Alice G. Schreinert; Registrar, Mrs. William A. Disque; Assistant Registrar, Mrs. Frank E. Hickey; Historian, Miss Imogene Phillibert; Librarian-Curator, Mrs. R. T. Mitchell; Vice Presidents: Mrs. Arthur I. Burgess, Mrs. John W. Richardson, Mrs. Thomas Burchett, Mrs. Joseph S. Silversteen, Mrs. H. L. Jackson, Mrs. J. DeForest Richards, Mrs. John O. Pfahl, Mrs. R. I. Sampson and Mrs. E. Thorpe Smith; and Honorary National President, Mrs. Donald Bennett Adams.

Junior officers: President, Caroline T. Brown; Vice President Presiding, Roger Williams; Chaplain, Bill Gardner; Recording Secretary, Donna Oelschager; Organizing Secretary, Marylu Hamill; Corresponding Secretary, Margaret Ford; Treasurer, Robert Watson; Registrar, Ben Morris; Historian, Norma Modjeska; Librarian-Curator, Betty Jean Brown; and Junior National Vice Presidents: Bill Brown, Bill Carrothers, Martha Flagg, Conlee Lee Freed, Barbara Harmon, Carter Maddox, Janet Mueller, Dana Van Burgh, Ann Watkins. Dan Stuart Pope, III, was elected Hon. Junior National President.
Daily, William, to Lydia Knox, July 12, 1810.
Damon, Martha, to Julius Fuller, May 30, 1848.
Danforth, Henry, to Zilpha Cummings, Jan. 1, 1815.
Danforth, James, to Mary Ann Godby, May 9, 1839.
Danforth, James, to Polly Trapwell, March 20, 1800.
Danforth, William, to Sally Moon, Jan. 25, 1847.
Daniels, George T., to Rhoda A. Sibley, Sept. 29, 1841.
Darry, Horatio, to Ann Askey, Sept. 22, 1844.
Dart, Lucinda, to Lyman Hinsdill, Jan. 8, 1856.
Dart, Rev. Calvin, to Sally Ford, March 28, 1839.
Davenport, Ephraim, to Harriet G. Bridges, March 26, 1846.
Davenport, John G., to Sylvania Thayer, April 29, 1839.
Davis, Dolly S., to Hiland Hall, Oct. 27, 1818.
Davis, Freeborn, to Charlotte Hard, Aug. 2, 1851.
Davis, Hinkley, to Rhoda Weeks, Jan. 1, 1834.
Davis, Mary Ann, to Evan Lyon, Jan. 25, 1866.
Davis, Polly, to David Powers, Dec. 1, 1800.
Davis, Parley Ann, to Rufus Neels, Jan. 7, 1824.
Davis, Pathina, to Benjamin Greenslet, Oct. 24, 1813.
Davis, Sophronia, to Reuben Fuller, Jan. 24, 1822.
Dawson, John, to Ellen Andrew, July 26, 1851.
Day, Emeline, to Sylvester Peeler, May 18, 1847.
Day, Roswell, to Eliza Fillmore, Oct. 21, 1841.
Dean, Job, to Phebe Godfrey, Oct. 14, 1832.
Deane, Job, to Deziah Thatcher, March 8, 1821.
Deming, Betsey, to John G. Eveleigh, Jan. 1, 1804.
Deming, Aaron, to Lydia Hoadly, 1783.
Deming, Benjamin, to Lovisa Hekpins, (?) 13th, 1783.
Deming, James, to Hannah Hoadly, May 31, 1877.
Denio, Elon, to Marilla Piper, Jan. 31, 1830.
Denslow, Sardius, to Tabitha Jeruals, Jan. 13, 1812.
Devans, Mary Ann, to Henry Mervin, Nov. 19, 1836.
Dewey, Eldad, to Mary Tilden, Feb. 16, 1774.
Dewey, Esther, to Silas Walbridge, Jr., March 26, 1813.
Dewey, Fanny, to Paul Hans, March 14, 1811.
Dewey, Lucretia, to Daniel Harmon, July 26, 1770.
Dewey, Margaret, to Joseph Fay, Dec. 8, 1774.
Dewey, M. B., to M. J. E. Pratt, June 11, 1856.
Dewey, Polly, to Nathan Waters, March 8, 1803.
Dewey, Ruth, to Moses Robinson, May 9, 1786.
Dewey, Sally, to Ruben W. Brush, June 23, 1818.
Dewey, Sarah, to Aaron Hubbell, June 27, 1782.
Dexter, Nathaniel, to Betsey Fassitt, April 19, 1807.
Dickenson, John D., to Christina Elwell, Dec. 9, 1841.
Dickenson, Lydia, to John G. Paddock, Oct. 19, 1843.
Dimick, Calista, to Joseph Stain, Feb. 12, 1814.
Dimick, Seth, to Sally Laurence, Dec. 6, 1808.
Dixtro, Nathan, to Betsey Fassitt, April 19, 1807.
Dole, Alanson, to Harriet Sprague, July 18, 1843.
Donaldson, Fanny, to Timothy Potter, Sept. 1, 1851.
Doolittle, Fanny, to Charles Charles, to Mary E. Spencer, Aug. 12, 1824.
Doolittle, Sarah, to Jesse Higgins, July 13, 1834.
Dorr, Jonathan, Jr., to Mehitabel Alvay, Dec. 20, 1809.
Dorrance, Nancy, to Nathan Harwood, July 30, 1815.
Dorrance, Rebecca, to Charles Almy, Feb. 7, 1822.
Downer, Avery, to Martha Allen, March 24, 1805.
Downer, Betsey, to William Elbinsburg, Jan. 28, 1808.
Downs, Abigail, to Albert Merchant, Aug. 19, 1843.
Downs, Alanson, to Sina Rice, May 20, 1818.
Downs, Elijah, to Mathilda Lillie, July 16, 1837.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Married To</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Downs, Emiline</td>
<td>Lemuel Morgan</td>
<td>Dec. 22, 1825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downs, Henry</td>
<td>Esther Congden</td>
<td>Dec. 27, 1855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downs, Jesse</td>
<td>Adelia Spencer</td>
<td>Sept. 21, 1831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downs, Lorenzo</td>
<td>Lois Dunham</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downs, Mariah</td>
<td>Reuben Towsley</td>
<td>July 3, 1833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downs, Noadiah</td>
<td>Ambrey Morse</td>
<td>Nov. 13, 1854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downs, Rachel</td>
<td>William Grant</td>
<td>Nov. 19, 1818</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downs, Samantha</td>
<td>John Harwood</td>
<td>Aug. 17, 1845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downs, Sarah</td>
<td>Dennison Elwell</td>
<td>March 27, 1851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drake, Charles</td>
<td>Abigail Winslow</td>
<td>Nov. 14, 1824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Draper, Charlotte</td>
<td>Calvin Parker</td>
<td>Oct. 1, 1844</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Draper, Zella M.</td>
<td>Melinda F. Locke</td>
<td>Nov. 19, 1840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Driggs, Hiram</td>
<td>Asenath Gray</td>
<td>?? 183?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunham, Abner</td>
<td>Mary Norton</td>
<td>May 12, 1833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunham, Jesse T.</td>
<td>Mary White</td>
<td>Feb. 25, 1856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunham, Lois</td>
<td>Lorenzo Downs</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunn, Charles</td>
<td>Ann Collins</td>
<td>March 27, 1852</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunning, Ebenezer</td>
<td>Jerusha Scott</td>
<td>April 14, 1821</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eaton, Anna</td>
<td>Samuel Russell</td>
<td>Feb. 15, 1818</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eawes, Nancy</td>
<td>Obed Hall</td>
<td>Sept. 21, 1854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecael, Phebe</td>
<td>Jeremiah Williams</td>
<td>March 3, 1808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eddy, Esther</td>
<td>Elias Taylor</td>
<td>May 20, 1845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eddy, Frederick</td>
<td>Betsey Cummings</td>
<td>Feb. 4, 1810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eddy, Sybil</td>
<td>Joel B. Esterbrook</td>
<td>Sept. 21, 1842</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eddy, William</td>
<td>Sophia Harwood</td>
<td>May 2, 1836</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgerton, Caroline A.</td>
<td>Norman B. Hinsdill</td>
<td>Jan. 22, 1833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgerton, Daniel W.</td>
<td>Mary E. Hinsdill</td>
<td>March 29, 1839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgerton, Eunice</td>
<td>George Mosier</td>
<td>June 7, 1808</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgerton, Hannah</td>
<td>Stephen Hinsdill</td>
<td>Jan. 18, 1807</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgerton, Harriet</td>
<td>Henry Noyes</td>
<td>May 27, 1834</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgerton, Lemira</td>
<td>Benjamin Larabee</td>
<td>July 2, 1820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgerton, Louisa</td>
<td>Stephen Whipple</td>
<td>? 17, 1810</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgerton, Melona</td>
<td>John N. Vail</td>
<td>June 2, 1828</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edgerton, Norman</td>
<td>Martha Maria Brick</td>
<td>Jan. 2, 1849</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eldred, John</td>
<td>Elizabeth Clark</td>
<td>April 1, 1816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eldred, Margaret</td>
<td>Harmon Myers</td>
<td>April 8, 1832</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eldred, Nathan</td>
<td>Joanna Campbell</td>
<td>Sept. 22, 1814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eldridge, Mary</td>
<td>John C. Gorton</td>
<td>Jan. 15, 1845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ellis, Line</td>
<td>Joseph Beaman</td>
<td>Aug. 1, 1796</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ellsworth, Lavina A.</td>
<td>Oscar Phillips</td>
<td>July 28, 1868</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Amasa</td>
<td>Eunice Green</td>
<td>Jan. 1, 1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Christina</td>
<td>John D. Dickenson</td>
<td>Dec. 9, 1841</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Dennison</td>
<td>Sarah Ann Downs</td>
<td>March 27, 1851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Dorcas</td>
<td>Warren Cook</td>
<td>Nov. 25, 1821</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Eunice</td>
<td>Abisha Kinaley</td>
<td>Sept. 11, 1816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Lathrop</td>
<td>Polly Bronson</td>
<td>Aug. 13, 1820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Lucretia</td>
<td>Nelson Thayer</td>
<td>March 12, 1824</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Luther</td>
<td>Rosana Morse</td>
<td>Dec. 17, 1820</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Roana</td>
<td>James Boardman</td>
<td>March 30, 1837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Roana</td>
<td>Jefferson Stratton</td>
<td>March 22, 1821</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elwell, Sally</td>
<td>Thomas Breese</td>
<td>Feb. 13, 1825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endicott, Harriet</td>
<td>Moses Hurd</td>
<td>May 12, 1807</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ensworth, William</td>
<td>Widow Hannah Wilson</td>
<td>Sept. 26, 1802</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estabrook, Joel B.</td>
<td>Sybil Eddy</td>
<td>Sept. 21, 1842</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estes, Harriet A.</td>
<td>Curtis Rider</td>
<td>Sept. 17, 1843</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evans, Eunice</td>
<td>Henry W. Moore</td>
<td>Dec. 7, 1854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evans, Julia</td>
<td>Henry Silver</td>
<td>April 28, 1855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fairbanks, Sarah Jane</td>
<td>James H. Chapin</td>
<td>Oct. 31, 1850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fairfield, Mary</td>
<td>Ebenezer Blackmer</td>
<td>Feb. 23, 1832</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farewell, Cyrus</td>
<td>Sally M. Kinseley</td>
<td>July 30, 1833</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farnham, Ebenezer</td>
<td>Sarah Mullener</td>
<td>Dec. 6, 1792</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farrar, Tirzah</td>
<td>George Read</td>
<td>Dec. 3, 1850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fassett, Betsey</td>
<td>Nathaniel Dexter</td>
<td>April 19, 1807</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fassett, David</td>
<td>Sabra Safford</td>
<td>Jan. 22, 1778</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fassett, Eunice M.</td>
<td>Thomas Prendergast</td>
<td>Nov. 20, 1839</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fassett, Henry</td>
<td>Mary F. Robinson</td>
<td>Jan. 23, 1828</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fassett, John V. D. S.</td>
<td>Anne Maria Robinson</td>
<td>Sept. 15, 1828</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fassett, Jonathan</td>
<td>Mary Montague</td>
<td>Oct. 9, 1764</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fassett, Joseph</td>
<td>Harriet Hurd</td>
<td>Nov. 11, 1851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fassett, Ruth</td>
<td>Samuel Fay</td>
<td>Sept. 7, 1800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faxon, Charles</td>
<td>Lydia A. Harrington</td>
<td>Sept. 3, 1846</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faxon, Elizabeth</td>
<td>Henry B. Walbridge</td>
<td>Dec. 3, 1816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fay, Benjamin</td>
<td>Electa Barner</td>
<td>March 16, 1837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fay, Benjamin</td>
<td>Maria Porter</td>
<td>April 27, 1843</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fay, Betsey</td>
<td>John Mattison</td>
<td>March 24, 1816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fay, Calvin</td>
<td>Eliza M. Wilcox</td>
<td>March 5, 1846</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fay, Joseph, to Margaret Dewey, Dec. 8, 1774.
Fay, Lydia A., to George W. Bahan, May 5, 1844.
Fay, Nathan, to Mary Safford, March 27, 1783.
Fay, Rusha, to John Perley, Jr., Oct. 5, 1817.
Fay, Samuel L., to Sarah M. Cady, Dec. 28, 1837.
Fay, Sarah, to David Robinson, Feb. 15, 1774.
Fay, Susanna, to Timothy Foilett, June 3, 1779.
Fenton, Benjamen, to Hannah Rice, Dec. 8, 1832.
Fenton, Christopher, to Louise Norton, Oct. 2, 1853.
Fenton, Electa, to Abraham Oatman, Jan. 19, 1854.
Fenton, Elizabeth M., to William B. Johnson, July 8, 1834.
Fenton, Jane C., to Franklin B. Norton, Aug. 26, 1850.
Fibb, Charlotte, to Daniel Marble, Dec. 3, 1807.
Field, Betsey, to Peter Story, Aug. 8, 1802.
Fields, Fanny, to William J. Seymour, Sept. 10, 1810.
Fillet, William T., to Martha A. Curtis, Aug. 16, 1842.
Fillmore, Fanny, to Daniel Paddock, Feb. 25, 1835.
Fillmore, Morial, to Enos W. Rudd, Sept. 25, 1836.
Finch, George W., to Louisa Baker, Dec. 31, 1846.
Fisher, John W., to Charlotte Chase, April 25, 1840.
Fisher, Nathan, to Betsey Moores, Nov. 16, 1820.
Fisk, Abigail, to Benjamin H. Northup, March 20, 1841.
Fisk, Ann S., to Smith Quinby, Oct. 31, 1839.
Fisk, John G., to Emily Olin, April 22, 1840.
Flowers, Elizabeth, to Aaron Benedict, March 8, 1840.
Fobes, Zebina E., to Lucy Robinson, Nov. 20, 1831.
Follet, Timothy, to Susan Fay, June 3, 1779.
Follet, Mary, to William Griswold, Dec. 9, 1796.
Follet, Charles, to Hannah Robinson, Dec. 9, 1812.
Forbes, Robert, to Mary Hildreth, Dec. 6, 1799.
Ford, Betsey, to Daniel Burt, Oct. 5, 1836.
Ford, Emily A., to John Jay Greenslit, Jan. 1, 1840.
Ford, Sally, to Rev. Calvin Dart, March 28, 1839.
Fort, Susan C., to Reuben Kent, March 3, 1845.
Foster, Rev. E. H., to Julia Woodworth, April 27, 1847.
Foster, Franklin E., to Louise Moor, June 16, 1842.
Foster, George W., to Catherine Shiffer, Feb. 14, 1849.
Fowler, Eunice, to Charles Lorenzo Spooner, Sept. 1, 1847.
Fowler, Joshua, to Rachel Montague, April 8, 1838.
Fox, Phebe, to Nathaniel Ripley, Aug. 25, 1830.
Franklin, Harriet N., to John N. Crosett, Sept. 2, 1846.
Freeman, William, to Caroline Mallory, Oct. 2, 1853.
Freligh, John G., to Betsey Deming, Jan. 8, 1804.
French, Betsey, to Willard Weeks, Oct. 4, 1842.
French, Frederick C., to Hannah Ripley, May 16, 1852.
French, Rachel, to James Nichols, Sept. ?, 1787.
French, Thomas, to Sally Millington, Nov. 5, 1840.
Frettenburg, George, to Charlotte Sibley, Sept. 28, 1845.
Froom, James, to Margret Searls, July 14, 1767.
Frye, Mary Ann, to Henry Scott, Jan. 1, 1832.
Fulfer, Daniel, to Polly Breakenridge, May 22, 1803.
Fulfer, Lewis, to Martha Damon, May 30, 1848.
Fulfer, Lemuel, Jr., to Lucy Putnam, Nov. 18, 1828.
Fulfer, Lemuel, Jr., to Sophronia Lyon, Jan. 1, 1842.
Fulfer, Ruben, to Sophronia Davis, Jan. 24, 1822.
Gaby, Matilda, to Benjamin Rice, April 19, 1807.
Gage, Alanson, to Clarissa Hill, Jan. 2, 1842.
Gage, Resolvy, to Beulah Scott, Jan. 18, 1829.
Gaines, Laura, to William S. Weeks, Nov. 29, 1855.
Gardener, Ann, to Austin Crawford, Sept. 16, 1850.
Gardner, Dewey, to Samantha Wadsworth, May 4, 1835.
Garey, Electa, to Bennett Knapp, Aug. 20, 1854.
Garry, Silas, to Rozanna Harwood, Aug. 31, 1845.
Gates, Philander, to Martha Baker, Feb. 9, 1848.
Gates, Susan, to Louton Hall, March 7, 1852.
Gay, George, to Sarah Henry, Feb. 28, 1803.
Gaylord, Louise, to Park Valentine, Jan. 12, 1881.
Geneck, Edward, to Ann Maria Holbeck, May 8, 1847.
German, Elizabeth, to William Tulin, Sept. 2, 1841.
Gibbs, Hannah, to Patrick Kelly, June 30, 1790.
Gilbert, Harriet A., to David G. Cutler, Nov. 24, 1856.
Gillett, Edmond, to Persis Haynes, Feb. 12, 1809.
Gillis, Lucius, to Sally Walbridge, Jan. 28, 1811.
Gilmon, Janette, to Benjamin Lyon, April 9, 1856.
Gilson, Calvin, to Caroline Pratt, Feb. 14, 1838.
Gillson, Calvin, to Caroline Pratt, Nov. 27, 1845.
Gillson, Catherine, to Charles C. Boynton, Nov. 24, 1846.
Glynn, Sophia, to Ashbur Prentiss, Jan. 12, 1823.
Godby, Lydia, to Siles Buttolph, Sept. 20, 1843.
Godby, Mary Ann, to James Danforth, May 9, 1839.
Godfrey, Bradford, to Sarah McGown, Jan. 8, 1835.
Godfrey, John S., to Harrietta Haynes, Sept. 9, 1832.
Godfrey, Julia E., to Joseph Hufnagle, Dec. 30, 1850.
Godfrey, Phebe, to Job Dean, Oct. 14, 1832.
Godfrey, Samuel L., to Sally Stiles, Jan. 5, 1809.
Gooding, Polly, to Isaac Hathaway, Dec. 5, 1826.
Gordon, Weltha M., to Asa Bovie, July 21, 1839.
Gore, Sarah L., to John W. Brigham, May 13, 1852.
Gorton, John C., to Mary Ann Eldridge, Jan. 15, 1845.
Goughlin, Austin H., to Jane M. Henry, June 6, 1843.
Gould, S. E., to C. D. Phillips, April 12, 1855.
Gould, Susan E., to John W. Pitt, Sept. 18, 1837.
Grace, Sarah A., to Charles Sibley, May 22, 1844.
Graham, Ann Eliza, to Andrew Lyon, Nov. 28, 1853.
Graham, Benjamin, to Mary Moore, Feb. 13, 1856.
Granger, Dennis, to Nabby Rice, Jan. 4, 1810.
Granger, Fanny, to Benjamien Reed, March 20, 1803.
Granger, Jeremiah, to Sally Ripley, Dec. 31, 1821.
Grant, Pamela, to Abner Griswold, April 24, 1845.
Grant, William, to Rachel Downs, Nov. 19, 1818.
Graves, John to Ann F. Bridges, July 21, 1836.
Graves, Polly, to Sebastian Wager, Nov. 18, 1834.
Graves, Sophia, to Lewis Ingraham, Oct. 28, 1834.
Gray, Asenath, to Hiram Driggs, 183—.
Gray, Rev. William P., to Jenette Cushman, Aug. 24, 1837.
Green, Burrel, to Laura Jewett, Oct. 30, 1816.
Green, Eunice, to Amasa Elwell, Jan. 1, 1800.
Green, Samuel, to Jane Wiant, Jan. 27, 1844.
Greenslit, Amos, to Emily Cressey, Feb. 2, 1844.
Greenslit, Benjamin, to Pathina Davis, Oct. 24, 1813.
Greenslit, Catherine, to Samuel P. Brown, Nov. 14, 1844.
Greenslit, Elijah, to Jane Barney, Jan. 15, 1815.
Greenslit, John Jay, to Emily Ford, Jan. 1, 1840.
Greenslit, Maria, to William Camp, Jan. 5, 1847.
Greenslit, Rhoda, to Leonard Gaines, Dec. 25, 1839.
Gregg, Maria, to Charles Betonk, Jan. 1, 1856.
Griswold, Abner, to Pamela Grant, April 24, 1845.
Griswold, Alice, to Erastus Young, May 24, 1807.
Griswold, Betsey, to Sewell Kennon, Jan. 16, 1826.
Griswold, Claire, to Martius L. Selden, June 7, 1810.
Griswold, Daniel, to Polly Hills, May 25, 1815.
Griswold, Minerva, to Martius L. Selden, Sept. 20, 1814.
Griswold, William, to Mary Follet, Dec. 9, 1798.
Grover, Lois D., to Edwin Robinson, Feb. 18, 1834.
Grover, Polly, to Zenas K. Barney, Feb. 6, 1821.
Guiltniane, Michael, to Catherine Hickey, Oct. 23, 1861.
Gunn, Moses, Jr., to Phebe Nichols, Dec. 9, 1802.

(To be continued)

FACSIMILE COPY OF THE BETTERLEY BIBLE PAGE

Certified to by Grace Ada Bailey Dunklee and Included in Vermont Genealogical Records Arranged by Eda Whitney Safford

Thomas Betterley & Elizabeth Carson was married April 6, 17(49?) by ye Rev. Henry Canor Minister Kings Chapple. Mr. Wm. Carson departed this life Feb'ry 12 1733 Age 45 years.

From Vermont Genealogical Records arranged and Indexed by Eda Whitney Safford.

ZEPHANIAH SWIFT WILL

From Vermont Genealogical Records arranged and Indexed by Eda Whitney Safford.

Will Zephaniah Swift—first will on record to be probated in the “District of Marlboro”. Said Zephaniah Swift was born 6 March, 1702. He was a resident of Sandwich, Mass. Also, he was a delegate to Congress, 1778.

In the name of the Great God Amen I Zephaniah Swift of Wilmington being of sound mind and memory and in usual Health, for which I thank God, do on this 13 day of April 1778 call to mind the certainty of my Mortality, Knowing that it is the Decree of Heaven that I must dye, do with a free mind order this to be my last Will & Testament, and as a Steward for God, of his earthly things I do before I dispose of what God has given me in his good Providence, with all meekness of wisdom and Humility of Heart recommend my immortal Soul to the eternal God through the saving merits of his Son and my earthly Body to the Earth to be buried in a christian manner by him, that I shall appoint as Executor to this my last Will. The final Disposition of my earthly Substance now follow.

(1) I give to my beloved Wife all my house- hold Goods without reserve. Also the full Improvement of the whole of my clear’d land during her Life together with half the buildings on said land, also give to my Wife two good cows. (11) I give to my son Perez, one hundred acres of wild land together with one Yoke of Oxen and also one half of my Harrar, which Harrar must not be carried off this farm. Also I give Perez my best Hat. (111) I give Chipman, my land in old Lebanon lying in the five mile Propriety in Connecticut. I give to Chipman the whole of my land or lot or homestead on which I now live after my Wifes decease. Together with all my farming tools except what I have willed to Perez, together with all my cattle and horse and sheep, except what I have given to my Wife and Perez. I give Chipman all my wareing appurrill except my best hat and—Chipman to pay all my just debts out of my notes and money. If there is any over plus of money after my debts is paid, it should be equally divided between my two sons, and I appoint my son Chipman to be my Executor of this my last will. (IV) I give my Daughter Elsa one hundred acres of wild land lying in Wilmington. (V) I give my Daughter Mary one hundred acres of wild land lying in Wilmington. (VI) I give my Daughter Kydia one hundred acres of wild land lying in Wilmington. (VII) I give my Grandson Perez one hundred acres of Wild land lying in Wilmington. (VIII) I give my Grandson Zepheniah Young one hundred acres of wild land lying in Wilmington. (IX) I give my Grandson Zepheniah Swift Moore one hundred acres of wild land lying in Wilmington. (X) I give my Grandson Zepheniah son of Chipman two hundred acres of land lying in Wilmington.

By this Will and Testament which I here have made I mean to revoke and vacate all other of my Wills and as a proof of this being my Last Will I do here sit my hand and Seal.

Zephaniah Swift (L.S.)

The will of the Signer and Seals has been pronounced and declared to be the Will of the said Swift in presence of us Witness at Brattleboro 10 July, 1781

Stephen Forbes
Sam’l Ely
Adna Bangs
Theodor Forbes

Personally appeared this 12th day of January 1933 to certify the above a true copy of Will of Zephaniah Swift

Mary B. C. Tyler
N. M. P. Akeley
Notary Public.

QUERIES


N. C. Since no record of births in Lancaster Co. before 1893, and no marriages before 1885, can someone give me from church or family records date of marriage of above, and dates of births or baptisms of their ch.: Isaac, William, Humphrey, Thomas, John, Mary, Margaret, Jean, Elizabeth, Eleanor.—Miss Emma Goodman, Mount Ulla, N. C.

Dean-Russell—Jeremiah Dean, b. (where?) July 29, 1760. M. Elizabeth Russell (where?), b. June 12, 1765. Sarah Dean, first ch. of Elizabeth and Jeremiah, b. July 16, 1786, so they would have been m. abt. 1785. They came from Va. to Ky., prior to 1788, as Ellis Dean, their second ch. was born in Ky., Nov. 24, 1788. Jeremiah Dean, I think, had a bro., Samuel, whose youngest dau. m. Stephen Russell. There were a Shelton Russell and James Russell, who came to Ky. Shelton b. 1797 in Rockbridge Co., Va., was related to Elizabeth Russell Dean. I would like to know from whom co. in Va. Elizabeth and Jeremiah came and of any ancestors and service. Want to hear from anyone connected with this family.—Mrs. A. C. Edsall, 821 Richmond Rd., Lexington 37, Ky.


Allen—Wanted: Inf. of desc. of Mary Jane Allen or Julia Adelaide Allen, sisters, and dau. of Samuel Allen and Juliana King. They were b. in Hartford, Conn. or Farmington. Mary Jane Allen was baptized Aug. 9, 1829, by Rev. Wm. L. Strong in First Congregational Church at Farmington.—Mrs. H. D. Strunk, 1112 Norris Ave., Rock Creek Park, D. C. Want date and place of death of John, who m. Mary Ray.

Van Swearingen-Swearingen—John, youngest son of Jayne Doyne and Thomas Swearingen, b. 1696, bro. of Maryland Van. Lived at present Rock Creek Park, D. C. Want date and place of death of John, who m. Mary Ray.

William Morgan Swearingen, son of Elizabeth Morgan and Van Swearingen, b. Nov. 6, 1809, Shepherdstown, W. Va. Last heard from in Alexandria, La., in 1848. Want inf. on his death. I am collecting data on Swearingen family and would like to hear from desc.—Mrs. Charles W. Walter, 518 Stevenson Lane, Baltimore 4, Md.


Tuller—Wish dates and inf. on Rev. serv. of Capt. Joseph Tuller, b. in Simsbury, Conn., d. there in May, 1756. Served in Rev. on a Com. to take care of soldiers' families in Simsbury. Was appointed Mar. 26, 1777. His 2nd son was Elisha Tuller, corp. in 18th Conn. Militia, discharged Sept. 15, 1776. Capt. Tuller's 1st wife was Martha Bunce. Want dates of her birth, marriage and death; also of 2nd wife, Jerusha Dribble Bertolth, a widow when he married her. He had 10 ch. Any inf. appreciated.—Mrs. F. A. McCormack, Clarks Aces, Traer, Iowa.

Nelson-Osborn—Wish parentage and Rev. serv. for Daniel Nelson, b. in 1755, Va. (?). D. 1822 Franklin Co., Ind. M. Ruth (1768-1849). Ch. were Catherine, b. 1789; Charity, m. Cyrus Alley; Eleanor; Ruth, m. James T. Osborn; Alba; Mary, m. Squire Osborn; Elizabeth, m. John Herron; Margarite, m. Wm. Clarke.

Tradition says Daniel was a bro. of Thomas Nelson, Jr., Gov. of Va., abt. 1883; also says that above-named girls were "own" cousins to Pres. Wm. H. Harrison.

Wish parentage of James Thomas Osborn (1797-1859). Father drowned in Big Sandy River while migrating west abt. 1800. Mother's first name Elizabeth, d. in Boonville, Mo., abt. 1843. In family were Edy, m. Wm. McCafferty; Ginsey, m. Isaac Jones; Hannah, m. Wm. Russell; Sarah, m. Charles Harvey; Mary; Olive.

Supposedly first lived along eastern coast of Va. Later on Clinch River, about 20 mi. north of Abingdon.

James T. Osborn m. Ruth Nelson 1820. Their ch. were Jane, m. Squire Harvey; Washington; Theodosia; James A.; George Riley, m. Martha Sutfin; Henry N., m. Martha Conway; Mary, m. Henry Shackle; Hannah, m. James Neild; William; Squire, m. Miranda Loback; and Ruth, m. Henry Coen.—Mrs. William Osborn, R. R. 2, Sunman, Ind.

Morris-Drake—John Morris, b. in Georgetown, Md., 1738; m. in 1764 to Hannah Downing; d. abt. 1796. Joseph Morris was 4th son of John Morris, who intermarried with Downing. Levina Drake, dau. of John Drake, who intermarried with Rachel LaFource. (This record from old family Bible of Joseph Morris.)

Joseph Morris, b. in Md. Dec. 8, 1771; d. Dec. 20, 1862; m. in N. J., Jan. 10, 1796, to Levina Drake, b. in N. J., Nov. 18, 1778, and d. Sept. 14, 1857. Both d. at South Charleston, Ohio, and buried on the George Murry lot in S. Charleston cemetery. He was a Baptist minister for 70 years. Some of their 14 ch. were b. in Brackin Co., Ky. They moved to Ohio in 1811. Ch. were John, James, Henry, David, Joseph, Richard, Benjamin, Rachel, Henry, Mary (Polly) Dalrimple, Levina Murry, Elizabeth Herman, Priscilla ——, Ellen and Cinderilla, who never married.

Henry, 3rd son of Joseph and Levina Drake Morris, b. in Brackin Co., Ky., Apr. 14, 1806; d. Jan. 8, 1877, near Columbus Grove, Ohio; m. in Madison Co., O., Aug. 1832, to Margaret Weaver, b. May 11, 1812, in Clark Co., O., d. Sept. 7, 1891, near Columbus Grove. They had 10 ch. Henry Morris was a farmer, school teacher, preacher and one of the first Judges of the Courts of Putnam Co., O.

Margaret Weaver Morris was dau. of George Weaver, b. 1774 Hardy Co. Va. d. 1829 S. Charleston, O.; m. in Hardy Co., Va., 1800, to Elizabeth Hempleman, b. in 1774 near Philadelphia, d. 1870 at St. Charleston.

Would like Rev. record of John Morris and John Drake (if any) and parents of George Weaver.—Mrs. H. L. Burden, 726 S. Clinton St., Defiance, O.

Hayward—Is the Daniel Hayward, who served...
as a private, Capt. Hinmans Co., Eastern Reg., Morris Co. Militia, 1778, the father of Betsy Hayward, b. May 17, 1781, in Pequannock, Morris Co., N. J.? If so, what are names of his parents and wife? He went to Bridport, Vt., in 1786 and was called Captain.—Miss Charlotte C. MacMorran, 2425 Military St., Port Huron, Mich.


Blackmon-Massey—Joseph F. Blackmon b. 1855, Ga., m. (when and where?) Mary Ellen Garland. His father b. in Ga., and served in War Between the States. D. shortly afterward. His wife was a Massey. Joseph had sisters: Emma V., b. 1854; Georgia, Mattie and Melley. He d. in Texas.

The 1870 Census, Beat 1, Pike Co., Ala., Troy, P. O., gives Pleasant Massey, age 70, b. S. C.; Livinia Massey, age 67, b. S. C.; Emily Blackmon, age 17, b. Ga. This Emily may be the Emma above and these Massys, Joseph Blackmon's grandparents. Would like their ancestry back to Rev., with records of each generation.—Mrs. Wesley H. Moore, 1777 42nd St., So., St. Peters burg, 7, Fla.

Tyson-Tweedle—Who were parents of Thomas Tyson, who d. in 1796? Also want parents of his wife Ann, who d. in 1814. Lived Belleville, N. J. A dau. Mary (1745-1838) m. Thomas Woodruff of Elizabeth, N. J.

Wish also names of parents of Mary Tweedle, m. 1782 to John Brevoort, lived Brevoort Farm, Broadway and 11th St., New York City.—Mrs. Charles M. Benedict, 317 West 104th St., New York 25, N. Y.

Caroll-Beecon—Acc. to 1850 Census these four lived Jefferson Co., now W. Va.: Wm. Carroll, b. 1817 (where?) and wife Eliza, b. 1833 (where?) and ch. Charles L., b. 1849, and Joseph, b. 1850. Did these die young? Were Wm. and Eliza the Wm. and Eliza (Beecon) Carroll who lived De Soto Par., La.? This Wm. b. Va. (when, where?); d. 1854, La.; had two bros. Their mother or paternal grandmother was b. Carroll. After 1854 Eliza m. Dykes; ch. Lucy and Alice. Was Eliza Beecon the dau. or gr. dau. of Wm. Beecon, Rev. sol., who lived in Jefferson Co.? Want all inf. available on Wm. and Eliza (Beecon) Carroll.—Henry E. Bean, 1136½ Menlo Ave., Los Angeles 6, Cal.

Sampson—Would like services of Capt. Stephen Sampson. Did he have wife and family, including a son, William? Stephen Sampson signed Oath of Allegiance Aug. 1777 in Goochland County, Va. Capt. Stephen Sampson was on specie tax list in that county. I judge the two are the same. I am convinced that he was the father of William Sampson of Goochland Co., who was a soldier at a very early age and was wounded at Yorktown, b. 1763, and after Rev. went to Crab Orchard, Ky., in Lincoln Co., where he died abt. 1832-33. He was my great-great-grandfather. Had a son named Stephen. My maternal grandfather was William Sampson Adams and his mother was Mary Catherine Sampson, who m. May 5, 1812 Jack (Jno.) Adams. William Sampson's wife was Betsey Purvall, dau. of Robert. Would app. inf.—Mrs. A. L. Loyd, 507 Conyers St., Covington, Ga.


Saunders—I should like to know the grandparents, paternal and maternal, of Sarah Jones, d. 1827 in Va.; m. Wm. Saunders, d. 1819 in Va. Her father was John Jones; her mother, Ann Madison. Her ch. were: Ann Madison Saunders, b. 1791, m. Geo. Buckner, son of Francis and Martha Upshaw Buckner; Lucinda Jones Saunders, b. 1792; Mary Walker Saunders, b. 1795; John Jones Saunders, b. 1796; Emily Jones Saunders, b. 1799; Lucy Walker Saunders, b. 1797; F. M. Sol.; Brown; Slaughter Brown; Emma Saunders, b. 1803, m. Reubin Saunders; Sarah Saunders, b. 1805; Marie Walker Saunders, b. 1807, m. Rubin Garnett; William Alexander Saunders, m. Mary E. Monroe; Sue Frances Saunders, m. Rubin B. Richardson; and Ann Hill Saunders, b. 1814, m. William Colton. Would like to correspond with d.s. of Sarah Jones Saunders.—Mrs. Ann Nixon Rubin, 3300 Palos Verdeso Drive, West, Palos Verdeso Estates, Cal.

Tatum—Who was the father of Eaton Tatum, who was b. 1792 in S. C.; went to West Tenn., with his brother, Wilkins Tatum; m. there Charlotte Bruer Reynolds, who was b. in West Tenn.—Clara B. Eno, 422 So. 6th, Van Buren, Ark.

Keith-Liddell—Daniel Keith, b. 1749, Scotland, son of Alexander & Dellig Keith, bro. of Andrew, b. 1745; Alexander, b. 1748; and James. Came to Pa. and served in 12th Va. Line, prob. removed to S. C. after Rev. Is he the father or bro. of Ruth Keith, who m. Wm. Liddell (b. 1762), in Pendleton Dist., S. C., now Abbeville Co., abt. 1785? Family tradition says Ruth Keith Liddell was sister of Andrew, Alex. & Dan Keith of Pa. Known ch. of Wm. and Ruth; Daniel, b. 1786, abt. 12 mi. west of Abbeville Courthouse, m. Isabella Liddell; Mary, m. Thomas Weems; Elizabeth, m. John Steele; and Rachel; m. Nicholas Minor. Abt. 1820 this group of families moved to Gwinnett Co., Ga. wish data on parents of Ruth Keith Liddell.

Was this the Daniel Keith who m. a dau. (name unknown) of James (1712-1796) & Esther Liddell? In his will, written 1791, recorded at Abbeville, James mentions sons-in-law: Daniel Keith, James Martin & Matthew Robinson. Was Esther, wife of James Liddell, a Keith? Was she his second wife? Wish dates, locations and names of parents of Esther Liddell.—Mrs. Ted A. Parsons, P. O. Box 435, Tupelo, Miss.

Pyle—I am trying to get more inf. on the famous British officer, Colonel Pyle of the Rev. He is mentioned often in the Memoirs of the War in the Southern Department of the United States, by Henry Lee. This Colonel or Dr. Pyle was my great-great-grandfather. The story is that he

(Continued on page 534)
MINUTES
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT
REGULAR MEETING
April 14, 1951

THE regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. James B. Patton, in the Board Room, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C. at 9:30 A. M., on Saturday, April 14, 1951. The Chaplain General, Mrs. Leland H. Barker, offered prayer.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America was given.

It was announced that Mrs. Padgett, the State Regent of Ohio, had suffered a heart attack and was in the hospital; and that Mrs. Brewer, Vice President General from Mississippi, had broken her arm and would not be able to attend the Board meeting and Congress. The Corresponding Secretary General was asked to send messages to Mrs. Padgett and Mrs. Brewer from the National Board of Management.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Warren Shattuck Currier, called the roll, the following members being recorded as present: National Officers: Mrs. Patton, Mrs. Rex, Mrs. Barker, Mrs. Currier, Mrs. Schermerhorn, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Kerr, Mrs. Trewella, Mrs. Russell, Mrs. James, Mrs. Kuhner, Mrs. Danforth, Mrs. Bowker, Mrs. Williams, Miss Dentler, Miss Lloyd, Mrs. Orr, Mrs. Rowland, Miss Gibson, Miss Carraway, Mrs. Barrow, Mrs. Richards, Mrs. Jacobs, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Burns, Miss Gupton, Dr. Jones, Mrs. Goodfellow, Mrs. Browne, Mrs. Anderson. State Regents: Mrs. Fallaw, Mrs. Betsy, Mrs. Frazier, Mrs. Fuller, Mrs. Braerton, Mrs. Welch, Mrs. Skinner, Mrs. Odom, Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Friedli, Mrs. Cory, Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. von der Heiden, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Pharr, Mrs. Beeaker, Mrs. Musgrave, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Pomroy, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Groves, Mrs. Morrow, Mrs. Venable, Mrs. Austin, Mrs. Greenlaw, Mrs. Madox, Mrs. Cook, Miss Horne, Mrs. Stevens, Mrs. Ray, Mrs. Hyslop, Mrs. Lee, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Wise, Mrs. Tinsley, Mrs. Gupton, Mrs. Trau, Mrs. Southgate, Mrs. Duncan, Mrs. Walker, Mrs. McClung, Mrs. Hale, Mrs. Wilbur, Mrs. Alderson. State Vice Regent: Mrs. Whitaker, Ohio.

Miss Dentler moved that the National Board of Management of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution extend a cordial invitation to General Douglas MacArthur to come and address the Continental Congress at his convenience. Seconded by Mrs. Richards. Carried.

The President General, Mrs. James B. Patton, read her report.

* Mrs. Cory's name was, by error, omitted from the roll call for the February 1951 Board meeting.

Report of President General

The February Board meeting was well attended, and much interest was shown by all in the work of our Society. On the day following our Board meeting, I journeyed to Philadelphia to attend a meeting of the Valley Forge Committee, together with members of the Vestry of Washington Chapel.

On February 3rd, I attended the Delaware State Conference in Wilmington, which was presided over by Mrs. George Roland Miller, State Regent. It was an inspiration to meet the many fine members. Mrs. Donald B. Adams, our Chairman of Building Completion Committee, was also in attendance. Due to the railroad switchmen's strike and because of uncertain conditions of trains, Governor Albert N. Carvel, of Delaware, provided the unusual courtesy of making arrangements in conjunction with the Governor of Maryland to return me from Delaware to Washington by private car, with police escort.

On February 6th, I was the guest of the Judge Lynn Chapter of the District of Columbia, Mrs. James S. McLean, Regent.

Busy days at the desk in Washington intervened before returning to my home in preparation for departure on a long trip to State Conferences covering the States of Utah, Nevada, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Iowa. At each of these State Conferences, a warm and friendly welcome awaited me, and it was a distinct privilege and inspiration to be the guest of the States visited. Enthusiastic interest and a response to our work was evidenced by all. Traveling to State Conferences is undoubtedly one of the major duties of a President General, and a real pleasure as well. My heartfelt thanks are herein expressed to all State Regents, Chairmen, and members who, by their work, promoted these successful State Conferences.

Arriving in Utah on February 21st, I was met by Mr. and Mrs. Jed F. Woolley, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Thornton, Regent of Spirit of Liberty Chapter, and Mrs. Ann Rutledge. Delightful entertainment at the Alta Club was provided by the Woolleys, with a press interview following. Two broadcasts were given from local stations, KSL and KDYL, and in the afternoon we were entertained as guests for tea at the home of the Governor of Utah, Hon. J. Brackenher. That evening I was guest speaker at the S. A. R. dinner at the University Club. Friday, the 23rd, was made pleasant through the courtesy of Mrs. Henry W. Thornton, Chapter Regent of Spirit of Liberty Chapter, who entertained for luncheon.
at the Country Club. It was an experience to hear the organ recital at the Mormon Tabernacle at noon. Mrs. Sydney Cooper, State Regent of Daughters of America Colonists, entertained with a dinner for me in the evening. On Saturday, February 29, the Utah State Conference was held, with many in attendance. Mrs. Jed Woolley, Jr., State Regent, presided.

On to Reno, Nevada. I arrived there on February 26th. Mrs. Thad Holcomb, State Regent, Mrs. Charles H. Danforth, Reporter General to Smithsonian Institution, and Mrs. William M. Gardiner, met me at the station. After luncheon, Mrs. John E. Beaupreut took us for a long drive to Carson City, where we met Governor Charles Russell, visited the State Legislature, Museum, and then Virginia City. A dinner party was given in the evening, honoring Mrs. Danforth and your President General at the Riverside Hotel. On February 27th, the Nevada State Conference was held, Mrs. Holcomb, State Regent, presiding. Mrs. Joseph E. Gelder, Vice President General, was in attendance. I spoke informally in the morning, with formal address that afternoon, followed by a broadcast over KATO. The visit concluded with a dinner party in the evening.

March 1st found me in Fayette, Idaho. The Conference was opened with a reception that evening given by Dorian Chapter, Mrs. Nelson C. Hall, Regent. On March 2nd, the Conference opened with Mrs. Paul C. Feddersen, State Regent, presiding, when I told of the various phases of our work. Miss Mabel C. Gupton, Vice President General, was in attendance, as well as Mrs. Samuel C. Skillern, National Chairman of Transportation. At the evening meeting following the banquet, I spoke again. The Conference closed the afternoon of the 3rd.

At this State and at each of the States I visited, I showed to the members the set of 40 Colorslides, with descriptive talk, showing exterior and interior views of National Headquarters. This lecture was well received in each State, and the Colorslides provide scenes of our Headquarters which are of extreme interest to our members everywhere. States are urged to purchase these sets for use for their respective chapters.

Sunday, March 4th, I arrived in Portland, Oregon. An early breakfast with Mrs. George R. Hyslop, State Regent, started off the day with refreshment of body and spirit. Through the courtesy of Mrs. John Y. Richardson, a luncheon for Junior members was planned at the historic McLaughlin House. Many members were met that evening at the Officers' Club dinner.

On Monday, March 5th, the Conference opened, Mrs. George Robert Hyslop, State Regent, presiding. Miss Jeannette Deltier, Vice President General and Chairman of American Music, and Mrs. James G. Walker, Jr., State Regent of Washington, were among the guests. A broadcast over Station KOIN was given followed by a tea which many members attended at the home of Mrs. Howard F. Armstrong, given in my honor. At the National Defense Symposium in the evening, I spoke briefly concerning our policies on National Defense.

All day Tuesday was spent in Conference meetings. I spoke following the banquet, and showed the Colorslides of National Headquarters.

The Washington State Conference was the next on the schedule, held in Seattle, Washington, March 7-9-9, Mrs. James G. Walker, Jr., State Regent, presiding. Miss Deltier was also present at this Conference. On the evening of the 7th, the State Officers' Club dinner brought many Washington members together and it was my pleasure to attend. Following this dinner, the Conference opened formally, at which time I made my principal address. This Conference marked the 50th anniversary of the Washington State D. A. R. Society. A large reception followed the evening meeting.

On Thursday a National Defense Breakfast was given when I spoke informally. The Conference meetings occupied the day, with the banquet in the evening. The Colorslides of National Headquarters were shown to the members on Friday morning. That evening I was guest of Mrs. Walker, State Regent, at the Mayflower State Society dinner.

On Sunday, March 11th, I arrived in Bozeman, Montana, to attend the Montana State Conference. Mrs. James H. Morrow, State Regent, and Mrs. Paul L. Eneboe, Regent, Mount Hynalite Chapter, met me at the station. A dinner party was given on that evening by Mrs. Morrow for State Officers and past State Regents, followed by a reception at the home of Mrs. Eneboe. The Conference opened on the 12th, presided over by Mrs. Morrow, State Regent. I made a talk to the members at the morning meeting on D. A. R. projects and made my formal address at the banquet that evening, after which I showed the Colorslides of National Headquarters to the members present. A radio broadcast was given over a local station, KBMR. With meetings until noon Tuesday, the Conference closed, followed by an informal dinner party that evening.

March 15th marked arrival into North Dakota, where the State Conference was held at Carrington, with Mrs. Orrin A. Stevens, State Regent, presiding. Upon arriving that afternoon, Mrs. George Sartell, Past Vice President General, and I gave a radio talk over Station KSJB. It was my pleasure to speak at the dinner meeting of the Lions Club. A reception followed in my honor, given by the Fort Seward Chapter, of Jamestown. N. D., Mrs. W. S. Handley, Regent, inviting representatives of all other organizations in the city. On Thursday, the 15th, the Conference opened in Carrington, with a dinner, after which I spoke. Later a reception was held in the home of Mrs. Guy Cook, Past State Regent. On Friday, meetings were held all day and the Colorslides of National Headquarters were shown during morning session.

On to Sturgis, South Dakota, for the State Conference. I arrived in Rapid City on Sunday, March 18th, where I was the house guest of Mrs. Charles L. Robinson, Past State Regent and National Vice Chairman of National Defense. A dinner party at the hotel with members of neighboring Chapters provided opportunity to meet members in an intimate way. Mrs. William L. Ainsworth, Past State Regent of Kansas, was in attendance. On Monday, March 19th, following a drive through the Black Hills, Mrs. Robinson entertained with a luncheon in her home. Driving to Sturgis, where the State Conference was held,
we attended a National Defense meeting, where I spoke informally.

The hostess chapter entertained with a dinner, followed by a reception, after which I showed the Colorslides of National Headquarters. On Tuesday, March 20th, a breakfast with Past State Regents opened the day in Sturgis. The State Conference was in meeting all of that day, with Mrs. Lawrence Tinsley, State Regent, presiding. At noon, Mrs. Tinsley entertained all members at a luncheon. A large dinner that evening, well attended by local and visiting members was followed by my formal address to the Conference. On Wednesday, March 21st, the Conference closed, and through the courtesy of Mrs. Richard A. Stoll, I was driven 90 miles to entrain for Nebraska.

Arriving in Lincoln, Nebraska, on March 22nd, I found Mrs. Loren E. Rex, First Vice President General, Mrs. Sherman B. Watson, National Chairman of Junior Membership, Mrs. Bruce D. Reynolds, National Chairman of National Defense, and Mrs. Donald B. Adama, National Chairman of the Building Completion Committee, also present. The State Conference was well attended, with Mrs. W. P. Venable, past State Regent given by Mrs. Venable, State Regent, and Mrs. Albert J. Rasmussen, State Vice Regent. A radio broadcast was given over Station WATO.

An interesting experience occurred with Governor Val Peterson at the State House who appointed me an Admiral in the "Great Navy of the State of Nebraska," with due ceremonials. A reception was held at the Governor's Mansion, followed by the banquet of the State Conference, after which I gave my formal address. The showing of the Colorslides of National Headquarters concluded the evening.

On Friday, March 23rd, I gave a broadcast over Station KOLN. It was interesting to attend a luncheon with the delegates from Nebraska who will attend the Congress, as well as to have dinner that evening with members of the St. Leger Cowley Chapter, Miss Verdi E. Smith, Regent.

Iowa was the last State to be scheduled on my itinerary and I arrived in Sioux City on March 24th, on which date I was given the honor of being the guest at the State Assembly dinner of the Iowa Society, Daughters of American Colonists, and attended the Executive Meeting of the Iowa State Society, D. A. R. On Monday, March 26th, a breakfast was enjoyed at the home of Mrs. J. W. Runnels; at noon, I was the guest at luncheon of Mrs. T. B. Throckmorton, National Chairman of Resolutions, at the Past State Regents' luncheon. The State Conference opened in the afternoon, with Mrs. Burl D. Elliott, State Regent, presiding. Mrs. Throckmorton and I were dinner guests of Mrs. Henry C. Shull.

On Tuesday, March 27th, I showed the Colorslides of National Headquarters, after which I attended both the Junior Committee and Officers' Club luncheon. A large dinner was given that evening, after which I gave my formal address. On Wednesday morning, March 28th, I attended the National Defense breakfast and spoke informally to that group, after which I entrained for the journey home.

In all of the States visited, I found hearty response to our work, each State being singular in its concepts of presentation of the program. It is an inspiration to a President General to meet and to know these many fine women who comprise our membership, and whose energies and enthusiasms arrange that important phase of our national existence—our State Conferences—for it is at these meetings that our work is set forth, and, through the fellowship, our program flourishes. Again I express a warm "Thank you" for the many, many courtesies extended to me while on route. I feel renewed in spirit after this experience.

The present Pension Plan is being proposed for transfer into a Social Security and Retirement Insurance account, which plans will be discussed at this Congress.

There is to be proposed by the National Chairman of the Manual Committee a new method of distribution of our Manual to prospective citizens of this country, and it is hoped that the State Chairmen will transmit the information directly to the Chapter. A Chairman promptly upon receipt of these details which will come to you from the National Chairman.

Because of inability to attend personally, I asked our Treasurer General, Mrs. John Morrison Kerr, to represent the Society at the Spring Conference held in Washington of the 1951 U. S. Savings Bond program by the U. S. Treasury Department on March 28th.

Since returning to Washington on April 5th, the days have been filled with duties incidental to the approaching Continental Congress.

On April 6th and 7th, at the American Academy of Political and Social Science, held in Philadelphia, were Mrs. Thomas Henry Lee, State Regent of Pennsylvania; Mrs. Lloyd Goman, National Defense Chairman for Pennsylvania; and Mrs. Alexander B. Geary, also of Pennsylvania, who were asked to be the Society's representatives.

On the evening of April 7th, Mrs. John M. Kerr and I attended a reception at the Pan American Union in Washington, D. C., which was given by the Foreign Ministers of the Americas.

Marguerite C. Patton, President General.

The First Vice President General, Mrs. Loren Edgar Rex, had no formal report, but stated that the Handbook was still being revised and if any of the members had any suggestions, she would be happy to receive them.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Leland Hartley Barker, read her report.

**Report of Chaplain General**

In March your Chaplain General was the guest of two State Conferences, Minnesota and Wisconsin.

The D. A. R. Ritual has been revised and printed and will be ready for distribution at this 60th Continental Congress.

Used curtains from the Curator General's store-room have been dyed. The cost of this work was met by a friend. It is hoped that the curtains can...
be hung for this Congress. Books belonging to the Chaplain General have been placed on a separate table in her room. These were sent for the use of delegates and visitors to the room during the Congress.

Helen Bass Barker, Chaplain General.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Warren Shattuck Currier, read her report.

Report of Recording Secretary General

The work accomplished in the office of the Recording Secretary General since the February report to the National Board meeting is as follows:

The minutes of the February Board meeting were written for publication in the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, and proof was read in this office.

The verbatim transcript of the meeting was typed and both the minutes and verbatim indexed, bound in folders and filed.

The motions were typed and delivered or mailed to each cabinet officer and committee with an office at headquarters. These were also typed for the Statute Book and indexed.

The minutes of Executive Committee meetings have been written; copied and sent to each member of the committee; also copied for binding in book form and indexed. Rulings affecting officers were typed separately for them and delivered or mailed.

Notices of the Board meetings in April were mailed to the members of the National Board of Management, also Executive Committee meeting notices were sent to members of that committee.

The Proposed Amendments to the By-Laws were prepared for printing in pamphlet form for distribution, and proofread.

Letters to National Officers, State Regents and Committee Chairman requesting advance copies of their full reports to the 60th Continental Congress were mailed in March. Many thanks to all for their response and cooperation.

Letters have been written to each candidate for office requesting the names of her nominator and teller.

Since the last report in February 1,429 membership certificates have been filled in and mailed to members. For the year 8,108 have been mailed. Requests for information pertaining to this office and other offices have received careful and prompt attention.

My sincere appreciation of the many invitations received to State Conferences, which I regret it was not possible for me to accept.

I should be remiss if I did not express appreciation to Mrs. Elizabeth Berry, who keeps the office of the Recording Secretary General running smoothly at all times with all the fine details in order and up to date.

This first year in the office of Recording Secretary General of the N. S. D. A. R., serving with our gracious President General, Mrs. James B. Patton, has been a happy and enlightening experience.

Emily L. Currier, Recording Secretary General.

The Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. George D. Schermerhorn, read her report.

Report of Corresponding Secretary General

As soon as possible after the February Board meeting copies of the Proposed Amendments to the Constitution and By-laws recommended by the National Board for action by the 60th Continental Congress, together with copies of the proposed Resolutions, were mailed to those on our official mailing list. As requested by the Chairman of the Resolutions Committee, copies of the proposed Resolutions were sent to the members of that Committee.

Supplies have been mailed to chapters and individuals as listed herewith:

Application blanks, 8,713; Information leaflets, 909; Constitution and By-laws, 142; Transfer cards, 533; Reinstatement cards, 168; Applicant's working sheets, 4,592; Ancestral charts, 4,272; What the Daughters Do pamphlets, 5,515; Highlights of Program Activity booklets, 4,311; Welcome cards for New Citizens, 225; Miscellaneous, 188. Total number of pieces, 25,566.

Orders for the D. A. R. Manual for Citizenship have been filled to the number of 47,050. The distribution according to languages follows: English—33,887; Armenian—228; Chinese—494; Czechoslovak—547; Finnish—181; French—571; German—2,101; Greek—309; Hungarian—552; Italian—2,141; Lithuanian—93; Norwegian—213; Polish—1,989; Portuguese—439; Russian—436; Spanish—1,871; Swedish—345; Yiddish—653.

There have been received, recorded or referred to the proper departments 946 communications, in reply to which were mailed 684 letters and cards. Hazel F. Schermerhorn, Corresponding Secretary General.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. John M. Kerr, read her report.

Report of Treasurer General

Since the February meeting of the National Board of Management, a great deal of time has been spent working on the proposed change in the Pension and Retirement Fund and Social Security. Under date of January 1, 1951, a revised Social Security Plan was put into operation by the United States Government. This permitted nonprofit organizations to participate in the plan. Many of the employees of the National Society were interested in participating in this program. In order to make Social Security available to our employees, it was found that the present Pension and Retirement Plan would have to be revised to make it fundamentally sound for the National Society to participate. At the suggestion of the Finance Committee, the Executive Committee requested the Chairman of Finance, Mrs. E. E. Woolley, and the Treasurer General to investigate the possibility of having our Pension and Retirement Plan operate through an insurance company. This entailed a great deal of work, study and conferences with an insurance consultant, together with the participants affected. Today, you will be given the opportunity to vote on the plan as submitted with the approval of the Finance Committee and the Executive Committee.
It will be necessary to request, from this board, permission to borrow not in excess of $60,000, to cover the deficit in the Current Fund. Last year it was necessary to borrow $27,000, due to the low cash balance in the Current Fund account when this administration took office. This sum has been paid back with 2% interest to the National Metropolitan Bank. This makes an additional deficit in the Current Fund this year for this amount. Strict economies have been followed throughout the year. In order to put the National Society on a sound financial basis, it is important that the resolution providing that the entire two dollars National Dues be made available for the use of the National Society, be approved at this Congress.

Your attention is called to the Valley Forge Memorial Fund. Of the amount shown, only $10,415.16 has been received for the Building Fund since October, as reported through the Valley Forge Committee.

$30,000 has been paid on the Building Fund indebtedness since February 28, 1951, when the annual report was printed. This leaves a total indebtedness of $420,000.

One set of the microfilm records together with copies of important figures and papers from the office of the Treasurer General, was sent to the Huntington National Bank in Columbus, Ohio, and the other set was sent to the Southern Arizona Bank in Tucson, Arizona, for safekeeping.

The many invitations to attend State Conferences are greatly appreciated and it is regretted that all could not be accepted due to the heavy demands of my office.

REPORTS OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

I herewith submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from January 1, 1951 to February 28, 1951.

CURRENT FUND

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RECEIPTS</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual dues</td>
<td>111,311.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Annual dues—applicants</td>
<td>2,405.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initiation fees</td>
<td>6,910.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reinstatement fees</td>
<td>285.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplemental fees</td>
<td>879.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application blanks</td>
<td>445.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catalogues</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates and folders</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charters</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Commissions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Canteen</td>
<td>1.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insignia</td>
<td>78.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMMISSIONS</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Constitution Hall Events</td>
<td>15,724.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C. A. R. office</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplicate papers</td>
<td>309.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employees’ withholding tax</td>
<td>4,450.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exchange</td>
<td>1.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flag codes</td>
<td>283.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genealogical research</td>
<td>100.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handbooks</td>
<td>138.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highlights</td>
<td>395.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical papers and slides</td>
<td>202.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library fees and contributions</td>
<td>196.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lineage</td>
<td>69.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lineage indexes</td>
<td>9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Literature</td>
<td>9.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proceedings</td>
<td>27.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regents lists</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rental of flags</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returned checks</td>
<td>104.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rituals</td>
<td>42.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of waste</td>
<td>14.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sales tax</td>
<td>3.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sundry sales</td>
<td>26.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td>26.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What the Daughters Do</td>
<td>126.94</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Receipts**                  | 144,730.25 |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DISBURSEMENTS</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual dues</td>
<td>77,420.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National dues</td>
<td>42,528.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest paid</td>
<td>1,440.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings &amp; Equipment</td>
<td>1,038.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal fees</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library books &amp; supplies</td>
<td>16.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library purchases</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mailing list</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone &amp; telegrams</td>
<td>24.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What the Daughters Do</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Disbursements**             | 181,609.17 |
## Disbursements

### Refunds
- Annual dues: $499.00
- Annual dues—applicants: $79.50
- Initiation fees: $225.00
- Supplemental fees: $9.00
- Reinstatement fees: $10.00

Total Refunds: $822.50

### President General
- Services: $1,208.00
- Postage: $20.15
- Supplies: $20.50
- Telephone and telegrams: $8.89
- Printing: $40.80
- Official expenses: $1,000.00

Total: $2,298.34

### First Vice President General
- Postage: $2.00

### Recording Secretary General
- Services: $766.02
- Postage: $99.35
- Supplies: $4.16
- Telephone: $1.62

Total: $871.15

### Corresponding Secretary General
- Services: $846.00
- Postage: $281.70
- Supplies: $242.79
- Printing: $81.27

Total: $1,453.76

### Organizing Secretary General
- Services: $750.00
- Postage: $281.70
- Supplies: $242.79
- Printing: $81.27
- Telephone: $1.62

Total: $1,482.77

### Treasurer General
- Services: $5,894.46
- Postage: $2,247.79
- Supplies: $145.22
- Telephone and telegrams: $7.47
- Repairs: $7.75
- Taxi fare: $2.60

Total: $8,305.29

### Expenses Allocated:
- Services—Building Completion: $2,921.89

Total: $10,539.78

### Registrar General
- Services: $9,759.44
- Postage: $694.76
- Supplies: $81.33
- Repairs: $4.25

Total: $10,539.78

### Historian General
- Services: $715.00
- Postage: $25.77
- Telegrams: $1.56

Total: $742.33

### Librarian General
- Services: $1,791.40
- Postage: $51.54
- Supplies: $45.00
- Binding and repairs: $985.77
- Books, subscriptions, dues: $23.00

Total: $2,896.71

### Curator General
- Services: $1,476.22
- Supplies: $1.30
- Telephone: $5.25

Total: $1,482.77
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department</th>
<th>Services</th>
<th>Postage</th>
<th>Supplies</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Reporter General</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.38</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>4.88</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business Office</td>
<td></td>
<td>990.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td></td>
<td>73.76</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs</td>
<td></td>
<td>9.50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,073.26</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Expense</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,138.63</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td></td>
<td>951.90</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies and microfilm</td>
<td></td>
<td>573.50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Express and carfare</td>
<td></td>
<td>32.47</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rental of Recordak</td>
<td></td>
<td>32.05</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rental of safe deposit box</td>
<td></td>
<td>11.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td></td>
<td>9.30</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Awards, gifts and gratuities</td>
<td></td>
<td>239.11</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electrotypes</td>
<td></td>
<td>42.84</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,030.80</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenses Allocated:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stamped envelopes</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,500.70</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,469.90 Credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings and Grounds Office</td>
<td></td>
<td>250.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td></td>
<td>.35</td>
<td></td>
<td>250.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genealogical Records</td>
<td></td>
<td>230.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td></td>
<td>.63</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.25</td>
<td></td>
<td>236.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Program</td>
<td></td>
<td>308.14</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td></td>
<td>70.90</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td></td>
<td>22.35</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegraph</td>
<td></td>
<td>.94</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.25</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.01</td>
<td></td>
<td>414.59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buildings Expense</td>
<td></td>
<td>7,769.67</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td></td>
<td>881.63</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs</td>
<td></td>
<td>213.20</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>License plates</td>
<td></td>
<td>43.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electricity and gas</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,124.01</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heating</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,370.96</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water rent</td>
<td></td>
<td>103.32</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td>12,505.79</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expenses Allocated:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constitution Hall Events</td>
<td></td>
<td>10,650.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,855.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing Office</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td></td>
<td>670.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.25</td>
<td></td>
<td>671.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone and Telegrams</td>
<td></td>
<td>330.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td></td>
<td>269.93</td>
<td></td>
<td>599.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Constitution Hall Events</td>
<td></td>
<td>4,148.96</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td></td>
<td>32.04</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Care of organ</td>
<td></td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refund</td>
<td></td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light, heat, cleaning and insurance (142 events at $75.00 per event)</td>
<td></td>
<td>10,650.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance—Reserve Fund (142 events at $100.00 per event)</td>
<td></td>
<td>14,200.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>29,181.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Congress, Fifty-ninth

- Postage: $35.72

### Congress, Sixtieth

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service/Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>$357.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>178.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>42.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams</td>
<td>2.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
<td>34.24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: $615.63

### Disbursements

- Duplicate papers—refund: $1.00
- Employees' withholding tax: $4,450.81
- Flag codes—postage and printing: $136.82
- Genealogical research—refund: $35.74
- Legal fees: $400.00
- Literature—refund: $1.00
- Office equipment: $204.12
- Parliamentarian—services and postage: $160.00
- Returned checks: $137.60
- Sales tax: $8.76
- Transfer to Magazine Fund for Board minutes: $3,000.00

Total Disbursements: $69,308.12

*Balance, February 28, 1951: $112,301.05

* Included in this balance is $17,334.00 received from applicants who have not been admitted to membership.

### Petty Cash Fund

- Balance, December 31, 1950: $2,500.00

### Special Funds

#### Appropriation Funds

- **Ellis Island**
  - Balance, December 31, 1950: $17,804.48
  - Disbursements:
    - Services: $2,216.64
    - Postage: $18.95
    - Supplies: $466.53
    - Telephone: $1.50
    - Transportation: $11.83
    - Miscellaneous: $1.25
    - Angel Island: $60.00
    - Gifts: $42.00
    - Travel: $32.04
  - Total: $2,850.74

- Balance, February 28, 1951: $21,709.94

#### Committee Maintenance

- Balance, December 31, 1950: $9,526.58
  - Disbursements:
    - Americanism
      - Printing: $28.40
    - Approved Schools
      - Services: $20.00
      - Postage: $8.93
    - Building Completion
      - Services: $2,921.89
      - Postage: $17.50
      - Supplies: $25.66
      - Telephone: $2.25
      - Chairman's expenses: $150.00
    - Girl Home Makers
      - Telephone: $2.00

- Total: $3,117.30
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>February 28, 1951</th>
<th>December 31, 1950</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Radio and Television</strong></td>
<td>$ 3.00</td>
<td>$ 3,179.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Good Citizenship Pilgrimage</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>6,489.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1950</td>
<td></td>
<td>6,489.49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of pins</td>
<td>1,611.45</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of certificates and posters</td>
<td>6.25</td>
<td>1,618.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
<td>8,108.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refund</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>52.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1951</td>
<td></td>
<td>8,056.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Junior American Citizens</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>3,190.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1950</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
<td></td>
<td>24.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of pins</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,215.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>50.00</td>
<td>1,084.78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
<td>1,134.78</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1951</td>
<td></td>
<td>2,080.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Manual</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,132.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1950</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>3.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of copies</td>
<td>16.40</td>
<td>19.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,151.56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>165.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>257.20</td>
<td>422.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1951</td>
<td></td>
<td>729.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>National Defense</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>23,072.18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1950</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contribution</td>
<td>20.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of literature</td>
<td>237.61</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of medals</td>
<td>751.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of pins</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>1,010.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
<td>24,082.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>1,870.82</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>1,068.18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>107.10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td>37.07</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs</td>
<td>3.75</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Express and taxi fare</td>
<td>4.32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
<td>629.83</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Literature and subscriptions</td>
<td>263.41</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Travel</td>
<td>49.31</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meeting</td>
<td>4.00</td>
<td>4,037.79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1951</td>
<td></td>
<td>20,044.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Press Relations</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>6,813.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1950</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
<td></td>
<td>26.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of Press Digest</td>
<td></td>
<td>6,839.51</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Disbursements:
- Services: $527.00
- Postage: 329.35
- Telegrams: 75
- Printing: 167.94
- Photographs: 92.40
- Press releases: 46.40
- Total: $1,163.84

**Balance, February 28, 1951**

**Credit Funds**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
<th>Disbursements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Approved Schools</td>
<td>47,653.36</td>
<td>47,653.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical Research</td>
<td>1,159.50</td>
<td>1,159.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tammsse Auditorium</td>
<td>3,837.71</td>
<td>3,837.71</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Miscellaneous Funds**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Balance, December 31, 1950</th>
<th>731.52</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agnes Carpenter Mountain Schools</td>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crossnore School, N. C.</td>
<td>207.09</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincoln Memorial University, Tenn.</td>
<td>207.08</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryville College, Tenn.</td>
<td>207.08</td>
<td>621.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1951</td>
<td></td>
<td>110.27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Balance, December 31, 1950</th>
<th>2,414.72</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indians</td>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Contributions:</td>
<td>3,791.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6,206.06</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Balance, December 31, 1950</th>
<th>2,521.34</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scholarships</td>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Scholarship</td>
<td>2,521.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transfer to Bacone Memorial Scholarship Fund</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1951</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,521.34</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Balance, December 31, 1950</th>
<th>2,684.72</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anne Rogers Minor Indian Scholarship</td>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>438.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Transfer from American Indians</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sale of U. S. Savings 2½% Bonds to Mary E. Brown Ferrell Fund</td>
<td>2,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1951</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,438.90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Balance, December 31, 1950</th>
<th>3,696.10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bacon Memorial Scholarship</td>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bacon College, Okla.</td>
<td>3,696.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Balance, December 31, 1950</th>
<th>1,670.92</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Caroline E. Holt Scholarship</td>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Receipts:</td>
<td>115.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>1,785.93</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Balance, December 31, 1950</th>
<th>892.97</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kate Duncan Smith D.A.R. School</td>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tammasee D.A.R. School</td>
<td>892.96</td>
<td>1,785.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1951</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fanny C. K. Marshall Library Fund  
- Balance, December 31, 1950: $138.22  
- Receipts:
  - Interest: $6.25  
- Disbursements:
  - Services: $144.47  
- Balance, February 28, 1951: $4.47

Golden Jubilee Endowment  
- Balance, December 31, 1950: $607.50  
- Receipts:
  - Interest: $5.00  
- Balance, February 28, 1951: $612.50

Grace C. Marshall Memorial Scholarship  
- Balance, December 31, 1950: $299.77  
- Receipts:
  - Contributions: $22.50  
  - Interest: $47.50  
  - Total: $299.77  
- Disbursements:
  - Tamassee D.A.R. School: $302.50  
- Balance, February 28, 1951: $44.77

Grace H. Morris Fund  
- Balance, December 31, 1950: $125.00  
- Disbursements:
  - Kate Duncan Smith D.A.R. School: $62.50  
  - Tamassee D.A.R. School: $125.00  
- Balance, February 28, 1951: —

Harriet E. Bowen Book Fund  
- Balance, December 31, 1950: $584.72

Helen Pouch Memorial Scholarship  
- Balance, December 31, 1950: $1,320.87  
- Receipts:
  - Contributions: $1,401.12  
  - Interest: $1,407.37  
- Balance, February 28, 1951: $2,728.24

Hillside School Endowment  
- Balance, December 31, 1950: $375.89  
- Receipts:
  - Interest: $397.14  
- Disbursements:
  - Hillside School, Mass.: $55.00  
- Balance, February 28, 1951: $342.14

Hugh Vernon Washington Library Fund  
- Balance, December 31, 1950: $1,025.93  
- Receipts:
  - Interest: $1,032.18  
- Disbursements:
  - Books: $141.54  
- Balance, February 28, 1951: $890.64
## Life Membership

| Balance, December 31, 1950 | $1,600.61 |

## Magazine

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receipts:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subscriptions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advertisements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single copies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuts</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minutes, National Board Meetings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Receipts</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disbursements:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Refunds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Copyright</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editor's expenses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Disbursements</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Balance, February 28, 1951 | 18,020.30 |

## Mary E. Brown Ferrell Memorial

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receipts:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contribution</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disbursements:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2 1/2% Bond, Series G</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2 1/2% Bonds, Series G, purchased from Bacon Memorial Scholarship Fund</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Balance, February 28, 1951 | 3,000.00 |

## Motion Picture Equipment

| Balance, December 31, 1950 | 717.69 |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receipts:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disbursements:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subscription</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Disbursements</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Balance, February 28, 1951 | 4,000.45 |

## New Building

| Balance, December 31, 1950 | 7,797.13 |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receipts:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of post cards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of paper weights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of matches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of blotters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of brochures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of book ends</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Receipts</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disbursements:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Furnishings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payments on loans from bank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Disbursements</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Balance, February 28, 1951 | 5,637.09 |

## Pension and Retirement

| Balance, December 31, 1950 | 13,191.21 |
Receipts:
Contributions ........................................ $ 628.27
Interest ........................................... 202.50
Redemption of Potomac Electric Power Co. 3 1/4% Bonds 4,000.00
Premium on bonds redeemed ........................ 110.00 $ 4,940.77

Disbursements:
Pensions ........................................ 2,791.58

Balance, February 28, 1951 .................................. $ 15,340.40

Reserve for Maintenance of Properties
Balance, December 31, 1950 .......................... 1,038.99
Receipts:
Transfer from Current Fund for Constitution Hall Events (142 events at $100.00 per event) .......................... 14,200.00

Balance, February 28, 1951 .................................. 15,238.99

State Rooms
Balance, December 31, 1950 .......................... 1,030.73
Receipts:
Contributions ........................................ 1,325.50

Disbursements:
Telegrams ........................................ 7.67
Repairs ............................................. 404.27

Balance, February 28, 1951 .................................. 1,944.29

Valley Forge Memorial
Balance, December 31, 1950 .......................... 151,140.37
Receipts:
Contributions ........................................ 10,306.61
Sale of cards ........................................ 515.85
Sale of cook books ................................ 508.75

Disbursements:
Postage ............................................. 166.09

Balance, December 31, 1950 .................................. 162,305.49
Total Special Funds .................................. $297,922.40

RECAPITULATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Funds</th>
<th>Balance 12-31-50</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
<th>Disbursements</th>
<th>Balance 2-28-51</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Fund</td>
<td>$36,878.92</td>
<td>$144,730.25</td>
<td>$69,308.12</td>
<td>$112,301.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petty Cash Fund</td>
<td>2,500.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ellis Island</td>
<td>17,804.48</td>
<td>6,756.20</td>
<td>2,850.74</td>
<td>21,709.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Committee Maintenance</td>
<td>9,526.58</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,179.63</td>
<td>6,346.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Good Citizenship Pilgrimage</td>
<td>6,489.49</td>
<td>1,618.70</td>
<td>52.00</td>
<td>8,056.19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior American Citizens</td>
<td>3,190.64</td>
<td>24.75</td>
<td>1,134.78</td>
<td>2,080.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manual</td>
<td>1,132.16</td>
<td>19.40</td>
<td>422.20</td>
<td>729.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Defense</td>
<td>23,072.18</td>
<td>1,010.11</td>
<td>4,037.79</td>
<td>20,044.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press Relations</td>
<td>6,813.41</td>
<td>26.10</td>
<td>1,163.84</td>
<td>5,675.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approved Schools</td>
<td></td>
<td>47,653.36</td>
<td>47,653.36</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical Research</td>
<td></td>
<td>1,159.50</td>
<td>1,159.50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennesee Auditorium</td>
<td></td>
<td>3,837.71</td>
<td>3,837.71</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anne Carpenter Mt. Schools</td>
<td>731.52</td>
<td></td>
<td>621.25</td>
<td>110.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indians</td>
<td>2,414.72</td>
<td>3,791.34</td>
<td>3,521.34</td>
<td>2,684.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship</td>
<td>471.40</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>471.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bacon Memorial Scholarship</td>
<td>257.20</td>
<td>3,438.90</td>
<td>3,696.10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caroline E. Holt Scholarship</td>
<td>1,670.92</td>
<td>115.01</td>
<td>1,785.93</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fanny C. K. Marshall Library</td>
<td>138.22</td>
<td>6.25</td>
<td>140.00</td>
<td>4.47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Golden Jubilee Endowment ................................ $607.50  
Grace C. Marshall Scholarship ................................... 299.77  
Grace H. Morris Fund ............................................ 125.00  
Harriet E. Bowen Book Fund ..................................... 584.72  
Helen Pouch Memorial Scholarship ............................... 1,320.87  
Hillside School Endowment ...................................... 375.89  
H. V. Washington Library Fund ................................ 1,025.93  
Life Membership .................................................. 1,600.61  
Magazine ............................................................. 11,072.67  
Motion Picture Equipment ........................................ 717.69  
Museum ............................................................... 3,302.39  
New Building ....................................................... 7,797.13  
Pension and Retirement ........................................... 13,191.21  
Reserve for Maintenance ......................................... 1,038.99  
State Rooms ........................................................ 1,030.73  
Valley Forge Memorial ............................................ 151,140.37  

$308,323.31

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DISPOSITION OF FUNDS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Metropolitan Bank ................................  $394,883.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Riggs National Bank ........................................... 15,340.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petty Cash in Office of the Treasurer General ............ 2,500.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INDEBTEDNESS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Building Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2% Demand Loans from National Metropolitan Bank (Interest payable quarterly) ........................................ $200,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2% Demand Loans from National Metropolitan Bank (Secured by $30,000.00 U. S. Treasury Bonds deposited as collateral. Interest payable quarterly) ........................................ 30,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2% Ninety-day Loans from Riggs National Bank, as follows:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due March 5, 1951 .............................................. 60,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due March 19, 1951 ............................................. 150,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Due April 23, 1951 ............................................. 10,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>INVESTMENTS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings Bond, Series F, due 1957 (maturity value $100.00) ......................................................... 75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ellis Island Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bond, September 15, 1951-53 .............. 5,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, June 15, 1952-55 ............... 2,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, serie G, due 1954 ............... 13,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, serie G, due 1959 ............... 20,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Defense Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bond, serie G, due 1961 ................. 5,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agnes Carpenter Mountain Schools Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62 .......... 10,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, March 15, 1952-54 ............. 2,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, serie G, due 1954 ............... 13,400.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/2% Bond, serie G, due 1962 ................. 500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anne Rogers Minor Indian Scholarship Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62 .......... 3,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caroline E. Holt Scholarship Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bond, September 15, 1951-53 ............. 500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62 .......... 13,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, December 15, 1964-69 .......... 3,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, serie G, due 1954 ............... 9,800.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bond, serie G, due 1955 ................. 500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, serie G, due 1956 ................. 200.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fanny C. K. Marshall Library Fund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bond, December 15, 1959-62 ............ 1,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Postal Savings 21/2% Bond, due 1952 ................... 500.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund Name</th>
<th>Details</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>U. S. Savings 2 1/2% Bonds, Series G, due 1959.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>$3,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>U. S. Savings 2 1/2% Bonds, Series G, due 1960.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>$4,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>U. S. Savings 2 1/2% Bonds, Series G, due 1961.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>$2,500.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Golden Jubilee Endowment Fund**

*U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, June 15, 1959–62.* 10,000.00

*U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959–62.* 3,000.00

*U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, March 15, 1952–54.* 7,000.00

*U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, June 15, 1964–69.* 10,000.00

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bond, March 15, 1952–54. 200.00

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bond, December 15, 1956–69. 500.00

U. S. Savings Bonds, Series F, due 1954 (maturity value $550.00). 407.00

U. S. Savings Bonds, Series F, due 1955 (maturity value $125.00). 92.50

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1954. 11,400.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1956. 10,400.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bond, Series G, due 1959. 5,000.00 57,999.50

*These investments totaling $30,000.00 have been deposited with the National Metropolitan Bank as collateral on its demand loans to the National Society for the Building Fund.

**Grace C. Marshall Memorial Scholarship Fund**

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bond, June 15, 1952–55. 1,000.00

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959–62. 3,000.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1953. 200.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1959. 2,500.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bond, Series G, due 1962. 1,000.00 10,700.00

**Helen Pouch Memorial Scholarship Fund**

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bond, Series G, due 1956. 500.00

**Hillside School Endowment Fund**

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1956. 700.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bond, Series G, due 1957. 1,000.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bond, Series G, due 1959. 500.00 2,200.00

**Hugh Vernon Washington Library Fund**

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, March 15, 1952–54. 9,000.00

U. S. Postal Savings 2 1/4% Bond, due 1952. 500.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1954. 4,000.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1962. 15,000.00 28,500.00

**Mary E. Brown Ferrell Memorial Fund**

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bond, Series G, due 1961. 1,000.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bond, Series G, due 1962. 1,000.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bond, Series G, due 1963. 1,000.00 3,000.00

**Pension and Retirement Fund**

U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, September 15, 1951–53. 25,000.00

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, June 15, 1959–62. 10,000.00

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959–62. 21,500.00

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, June 15, 1964–69. 18,000.00

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, December 15, 1964–69. 23,500.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1953. 25,000.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1954. 47,700.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1955. 18,300.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1956. 10,000.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1958. 3,000.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1959. 13,500.00

U. S. Savings 2 1/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1962. 13,500.00 239,000.00

**Reserve Fund for Maintenance of Properties**

U. S. Treasury 2% Bond, September 15, 1951–53. 5,000.00

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bonds, June 15, 1952–55. 1,800.00

U. S. Treasury 2 1/4% Bond, December 15, 1959–62. 10,000.00 16,800.00

**FRANCES W. KERR, Treasurer General.**

**Total:** $476,674.50
The report of the Finance Committee, Mrs. E. Ernest Woollen, Chairman, was read by the Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Currier.

Report of Finance Committee

As Chairman of the Finance Committee, I have the honor to submit the following report for January and February, 1951. Vouchers were approved to the amount of $176,063.39, of which contributions received for Credit funds amounted to $52,650.57.

The largest disbursements follow:

- New Administration Building $40,298.96; Salaries, $39,608.94; Appropriation funds, $9,028.39; Magazine, $7,640.59; Transfer of Scholarship to Bacone College, $3,696.10; Pensions, $2,791.58.

Imilda B. Woollen, Chairman.

Mrs. Leland H. Barker, Chairman, read the report of the Auditing Committee.

Report of Auditing Committee

We have checked the Treasurer General's Report with the Auditor's Report and found them in accord.

Helen Bass Barker, Chairman.

Mrs. Barker moved that the report of the Auditing Committee be adopted, carrying with it the reports of the Treasurer General and the Finance Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Rex. Carried.

Mrs. Currier moved the adoption of recommendation No. 14 of the Executive Committee: That the Treasurer General be authorized to obtain a loan not to exceed the sum of $60,000.00 to cover necessary operating expenses during the summer months. Seconded by Mrs. Welch. Carried.

The Registrar General, Mrs. Kenneth T. Trewhella, read her report.

Report of Registrar General

I have the honor to submit the following report of the work of this office since my last report:

Number of applications verified, 1,530; Number of supplements verified, 176; Total number of papers verified, 1,706. Papers returned unverified: Originals, 88; Supplements, 139. New records verified, 160. Permits issued for official insignia, 158. Permits issued for miniature insignia, 189. Permits issued for ancestral bars, 195.

Dorothy D. Trewhella, Registrar General.

Mrs. Trewhella moved that the 1,530 applicants whose records have been verified by the Registrar General be elected to membership in the National Society. Seconded by Mrs. Wright. Carried.

Mrs. Kerr moved that 191 former members be reinstated. Seconded by Mrs. Venable. Carried.

Mrs. Kerr gave the following recapitulation of membership: Deceased, 488; Resigned, 330; Reinstated, 191.

The Organizing Secretary General, Mrs. David M. Wright, read her report.

Report of Organizing Secretary General

Your Organizing Secretary General herewith submits the following report from February 1st to April 14th:

Through their respective State Regents the following members at large are presented for confirmation as Organizing Regents: Mrs. Arta Oldham Bradt Flood, Auburn, California; Mrs. Florence E. Loucks Gillings, Downey, California; Mrs. Charlotte Ernest St. Aubyn, Sanger, California; Mrs. Blanche W. Hendrickson, Anna Maria, Florida; Mrs. Elizabeth Goodridge Nestor, Florence, Kentucky; Mrs. Marian Heisey Slough, Greenbelt, Maryland; Mrs. Ruth Marion Western Noble, Forest Hills, New York; Mrs. Octavia Jones Gentry, Kilgore, Texas; Mrs. Charlie Young Ryan, Waco, Texas; Mrs. Nina Taliaferro Sanders, Gloucester, Virginia; Mrs. Emma Hart Warren, South Hill, Virginia; Mrs. Rebecca Cooke Herbert, Virginia Beach, Virginia; Mrs. Sara Hughes Vose, Port Townsend, Washington.

The State Regent of Virginia requests the authorization of a Chapter at Lancaster.

The following Organizing Regencies have expired by time limitation: Mrs. Mae Alverson Vandegrift, Oneonta, Alabama; Mrs. Henrietta Wilder Williams, Yreka, California; Mrs. Frances Wright Stewart, Lincoln, Georgia; Mrs. Gertrude Wood Sherman Francis, Greenbelt, Maryland; Miss Mabel Elsie Reid, Red Wing, Minnesota; Miss Edna Henrietta Gasteyer, Loup City, Nebraska; Mrs. Eva May Wilson Hall, Boulder City, Nevada; Mrs. Mildred Anderson Beasley Stevens, Warsaw, North Carolina.

Through their respective State Regents the following reappointment of Organizing Regents is requested: Mrs. Mae Alverson Vandegrift, Oneonta, Alabama; Mrs. Henrietta Wilder Williams, Yreka, California; Mrs. Frances Wright Stewart, Lincoln, Georgia; Miss Mabel Elsie Reid, Red Wing, Minnesota; Miss Edna Henrietta Gasteyer, Loup City, Nebraska; Mrs. Mildred Anderson Beasley Stevens, Warsaw, North Carolina.

Authorization of the following Chapter has expired by time limitation: Ashland, Wisconsin.

Through the State Regent of Pennsylvania the Delaware County Chapter requests permission to change its location from Media to Chester.

Through the State Regent of New Mexico the Alice Adams Ripley Chapter at Las Cruces requests permission to change its name to Dona Ana.

The following Chapters have met all requirements according to the National By-laws and are now presented for confirmation: Hutchings-Grayson, Compton, California; Oceousas, Oceousas, Louisiana; Toiyabe, Verdi, Nevada; Hickory Tavern, Newton, North Carolina; Halifax Resolves, Scotland Neck, North Carolina.

Edith H. Wright, Organizing Secretary General.
Mrs. Wright moved the confirmation of thirteen Organizing Regents; authorization of one Chapter, the reappointment of six Organizing Regents; the change in location of two Chapters; the change in name of one Chapter; the confirmation of five Chapters. Seconded by Mrs. Trewhella. Carried.

The Historian General Mrs. Hugh L. Russell, read her report.

Report of Historian General

The time since our February Board Meeting has been short but very busy for your Historian General. Wonderful reports have been received from State Historians. Madam President General, it has been almost impossible to record the fine historical activities of the 2680 Chapters on six double spaced typewritten pages. The report that will be given at Congress and in the Proceedings does not tell the whole story, but we hope to have a little added recognition and appreciation of the work accomplished at the Historians meeting, Monday morning, April 16th at 10 o'clock in the Archives Room. Increased activities should take more space, but in the interest of brevity and economy we will learn to read between the lines.

In addition to compiling reports, many letters have been written and messages sent. On February 2nd, it was a pleasure to be a luncheon guest of Mrs. Thomas H. Lee and attend a joint meeting of the Valley Forge Memorial Bell Tower Committee and Vestry at Philadelphia. February 9th was a guest speaker at the 51st anniversary meeting of St. Asaph Chapter. Was a guest at a special Washington Birthday celebration of Fincastle, Bryan Station and Poage Chapters. Attended the meeting of Ashland Chapter Sons of the American Revolution February 22nd, enlisted their interest and that of Senator Ira See, who presented a resolution to special session of Kentucky State Legislature, to rescind the action of the 1950 Legislature favoring World Government. It was passed.

Have attended two C.A.R. meetings; March 14th through 16th, attended Kentucky State Conference and at one session spoke on "Guarding our Freedom." April 4th, was guest speaker at the anniversary meeting of Hart Chapter and participated in the ceremony marking the Old Stone Meeting House, the oldest established Church west of the Alleghenies.

For the many courtesies your Historian General is most appreciative.

Special mention should be made of the gracious hospitality of the District Daughters and Chapters. It was a pleasure to attend the lovely teas and reception given in honor of Mrs. James D. Skinner, Miss Lillian Chenoweth and Mrs. David Wells, also the beautiful reception given by the President General of the Sons of the American Revolution, Mr. Wallace C. Hall and Mrs. Hall, honoring our President General. To Mrs. Patton, we express our thanks for a wonderful evening as guests of the Motion Picture Association of America.

And now, may I call your attention to an important announcement that did not reach the Magazine office in time for the April issue of the D. A. R. MAGAZINE.

You will note that several pages are filled with important advertisements "Where to eat during Continental Congress."

For a hasty breakfast of rolls, donuts, coffee and fruit juices, a quick lunch of sandwiches, pies, cakes, ice cream and coffee—or an in-between "Pause that Refreshes," visit the Canteen in the Banquet Room, third floor of Memorial Continental Hall. With Mrs. George D. Nolan, as chairman, the Daughters of the District are planning this service for our convenience and pleasure. All the proceeds will go for the erection of the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge. Patronize those who support and patronize us.

Hallie Everett Russell, Historian General.

The Librarian General, Mrs. Roland M. James, read her report.

Report of Librarian General

The library is teeming with activity these days before the Congress convenes. Some come for a view of the library, others search for ancestral records and more await their turn for an unoccupied chair and table space. The week of Congress is a most difficult one for research but many of our members stay over for intensive genealogical work.

The generosity of the States, which is shown by the number of books, pamphlets and manuscripts received since the February Board Meeting, indicate active interest on the part of our State and Chapter Librarians.

The yearly report from State Librarians gives us twelve states having 100% in Chapter Librarians. They are Arkansas, District of Columbia, Illinois, Indiana, Maine, Massachusetts, New Jersey, New Mexico, North Carolina, Rhode Island, Vermont and West Virginia. These have been listed in our Honor Roll which is on display in the Library.

The increased cost of binding and constant use of the library has made it necessary to increase the admittance fee for the public to 50¢ a day.

A Librarian Round Table will be held in the south wing of the library Monday at 9 A.M. The accessions to the library through the efforts of State and Chapter Librarians, numbers 137 books, 56 pamphlets and 18 manuscripts.

BOOKS

**ALABAMA**

Following 7 books Peter Forney Chapter:
- History of the Protestant Episcopal Church in Alabama 1763-1891. Walter C. Whitaker. 1898.
- The Recent Past from a Southern Standpoint. Richard H. Wilmer. 1887.
- Baltimore Md. Past and Present. 1871.

From Olde Wiley Chapter:

**ARIZONA**

The Mavericks of Devonshire and the Merricks of Devonshire and Massachusetts. Beatrice F. Cudworth. 1929. From Mrs. Roland M. James, Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

[515]

Arizona, The History of a Frontier State. Rufus K. Wyllies, 1899. From Fin-
castle Chapter.


COLORADO


CONNECTICUT

History of the First Church in Cromwell 1715-1915. 1915. From Connecticut D. A. R.


History of Simsbury, Granby and Canton from 1642 to 1845. Noah A. Phelps. 1845. From Abigail Phelps Chapter.


DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA


Some Marriages of Persons by the Name of Ellis in New England. Josias Hamberger. 1940. From the compiler through Judge Lynn Church.

Old Germantown. Herbert Pullinger. 1926. From Mrs. Marion M. McVicker through Descendants of '76 Chapter.

Following 2 books from American Chapter in memory of Mrs. Clara D. Perry:


From Continental Dames Chapter in memory of Mrs. Estelle Kerney Philibbert.


The following 2 books from Maryland Washington Chapter:


Ernest B. Comstock. 1949.

Life in Old Virginia. James J. McDonald. 1907.


Following 6 books from Miss Mae McMichael:


The Caribou Directory. 1895. From Aroostook Chapter.

Cecil County, a Study in Local History. Alice E. Miller. 1949. From Head of Elk Chapter.


North Carolina D. A. R.


Goodhue County, Past and Present. 1958. From Joseph Edison Chapter.

New Hampshire

Record of Lyles and Catherine Worthington Robinson and Their Descendants. R. A. Robinson. 1895. From Fincastle Chapter.

History of Calloway County. 1931. From Capt. Wendell Oury Chapter.

The Miller's of Millersburg, Ky. Harry M. Hyatt. 1929.

From the author through Kentucky D. A. R.


Missouri Historical Review. Vol. 1, No. 1. 1906. From the State Historical Society of Missouri through Kentucky D. A. R.

Following 2 books from Kentucky D. A. R.:


First History of Caldwell County, C. R. Baker. 1936.

A Kentucky Pioneer. J. L. Spalding. 1929. From Edith Callahan in memory of her father Hon. Patrick Callahan through Fincastle Chapter.


MARYLAND

Cecil County, a Study in Local History. Alice E. Miller. 1949. From Head of Elk Chapter.

MICHIGAN


MINNESOTA

Compendium of History and Biography of Northern Minnesota. 1969. From Mrs. W. R. Bagley through Greysoyon de Lhut Chapter.


Souvenir Program Commemorating the Williamsville, Erie County Sesquicentennial 1806-1956.


NEW JERSEY

George & Ralph Allen, One Line of Their Descendants in N. J. 1910. From New Jersey D. A. R.


NEW YORK

Following 2 books from Mrs. Henry F. Pope:

Sousceny Program Commemorating the Williamsville, Erie County Sesquicentennial 1806-1956.


From Old North State Chapter.


From Capt. Wendell Oury Chapter.
OHIO

OKLAHOMA
The Founding of Stillwater. B. B. Chapman. 1948. From Oklahoma City Chapter.

OREGON

PENNSYLVANIA
Memoirs of John Banister Gibson, T. P. Roberts. 1890. From Independence Hall Chapter.

WASHINGTON

WISCONSIN

OTHER SOURCES
WEST VIRGINIA
The Balloting Book and Other Documents Relating to Military Bounty Lands in the State of New York. 1825. From the author.

WISCONSIN

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
The Baker Genealogy, 1930. From Archibald Lochry Chapter.

ENGLAND

NEW YORK
Abstracts of Wills Rockland County, N. Y. from 1854 to 1860. Gertrude A. Barber. 1950. From the author.

MARYLAND
The Descendants of William Adams McGrath and His Wife Minnie M. McGrath. 1950. From Samuel Chase Chapter through Maryland D. A. R.

NEW JERSEY

RHODE ISLAND

SOUTH CAROLINA
Ninety Six. Landmarks of South Carolina's Last Frontier Region. 1950. From Confederation Chapter. Newberry County Historical and Genealogical. C. L. Summer. 1950. From South Carolina D. A. R.

TENNESSEE

TEXAS

UTAH

VIRGINIA

WASHINGTON

WEST VIRGINIA

OTHER SOURCES


Following 10 books purchased from Hugh Vernon Washington Fund:


PAMEPHETS
ALABAMA
Glimpses of Old Mobile. From Peter Forney Chapter.

CALIFORNIA
Some Descendants of Jonas Halsted. Laura A. D. Shopthaugh. 1951. From the author.

CONNECTICUT

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

INDIANA
The Baker Genealogy. 1930. From Archibald Lochry Chapter.

KENTUCKY

LOUISIANA
Church Family Records 1700-1888. T. T. Church. 1888. From Louisiana, D. A. R.

MAINE

MARYLAND

MASSACHUSETTS
Following 2 pamphlets from Mrs. Harland B. Estabrook through Olde Redding Chapter:
Sketch of Old Weymouth, N. J. Laura Williams-Colwell. 1916.


New Jersey


New York


John Beal of Hingham and One Line of His Descendants. N. B. Shurtleff. 1865. From Massachusetts D. A. R.

General History of the Town of Willington, Conn. 1920. Laura Williams-Colwell. 1916.


Oklahoma

An Index to Coles Family of Virginia by W. M. Coles. Hazel Lloyd. 1949. From Oklahoma D. A. R.

Oregon


Pennsylvania


South Carolina

Folklore of S. C. Including Central and Dutch Fork Sections of the State. G. L. Summer. 1950. From South Carolina D. A. R.

Tennessee


West Virginia


Washing


Other Sources

Descendants of James and Charlotte (Smith) Monell. From Florence D. Wood.

Bible Record of the Fowler-Manning Family. From Dr. Elisha Dick Chapter.

Two pamphlets from Capt. John Lillard Chapter:


Issac Sullivan Book of Memorandum of Births, Marriages & Deaths of Portsville, Dela. From Misses Katherine & Charlotte Ralph.


Revolutionary Record of Balsar Martz of Maryland. From Ralph F. Mattz.

Tombstones in Woods on "Old Ken Moore" Farm Between Laurel and Bethel, Delaware. From A. P. Connelly.

Charlestown

Tombstone Record of Sir Thomas Johnson, Mayor of Liverpool, b. 1670, d. 1725. From Mrs. Edna J. Dowie through Francis Wallis Chapter.

Photostats

Virginia

Tombstone Record of Sir Thomas Johnson, Mayor of Liverpool. s. 1670, d. 1725. From Mrs. Edna J. Dowie through Francis Wallis Chapter.

Scrapbooks

North Carolina

McDowell County, N. C. Founded in 1842. From Greene County.

Microfilms

Kentucky

The Crittendens of Kentucky. Francis Orr. From Kentucky D. A. R.

Miscellaneous

New York

707 Index Cards to Genealogical Section of the D. A. R. Magazine, Vols. 47 & 48. From Onondaga Chapter.

Genealogical Records Committee

Alabama


District of Columbia

Maryland Court Records 1802-60. 1949-50.

Massachusetts

Dedham Historical Register 1890-1903. 1902. Vital Records from Town Reports of Milton, 1905-49.

North Carolina

PAMPHLETS

ALABAMA
Macon County Cemeteries. 1950.
Orphan's Court Minutes, Talladega County 1836-37. 1950.
Butler County Cemetery Records. 1950.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Genealogies of Wickersham, Green and Supplee Families. 1949-50.

KENTUCKY
Will Book D of Hardin County. 1949-50.

TENNESSEE
Will Book 5 of Williamson County 1831-34. 1949.
Marriages of Williamson County. 1949.

PHOTOSTATS

ALABAMA
Will of David Patteson, Rockingham Co., Va. 1846.

MASSACHUSETTS

NORTH CAROLINA
Family Tree of James and Prudence (Roddy) Hall. 1949-50.

PENNSYLVANIA
Bible Record of John L. and Eleanor (Centry) Price. 1949-50.

MAPS

ALABAMA
1840 Map of Alabama.

MICROFILMS

ALABAMA
Roll 1—Oakwood Cemetery, Montgomery, Orphan's Court Minutes of Monroe Co., 1816-21, Jefferson County Circuit Court Records, 1819-22. From Peter Forney Chapter.
Roll 2—Oakwood & Greenwood Cemeteries, Montgomery, Dale County Cemeteries. From Peter Forney Chapter.

Jessamine Bland James, Librarian General.

The Curator General, Mrs. George Andrew Kuhner, read her report.

Report of Curator General

The past few months have been extremely busy ones for the Museum Department. Hundreds of articles which have been on exhibition for over a year in the Provincial end of the Gallery, have been taken to the Museum Study Storage Room (Old Archives Room) on the Lower Floor of Memorial Continental Hall. They have been arranged on shelves, and will remain there, until after Congress, when they will be checked back into the Oklahoma Room.

All guns, swords, powder horns and powder flasks have been taken to the Men's Costume and Accessories Room on the third floor. The Scalamandre "Historic Restorations Exhibition" has been installed in the four alcoves in the eastern end of the Museum.

The dolls, toys, and children's accessories have been checked back into the New Hampshire Room.

The Scalamandre exhibition will be in our Museum for about a month. When the Scalamandre exhibition is removed, the Museum staff will then spend some time in arranging new exhibitions of our own belongings, which will stay on display until after the 1952 Congress.

Several gifts of significance have been added to the collections since I last reported to you. The walking cane of William Bradford, first Governor of Massachusetts, has been presented to the Museum by Mrs. Charles Keene, Regent of the Army and Navy Chapter of Washington, D. C. Governor Bradford, you will remember, came over to America in the Mayflower. His daughter Abigail, married Waite Keene. Charles Keene was a direct descendant of Abigail Bradford. The cane has never been out of the Keene family.

We are happy indeed over receiving a necklace, which belonged to Caroline Scott Harrison, First President General, N.S.D.A.R. It is made of black velvet ribbon, marcasite, and a blue stone of scarab design. A clear teardrop crystal hangs from the base of the blue stone. It is on display with Mrs. Harrison's gown in a case near the Parlor Section of the Museum.

I am very happy to report that the State of Pennsylvania responded to a request in my Summer Letter regarding the restoration of paintings. $175 has been raised and sent in to the Treasurer General's office for the repair of the portrait of Thomas McKean, Signer of the Declaration of Independence. This picture hangs in the Stone Hall near the one of Martha Washington. Work on this picture and frame includes cleaning and varnishing the painting; and restoring, gilding, and toning the frame,—this includes replacing old cracked whitting undercoat for gold leafing.

I am very pleased with the work of the State Museum Chairman, Mrs. Vincent Godshall, and the Pennsylvania Daughters, in connection with the McKean portrait since it was in very poor condition, and hangs in a place where it is constantly on view.

The Curator General is grateful to the Buildings and Grounds Committee, for their fine cooperation with our Department.

Gift List

Alabama—Ten Chapters, $41.
Arizona—Three Chapters, $13.
Arkansas—One Chapter, $1.
California—Twenty-five Chapters, $39.20. State Room fund: California D. A. R. $75 for metal gate and $75 for mirror. California Chapters, $74.
Connecticut—Twenty-one Chapters, $56.

District of Columbia—Army and Navy Chapter: cane, Mrs. Charles Keene. Necklace, Mrs. Aileen Gorgas Wrightson in memory of Mrs. Caroline Scott Harrison, wife of Benjamin Harrison, President of the United States—Mrs. Harrison was the first President General of the N. S. D. A. R. Patch box, Miss Sarah Louise Linthicum. These gifts were presented through Mrs. Eleanor Linthicum Woodruff. Descendants of 1767 book, "Early American Glass" by McKearin, for the Reference Library, Misses Altha T. and Anne B. Coons. Francis Scott Chapter: book, first edition of "Elements of Logic," Mrs. Rosemary Howard honoring the Hillery Family. Book, "A Narrative of the Life of Miss Lucy Cole of Sedgwick, Maine," Mrs. Helen B. Sargent honoring Mrs. C. F. Rudolph. Prince Georges County Chapter: 2 books, "Costumes and Fashions in Old New Eng-

Florida—Twenty-one Chapters, $67.
Georgia—Two Chapters, $3.
Idaho—Two Chapters, $2.
Indiana—Twenty-three Chapters, $32.
Kansas—Nine Chapters, $57.
Kentucky—Museum fund: Two Chapters, $5.
Louisiana—Eight Chapters, $12. State Room fund: Metairie Ridge Chapter, $5.
Maine—Three Chapters, $3.
Massachusetts—Seventeen Chapters, $22.
Michigan—Six Chapters, $17.
Missouri—Thirty-two Chapters, $37.
Montana—Seven Chapters, $9.
Nebraska—Four Chapters, $5.
New Jersey—Twenty Chapters, $117.
New Mexico—One Chapter, $1.
New York—Skenandoah Chapter; pair of gold earrings, Mrs. Blanche Stetson Dunbar.
Pennsylvania—Thirty Chapters, $170, and Mrs. Norton Downs through the State Museum Chairman, $5 for the reconditioning of the McKean portrait.
Rhode Island—Nine Chapters, $11.
South Carolina—Eutaw Chapter: hair night cap, Mrs. A. A. McCorkle. Two Chapters, $6.
Texas—Twenty-three Chapters, $65.50.
Vermont—Ten Chapters, $12.

Wisconsin—Nine Chapters, $15.

Adella R. Kuhner, Curator General.

The Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution, Mrs. Charles Haskell Danforth, read her report.

Report of Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution

The Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution has enjoyed her year, for her work has been easy and pleasant. Mrs. Millard T. Sisler prepared the 1950 Report to the Smithsonian Institution since it concerned the last year of the previous Administration, and I, too, will have to report the work of the last year of this Administration after I go out of office.

In July a letter of instructions was sent to all State Regents and State Historians, and suitable blanks for the recording of data from the graves of Revolutionary soldiers were compiled. In February, "follow-up" cards were sent to all State Regents. A special section to follow that devoted to the record of graves is being compiled. This section will cover the highlights of our work for American Indians. These two records are of national interest and are of importance to our government.

The Reporter General attended the meetings of the Executive Committee, and of the National Board meetings in April and October; and visited Tamassee, Kate Duncan Smith and the Berry Schools. She attended the State Conferences of three States and the annual meeting of the California C.A.R., and has spoken to 24 California Chapters and installed the officers of four Chapters. She attended six meetings concerned with protesting World Government. She has served as an advisor for the California Conservation Committee and has assisted four other organizations with parliamentary information.

She has prepared a paper concerning the relationship of the Daughters of the American Revolution and the Smithsonian Institution. This paper will be published in the Magazine, so will be available for reference.

It is my hope that I may give the State Regents instruction on the preparation of their annual reports so that they will be in uniform style for printing in the Proceedings as requested by the Editor of our Smithsonian Reports.

Florence Garrison Danforth, Reporter General.

Mrs. Will Edwin Gupton, Chairman of the Magazine Committee, presented an informal report in which she stated that the subscriptions to the magazine had increased this year from 14,254 to 17,384. She urged those retiring from the Board this year to continue their interest in the magazine.

The Editor of the D. A. R. Magazine, Miss Gertrude Carraway, read her report.
Report of Magazine Editor

Since our report at the February Board Meeting, the Magazine has continued to prosper, we are happy to report. To all who have assisted, co-operated and encouraged, we express our gratitude and thanks.

For the two months of February and March we have cleared a total net profit of $4,326.72.

Now that the Summer is approaching, with the inevitable lag in subscriptions and advertisements and the heavy cost of reporting our April Board Meeting Minutes, we are bound to lose money. But, I trust that each of you will continue to do all in your power to help boost the Magazine so that these losses will be held to a minimum. We still have enough surplus in our Magazine account in the Treasurer General's office to assure you that we will need no subsidy this year—one of the few years that this has been true in the entire history of our National Society.

There is one matter on which I wish you to take action. At the Board Meeting in February, 1950, you will recall, before I took over the editorship, it was voted by the Board to charge $35 for the publication of State Conference reports in our Magazine, and from $6 to $8 for the making of cuts used with Chapter activities.

I believe that it is wise to charge for these items, because, even though we have been fortunate enough to make a profit so far, our space is limited and printing charges for paper have increased during the past several months, provision for paper increasing costs having been included in our printing contracts.

We have in every instance charged only the minimum of $6 for Chapter cuts. This we can afford to do, because of our cheaper contracts for cuts since last September. There have been no complaints about this charge, and we think it best to continue the straight $6 charge. Otherwise, if Chapter pictures were used free, we would perhaps be submerged with too many cuts, which would take too much space and cost us too much money.

The charge of $35 for State Conference reports also seems to me to be fair. They may run up to 800 words, and that is over a page, so they actually cost us much more than the $35. Most of the large States seem perfectly willing to bear this cost, as our Board voted more than a year ago to do.

In the case of some of the smaller Societies, however, I have had requests for reduced charges. They just don't have that much money. I don't blame them for not wanting to take so much from their State Treasuries. So I wish to ask you to consider today my recommendation that State Conference reports up to 300 words be accepted and printed for $13.25. To start your consideration and discussion, I therefore hope that State Conference reports not exceeding 300 words may be printed for $13.25.

Gertrude S. Carraway, Editor.

Miss Carraway moved that State Conference reports not exceeding 300 words be printed in our D.A.R. Magazine for $13.25. Seconded by Mrs. Gupthon. Carried.

Mrs. Lowell E. Burnelle, Chairman of Approved Schools, read her report.

Report of Approved Schools Committee

I shall make only a brief report today, because I have a long one on Wednesday.

Since the February Board meeting 243 letters have been received and answered by me, 82 of them asked for pertinent information concerning our schools, so we feel that many Daughters are really eager to learn of the work of the committee. I do not think our school chart is complete as to information but in lieu of a better method of cataloguing the schools it must be used for the time being. I hope the charts can be made available to all chairmen. The Magazine articles contain splendid information so please stress a subscription for your school chairman.

Both Tamassee and Kate Duncan Smith have had a good year, but not good enough! Gifts have been small but many, showing that our interests are becoming of vital importance to the Society at large. Almost every State report shows a gain in both money and gifts to our two schools. South Carolina has given Tamassee $2,000 more this year than ever before. The Alabama Daughters have been very generous to Kate Duncan Smith, $500 was added to the Lane Chapel Fund so the chapel is in the not too distant future.

I attended the recent Michigan and Ohio State Conferences and a very enthusiastic meeting of the New York City Regents and School Chairmen. I have spoken at eight other meetings since February.

We hope that we will be judged by the Board not on what we have done but rather on what we have tried to do. Madam President General, I thank you so much for your cooperation and confidence. I sincerely hope that my annual report will meet with your approval.

Helen C. Burnelle, Chairman.

Miss Katharine Matthies, Chairman of the Approved Schools Survey Committee, read her report.

Report of Approved Schools Survey Committee

The Approved Schools Survey Committee met on Friday afternoon, April 13, 1951, to discuss various matters concerning the Approved Schools. The Committee offers the following recommendations to the National Board:

1. The motion of April 15, 1950, National Board Meeting—"That the schools which object to having a member of our Society attend their Board meetings be eliminated from our list of Approved Schools," be indefinitely postponed. (This motion was postponed to the October Board, but not discussed at that time for lack of information.)


Katharine Matthies, Chairman.
Mrs. Danforth moved that the National Board of Management recommend to the Continental Congress that the motion approving the list of approved schools as adopted by the 49th Continental Congress be rescinded. Seconded by Mrs. Fuller. Carried.


Mrs. Currier moved the adoption of recommendation No. 2 of the Executive Committee: That in the ruling adopted by the October 10, 12, 1940, National Board of Management meeting concerning the Finance Committee, the words "The Treasurer General ex officio may attend meetings of this Committee," be deleted and the following be substituted: "The Treasurer General shall be ex officio a member of this Committee." Seconded by Mrs. Friedli. Carried.

Mrs. Stevens moved the adoption of recommendation No. 4 of the Executive Committee for presentation to Continental Congress: The appropriation of $4,000 for the work of the National Defense Committee. Seconded by Miss Lloyd. Carried.

Mrs. Jacobs moved the adoption of recommendation No. 5 of the Executive Committee for presentation to Continental Congress: That the sum of $1,709 be appropriated for the work of the Press Relations Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Wright. Carried.

Mrs. Pharr moved the adoption of recommendation No. 3 of the Executive Committee for presentation to Continental Congress: The appropriation of $1,000 for the work of the Junior American Citizens Committee. Seconded by Mrs. McClung. Carried.

Mrs. Fuller moved that recommendation No. 8 of the Executive Committee be adopted for presentation to Continental Congress: The appropriation of $20,000 for the work of the Manual Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Tinsley. Carried.

Miss Lloyd moved the adoption of recommendation No. 6 of the Executive Committee: That a charge of fifteen cents apiece be made for all Manuals used in the schools, unless used for Naturalization Classes. Seconded by Mrs. Welch. Carried.

A resolution was read from the Minnesota State Conference in which the State Society requested permission to effect a change in the recipient of the Bond that is awarded in the D.A.R. Good Citizenship Pilgrimage. Mrs. Bowker moved that the National Board of Management commend the fine work which the Minnesota Society D.A.R. does in the State. In regard to changing the recipient of the bond which the National Society D.A.R. presents to the Good Citizenship Pilgrim, the National Board of Management does not approve of any change being made. Seconded by Mrs. Hyslop. Carried.

Mrs. Fuller moved the adoption of recommendation No. 12 of the Executive Committee: The approval of an official pin for State Organizing Secretaries, when such officers are regularly elected State Officers. Seconded by Mrs. Elliott. Carried.

Mrs. Trau moved the adoption of recommendation No. 13 of the Executive Committee: The authorization of a pin for pages who have served at Continental Congress. Seconded by Mrs. Brateron. Carried.

Miss Carraway moved that the President General appoint a committee to investigate the feasibility of obtaining special profits from the sale of these pages' pins. Seconded by Mrs. Browne. Carried.

Recess was taken at 12:40 p.m.

The afternoon meeting convened at 2:10 p.m., the President General, Mrs. Patton, presiding.

Mr. Maynard, the manager of Constitution Hall, appeared before the National Board of Management and made an informal statement. Mrs. Musgrave moved that the National Board of Management grant the request of the National Symphony Orchestra and Hayes Concert Bureau for the appearance of artists in the series as presented by Mr. Maynard. Seconded by Mrs. Danforth. Carried.

Mrs. Kuhner moved the adoption of recommendation No. 9 of the Executive Committee for presentation to Continental Congress: That that part of the Ellis Island Committee formerly designated as Angel Island be continued, and be renamed and placed under Americanism as a sub-committee. Seconded by Mrs. Friedli. Carried.

Mrs. Jacobs moved the adoption of recommendation No. 10 of the Executive Committee for presentation to Continental Congress: That $35 per month be contributed to the San Francisco Immigration work by the National Society for an indefinite period, and that this sum be taken from the current Ellis Island Fund for the first year. Seconded by Mrs. Friedli. Carried.

Mrs. Richards moved the adoption of recommendation No. 11 of the Executive Committee for presentation to Continental Congress: That due to the deficit in the Current Funds the Ellis Island balance, after expenses are paid, be loaned to the National Society for one year. Seconded by Mrs. Miller. Carried.

Mrs. Bowker moved the adoption of this recommendation of the Executive Committee for presentation to Continental Congress: That $25,000 be transferred from the Current Fund to the Pension and Retirement Fund. Seconded by Mrs. Jacobs. Carried.

Mrs. Richards moved that the National Board of Management recommend to Continental Congress the adoption of the following motion: (1) That the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution desires to have the insurance system established by Title II of the Social Security Act extended to service per-
formed by its employees, and the proper officers of the Society are hereby authorized to take such steps as may be appropriate to accomplish that end;

(2) That the Pension and Retirement Plan for Employees of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, adopted at the Fiftieth Continental Congress and revised at the Fifty-seventh Continental Congress, be replaced with an Insured Pension Plan with benefits in an amount which (when added to the benefits under the Social Security Act) will be generally comparable to those provided under the existing Pension and Retirement Plan;

(3) That the Executive Committee is hereby authorized to (a) prescribe the terms of such Insured Pension Plan including, but not by way of limitation, the basis of eligibility, the amounts of benefits and the amounts of employee contributions thereunder, and any special provisions that may be appropriate for the equitable adjustment of the interest of particular employees under the existing Pension and Retirement Plan, (b) appoint the Trustees under such Insured Pension Plan and (c) set the date as of which such Insured Pension Plan shall become effective and as of which the existing Pension and Retirement Plan shall be terminated;

(4) That the funds in the Pension and Retirement Fund be transferred to the Trustees of the Insured Pension Plan at such time as the Executive Committee shall direct; and

(5) That the Executive Committee and the proper officers of the Society are hereby authorized to take any action incident or appropriate to the carrying out of the program embodied in this motion. Seconded by Mrs. Morrow. Carried.

Mrs. Fuller moved the adoption of recommendation No. 15 of the Executive Committee: That the National Board of Management commend the Lowndes County Plan of Mississippi, but that the plan not be approved as a National Society project. Seconded by Mrs. Cory. Carried.

The Registrar General, Mrs. Trewella, read her supplemental report.

Supplemental Report of Registrar General

Number of applications verified, 118. Total number of verified papers reported to Board Meeting today: Originals, 1,648; Supp ementals, 176. Total, 1,824.

Dorothy D. Trewella, Registrar General.

Mrs. Trewella moved that the 118 additional applicants whose records have been verified by the Registrar General be elected to membership in the National Society, making a total of 1,648 admitted on this day. Seconded by Mrs. Wright. Carried.

Mrs. Kerr moved that 6 former members be reinstated. Seconded by Mrs. Barker. Carried.

Mrs. Trewhella, Registrar General.

Supplemental Report of Organizing Secretary General

Your Organizing Secretary General herewith submits the following supplemental report:

The following Chapter has met all requirements according to the National By-laws and is now presented for confirmation: Spicer-Wallace, Winnfield, Louisiana.

Edith H. Wright, Organizing Secretary General.

Mrs. Wright moved the confirmation of one chapter. Seconded by Mrs. Trewhella. Carried.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Currier, read the minutes, which were approved as read.

Adjournment was taken at 4:00 p.m.

Emily L. Currier, Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

What Is National Defense?

(Continued from page 458)

to halt the spread of Communism. He is the scientist working on atomic bombs which he hopes we will never have to use. He is the warrior who came out of retirement to serve as Secretary of Defense. He is General Ike saying, "I am a soldier, I will go where I am sent."

Uncle Sam is also Clara Barton and Molly Pitcher. He is the school teachers, doing their bit, at a thankless job, to help keep America free. He is the lonely wives, mothers, and sweethearts waiting quietly at home, wondering what it is all about.

Uncle Sam is you and me, and a hundred and fifty million more Americans who are willing to spill blood, sweat and tears of their own, in any emergency, to defend American freedom.

Tribute to MacArthurs

(Continued from page 447)

proximately $7000 (this includes the General MacArthur Fund).

Please keep your own account of the progress of the fund as we report it to you from time to time thus:

$150,000.00—Needed
35,280.95—Contributed 1950-1951
$114,719.05—Balance

March-April (this figure to be given you when accurate amount is received from Treasurer General's office)

We will make every effort to keep you informed. We welcome your questions for information. Success to you.
THE regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. James B. Patton, in the Board Room, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C., at 9:30 A.M., on Saturday, April 21, 1951.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Leland H. Barker, offered prayer.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America was given.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Warren Shattuck Currier, called the roll, the following members being recorded as present: National Officers: Mrs. Patton, Mrs. Rex, Mrs. Barker, Mrs. Currier, Mrs. Schermerhorn, Mrs. Wright, Mrs. Kerr, Mrs. Trewhella, Mrs. Russell, Mrs. James, Mrs. Kuhner, Mrs. Danforth, Miss Carraway, Mrs. Barrow, Mrs. Richards, Mrs. Jacobs, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Burns, Miss Gupton, Mrs. Repass, Dr. Jones, Mrs. Goodfellow, Mrs. Brewer, Mrs. Browne, Mrs. Anderson, Miss Goodwin, Mrs. Pharr, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Yarbrough, Mrs. Ainsworth, Mrs. Heywood, Mrs. Smith. State Regents: Mrs. Fallaw, Mrs. Bethea, Mrs. Frazier, Mrs. Fuller, Mrs. Braerion, Mrs. Welch, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Skinner, Mrs. Odom, Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Curtiss, Mrs. Cory, Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. von der Heiden, Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Parker, Mrs. Beeaker, Mrs. Musgrave, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Pomero, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Groves, Mrs. Morrow, Mrs. Venable, Mrs. Austin, Mrs. Greenlaw, Mrs. Cook, Miss Horne, Mrs. Stevens, Mrs. Ray, Mrs. Hyslop, Mrs. Lee, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. Wise, Mrs. Tinsley, Mrs. Gupton, Mrs. Trew, Mrs. Southgate, Mrs. Duncan, Mrs. Walker, Mrs. McClung, Mrs. Hale, Mrs. Alderson. State Vice Regent: Mrs. Paralee Parrish, Austin, Texas. Chapter Regent: Mrs. Gonzalez, Puerto Rico.

Mrs. Kerr moved that 14 former members be reinstated. Seconded by Mrs. Barker. Carried.

Mrs. Kerr presented the following recapitulation of membership: Deceased, 75; Resigned, 46; Reinstated, 14.

Mrs. Kerr moved that the 245 applicants whose records have been verified by the Registrar General be elected to membership in the National Society. Seconded by Mrs. Wright. Carried.

The Organizing Secretary General, Mrs. Wright, read her report.

Report of Organizing Secretary General

Your Organizing Secretary General herewith submits the following report from April 14th to April 21st:

Through her respective State Regent the following member at large is presented for confirmation as Organizing Regent: Mrs. Paralee Parrish, Austin, Texas.

Through the State Regent of South Carolina Fort Sullivan Chapter requests permission to change its location from Mount Pleasant to Charleston.

The Sarah Anderson Tuggle Chapter at Denton, Texas, was automatically disbanded April 15th for having been below in membership for one year.

Edith H. Wright, Organizing Secretary General.

Mrs. Wright moved the confirmation of one Organizing Regent; the change in location of one Chapter; the disbandment of one Chapter. Seconded by Mrs. Trewhella. Carried.

The Librarian General, Mrs. Roland M. James, read her report.

Report of Librarian General

The attendance in the library during this week of Congress has surpassed any year in the history of the library. Many members are interested in supplemental lines and always seeking information for that Colonial ancestor which is so elusive.

During the week 23 books, 8 pamphlets and 2 manuscripts were received and will be listed in the next report.

Jessamine Bland James, Librarian General.

The Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution, Mrs. Charles H. Danforth, read her report.

Report of Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution

The Reporter General contacted the Editor of the Smithsonian Institution twice during the week, and can report that the 1950 Report of the Daughters of the American Revolution is now complete, except for the index.

Florence G. Danforth, Reporter General.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Currier, read the minutes of the Friday morning session of the 60th Continental Congress, which were approved as read.

Mrs. Stevens moved that the manuscript "Guide to the American Revolution," offered with maps and pictures, to the library of the N.S.D.A.R. by
the author, A. L. Truax of Crosby, North Dakota, be accepted. Seconded by Mrs. Wise. Carried.

Mrs. Miller moved that the usual amounts be given to the policemen and firemen for their favorite charities, and the service bands, for their services at the 60th Continental Congress. Seconded by Mrs. Venable. Carried.

Mrs. Benjamin R. Williams, Chairman of the Memorial Bell Tower Committee, made an informal report and stated that the figures on the pledging at Congress would be announced later. It was stressed that there were 29,000 boxes of cards and some 2,300 Cook Books on hand which the Society had paid for, and should be sold as rapidly as possible.

The Chairman of the Magazine, Mrs. Will Ed Gupton, gave an informal report and presented as a challenge to the Board: Double the subscriptions to the magazine this year. The Board discussed at length the advertising policy of the magazine and ways by which to increase the advertising.

The Editor of the Magazine, Miss Gertrude S. Carraway, spoke of the value of the Magazine to members and urged each Board member to help get more subscriptions and ads. She approved the National Chairman’s plan to have various States accept certain months for concentrated advertisements from their respective States, similar to the Georgia ads in the March issue. Miss Carraway emphasized the need and importance of keeping posted on D.A.R. work and national trends through the pages of the Magazine.

The following tentative schedule of future meetings was set:

Executive Committee meeting June 7th; Special Board meeting June 7th.
Executive Committee meeting October 22nd; Chairmen’s and State Regents’ meetings October 23rd; National Board of Management October 24.
Executive Committee meeting December 5th; Special Board meeting December 5th.
Executive Committee meeting January 30th; State Regents’ meeting January 31st; National Board of Management, February 1st.

Mrs. Jacobs moved that the D.A.R. Congress shall meet the week of April 21st, 1952, instead of the week of April 19th, provided adequate arrangements can be made with the hotels. Seconded by Mrs. Fuller. Carried.

Mrs. Barrow moved that appointment be made of seven members of the National Board, including a Chairman, to complete a committee of fifteen members for a Financial Survey Committee which will also include the members of the Finance Committee and the Treasurer General. Seconded by Mrs. Burns. Carried.

Mrs. Hyslop moved that the State Regents send informal written invitations to the individuals whom they wish to attend their State Conferences. Seconded by Mrs. Cory. Carried.

Miss Horne, Chairman of a special subcommittee authorized by the April 14th meeting of the National Board of Management to investigate with J. E. Caldwell & Company the making of pins and a royalty thereon, reported that a Page’s pin could be made to include a 25-cent royalty to the National Society and sell for $3.75; that a Congressional service pin could be made to include a 25-cent royalty and sell for $3.

Miss Horne, as chairman of the Subcommittee on Insignia, moved that the report of the committee be accepted. Seconded by Mrs. Gupton. Carried.

Mrs. Browne moved that the National Board of Management authorize the making for sale by Caldwell a D.A.R. Congressional service pin to be purchased and used by any member who has served on a Congressional committee. Seconded by Mrs. Southgate. Carried.

Mrs. Skinner moved that the clerks be dismissed at one o’clock Saturday, April 21, 1951. Seconded by Mrs. Goodfellow. Carried.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Currier, read the minutes, which were approved as read.

Adjournment was taken at 12:30 p.m.

Emily L. Currier,
Recording Secretary General,
N. S. D. A. R.

1952 CONTINENTAL CONGRESS

The 1952 Continental Congress will be held April 13-18, with the regular Board Meetings scheduled for April 12 and 19. Members of the National Board of Management voted to postpone the next Congress for a week, if arrangements could be made with Washington hotels. Due to the fact that April 13 is Easter Sunday, Mrs. James B. Patton, President General, found that larger hotels are booked to capacity with other conventions during the later week and had reserved the regular time of the week of April 19 for the D. A. R. Continental Congress.

CONFERENCE REPORTS

By vote of the National Board April 14, upon recommendation of the Magazine Editor, at the request of several smaller States, the reports of State Conferences no longer than 300 words will be printed in the D. A. R. Magazine for $13.25. The cost for printing longer State Conference reports, limited to 800 words, will still remain at $35. There is no charge for printing Chapter reports, but they must be no longer than 300 words. The charge for cuts with State and Chapter reports will continue to be $6, as voted by the National Board more than a year ago.
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

(Organized—October 11, 1890)

MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL, 1776 D Street, N.W., Washington 6, D.C.

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT—1951-52

President General
Mrs. James B. Patton, Administration Building, 1776 D Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

1st Vice President General
Mrs. Loren Edgar Rex
1776 D Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Chaplain General
Mrs. Leland Hartley Barker, 841 S. 3rd St., Wisconsin Rapids, Wis.

Recording Secretary General
Mrs. Warren Shattuck Currier
64 Marlborough St., Newburyport, Mass.

Corresponding Secretary General
Mrs. George D. Schermerhorn
1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Organizing Secretary General
Mrs. David M. Wright
1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Treasurer General
Mrs. John M. Kerr
1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Registrar General
Mrs. Kenneth T. Trewhella
102 Connecticut Blvd., East Hartford, Conn.

Historian General
Mrs. Hugh L. Russell
1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Librarian General
Mrs. Roland M. James
1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Curator General
Mrs. George Andrew Kuhner
30 West 12th Ave., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Reporter General to Smithsonian Institution
Mrs. Charles Haskell Danforth, 607 Cabrillo Ave., Stanford University, Calif.

Vice Presidents General
(Term of office expires 1952)

Miss Gertrude Sprague Carraway
New Bern, N. C.

Mrs. Edward R. Barrow
3402 Overbrook Lane, Houston, Texas

Mrs. J. DeForest Richards
466 Deming Place, Chicago, Illinois

Miss Mabel Cooper Gupton, 1007 13th Ave., S., Nampa, Idaho

Mrs. Henry Grady Jacobs
Scottsboro, Alabama

Mrs. Chester F. Miller
1237 Owen St., Saginaw, Michigan

Mrs. Furel R. Burns
608 Bond St., North Manchester, Ind.

MRS. DAVID W. ANDERSON, 523 Beacon St., Manchester, N. H.

Miss Margaret Helen Goodwin
745 Church St., Beloit, Wis.

Mrs. John N. Pharr
New Iberia, La.

Mrs. H. B. Kirkpatrick
4405 Schenley Farms Terrace, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mrs. Harry J. Smith, 1210 Ann St., Parkersburg, W. Va.

MRS. EVERETT L. REPASS, Box 92, Salem, Va.

Mrs. Joseph E. Gelder
1228 Arlington Ave., Reno, Nevada

Dr. Winona Stevens Jones
448 W. 3rd St., Lexington, Ky.

Mrs. Raymond C. Goodfellow
115 S. Kingman Road, South Orange, N. J.

Mrs. Edward C. Brewer
W. 2nd St., Clarksdale, Mississippi

Mrs. Virgil Brown
1-7 West 3rd St., Oklahoma City, Okla.

MRS. JOHN N. PHARR, 1776 D Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Mrs. William Louis Ainsworth
Green Haven, Route 2, Derby, Kansas

Mrs. Roy Edwin Heywood
201 Prospect St., Portland, Maine

Miss Margaret Helen Goodwin
745 Church St., Beloit, Wis.

Mrs. John N. Pharr
New Iberia, La.

Mrs. H. B. Kirkpatrick
4405 Schenley Farms Terrace, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mrs. Harry J. Smith, 1210 Ann St., Parkersburg, W. Va.

[ 525 ]
National Board of Management—Continued

State Regents and State Vice Regents for 1951–52

ALABAMA
State Vice Regent—Mrs. M. M. BROWN, 424 E. Court Ave., Montgomery.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. L. L. HOLLANDER, 507 21st St., Mobile.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. L. G. BOWERS, 1023 7th Ave., Birmingham.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. S. P. MURPHY, 312 20th Ave., Mobile.
State Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. W. P. TAYSTED, 101 2nd St., Montgomery.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. E. B. WARD, 401 2nd St., Montgomery.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. L. M. SMITH, 201 2nd St., Montgomery.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. R. SIMS, 205 2nd St., Montgomery.
State Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

KENTUCKY
State Regent—Mrs. B. A. COOK, 101 N. Main St., Lexington.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

LOUISIANA
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

MAINE
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

MARYLAND
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

MASSACHUSETTS
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

MICHIGAN
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

MISOURI
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

MONTANA
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEBRASKA
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEVADA
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEVADA
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW JERSEY
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW MEXICO
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW YORK
State Regent—Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW JERSEY
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW MEXICO
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW YORK
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW JERSEY
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW MEXICO
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW YORK
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW JERSEY
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW MEXICO
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW YORK
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW JERSEY
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW MEXICO
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW YORK
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW JERSEY
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW MEXICO
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW YORK
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.

NEW JERSEY
State Regent— Mrs. E. C. PARKER, 620 St. Charles Ave., New Orleans.
State Vice Regent— Mrs. J. M. BROWNING, 42 Northlake, Tallahassee.
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

NORTH DAKOTA
State Regent—Mrs. Orrin A. Stevens, 1110 10th St., No., Fargo.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Carl Leh, 320 11th St., Bismarck.

OHIO
State Regent—Mrs. Earl Blaine Fassett, 534 W. Cherry St., Galion.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Ralph O. Whitaker, 199 N. Main St., Lima.

OKLAHOMA
State Regent—Mrs. J. Robert Ray, 1304 Dewey Ave., Bartlesville.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Charles A. Parkin, 1440 S. Newport St., Tulsa.

OREGON
State Regent—Mrs. George Robert Hyslop, 544 N. 7th St., Corvallis.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. William Dawson Foster, 1218 Crescent St., Klamath Falls.

Pennsylvania
State Regent—Mrs. Thomas Henry Lee, 1 Lothian Place, Philadelphia 36.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Henry Patterson, 609 North St., Wilkinsburg.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
State Regent—Mrs. Abraham R. Carlson, 4211 Madison Ave., San Diego, Calif.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Charles J. Painter, Apt. 929, Cairo Hotel, Washington, D. C.

Rhode Island
State Regent—Mrs. Harold C. Johnson, 35 Friendly Road, Cranston 12.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Frank R. Buhlong, 63 Albert Ave., Edgewood 3.

South Carolina
State Regent—Mrs. Robert King Wise, 1624 Heyward St., Columbia.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. James T. Owen, Elloree.

South Dakota
State Regent—Mrs. Lawrence Timmer, Box 501, Custer.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Lucile E. Eldredge, 1511 Douglas Ave., Yankton.

TENNESSEE
State Regent—Mrs. Will Edwin Gupton, 4501 Franklin Road, Nashville.

Texas
State Regent—Mrs. Frank Garland Traub, 710 W. Washington Ave., Sherman.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Loretta Grim Thomas, 3302 S. Mcgregor, Houston.

Utah
State Regent—Mrs. J. W. Woolley, Jr., 306 Douglas St., Salt Lake City.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Ollie D. Cortner, 2378 Venter Ave., Ogden.

Vermont
State Regent—Mrs. Richard C. Souccar, 67 Maple St., Burlington.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Clarence D. Simonds, 203 Maple St., Burlington.

Virginia
State Regent—Mrs. Robert V. H. Duncan, 218 S. Fairfax St., Alexandria.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. C. Bernard Bailey, 656 Evergreen Ave., Charlottesville.

Washington
State Regent—Mrs. James Creas Walker, Jr., Box 797, Seaview.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. William Reynolds, 5238 22nd Ave., N. E., Seattle.

West Virginia
State Regent—Mrs. Alexander Keith McClung, Sr., Harford.

Wisconsin
State Regent—Mrs. Earl Melvin Hale, 124 Park Place, Eau Claire.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Frank Leslie Harris, 1720 College Ave., Racine.

Wyoming
State Regent—Mrs. Irving Eugene Clarke, 912 S. Waco1t St., Casper.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Anthony M. Rine, 109 W. Pershing Blvd., Cheyenne.

China
State Regent—Mrs. Hollis A. Wilbur, 385 Elizabeth St., Pasadena 6, Calif.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Albert M. Dunlap, 1964 S. Long Sen Lu, Shanghai.

Cuba
State Regent—Mrs. Herbert William Tufts, Apartado #24, Guanajay.

England
State Vice Regent—France

State Vice Regent—Mrs. Russell I. Hark, Kent Oaks Farm, Millington, Md.

Canal Zone
Mrs. Marinner B. Huff, Box C, Balboa Heights (Chapter Regent).

Puerto Rico
Mrs. Rafael Gonzalez, R. R. #1, Box 1, Isla Verde Road, San Juan. (Chapter Regent.)

Italy
Mrs. Katherine Tuckett, Via Tero 39, Rome, Italy. (Chapter Vice Regent.)

Honorary Officers Elected for Life

Honorary Presidents General

Mrs. Grace L. H. Brooks, 9 Martin Dale, Greenwich, Conn.
Mrs. Lowell Fletcher Hobart, 2912 Vernon Place, Cincinnati, Ohio.
Mrs. Julius Young Talmage, 1295 Prince Ave., Athens, Ga.

Mrs. Russell William Mclaughlin, 176 Madison Ave., Holyoke, Mass.
Mrs. William A. Beamer, 633 Boulevard, Westfield, N. J.
Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Bryan, 912 Main St., Brookville, Ind.

Mrs. William Butternworth, 1923
Mrs. William A. Beamer, 1041 W. Peachtree St., N. E., Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. Henry M. Robert, Jr., 1 E. 66th St., New York 21, N. Y.

Mrs. Henry M. Robert, Jr., 53 Southgate Ave., Arnprior, Md.
Mrs. William H. Pouch, 1 E. 66th St., New York 21, N. Y.

Mrs. William H. Pouch, 2317 Scottwood Ave., Toledo, Ohio.

Honorary Vice Presidents General

Mrs. Frank M. Duk, 1941
"Dunmoy", Cambridge, Md.
Mrs. Thomas J. McCrady, 1942
Pickens, South Carolina.
Mrs. Robert J. Johnston, 1943
Humboldt, Iowa.

Mrs. Kent Hamilton, 1944
2317 Scottwood Ave., Toledo, Ohio.

Mrs. Katherine White Kittredge, 1947
"Whiteacres", Springfield, Vt.

Mrs. Howard H. McCullough, 1948
1313 Clawson St., Denver, Colo.

Mrs. Howard H. McCullough, 1948
12 September St., N.E., Atlanta, Ga.
National Chairmen of National Committees

American Indians ................................................. Mrs. Earl Foster, 825 N. W. 41st St., Oklahoma City 3, Okla.
Americanism ...................................................... Mrs. J. F. Maddox, Box EE, Hobbs, N. Mex.
Approved Schools ................................................ Mrs. Lowell B. Berlew, Glouster, Ohio
Subcommittee
American Red Cross ............................................ Mrs. Frank Grig, Arkadelphia, Ark.
Correct Use of the Flag ........................................ Mrs. Harett J. Smith, 1210 Ann St., Parkensburg, W. Va.
Credentals ......................................................... Mrs. William H. Edlin, 821 W. Broad St., Bethlehem, Pa.
D. A. R. Good Citizenship Pilgrimage ..................... Mrs. Margaret Goodwin, 745 Church St., Beloits, Wise.
Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine .......... Miss Will Ed Gupton (Franklin Rd., Nashville, Tenn.), 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
D. A. R. Student Loan Fund .................................... Mrs. Calvin Ross, RFD #2, Tracy, Minn.
Genealogical Records ............................................ Mrs. Walter Scott Walker, 520 4th Ave., Laurel, Miss.
Girl Home Makers ................................................ Mrs. Byron K. Worrell, 1925 E St., Lincoln 8, Neb.
Insignia ................................................................ Mrs. Edwin A. Moses, Randolph, Vt.
Junior American Citizens ...................................... Mrs. John N. Pharr, New Iberia, La.
Junior Membership ............................................... Mrs. Sherman B. Watson, 2107 Greenwood Dr., S. E., Cedar Rapids, Iowa
Membership ......................................................... Mrs. James F. Byers, 445 20th Ave., N. E., St. Petersburg, Fla.
Motion Picture ...................................................... Mrs. William P. Settlemyer, 25 Prospect Pl., Tudor City, New York 17, N. Y.
National Defense .................................................. Mrs. Bruce D. Reynolds (1702 Burnley Ave., Charlottesville, Va.), 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
Press Relations ..................................................... Mrs. Thomas Buschert (2629 Heckworth St., Ashland, Ky.), 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
Program ............................................................. Mrs. Leno Y. Hussey (20 Bangor St., Augusta, Me.), 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
Subcommittee
Advancement of American Music ........................... Miss Jeannette J. Denley, 5732 Yamhill St., S. E., Portland 15, Ore.
Radio and Television ............................................ Mrs. Henry Grady Jacobs, Scottsboro, Ala.
Resolutions ......................................................... Mrs. T. B. Throckmorton, 919 45th St., Des Moines, Iowa
Transportation ..................................................... Mrs. Samuel C. Skellett, 524 4th Ave., Lewiston, Idaho

Administrative Committees

Executive ............................................................ Mrs. James B. Patton, 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
Finance ............................................................. Mrs. E. Earnest Woolley (Washington Apts., Baltimore, Md.), 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
Auditing ............................................................. Mrs. Lillian H. Barks (643 3rd St., Wisconsin Rapids, Wise.), 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
Printing ............................................................. Miss Lillian Chenoweth (1350 Meridian Pl., N. W., Washington, D. C.), 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
Buildings and Grounds ........................................... Mrs. Charles Carroll Hare (3905 Ingomar St., N. W., Washington 15, D. C.), 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
Art Critics ........................................................... Dr. Macell James, National Gallery of Art, Washington 25, D. C.
Advisory Committee ............................................. Mrs. C. F. Jacobsen, National Metropolitan Bank, Washington, D. C.
Parliamentarian ................................................... Mrs. Hampton Fleming, 1622 Grove Ave., Richmond 20, Va.

Chairmen of Special Committees

Approved Schools Survey Committee ...................... Miss Katharine Matthias, 59 West St., Seymour, Conn.
Building Completion ........................................... Mrs. Donald Bennett Adams, 1776 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
Erection of Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge .......... Mrs. Benjamin Ramsey Williams, 423 N. McKeen St., Butler, Pa.
Revision of By-Laws ............................................. Mrs. O. C. S. Muncaty, 515 Washington Blvd., Laurel, Md.
Units Overseas .................................................... Mrs. Raymond C. Goodfellow, 115 S. Kline Road, South Orange, N. J.
Banquet ............................................................. Mrs. E. Earnest Woolley (Washington Apts., Baltimore, Md.), 1776 D St., Washington 6, D. C.
Cordial Greetings from ST. MARY’S HIGH SCHOOL FOR INDIAN GIRLS

Picturesquely situated on a high bank of the Missouri River, a unique old chalkstone building provides a home and classrooms for the girls of St. Mary’s—the only accredited high school for Indian girls in the world.

For more than two generations Indian girls have been taught in this institution what we call “the American way of life.” Such instruction would seem to be their birth-right since they are descendants of our first Americans, yet through all these years St. Mary’s alone has been meeting its Christian obligation and furnishing the only religious, cultural influences in a vast area, populated by this downtrodden race long believed to be a “vanishing race,” yet late statistics prove it to be the most prolific race of earth.

In pioneer days the school was supported by missionary funds—meager funds, extended by the faith and devotion of its leaders. Twice the buildings have burned and location changed, yet it is the same organization surviving the economic depression which seriously curtailed its allowance from the Episcopal Church and series of droughts without closing its doors one year.

The faculty compares favorably with that of similar institutions, proudly lists women who hold degrees from some of the leading colleges and universities—missionary-minded women, enthusiastic over their work.

The course of study is the embodiment of the motto: “Church, Home and Country.” Every day begins with chapel service. Besides the prescribed academic subjects, classes offer vocational guidance, typing, shorthand, music and an extensive course in home economics, including the care of two babies in a modern cottage, which not only prepares the girls to be better wives and mothers but also equips all who wish to earn their living as domestics.

Homemaking is presented as a woman’s most worthy ambition. Girls make their own clothes and learn to remodel clothing contributed. They do all work. Working in shifts, during vacations, they clean, grow flowers, keep lawn, plant and cultivate the garden with their tractor, and can fruits and vegetables for winter.

The graduates of St. Mary’s are the best proof of its value; many who have gone to other colleges or professional institutions have become outstanding. Those who marry or return to their homes become community leaders, taking back to their people the Christian standard, the ideal of the American home, and the earnest patriotism they learned at St. Mary’s. Best of all, they teach these things to their children. The good influence is evident in the third generation of proud American citizens.

It is a temptation to digress and mention many heroic deeds of South Dakota Indian Braves, who were among the first to enlist when the country called for volunteers for World War II. Their stories would fill volumes.

Many St. Mary’s daughters and grand-daughters were among the first to become war nurses. The superintendent of the nursing home where they were trained spoke in highest praise of them, saying: “They are absolutely reliable. Never having been used to anything they are resourceful beyond comparison. Untiring workers and faithful to the Nth degree.”

St. Mary’s graduates attest to the purpose for which it was established by creditably filling their places in the world. Everywhere in local Indian communities the home front has been led by women of St. Mary’s traditions. “By their fruits ye shall know them.”

Only one constricting factor limits St. Mary’s influence: Finances. Located in a vastly Indian-populated country, with sufficient funds to enlarge its capacity, it would welcome girls on the hopelessly long waiting list and extend its cultural and religious opportunities to those of bordering states. The usefulness of St. Mary’s cannot be increased without increasing its capacity. A classroom building is the most trying need. Saint Mary’s should be helped for its own sake and must be for its country’s, furnishing the type of mothers for the development of the right kind of citizens for future generations.

[ 529 ]
Parliamentary Procedure

(Continued from page 469)

QUESTION. If a vacancy occurs in the office of the First Vice Regent and the Second Vice Regent does not care to move up to the First Vice Regency, is the Recording Secretary the person who should automatically take over the office of First Vice Regent?

ANSWER. No. There is no law for this. If your Chapter desires to elect the Recording Secretary to this office, all right, then the Chapter will have to fill the vacancy in the office of the Recording Secretary.

QUESTION. If a motion to adopt an amendment to the By-Laws is pending, is it in order for somebody to make a motion “not to adopt that amendment”?

ANSWER. No. The negative vote, should it be a majority, would take care of the situation. Now if you do not like the motion to adopt the amendment, use all of your powers of debate and swing the assembly against it so that when it is put to the vote it will be lost.

QUESTION. What is the fee for reinstatement of a member who resigned from the Chapter when in good standing?

ANSWER. There is no fee for the reinstatement of a member who was in good standing when she resigned. Delinquent members have to pay a fee of $5.00 for reinstatement as well as the dues they owed when dropped from membership.

QUESTION. In our Chapter we have quite a few past Regents. They feel they may attend our Chapter Board meetings, make motions and vote; is this correct?

ANSWER. No. Past Regents do not become members of the Chapter Board by virtue of having once been a Regent of the Chapter. They do not have the privilege of attending any more than other past officers. Nothing is quite so difficult for a new Regent as having a lot of “has beens” on her Board. Your Parliamentarian feels that every Regent should put the very best she can into the work of the Chapter while in office, but when her term is over then be hands off. Rest assured a new Regent will gladly consult a past Regent if she needs advice, and when she does give her all the help you can.

State Activities

(Continued from page 476)

Virginia Chapters for the next Conference to be held in Alexandria, which was accepted. At the banquet honoring Chapter Regents, each Regent gave the reason for her Chapter's name.

Regents' Evening was held in the “Roof Garden.” The procession march, “State Regent's March” by Linda Betts Frazier, was dedicated to the State Regent. Vocal solos and piano selections were followed by two-minute reports of 55 Chapter Regents.

Guests were: Mrs. John Morrison Kerr, Treasurer General; Miss Gertrude Carrway, Vice President General; Mrs. William H. Pouch, Honorary President General; Mrs. Geoffrey Creyke, National Chairman of Program, and Mrs. Charles Carroll Haig, Chairman of Buildings and Grounds.

Mrs. Thurman B. Towill
State Recording Secretary

THE HOLY BIBLE

Good Shepherd Edition—King James Version

Contains fascinating index of lines and verses, an alphabetical list of themes and subjects from Genesis to Revelation. Biographical sketches of great Biblical personalities; synopses of Old and New Testaments; beautiful morning and evening prayers; also brief prayers for all occasions and every human desire. Spaces for genealogical records and War services.

Price $16.95

MARGARET OVERMAN GREGORY
Distributor
503 W. Innes St. Salisbury, N. C.
Ellis Island
(Continued from page 457)

1950, and immediately went to work enthusiastically to carry out the humanitarian services. So much money was on hand for the projects that it was not necessary to have an additional allotment included in the year's National Society budget. From the first the work at Ellis Island had appealed stirringly to members throughout the country, from far as well as near.

Announcement was made that the Ellis Island hospital would be closed March 1. After conferences with government officials, a full report was made January 31 at the State Regents' meeting.

At the February meeting of the National Board a motion was passed: "As the United States Government has discontinued operations on Ellis Island, the National Board recommend to the Continental Congress that the Ellis Island Committee be dissolved." This recommendation was voted by Continental Congress. Work among immigrants on the West Coast will be continued under the Americanism Committee.

Board members February 1 also went on record: "that recommendations for the transfer of the Ellis Island funds be forwarded to the President General for consideration by the Executive Committee, with the Finance Committee, and that the Executive Committee present recommendation to the National Board at the April meeting preceding Congress, so that the recommendation of the National Board may be presented to the Congress."

The National Board accepted their recommendation that Ellis Island funds be loaned for one year to the National Society. This was approved by Congress.

Disposal of D. A. R. equipment at Ellis Island is left to a committee appointed by the President General, as authorized by the National Board. On the committee are Mrs. Madden, Chairman; Mrs. L. E. Burnelle and Mrs. Lucille Boss.

Thus closes one of the brightest chapters of humanitarian work in D. A. R. history.

GOING ON A TRIP?
Then you need a BOSOM FRIEND!

1. It will keep your extra money safe until needed.
2. It is plastic lined and has no rough pins or snaps on purse to irritate the skin.
3. The pointed flap goes next to the body inside the brassiere and is held firmly in place.
4. Open the loop ends of ribbon and snap around brassiere or slip straps.
5. When traveling, your Bosom Friend will always protect your bills even if you lose your handbag.
6. Leave your Bosom Friend attached to your brassiere at night and it goes on your person automatically when dressing.
7. There is no changing of money from purse when you change your costumes, and you feel no discomfort even when carrying ten to twelve bills.
8. Does not change the contour lines of bust and does not show through clothing. It is ideal for travelling and dress.

Colors: Black, white, pink, and blue mulitiplison crepe.

Send your orders to
WARNER HALL GIFT SHOP
Wallace, North Carolina

Sent 1st Class Insured Mail for $1.50

WILLIAM J. HOPPE
Wanted:
Mortgages or Listings
100% Commercial Properties

Prompt Attention

Suite 1535 HArrison 7-0772
175 W. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
"AMERICAN MOTHER"

Dr. Mary Martin Sloop, founder and business manager of Crossnore School, in Avery County, North Carolina, one of the D. A. R. Approved Schools, has been named "The American Mother of 1951," by the American Mothers Committee of the Golden Rule Foundation, an organization devoted to the welfare of mothers and children.

Like her husband, Dr. Eustace H. Sloop, Mrs. Sloop is a physician. They have one son, a dentist at Crossnore; and one daughter, who is a physician and a Past Regent of the Crossnore Chapter, N. S. D. A. R.

For many years Mrs. Sloop has been a member of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, her National Number being 178965. The Revolutionary ancestor on whom she joined was Colonel Thomas Robeson, for whom Robeson County, North Carolina, was named.

Her outstanding record in establishing Crossnore School, Inc., for underprivileged boys and girls, was published in the May issue of the D. A. R. Magazine. She is also credited with helping bring good roads, modern farming methods, better health and sanitation, and general improvement to her formerly isolated area along the crest of the Blue Ridge Mountains.

"Mother Sloop," who has mothered hundreds of needy children while making it possible for them to obtain an education, was nominated by North Carolina Daughters of the American Revolution as "The North Carolina Mother of 1951." She was enthusiastically endorsed by Chapters and Districts throughout the State. Upon receiving this State honor, she was selected from the State winners as "The American Mother."

D. A. R. Chapters and members have provided at least two-thirds of all the old clothes and donations which have supported the mountain school home and enabled it to grow and expand. Among its trustees are the State Regent and State Chairman of Approved Schools and two other North Carolina D. A. R. members.

FAVORABLE REPORT

Following a hearing on Capitol Hill, a sub-committee of the House Judiciary Committee voted unanimously to report favorably the bill to raise the ceiling valuation on our National Society's property holdings in Washington from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000.

During the brief hearing, attended by Mrs. John Morrison Kerr, Treasurer General, and Miss Gertrude Carraway, Editor of the D. A. R. Magazine, for substantiating testimony, the Congressmen paid many fine tributes to the National Society and its work. They especially praised the Resolutions passed at our recent Continental Congress.

One of the Committee members, Representative Patrick J. Hillings, of California, wrote after the hearing: "Our country is desperate for the revival of solid American patriotism as we face the challenge of Communist aggression at home and abroad. It is my hope that your fine organization will continue its efforts to stimulate the American people to love and revere our great country and our American system of government. We will only be able to retain our American Way of Life if we can develop the patriotic spirit and endeavor which is essential at this hour of our national emergency."

IN CONGRESSIONAL RECORD

The address on Communism made by the Rev. Edmund A. Walsh, S. J., Vice President of Georgetown University and Regent of the School of Foreign Service, at our 60th Continental Congress, was published in full in The Congressional Record, by consent of the Senate at the request of Senator Harry F. Byrd.

COMPLETE FILE

Mrs. N. Howland Brown, Past Vice President General and Honorary State Regent of Pennsylvania, has a complete file of D. A. R. Magazines from the first issue. A resident of Norristown, Pa., she is a member of the Valley Forge Chapter.
Old Glory
(Continued from page 452)
makers, soldier and dreadnaught, drayman and street sweep, cook, counselor and clerk. I am the battle of yesterday, and the mistake of tomorrow. I am the mystery of the men who do without knowing why. I am the clutch of an idea, and the reasoned purpose of resolution.

"I am no more than what you believe me to be and I am all that you believe I can be. I am what you make me, nothing more.

"I swing before your eyes as a bright gleam of color, a symbol of yourself, the pictured suggestion of that big thing which makes this Nation. My stars and my stripes are your dream and your labors. They are bright with cheer, brilliant with courage, firm with faith, because you have made them so out of your hearts. For you are the maker of the Flag and it is well that you glory in the making."

It should be impressed again and again that this great tribute to the Flag was spoken by a man of foreign birth but he was loyal to every star and every stripe in that glorious flag. Eight foreigners signed the Declaration of Independence, but there was not a Benedict Arnold among them.

It is well for us to reflect on this loyalty when we see native-born Americans conspiring with those who would destroy our form of government by force and violence, if necessary to accomplish their fiendish purpose.

AUX TROIS MOUSQUETAIRES
Restaurant Francais • 820 Connecticut Ave.
The Most Famous French Cuisine in Washington
Luncheon and Dinner—Closed Sunday

Wanted to buy a copy of Lineage Book Vol. 40. Haywood County Public Library, Waynesville, N. C.


PAULINE YOUNG, Box 129, Liberty, S. C.
changed from the British to the American Army during the Rev. without loss of rank. He seems to have led about 400 Loyalists and worked in conjunction with Lieut. Col. Tarleton. In Feb., 1781, he fought a battle with “Light Horse Harry” Lee in North Carolina, in which Col. Pyle came off second best, but it appears to me, in view of the apologies Henry Lee offered in his memoirs, that Col. Pyle and his men had the sympathy of the community in that skirmish. Col. Pyle died a retired Colonel of the American Army, and at least two of my relatives have joined the D. A. R. on his record.

My Grandfather was Dr. Octavius Pyle. He was b. in Ill. in 1819, and he had a sister, Joan Pyle. Their father’s name was John Pyle, b. Oct. 14, 1782, son of the fighting colonel.—C. Homer Pyle, Pickering, Mo.

Howard—Wanted inf. conc. — Howard, who served in Rev. from Portsmouth, N. H., or vicinity. Desc.: George Howard; his son, Amasa, who m. Elizabeth (Ham) Pickering; his son, Charles, my father, who m. Theresa Brady. This family moved from N. H. to Wisc., vicinity of Janesville, in 1854, then to Kansas in 1860. I believe the line will be the same as that of Gen. O. O. Howard, who founded Howard College in Washington, D. C., and who was b. at Leeds, Me.—Mrs. Lillian Howard Hamilton, 1134 Cambrian, Apt. 3, Bremerton, Wash.

Morgan—Joseph Morgan, Woodbridge, Middlesex Co., N. J., made will Dec. 16, 1812. Mentioned wife, Sarah, to have two rooms in dwelling house and a share of barn. To son, John, $12.50 and 13 acres of land which was decreed to Joseph Morgan by Andrew Stevens and Abel Clarkson, also dwellinghouse and buildings on land decreed him by Wm. Taylor, and barn, blacksmith tools and wagon. To son, Peter, $12.50. To six dau.: Elizabeth, Sarah, Susannah, Rachael, Polly and Ose—share and share alike. Probated Jan. 25, 1814. On file, Trenton, N. J. Appointed Frazee Hadley and Eleazar Harding, Ers.

Joseph Morgan surely was m. twice, as I have a marriage record of Joseph Morgan of Woodbridge to Sarah Brown of same place in 1798, and Sarah could not have been mother of above children as Metuchen Presbyterian Church records show Frazee Headly m. Sarah Magar (Morgan), 1803. Frazee Headly named a son, Joseph M. Headly, as per Frazee’s inventory of his estate in Morris County, N. J. Frazee was, therefore, a son-in-law to Joseph Morgan.

My grandmother, Rachel Morgan, of Middlesex Co., N. J., m. James B. Ross of same county, in 1803, as per my Ross Family Bible. James B. Ross was authorized to publish sale of some of Joseph Morgan’s estate, therefore, I believe my Rachel Morgan Ross was a dau. of above Joseph Morgan; then, too, Rachel named her eldest ch. Joseph M. Ross. His headstone is in Railway Presbyterian Cemetery, and is in Ross Bible.

Want name of Joseph Morgan’s first wife and names of his parents.—Miss Lois M. Johnston, 347 W. 65th St., Chicago, 21, Ill.
Since the Fall and Winter form our best seasons for subscriptions and advertisements, we urge members throughout the country to try to find time during the Summer to give to our Magazine, so that we may continue our early records “in the black.”

Our Magazine is published each month of the year, and costs continue during the Summer. So we hope that no subscriptions will be permitted to expire, and that many new ones will be sent in. And we trust that efforts will be made to secure advertisements for the Summer and Fall. Whenever possible, these should be sent in two months in advance of publication date.

THAT IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN OUR MAGAZINE is vouched for by North Carolina D. A. R. members. Within three weeks after insertion of an ad in our Magazine last February for the N. C. D. A. R. Genealogical Registers 50 orders for the books had been received from outside the State.

With the approval of the Executive Committee of our National Society, a brochure about our Headquarters in Washington will be published during the Fall. This will include the articles on Our Buildings by Miss Lillian Chenoweth in our March issue; Our Museum by Mrs. George A. Kuhner, Curator General, and Mrs. Cecil Norton Broy, Curator, in our April issue; and articles on Our State Rooms by Miss Catherine Newton and the Curator General’s office to be used during the Summer.

This brochure will be illustrated with many pictures of our buildings, both on the exterior and interior; and will contain much information about our Headquarters, Museum and State Rooms in general and in detail. They will sell, probably, for 50 cents each. The cost will be underwritten by the Magazine. Profits, if any, will go towards the National Building Fund.

Further information will be available later about the brochure. We hope that each Chapter and many members will wish to have at least one, for programs and for reference.

Instead of criticizing trends of the times, our government, organizations and things in general, it would be a splendid policy during the Summer, as at all times, to think of our blessings and the good points of everything. It is easy to find fault; but constructive criticism is better. Often, affairs would be better if we ourselves would only lend a helping hand. We should never forget the advice in the quotation: “It is better to light one small candle than to curse the darkness.”

Our July issue will feature Independence Day and its patriotic interest. Besides articles on “American Independence” and “Our Independence Day,” the Magazine will carry the address, “Defense of America,” delivered by Senator Robert A. Taft of Ohio, a member of our National Society’s Advisory Committee; a poem, “Heritage,” dedicated to the D. A. R.; the story of Northland College, another in our series on D. A. R. Approved Schools; an excellent account of the D. A. R. and our connection with the Smithsonian Institution written by our Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution; and a number of other interesting articles that should make excellent Summer reading.

Suggestions from members in California stress that all Chapters should read the President General’s Message in our Magazine each month at their meetings; more prominence should be given the Magazine at State Conferences; members should read each issue regularly; Regents should quote more frequently from the Magazine, especially National Defense and patriotic articles; and readers should realize that the subscription price for our Magazine is lower than that of other magazines not so important to America and the American Way of Life.

Perhaps never before has the prestige of our Society spread so high and wide, with national attention on the compliments paid the record and objectives of our organization by General MacArthur and other speakers at our memorable Sixtieth Continental Congress.

Accordingly, each one of our members should strive even harder to build up our membership, our Magazine, and all our worthy objectives.
FROM THE MAGAZINE CHAIRMAN

The National Magazine Chairman greets you this summer month and she hopes you are having a lovely time wherever you are.

I wish it had been possible to mention every State and Chapter, during Congress, that had helped so enthusiastically with our Magazine program. But five minutes can fly quickly. Therefore it was impossible.

To have received 43 complete reports out of 48 proves there is interest over the States in our Magazine. And this year, I feel we shall have 48 and our Foreign Countries, two of which responded this year.

To the Mississippi State Chairman, we make a bow. She conducted a Magazine campaign during her State Conference and secured 53 subscriptions. The subscribers were given a very unique corsage which identified them as such.

North Carolina presented their State Conference program in the form of our Magazine cover and dedicated it to our Editor, Miss Carraway. We find the State Chairman here already plans her next letter, seeking advertisements.

Many States promoted the Magazine at their Conferences. I must mention my own State, which held a Magazine booth and secured subscriptions. This is an idea for others to follow, for it stimulates interest.

You will perhaps be interested in seeing the entire list of prize winners for this past year. And, as you read, imagine your name among them, if it is not, and see how proud you will feel.

Advertising: State Prizes
First Prize—$25—Georgia
Second Prize—$15—North Carolina
Third Prize—$10—Tennessee

Chapter Prizes:
First Prize—$25—Joseph Habersham, Atlanta, Ga.
Second Prize—$15—Fort Nashborough, Nashville, Tenn.
Third Prize—$10—Columbia Chapter, Columbia, S. C.

Honorable Mention:
Oglethorpe Chapter, Columbus, Ga.
Richard Dobbs Spaight Chapter, New Bern, N. C.

Subscriptions Prizes: States Only
Membership over 5,500
First Prize—$20—California
Second Prize—$5—Pennsylvania

Membership between 3,000 and 5,500
First Prize—$20—North Carolina
Second Prize—$5—Tennessee

Membership between 1,000 and 3,000
First Prize—$20—Wisconsin
Second Prize—$5—Arkansas

Membership under 1,000
First Prize—$20—Nevada
Second Prize—$5—Delaware
My sincere congratulations and thanks to each of you for your cooperation and loyalty to your Magazine.
May we work together as one in promoting our Magazine goals.

Hoy L. Gupton, National Chairman

Subscriptions Increase
Another increase in subscriptions may be reported. As of April 30, there were 17,662 subscribers to our D. A. R. Magazine, a net increase of 3,182 since April 30, 1950.

THE CHIEF JOHN ROSS STATUE FUND

The Chief John Ross Chapter, D. A. R., Chattanooga, Tennessee, is co-sponsor with the Chattanooga Woman's Press for the erection in Chattanooga of a bronze statue of John Ross, who was Chief of the Cherokee Nation for sixty years. The Statue will be placed overlooking the site of Ross's Landing, the pioneer name of the present Chattanooga.

The names of all donors of one dollar or more will be inscribed in a Roll of Remembrance, a permanent volume. A contribution of one hundred dollars will entitle the donor to a page dedicated to an ancestor; a pioneer; or a leader among the Indian people.

Send checks to Cyrus Griffin Martin, Treasurer of the Chief John Ross Statue Fund, American National Bank, Chattanooga, Tennessee.
QUIZ PROGRAM

1. Which is more valuable, a Gutenberg Bible or a First Folio Shakespeare?
2. When was our Society first incorporated?
3. What date is Flag Day?
4. Which elected President of the United States held that office for the shortest length of time?
5. On what date was the D. A. R. Magazine first authorized?
6. How is a worn-out Flag disposed of?
7. When were plans for Memorial Continental Hall adopted and the site selected?
8. Who were Mason and Dixon?
9. In the United States Navy, what is the lowest “flag rank”?
10. Is Wisconsin east or west of the Mississippi River?

ANSWERS

1. Gutenberg Bible.
3. June 14, for on June 14, 1777, Continental Congress authorized the Stars and Stripes.
5. May 7, 1892.
6. With due reverence. According to approved custom, the Union is first cut from the Flag; and the two pieces, no longer forming a flag, are cremated.
7. June 4, 1902. Purchase of the site was ordered at cost of $50,266.17.
8. Surveyors.
10. East.

A PATRIOTIC RECORDING

“The Gettysburg Address”
“The Flag of the U.S.A.”

Dynamically and reverently spoken with background of patriotic organ music
A record you will be proud to own—
Send $2 to
THE WHITNEYS
1002 Wilson Ave. Chicago 40, Ill.

Genealogist for Southern Families

Author: SOUTH CAROLINIANS IN THE REVOLUTION. The 30 sections include: Military records from every county in the State; Revolutionary soldiers who removed to other States; GENEALOGIES of many SOUTH CAROLINA FAMILIES; Laurens County wills. Price $10.00

NEW BOOK in preparation:
“FIVE HUNDRED SOUTHERN FAMILIES”
Please contact me if interested.
Mrs. Sara S. Ervin, Ware Shoals, S. C.

Greetings from

ST. LOUIS CHAPTER

Mrs. John Sutherland Moore, Regent

WOLCOTT GENEALOGY AND ALLIED FAMILIES

sponsored by Society of Descendants of Henry Wolcott. One of First Settlers of Windsor, 500 pps, including Kipling, Wadsworth, Symington, Ellsworth, Drake, Griswold, etc. $20.00 with order. Compiled and Edited by
A. BOHMER RUDD
1819 G St. N. W. Washington, D. C.

OFFICIAL D. A. R. FLAGS

National, State and Chapter, American and State Flags, Badges, Banners and Supplies for all organizations.
Write for Prices
THE CINCINNATI REGALIA CO.
145 W. 4th St. Cincinnati, O.

SEND FOR Free Folder
“IS YOUR NAME HERE?”
listing names of American family histories for sale by the world’s largest dealer in American Genealogies.
Write to
Goodspeed’s Book Shop
DEPT. D, 18 BEACON STREET
BOSTON 8, MASS.
THE NATIONAL-METROPOLITAN BANK
OF WASHINGTON

C. F. JACOBSEN, President

MAIN OFFICE
613 15TH STREET, N. W.
Opposite U. S. Treasury

49TH STREET OFFICE
4301 49TH STREET, N. W.

Established 1814

THE OLDEST NATIONAL BANK IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK IN THE UNITED STATES
TO BE GRANTED TRUST POWERS UNDER THE FEDERAL RESERVE ACT

TELEPHONE: STERLING 1308

MEMBER OF THE FEDERAL DEPOSIT INSURANCE CORPORATION

Vital Historical Records of Jackson County, Missouri, 1826-1876—
Compiled and Published by the Kansas City Chapter, D. A. R.,
Kansas City, Missouri

A cloth-bound volume, 6X9 inches, containing 480 pages,
with an alphabetical index of 5,000 family names of early
Jackson County pioneers, with fascinating historical sketches.
Price $5.00. Postpaid. Please send money with order to:
MRS. FRANK J. WILLIAMS, Secretary, 6438 Sammy Road, Kansas City, Missouri

LOIS MARSHALL HICKS
State Librarian, D. C. D. A. R., 1942-43

Her big project was copying and indexing mortality records for Georgia, Louisiana, Kentucky
and Tennessee, 1850-60 and 1870, making available over 250,000 names for our Library. 1,497
books and 1,300 magazines sent to army camps and other clubs. Books contributed to D. A. R.
Library, 23; pamphlets, 3. Photostatic copies of land grants and early marriage certificates.
Textbooks sent to Merchant Marine. 100 books, 50
magazines to Approved Schools; 120 issues, Na-
tional Geographic Magazine, to K. D. S. School.

In 1939-40-41 she was State Chairman, Advance-
ment of American Music, and was considered by
the National Chairman as one of the best in the
country. She still retains her interest in American
Music and often reviews the more than 2,600
composers she filed for reference 1939-41.

Copied from History of Emily Nelson Chapter,
of which she was Regent 1934-38, and published
as a tribute to her by the present Regent, Mrs.
Erich W. Schwartz.

"GENEALOGICAL SERVICE
WITH CITED AUTHORITY"
(American and Foreign)

BY

THE AMERICAN HISTORICAL COMPANY, INC.
GENEALOGISTS AND PUBLISHERS
80-110 EIGHTH AVENUE NEW YORK 11, N. Y.

Continuing a half century of work in Family Research,
Costs of Arms, Privately Printed Volumes
Under the direction of M. M. LEWIS

Publishers of the Quarterly "AMERICANA"—Illustrated
One of the Leading Historical and Genealogical Magazines
Correspondence or interviews may be arranged in all parts
of the United States

Judd & Detweiler
INCORPORATED
(Established in 1868)
PRINTERS

THIS MAGAZINE IS FROM OUR PRESSES

FLORIDA AVE. & ECKINGTON PLACE
WASHINGTON 2 • D C
AMONG OUR CONTRIBUTORS

Edith Burford Kelly is the wife of Dr. Ralph A. Kelly, Principal of the Blue Ridge School. In addition to teaching English, Bible and Music, she directs the Glee Clubs and Choir and is Church Organist and Dean of Girls. Previously, she was Professor of Speech and Director of Radio at Ohio Wesleyan University, and her last three years there was Assistant Dean of Women. She has appeared in many cities as a dramatic reader, book reviewer and lecturer. Holding degrees from Ohio Wesleyan and Heidelberg University, she has done special work in Children's Literature at Columbia, and holds degrees in piano from the Ursuline Schools.

Mildred Uzzell Veasey is a member of the Moseley-Bright Chapter, of Kinston, N. C.

Eugene E. Patton, of Knoxville, Tenn., is well known as a contributor to, and friend of, our Magazine. His wife is a former State D. A. R. Officer in Tennessee.

Mrs. Ethel L. Moore is Regent of the Polly Wyckoff Chapter, Englewood, N. J.

ROSALIE TEA

The “Rosalie Tea,” sponsored by Mississippi Daughters at the Statler Hotel during Continental Congress, was an outstanding success, with more than $1,000 cleared for the National Building Fund.

Mrs. E. E. Patton, of Knoxville, Tenn., Chapter Regent and Past State Officer, was winner of the beautiful ante-bellum costume worn by Mrs. Harry Artz Alexander, Mississippi State Regent.

One of the exquisitely dressed China dolls on display was presented to Mrs. James B. Patton, President General, who sold it at auction, Dr. Nelle C. Diffenbaugh, a Michigan Daughter, paying $100, which went to the Valley Forge Fund.

This Flag of Ours

(Continued from page 451)

placed by using three rows, four stars in the first row, five in the second and four in the third. Thus was born the Star-Spangled Banner. At the time of its adoption, Washington said, “We take the stars from Heaven, the red from our Mother Country, separating it by white stripes thus showing we have separated from her and the white stripes shall go down to posterity representing liberty.”

ARTICLE ON D. A. R.

The long and comprehensive article on our National Society, being written by the National Geographic Magazine, is tentatively scheduled for publication in its November issue.

"MY KINSMEN" FAMILY RECORD BOOKS

make it easy for you to keep record of your ancestry, family history, near relatives, etc. Complete with directions and work sheets. $2.00 postpaid. A fine present for child or adult. Use a lifetime. Satisfaction or refund.

THEDA KORN GROSS

Jackson Center, Ohio

The Mark of Quality

BURLINGTON MILLS

Ol Timer . . . 5 Cents

A Good Candy Nut Bar

UCANCO CANDY CO.

Davenport, Iowa

OUT-OF-PRINT and HARD-TO-FIND BOOKS

sollopped. Also GENEALOGIES, AND FAMILY AND TOWN HISTORIES. Incomplete sets completed. All magazine back numbers supplied. All subjects, all languages. Send us your list of wants. No obligation. We report quickly at lowest prices. We also supply all current books at retail store prices—postpaid.

AMERICAN LIBRARY SERVICE

117 West 48th Street Dept. D

New York 19, N. Y.

N. B. We also BUY books and magazines. Please list.

BREWOOD

Engravers • Printers • Stationers

1217 G Street, Northwest

WASHINGTON 5, D. C.
Have a Coke

It’s the friendly high-sign

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY