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MRS. LAFAYETTE LEVAN PORTER, National Chairman

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Copyright, 1947, by the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution
Entered as second-class matter, December 8, 1924, at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., Under the Act of March 3, 1879
MERRY CHRISTMAS to the 158,029 members of the Daughters of the American Revolution. May the New Year bring renewed faith, greater efforts and still greater achievements in the work being carried on for home and country by the Daughters.

SANTA CLAUS wishes to remind you that he has in his pack thousands of subscription blanks to the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine. As he does not want to carry them over, he hopes they will all be used during the coming year and thus fulfill the wish of the President General that the list of subscribers be trebled.
December brings to us our Christmas Holidays, with its inspirational spirit of giving, with its emphasis of the Christ Child, with its time-honored practice of displaying the better side of our natures, regardless of how we feel and act at other periods of the year. In keeping with this all-enveloping atmosphere of good will toward men, a practice has developed—and a splendid practice it is—for the President General to send Yuletide greetings to the vast multitude of Daughters through their Chapter, State and National Officers, reaching all of them as Christmas Eve nears.

But this year, relying—and I hope correctly—upon the approval of every Daughter far and near—I am varying the technique slightly and I am providing at our D. A. R. School at Tamassee a scholarship for an unusually deserving girl selected by the School Faculty and in the name of the general membership of our Society. Remembering that our Savior was ever mindful of little children, I deem it particularly appropriate at this special time for every Daughter to unite in a token observance of Yuletide in bringing to a worthwhile girl, who probably would not otherwise have the chance, the opportunities of education.

May I therefore introduce to you, Daughters of the American Revolution, the recipient of the Christmas scholarship of 1947, Lessie Anne Reid, born March 3rd, 1934 and this year through my arrangements beginning the 8th grade at Tamassee. Superintendent Ralph H. Cain writes that she comes from a mountain settlement known as Sapphire, North Carolina. Her father died last spring and her mother is now working to support herself. Her father had been a caretaker for an estate in the mountains. Her mother does not own any property and when the father died, she had to find somewhere to stay.

A former Tamassee graduate told Lessie Anne about Tamassee and wanted her to come there. The father on his death bed requested that she come to Tamassee and stay until she graduates. In the elementary school where Lessie Anne finished the 7th grade her teacher says of her:—“Lessie Anne has been one of my students in school and her conduct is excellent. She is one of the best girls I have ever known. . . . I think she is one child that needs to enter your school.”

And so when you fail to receive the customary Christmas greetings from your President General, think of Lessie Anne and that you in part are responsible for bringing Tamassee to her in her hour of tragic need. Think also that your President General extends to you, individually, every single one of you, even though it be through the message in this magazine, the heart warming greetings and good wishes that alone are in keeping with the Christmas Holiday season of the year. I treasure possessing your friendship and your fine sense of loyalty and balance. Christmastide is more of an individual experience. More completely than any other observance, we naturally retreat into the bosoms of our own families. But growing out of this era, comes an invigorated and infinitely more capable tomorrow. And with 1948 and its New Year’s Day, we will enter upon a field of wider accomplishment and keener appreciation.

Estella A. O’Byrne
President General, N. S. D. A. R.
Is There a Santa Claus?

DEAR EDITOR—I am eight years old. Some of my little friends say there is no Santa Claus. Papa says “If you see it in The Sun, it’s so.” Please tell me the truth: Is there a Santa Claus?

VIRGINIA O’HANLON.
115 West Ninety-Fifth St.

Virginia, your little friends are wrong. They have been affected by the skepticism of a skeptical age. They do not believe except they see. They think that nothing can be which is not comprehensible by their little minds.

All minds, Virginia, whether they be men’s or children’s, are little. In this great universe of ours man is a mere insect, an ant, in his intellect, as compared with the boundless world about him, as measured by the intelligence capable of grasping the whole of truth and knowledge.

Yes, Virginia, there is a Santa Claus. He exists as certainly as love and generosity and devotion exist, and you know that they abound and give to our life its highest beauty and joy. Alas! how dreary would be this world if there were no Santa Claus. There would be no childlike faith then, no poetry, no romance, to make tolerable this existence. We should have no enjoyment, except in sense and sight. The eternal light with which childhood fills the world would be extinguished.

Not believe in Santa Claus! You might as well not believe in fairies! You might get your papa to hire men to watch in all the chimneys on Christmas Eve to catch Santa Claus, but even if they did not see Santa Claus coming down, what would that prove? Nobody sees Santa Claus, but that is no sign there is no Santa Claus.

The most real things in the world are those that neither children nor men can see. Did you ever see fairies dancing on the lawn? Of course not, but that’s no proof that they are not there. Nobody can conceive or imagine all the wonders there are unseen and unseeable in the world.

You may tear apart the baby’s rattle and see what makes the noise inside, but there is a veil covering the unseen world which not the strongest man, nor even the united strength of all the strongest men that ever lived, could tear apart. Only faith, fancy, poetry, love, romance, can push aside that curtain and view and picture the supernal beauty and glory beyond. Is it all real? Ah, Virginia, in all this world there is nothing else real and abiding.

No Santa Claus! Thank God! he lives, and he lives forever. A thousand years from now, Virginia, nay, ten times ten thousand years from now, he will continue to make glad the heart of childhood.

[This editorial was written by Mr. Francis Pharcellus Church and was first printed in the New York Sun on September 21, 1897. Probably no seasonal article has ever been reprinted so widely over a period of fifty years. In beauty and appeal it is ageless and timeless.]
The Implications of Federal Aid to and Control of Education

HONORABLE RALPH W. GWINN

Representative from New York State and member of the House Education and Labor Committee

All is not well with American education. Can its ills be cured by Federal Aid?

Millions of our citizens say “No”, and assert that the sickness of the world is not due so much to the lack of money for education as it is to the lack of God in the instruction in the moral law. If so, federal aid and control of education by the far-off Central Government would only more completely exclude religious disciplines from our educational enterprise and worsen our situation.

They believe that the Federal influence even now upon education and the political controls of education already exercised by the separate States must inevitably lead the people to put their faith in the false promises and harsh disciplines of the politics of a Godless statism. This must lead to the arrest of freedom with its self-government under God’s laws and the extensive substitution of compulsory government by mere men over other men.

They contend that if God and the moral law are thrown completely out of our public education, which Federal aid and control of necessity requires, there will be no other God to which the people can turn except the Central State. It becomes the source of right and it determines what is wrong in the absence of self-government. This is true in Rome, Berlin, Moscow and, to a great extent, in London, today. They ask, shall Washington follow?

How far have we gone? The individual States all force payment of taxes to support schools. They compel school attendance under threat of jail for the parents. Likewise, they exclude in most cases all religious disciplines by State administrative influence and compel the pupils to submit to the teachings and doctrines of many inefficient teachers whom the States force upon the local school boards by such measures as the compulsory tenure laws.

The practical effect is so compel, through taxation and State control, the great majority of parents to submit their children to pagan statism instead of the Christian disciplines. Needless to say, this kind of a system is contrary to the original American design for public education which was intended to be a Christian school under local controls and protected by the laws of the States. As a result of statism, millions of people are now protesting by sending their children to private and parochial schools. Such enrollments have risen sharply in the last 25 years from 7.3 to 10.5 per cent of all students attending school. Public school enrollments have declined in the same proportions.

If education is supported and administered locally, the people in each place can presuppose God and continue to teach a faith in freedom of men under God. They can keep clear of the false promises of the political state. This way of freedom in education is according to the American design of local town, county and city responsibility and control.

Even so, millions of our fellow citizens have come to have such faith in education by the political state that they see no ills in it except such as money can cure. All that is lacking is money. So, they propose to subject our education to the healing strength of money and call on the compulsory power of the Federal Government to make the towns, counties, cities and States do what the Federal Government thinks they should do.

Millions of American citizens have no fear of statism. Their faith is in it. They teach it. They crusade for it in the name of doing good for the people through the Government.

Admittedly, some of our States are poorer than others and find it burdensome to provide such educational advantages that neighboring States seem to have. At that, there is great disparity in educational op-
portunity even within the various parts of our richest States. It is also true that illiteracy is widespread, especially political, economic and religious illiteracy. Those whose faith is in the governmental power of Washington, therefore, submit that even the rich States need be prodded by Washington.

Will Washington money cure these evils? If it will, we should expect to find even now in our richest States (where the greatest appropriations are given for education) evidence of the highest level of spiritual, cultural, and political health! And then, what do we find, especially in our richest big cities? There we find the most deeply entrenched one-party political machines, with the worst political corruption. These same wealthy cities nourish the greatest degree, by far, of personal inadequacy and dependence on the Central Government for food, shelter, health, education and employment. Here too are found the great centers of communism and foreign ideologies, of a pagan faith in some form of the God-state and the most widespread denial of faith in the One True God and man's fitness for freedom and personal responsibility.

Thus, while it is a fact that such States spend more for education than the poor States they also spend four times more for liquor than for education; while $27 go for chewing gum for each dollar spent on books and $15 are spent to combat crime for each dollar they spend on church and charity. Here, too, is the highest rate of sickness and mental worry leading to a greater proportion of confinement in publicly supported institutions for the mentally sick than in the poor States.

It follows as a matter of course that many persons and pressure groups that descend on Congress in Washington from these rich cities will look to the same false god—the Central Government—for education. They look toward the same Central Government for the remedies to which most of all the peoples of the earth have lately turned to remedy mankind's slow progress.

They argue that the "free towns, cities, and county boards of education, and the legislatures of the individual States, have betrayed their trust of the education of the American youth. They show little educational insight. Washington knows better. Washington should tax and force them to do right by education.

"Without compulsion from Washington, the individual States will collect insufficient taxes for school purposes. Washington will make them spend what they should since the local authorities do not know how to get top-notch results from the school dollar. Washington should take their school dollars to the Washington bureaucrats and send part of them back with instructions as to how to get better education than they can manage for themselves. 'Thank God,' the educational federalists say, 'we can look to Washington.'" Their propaganda slogan is "Federal Aid to Education without Control."

Nicholas Murray Butler once said:

"There is not enough money in the United States, even if every dollar of it were expended on education, to produce through Federal authority, or through what is naively called cooperation between the Federal Government and the several States, educational results that would be at all comparable with those that have been already reached under the free and natural system that has grown up among us.

"Unless the school is both the work and pride of the community it serves, it is nothing. A school system that grows naturally in response to the needs and ambitions of a hundred thousand different communities will be a better school system than any which can be imposed upon those localities by the aid of grants of public money from the Federal Treasury, accompanied by Federal regulations, Federal inspections, Federal reports and Federal uniformities."

A free school in America, the only school worth while, is one that has its roots in the cultural ambitions of a free community. What of it, if the schools of Manhattan are different from those of Alabama or those of Minnesota different from the schools of Wyoming. In fact, the question needs to be raised whether there is not already too much uniformity in our American schools. For too long the emphasis has been on conformity and conformism rather than on local individuality and cultural independence. Whoever said that everything the urban professor of New York experimented with or dogmatically proclaimed must be aped and adhered to by teachers and school boards throughout this vast inventive, adventurous, creative, and multiform American continent?
The conclusive and overwhelming argument against the lobby for Federal aid is that the American citizens, as represented by their local and State government, are not now asking, and never have asked, for Federal aid in education. Witness the fact that this year no official request was made to the congressional committees in the House or Senate for Federal aid by a single State. Not one State showed inability to provide its own education. All showed greatly increased appropriations for education. Nor did any taxpayers’ group or chamber of commerce or board of education, from any State, county, town, or city appear, to request Federal aid from Washington.

At the Governors’ annual meeting at Salt Lake City, Utah, a majority of the governors of the United States expressed fear that the Federal Government would encroach upon the State’s handling of public schools if Uncle Sam should move into the educational field through Federal grants-in-aid. The Governors also opposed “any plan not first referred to the States officially for report of their need and of the State’s inability to meet its need.” They held that, “if any field of government is strictly within the province of the State and locality, it is that of education. Local self-government is doomed if it surrenders this responsibility.”

The States are learning, as two State legislatures said by resolution, that Federal aid is no aid at all. Still another State recently passed a resolution in its State senate, stating “The wealth that is taxed by the Federal Government is within the boundaries of the 48 States and could be taxed directly by them and the revenue spent by them and large sums saved thereby.” One by one the States are asking for a redefinition of the functions of the Federal Government and for the restriction of its activities. Another said, in effect: We have taken a good look at Federal dollars and find that they all lose weight on their journey to Washington and back home again.

If this is so, then who is it that wants Federal Aid from Washington, and how do they go about getting it?

Anyone at all familiar with the old, old game of seeking the public good by political enforcement through the Central Government, knows that every such political pressure movement usually has in it three more or less clearly defined groups. These groups know that, since the Federal Government is the weakest link in our own chain of government, it is also the easiest to attack and to corrupt with the promise of votes in return for favors. It now has little defense left, since the Constitution has been set aside. What is claimed to be for the general welfare must be considered by Congress, in spite of the constitutional limitations imposed on the powers and duties of Congress. So the pressure groups and lobbies, of which the administrative brand is by far the biggest, are ever present.

The first group in the education lobby which is in constant attendance on Washington consists of the organized educators themselves. Many of them have fallen prey to the false idea that if only education had the power of the Central Government back of it things would improve.

Fortunately, we are still able to count upon a majority of our teachers in the front line of defense of free teachers in a free education. American teachers realize that greater freedom in our schools does not lie in foisting Federal control upon them.

Next, there are those innocent idealists who are motivated by an intense humanitarian urge to give everybody a fair chance. Impatient of the attainments of our educational system and often skeptical of the capacity of a free society for improvement, they hope for the compulsion of government to speed up the attainment of goodness. They suffer from a spiritual blindness which believes that one can legislate goodness and that not only in material affairs but even in the realm of the values of the spirit and personality. Such people are the mere tools used by the politicians who execute the reforms and who use the misguided idealists to further extend the political power of bigger and bigger Central Government. In great unsuspecting numbers they constitute the comfort to the enemies of a free society. In fact, they help the planners of the compulsory States, without being conscious of the crimes they are really committing against their own free society.

Daniel Webster very aptly stated this attitude, in the following words, in the early days of the Republic:
"There are men in all ages who mean to exercise power usefully, but who mean to exercise it. They mean to govern well, but they mean to govern. They promise to be kind masters, but they mean to be masters."

These active, and always fanatic, planners constitute the third group. They are, of course, the militant front guard of the present Washington lobby for Federal Aid to Education. Their jobs are often made secure at taxpayers' expense. They seek power for themselves over education. They know that money talks. They also know that once the Federal authority is foisted upon the American schools everywhere, there will be no retreat. On the contrary, there will follow a steadily growing infiltration and domination of the whole educational field by the Federal authorities. They intend to become themselves the authorities who will spend the Federal money and exercise the Federal control. They are in Washington, since they are turned aside by the State legislatures and local school boards—the bodies know them and are able to disprove their representations by giving the facts near at home.

Defeated at home, they descend upon Congress knowing that Congress does not have the facts and is not equipped to learn them. Congress is too far from the facts. Congress is like a court that sits to hear the facts presented but those for the plaintiff expect that the defendant will supply the facts on the other side. But quite generally in matters of appropriating money, Congress hears only one side—the side of the plaintiff. The plaintiff is generally a government department or bureau which makes out its own case with increasing cleverness. In this case, the plaintiff is a very old and well established lobby whose members are largely the beneficiaries of the appropriations sought. The defendant is the unorganized, inarticulate public, going about their daily affairs, practicing the arts of freedom. They do not appear before Congress and judgment is often taken against them by default on very inadequate, often untrue, and nearly always one-sided, presentation of the evidence.

For example, the Federal Aiders came forward this year before the Committee on Education and Labor and presented the same old charts and the antiquated statistics that they have been presenting, every year since 1925. This year, fortunately, opponents of these Federal Aid bills (1947 editions) showed that the States have, for the school year 1947-48, increased their appropriations by approximately a Half Billion Dollars for the country as a whole. The towns and counties have probably added at least another Half Billion. The lobby for Federal Aid apparently didn’t know this—at least they didn’t present these facts. Even ten of the poorest States, over whose poverty the Federal Aiders constantly weep, increased their school appropriations for the year 1947-48 by a total of $104 million—or a little over half of the $200 million that the unauthorized planners were asking from the Federal Government for Federal Aid to the forty-eight States.

A number of the States have already exceeded the appropriations for education that it was claimed necessary for the Federal Government to attain for them. Not only have the States of the United States become aware of the need of additional investments in education but a majority of our towns, cities, and counties throughout the nation have likewise considerably increased their appropriations.

So it is apparent that the States have already provided for themselves more than what the Federal Aiders asked the Federal Government to give them. This is true even in the poorest States but the advocates of Federal Aid have not wakened up yet to the extent that the States are helping themselves in the new school year 1947-48. At least they did not mention these facts to the Committee. This leads one to question whether it is mere money that they want. It may be control—the very thing they deny. Can this be doubted, in the light of the evidence?

In this connection, it is most enlightening to see how the lobby works and also to see revealed in its public statements the character of the people who expect to control the vast money power of Federal aid and control when and if it is ever granted.

The principal registered lobbyist for Federal Aid is the National Education Association. It has a membership of 386,643, paying dues for the year ending May 31, 1947 of $1,138,100. Their headquarters and personnel are greater than the Republican and Democratic party headquarters combined. It is one of the most active
power lobbies in Washington and has been for many years. Through its *Journal*, of national circulation among teachers, it announces:

Arrangements have been made to throw every resource of the NEA (National Education Association) back of the campaign for Federal aid to education (NEA *Journal*, February 1943, p. 35)

Activities (summarized) of the Director (Howard A. Dawson, Director of Rural Education, NEA), in behalf of this bill (the Harrison-Black-Fletcher bill, 1937) as follows: conducted negotiations for sponsorship and introduction of the bill in both Houses, through executive secretaries of state education associations and state chairmen of the legislative commission arranged for controlling of candidates for Congress, for the United States Senate, and for governor in a majority of the States. (NEA Convention Board, Cleveland, 1937 report, p. 946)

The lobby speaks again:

We have powerful friends in Congress . . . The power of the organized teaching profession has but begun to find expression and I predict that before next November 7 (election date) there will be many people in the Nation aware that the school children of America have a voice of justice and equity as well as a voice of power and of influence. (Dr. Howard A. Dawson, *Congressional Record*, 1944, p. A4258)

Its *Journal* constantly hammers away for federalization, as follows:

October is an important month for the campaign on behalf of S.637-H.R. 2849, because it is the month before election. . . . Candidates who oppose this legislation or who are indifferent to the public schools should be defeated wherever possible. (NEA *Journal*, September, 1945)

We observe that whether the year be 1937, 1943, 1944 or 1945, the partisanship and intimidation remained the same. Who believes that this self-righteous and haughty spirit might change in 1948 or any other future years when the will of this organized minority of "benevolent" seekers after goodness through Federal compulsion, exercised by Federal bureaucrats, has been imposed upon American education? Imagine them as the educational controllers in Washington dishing out billions, and staying content to exercise "no control." Imagine them as administrators of Federal education changing into bureaucratic lambs that would never think of encroaching upon the rights of free citizens to run their own schools, administer their own funds, and control the education of their own children in their own communities.

Then, imagine what will happen when a million school teachers, tens of thousands of janitors and assistants, all educational personnel, have become the direct beneficiaries of appropriations which they might get by such organized pressure politics. Will they not quite generally support the candidates for Congress who make the biggest promises? Each succeeding election our Central Government will become more nearly controlled by employees and beneficiaries from appropriations. It is the vicious circle of statism. Add to the present 2,000,000 federal employees, a million government-controlled or influenced teachers and public school personnel. Then add a million tenants in the proposed Federal public housing and you have attained the socialized State, which you will probably have to keep indefinitely.

In the face of such a way of feeling and thinking, it is imperative that we remind ourselves of the brutal truth that the modern State today everywhere is killing off a free society. Wherever the Government legislates and appropriates, it curtails and extinguishes still another realm of personal and communal liberty, responsibility and economic capacity. In all languages and among all peoples, big government, however created, means less freedom. The nation is always taken over, not by the good but by the roughest and toughest when the one-party overpowering police state is finally organized.

We should constantly remember that in our country, until now, two areas of the human spirit have been left alone by our Central Government. Two areas have been left free in which the citizens themselves have governed—namely, their religious institutions and their free schools. Protecting the religious area there is the specific provision of the Constitution itself, forbidding the Government to make any laws restricting freedom in religious matters.
Above any law of the State, man's obligation and loyalty to God stand.

Having thus safeguarded the religious freedom by explicit language, our Constitution proceeds to treat Federal interference in education with a dignified and eloquent silence. This silence reflects the fundamental faith of the early American government in its free citizens as the proud and responsible custodians of their children's education. Until now, the individual States, their legislatures, counties, towns and cities, have stood fast in the maintenance of their constitutional liberty against each encroachment by Federal authority in the field of education. Since this is an established fact, the insidious pressure groups demanding the unconstitutional interference with local self-government of schools, based upon local support and responsibility, stand revealed as being unauthorized and unrecognized by any political subdivision of any of the States.

They must be stopped. They must be stopped by a growing passion for self-government and by a resulting fear of the power and propaganda of the Federal Government.

Modern history proves with tragic clarity that where a nation's education is placed under a federally-controlled system, freedom dies out. May the Federal Bureau of Education never become the Federal Commissar of Education in America!!

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY THE FIFTY-SIXTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS

Federal Aid for Education

Whereas, The National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution has consistently opposed the enactment of legislation which would place in the power of the Federal Government the right to intervene in the educational program of the several states; and

Whereas, The proposed educational bills would not provide true equalization of educational opportunity;

Resolved, That the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution reaffirm its opposition to all legislation which would place control of education in the hands of the Federal Government, thereby removing state control.

Resolved, That each member be on guard to hold fast to the principles and aims of the Framers of the Constitution in order to rebuild our unity and retain our liberty.

Standards for the Teaching Profession

Whereas, Conditions in the United States are now at the crisis stage, with children of the nation suffering from understaffed schools and unqualified teachers; and

Whereas, Appreciation and recognition by the public of the high quality of character and education required for the teaching profession is necessary, as encouragement and incentive to the adoption of the calling; and

Whereas, It is vitally important to make known to the teachers of each community such appreciation and social recognition of the dignity of the profession;

Resolved, That the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution urge its members to be alert to the condition in their respective communities and to do all in their power to keep open the free American public schools, foundation stones of the Republic and to make known their high valuation of the profession of teaching.

Resolved, That this Society suggest that local chapters urge upon their State Legislatures and their Boards of Education the passage of bills guaranteeing to teachers just and adequate compensation for their services and sufficient for economic security.
Two Bites of a Cherry

By Grace L. H. Brosseau

To the Officers, past and present, and to the Daughters of the American Revolution in general, broadcasting is no unusual experience. In fact, it long since became a habit and it is doubtful if "mike fright" ever assails the women who appear on studio programs.

But experiences of the last few months have taught me that it is one thing to appear at a given courtesy hour with a well-prepared radio address, read it with proper emphasis and inflection and quite another to participate in a debate or forum on a designated topic.

It was in the early summer that an official of WCBS called me on the telephone from New York City and announced that the President General had designated me as the one to take part in a cross-section broadcast on the subject of Federal Aid to Education on Saturday, July 5th, at the hour of five in the afternoon.

While I knew it was a command performance, I feebly expostulated that the time was inconvenient as I was having a dinner at the Country Club that evening. But in that "no-compromise" tone of voice the speaker assured me that I would have an ample margin of time as the entire broadcast would take no more than forty minutes. So that was that.

The next move was a call from a second man on the WCBS staff who made an appointment to come to Greenwich and confer with me after I had decided upon my points of debate.

Upon those points I spent an entire day and assembled them neatly and completely according to my best D.A.R. National Defense training, reinforced by a mass of material sent me from our Headquarters in Washington.

The young man duly appeared and we went into a serious conference. He proved to be a charming lad named Ted Hanna, a great-grandson of the famous Mark Hanna, and to that pere he is a decided credit.

He informed me that my partner in debate would be a banker from Richmond, Virginia, and two women opponents—one the Vice President of the American Federation of Teachers in Chicago and the other the President of The National Education Association, speaking from Cincinnati, while I would hold forth from WCBS station in New York City.

It seems there is some system by which places are drawn or assigned in a radio debate of that nature and Mr. Hanna expressed the hope that he and I would come in number three, which is supposed to be the most advantageous spot. Each participant was to be allotted five and a half minutes in which to read the respective findings.

A few days later he telephoned me that we had drawn fourth place but the implications did not strike me then and not until the day of broadcast did I realize that I had gotten the rebuttal end of the program.

Mr. Hanna had asked me to be at the studio at four o'clock Saturday afternoon for a rehearsal so I sallied forth in ample time. It was a wickedly hot day and during the long drive to the city the sun beat mercilessly down upon the surrounding glass and transmitted its scorching rays to my unprotected flesh with such potency that I could feel the blood pounding in angry protest.

The only point upon which I had shown real efficiency was when I took the precaution to dress for the evening so that I could go directly to the Country Club upon my return to Greenwich. Yet that I felt and looked like a superannuated chorus girl as I stepped out of the car in mid-afternoon was not exactly a comforting thought.

In the broadcasting room, which fortunately was air conditioned, Mr. Hanna and I went through the motions of a rehearsal but after two experiences that word will always represent to me utter futility.

In the broadcasting room, which fortunately was air conditioned, Mr. Hanna and I went through the motions of a rehearsal but after two experiences that word will always represent to me utter futility.

After a short while in walked Mr. Dwight Cooke, the master of ceremonies and in an outer room which was separated by a glass partition, assembled the two men who were to have charge of the controls, switching from city to city and back again to the studio.
The best way in which I can describe Mr. Cooke is that he is what is so often termed “a character” and a strangely fascinating one at that. He apologized for his casual hot weather attire which was a gallant but superfluous gesture for it suited perfectly his own casual personality.

In action, however, he was smooth, alert and clockwise in his direction of the program and his voice was admirably modulated. He was greatly interested in the statement of facts by the faraway speakers but statistics rather bored him and after delivering himself of side remarks that amused me no end would relapse into a resting period.

Meanwhile Mr. Hanna was rapidly taking notes on a pad of paper, using a type of printing that looked like huge hieroglyphics. These he kept strictly to himself and did not pass on to me. While the other three broadcasters read their prepared statements in ease and comfort, I should have been making notes myself instead of watching the amusing antics of Mr. Cooke.

Finally came my hour of trial, and young Hanna began to shoot questions at me with lightning rapidity. Now, in five and one-half minutes one barely has time to adjust one’s thinking cap, let alone searching one’s notes and formulating equally rapid answers. So in a split second I decided to abandon the script and say whatever entered my head, though I knew I was being anything but a perfect rebuttalist.

When it was over I arose limply and evidently there was something about my defeatest attitude that impelled the two men—they still being hale and hearty—to comment warmly upon the success of the program.

I shook my head sadly and muttered some unpleasant words about rebuttals, whereupon Mr. Cooke patted my sagging shoulder and said reassuringly: “Now you were all right for you injected some humor into your replies and were not cut and dried.”

“You are all wrong there,” said I, “for I am cut and dried to the very marrow of my bones.”

Then after cordial adieux, I pulled myself together and with what dignity I could muster on high heeled evening slippers, walked out of the studio and into the broiling sun, which at that moment was not too unwelcome.

The second experience came a month later. This time I was called on the telephone by a pleasant voiced man—Mr. Sulds by name—from Station WOR in New York City who asked me to participate in a radio program on the evening of August 19th on the selfsame subject of Federal Aid to Education.

Now I have a telephone complex in that the moment I place the receiver to my ear my wits and my hearing almost completely vanish. Most of the rash commitments I have made in my life were over the telephone, particularly when the call happened to be long distance.

So it was not until the next morning, when I received a letter of confirmation from Mr. Theodore Granik of Washington, did I realize with a sinking heart that I was to participate in the famed and far flung “American Forum of the Air.”

It was too late to retreat and all I could do from then on was to indulge in wishful thinking that the unexpected might happen, which it never does, of course, when you pray for it.

The line of procedure was quite different for each of the four speakers was told to submit ten questions or brief statements of fact to Mr. Sulds a week beforehand. Upon these would hinge the program of discussion at the round table.

We were bidden to a seven o’clock dinner at Hotel Astor in New York City, after which we were to rehearse and then proceed to the Longacre Theatre for the program. Except for the same devastating heat, that day was totally different in planning from that of July fifth. There were no pressing engagements—nothing that could interfere with leisurely contemplation and equally leisurely movements so I was not inhibited by events preceding or succeeding.

I was the first to arrive at Hotel Astor, then came Mr. Sulds and later drifted in one by one the other three participants and last but not least Mr. Theodore Granik, the master of ceremonies.

When we sat down at the table and I faced those five men I knew I had a tough assignment. Some of them were apparently well acquainted but I didn’t know a soul
so was floating around alone on an uncharted sea.

The opponents on the program were a well known Professor of Education, Teachers' College, Columbia University and an astute lawyer by profession and Vice President of the Public Education Association. My companion was Representative Ralph Gwinn of New York and a member of the House Education and Labor Committee.

While the rehearsal had its lighter moments, it was not what could be termed jocular for the opponents were tense and uncompromising from the beginning.

That attitude marked the Forum itself in Longacre Theatre and the controversy grew hotter and hotter, egged on by clever Mr. Granik. If a speaker paused for breath he would stick up a card in front of one of us, bearing some such command as "Interrupt with a contrary statement" or "Break in with a question." Occasionally he would read a provocative letter, either pro or con, that had been sent in and set us all off again.

Radio experts who conduct programs are very like clever newspaper reporters in their methods of interviewing. Their one idea is to trap the victim in a corner, apply the hot point and gleefully watch him try to extricate himself. The more he squirms, the happier is the interrogator. But one is bound to admire these merry hucksters for that is their job and most of them do it well. Mr. Granik certainly did.

The Columbia Professor would fix stern black eyes upon Representative Gwinn and me and in a biting tone of voice would propound personal questions that must have given the impression to the hearers that we were wretched little weasels. Occasionally I would become annoyed and bite back but Representative Gwinn was equal to any jibe and in my opinion he carried off the honors of the occasion.

He is on the rugged individual side with a soft drawling voice, which is a cross between Boston Back Bay and the Mississippi Delta, and a broad, engaging smile which he constantly applied. Therefore, he was a most irritating opponent and there were moments when if looks could have killed us we would both have been carried out on stretchers.

No one knows which side really won for that could be determined only by the consensus of opinion of the unseen listeners and they doubtless enjoyed the fun of the controversy and cared little about the facts which we used to substantiate our statements.

The summation of radio debates is that they are simply an endurance test. Yet a backward glance reveals my two as constituting a unique experience which I am glad to have had, regardless of results. Past tense and period.

We have all heard superstitious people make that timeworn remark that when two happenings of a similar nature occur, there is bound to be a third. But those are events over which one apparently has no control, which is quite different from self-immolation upon the altar of disquietude.

"You have seen but little of the soap-box orator in the past few years. Has it occurred to you what became of him? I will tell you. He took a bath, went to college, took a course in economics and sociology and now gracefully balances tea cups and macaroons in your living rooms and concurrently instills into the minds of your men and women friends his specious sophistries of peace at any old price, supernationalism and early, rosy Utopia.

"He is on your forums and lecture platforms where he fills the prehensile ears of his audiences with oracular pronouncements about the necessity for more government control.

"He is teaching in the public schools; and whether he teaches history, civics, geography or English—your boy listening to him for six months comes back to look upon you as an old antiquated fool because you venerate the deeds of our national heroes."

LT. COL. JOSEPH H. COLYER.
Following Through with National Defense
1947-1948

ROSALIND EWING MARTIN
(Mrs. Cyrus Griffin Martin)
National Chairman

IN these days of world adjustment it is a challenge to put on the printed page the program of a Committee, especially National Defense, for world events are changing constantly. At the beginning of this Chapter year of 1947-48 we presented the program of our Committee which is as expansive as the New World horizons and as far-reaching in scope. This program has had excellent distribution, having been sent to every Chapter Regent and Chapter Chairman of National Defense with the request and the hope that it will be widely disseminated at the Chapter meetings. We know every State and Chapter Chairman will do her utmost to assist members in the development of this program which emphasizes 7 basic points: 1—Educating for Good Citizenship; 2—Cooperation with Community; 3—Internal Defense; 4—Legislation; 5—Military Preparedness; and The Postwar Era forming; 6—The Nation’s Domestic policy and 7—The Nation’s Foreign Policy, including the 3 R’s of Postwar-Reconversion, Reconstruction, and Reorganization.

At the 56th Continental Congress 22 Resolutions in the field of National Defense were adopted by our National Society. The Resolutions form the policy of our National Society and guide us in our endeavors. We urge every D.A.R. member to familiarize herself with these Resolutions. It is imperative to have a thorough understanding of what our National Society approves and disapproves from the standpoint of National Defense. This knowledge is necessary if we are to meet the challenges and questions that come from other organizations and individuals outside of our Society, who do not comprehend our interpretation of “National Defense.”

For the past quarter of a century the interpretation given by the Society to the term “National Defense” has been National Defense for protection and security, not for aggression. This interpretation has been given again and again through our publication, NATIONAL DEFENSE NEWS. We believe in National Defense within and without the country. We are bringing it to your attention at the beginning of this year so we may all take the initial step together in developing esprit de corps in the promotion of a nation-wide program of National Defense.

Never has there been a time when we so needed unity of purpose, with apparent confusion rampant in the world at large. Clear thinking, comprehensive understanding, and the far-look for the security of the Nation should be the purposeful endeavor of every citizen of our land. For the past quarter of a century, military preparedness and the national security which are only obtained through this adequacy have been one of our main objectives.

Being prepared for emergencies which may come in the future does not preclude a desire for a just peace in our time. We who have studied the history of the past with its record of heroic sacrifice in the lives of young men, feel we can best avoid similar catastrophes by adequate military training of our youth and a program which will make them realize their obligation to the land which gives them opportunities of citizenship available in no other country on earth. All of our Statesmen and leaders who have had experience and know the background of international relations insist that we must keep America strong.

The National Defense Committee has literature which gives a graphic picture of the needs for universal military training. In early October, at an address at the University of West Virginia, General Eisenhower stated:

“America has today as sharp a need for Minute Men as she did in 1775. Human dignity, economic freedom, individual re-
responsibility—these are the characteristics that distinguish democracy from all other forms devised by man. This democratic system, this capitalistic system, has given to our people the highest standard of living this world has ever known and has made of this nation a force for justice and peace.

"Should ever we permit aggression from without to reach us in overwhelming force, if we ourselves should tamper with its foundations, all this world would be lost. If we engage in the ill-conceived experiments of the past or weaken them under transient pressures, we shall jeopardize the one way of life that has proved able to provide the maximum of human liberty with the maximum of common good."

Because of the major part America had in the recent global conflict bringing victory to achievement, we find ourselves faced with the responsibility of keeping our forces all over the world. This requires men in service. There are many avenues of service which Chapter members can give in the recruiting plan which is established in every State.

Closely allied with the subject of military preparedness is legislation, another one of the main divisions of our program of work. Resolutions are adopted at each Continental Congress on the legislative principles which we approve or disapprove. Again we urge every member to be fully informed on the legislative program and to follow the proceedings of Congress.

Important among these measures are bills dealing with immigration and naturalization. Hundreds of bills are introduced in Congress covering these important topics. The D.A.R. has pursued a consistent policy of urging that high standards be maintained in these fields.

We do not believe in lowering these standards by passage of such bills as H. R. 113, which would give citizenship to three and one-half million people who would not be required to speak the English language, sign their declaration in their own handwriting or meet any educational requirements. Think of giving the right of franchise to those who could not read or write.

The National Society supports the program which has been so vigorously pressed by the American Legion and V. F. W. that the floodgates of immigration should not be opened, while thousands of veterans are without housing facilities or employment.

In studying this measure, H. R. 2910, our Society is cognizant of the humanitarian appeal from abroad but we are fully aware of the humanitarian efforts for the security of our nation.

Throughout the history of this Committee emphasis has been focused upon our program of good citizenship and education. The latter applies to youth and adults. Many Chapters have cooperated in the program of American Education Week. Another channel of cooperation with schools has been through the Good Citizenship Medal Project which has functioned under the program of National Defense for the past 13 years. Thousands of these medals have been presented by D.A.R. Chapters to the boys and girls who meet the requirements of this project.

Urging accurate teaching of the American Way of Life with emphasis upon our history and its achievement and also emphasis upon the fundamental principles of our constitutional government is ever a goal. Chapters have been alert in the checking of textbooks advocating a philosophy contrary to the American Way of Life.

Through our National D.A.R. magazine, articles will appear on the subversive activities and the need of our members being cognizant of such groups infiltrating into their communities. We are aware that those groups have entered our educational system in the past and at present we find groups on high schools and college campuses promoting the theories of world government.

Looking over this field of current topics and the present situation and the problems involving the American Way of Life, we who were working for National Defense at the end of World War I recognize again these subtle approaches for changes in government, national and international.

Since 1940 our National Society has adopted resolutions at Continental Congresses opposing the formation of a superstate or world government. At the 56th Continental Congress the resolution on this topic was entitled, "World Organization vs. World Government." Our members should study this resolution which emphasizes the distinction between the terms, World Organization and World Government.

By resolutions we have declared our support of the principle of World Organization
through the cooperation of all nations but we oppose World Government, which would do away with National Sovereignty.

In supporting World Organization we believe this can be achieved under the Charter of the United Nations. We recognize it as the machinery for maintaining (not establishing) the peace and believe the Charter should be given a fair trial. The advocates of World Government, as their literature shows, want to amend the Charter now, which would bring about radical changes in the world program for peace.

One of the groups advocating World Government is composed of those presenting the psychology of fear, emphasizing the consequences resulting from the use of the atomic bomb. Building up this fear psychology, they state world government is the only answer. Statesmen with authority in our country have denied this.

Those in our land who believe thoroughly in the advantages of a constitutional government as the Republic of the United States, should voice their opinions on these philosophies of government. Especially should it be brought to the attention of those presenting world government as the means of peace. Our youth should know these differences. Our Society believes in a peace that will last longer than a quarter of a century but we do not believe World Government is the answer.

Peace and preparedness are established features of our program of National Defense. Peace and preparedness, as shown in the symbolism of the Great Seal of the United States, form the perfect balance. We are looking to you as leaders in your State to stop the spread of this theory of government contrary in thought to the American Way of life.

THE BILL OF RIGHTS
1791–1947

Built by Jefferson—
Invulnerable, enduring document,
Listing for all time American
Liberties against tyranny.

Oh! Let us be thankful!
Fervent, consecrated, vigilant!

Revere it.
Invoke it.
Guard it.
Honor it.
Treasure it.
Sacrifice for it.

MARY HUME RICHARDSON.
In Memoriam

ANNE ROGERS MINOR

It is with deep and sincere sorrow that we record the passing of Mrs. George Maynard Minor, Honorary President General, on October 24th at her home in Waterford, Connecticut.

Most of her life was devoted to welfare work for women and children and she was honored in New England by many state and civic appointments. Being an artist of note and of great merit, she was a member of the Connecticut Academy of Fine Arts and of the American Academy of Political and Social Science. She also belonged to most of the leading patriotic societies.

But Mrs. Minor was most widely known for her activities in the Daughters of the American Revolution and therein lay her greatest heart interest. In her state she held numerous and continuous offices, finally reaching the highest, that of State Regent. Nationally she served as Vice President General and as Chairman of the D. A. R. Magazine for three years.

In 1920 she became an unopposed President General, serving until 1923. Hers was one of the most outstanding administrations in the history of the Society and no woman in her position was ever more universally loved.

She brought to her office ability, dignity and graciousness, kindliness of spirit and a keen sense of justice. Because of those endearing qualities she continued to retain her leadership as long as her health permitted her to remain active.

As a friend and companion many will love to remember Anne Rogers Minor as gay and happy with humorous whimsies and the rare gift of grasping the joyous things of life and of using them to the utmost for herself and for others.

Just as she would have chosen, she left quietly in the twilight only to awaken in the dawn of a better day.
YOUR Treasurer General and her Staff send Season’s Greetings. Our best wishes go to you for good health, prosperity, and much happiness through the years.

We are a very harmonious group in this office and have adopted a slogan for our use. True, it is only one word, but it is a powerful word, when it is used—COOPERATION. We are trying it, won’t you?

As many of you know, no Treasurer General can answer all mail coming into the office. She must have assistance. I feel I am particularly fortunate in my twelve assistants. Our department is composed of four sunny rooms—the Treasurer General’s office, the Bookkeeping office, the assistant Bookkeeper’s office, and the Record Room.

Since many of you are not privileged to know the members of my Staff, I wish to introduce them to you. We will start with Miss Eva Bright, (known to all as “Brightie”), who has been with us thirty-seven years. “Brightie” is in the Record room and when the Regents and Treasurers of “North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Canal Zone, Pennsylvania, Philippine Islands, Puerto Rico, and Rhode Island” send in reports and ask for information, it is “Brightie” who takes care of their problems. She has worked in the Record room since Mrs. Lulu R. Hoover of Washington, D.C. was Treasurer General. I can assure you she knows her work.

Miss Edna Baden, the assistant Bookkeeper, has been in the Bookkeeping department thirty years and is a member-At-Large of the Society. It is Miss Baden who checks the State Treasurers’ reports and makes out the vouchers to the schools and
committees each month. It was Miss Baden who took care of all the contributions to Constitution Hall when it was being built. At the end of each day, it is she who balances all cash and makes all deposit slips for the bank.

Mrs. Jeannette Jackson is in charge of the Record room. She has been with us twenty-nine years, coming to us as a mere child at the age of fourteen. She not only supervises the work in the Record room, but handles all correspondence of the following regarding membership, “Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, China, Colorado, Connecticut, Cuba, Delaware, and the District of Columbia”. Jeannette is a member of the Noble Wymane Jones Chapter of Shellman, Georgia. She has a wonderful sense of humor and a tremendous amount of energy packed into five feet. During the war when our Congress had to travel about, Jeannette was out sight-seeing at 6 A. M. but never late to Congress. She even found time to have a swim in Atlantic City.

Mrs. Nellie Dietz has been with us twenty-six years. For the past twenty years the entire Staff has tried to get Nellie fat but now has come to the conclusion that Nellie was intended to be slim. She is a member of the De Soto Chapter of Tampa, Florida. She takes care of the records of “Florida, Georgia, Hawaiian Islands, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, England, France, Germany, and Italy”. She is always willing to help out in every way, never complains and can always see the funny side of the most trying situations. She is well known to the members of the Resolutions Committee.

Miss Anna Price is our Chief Accountant and while she has been with us only seven years, she has a thorough knowledge of the work of our office in all departments. During the war she strayed away from us—joined the Red Cross and worked in Hawaii, but even there they found out her ability as an accountant. Upon her return last year, really before she had resigned from the Red Cross, on a casual visit to renew old acquaintances, we seized her and convinced her that D. A. R. accounts are far more interesting than Red Cross accounts. I fear Anna thinks figures are just figures no matter where they are but she surely can make them fall in line.

Miss Lila Alexander is our Tamassee graduate. Lila has been with us two years and we are very proud of her. She is in the Record room and corresponds with “Kentucky, Louisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, and Minnesota”, concerning their membership problems.

We have several in our one year group who are taking hold in a splendid manner—Miss Jean Louise Proetsch handling the membership of “South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont, Virginia, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin, and Wyoming”, Miss Theda Thomas taking care of “Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, and New Hampshire”, both in the Record room and Mrs. Rubye Hopgood, assistant to Miss Price in the Bookkeeping room.

Among our newcomers, we have little Jean Vincent, whose mother has been in the Registrar General’s office for nineteen years. Jean is in the Record room—came to us last February as soon as she graduated from High School. She did the June 1 membership reports for her states, “New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, and North Carolina”, without much help. We look upon her as one of our children and are so proud of her. Our other members are very new, joining us only last August; Miss Helen Kirk, stenographer and Miss Edith Rodier. Both are in the Bookkeeping room and learning the work very rapidly.

Visitors and money are always welcome in our department. Come in and see us but don’t forget to keep the dollars rolling. Late statistics show the dollar is worth only fifty cents but we can give you your money’s worth—half in material value but a big half in the happiness one has in helping those less fortunate.

MABEL T. RHODES.
Committee Reports

D. A. R. Manual for Citizenship Committee

WE, as Americans have a great responsibility as to the obligations and duties of citizenship in these days of unrest. It is a challenge to our work.

Every member of the Society can have a part in the broad service of the D. A. R. Manual for Citizenship Committee. American citizenship through education. What better way to teach loyalty to our government for America’s present and future generations?

The Manual continues each year in its usefulness to prospective citizens. It is our basic text book in Americanism. We can teach true Americanism through the distribution of the Manual not only with the foreign born but with all groups who need information and instruction to become loyal American citizens.

The basic purpose of the Manual is to make available such information as is necessary or helpful to the foreign born who wish through the medium of naturalization to become citizens of the United States. The Manual is published in English and sixteen languages. It contains the Declaration of Independence; the Preamble to the Constitution; how to Become an American Citizen and other important information. It is used in teaching foreign born and all groups vital laws and principles giving them a keener realization of American institutions, ideals, privileges and duties in our Republic. Cooperate with the Americanism committee in the reduction of illiteracy. In these days of reconstruction the success of the peace depends on the American people of the United States. Let every American child be trained in American citizenship whether he be foreign or native born.

BARBARA W. HEYWOOD
(Mrs. Roy E. Heywood),
National Chairman.

Conservation Committee

The National Tribute Grove

THERE is no more beautiful or worthwhile project than the National Tribute Grove and I rejoiced when our gracious President General and the National Board continued it as a main national objective.

I have just come from a trip up the Redwood Highway and through a portion of the National Tribute Grove. I wish that every Daughter throughout our United States might have the joy of seeing those glorious trees because then she would certainly consider it a wonderful privilege to save them forever.

There are no forests of such size and beauty left anywhere else on earth. In the long past geologic age known as the Tertiary, great forests of redwoods flourished in many parts of the world but today there are only two living species of redwoods extant—the Sequoia gigantea which are found in the Sierra Nevada mountains of California—and the Sequoia sempervirens, the species to which the National Tribute Grove trees belong, which grow along the coast of northern California and southwestern Oregon. There are three small groves in Oregon; the others are situated in California. The Sequoia sempervirens or Coast Redwood reaches its greatest development in the extreme northern part of California, especially on the bottom lands of the Eel River and the Mill Creek-Smith River region where our Grove is located. California is called the last stand of the redwoods but never think of them as a local possession—they are a national glory and the greatest living wonder of the natural world. Once gone, they can never be replaced.

And they are in danger of the sawmill because of greatly accelerated economic demands. One of the most active organizations in preserving these giants is the Save-the-Redwoods League, guardian of the California forests. The League is especially interested in saving the Mill Creek...
redwoods in Del Norte County. The Mill Creek Redwoods State Park comprises about 8,400 acres of magnificent trees, of which the National Tribute Grove is the main part, consisting of more than 5,000 acres. The heart of the Tribute Grove contains about 1,500 acres, divided into 5 parcels. Four of these parcels have already been paid for through the Save-the-Redwoods League. The last and perhaps the finest parcel contains 500 acres and our Society has been given the honor of saving this unit. The cost of these 500 acres is about $52,200 but the Daughters need contribute only half the amount or $26,100, for the State of California will match our donations dollar for dollar. (The value of this parcel at present prices far exceeds this amount.) The whole area will be maintained in perpetuity by the State and there will be no extra expense whatsoever. We must complete the purchase this D.A.R. year before the option expires.

The D.A.R. unit of the National Tribute Grove is traversed by the main highway between California and Oregon and is seen by everyone. It is unbelievably beautiful. It is primitive forest untouched by man. Mr. Aubrey Drury, the administrative secretary of the Save-the-Redwoods League, told me that some of the acres in the Mill Creek region are the most heavily timbered area in the world and produce more vegetable growth than any other acreage on earth. Some of these tall giants lift their green crowns 350 feet above the ferns at their roots. A few of these patriarchs are 2,000 years old. They were young when Christ was born and they have stood straight and strong through all the years that marked the fall of the Roman Empire, the development of the European nations, the discovery of America and the spreading of our country's territory to the West, until their existence is now threatened.

The lovely idea behind this National Tribute Grove of *Sequoia sempervirens* is that it should be a living memorial to those men and women who served in our armed forces in World War II. It is in honor of those who still live, as well as those who gave their lives for our country. Our parcel of the Grove will be purchased by voluntary individual donations by members of our Society who wish to honor those dear to them who served in this last war.

But, of course, any donation, whether it honors any specific person or not, will be appropriate. The names of the servicemen and women so honored will be preserved in the Golden Book of the Grove and I have been told that the Indians who served will be commemorated among others. This is most fitting, because *Sequoia* is an Indian name, given in tribute to a notable half-breed Cherokee Indian, who devised a phonetic alphabet of 26 letters and so enabled the Cherokees to learn to read and write—*Sempervirens* means everliving, a most suitable description of the great trees that in their existence through many centuries more nearly symbolize eternity than

*(Concluded on page 601)*
State Meetings

THE annual fall meeting of the Maine Society, Daughters of the American Revolution was held at Skowhegan, Maine, Wednesday Sept. 24, 1947, by invitation of the Eunice Farnsworth Chapter of Skowhegan and Margaret Goff Moore Chapter of Madison.

The morning meeting was called to order at the Federated Church at 10:30 o'clock. Before the meeting each National and State Officer and honored guest was presented with a miniature Colonial bouquet from the Hostess chapters.

The program was as follows:

- Entrance March—March of the Noble—Mrs. Edward B. Weston, organist.
- Entrance, State Regent—National and State Officers, Honorary State Regents, Ex-Vice Presidents General, National Chairmen, Regents, Hostess Chapters, Guests who were escorted by four pages who acted as color bearers, Mrs. Elizabeth H. Savage and Mrs. Edith Y. Carpenter of Skowhegan and Mrs. Hazel Humphreys and Mrs. Beth Wallace of Madison.
- The Call to Order was given by the State Regent, Mrs. Roy Edwin Heywood.
- Invocation, Mrs. Howard R. Houston, State Chaplain; The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag by the Assemblage led by Mrs. Thaxter W. Small, State Chairman, Correct Use of the Flag Committee.
- The National Anthem was sung by the assemblage led by Mrs. H. Chesterfield Marden, State Chairman, Advancement of American Music Committee.
- Greetings, Mrs. Rodney C. Walker, Regent, Margaret Goff Moore Chapter.
- Welcome, Mrs. Arthur R. Jewett, Regent, Eunice Farnsworth Chapter.
- Greetings from the Town of Skowhegan, Mr. Benjamin W. Ela, Town Manager; Response, Mrs. James B. Perkins, State Vice Regent.
- Presentation of National Officers and Guests: Mrs. Leroy F. Hussey, Vice President General, N. S. D. A. R.; Mrs. David W. Anderson, State Regent, New Hampshire D. A. R.; Miss Laura Carpenter, Vice President General, N. S. C. A. R.

Introduction of eight honorary State Regents.

This was followed by an outline of the year's work by the National chairmen, National vice chairmen, State officers and State Chairmen.

The State Regent's report revealed the fiftieth anniversary of the Maine Society D. A. R. in 1948 and she stressed the extensive preparations being made for this occasion which will be held in Portland in March, 1948.

One hundred and seventy-five members enjoyed a delightful luncheon served at 12:30 o'clock at the church which had been artistically arranged with beautiful floral decorations.

The afternoon meeting was called to order by the State Regent at 1:45 o'clock with the American's Creed being given by the Assemblage.

Mrs. Leon P. Shepherd, formerly of Skowhegan, sang two solos—"House by the Side of the Road," (words by Sam Foss, music by Gulesian) and "Song of the New Dawn", (O'Hara) and was called back for an encore.

Thomas Clarke, Chief of Special Services, Veterans' Administration Center, Togus, Maine, gave an inspiring address and explained how the D. A. R. as well as other organizations could best serve on programs for the Veterans. He urged groups to ascertain what was needed at Togus hospital before making purchases for donations and also expressed his appreciation to the D. A. R. for the contributions of a sono-vision machine and canteen cart which have proved so helpful to the Veterans.

Three-minute talks by State Chairmen outlined the year's work. Several important resolutions were accepted, presented by the resolutions committee, Mrs. La Vern K. Foster and Mrs. Marcia R. Binford, chairman.

The report of the registration committee showed 26 Chapters represented; 20 regents, 9 State Officers, 2 National Officers, 8 honorary State Regents and one out-of-state officer. Total attendance 235.

The D. A. R. Song, written by two members of the Silence Howard Hayden Chapter, Waterville, Mrs. H. C. Marden, music and Mrs. H. Burpee, Larsen (Mrs.
Otto N. Larsen) words, was sung by Mrs. Marden, Mrs. Errol Taylor and Mrs. John Stobie, accompanied by Mrs. Weston.

Following the afternoon session the members were invited to a tea honoring Mrs. Roy E. Heywood, State Regent and distinguished guests at the home of Mrs. Edward Merrill, Madison Avenue. This was an outstanding occasion with around 100 attending. Many attended the “History House” on Elm Street and paused for an hour to enjoy the atmosphere of yesteryears at this quaint little red brick house, set in a jeweled garden of flowers, with its century-old furnishings and interesting museum collections.

The Col. Asa Whitcomb Chapter, Kingsfield, won the Junior Membership prize of ten dollars. It was presented to Mrs. Emil E. Winter, regent of that chapter.

Mrs. Otto N. Larsen, State Recording Secretary.

NORTH CAROLINA

MEETINGS of the eight districts of the North Carolina Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, were held successfully in various parts of the state during the last week of September and the first week of October. A large attendance of State officers, State chairmen and district members was reported for every gathering. At each meeting Miss Gertrude S. Carraway of New Bern, State Regent, spoke on “The D. A. R. Role in Americanism.”

District 1 met Saturday morning, September 27, in the school auditorium at Old Fort. Mrs. S. H. Bushnell, District Director, presided. Mrs. S. F. Mauney of the Greenlee Chapter was Hostess Regent. About 90 Daughters were present. Mrs. J. F. Jonas of Marion was elected District Director; with Miss Ruth M. Greenlee of Old Fort, Vice Director; Miss Bonnie M. Hill of Marion, Secretary-Treasurer; and Mrs. M. O. Jackson of Asheville, Historian. Marion was selected for the next meeting. A delightful luncheon followed the business meeting.

District 2 held its meeting Friday morning, September 26, in the First Presbyterian Church at Lenoir, with Mrs. Lina H. Robinson of Granite Falls, District Director, in charge. Mrs. Lula Gwyn Foard, Regent of the Col. Ninian Beall Chapter, was Hostess Regent. Mrs. Robinson was reelected Director; Mrs. S. C. Nowell of Hickory, Vice Director; Mrs. Russell G. Hodges of North Wilkesboro, Secretary-Treasurer; and Miss Lucy Finley of North Wilkesboro, Historian. An elaborate luncheon followed at the Carlheim Hotel. The next meeting will be at North Wilkesboro.

The Third District was entertained at Charlotte in the Mint Museum Wednesday afternoon, September 24. Mrs. R. P. Siler, of Gastonia, District Director, presided and was reelected. Mrs. J. S. Norman of Kings Mountain was reelected Vice Director. Mrs. J. H. Summerville of Charlotte was named Secretary-Treasurer. Gastonia will entertain the next meeting. A lovely tea was a social feature. Mrs. Emmet H. Steger, Chairman of the Charlotte Central D. A. R. Council, was chief hostess.

The General Henry William Harrington Chapter entertained the Fourth District at Rockingham in the First Methodist Church on Tuesday afternoon, September 23. Mrs. W. A. Biggs, Hostess Regent, presented Mrs. R. K. Stewart of High Point, District Director. Officers were reelected: Mrs. Stewart, Director; Mrs. Roy Davis of Concord, Vice Director; Mrs. Olin Sikes of Monroe, Secretary-Treasurer; and Mrs. G. D. B. Reynolds of Albemarle, Historian. The next meeting will be at Southern Pines. After the business there was a lovely tea.

On Thursday afternoon, September 25, the Elizabeth Maxwell Steele Chapter, Mrs. Jack Snyder Regent, entertained the Fifth District in the Episcopal Parish House. Mrs. R. L. Wall of Winston-Salem, District Director, presided and was reelected. Mrs. D. L. Donnell of Oak Ridge was renamed Vice Director; with Mrs. Carlos T. Cooper of Clemmons, Secretary-Treasurer. A charming tea was held in the church social room. The next meeting will be at Kernersville.

District Six held its annual gathering with the Old Bute Chapter at Henderson on Tuesday afternoon, September 30, in the First Methodist Church. Mrs. E. R. Austin, Hostess Regent, opened the meeting and presented Mrs. A. W. Hoffman of Raleigh, District Director. All officers were reelected: Mrs. Hoffman; Mrs. J. M. Williams of Chapel Hill, Vice Director; and Mrs. O. M. McKaughan of Wake Forest, Secretary-Treasurer. Oxford invited the mem-
bers to meet there next year. A delightful tea featured the social hour.

The Seventh District met Friday, October 3, in the First Presbyterian Church at Whiteville as guests of the Major General Robert Howe Chapter, Mrs. C. Bion Sears Regent. Mrs. Earl Westbrook of Dunn, District Director, presided. Mrs. W. M. Boice of Whiteville was elected the new Director; with Mrs. Lillian Russell Ray of Hubert, Vice Director; Mrs. J. K. Powell of Whiteville, Secretary-Treasurer; and Mrs. L. Clayton Grant of Wilmington, Historian. A beautiful luncheon was given in the nearby Whiteville armory. Dunn was selected for next year's meeting.

District Eight held its meeting Wednesday, October 1, at the Woman's Club in Wilson, with the Thomas Hadley Chapter, Miss Clyde Deans Regent, as Hostess. Mrs. Frank Benton of Wilson, District Director, presided. Hookerton was chosen for the 1948 meeting. Miss Payne Sugg of Hookerton was elected District Director; Mrs. J. W. Parker of Farmville, Vice Director; Mrs. F. W. Carroll of Hookerton, Secretary-Treasurer; and Mrs. E. Y. Lovelace of Macclesfield, Historian. After the meeting there was a lovely luncheon.

GERTRUDE S. CARRAWAY, State Regent.

CALIFORNIA

THE Junior members of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Southern California sponsored a benefit fashion tea featuring Don Blanding as guest speaker and Don Ricardo's orchestra and other entertainment features on Saturday afternoon, October 18, at 2:15 at the Friday Morning Club, 940 S. Figueroa Street, Los Angeles. The proceeds went toward the building fund of Neighborhood Center in the Boyle Heights district of Los Angeles which has been a D. A. R. State project for many years.

The fashion show was given by Hagarty's of Los Angeles and Beverly Hills. Don Blanding, America's famous Vagabond Poet, spoke, Don Ricardo and his orchestra played and Colors and Guard were furnished by the United States Navy. The invocation was given by the Rev. Jonathan Hachstatter, Minister of the Church of Youth at the First Congregational Church of Los Angeles, and Mr. Roderick Wilkes from the First Methodist Church in Hollywood was guest soloist. Refreshments were furnished by local food companies interested in philanthropy.

Miss Laura V. Wood, State Chairman of Junior Membership, was in charge of the tea. Hostesses assisting in the entertainment were from the D. A. R. Junior Chapters of Cabrillo, Los Angeles, Pasadena, General Richard Gridley, Eschscholtzia, and Hollywood.

MRS. RICHARD H. COWDREY, Press Chairman.

CONNECTICUT

IN the beautiful old town of Simsbury and in ideal surroundings the Connecticut Daughters of the American Revolution held their Fifty-Fourth State Meeting by invitation of the Abigail Phelps Chapter, in Eno Memorial Hall on Tuesday, September 30th, 1947.

The morning session was opened at 11 o'clock with Mrs. Arthur Beecher Iffland, State Regent, presiding.

The invocation was given by Rev. William B. Nicolas, Pastor First Church of Christ, the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag by the audience led by Mrs. Eugene Schutz, State Chairman, Correct Use of the Flag and the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner" by the assembly.

Welcome from the Town of Simsbury was extended by Elbert H. Curtiss, First Selectman and from the Hostess Chapter by Mrs. Henry J. James, Regent, to which Mrs. Iffland responded most graciously.

Greetings were brought by Mrs. Grace L. H. Brossseau and Mrs. Russell William Magna, both Honorary Presidents General; by Miss Emeline A. Street, Past Curator General and by Miss Mary Charissa Welch, Past Vice-President General from Connecticut.

The first address of the morning was given by Dr. William Gellerman, President of American International College, who told of the fine things being accomplished at the College because of the establishing of the Eva V. Matoon Bissell and Cynthia Barney Buel Fund by the Connecticut Daughters of the American Revolution, the
interest of which goes toward the teaching of American Government.

The music of the morning consisted of soprano solos rendered by Miss Helen Dant-rich with Miss Madeline Buel as accompanist.

Mrs. Charles B. Gilbert, Past National President of the American Legion Auxiliary, gave a stirring address on the "U. N. and You" emphasizing the important part each individual may have in the U. N.

At this time greetings were brought from Berea College by Mr. R. B. Drukker.

After singing "America, the Beautiful" recess was taken for lunch and the afternoon session opened at 2 o'clock with the singing of the "Connecticut State Song" by the audience.

Other guests at the State Meeting were Miss Edla S. Gibson, National Chairman Approved Schools; Mrs. LeRoy F. Hussey, Vice-President General from Maine; Mrs. Herbert E. McQuesten, Vice-President General from Massachusetts; Miss Katharine Matthies, Third Vice-President General and Mrs. Kenneth T. Trewhella, State Vice-Regent of Connecticut, all of whom gave greetings.

Violin solos by Miss Stella Gorse accompanied by Mrs. Lawrence Stanley were much enjoyed.

Connecticut was honored by having the President General of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, present and she told of the many branches of work in the Society and suggested that, with a little extra effort, each Chapter might enlarge the scope of their activities.

After the singing of "America" and the Recessional a reception and tea was given in honor of National and State Officers in the Abigail Phelps Chapter Room, thus bringing to an end a most enjoyable occasion.

IDA I. POOLEY,
State Recording Secretary.

Conservation Committee
(Continued from page 597)

anything else on earth. We are forever grateful to those who saved American freedom and the American way of life. When saved, these trees will represent "eternal gratitude, eternally expressed."

Mrs. Charles F. Lambert, State Regent of California, 1944-1946, conceived the idea of having each California Daughter contribute in honor of relatives serving in this war and $3,000 was collected. After this Grove was made a national project, Mrs. Nathan Patterson, my able predecessor as National Chairman of Conservation, carried on the work of collecting all over the country. About $7,000 has been donated, leaving around $19,000 still to be given. It is a definite obligation upon us all to meet this sum, as our President General said in the last issue of the D.A.R. Magazine. It is unthinkable that we should fail. The heart of this Grove, called the D.A.R. parcel, must be preserved. How dreadful it would be for other organizations to be obliged to come to our rescue because we could not complete the sum within the time of the option on this parcel! Each chapter in our Society should contribute all that the individual members are able to give. If we more than go over the top, how wonderful it will be to save more of these giants! At the present rate of cutting it is estimated that in those areas that are not included in State or National Parks the trees will be gone in another 50 years.

Our Daughters raised over $135,000 for the Memorial Bell Tower of the George Washington Chapel at Valley Forge. This year we are asked to contribute a sum adequate to save from destruction these trees that are the pillars of one of God's cathedrals, for "the groves were God's first temples."

In the troubled upheaval of these chaotic times these trees typify enduring strength and peace and, in seeking the sanctuary of their quiet cathedral aisles, we and the generations that come after us need their restful influence on the soul of man. They are majestic beauty itself and the gratitude they represent toward the men and women who preserved America is no less beautiful. What a privilege it is for each of us to have a small part in the saving of this Grove! We Daughters have always met every challenge. We will not fail this latest trust.

ESTELLE PORTER CHRISTIN,
National Chairman.
TREASURES OF OUR MUSEUM
EARLY BLOWN GLASS

BY EDNA L. HAYDOCK
Ex-State Chairman D. A. R. Museum Committee, New Jersey

THE Wisturbation Glass House of South Jersey operated continuously by Caspar Wistar and his son, Richard, from 1739 to 1780, continued glass blowing until 1791, even though hard hit by the Revolutionary War.

The first colors used in South Jersey Glass were a smoky brown, dull green, dark amber and a dull lovely blue. The amber and blue gradually became clearer in tone and a clearer green, rose and red were added.

The sugar bowl illustrated is South Jersey type, in beautiful cobalt blue, purchased from Mr. George McKearin, a rare piece in his collection for twenty years. A typical South Jersey piece, it was purchased from the Early South Jersey Glass Fund, contributed by New Jersey Daughters and Chapters, wishing to assist in placing in the Museum a few rare examples of New Jersey's early blown glass industries.

The lid of the sugar bowl was missing and Mr. McKearin matched it with an early blown witch ball, which exactly fits it, for a cover. These witch balls, while they primarily were used to hang in a window to catch the sunshine and keep away evil spirits, were also blown to match pitchers and used as covers, to keep the flies out. It forms a fine domed top for the sugar bowl similar to the domed lid it originally had. Had the lid been available, it would probably have brought five hundred dollars in the current market.

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In the field of early glass, the historic background is often as fascinating as the piece itself. The lovely cobalt blue pitcher illustrated, was purchased by the donor from the estate of an old gentleman near Valley Forge, whose grandfather had been a staff doctor of the old Pennsylvania Hospital in Philadelphia, organized in 1752. One of the first hospitals instituted in the new world, it was supported by free will contributions of public minded citizens and gave an outstanding service to rich and poor alike, from this early day to the present. Three blue glass pitchers used in this hospital had come down from this staff doctor to his grandson long years ago and were sold in settling the estate. This is one purchased by the donor for the Museum.

This pitcher is similar to ones blown in the Pittsburg Glass Works, which operated continuously from 1797-1886, it is somewhat similar in color to the South Jersey type sugar bowl and has a clear glass applied handle. The McKearin book "American Glass," records "The Pittsburg Glass Works sold window glass, apothecary shop furniture and other hollow-ware advertised in the Pittsburg Gazette May 29, 1800." These pitchers were probably supplies ordered for hospital use early in the 19th century.

These lovely pieces are rare additions to the Museum's early glass collection, as they catch the light and illuminate the surrounding pieces of clear and green glass, as the sun comes through the lovely palladian windows of our Museum and are an education in the creative ability of our early artists in glass making.

Illustration Note: cobalt blue sugar bowl, witch ball lid, cobalt blue pitcher.
Chapter Activities

CATHERINE SCHUYLER CHAPTER (Belmont, N. Y.). The fiftieth anniversary of the founding on June 15, 1897, of the Catherine Schuyler Chapter of Allegany County was celebrated in Ward Hall, Belmont, N. Y., Thursday, June 26, 1947.

It was fitting that the exercises of the day were held there because it was in Belmont that the chapter first came into being, also it was there that the 25th anniversary was observed. Another reason for holding the observance there was that Belmont was the home of Mrs. Hamilton Ward, deceased, organization regent in office from 1897 until 1912.

The visitors for the day were entertained at a luncheon in Ward Hall dining room, prepared by the Belmont Presbyterian Church ladies, at tables appropriately decorated with yellow roses and primroses. Hostesses were Belmont and Friendship members.

The celebration was honored by the presence of two New York officials, State Regent Mrs. James Grant Park of Bronxville and State Vice Regent Miss Thelma L. Brown of Olean. Another guest of honor was the Right Reverend John C. Ward of Buffalo, a former bishop of the Erie, Pa., diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church, a son of Mrs. Hamilton Ward, the organizing regent.

Mrs. Walter F. Sibley of Cuba, N. Y., regent of the celebrating chapter, introduced the state officers and Bishop Ward, who expressed great pleasure in being there and presented the chapter with a framed certificate issued by the National Society to his mother, Mrs. Mary Adelia Ward, on February 8, 1897. He praised the Daughters for their emphasis on faith in God and for upholding the spirit of self-sacrifice and giving by the people of the Nation, a spirit which is necessary if worthwhile things are to endure. He noted the religious spirit of the Nation’s founders, and said the people of this land are a much more cosmopolitan group than were the early founders and he urged the need of our land and the world for spiritual ideals, pleading that they be upheld. He deplored the growing intemperance and gambling of the present day.

Past regents present related some amusing experiences in attending meetings of the organization.

Greetings from Olean Chapter were presented by their regent, Miss Julia C. Pierce and from Canistio Valley Chapter of Hornell by their regent, Mrs. Francis McGuire.

Year books with cover appropriately printed in gold were distributed by Mrs. Floyd Sortone of Belmont, Chairman for the year.

MRS. ERNEST VAN DUSEN, Historian.

CHEVY CHASE CHAPTER (Chevy Chase, Md.). The Chevy Chase Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution which was organized in February, 1943, has the honor of having among its 35 active members a National Chairman of National Committee—Mrs. Jesse W. Nicholson, past Regent of the Chapter, who is chairman of the Reviewing committee of the Filing and Lending Bureau; two State Chairmen of National Committees, Mrs. Walter B. McEachern, Genealogical Records and Mrs. Robert J. Boyd, National Defense. State Chairman of State Committee Miss Byrd Belt, founder of the Chapter and chairman of the Maryland Room in Memorial Continental Hall; member of State Scholarships Committee, Mrs. William B. Ingersoll, first Regent; and State Chairman of Special Committee, Mrs. William B. Ingersoll, resolutions.

Since the Chapter became one of the participating agencies of the Montgomery County Thrift Shop two years ago, it has realized $3,780 which has been spent in the county for educational and welfare work. Playground equipment, cafeterias, recreation rooms and libraries are a few of the projects in the rural white and colored schools, in addition to flags and medals at graduation time. Gifts to the two hospitals in the county, the upkeep of a room in the Suburban Hospital, at Bethesda, Md., named for the present Regent of the Chapter, Mrs. Alexander M. Ashley; U. S. O. suppers, cookies each week and aid to the Camp and Hospital Fund of the Red Cross.

MRS. ROGER J. WHITFORD, D. A. R. Publicity.
TARRYTOWN CHAPTER (Tarrytown, N. Y.). D. A. R. Takes Part in United Nations Week Celebration, Tarrytown, New York. Fifty thousand persons lined the streets of Tarrytown, New York, on September 20, 1947, to see the two-hour parade at the close of that City’s unprecedented United Nations Week Celebration.

FLOAT PRESENTED BY TARRYTOWN CHAPTER IN THE PARADE DURING UNITED NATIONS WEEK CELEBRATION IN TARRYTOWN, NEW YORK.

Twenty-eight floats and over 50 bands dotted the line of march to the ceremonies at the Washington Irving High School Stadium where a preparedness note was sounded by two of America’s leading military figures, General Joseph T. McNarney and Admiral Henry K. Hewitt.

The float presented by the Tarrytown Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, was preceded by 5 Minute Men (two drummers, using Colonial drums, and three fifers) dressed in Colonial suits. On the float itself were 30 old Colonial flags and the flags of the United Nations, plus the American flag and the flag of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. William H. Austin, the former Mrs. Larson, ex-National Vice-Chairman, Correct Use of Flag, represented Betsy Ross. The Reverend William H. Austin took the part of George Washington and Mrs. Llewellyn W. Lewis, Genealogical Records Chairman, was Martha Washington. Linda Mae Hall, daughter of Vice-Regent Mrs. Herbert V. A. Hall and Robert Helwig, grandson of Mrs. George W. Helwig, Chairman of Correct Use of Flag, completed the Washington family group.

MRS. GEORGE W. RAGAN,
Chairman of Magazine.

MARSHALLTOWN CHAPTER (Marshalltown, Iowa) held its first meeting of the year Sept. 2 at the home of Mrs. Clarence Thomas. In accordance with the chapter’s aim of stressing youth this year, the program was given by two young men. The hostess’s son, James Thomas, pleased every one with two very fine piano numbers and an outstanding young man from a nearby town gave his original oration on “Conservation.”

Leon Kline, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Kline of Conrad, Iowa, is a graduate of Conrad High School, class of ’47. His extra-curricular activities included editorship of the school paper “Conrad Trojan, the Annual.” He is a member of the National Honor Society; Student Council; drama Club; letter man in foot ball; member of the boys’ Quartet and valedictorian of his class.

Leon participated in various speaking activities and entered his original oration, The Earth Is the Lord’s, in contests the winter of 1947. He was awarded championship rating at the contest of Iowa Speech Association, April ’47. His theme is Conservation, with emphasis on what agriculture can do to prevent erosion. “We may use every resource to make our lives happy, useful and worthwhile, but we have no right to jeopardize the happiness of generations to come by our selfish practices. The heavens declare the glory of God and the firmament showeth His handiwork. God created man in his own image, gave him the world with all its wealth and natural resources. Man must then realize his responsibility to God and his fellow man. He must preserve the utility and the beauty of the universe. He must heed the admonition of the prophet.”

In May ’47 he entered the oratorical scholarship contest sponsored by the World Service Division of the Methodist Church with an oration entitled, “Making the Vision of Peace a Reality.” He won the state championship at Clear Lake, Iowa, July 13, ’47, and placed third in the jurisdictional contest, competing against nine other states, winning a two-year scholarship at $250 each and $300 cash. The earning of a sweepstakes prize provides him with a week of fun at the International Livestock Exposition in Chicago in November.
At the close of his speech before the D. A. R. he commented on the project of saving the Redwood Forest tract and the Society’s fine contribution toward conservation of beauty and resources.

SOPHIA P. B. SEWARD, Regent.

SHINING MOUNTAIN CHAPTER (Billings, Mont.). On Flag Day—June 14, 1947, the Montana State Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, unveiled a Real Daughter bronze marker at the grave of Orpha Zilpha Parke Bovee at the Dawson County Cemetery, Glendive.

So far as known this is the only Real Daughter buried within the borders of this far western, third largest State of the Union.

The ceremonies were sponsored by Shining Mountain Chapter of Billings, nearest D. A. R. Chapter to Glendive—240 miles.

Several of those present, including some of the speakers, had known Mrs. Bovee in the early days of Dawson County, including her medical adviser, Colonel Robert J. Hathaway, M. D., who gave a most interesting talk on “Yesteryears in Dawson County.” He traced the hardships and struggles of the early settlers, describing the primitive conditions under which they lived and built, picturing vividly the environments of Glendive’s early days.


During this same year Elizabeth Ford (1781-1876), of Sharon, Connectict, at the age of seventeen volunteered in the Continental Army, serving from January 1, to December 31, 1781, in Capt. Douglas’ Co., 5th Reg., Conn. Lines, New London, Conn.

Seventeen years later she became the bride of Ruben Parke. Orpha Zilpha (1811-1913) youngest of their six children, was born in Green County, N. Y. Obtaining a liberal education for those times, she taught school until she was married to Richard Bovee and went with him to Indiana, undergoing many deprivations and hardships of the early pioneers. Later, answering a further call of the great prairies, he took his wife and five little girls and settled on 320 acres of land—50 miles west of Chicago. At the age of 70 Richard Bovee died and lies buried at DeKalb, Illinois. At the turn of the century Mrs. Bovee came to Montana to live with her daughter, passing away January 16, 1913, at the age of 102.

Mrs. Bovee was not a member of the Montana D. A. R. Her membership was held in Downers Grove Chapter, Downers Grove, Ill., being accepted by the National Society, in June, 1911, shortly following the 100th anniversary of her birth.

Mrs. C. A. Rasmusson, Past State Regent of Montana and formerly of Glendive, gave a splendid address in which she sketched the life of Mrs. Bovee and also outlined the lofty and patriotic objectives of the D. A. R., its devotion to the principles of Americanism and its determination to preserve as sacred our American Flag.

A fully dedicatory program was carried out: Bugle Call, for Assembly, Tony Oliver; Song, “America”; Salute to the Flag, Cy Davis, World War II veteran, leader and color bearer; “America the Beautiful”; Washington’s Prayer, Rev. Marvin H. Adams, Pastor, M. E. Church; Dedicatory Address, Mrs. Rasmusson; Unveiling of Marker, Vernal Ackerman, Great-Great-Grandson, Revolutionary Soldier and James Haggerty, Jr., Grandson of Montana Pioneers; Acceptance of marker for Glendive Cemetery Assn., W. F. Ullman, who will supervise upkeep of lot, pending perpetual care service; Acceptance of marker for the State, G. G. Hoole, Editor, Dawson County Review, who did yeoman’s service in furthering the success of these ceremonies; “Yesteryears in Dawson County,” Colonel Hathaway; Major Activities of the D. A. R., Mrs. A. T. Nelson, Chairman of Ceremonies; Taps, Tony Oliver.

Music for the occasion was outstanding, Glendive having long and widely been known for its talented artists, in music efficiency. Through arrangements by Mrs. W. T. Perham, the choirs of the Congregational and Methodist Churches, with Mrs. H. C. Huebl, leader, joined the assemblage, accompanied by music by members of the High School Band.

Mrs. R. H. Watson, member-at-large and Mr. Watson were untiring in their efforts of rehabilitating the lot and placing the marker. Much credit is due Mrs. Lewis D. Smith, past State Regent, Dillon, and Mrs. L. W. Allard of Billings, whose united efforts brought this project to a successful completion.

MRS. M. B. YATES, Regent.
BEECH FOREST CHAPTER (Bethel, Ohio) participated recently in the Sesqui-Centennial celebration of the village of Williamsburg, which was sponsored by the Rotary Club. This celebration, a gala two day event—brought to the community many former residents who had seen Williamsburg grow. Highlighting the program on Saturday afternoon, July 26, was the parade including: the school band, civic floats and contestants with prizes awarded by the judges.

Mrs. John W. Smith, Regent; Mrs. J. I. Maham, Treasurer and Mrs. W. D. Hauck, Press Chairman, represented the Chapter in a float depicting an early American living room. Dressed in Colonial costumes they were engaged in knitting, spinning and sewing carpet rags, which created much interest and was selected for second prize.

AVERILL A. HAUCK,
Press Chairman.

OLEAN CHAPTER (Olean, N. Y.). On Saturday, September 27th, the ballroom of the Olean House was the scene of a delightful luncheon given by the Olean Chapter in observance of its fiftieth anniversary.

The tables, seating 110 members and 6 guests, were attractively decorated with candles and yellow flowers, the speakers’ table being centered with a large basket of yellow and white chrysanthemums, while on the wall directly above, gleamed a large replica of the D. A. R. insignia. Instead of the usual place cards, attractive folders, giving the program and menu, marked each place, together with individual birthday cakes beautifully decorated, each centered with a tiny candle, which were later lighted at the beginning of the special program.

Miss Julia G. Pierce presided. The invocation, given by Mrs. Clarence E. Anderson, Chaplain, was followed by the Salute to the Flag and the singing of the National Anthem. A pretty ceremony was the presentation of corsage bouquets to the Charter members, Regent and ex-Regents by the little four-year-old twins, Elizabeth Ann and Marjorie Ann Boser, members of the local C. A. R. and daughters of Mrs. F. J. Boser, a chapter member.

A message from the New York State Regent, Mrs. James Grant Park, was read by Miss Pierce, who acknowledged other letters received from members unable to be present. She then introduced our State Vice-regent, Miss Thelma Brown, who gave the official greetings.

The chief event of the afternoon was the presentation of the Organizing Regent, Mrs. G. Howard Strong, who received an enthusiastic welcome. Her account of the Chapter’s activities in its early years, 1897 to 1906, was listened to with great interest. Of the 28 charter members, only five are now on the membership roll, three being in attendance on this occasion.

Some interesting pictures of persons and events, particularly in connection with the Antique Exhibit and Fair, held in the State armory in October, 1898, and the celebration of Olean’s centennial in 1904, were exhibited and, in conclusion, Mrs. Strong presented the Chapter a gavel of historic woods, which she had cherished for many years.

At the conclusion of Mrs. Strong’s address, Miss Pierce called upon Miss Maud D. Brooks, a charter member, ex-regent and historian, who gave a condensed history of the chapter, introducing, in order of their succession, the ex-regents who gave a résumé of the highlights of the patriotic, historic, educational and philanthropic work accomplished during their administrations, thus giving added interest and variety to the program.

Brief reports of three other former regents, Miss Lilla C. Wheeler and Mrs. George Hildebrant, no longer connected with the Chapter and Mrs. J. G. Murdock, deceased, were read by Mrs. C. L. Davis, Mrs. C. S. Smith and Mrs. C. L. McGavern.

The Olean Chapter has had 478 members during its fifty years, the present membership being 207. The program included a vocal solo by Mrs. June Seeley Woodfult
and a piano selection by Miss Stata McKay. Among the members present were a number who had been continuously active in chapter work for over twenty years. These were introduced and commended for their loyal service, making possible the chapter's splendid record.

Before the meeting closed, Miss Pierce introduced two guests, Mrs. Walter Sibley, Regent of the Catherine Schuyler Chapter and Miss Mary Boyce, Regent of the Salamanca Chapter, who extended congratulations and good wishes. The singing of “Auld Lang Syne” brought to a climax a day of friendliness and patriotic resolutions. As a Fiftieth anniversary gift, the Regent presented to the Chapter a bound book giving names and records of service of 118 Soldiers of the American Revolution, buried in Cattaraugus County, recently compiled, copies also being placed in the Olean Public Library, New York State Library and the D. A. R. Library in Washington.

MAUD D. BROOKS,
Historian.

STAMFORD CHAPTER (Stamford, Conn.). THE FREEDOM TRAIN IS COMING! The sound of it resounded in our hearts long before the roar of it reached our ears. Soon it was on the way, containing the precious documents we had cherished through the passing years.

The Stamford Chapter of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution was awaiting the great event with eager anticipation and planned to prepare a fitting reception for the honor conferred upon our beautiful city.

The heritage of freedom that our forefathers won for us at such costly sacrifices has been an inspiration to the Daughters to help maintain that freedom, that our sons and daughters may enjoy the blessings of liberty that have been ours since the tolling of the bell marked the death of tyranny and its gladsome peals, the birth of independence.

We have stood in the front ranks when our freedom has been in jeopardy, either from within or without our country and so were prepared to help awaken thought to a deeper appreciation of the priceless documents aboard the Freedom Train and of their adaptation to our American way of life.

In a colonial setting in a deep broad window of a centrally located store, members of The Stamford Chapter presented the following program: Thursday A. M., Sept. 25, two hostesses in colonial costume were in attendance and the Chairmen of the Committees for Ellis Island and The D. A. R. Manual for Citizenship were also present to acquaint those who responded to our “Guests Welcome” sign with the work of their respective committees. Manuals were given out judiciously.

Thursday P. M. the chairmen present were those of “Approved Schools” and “The Correct Use of the Flag.” Flag codes were available for those desiring them. Hostesses, though not the same ones, were always in attendance.

Thursday evening (the stores being open) a tableau depicting the famous historic painting by Chas. H. Weisgerber entitled, “The Birth of Our Nation’s Flag” was shown. A group of S. A. R’s. represented Gen. Washington, Col. Ross and Robert Morris and one of our members, Betsy Ross.

Friday A. M. the chairmen of the Committee for National Defense and the D. A. R. Good Citizenship Pilgrimage were prepared to explain the work of their committees. Hostesses greeted the guests.

Friday P. M. another Tableau picturing the making of the Flag by Betsy Ross and her three assistants was presented. This also from a painting by Henry Moser.

Saturday morning, together with the hostesses, the chairman of the Student Loan Fund and the historian who is in
charge of awards to the adult evening classes for foreign born and also for History prizes for contests in the High School, were present to welcome any inquiries for information.

Copies of “What the Daughters Do” were presented to those who were sufficiently interested in having them.

Saturday P. M. the tableau of the previous afternoon was repeated.

Monday P. M. the tableau “Birth of Our Nation’s Flag” was again shown for it had attracted wide attention Thursday evening.

A large poster listing the projects of the D. A. R., International, National and Local, had a prominent place in the window and our slogan, nicely lettered for the window was, “Freedom must be maintained.”

The man from Washington, D. C., who had been present at the weekly meetings held in Stamford in preparation for the celebration incident to the coming of “The Freedom Train” was most enthusiastic about our program and copied it to pass on to other Chapters who might wish to follow it in some measure. He urgently requested a picture of our window to present to Mr. Winthrop W. Aldrich, Chairman of The Board of Trustees the American Heritage for Freedom program.

The Junior Committee of The Stamford Chapter participated in the parade which was held on Monday. They carried banners portraying the 3 events in the 3 centuries when Freedom has had to be won or maintained by force of arms—freedom from tyranny, freedom from slavery and freedom from world domination.

The train arrived as scheduled, Wed. Oct. 1 and the Regent of The Stamford Chapter was on the reception committee to bid it welcome.

As Historian of our Chapter it was my privilege to serve as Chairman of the above program which, I am happy to say, was well received. Perhaps one of the most satisfactory results of the celebration of Freedom Train is that Stamford Chapter has gained three new members who visited us and immediately became interested in joining the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Though small in comparison to that of my ancestor who signed the Declaration of Independence and to the one who fought for it, it was a joy to do my bit with the conviction that the public is better informed about the patriotic work carried on by the Daughters of the American Revolution.

MARY PAYNE HILLIARD,
Historian.

OMAHA CHAPTER (Omaha, ‘Neb.) on January sixth celebrated its Golden Anniversary. Fifty Years as an active chapter was the inspiration for Omaha Chapter’s celebration in a “GOLDEN ANNIVERSARY LUNCHEON” at the Omaha Athletic Club. Golden candelabra with golden decorated candles lighted the room when the guests made their formal entrance to the strains of the harpist’s music of 50 years ago. The guests were escorted by Junior members, in “gay nineties” attire; Mrs. G. W. Huntoon, daughter of our regent, Mrs. Ernest Zschau, the president of our Junior group, Mrs. Royce Kent and Mrs. Walton G. Meyer. Tables were decorated by Miss Ethyle Rogers, chapter registrar, who used the colonial blue appointments with the golden yellow chrysanthemums and golden “50” place cards with blue and gold programs placed at each service.

A beautiful bouquet of golden “mums” came from Mrs. E. L. Alexander of Dallas, Texas, nee Margaret Dutcher, a charter member not able to attend. It was her sister, Mrs. John Ross Key, nee Ellenore Dutcher, whose husband was the eldest living grandson of Francis Scott Key and who was also a charter member and passed in 1930, who designed the Recognition Pin, worn by Daughters for informal and traveling for a quarter of a century. One of the pins, along with the large official pin, was placed in the foundation of the Memorial Continental Hall. She was given a contract in 1901 at the Ninth Continental Congress to sell the pin.

The other charter member, Miss Mary Doyle, was in attendance giving interesting stories of Omaha Chapter’s early days. Miss Doyle mentioned that there were 13 in the original group—five members of her family joining at that time. Colonel Mander son, who gave the talk at their first official meeting, called the ladies, “angels of love and beauty.” Miss Doyle cut the three tiered anniversary cake, so beautifully topped with a gold “50”, surrounded by clusters of yellow decorative roses, which was in turn served to all members and guests present.
Arrangements for the celebration were in charge of Mrs. D. R. Gruenig, our 29th regent, Mrs. John W. Roberts, first vice-regent, and Mrs. J. B. Moore, second vice-regent.

Following the luncheon Mrs. Gruenig presented Mrs. J. C. Suttie, also our own Past Regent and very proudly for us, Nebraska’s present State Regent, who with her State Board were honored guests. The seven Past Regents in attendance included Mrs. Suttie, Mrs. G. H. Seig, Mrs. E. R. Hume, Mrs. H. B. Graham, Mrs. W. B. Aten, Mrs. J. J. Foster and Mrs. A. C. Troup, our second regent who served from 1899 to 1901. Mrs. Henry S. Jaynes, our first regent served from 1896 to 1899. When Mrs. Suttie, in presenting the past regents, spoke of Mrs. Troup, she said, “We have had no member we honor more than this regent who has always been with us in her gentle, unobtrusive way.” When Mrs. Troup brought greetings she told of their beginning, to fold bandages during the Spanish-American War at the request of Mrs. Henry Thurston, then Vice-President General and also at the request of Senator Gilbert Hitchcock, they furnished 100 cakes for the boys at the station then as they came from war. Mrs. Troup for years has served as Vice-Regent from Nebraska, of the Ladies’ Association of Mt. Vernon and was the inspiration for our city’s planting of our Mt. Vernon Gardens at Omaha, a reproduction of the original Mt. Vernon. During the term of our third regent, Mrs. A. Allee, the D. A. R. and S. A. R. marked old Fort Atkinson, the first military post in Nebraska. All wore badges of Old Fort Atkinson which had been designed by Mrs. Troup. Mrs. Chas. Mullen, past regent, has written a History of Nebraska that is used in our Nebraska Schools. Mrs. Mullen is an authority on Nebraska History and has edited a book, “The Copper Kettle and other Historical Poems.”

Closing the program, Mrs. E. R. Clayton presented a candle-lighting ceremony as a tribute to all Past Regents. To the background of harp music by Mrs. Beverly Murray Kimball, Mrs. J. L. Harrison and Mrs. E. L. Sibert, dressed in white satin, carried long tapers and lighted a candle as each regent’s name was called. Yellow candles burned for the living and white for the deceased,—“Whose loyalty has contributed so much to Omaha Chapter, and whose inspiration will continue to burn as the celestial flame of a patriotism which shall never die.”

Omaha Chapter, being the first chapter organized in the city of Omaha, Nebraska, was given the name of its home city. The name is derived from the Omaha tribe of Indians who occupied this territory in an early day. This was the second chapter to be organized in Nebraska. Omaha Chapter sponsors six groups, all working toward D. A. R. advancement; the main chapter, the business and professional group, the Junior group, and our Manual Lisa C. A. R. with their three separate age groups. The main chapter puts every new baby of our members into the C. A. R. group. “In Omaha Chapter there is a special place for everyone all through the ages, from the baby to the grandmother”, wrote Mrs. Seig, our Junior Past Regent in her annual report. Mrs. Seig is credited with organizing in 1944, the first Business and Professional Group within a D. A. R. chapter and with special permission from the President General.

Omaha Chapter is distinctly proud of its accomplishments and standards through the years, of its Regents and Daughters, who have always done their part in advancement, whether it be in time of peace or through a war crisis.

Mrs. J. W. Roberts,
First Vice Regent, 1947.
PAUL REVERE CHAPTER (Muncie, Ind.). GOLDEN JUBILEE LUNCHEON. On January 19th, 1897, twelve Muncie ladies met to organize the Paul Revere Chapter, the fifth chapter in the State of Indiana. On January 17th, 1947, fifty years later, one hundred and forty members and their guests gathered at the Hotel Roberts to celebrate the Paul Revere Chapter Golden Jubilee. The guest list included four national officers, Mrs. J. Harold Grimes, Vice President General; Mrs. James Crankshaw, Honorary Vice President General; Mrs. Lafayette LeVan Porter, Past Vice President General and Mrs. E. B. Ball, Honorary National Vice President, C. A. R. Present were the following State officers: Mrs. Furel R. Burns, State Regent; Mrs. Max Barney; Mrs. Herbert Hill; Mrs. C. R. Gilman; Mrs. H. S. McKee; Mrs. W. G. McClelland; Mrs. Paul K. Thiery and Mrs. Robert Schrader, and guest members of chapters from Winchester, Hartford City, Portland, New Castle and Anderson.

Mrs. Fred J. Petty, general chairman and her committees, left nothing undone to make this one of the happiest occasions in the Chapter’s history. Decorations for the Roberts Ballroom, scene of many D. A. R. gatherings, were beautifully carried out in gold and white. In a plateau of flowers on the Speakers’ table, the number “50” in yellow, noted the birthdays of our Chapter. Nosegays in gold holders, and gold candles, were placed down the length of the tables, on gold paper and greenery. At each place was a card with “50th” in gold letters and a souvenir history in the white and gold colors of our Jubilee Yearbook. A huge birthday cake, surrounded by fifty gleaming candles, was placed on a gaily decorated table in the center of the ballroom. Linking that day in January fifty years ago, with today, was the exhibit of heirlooms, garnered from the treasure chests of members. They were arranged with meticulous detail, and presided over by members in costumes of the nineties. On display also were fifty years of yearbooks, fifty years of scrapbooks and fifty years of the minutes of chapter meetings.

The program was opened by an inspiring prayer by Mrs. Max Barney, State Chaplain. The salute to the flag and our national anthem followed. Then the guests were welcomed by our Regent, Mrs. Harry H. Wolf. As our Past Regents were presented, each responded with brief reminiscences. Eight of the thirty-two regents who have presided over the destinies of Paul Revere Chapter through the years were present: Mrs. Horace G. Murphy, 1926-28; Mrs. Clarence Rea, 1928-30; Mrs. J. R. Marsh, 1930-32; Mrs. E. B. Ball, 1932-33; Mrs. Edythe N. Easton, 1933-35; Mrs. E. D. Nichols, 1938-40; Mrs. George Pierce, 1943-45; Mrs. Harry H. Wolf, 1945-47. Thirteen of our Past Regents are living. The souvenir history, compiled by Mrs. Frederick West, Mrs. Horace Murphy, Mrs. Clarence Rea and Miss Alice Brooker was read by them, to the enjoyment and interest of everyone.

Many worthwhile projects and outstanding events have marked the history of Paul Revere Chapter. Indiana Box in Continental Hall was purchased by three of our members, Mrs. F. C., Mrs. E. B. and Mrs. W. C. Ball. Five chairs were also bought by members. A gift of twenty-four hundred copies of George Rogers Clark history was made, one for each chapter in the country and national officers. A bronze tablet was placed on the boyhood home of George Rogers Clark in Fredericksburg, Va. One thousand copies of “Defense of Patriotism” by Miss Portia Reeves were printed and distributed throughout the chapters in the interest of national defense. Suitable markers have been placed at important historic spots in and near Muncie. Bronze tablets, flags, historical literature and books have been presented to schools in Muncie and throughout the county. Paul Revere Chapter has been active in all D. A. R. projects and given generously of its time and money to these worthwhile things.

When it became necessary, these energies were diverted to the needs of the three wars which have marked its fifty years. Our entire membership is alert to the needs and problems of our country today. Prizing highly the heritage handed down to us from the farsighted founders of our national organization and our own charter members, we wish to take our proper place in answering these needs, to the honor of our country and to the honor of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

GRACE S. RUSSELL, Second Vice Regent.
SHAVANO CHAPTER (Salida, Colo.).
The Shavano Chapter is located at Salida, Colorado, which is in a valley completely surrounded by mountains.

This chapter of the D. A. R. was organized June 17, 1910 and has been an active organization ever since. It was named after Mt. Shavano which is seen from Salida and has become famous all over the United States for its Snow Angel which can be seen in one of its ravines as long as the snow remains. The mountain was named for a member of an Indian tribe who inhabited the valley in the early days.

There are now 20 members in this chapter, five of whom live out of town but retain their membership in the Shavano Chapter.

It is a small chapter compared to others but none of the larger chapters has members who are more interested in the D. A. R. work than these. Two things to which they always send a donation every year are the Tamassee School and Ellis Island. They have donated to the Bell Tower at Valley Forge and give a donation to the local Red Cross every year, helping other groups as much as they can.

Some of the members have served as state officers at different times and one, Mrs. Blanche Young, is now the National Vice Chairman of Genealogical Records. There are three generations of Mrs. Young's family who are members of Shavano Chapter. Mrs. Young and her mother, Mrs. Edith Gorman, joined at the same time and her daughter, Mrs. Blanche Ollie Lawson, joined a few years ago.

Our motto this year is "No man is free who cannot command himself."

At our first meeting this fall the state regent, Mrs. Charles T. Crockett of Pueblo, Colorado, who was the honored guest, presented many interesting facts about the work the D. A. R. chapters are doing throughout the United States.

A glance at the Shavano Chapter pro-

Shavano Chapter will be one of the hostess chapters for the 1948 Conference which will be held at Monte Vista, Colorado.

MABEL D. HULSE,  
Publicity Chairman.

STARS AND STRIPES CHAPTER  
(Burlington, Iowa). On April 26th, 1947, the Stars and Stripes Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution of Burlington, Iowa, held a luncheon at the Burlington Hotel to celebrate the Fiftieth Anniversary of its founding. Seventy members and guests were present, our most honored one being the speaker, Mrs. T. B. Throckmorton, Third Vice President General.

Gold and white decorations of flowers and tapers in antique holders were used on the tables, the menu also carrying out the golden color. The guest of honor, Mrs. Throckmorton, our regent, Mrs. Stanley Grant, and the charter members, Miss Martha Lane, Mrs. Alice Little and Mrs. C. P. Millard, were presented with golden rose corsages by the chapter.

Seated at the speakers' table, in addition to those mentioned, were past regents Mrs. Ray I. Smith, Mrs. Vivian Arnold, Mrs. G. A. Childgren and Mrs. J. F. McAnally.

Mrs. Grant introduced the regents present from nearby chapters and then proceeded with the program, which opened with prayer, led by Mrs. Montgomery, Chaplain and the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag, led by Mrs. McAnally, junior past regent.

The Misses Dorothy McFadden and Marie Stolba played a violin duet, accompanied at the piano by Mrs. J. G. Stafford, who then, with her daughter Helen, sang "The Cake Shop Romance."

Miss Martha Lane, as the only active charter member of the chapter, gave some interesting facts regarding the founding meeting which was held January 20, 1897, in the home of Miss Edith Crapo, with Mrs. Carpenter, Miss Ruth Carpenter, Mrs. W. H. Chittenden, Misses MacFlynn, Miss Jessie Frick and Mrs. Martha Illick present.

At a meeting called three days later, the chapter completed its organization by adopting a constitution, selecting the name of Stars and Stripes and electing Miss Crapo regent. The charter was granted April 28, 1897, with a membership of twenty-one. Seven of these are still living, three of whom were present at the Fiftieth Anniversary luncheon.

Stars and Stripes Chapter claims the credit of taking the initial steps leading to the organization of a State Conference, in that it entertained unofficially in the parlors of the First Presbyterian Church, the first gathering of Iowa Daughters of the American Revolution on the occasion of the meeting in Burlington of the State Federation of Women's Clubs on April 6th, 1899.

The chapter has celebrated the usual patriotic days with due appreciation of and loyalty to their special features, the outline of study being adhered to. Historic spots have been marked, framed copies of the facsimile of the Declaration of Independence placed in many schools and Flag and Citizenship Manuals given to naturalized citizens at court proceedings.

Mrs. T. B. Throckmorton gave a very delightful and instructive talk, using "News Broadcast from our National Society" as her subject. She spoke first of her music teaching in nearby Washington, Iowa, her marriage there and her husband's attendance at Keokuk Medical College.

In her address, she brought out many interesting facts and notable persons, viz., that the first President General, was the wife of the President of the United States, Benjamin Harrison and the first Registrar General was Miss Eugenia Washington, niece of George Washington. She stated that the first chapter was organized in Illinois fifty-six years ago; that the D. A. R. was incorporated by an act of Congress, its proceedings being reported each year to the Secretary to the Smithsonian Institution. She spoke of the controversy over the use of Constitution Hall and described the racial situation existing in Washington.

Stars and Stripes Chapter has had twenty-one regents in its fifty years of growth, over half of whom are still living.

MRS. C. E. PLUMLY,  
Recording Secretary.
PEORIA CHAPTER (Peoria, Ill.). Mrs. Jennie Upton, real granddaughter of two Revolutionary War soldiers, celebrated her 94th birthday anniversary September 27th, 1947, at her home in Petersburg, Illinois, where she resides with her daughter, Mrs. Lyle D. Watkins, a past State Librarian of Illinois D. A. R. Mrs. Upton is a member of Peoria chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and lived in Peoria, Illinois, during most of her adult life. She attended Peoria chapter's Golden Jubilee celebration November 19, 1946, and was presented to the assemblage as the chapter’s only surviving “real granddaughter.”

MRS. JENNIE UPTON, REAL GRANDDAUGHTER.

Jennie Kemmer was born near Hartford City, Indiana, September 27, 1853, the daughter of Samuel Kemmer, one of ten children of Nicholas Kemmer, a private in Captain Jacob Burr's Company of Militia enrolled in Northampton, Pa. Mr. Kemmer was a native of Rotterdam. Mrs. Upton's mother was Sarah Hickman Power, whose father lived near Leesburg, Virginia. He enlisted in the Colonial army at the age of 16 years in the last year of the War. When a small child, Mrs. Upton's parents moved in a wagon to Iowa, later coming to Peoria County and settling near Mossville. She remembers being in the Post Office in Mossville when news came of the assassination of President Lincoln. Mrs. Upton's parents returned to Iowa after residing a few years in Peoria County and there she was married August 2, 1870, to Charles Wesley Upton of Nashua, N. H. (now deceased). Shortly thereafter she moved to Peoria and lived there until her recent removal to Petersburg.

Mrs. Upton is the mother of six children: Samuel Leon and John Rollins Upton (both deceased); Mrs. Cora N. Markley of Denver, Colorado; C. Edwin Upton of Tulsa, Okla.; Miss Ada Jean Upton and Mrs. Lyle D. Watkins of Petersburg. Three grandchildren, Edwin Thomas Upton, Kansas City, Mo.; Mrs. Richard T. Levering and Miss Cora Jean Watkins of Denver, Colorado and one great-granddaughter, Marjorie Suzanne Levering of Denver.

ESTHER C. MCNAUGHTON
(Mrs. R. Myron),
Press Relations Chairman.

SOUTHAMPTON COLONY CHAPTER (Southampton, L. I., N. Y.) celebrated its twenty-fifth birthday on Founders' Day, June 12, 1947 with a luncheon party at the Hotel Irving. Mrs. Thomas G. Corwin, Regent, presided. Mrs. William H. Pouch, Honorary President General, was guest speaker.

This Chapter was organized by the late Mrs. Edward P. White with sixty-nine members and received its charter from the State Regent, Mrs. Charles White Nash, on November 9, 1922. National committee work was most efficiently conducted by Mrs. White and then by Mrs. Eli Fordham, who was also State Chairman of National Defense.

Two minute reports of their administrations were given by ex-Regents Mrs. Frank H. Corwith, Mrs. Arthur W. Tunnell, Mrs. Henry P. Fordham, Mrs. P. B. Matthews, Mrs. Percy Schenck, Mrs. S. Lewis Ham, Mrs. C. Edwin Dimon, Mrs. Arthur E. Corwith and Mrs. Henry T. Fahy. The work of these years has been far-reaching. All the cemeteries on eastern Long Island have been catalogued and the many Revolutionary graves marked. Numerous genealogical records were collected and copied for national and local libraries. Historical pageants by Miss Abigail F. Halsey, a member, were presented at Montauk, East Hampton, Sag Harbor, Newburgh and Southampton. And every year a scholar-
ship for Tamassee has been maintained, as well as contributions to the local Scouts and history and civic endeavor prizes in the schools. In 1940 the Hampton Society C. A. R. was organized with Mrs. S. Lewis Ham as Senior President.

Hundreds of hours were devoted during World War II to Red Cross work, the Camp Upton canteen, airplane spotting, the Gray Ladies. In the past two years funds for a complete Gold Star Honor Roll at Valley Forge Memorial Tower have been raised through the untiring efforts of Mrs. Robert Littlejohn and the committee.

The speaker of the afternoon, Mrs. William H. Pouch, reported dedication of buildings at Kate Duncan Smith and Tamassee schools. Her audience included members of the Nassau and Suffolk County Regents Round Table, who were luncheon guests of the Chapter. Later Mrs. L. Victor Seydel, General Chairman of the New York State Conference to be held in New York City in October, outlined plans for that meeting. The Southampton-Colony Chapter will be one of the hostess chapters.

The new Regent, Mrs. Arthur E. Corwith and chapter officers were installed by the State Treasurer, Mrs. P. B. Matthews. Mrs. J. Foster Terry interpreted several songs and led the singing when a large birthday cake, gift of the ex-Regents, was brought in.

ETHEL L. TUNNELL
(Mrs. Arthur W. Tunnell),
Press Chairman.

ANSON BURLINGAME CHAPTER
(Burlingame - San Mateo - Hillsborough, Calif.). On February 12, 1946, Anson Burlingame Chapter celebrated its twentieth birthday with the unveiling of a bronze marker in San Mateo, commemorating the site of the old mission hospice, also known as the "Old Adobe." The bronze plaque on a base of light gray granite marks the spot where the Old Adobe was erected on El Camino Real (Route 101) by the Spanish padres near the end of the eighteenth century, to serve as a rest-house for the padres and the Indians of Mission Dolores in San Francisco on the journey between Mission Santa Clara and San Francisco.

One hundred twelve feet long, thirty-eight feet wide, a story and a half in height, the Hospice was used as a granary and a wool-storage house. After its destruction by the earthquake of 1868 it was torn down. Some of the original tiles are still used in the roof of the Southern Pacific station in Burlingame.

This historic spot marks one more bead in the rosary of missions from San Diego to San Francisco and northward.

Participating in the program were the regent, Mrs. Lindley H. Miller; the first regent of the chapter, Mrs. Charles Sherwood; Mrs. Glenn Stern, chaplain; Dr. Frank M. Stanger, of San Mateo Junior College, whose untiring research discovered the complete history of the Hospice; a member of San Mateo City Council; the rector of St. Matthew's Episcopal Church, San Mateo; and the priest of the Roman Catholic Church. The ritual was that of the National Society. The marker was unveiled by Mrs. Norman L. Waggoner, chairman of the marker committee and Miss Mary Eleanor Peters, a charter member of the chapter.

(MISS) MARY ELEANOR PETERS,
Historian.
Readers interested in the White House Secret Service will enjoy "REILLY OF THE WHITE HOUSE," written by Michael Reilly and William J. Slocum, the latter a Washington newspaperman.

Once started, the reader is reluctant to put the book aside. It is filled with amusing anecdotes—told as only an Irishman can do the telling—and with heretofore unrevealed sidelights on the life of Franklin Delano Roosevelt.

Taking over the job as top secret service man the day after the Japs attacked Pearl Harbor, Mr. Reilly gives a clear picture of his many assignments and duties. He also draws a very human account of his "Boss," his virtues and his weaknesses.

The reader is taken into the home life of the White House, where he meets the President's mother, his wife and many of the great and near-great guests and he deals quite frankly with their personalities for good or ill.

The book gives a vivid account of the precautions taken to protect the President on trips to such spy infected places as Casablanca, Cairo and Teheran where a single mis-step by the secret service might have resulted in injury or death to a semi-helpless man.

One holds one's breath during the recital of an incident which took place on one of the campaign trips. A well-known man, and intimate friend of the President was seated on the platform when he arrived. He arose and put out his hand in greeting, but in attempting a return gesture, Mr. Roosevelt lost his balance and fell, taking his son down with him. Instantly the audience was tense with excitement and the secret service men, fearing some slight move might cause a panic or serious trouble, immediately surrounded him. In a few seconds the fallen man was on his feet, flashing his brilliant smile and ready for his greeting.

Another chapter tells how once the President's sense of the dramatic failed. He returned to Seattle from one of his trips and appeared on the deck of the ship ahead of time. The crowd on the dock saw him and started welcoming applause. The President waved and smiled. Again came lusty cheers and a friendly return wave, all most heartening to the traveller, but later on when he appeared to make his speech, he was met with a dead silence, which so surprised and shocked the President that he made his worst speech on record, so say the writers. It was wandering and toneless and lacked the usual luster. For the first time the dramatic touch was absent.

The story continues until the passing at Warm Springs, Georgia. "Reilly of the White House" is interesting throughout. It is well told, filled with drama and with an added touch of real pathos which weaves its way through the pages.

One gains a full realization of the great responsibility resting upon the secret service men and how day and night they are constantly kept on guard to protect the life of a President of the United States.

"Reilly of the White House" is published by Simon & Schuster.

To a great many readers Agnes Keith has become a real friend—the sort who enters the home and in a charming and straightforward way shares with you her vast experiences.

In her first book, "Land Below the Wind," she portrays the picture of a happy marriage and home life in the exotic countries we all like to hear and to dream about. In this her second book, "THREE CAME HOME," the reader becomes more intimately acquainted with Agnes Keith, her husband Harry and their small son George.

When Borneo was taken by the Japs the Keiths were living there and she relates the story of their capture; what the war did to this little family and how day by day, through suffering and torture, they learned what freedom really means.

Throughout the three and one half years of unspeakable imprisonment, Agnes Keith never lost her courage, her sense of fair play and her deep understanding of human
nature. Her friends still marvel that she could write such a book after her experiences but she does make known her hatred of the Japanese race with its inferiority complex and its determination for revenge.

Humor plays a part in this drama. The author tells of trading old clothes, lipsticks and other personal belongings for medicine and small bits of food for her boy.

In Borneo she lost all of her worldly possessions, her youth, her strength and an unborn child. But she never lost her self respect, not even when she was forced to clean latrines and wash and mend the clothes of the Jap guards who stood naked before her.

Finally when released and on her way to America, broken and ill with malaria, she was possessed with one great fear lest she would not be allowed to enter her own country for all of her identification papers had been stolen and destroyed. She tells how she longed and prayed for the freedom of this land as she had dreamed of it during all of those terrible, terrible months. She wanted the opportunity to live under law, to be free from persecution and to be allowed the right to just eat and sleep at will.

The family finally did reach home and in course of time regained health but the husband has returned to Borneo and despite her harrowing years there, the author plans to join him—and probably has by this time—for she believes there is but one place for a wife.

The notes for this stirring book were written on waste paper and even rags generally during the night while the guards were asleep. These notes she hid in empty cans and buried them in the ground around the camp. She was daily searched for by many of the top ranking Japanese officers who had read her first book and suspected that she might try to get a message through to the outside world.

"Three Came Home" is not a happy sort of book to read but it is most worthwhile and we shall all be waiting to hear more from Agnes Keith.

Starting out with the Mayflower Compact, PILGRIMS PATH is a vivid story, told in words and beautiful prints, of Plymouth Colony. It depicts the great achievements of the American colonists from the first rude settlement up to the present day.

Desider Holisher is the author and by a careful blending of photography with the text, he has lent great educational value to one of the earliest colonizations of American history.

The author has so meticulously pictured Plymouth in its early days that he makes an unforgettable impression on the reader. One follows in thought that little band of Pilgrims from the first landing on the historic Rock on through the years of privation, suffering and homesickness up to the period of expansion and development of Plymouth of today. There was the pitiful struggle for sufficient food and heat and the constant fear of attack by the Indians. Then, on the other hand, before one's eyes the simple homes of the past give place to the stately residences of today.

The print of the beautiful statue of Massasoit on Cole's Hill erected by the Order of the Red Men, recalls the great friendship of that Indian Chief for the Pilgrims.

Mr. Holisher takes us on to Burial Hill where every year the Pilgrim's Progress is enacted, then on to some of the very old homes which date back to 1640 and because of special care are still standing. Of particular interest is the beautiful Winslow House now owned by the General Society of Mayflower Descendants.

An outstanding photograph is the National Monument to the Forfathers which stands on a high hill above the town. On the very top is the figure of Faith with outstretched arm pointing toward Heaven, while in her other hand she holds a Bible. Beneath Faith are figures of Liberty, Morality, Education and Law—the cornerstones of this great country.

The entire book portrays the courage and determination of the Pilgrims to build for themselves a permanent place in this new land and is a history unbroken of the idealism and faith which are still rooted deep in the hearts of the American people.

Through this work the author has placed us under obligations to him for his contribution to American history. Delightful is the clear, concise text and the illustrations are exquisite.
Desider Holisher was born in Budapest and educated in Germany but since 1938 has made his home in this country. He combines writing with the art of photography. Mr. Holisher has contributed articles to the National Geographic, Life Magazine and other periodicals and is the author of “Home of God.” The publisher is Stephen-Paul of New York.

WORTH WHILE BOOKS FOR CHRISTMAS AND THE NEW YEAR

1. MIXED TRAIN DAILEY—by Lucius Beebe
2. HISTORIC RESTORATIONS OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION—by Lewis Barrington
3. INSIDE U. S. A.—by John Gunther
4. NEVER LET WEATHER INTERFERE—by Messmore Kendall
5. PILGRIMS PATH—by Desider Holisher
6. CHILDREN OF THE U. S. A.—compiled by Marion Baldwin Cook
7. MRS PIGGLE WIGGLE—by Betty MacDonald
8. THE MIRACLE OF THE BELLS—by Russell Janney
9. THE MONEYMAN—by Thomas B. Costain
10. LYDIA BAILEY—by Kenneth Roberts
11. THE VALIANT SEVEN—by Netta Sheldon Phelps
12. THREE BAMBOOS—by Robert Standish
13. THREE CAME HOME—by Agnes Newton Keith
14. THE WAY OF LIFE—by Hamilton Gibbs
15. REILLY OF THE WHITE HOUSE—by William Slocum and Michael Reilly
16. NOTHING SO STRANGE—by James Hilton
17. CAME A CAVALIER—by Frances Parkinson Keyes
18. HUMAN DESTINY—by Pierre Lecomte du Nouy
19. THE SINGING TRAVELLER—by Grace Thompson Seton
Parliamentary Procedure

JUST a few reminders now that the chapters and states are busy revising their by-laws. To chapters this is the first reminder: Secure a copy of the Hand Book and then follow the suggested model in there for chapter by-laws, for with a few exceptions this guide contains everything a chapter needs to include in its by-laws. Don't send your by-laws to be checked demanding a rush order for they are checked chronologically according to their receipt and no exceptions are made, so don't let yourself in for a disappointment. Don't send a copy of your present by-laws torn out of your yearbook with a few pencilled notations on the margins requesting the parliamentarian to re-write them. Three sets of by-laws were returned to the chapters during one week this Fall as the request came from each chapter that they be revised and returned in a week. Your parliamentarian's duty is to check a revision before it is presented for adoption by the chapter or the state and to see primarily that the by-laws conform to the rules of the National Society and to common parliamentary usage. The last "don't" is: Don't fail to put sufficient postage on your letters and to include return postage.

A very perturbed chairman of a revision committee wrote recently to know if the committee could disregard the method of amending in the present by-laws which unfortunately is: "That a copy of all proposed amendments must be submitted in writing to every member at least thirty days before the annual meeting." The chairman felt that the announcement of a revision committee's appointment was sufficient notice. Of course the answer was NO. The rule for amending may be an irksome one and hard to follow but it must be used and any other method would be illegal. These by-laws happen to be of a chapter formed many years ago when life was not so hectic and the members enjoyed mulling over the amendments for thirty days before the annual meeting. Until these requirements for amending are changed the chapter has to abide by what is their law.

I find some of the chapters feel their state has gone a little too far in saying in the state by-laws when chapters must hold their annual meetings. While we desire the chapters to conform to state requirements as far as possible, it is not a good policy to dictate to them. How about using this phrase: "The state recommends that when feasible the chapters hold their annual meetings during the month of ---." If the chapters can not conveniently hold their annual meetings then, they will not feel they are disregarding their state's request.

Here is another interesting question that has come to your parliamentarian many times recently: "Should the state by-laws carry a clause that only those who have served as chapter regents may become candidates for the office of State Regent?" The answer is NO. This is a very autocratic rule and one that should be deleted, from the state by-laws. Often times petty jealousies may keep a fine woman from being elected to the chapter regency thus barring her from the highest office of the state and in many cases, depriving it of a good State Regent.

One of the chapter regents has asked whether or not an organizing chapter regent should be made an honorary member for life of the executive board, with a vote. This is a difficult question to answer for matters like this are of course something for each chapter to decide but speaking impersonally: It does seem a bit of a hardship upon the chapter to make her a life member of the board, for while there is a very tender feeling towards the friend who helped to bring the chapter into existence probably it might be better not to make anybody a life member with a vote on the chapter board. Your parliamentarian is not dictating to you in saying this but when she is asked for an opinion she feels it her duty to answer the question to the best of her ability.

While we are speaking of long-time honors, there is quite a misunderstanding among many associate members as to the full meaning of why this class of membership has been created by the National Society. It is to give members in good standing in the N. S. who reside a part of the time in the vicinity the privilege of attending all meetings and of speaking, thus enabling them to keep up their interest in the
work of the Society. But this class of membership is not to be extended indefinitely and when associate members find they are to become long-time residents of the community they should suggest some change in their status of membership. Why not become regular members of that chapter by transfer and let the parent chapter elect them to associate membership? This might solve the problem.

Faithfully yours,

NELLIE WATTS FLEMING
(Mrs. Hampton Fleming),
Parliamentarian, N. S. D. A. R.

“There are persons who constantly clamor. They complain of oppression, speculation and pernicious influence of accumulated wealth. They cry out loudly against all banks and corporations and all means by which small capitalists become united in order to produce important and beneficial results.

“They carry on mad hostility against all established institutions. They would choke the fountain of industry and dry all streams. In a country of unbounded liberty, they clamor against oppression. In a country of perfect equality, they would move heaven and earth against privilege and monopoly. In a country where property is more evenly divided than anywhere else, they rend the air shouting agrarian doctrines. In a country where wages of labor are high beyond parallel, they would teach the laborer he is but an oppressed slave.

“Sir, what can such men want? What do they mean? They want nothing, sir, but to enjoy the fruits of other men’s labor.

“They can mean nothing but disturbance and disorder, the diffusion of corrupt principles and the destruction of the moral sentiments and moral habits of society.”

DANIEL WEBSTER,
In an address to the United States Senate March 12, 1838.
DEAR SUBSCRIBERS:

CHRISTMAS TIME is here and with it comes the joy of giving. Have you ever thought of giving to some friend, to your local library, hospital or sanitarium, or any suitable institution, the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine? Twelve issues for two dollars. Your friend or one of those institutions would be reminded of you each month of the year. We have a magazine of which we can be proud. Mrs. Brosseau is giving us something worthwhile. She cannot do it alone. We must all send her suggestions and helps.

Write to her or to the magazine office and tell them what you like or do not like in the magazine. One of Mrs. Brosseau's articles said "Your magazine and Mine"—that is what we want to make it.

Below you will see the announcement of prizes which will be awarded for NEW subscriptions received from January 1, 1948 to January 1, 1949. Any new subscription sent in to start with the January 1, 1948, or later issue, will be counted. Renewals will not count.

If we could have more advertising we could improve our magazine. Will you help us get advertising? If you are interested the magazine office will send you the rates.

Merry Christmas to all of you and a Happy New Year.

ANNE CARLISLE PORTER, (Mrs. LaFayette L.)

Awards
Offered by
Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine Committee
For the Year Beginning January 1, 1948 to January 1, 1949

$20.00 to the State having membership over 6,000 which obtains the most new subscriptions.

$20.00 to the State having membership of between 3,000 and 6,000 doing the same.

$20.00 to the State having membership of between 1,000 and 3,000 doing the same.

$20.00 to the State having membership of less than 1,000 doing the same.

$20.00 to the State reaching the President General's request of tripling their subscription list of January 1, 1948 first and sending the report to the National Chairman of the Magazine, 1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C. Any new subscription counts no matter to whom it goes, library, church, etc. They may be sent in in November or December but must start with the January 1948 issue to be eligible. Renewals do not count.

Chapter chairmen must keep a careful count and report to their State Chairman who in turn will notify the National Chairman.

ANNE CARLISLE PORTER.
MASSACHUSETTS REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS, THIRD PART, VOL. 271—NATIONAL ARCHIVES

(Continued from November Magazine.)


(42) 18 Sept. 1779. Deliver Mr. William Kennedy ... one Quarter Hundred Bisket for his own use. Eleazer Johnson pr order.

(43) 20 Sept. 1779. Deliver Mr. Bentley for use of Laboratory 10 Musket Balls containing one hundred weight each ... Eleazer Johnson.

(44) 22 Sept. 1779 ... Deliv'r Joseph Henderson Esq ... Tar for use of Prison Ship & take his Receipt. By order of Board Joseph Chapman, Jr. To Capt. Caleb Hopkins.

(45) Sepr. 28 1779 ... del'r to Doct'r Whipple six Pounds of candles for use of the sick in Hospital. By order of Board Joseph Chapman, Jr. To Rich'd Devens, Commissary. (Dr. Joseph Whipple)

(46) 29 Sept. 1779 ... del'r Wm. Bentley for use of Laboratory 28 Bbl flour. Eleazer Johnson pr order.

(47) Octo 1 1779 ... del'r Mr. Samuel Russel Gearey for Sea Coast men at Marblehead 2 Casks Rice. Eleazer Johnson pr order.


(50) War Office. 8 Octr. 1779. Sir: deliver Doctor John Wingate, following articles, for Colo. Bradford's regt. Vizt: Cloth, Claret, Shoes, etc. ... Eleazer Johnson pr order.


(53) War Office, Oct. 12, 1779. Sir: Please deliver Capt. John Curtis for use of Sloop “Success” going as a Flag to Penobscott ... Beef, Bread, etc. ... Eleazer Johnson pr order.

(54) ... 14 Octr. 1779 ... Mr. Jonas White 150 Bushells French Salt. Eleazer Johnson pr order. Com'y Devans.

(55) ... Oct. 20th 1779 ... Mr. Penobscot ... Beef, Bread, etc. ... order Joseph Chapman, Jr. Sec'y.

(56) ... Oct. 20, 1779 ... Saml Os-good, Esq. & Mr. Dudley Bailey ... Ton of Salt Petre, to be Manufactured into Powder at Stoughton Powder Mills. By order ... Joseph Chapman, Sec'y.

(57) ... 22 Oct: 1779 ... Mr. Samuel Browne ... 35 Empty Barrels to carry to Kennebeck to pack Beef in ... Eleazer Johnson pr order.

(58) ... 26 Octo: 1779 ... Lieut. Cunningham for use of Ship “Protector” ... 2 pieces Russia duck. Eleazer Johnson pr order.

(59) ... Boston, ... Octo. 26th 1779 Mr. Benjamin York, three hundred weights Musket Balls. By order Joseph Chapman, Jr., Sec'y.

(60) ... 28 Octr. 1779 ... Mr. Seth Newton, 16 Bushells Liverpool Salt. Eleazer Johnson pr order.

(61) ... Octr. 2, 1779 ... Mr. Saml. Whitemore Commissary for Sea Coast men at Gloucester ... four Barrels Beef ... Rice, etc. ... Joseph Chapman, Jr.


(64) . . . 6 Novr. 1779. Sir: The Board consents that you should supply Mr. Harrenton with 4 Bushels Salt at the regulated price in part payment for potatoes. E. Johnson per order (Moses Harrenton).

(65) . . . 13 Novr 1779 . . . Mr. Thos. Pemberton 5 Bushels Salt for his own use.

. . . Eleazer Johnson pr order.


(67) Novemr 17th 1779 . . . to Capt. John F. Williams . . . Beef Bread, etc. . . . for Ship “Protector” By order, Joseph Chapman, Jr. Sec’y.

(68) . . . Novem. 18, 1779 . . . Mr. Stephen Waite . . . Russia Duck, etc. . . . Joseph Chapman, Jr., Sec’y.


(73) . . . 1 Decr. 1779 . . . Mr. John Ballard for Ship “Protector” . . . Nails, etc. Eleazer Johnson pr order.


(75) Mr. Devins, Sir: Please to Deliver to Mr. Lemuel Burrell the within Salt and you will oblige your Humbl Servant S. Sumner.

Decr. 3, 1779. Rec’d the Above twenty seven bushels. Lemuel Burrell.

Decr. 14, 1779 Rec’d twenty three Bushells Salt in full for Mr. Lemuel Burrell . . . James Dyer.


(79) . . . 7 Decr. 1779 . . . Capt. Wm. Downe, Capt. Marines Ship “Protector” . . . 81 Cutlashes, 1 Drum, etc. . . . Eleazer Johnson pr order.

(80) 7th Decr. 1779 . . . Capt. Hopkins . . . to Joel Cushing for use of office a piece of sheet lead. . . Eleazer Johnson, pr order.


(82) . . . 13 Decr. 1779 . . . Mr. Joseph Lovering all the Tallow deliv’d you by Mr. Saml Brown . . . Eleazer Johnson, pr order.


(84) . . . Decr. 15th 1779 . . . Mr. Joseph Ruggles . . . rope, twine, etc. . . . Joseph Chapman, Jr.

(85) . . . Decr. 29 1779 . . . to Mr. Ephraim Fenno, for Ship “Protector” . . . Joseph Chapman, Jr., Sec’y.

WILLS, APPRAISEMENTS AND SETTLEMENTS, WILL BOOK I, MORGAN COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA

Contributed by Katherine M. Hunter for Ye Towne of Bath Chapter, Berkeley Springs, West Virginia.

(Continued from November Magazine)


Piper, William, Dec’d. p. 348. Of Morgan Co., Va. Wife (not named) to have entire estate during her life time. Son John $5.00. Son Thomas the same. Elizabeth Smith, $30.00. Grandson, Wm. Henry Anderson, $5.00. Daughter Mildred,


Snyder, Frederick, Dec'd. p. 403. John O’Ferrall appointed guardian of Frederick Snyder and John Snyder, orphans. Feb. 26, 1838.

Jacob Shade (the fourth) appointed guardian of Jacob Wesley Crouse, son of Michael Crouse. Signed by Jacob Shade, Jacob Shade, Jr. and Jacob Shade. p. 404.


John Sherrard appointed guardian of Isaiah, Jeremiah, George and Samuel Miller. March 26, 1833. p. 440.

SMITH, RICHARD, Dec'd. p. 442. Of Morgan Co., Va. Grandson George Hunt Smith, $300.00. My three daughters' children "share and share alike". My daughter Rebecca Gray's son Michael Gray, and his daughter Francis Gray's children, Martha, Sarah Jane, Eleanor and Jacob Gray, "being children and heirs of Francis Gray deceased. "My daughter Elizah Michael's children, namely: Joshua, Mary and Nancy Michael—and if my daughter Elizah Michael should have children after this date, they are to share the same as the three other children, of said Elizah". Elizah is to have all personal property, "my worthy friends, Jacob Gray and Daniel Michael," made Exects. Will made Jan. 21, 1839. Wits: William Neely, William Henry and Reuben Michael. Proven Jan. 27, 1840.

FLORA, ABSALOM, Dec'd. p. 443. Of Morgan Co., Va. To William I. Flora $50.00 to be given to him when he is seventeen. To his sister Rachael Kepler and his brother Archibald Flora and his sister Ann Smith, wife of Jacob Smith and his niece Mary Flora all estate equally divided among them, except $50.00 for Wm I. Flora. His two friends Wm. Wright and Walter McAtee, executors. Made Dec. 27, 1839. Wits: Abraham Gross, Absalom Kesler and Isau Kerns, and Samuel.—. Proven Feb. 24, 1840.


HANNAH DAVIS, Dec'd. p. 447. (formerly Hannah Larue) of Morgan Co., Va. Wills all real and personal estate in Morgan Co. to her husband Henry Davis, "for the reasons following: first for the love I have of him, and secondly in justice to him as a recompence for moneys he has expended for me in buildings and other improvements on my lands." Made August 4th, 1838. Wits: John Huff, Richard Vanorsdeln, Ronimous Hardin and Thomas Alderton. Proven Oct. 26, 1840.


Jacob Reichard appointed guardian of Patrick McCarthy an infant. Dec. 28th, 1840. p. 452.


ANN EASTER, Dec'd. p. 465. Of Morgan Co., Va. Mentions Wesley I. Easter, Jane L. Easter and Hiram Easter as her children, "and as for my other children (two) Nancy Gale and Angus McDonald, * * * the first three named are small and to be educated."
Made June 26, 1831. Wits: Dennis McDonald and Frances McDonald and James Doyle. Exect: James Taylor. Proven Sept. 27, 1841. (In 1841 Dennis McDonald and his wife Frances, resided in St. Charles County, Mo.)

MARtha ROONEY, Dec’d. p. 468. Of Morgan Co., Va. Wills Samuel Harmison “farm on which I now live, and also fifty dollars, his wife my side saddle. “I will Martha Cawten, daughter of John Cawten, two hundred dollars, also my two new frocks.” Sarah Cawten, daughter of John Cawten, fifty dollars. To Sarah Cawten, wife of John Cawten, one hundred dollars. To Elizabeth Fauk, fifty dollars. Michael Rooney, one hundred dollars, Bible and Prayer Book, “which was willed to me by my husband, Michael Rooney, dec’d; and should there be yet an overplus in the hands of my executors, to be applied by trustees for the use of (David) the youngest Black Boy.” Personal property to be sold and divided among the above named heirs. Exects: John Cawten and Edward Winning. Made Nov. 16, 1838. Wits: John Anderson and William Krothers. Proven Sept. 23, 1842. (Will recorded in Hagerstown, Washington Co., Md.)


MARIA YOUNG, Dec’d. p. 493. To her father, John Young, her estate during his life time; also a note against her brother, Reuben Young. Nieces: Hannah Speelman, Elizabeth, Mary and Sarah Jane Young, “daughters of my brother, William Young.” John Young (father) executor. Made April 14, 1843. Wits: Peter Fitz William and Nancy Lane. Proven June 26, 1843.


JOHN NEWBROUGH, (NEWBRAUGH, NEWBERRY), Dec’d. p. 505. of Berkeley Co., Va. Wife Elizabeth, William Newbrough,
son. Elizabeth Grove, daughter; Ellenor Grove, daughter, John Newbrough, son; Mary Newbrough, daughter, Rachael Newbrough, daughter, George Newbrough, son; Samuel Newbrough, son; Austin Newbrough, son. Exects: George Newbrough and Samuel Grove, son in law. Made June 24, 1818. Wits: Singleton Waugh and James Waugh. Proven March 25, 1844. Note: Son James Zeblin and daughter Patsy Newbrough, not mentioned in will.


GEORGE ZILER, Dec’d. p. 513. Inventory. Administrator, Peter E. Ziler, Nov. 11, 1844.


(Conclusion of Will Book I.)

REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS AND PATRIOTS OF NORTH CAROLINA

(Continued from last month. For explanatory note see September Magazine.)

SALLY, Peter. Patriot. (Jacob Carter, R. 1,746). Jacob Carter substituted immediately after Battle of Kings Mountain for one Peter Sally.


SHIELDS, Robert. Gen. Sumter’s Cavalry in S. C. (Charles P. Coleman—w. Fanny, W. 25,435.) “In 1781 proposition that two men could go from each company to South Carolina Cavalry to join Sumter. Robert Shields and myself turned out.”
SHIELDS, Thomas. Gen. Davidson's Regt. (Charles P. Coleman—w. Fanny, W. 25,435). Applicant served from Lincoln Co.; the lieutenant he thinks was Thomas Shields.


SNYDER, Peter. Prob. Lincoln Co. Militia. (William Taylor, alias William Snyder, R. 10,439). Applicant who enlisted from his father's house in Lincoln Co., declares that his brother, Peter Snyder, Sr., served fourteen months.


STEWART, Charles. 2nd Regt. (William Pope, S. 35,031). Deponent's regiment consolidated with 2nd Regt.; his captain was then Charles Stewart.

STROUD, ———. Militia. (William Stroud, R. 10,278). Applicant was called out near Wilmington, where he lost a brother who was also a private.


TARTARSON, Francis. Cont'l Line, 8th Regt. (Robert Williams, S. 39,129). (Howell Tatum, District of West Tennessee, makes oath 5-27-1818, that he was an officer in 8th Regt. of N. C. Cont'l Line; knows Capt. Francis Tartarson belonged to that Regt.; in Battles of Germantown and Brandywine and at Valley Forge.


TUCKER, Daniel. Duplin Co. Militia. Applicant, under Capt. Robert Merritt, in skirmish in which one of his company, viz. Daniel Tucker, was shot through the thigh.


VANN, King. Prob. Duplin Co. militia. (John Register—w. Edith, W. 4,318). Applicant guarded prisoners at Duplin Court-house, under Col. Thomas Bludworth; his lieutenant was King Vann.


WARE, Samuel, Sr. Militia under Col. Sevier. (James Boyd, S. 32,127). James Boyd and Samuel Ware both testified that their Captain was Samuel Ware, Sr.


WHITE, Robert. State Troops. (Robert Williams, S. 7,922). John Kinsaul, soldier in Capt. Herring’s company in 1779, testified that White was paymaster.


WILKINS, Elisha. Prob. Cont’l Line. (James Anderson—w. Dicey, W. 9,232). In 1838 affidavits show that Anderson applied under Act of 1818 and filed deposition of Elisha Wilkins (later burned in lawyer’s office), with, two other depositions, “made full proof of service.”


WILLSON, Willis. State Troops. (Robert Williams, S. 7,922). Affiant declares, “Willis Willson was in Capt. Benjamin Caswell’s company—knew me, has known me ever since.”


THOMAS LAMB, 1609-1646, OF WINTHROP’S MASSACHUSETTS BAY COLONY AND SOME OF HIS DESCENDANTS by Ruth Nelms Hooker (Mrs. Thomas E.), 66 Poplar Street, Memphis 3, Tennessee. 83 pp., paper bound, price not shown.

This compiler of several family geneologies in recent years has given to libraries another work of merit in the above volume. The first three generations add little to what was known, although her method of quoting liberally from New England authorities—town histories, vital records, probate and land records, does bring data on this Lamb family together and furnish the searcher references for the line. The chief interest of the book lies in the line from Thomas Lamb of the 3rd generation in America, who was born in Springfield, Massachusetts, January 31, 1701/02, settled in Salisbury, Connecticut at the age of thirty and after a few years migrated to Pasquotank County, North Carolina. From this point on Mrs. Hooker’s work shows much original re-
search and will undoubtedly prove a boon to descendants of this Thomas Lamb and his wife, Sarah Beckwith. As in the fore part, source records such as wills, old letters, Bible records, etc., supply authenticity far beyond that usually evidenced in books of this type.

A limited number of copies have been produced by a duplicating method and the book is not for sale, but has been placed in numerous genealogical libraries. The author will be generous in answering questions and helping interested descendants to whom a copy is not accessible.

 Queries

Queries must be typed double spaced on separate slips of paper and limited to two queries (a) and (b) of not more than sixty words each. Address name and address on same line following last query. Queries conforming to above requirements will be published as soon as space is available.

L'47. (a) Purkapile-Boyer.—John Purkapile, b. 6 May 1781 (where?); d. Illinois, 1 Oct. 1846; m. (where in Virginia?), Mary Ellen Boyer, b. 1775; d. Petersburg (formerly New Salem), Ill., 1867. Children: Rachael, m. — Smith; Mary (Polly), m. — Thomas; Elizabeth, b. 1807 in Virginia, m. William Riley Miller; John; George; James, b. Kentucky, 1812; Joe. Wish parents and data of Mary Ellen Boyer, particularly Revolutionary service in line; parents and place of birth for John Purkapile—did he serve in War of 1812—did his father serve in Revolutionary War? Would like contact with persons interested in Virginia family of Boyer.

(b) Miller-Purkapile.—William Riley Miller, b. 11 Oct. 1808; m. Sangamon Co., Illinois by Wm. Trout, M. G., 3 Oct. 1830, Elizabeth Purkapile; eleven children. His sister, Susan, m. Eldridge Renshaw—lived in Hancock Co., Ill., 1850. Is he included in "Millers Past and Present" by Wish Rev. Miller? Was the Rev. Wm. Trout a relative? Wish name and all data on parents of Andrew Hendricks.

L'47. (b) Richards-Lorance.—James Harvey Richards, b. Virginia (where?), 15 Apr. 1800; left orphan early; reared by his father's partner, Mansfield. He moved to Kentucky; m. Delilah Lorance (French descent); had eleven children. Wish ancestry of James Harvey Richards. Mrs. Willard E. Gaston, Shenandoah, Iowa.

L'47. (b) Smith-Baker.—Want parents and all data for Lewis Smith, b. 19 July 1795; m. Sarah Baker, b. 7 July 1799. Children: Calvin H., Garrison E., Hiram, Lewis N., Flavel Jesse, Mary Ann, Amy E., Sarah S., and Susan M. Mrs. F. S. Moise, Coltons Point, Maryland.

L'47. (a) Dhury.—Julius & Caroline (Snow) Warren had dau., Mary Ann, b. 1822; m. Arkadelphia, Ark., 1849, Mary Camilla Browning. Wish parents and full data on William I. Durin.

L'47. (b) Hardy-Skinner.—Acquilla Hardy m. Robert Hardy, b. 6 Oct. 1779; d. 25 Nov. 1845; m. Hunterdon or Schodack, N. Y., 27 Jan. 1820, Russell Hopkins Hungerford. Wish parents and all possible data concerning Julius Warren and Caroline Snow.

L'47. (b) Duren-Browning.—William I. Duren, b. George, 1822; m. Arkadelphia, Ark., 1849, Mary Camilla Browning. Wish parents and full data on William I. Duren.

L'47. (b) Cromer.—John Cromer, Revolutionary pensioner, m. Sophia (was she 2nd wife?); lived in Harrison Co., Indiana and, 1833, deeded land, Lauren Co., Ky., to David Cromer. Wish proof that he was their son. Who was Rachel, b. Tenn., wife of David Cromer? John Cromer, in census 1820 Knox (later Laurel) Co., Ky. One John Cromer, b. Lancaster Co., Penna., 1758, lived in Harrison Co., Ind. in 1838. What was connection between these Cromers and those of Rockingham Co., Virginia. Mrs. F. W. Floyd, Apt. 1249, Caracas, Venezuela, South America.


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L'47. (b) Smith-Baker.—Want parents and all data for Lewis Smith, b. 19 July 1795; m. Albany or Schodack, N. Y., 27 Jan. 1820, Sarah (Sallie) Baker, b. 7 July 1799. Children: Calvin H., Garrison E., Hiram, Lewis N., Flavel Jesse, Mary Ann, Amy E., Sarah S., and Susan M. Mrs. F. S. Moise, Coltons Point, Maryland.

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know what relation Alonzo Calhoun was to John C. Calhoun. Carrie Shepard Kapp, 1075 Lincoln Ave., San Jose 10, California.

L-47. (a) Simmons-Swearingen.—Can anyone tell me the name of the father of Jonathan Simmons, who m. in Maryland, 1735, Elizabeth Slaughter?

(b) Sanford-Clark-Grimes. — Was Robert Sanford, who m. in Virginia, 1801 (I believe), Sarah Clark, the same man who in 1792 had m. in Orange Co., Va., Hannah Grimes? Mrs. George E. Sanford, Granville, Ohio.

L-47. Slaughter.—John Slaughter, d. Hinds Co., Mississippi, 1828. His wife was Rhoda; children—Benjamin, Delilah, Reuben, Jane, Simon, Nancy and Elizabeth. He had brothers—James, William, David and others. Wish parents and data for parents of both John & Rhoda (———) Slaughter. Mrs. Edward Trenholm, 960 Bellevue Place, Jackson, Mississippi.

L-47. King-Sherwin.—Caleb King, Rev. soldier of Bridgewater, Massachusetts, later lived in Sunderland, Vermont; m. Lydia Sherwin. Was Lovice King of Genesee, N. Y. a second wife? Wish names and data on parents and immediate family of Caleb King; also any descendants of his sons Bissell and Roswell, of New York, and Dr. Salmon King of Kalamazoo, Michigan. Miss Beatrice Kempf, 1133 Walnut Ave., Redding, California.

L-47. McGunnegle-Gibson.—George W. McGunnegle (also McGonigal), b. Ireland; m. Margaret Kennedy; to America and settled at Carlisle, Penna., 1766; to Pittsburg, 1789, where first Episcopal service was held in his home. Is there record of his burial in Trinity Churchyard there? Wish proof of his Revolutionary service in the navy. His dau., Eleanor, b. 1769; d. 4 Dec. 1850; m. Mary; 4 sons, 6 daughters. Son, George, 11 July, 1808; d. 20 Aug. 1877; m. Elizabeth Bittering, b. Gettysburg, 17 Mar. 1815; d. 6 Aug. 1896; lived at Gettysburg; had Sarah H., m. Havercost; Eliza Jane H., m. Fries; Mary E. H., m. Heinegh; Levi; George; David; Alice C. H., m. Enoch; Jacob; Harrison; Georgiana Hannah H., m. Persyn. Wish Revolutionary record, if any, for Christopher Hollabaugh; also ancestry of Elizabeth Bittering with any Revolutionary service in the line. Mrs. W. E. Niemann, 1319 -North 10th St., Nebraska City, Nebraska.

L-47. (a) Hatchett-Ross.—Who were parents of Edward Hatchett, b. bef. 1780; d. bef. 1840; m. Anna Ross, b. Maryland, 1784; d. Van Buren Co., Arkansas, 1860; had sons—Hubbard, Nelson, Page, Garner and King Hatchett. This family lived in Carroll Co., Tenn., where Anna (Ross) Hatchett is shown as head of family in 1840 census.

(b) Hancock.—Wish parents and proof of Revolutionary service of Andrew Hancock, said to have died in the Battle of Camden; son Andrew, Jr., b. So. Carolina, 1775, War of 1812, dischgd. at Camden, Tennessee, and disharged after 1821 somewhere in Eastern Tennessee. Mrs. M. F. Hatchett, Route 5, Ada, Oklahoma.

L-47. (a) Channell-Barnes.—Wish parents and proof of Revolutionary service of George Channell, said to have served in Isle of Wight Co., Virginia and received land in Oglethorpe Co., Georgia; m. Mary Barnes. Their son, Harmon Channell, m. Putnam Co., Georgia, 1809, Delilah Coleman.

(b) Wish military record of Daniel Harrison, whose son James Steele Harrison was b. Abbeville Dist., So. Carolina, 1801; also son Simon Ricker Harrison. Was he the son of Simon and grandson of Joseph Harrison of Virginia and No. Carolina? Sarah June Hatchett, Route 5, Ada, Oklahoma.

L-47. (a) Tuttle.—Josiah (or Joshua) Tuttle, from England to Massachusetts; served in Revolutionary War; son Calvin, b. 1810; d. 1882, had sons, Myron, Columbus, George; Calvin and sons all served in Civil War. Wish all possible data on this family.

(b) Heskett.—Benjamin Franklin Heskett, b. 2 Feb. 1823; d. 4 Jan. 1863 from wounds, Battle of Stone River, Tennessee, Civil War. Wish all data possible, particularly Revolutionary service of any ancestor. Mrs. R. B. Hesston, Salem, Nebraska.


(b) Emerson-Owens.—Wish data on James b. Penna., ca. 1728; —— Nicholson m. Elizabeth Rankin, b. Penna. ca. 1726; —— Crockett m. Margaret (Peggy) Rankin, b. Penna. ca. 1730; —— Hill m. Catherine Rankin, b. Penna. ca. 1732; —— McIntire m. Rebecca Rankin, b. ca. 1734; —— Steward m. Agnes (Nancy) Rankin, b. ca. 1736. Miss Flossie Cloyd, Bird Lawn, Madison, Tennessee.

L-47. Hollabaugh-Bittinger.—Christopher Hollabaugh, b. Littleshawna, Penna., 12 Nov. 1768; d. 4 Dec. 1850; m. Mary ——; 4 sons, 6 daughters; son, George, 11 July, 1808; d. 20 Aug. 1877; m. Elizabeth Bittering, b. Gettysburg, 17 Mar. 1815; d. 6 Aug. 1896; lived at Gettysburg; had Sarah H., m. Havercost; Eliza Jane H., m. Fries; Mary E. H., m. Heinegh; Levi; George; David; Alice C. H., m. Enoch; Jacob; Harrison; Georgiana Hannah H., m. Persyn. Wish Revolutionary record, if any, for Christopher Hollabaugh; also ancestry of Elizabeth Bittering with any Revolutionary service in the line. Mrs. W. E. Niemann, 1319 -North 10th St., Nebraska City, Nebraska.
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

Emerson Sr., Revolutionary soldier of North Carolina and his wife, —- Orens, Camilla Emerson Durrenberger, Georgetown, Texas.

L-'47. (a) Gilmore-McVicker-Stephens. — Thomas Gilmore, b. at sea en route to America; lived in Pennsylvania; had son, Samuel, whose son, Thomas, went to Noble Co., Ohio and m. Jane McVicker. Their son, Samuel, b. 1833; m. as 2nd wife, Nancy (Stephens) Rich. Who were parents of Thomas Gilmore? Wish complete data — wives, children, dates, etc. on Thomas and his son Samuel.


L-'47. Heyey-Smith. — Ebenezer Hovey, b. Bath, Craftsbury Co., New Hampshire, 24 Nov. 1786; d. 23 Sept. 1852; m. at Niagara Falls, N. Y., 2 Oct. 1808, Mary Smith, b. Braintree, Mass., 10 Mar. 1792. They moved to Canandaigua, N. Y. in 1812 and to Townsend Settlement, N. Y. 1824, where he lived the remainder of his life. Wish ancestry and additional data for Ebenezer Hovey. Mrs. W. I. Wooten, 8518 54th Ave., Elmhurst, N. Y.

L-'47. Lancaster-Coleman. — Wish data on parents of Thomas Hamilton Lancaster, b. Middle Tennessee (prob. Hickman Co.), 9 Sept. 1813; also data on his wife, Caledonia P. Coleman, b. 7 May 1825, who had sisters and bros.— "D", Emmaline, Elizabeth, Benjamin, Zill (or Spill), Alex and James Coleman—last two, twins.

(b) Towles-Robinson. — Wish data on families of Stokely Towles, Oliver Towles and John Towles of Virginia and So. Carolina, late 1700's and early 1800's. Also on family of the following bros. and sisters—Albert; Robert; Sarah Ann, b. Edgefield Dist., S. C., 4 Mar. 1813; Emmaline, Charlotte and Caroline Robinson. Mrs. J. T. Ramage, Temple, Texas.

L-'47. Helms-Mahaffey. — Isaac Helms, b. Penna. or Virginia, 17 Nov. 1800; d. Logan Co., Illinois, 19 Jan. 1876; m. abt. 1820, Rebecca, dau. of Alexander & Margaret (Kirkpatrick) Mahaffey; went to Ohio. His sisters and bros. were Nancy, Smoot; Mary, m. — Lytle or Lykens; Peter, John & Daniel Helms. Wish full data on their parents, and on Rebecca's ancestry, particularly Revolutionary service in either line. Mrs. Paul E. Davis, Lock Box 647, Parsons, Kansas.


ANNOUNCEMENT

Beginning with the January issue it will be our policy to print answers which may be received as a result of published queries. The cooperation of readers in this respect should enhance the value of our Department and will be greatly appreciated. If possible, kindly use typewriter. Every answer must be forwarded to the Editor, 1720 D Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C., with 3c stamp enclosed if sender wishes it mailed on to querist before publication. Answer will appear with name and address of the one submitting it, unless otherwise requested, in which case initials may be used. Please make your answers just as comprehensive as possible—not failing to give source of information.
MINUTES
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT
REGULAR MEETING
October 16, 1947

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, in the Board Room, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C., at 9:30 a.m., on Thursday, October 16, 1947.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Robert Keene Arnold, read from the 25th Psalm and offered prayer.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America was given.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Edwin Stanton Lammers, called the roll, the following members being recorded as present: National Officers: Mrs. O'Byrne, Mrs. Patton, Mrs. Lee, Miss Matthies, Mrs. Latting, Mrs. Tompkins, Mrs. Chase, Mrs. Vaughn, Mrs. French, Mrs. Grimes, Mrs. Ingram, Mrs. Hussey, Mrs. Warthen, Mrs. Patterson, Mrs. Rex, Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. McQuesten, Mrs. Graybill, Mrs. Sartell, Mrs. Welch, Mrs. Arnold, Mrs. Lammas, Mrs. Gardner, Miss Cook, Mrs. Rhoades, Mrs. Tynes, Mrs. Carwithen, Miss McMackin, Mrs. Frierson, Mrs. Sisler. State Regents: Mrs. Jacobs, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Lloyd, Mrs. Christian, Mrs. Iffland, Mrs. Skinner, Mrs. Clearman, Mrs. Byers, Mrs. Smith (Georgia), Mrs. Maury, Mrs. Burns, Mrs. Ink, Mrs. Shrewder, Dr. Jones, Mrs. Fair, Mrs. Heywood, Mrs. Nield, Mrs. Currier, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Robbins, Mrs. Brewer, Mrs. Rowland, Mrs. Anderson, Mrs. Way, Mrs. Park, Miss Carraway, Mrs. Cook, Mrs. McMullen, Mrs. Snow, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Oliver, Mrs. Hudson, Mrs. Barrow, Mrs. Morse, Mrs. Repass, Mrs. Smith (West Virginia), Miss Goodwin, Mme. Bates-Batcheller. State Vice Regent: Mrs. Moseley, England.

The President General, Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, read her report.

Report of President General

Members of the Board of Management:

Immediately following our first Board meeting on May 24th, your President General, accompanied by Mrs. Frank E. Lee, Second Vice President General, Mrs. Edwin S. Lammas, Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Van Court Carwithen, Historian General, and Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, Honorary President General, motored to Fredericksburg, Virginia. There on the spacious and attractive lawn of Kenmore, the home of Betty Washington, we enjoyed the hospitality of the Association of Kenmore and the Virginia Daughters, and the pleasure of meeting again several hundred Daughters who had attended our last Continental Congress. Mrs. H. H. Smith, the ever delightful and enthusiastic Secretary of Kenmore, presented your President General and Honorary President General, both of whom gave brief greetings, and then assisted in planting a tree on the lawn.

On the Monday following, May 26th, the first meeting of our Executive Committee for this administration was held. It was at this meeting that Mr. Arata of the Board of Trade of Washington, D. C. appeared to tell us that our 1948 Congress would have to be held in the month of May. Your Executive Committee was determined that, with the war emergency over, we should return to the time of holding our Congress as prescribed by our own By-Laws. Our better than twenty-five hundred chapters begin their chapter year without regard to the time of Congress, and yet even with an April Congress, not too much opportunity is given to prepare for our coming activities. Confronted with what bore every resemblance to an ultimatum, and realizing that if we yielded in peacetime, we might never return to the April dating, your Executive Committee began inquiry in ten other cities to explore the possibilities of an April Congress there. At the same time our reasons were presented to Mr. Arata who agreed to again present the matter to the Hotel Association. For a half-century Daughters had been coming to Washington in April, and maintaining our buildings here, and it appeared that we should be the last to yield. The ultimate result of this aggressive position taken by your Executive Committee, supplemented by steps taken pursuant to its authority, is that our Continental Congress in 1948 will be held in strict accordance with our By-Laws, in our own home in Washington, D. C., and in the month of April.

June 4th, accompanied by Mrs. Loren Edgar Rex, Vice President General, Mrs. Rex H. Rhoades, Treasurer General, and Mrs. Roy C. Bowker, National Chairman of the D. A. R. Good Citizenship Pilgrimage, your President General went to Annapolis, Maryland, to attend the program embracing the presentation of awards to midshipmen. Upon arrival we were pleased to be met by Honorary President General, Mrs. Henry M. Robert, Jr., and to have the opportunity to talk with her for a few moments. Present also at this occasion were several friends who are heads of other organizations giving awards. It was my special privilege to present the D. A. R. award of a kodak to Midshipman David H. Swenson, Jr., of Taylor, Texas. Midshipman Swenson had shown outstanding talent as witnessed by his being the recipient of five different awards. It was one of those rare days in June when all nature seemed to be in tune, and one long to be remembered, as we observed the earnest young faces of the midshipmen passing in parade, and it gave an inevitable lift to our own spirits, and I personally felt that the world would not go far wrong when these young men became the leaders of tomorrow.

The United States Military Academy award of a $75.00 Savings Bond was presented by the
National Society to Cadet-Robert M. Montague, Jr., of Fort Bliss, Texas, for the highest rating in mechanics. This presentation was made at West Point Academy on May 31, and was one of six awards received by Cadet Montague. This bond was sent to the Superintendent of the Academy for the winning cadet, a custom established by the National Society during the years of the recent war.

Other than the time necessary for the special events just reported, the two weeks following the adjournment of the 56th Continental Congress were spent in the office, making committee appointments, having interviews with different national officers and committee chairmen, bringing their work up to date and arranging the transition inevitable in passing from an outgoing to an incoming administration, conducting interviews with reporters, making a trip to the bank with our Treasurer General to check our securities and discuss our investments with Mr. Jacobsen, one of our advisers, and having interviews with our attorney, Mr. Robert H. McNeill.

Having completed as much office work as possible until replies to letters were received. I left for home on June 6th, and upon my arrival I found a veritable mountain of mail and all of Brookville, quite excited and pleased over my election. I have been the recipient of many parties and gifts from friends in honor of this occurrence, and I assure you that all of them — I will treasure in memory, including the special meeting and gift from my own Twin Forks Chapter.

July 3rd and 4th, I attended a Conference of the National Education Association on the improvement for teacher training at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio. Approximately three hundred outstanding representatives of major organizations were present, and these were divided into groups for discussion and planning. I was assigned to the group for safeguarding and improving the teaching of democracy. The discussion centered around dynamic group teaching, and I was rather thrilled to observe that our organization with our Committees of Junior American Citizens and Girl Home Makers and our project of the D. A. R. Citizenship Pledge are admirably arranged to contribute effectively toward such teaching of citizenship.

July 13th, the Indiana Daughters gave a reception at the Columbia Club, Indianapolis, honoring the President General. Even though this was a hot day, and the atmosphere sultry throughout, nearly a thousand Daughters came to Indianapolis from all corners of the State to express their pleasure and deep satisfaction in having Mrs. Julius Y. Talmadge, Honorary President General of Indiana who is a native Hoosier. We were especially gratified to be honored by the presence of Mrs. Julius Y. Talmadge, Honorary President General, Miss Katharine Matthes, Third Vice President General, Miss Helen McMackin, Librarian General, and Dr. Winona Jones, State Regent of Kentucky, Mrs. J. Harold Grimes, Vice President General, Mrs. James B. Crankshaw, Honorary Vice President General, Miss Bonnie Parwell, past Vice President General and Mrs. William H. Schlosser, past Recording Secretary General and all of Indiana's State Officers. Members of the Twin Forks Chapter, of Brookville, under the leadership of their Chapter Regent, Mrs. Stephen Burk, were official hostesses for the afternoon and presided at the punch bowl. The event was held in the large, attractive and spacious Ball Room of the Columbia Club, which was beautifully decorated with large baskets of summer flowers. The smooth precision of arrangements and the uniformity of state-wide attendance of Indiana Daughters bear silent tribute to the executive ability and quality of leadership of Indiana's State Regent, Mrs. Furel R. Burns. Later several regrets were received and replacements had to be made. Several state regents were late in sending in their lists of state chairmen, and hence the Directory was not mailed until the last week of August. In making committee appointments, every effort has been made to secure first good workers, and then to distribute appointments as evenly as possible among the divisions and among the states in each division.

The Executive Committee left the Magazine entirely up to your President General, and I feel especially pleased and gratified that I have been able to secure as Editor, Mrs. Grace L. H. Brosseau. She knows both D.A.R. and journalism, so there could not be a better qualified person. She came to Washington to begin her work in July. Several national chairmen were in Washington, D.C., and came for interviews. Letters of all national chairmen were read and approved for printing. Each was mailed to the national chairman for distribution to state chairmen as soon as printed, and the entire set was mailed to the state regents.

On July 21st, accompanied by Mr. Robert H. McNeill, our attorney, I went to Philadelphia to meet with Mrs. William C. Laneston, Chairman for the Erection of Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge, and her committee. We were entertained at luncheon by Mrs. Langston, after which we journeyed to Valley Forge where we were joined by several of the Vestry. The agreement which had been signed at the 56th Congress was discussed, as well as possible plans for erecting the tower. On my return that evening it was a pleasure to find that Mrs. William V. Farwell, Registrar General, had come to be in her office for a brief period.

July 23rd, the personnel staff gave a breakfast in their dining room for the President General. This was a delightful affair and greatly appreciated. The personnel are so essential and indispensable to the smooth operation of our Society, that as they do their jobs we do with the thousand and one little details and mechanics of our programs, that this initial demonstration of camaraderie has meant much more to your President General and to the Society itself than is easily expressed.
It is with real sorrow that I report to you the death on July 29th of Mrs. Lue R. Spencer, Genealogical Editor of our Magazine. She was a former State Regent of Nebraska, Vice President General and Registrar General. The death of Mrs. Delos Blodgett, past Corresponding Secretary General, is a great loss to the Society, also must be reported, as well as the fact that sorrow came to one of our clerks, Miss Adaline Thornton, who lost her mother during the summer. A note was sent to the family in each case. In addition, an expression of sympathy was forwarded to President Harry S. Truman upon the occasion of the death of his mother. Death claimed two of our Honor ary Vice Presidents General during the month of September. Mrs. Charles H. Carroll, of Concord, New Hampshire, passed away on September 10th, and Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins died on September 19th. Miss Elizabeth E. Poe, former Editor of the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine died on September 29th. Our hearts mourn the loss of these beloved and valued members and friends. Our sympathy is extended lovingly to Mrs. Van Court Carwithen, Historian General, in the loss of her beloved mother, Mrs. Joseph H. Parvin.

On September 8th, I was initiated into Psi Chapter of Delta Kappa Gamma, a national sorority which promotes advancement in the field of education, my admission being as an honorary member.

September 17th, I attended the Constitution Day celebration at the Murat Theatre, Indianapolis. General Mark Clark was the principal speaker and gave some straight-from-the-shoulder reports of conditions with which he had been required to deal in Russian-dominated European countries. On the same day the Daughters of the District conducted a most appropriate program dealing with the Constitution, in Memorial Continental Hall.

After an intensive day spent in the office on September 22nd, I began the following day in attendance at a number of Eastern Conferences and Fall Meetings. The itinerary began with the Fall Meeting in Delaware on September 23rd, when in company with Mrs. Van Court Carwithen, I was taken on an historic tour of Delaware from New Castle to Frederica, by Mrs. Walter S. Williams, past Vice President General of the Society. Mrs. Charles V. Gilbert, past National President of the American Legion Auxiliary, were the main speakers of the morning session. The President General's address occurred in the afternoon, followed by a reception, when the more than five hundred Connecticut Daughters were greeted. The President of American International College and Mrs. Charles V. Gilbert, past National President of the American Legion Auxiliary, were the main speakers of the morning session. The President General addressed the assembly in the afternoon, followed by a reception, when the more than five hundred Connecticut Daughters were greeted.

The remaining three days of the week were spent in the office at Washington, D. C.

October 7-8-9-10 were spent at the French Lick Springs Hotel, French Lick, Indiana, attending the 47th Annual State Conference of Indiana. Preceding the opening of the Conference was the Dinner Meeting of the Indiana State Officers Club, at which the committee in charge presented a skit entitled "Our Hoosier Presidents General," with a very clever portrayal of the life of the present incumbent. The principal address at this meeting was delivered by Miss Sally Butler, International and National President of the Business and Professional Women's Clubs in which she skillfully narrated her impressions of the women of the various countries she has recently visited in Europe. In attendance at the convention were Mrs. Robert Keene Arnold, Chaplain General, Mrs. James B. Crankshaw, Honorary Vice President General, Mrs. J. Harold Grimes, Vice President General, Mrs. Edward R. Barrow, State Regent of Texas, Dr. Winona Jones, State Regent of Kentucky, Mrs. Stephen T. Davis, State Treasurer of the American Revolution Magazine.
of Kentucky, Miss Bonnie Farwell and Mrs. La Fayette LeVan Porter, past Vice Presidents General, Mrs. William H. Schlosser, past Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Herbert R. Hill, National Chairman of Press Relations, and Miss Mary Helen North, National Chairman of Junior Membership. The President General's address occurred at the formal opening of the conference on Wednesday evening, October 8th. The splendid executive ability of Mrs. Furel R. Burns, State Regent, was again demonstrated in the precision and smoothness with which each session proceeded. The entire conference program was built around the theme "Upon All of Us Rests the Cornerstone of the Nation."

Mrs. Grace L. H. Brosseau, Honorary President General and Editor of the D.A.R. Magazine, answered an emergency call and took over a radio broadcast on July 4th for the Society when an invitation was received from Dwight Cooke, of Columbia Broadcasting System, asking for a representative to speak on Federal Aid to Education.

I call attention to the observance of National Bible Week October 20-26. Our Society has been asked to cooperate with the observance of Constitution Week, the 160th observance of our Constitutional form of government. This we have done, through dissemination of information to our members through the pages of our official publications, the D.A.R. Magazine, the National Defense News, and the Press Digest.

Mrs. Van Court Carwithen, Historian General, represented the Society at a meeting of the International Council of Women, in Philadelphia, in September. I have endeavored to give to you a report on all matters necessary to keep you intelligently abreast of all operations of our Society in so far as my knowledge and actions go. I have in addition added those bits of information which, as members of the National Board of Management, I believed would be of interest. I have been more or less overworked since she has had no official duties as any means perform my tasks alone. I solicit suggestions and assistance from every member of this Board. Granted that—and I confidently expect no less—with the accumulated wisdom and assistance of all of us, our Society must ever march on and on to new triumphs and new services.

Estella A. O'Byrne, 
President General,  
N. S. D. A. R.

The report of the President General was received with a rising vote of appreciation.

The First Vice President General, Mrs. James B. Patton, read her report.

Report of First Vice President General

Your First Vice President General attended the Board meeting which was held on May 24th, after which she made the trip to Kenmore. She was also present at the Executive Committee meeting on May 26th.

She has attended the State Board meeting of the Ohio Society, D.A.R., as well as the Regents meeting; three District meetings and four chapter meetings.

On June 8th, she, together with the state regent of Ohio, went to Lebanon, Ohio, and attended the ceremony in connection with the marking of two graves, a husband and wife, both of whom saw service in the Revolutionary War; this being the first time such a double marking has ever taken place. She participated in a broadcast made at this time.

On June 21st, she was present at the State Conference of the C.A.R. It was a privilege to have been a guest at the New York State Conference held in New York City on October 8th and 9th, as well as to have been guest speaker at their banquet.

While in New York City, she spent a day at Ellis Island.

Marguerite C. Patton,  
First Vice President General,  
N. S. D. A. R.

The Second Vice President General, Mrs. Frank Edgar Lee, gave a brief informal report.

The Third Vice President General, Miss Katharine Matthies, read her report.

Report of Third Vice President General

Your Third Vice President General has not been overworked since she has had no official duties as such. However, since the Continental Congress it has been her privilege to attend the meetings of several chapters in Connecticut and Vermont, and to accompany the President General on her visits to the Vermont State Conference in Rutland, the Rhode Island State Meeting in Providence, and the Connecticut State Meeting in Simsbury. She also considered it an honor to be in the receiving line at the reception given by the Indiana Daughters in Indianapolis on July 15th.

Katharine Matthies,  
Third Vice President General,  
N. S. D. A. R.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Robert Keene Arnold, read her report.

Report of Chaplain General

Since so many requests have come for the copy of the little poem by Bishop Cushman, I read at our last Board meeting, I will include it in this report, so it may be incorporated in the minutes and be available to all:

I met God in the morning  
When my day was at its best;  
And His presence came like sunrise  
With a glory in my breast.

All day long the Presence lingered  
All day long He stayed with me;  
And we sailed in perfect calmness  
O'er a very troubled sea.

So I think I know the secret  
Learned from many a troubled way;  
You must seek Him in the morning,  
If you want Him through the day.
In July, I sent a letter to each state chaplain outlining our plan of work for the year, and am delighted to have heard from many of my co-workers. Have attended a board meeting, several district meetings; also many chapter meetings and teas in my own home state. On October 8th, it was my pleasure to attend the Indiana State Conference, where our loved President General was greeted for the first time at a conference in her home state.

My hope is that our service together may help us to be better Christian women and an honor to our National Society.

"Service is not labor, 
It is love set free 
Just to put in motion 
The good in you and me."

HATTIE M. H. ARNOLD, 
Chaplain General, 
N. S. D. A. R.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Edwin Stanton Lammers, read her report.

**Report of Recording Secretary General**

The routine work of this office has continued as usual since the last meeting of the National Board of Management on May 24th. All correspondence and letters of inquiry have been promptly answered and the work is up to date.

The minutes of the regular board meetings, held May 17th and 24th were compiled and given to the D.A.R. Magazine for publication, and proofread. The verbatim reports have been transcribed, the minutes and verbatim indexed, typed, bound in folders and filed.

Rulings of these meetings were typed and delivered to each National Officer, also typed for the Statute Book and indexed. Minutes of the Executive Committee meetings have been written, copied and sent to the members of this committee, also recopied and indexed for permanent record. Rulings were delivered to those offices affected.

A permanent index to the Statute Book which contains all motions and resolutions adopted by Continental Congress and the National Board of Management during the past administration, of three years, is being made. A permanent index is also being made to the volume containing the minutes of the Executive Committee for the past administration. These will be bound in book form for permanent record after the index is typed and checked.

Immediately following the close of the 56th Continental Congress, resolutions and letters as directed by the National Board and Continental Congress were written to members of the United States Congress and others specified, and many commendatory replies have been received.

The resolutions adopted by Continental Congress were prepared and printed in pamphlet form for distribution. Then work was begun on the proceedings of Congress, checking, assembling material, editing, correcting, proofreading and all the necessary details which resulted in the completed volume you received during the summer.

Members were notified of the meetings of the National Board of Management and Executive Committee.

Since the last report of work from this office there have been issued 2,787 membership certificates, and 66 commissions to National Officers, Honorary National Officers, State Regents and State Vice Regents.

It has been my pleasure to attend a State Board meeting, six chapter meetings and recently I met with the Pennsylvania Founders and Patriots for a dinner and an unveiling of a tablet in Old Swedes Church, in Philadelphia, honoring John Hanson.

The most engrossing work was done on the pamphlet "What the Daughters Do" which required much time and research in order to give a comprehensive account of all we do in a compact manner. This is now ready for the printer.

It was with deep regret that I had to decline early fall State Conferences and meetings, but I had to fulfill other engagements already promised. This has been a very busy but interesting summer.

MAYMIE DARNELL LAMMERS, 
Recording Secretary General, 
N. S. D. A. R.

The Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. John T. Gardner, read her report.

**Report of Corresponding Secretary General**

The report of the Corresponding Secretary General covers the period from May 1, through September 30, 1947.

As soon as possible after the Congress, copies of the resolutions adopted at Congress, and the address of the President General were mailed to members of the National Board of Management, the Honorary Presidents General, Honorary Vice Presidents General, and to chapter regents. Later, copies of the Directory of Committees were sent to those on our regular mailing list. Wrappers for the Proceedings of the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress were addressed. A total of 11,195 pieces of mail.

The following supplies have been sent from my office:

- Application blanks .................................. 18,684
- Information leaflets ................................ 9,099
- Constitution and By-Laws ........................... 803
- Transfer Cards ...................................... 1,060
- Reinstatement Cards ................................ 614
- "What the Daughters Do" pamphlets .............. 3,611
- Applicant's Working Sheets ......................... 10,503
- Ancestral Charts ................................... 9,873
- State Regents Welcome Cards ....................... 1,185
- Miscellaneous ...................................... 971
- Total number of pieces ............................ 49,343

Orders for manuals have been to the number of 17,020. The distribution according to languages follows: English, 14,099; Bohemian, 48; Finnish, 66; French, 36; German, 247; Hungarian, 40; Italian, 1,354; Lithuanian, 5; Norwegian, 70; Polish, 2; Portuguese, 77; Spanish, 742; Swedish, 48; Yiddish, 186.

A total of 1,268 letters has been received and answered or referred to the proper department,
while 1,132 letters and cards have been sent out from this office.

Just before Congress opened 2,718 copies of War Service Reports were mailed. This record could not be included in the report of Miss Matthies.

It was my sad duty to inform members of the Cabinet of the passing of Mrs. Luc Reynolds Spencer, Genealogical Editor of the Magazine and former Registrar General; Mrs. Charles H. Carroll, Honorary Vice President General from New Hampshire; and Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, Honorary Vice President General from the District of Columbia.

This office provides literature which contains valuable information. I urge officers and members to acquaint themselves with material which is available.

NELLIE T. GARDNER,
Corresponding Secretary General,
N. S. D. A. R.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. Rex Hays Rhoades, read her report.

**Report of Treasurer General**

I believe everyone present has a copy of our financial report.

Knowing that you are all very intelligent ladies I am not going to read this report in detail, but there are certain things I would like to point out to you.

When you read it yourselves there are 4 points I would like to have you remember.

1. The first year of any administration is more expensive than the second.
2. The first 6 months of the year your income is smaller than the last 6 months. The most of our dues come in the last half.
3. You will remember the outgoing Congress voted the transfer of $67,000.00 from the Current Fund. Since then additional funds have had to be transferred.
4. The ordering of certain items had been approved one and two years ago, such as an addressograph, filing cabinets for various offices, etc. Now, since Congress, some of these orders have been delivered but at a 10% increase in cost and larger tax.

Please remember these four points when you read this report.

The first item I wish to call your attention to is: Report Relations, on Page 10 of the mimeographed report.

In July, our new Chairman, Mrs. Hill, came in to see me. I greeted her one minute and in the next minute had to tell her the Press funds were about gone. The Auditors Digest and the Treasurer's report. Now, since Congress, some of these orders have been delivered but at a 10% increase in cost and larger tax.

At Congress, I was confused, for Mrs. Nason had told me the magazine was not in debt. Yet the former Treasurer General reported, both to the Board and the Congress, that the magazine was in debt. After taking office I found the Auditors Digest of our funds. One page was devoted to the magazine. As it is short I would like to read it to you.

**NATIONAL HISTORICAL MAGAZINE**

**STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENSE**

**FROM**

**MARCH 1, 1946 TO FEBRUARY 28, 1947**

<table>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total income</strong></td>
<td><strong>$33,017.95</strong></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Expenses:</th>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>$  6,176.76</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>1,075.64</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>81.97</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
<td>21,000.88</td>
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<tr>
<td>Travel</td>
<td>797.72</td>
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<tr>
<td>Articles</td>
<td>960.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prizes</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegraph</td>
<td>65.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commissions</td>
<td>58.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refunds</td>
<td>40.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>70.45 30,402.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net profit for the fiscal year ended February 28, 1947.</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 2,615.19</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The magazine closed the year with a net profit of $2,615.19.

There is a difference of over $2,000.00 between the Auditors Digest and the Treasurer's report. I sent for the auditor to know why. He was very much surprised that it had been reported the magazine was in debt. The Treasurer's report was cash actually taken in for that year, and was correct. The Digest gives the full amount of earned subscriptions for the year which had come in the year before and not credited until due, and was correct. Some send in subscriptions for 2, 3 or 5 years. The money is reported as cash in the year received, but the advance subscriptions are not earned until year due and are held back until due.

Since the former Board voted $10,000.00 to the Magazine Fund, we took all magazine money out of Current Fund, set up a Magazine Fund with $10,000.00 plus all unearned subscriptions plus net profit earned. Your magazine now has a separate fund. It will be easier to take care of, and you can see at any time just what condition it is in. I am quite sure, with our new editor, the magazine will be self-supporting.

There is a slight change in the set-up of the "Special Funds." First come the Quota Funds, next the Credit Funds, (in the office we call them the "in and out") and last the Miscellaneous; all are alphabetically arranged.
I herewith submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from March 1, 1947 to August 31, 1947.

**CURRENT FUND**

**Balance, February 28, 1947** ................................. $286,427.83

**RECEIPTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual dues</td>
<td>$11,515.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initiation fees</td>
<td>17,625.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reinstatement fees</td>
<td>685.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplemental fees</td>
<td>2,466.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application blanks</td>
<td>1,160.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catalogues</td>
<td>36.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Commissions**

- Insignia .................................. $256.00
- Coca Cola ................................ 20.00
- Post Cards ................................ 3.75

**Congress, Fifty-Sixth**

- Badges ..................................... 62.91
- Concessions ................................ 1,161.44
- Programs .................................. 333.45
- Registration fees ....................... 3,619.00
- Refunds .................................. 29.80

**Constitution Hall Events**

- Duplicate papers ......................... 675.25
- Employees' withholding tax ............ 11,284.87
- Flag booklets and codes ............... 144.09
- Handbooks ................................ 473.99
- Historical papers and lantern slides .. 164.18

**Interest**

- Current Fund ................................ 541.86
- Life Membership Fund ..................... 233.75

**Library fees and contributions**

- Lineage ................................... 996.63
- Lineage indexes ........................... 185.25
- Proceedings ................................ 121.70
- Refunds, buildings expense .............. 122.00
- Returned checks ........................... 59.65
- Rituals .................................... 161.56
- Sale of office equipment ................. 306.14
- Sale of waste .............................. 72.00
- Telephone and telegrams ................. 62.06
- What the Daughters Do .................... 43.81

**Miscellaneous**

- Awards, Girl Home Makers ............... 19.50
- Certificates and folders ................. 25.00
- Charters ................................... 30.00
- Exchange ................................... 1.65
- Family history charts ................... 12.20
- Literature ................................ 131.28
- Rental of flags ............................ 19.00
- Sundry sales ............................... 328.24

**Transfer from Museum Fund**

- ........................................... 25.00

**Transfer from Petty Cash Fund**

- ........................................... 1,000.00

**Total Receipts** ................................ $83,458.39

**Total Disbursements** ........................... $369,886.22
### DISBURSEMENTS

#### Refunds
- Annual dues: $400.00
- Initiation fees: $390.00
- Supplemental fees: $33.00

**Total Refunds:** $823.00

#### President General
- Services: $3,977.00
- Postage: $113.59
- Supplies: $165.20
- Telephone and telegrams: $254.46
- Express: $3.47
- Binding books: $25.00
- Printing: $121.62
- Miscellaneous: $4.92
- Official expenses: $3,000.00

**Total Expenses:** $7,642.76

#### Second Vice President General
- Printing: $6.35

#### Third Vice President General
- Printing: $6.35

#### Chaplain General
- Printing: $11.60

#### Recording Secretary General
- Services: $2,475.00
- Postage: $223.21
- Supplies: $25.69
- Telephone and telegrams: $20.24
- Express: $2.63
- Binding books: $5.00
- Printing: $590.15
- Reporting: $142.00

**Total Expenses:** $3,483.92

#### Corresponding Secretary General
- Services: $2,101.00
- Postage: $339.55
- Supplies: $274.32
- Repairs: $2.25
- Express: $1.08
- Printing: $44.05

**Total Expenses:** $2,762.25

#### Organizing Secretary General
- Services: $2,031.17
- Postage: $10.00
- Supplies: $78.37
- Telephone and telegrams: $22.44
- Repairs: $1.65
- Express: $3.08
- Printing: $108.52
- Rental fee: $11.00

**Total Expenses:** $2,266.23

#### Treasurer General
- Services: $12,498.65
- Postage: $191.63
- Supplies: $519.83
- Telephone and telegrams: $27.03
- Repairs: $13.60
- Express: $6.40
- Printing: $598.46
- Rental fee: $14.40

**Total Expenses:** $13,870.00
### Registrars General

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>$18,070.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>80.25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Repairs</td>
<td>1.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>7.78</td>
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<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
<td>241.29</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
<td>5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>$18,435.99</td>
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### Historian General

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>2,350.76</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>30.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td>12.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>1.79</td>
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<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>2,440.89</td>
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### Librarian General

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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>11.88</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
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<tr>
<td>Repairs</td>
<td>1.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>2.49</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
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<td>133.10</td>
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<tr>
<td>Books, subscriptions, etc.</td>
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### Curator General

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<tr>
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<tbody>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
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<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td>3.96</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>10.36</td>
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<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
<td>62.55</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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### Reporter General

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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>60.00</td>
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<td>Express</td>
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<td>Printing</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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### Business Office

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<td>Supplies</td>
<td>9.49</td>
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<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs</td>
<td>2.85</td>
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<tr>
<td>Binding books</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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### General Expense

<table>
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</thead>
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<td>Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>1,543.86</td>
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<td>Supplies</td>
<td>474.42</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Express and cartage</td>
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<td>Insurance</td>
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<td>Miscellaneous</td>
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<td>Awards, gifts and gratuities</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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### Committees

#### American Indians

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>20.00</td>
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### Committees—Continued:

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<th>Postage</th>
<th>Supplies</th>
<th>Telephone and telegrams</th>
<th>Express</th>
<th>Miscellaneous</th>
<th>Total</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Americanism</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>$24.13</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Approved Schools</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$5.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Buildings and Grounds</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>$403.17</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$533.89</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Filing and Lending</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Finance</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td><strong>Genealogical Records</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Girl Home Makers</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Buildings Expense</strong></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Printing Office</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Telephone and Telegrams</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Constitution Hall Events</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Buildings Expense

- Services: $19,037.03
- Supplies: $1,787.56
- Repairs and maintenance: $365.69
- Express: $6.64
- Insurance: $841.12
- Electricity and gas: $2,439.21
- Fuel oil: $1,677.15
- Ice and towels: $70.27
- Inspection fees and time service: $51.06
- Water rent: $186.41

### Printing Office

- Services: $1,656.55
- Supplies: $123.75

### Telephone and Telegrams

- Services: $792.00
- Telephone and telegrams: $553.63

### Constitution Hall Events

- Refunds: $100.00
- Services: $7,707.93
- Postage: $3.00
- Telephone and telegrams: $43.51
- Taxes: $7,912.77
- Admissions tax: $5.40
- Care of organ: $100.00

**Total**: $3,226.41

**Total**:

- Buildings Expense: $26,462.14
- Printing Office: $1,780.30
- Telephone and Telegrams: $1,345.63

**Total**: $3,226.41

**Total**: $15,872.61
### Congress, Fifty-Sixth

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>$2,945.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>88.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>236.06</td>
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<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td>100.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs</td>
<td>16.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>1.02</td>
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<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
<td>2,776.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation</td>
<td>210.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tellers’ meals</td>
<td>494.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public address system</td>
<td>275.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pages’ Ball</td>
<td>708.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Artists and speakers</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flowers and wreaths</td>
<td>151.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gratuities</td>
<td>250.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Badges</td>
<td>873.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reporting</td>
<td>330.12</td>
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<tr>
<td>Rental, piano</td>
<td>115.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: $10,571.90

### Congress, Fifty-Seventh

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application blanks—printing</td>
<td>930.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auditing and legal fees</td>
<td>1,706.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplicate papers—refunds</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employees’ withholding tax</td>
<td>11,284.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flag booklets and codes—printing and refund</td>
<td>82.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handbooks—postage</td>
<td>50.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lineage—refund, postage and express</td>
<td>35.43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office furniture and fixtures</td>
<td>5,479.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parliamentarian—services and postage</td>
<td>385.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proceedings—postage</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Returned checks</td>
<td>57.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rituals—postage</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Society’s contributions to Pension Fund</td>
<td>1,431.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regents’ postage</td>
<td>651.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State-Regents’ stationery</td>
<td>109.02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation equipment</td>
<td>1,359.72</td>
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</table>

### Special Appropriations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Approved Schools</td>
<td>2,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Magazine Fund</td>
<td>10,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microfilming Census Records</td>
<td>275.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pension and Retirement Fund</td>
<td>15,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Press Relations Fund</td>
<td>3,500.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reserve Fund for Maintenance of Properties</td>
<td>42,000.00</td>
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Total: 72,775.00

### Transfer to Magazine Fund

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subscriptions Unearned</td>
<td>13,096.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Profit for the year 1946–47</td>
<td>2,615.19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Disbursements: 241,580.13

Balance, August 31, 1947: $128,306.09

### PETTY CASH FUND

Balance, February 28, 1947: $2,200.00

Disbursements:

- Transfer to Current Fund: 1,000.00

Balance, August 31, 1947: $1,200.00
## Angel and Ellis Islands


**Receipts:**
- Contributions: $3,860.96

**Disbursements:**
- Refunds: $91.88
- Services: $5,943.32
- Postage: $79.54
- Supplies: $2,129.25
- Telephone and telegrams: $5.69
- Repairs and maintenance: $201.07
- Express, carfare, etc: $27.73
- Insurance: $88.30
- Printing: $9.70
- Angel Island: $180.00
- Expenses to Congress: $290.99

Balance, August 31, 1947: $39,354.78

## Committee Maintenance

Balance, February 28, 1947: $9,315.25

**Receipts:**
- Contributions: $513.73

**Disbursements:**
- Refunds: $19.56
- Postage: $33.04
- Printing: $60.00

Balance, August 31, 1947: $9,716.38

## Good Citizenship Pilgrimage

Balance, February 28, 1947: $9,380.63

**Receipts:**
- Contributions: $496.36
- Sale of pins: $380.25
- Refund: $11.42

**Disbursements:**
- Refund: $6.52
- Postage: $50.00
- Miscellaneous: $85
- 1947 Pilgrimage: $7,485.90

Balance, August 31, 1947: $2,725.39

## Junior American Citizens

Balance, February 28, 1947: $4,361.90

**Receipts:**
- Contributions: $483.34

**Disbursements:**
- Postage: $105.00
- Express: $50.17
- Printing: $1,054.95
- Buttons: $692.67

Balance, August 31, 1947: $2,942.45
### Manual

**Balance, February 28, 1947.**

Receipts:
- Contributions: $960.89
- Sale of copies: 12.55

**Receipts:**
- Contributions: $960.89
- Sale of copies: 12.55

**Disbursements:**
- Refunds: 6.52
- Services: 395.00
- Postage: 150.00
- Freight and cartage: 73.43
- Printing: 6,513.55

**Balance, August 31, 1947.**

**$36,640.26**

### National Defense

**Balance, February 28, 1947.**

Receipts:
- Contributions: 3,545.57
- Interest: 50.00
- Sale of literature: 997.50
- Sale of medals: 1,054.75
- Sale of pins: 152.00

**Disbursements:**
- Refunds: 24.55
- Services: 6,923.17
- Postage: 581.39
- Supplies: 157.63
- Telephone and telegrams: 212.99
- Repairs and maintenance: 21.40
- Express, cartage, carfare, etc.: 57.27
- Printing: 3,413.04
- Miscellaneous: 5.00
- Literature, subscriptions, etc.: 208.46
- Medals: 1,169.72
- Travel: 282.91
- Dinners, meetings, etc.: 104.87
- Contributions to Pension Fund: 71.21
- Congress expenses: 402.55

**Balance, August 31, 1947.**

21,004.75

### Press Relations

**Balance, February 28, 1947.**

Receipts:
- Contributions: 1,110.67
- Sale of Historic Restorations: 3.00
- Sale of Press Guides: 14.95
- Sale of Press Digest: 8.50
- Transfer from Current Fund: 3,500.00

**Disbursements:**
- Services: 1,839.69
- Postage: 1,272.05
- Supplies: 659.42
- Telephone and telegrams: 83.19
- Repairs: 10.50
- Express, cartage, etc.: 12.55
- Printing: 2,328.22
- Miscellaneous: 55.90
- Entertainment: 62.70
- Congress expenses: 142.00
- Transfer to Valley Forge Memorial: 220.75

**Balance, August 31, 1947.**

6,290.02

**$10,927.14**

### National Defense

**Balance, February 28, 1947.**

Receipts:
- Contributions: 3,545.57
- Interest: 50.00
- Sale of literature: 997.50
- Sale of medals: 1,054.75
- Sale of pins: 152.00

**Disbursements:**
- Refunds: 24.55
- Services: 6,923.17
- Postage: 581.39
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- Medals: 1,169.72
- Travel: 282.91
- Dinners, meetings, etc.: 104.87
- Contributions to Pension Fund: 71.21
- Congress expenses: 402.55

**Balance, August 31, 1947.**

13,168.41

**$13,636.16**

### Press Relations

**Balance, February 28, 1947.**

Receipts:
- Contributions: 1,110.67
- Sale of Historic Restorations: 3.00
- Sale of Press Guides: 14.95
- Sale of Press Digest: 8.50
- Transfer from Current Fund: 3,500.00

**Disbursements:**
- Services: 1,839.69
- Postage: 1,272.05
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- Repairs: 10.50
- Express, cartage, etc.: 12.55
- Printing: 2,328.22
- Miscellaneous: 55.90
- Entertainment: 62.70
- Congress expenses: 142.00
- Transfer to Valley Forge Memorial: 220.75

**Balance, August 31, 1947.**

6,290.02

**$4,240.17**
## Credit Funds

### Americanism
- **Receipts**: $723.51
- **Disbursements**: $723.51

### American Red Cross
- **Receipts**: $1,395.24
- **Disbursements**: $1,395.24

### Approved Schools
- **Receipts**: $30,866.19
  - Contributions: $30,866.19
  - Transfer from Current Fund: $2,000.00
- **Disbursements**: $32,866.19

### China Relief
- **Receipts**: $220.00
- **Disbursements**: $220.00

### Conservation
- **Receipts**: $368.30
- **Disbursements**: $368.30

### Historical Research
- **Receipts**: $2,541.84
- **Disbursements**: $2,541.84

### Junior Projects
- **Receipts**: $39.40
- **Disbursements**: $39.40

### Student Loan
- **Receipts**: $131.00
- **Disbursements**: $131.00

### Sundry Contributions
- **Receipts**: $6,004.46
- **Disbursements**: $6,004.46

### Tamassee Auditorium
- **Receipts**: $5,269.35
- **Disbursements**: $5,269.35

## Miscellaneous Funds

### Agnes Carpenter Mountain Schools
- Balance, February 28, 1947: $610.27
- Receipts:
  - Interest: $310.62
- Balance, August 31, 1947: $920.89

### American Indians
- Balance, February 28, 1947: $1,554.82
- Receipts:
  - Contributions: $1,433.08
- Disbursements:
  - Refunds to States: $315.46
  - Scholarships: $2,379.23
- Balance, August 31, 1947: $293.21

### Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship
- Balance, February 28, 1947: $732.51
- Receipts:
  - Interest: $36.50
- Balance, August 31, 1947: $769.01
Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship—Continued:
Disbursements:
  Tuition ........................................ $ 264.00
  Balance, August 31, 1947 ........................................ $ 505.01

Archives Room
Balance, February 28, 1947 ........................................ 749.19
Receipts:
  Interest ........................................ 101.87
  Balance, August 31, 1947 ........................................ 851.06

Caroline E. Holt Scholarship
Balance, February 28, 1947 ........................................ 1,260.12
Receipts:
  Interest ........................................ 300.52
  Balance, August 31, 1947 ........................................ 1,560.64

Golden Jubilee Endowment
Balance, February 28, 1947 ........................................ 410.30
Receipts:
  Interest ........................................ $ 736.25
  Redemption of Capital Traction Company Bonds ............. $ 5,000.00
  ........................................ 5,736.25
  Disbursements:
    U. S. Savings Bonds, Series G ..................................... 5,000.00
  Balance, August 31, 1947 ........................................ 1,146.55

Grace C. Marshall Memorial Scholarship
Receipts:
  Contributions ........................................ 2,620.20
Disbursements:
  U. S. Savings Bonds, Series G ..................................... 1,000.00
  Balance, August 31, 1947 ........................................ 1,620.20

Harriet E. Bowen Book Fund
Balance, February 28, 1947 ........................................ 844.72
Disbursements:
  Books ........................................ 60.00
  Balance, August 31, 1947 ........................................ 784.72

Helen Pouch Memorial Scholarship
Balance, February 28, 1947 ........................................ 2,565.08
Receipts:
  Contributions ........................................ 804.45
   Interest ........................................ 810.70
  ........................................ 3,375.78
  Disbursements:
    Scholarships ........................................ 2,200.00
  Balance, August 31, 1947 ........................................ 1,175.78

Hillside School Endowment
Balance, February 28, 1947 ........................................ 522.14
Receipts:
  Interest ........................................ 21.25
  Balance, August 31, 1947 ........................................ 543.39

Hugh Vernon Washington Library Fund
Balance, February 28, 1947 ........................................ 946.76
Receipts:
  Interest ........................................ 318.75
  ........................................ 1,265.51
### Hugh Vernon Washington Library Fund—Continued:

**Disbursements:**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Books</td>
<td>$164.35</td>
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<td>Balance, August 31, 1947</td>
<td>$1,101.16</td>
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<td><strong>Indian Room</strong></td>
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<td>Balance, February 28, 1947</td>
<td>3.38</td>
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<td><strong>Library Clock</strong></td>
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<td>Balance, February 28, 1947</td>
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<td><strong>Life Membership</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1947</td>
<td>2,067.61</td>
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**Magazine**

**Receipts:**

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<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>Subscriptions</td>
<td>$7,730.37</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advertisements</td>
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<td>Single copies</td>
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<td>Contributions</td>
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<td>Transfer from Current Fund</td>
<td>10,090.00</td>
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<td>Transfer of Subscriptions Unearned</td>
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<td>Transfer of Profit for 1946–47</td>
<td>2,615.19</td>
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<td><strong>Disbursements:</strong></td>
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<td>Refund</td>
<td>5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Services</td>
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<td>Postage</td>
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<td>Supplies</td>
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<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
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<td>Travel</td>
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<td>Prizes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Disbursements:</strong></td>
<td>17,266.77</td>
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**Balance, August 31, 1947:** 19,794.66

**Metal Locator**

**Receipts:**

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<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>17.83</td>
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</table>

**Disbursements:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gifts to hospitals for crippled children</td>
<td>303.00</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Microfilming Census Records**

**Receipts:**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>1,165.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer from Current Fund</td>
<td>275.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Receipts:</strong></td>
<td>1,440.67</td>
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</table>

**Disbursements:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Refund</td>
<td>18.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microfilms</td>
<td>2,665.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Disbursements:</strong></td>
<td>2,709.41</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Balance, August 31, 1947:** 24.54

**Motion Picture Equipment**

**Balance, February 28, 1947:** 1,060.77

**Museum**

**Receipts:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>415.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Balance, February 28, 1947:** 4,970.13
**Museum—Continued:**

| Supplies | $ 4.60 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 25.00 |
| Furnishings | 283.00 |
| Books and subscriptions | 11.00 |
| Photographs and films | 57.78 |
| **Total Disbursements** | **$ 381.38** |

**Balance, August 31, 1947** | **$ 4,588.75**

**National Tribute Grove**

| Receipts: |
| Contributions | 1,631.05 |
| **Balance, August 31, 1947** | **3,961.71**

**Pension and Retirement Fund**

| Receipts: |
| Employees' contributions | 1,502.96 |
| Society's contributions | 1,502.96 |
| Interest | 2,308.75 |
| Redemption of Capital Traction Company Bonds | 8,500.00 |
| Transfer from Current Fund | 15,000.00 |
| **Total Receipts** | **$ 28,814.67** |
| Disbursements: |
| Pensions | 7,407.48 |
| Employees' contributions | 502.84 |
| Society's contributions | 321.22 |
| U. S. Savings Bonds, Series G | 8,500.00 |
| **Total Disbursements** | **$ 16,731.54** |
| **Balance, August 31, 1947** | **$ 21,451.22**

**Preservation, Gowns of Presidents General**

| Receipts: |
| Interest | 316.52 |
| Refund | 79.00 |
| Transfer from Current Fund | 42,000.00 |
| **Total Receipts** | **$ 42,395.52** |
| Disbursements: |
| Memorial Continental Hall | 14,349.35 |
| Administration Building | 110.00 |
| Constitution Hall | 4,747.45 |
| Library | 35.00 |
| Central heating | 32,000.00 |
| **Total Disbursements** | **$ 51,241.80** |
| **Balance, August 31, 1947** | **$ 4,182.74**

**State Rooms**

| Receipts: |
| Contributions | 251.18 |
| **Balance, August 31, 1947** | **$ 480.80**

**Valley Forge Memorial**

| Receipts: |
| Contributions—Tower | 36,779.87 |
| Window | 749.30 |
| Transfer from Press Relations | 220.75 |
| **Total Receipts** | **$ 37,749.92** |
| **Balance, August 31, 1947** | **$ 132,062.56**
Valley Forge Memorial—Continued:

Disbursements:

Refunds .................................................. $ 1,423.00
Valley Forge Memorial Association .................. 122,915.33 $124,338.33

Balance, August 31, 1947 ................................ $ 7,724.23

Total Special Funds .......................................... $178,827.64

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DISPOSITION OF FUNDS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Metropolitan Bank ............................................. $285,682.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Riggs National Bank .......................................................... 21,451.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petty Cash in Office of the Treasurer General ......................... 1,200.00 $308,333.73</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RECAPITULATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current Fund .................................................. $286,427.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts .......................................................... 83,458.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements .................................................. 241,580.13 $128,306.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance ................. 8-31-47 ................................. 7,724.23</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Funds</th>
<th>Balance 2-28-47</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
<th>Disbursements</th>
<th>Balance 8-31-47</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petty Cash Fund</td>
<td>2,200.00</td>
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<td>1,000.00</td>
<td>1,200.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Angel and Ellis Islands</td>
<td>44,550.61</td>
<td>3,860.96</td>
<td>9,057.28</td>
<td>39,354.78</td>
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<tr>
<td>Committee Maintenance</td>
<td>9,315.25</td>
<td>513.73</td>
<td>112.60</td>
<td>9,716.38</td>
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<tr>
<td>Good Citizenship Pilgrimage</td>
<td>9,380.63</td>
<td>888.03</td>
<td>7,543.27</td>
<td>2,725.39</td>
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<tr>
<td>Junior American Citizens</td>
<td>4,361.90</td>
<td>453.34</td>
<td>1,902.79</td>
<td>2,942.45</td>
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<tr>
<td>Manual .................................................. 36,481.26</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Defense</td>
<td>21,004.75</td>
<td>5,799.82</td>
<td>13,636.16</td>
<td>13,168.41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press Relations</td>
<td>6,290.02</td>
<td>4,637.12</td>
<td>6,686.97</td>
<td>4,240.17</td>
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<tr>
<td>Americanism .................................................. 723.51</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>American Red Cross ........................................... 1,395.24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Approved Schools .............................................. 32,866.19</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>China Relief ................................................... 220.00</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conservation .................................................. 368.30</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical Research ........................................... 2,541.84</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior Projects ................................................ 39.40</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Loan .................................................. 131.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sundry Contributions .......................................... 6,004.46</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tamasee Auditorium .............................................. 5,269.35</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agnes Carpenter Mt. Schools</td>
<td>610.27</td>
<td>310.62</td>
<td>920.89</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indians ............................................ 1,554.82</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship</td>
<td>732.51</td>
<td>36.50</td>
<td>293.21</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives Room .................................................. 749.19</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historical Research ........................................... 2,541.84</td>
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<td>Historical Research ........................................... 2,541.84</td>
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<td>Junior Projects ................................................ 39.40</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sundry Contributions .......................................... 6,004.46</td>
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<td>Tamasee Auditorium .............................................. 5,269.35</td>
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<td>Chicago and Alton R. R. Co. 3% Bonds, due 1949 (par value $3,000.00)</td>
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<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1949–51</td>
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<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, September 15, 1951–53</td>
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<td>U. S. Treasury 2 1/2% Bonds, December 15, 1959–62</td>
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<td>U. S. Savings Bond, Series E, due 1957 (maturity value $100.00)</td>
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<td>Fund</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>National Defense Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1949–51</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Agnes Carpenter Mountain Schools Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 23/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959–62</td>
<td>$10,500.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 23/4% Bonds, March 15, 1952–54 (par value $2,000.00)</td>
<td>2,050.00</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>13,400.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959–62</td>
<td>3,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Archives Room Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959–62</td>
<td>8,500.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, June 15, 1964–69</td>
<td>9,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Caroline E. Holt Scholarship Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, September 15, 1951–53</td>
<td>500.00</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959–62</td>
<td>11,000.00</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, June 15, 1964–69</td>
<td>3,000.00</td>
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<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>9,800.00</td>
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<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1955</td>
<td>500.00</td>
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<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1956</td>
<td>200.00</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Golden Jubilee Endowment Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, June 15, 1959–62</td>
<td>10,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959–62</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, March 15, 1952–54 (par value $7,200.00)</td>
<td>7,382.50</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, June 15, 1964–69</td>
<td>10,000.00</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings Bonds, Series F, due 1954 (maturity value $550.00)</td>
<td>407.00</td>
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<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings Bonds, Series F, due 1955 (maturity value $125.00)</td>
<td>92.50</td>
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<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>11,400.00</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1956</td>
<td>10,400.00</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1959</td>
<td>5,000.00</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Grace C. Marshall Memorial Scholarship Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1959</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Helen Pouch Memorial Scholarship Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1956</td>
<td>500.00</td>
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<td><strong>Hillside School Endowment Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1956</td>
<td>700.00</td>
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<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1957</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
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<td><strong>Hugh Vernon Washington Library Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, March 15, 1950–52</td>
<td>15,000.00</td>
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<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, March 15, 1952–54 (par value $9,000.00)</td>
<td>9,225.00</td>
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<td>U. S. Postal Savings 21/4% Bonds, due 1952</td>
<td>500.00</td>
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<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>4,000.00</td>
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<td><strong>Life Membership Fund</strong></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, March 15, 1952–54 (par value $5,000.00)</td>
<td>5,125.00</td>
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<td>U. S. Postal Savings 21/4% Bonds, due 1952</td>
<td>500.00</td>
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<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1953</td>
<td>13,000.00</td>
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<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>18,825.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Pension and Retirement Fund</strong></td>
<td>Detroit Edison Co. 3% Bonds, October 1, 1965 (par value $2,000.00)</td>
<td>2,225.46</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Potomac Electric Co. 31/4% Bonds, July 1, 1966 (par value $4,000.00)</td>
<td>4,390.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, December 15, 1959–62</td>
<td>10,000.00</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Treasury 21/4% Bonds, June 15, 1964–69</td>
<td>41,500.00</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1953</td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>47,700.00</td>
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<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1955</td>
<td>28,300.00</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1956</td>
<td>3,000.00</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1958</td>
<td>8,500.00</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U. S. Savings 21/2% Bonds, Series G, due 1959</td>
<td>180,615.46</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Miss Laura Clark Cook, Chairman of the Finance Committee, read the report of that committee.

Report of Finance Committee

As chairman of the Finance Committee, I have the honor to submit the following report. From March 1st through August 31st vouchers were approved to the amount of $487,624.96, of which contributions received for Credit Funds amounted to $49,559.29.

Vouchers for the Valley Forge Memorial were approved to the amount of $124,338.33; purchase of U.S. Savings Bonds, $13,500.00; appropriated for the Pension and Retirement Fund, $15,000.00.

The largest disbursements follow:

Salaries $93,868.73
Central Heating Plant 32,000.00
Magazine 17,266.77
Quota Funds 45,856.33
Expense of 56th Congress 10,571.90
Installing copper roof and other repairs 49,112.58
Real Estate Taxes 7,912.77
Pensions 7,407.48
Postage 4,532.06

LAURA C. COOK,
Chairman.

Miss Helen M. McMackin, Chairman, read the report of the Auditing Committee.

Report of Auditing Committee

We have checked the Treasurer General's report with the Auditor's report and found them in accord.

HELEN MCMACKIN,
Chairman.

Miss McMackin moved the adoption of the report of the Auditing Committee, which carries with it the reports of the Treasurer General and Finance Committee. Seconded by Miss Cook. Carried.

The Registrar General, Mrs. William V. Tynes, read her report.

Report of Registrar General

I have the honor to submit the following report of the work of this office since my last report:

Number of applications verified 2,400
Number of supplementals verified 245
Total number of papers verified 2,645

Papers returned unverified:

Originals 39
Supplementals 48
New records verified 225

MABEL T. RHOADES,
Treasurer General,
N. S. D. A. R.
The following chapters are authorized by the state regents:

- Garden City, Kansas
- Martinsville, Virginia
- Authorizations of the chapter at Lexington, North Carolina, has expired by time limitation.

The following organizing regencies have expired by time limitation:

- Mrs. Jennie May Sanford Loomis, Plymouth, Iowa
- Mrs. Mary Frances Whitley Castlebury, Vernon, Texas
- The state regent of Texas requests the reappointment of Mrs. Mary Frances Whitley Castlebury as organizing regent at Vernon.
- The location of the organizing regency of Miss Anna Virginia Parker is requested changed from Sanders, Kentucky, to Carrollton, by her state regent.
- The state regent of Oregon requests the change in location of the Mt. Hood Chapter from Oswego to Portland.

Through their state regents the following chapters have requested official disbandment:

- Saguache, Saguache, Colorado
- Jay Cooke, West Duluth, Minnesota
- Yazoo River, Morgan City, Mississippi
- Missouri Pioneers, Salisbury, Missouri

The following chapters have met all requirements, according to the National By-laws and are now presented for confirmation:

- Boca Ciega, Pass-A-Grille Beach, Florida
- Contentment, Dedham, Massachusetts
- Olde Redding, Reading, Massachusetts

LAURA CLARK COOK, Organizing Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Miss Cook moved the confirmation of seventeen organizing regents; authorization of two chapters; expiration of one authorization; expiration of two organizing regencies; reappointment of one organizing regent; change in location of one organizing regency; change in location of one chapter; disbandment of four charters; confirmation of three charters. Seconded by Mrs. Tynes. Carried.

The Historian General, Mrs. Van Court Carwithen, read her report.

Report of Historian General

It is the honor and privilege of the Historian General to report as follows:

Invitations to speak to four chapters were accepted, unfortunately a like number conflicted with other engagements, or came during the months your Historian General spent in Maine. While in Maine your Historian General had the thrill of visiting Montpelier, a replica of the home of Major General Henry Knox, Washington's Chief of Artillery and first Secretary of War. This beautiful and inspiring shrine, built through the efforts of the Daughters of Maine, has become the responsibility of each one of us because of the resolution adopted at the 1947 Continental Congress making the endowment of "Montpelier" one of the National projects of our Society. Delightful and instructive luncheon meetings in connection with this project, climaxed by the State D.A.R. Field Day meeting at Montpelier as the guest of the state regent, gave your Historian General personal knowledge of the importance of this project. Maine Daughters also marked the graves of 24 Revolutionary soldiers during this visit.

As the guest of the state vice president, a delightful day was spent with the Maine Daughters of Colonial Wars.

With our President General, the State Conference of Delaware and dinner with the juniors were enjoyed.

The Middle Atlantic Conference of Juniors filled another day with interest and pleasure.

Your Historian General was guest of honor at a luncheon given by the state president of the Pennsylvania Society of the Daughters of Founders and Patriots. As a member of that Society, whom you elected to serve as National Officer of the D.A.R., your Historian General was honored by an invitation to give the address at the unveiling of a plaque in Old Swedes Church, in memory of John Hanson, in whose name is claimed the first Presidency of our United States. Death cancelled this engagement.

Three meetings of the Committee for the Erection of the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge, under the direction of Mrs. Langston were attended.

As the official representative of your President General, Mrs. O'Byrne, it was the privilege of the Historian General to attend the International Council of Women meeting in Philadelphia. This gathering of women from all over the world—even from as far distant as South Africa—makes one feel that, because of happy memories of occasions like this, the hands that rock the cradles of the world may instill understanding and friendship in the minds of youth, where hatred and distrust might have held sway. This was a most outstanding occasion.

I wish to present to our President General at this time the pin with the tiny Liberty Bell attached, which was a gift to each delegate. May the liberty bells of friendship ring throughout the world, because of the happy associations formed in meetings like this. Thank you, Mrs. O'Byrne, for the opportunity of attending this Council.

Your Historian General, although asked to serve on the Mayor's Committee was called to Maine at the time the Freedom Train reached Philadelphia. Mrs. George Campbell Lewis, Regent of Phila-
Report of Librarian General

Your Librarian General is happy to report during the interval since the meeting in May, the interest in the library continues. The state librarians have sent many contributions from their list of "wanted books" by means of chapters and individuals. My letter to the state librarians, sent in July, has brought many letters telling of forthcoming books and asking if certain books are acceptable for our library collection. The interest shown in the work is very gratifying.

I feel I must call attention to the contributions from the Genealogical Records Committee which you will see in the following list of accessions.

Since the last report the following accessions have been added to the library: 303 books, 138 pamphlets and 23 manuscripts.

We continue to have a goodly number of readers, all of whom are pleased to have the opportunity of using our fine genealogical library.

BOOKS

ARKANSAS
Following 2 books from Mrs. Sam B. Wiggin in memory of her husband, Rev. Sam B. Wiggin, Pastor and presiding Elder Methodist Episcopal Church in Arkansas;
History of Methodism in Arkansas. Horace Jewell. 1922.

CALIFORNIA
Conrauds Esselstyn—Ancestry and Descendants of Conrad Esselstyn, Some Allied Families and Other Esselstynes. Inez F. Johnstone, author through Chico Chapter.

COLORADO

CONNECTICUT
Following 2 books from Connecticut D. A. R.:
Sampson Kith and Kin. 1922.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Materials Toward a Genealogy of the Emmorton Family. James A. Emmorton. 1881. From Miss Elizabeth O. Cullen in memory of her mother, Mrs. Lucy Warren Cullen.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Following 2 books from District of Columbia D. A. R.:

INDIANA
The First Presbyterian Church of Franklin. H. C. Palmer. 1946. From Alexander Hamilton Chapter.

KENTUCKY
Kentucky D.A.R. Year Book 1946-47. 1947. From Kentucky D.A.R.

MARYLAND
Maryland, A Guide to the Old Line State. 1940. From Mrs. Emily R. Williams.

MICHIGAN

MINNESOTA
History and Genealogy of the Bieber, Beauer, Bieker, Bieber Family. I. M. Beaver. 1939. From Mrs. Shirley George Quast.

MISSOURI
The Family Tree of Some of Us Hardings. Elburn M. Harding, ed. 1946. From Elizabeth Benton Chapter.

NEW JERSEY

NEW YORK

NORTH CAROLINA

PENNSYLVANIA
Following 2 books from Franklin County Chapter:
Genealogy of the McColough Family and Other Sketches. John McCollough. 1912.

RHODE ISLAND
Notes on Franklin County History. John L. Folger. 1942.

VIRGINIA
Birth and Baptism Records from the German Reformed Congregation at Harrold's 1784-1862. 1943. From Mrs. Frank E. Maddocks.

TENNESSEE

Tennessee During the Revolutionary War. Samuel C. Williams. 1944. From Volunteer Chapter.

TEXAS


UTAH


History of the Town of York, Livingston County, N. Y. Mary R. Root. 1940.

VIRGINIA


WASHINGTON

The Valiant Seven—Washington History. Natta S. Phalps. 1941. From the author through Esther Reed Chapter.

WISCONSIN

Records and Notes on the Householder Family. 1946. Compiled and presented by Mary Sipes Zundler.

WYOMING


OTHER SOURCES


Indiana History of Palparato from the Earliest Times to the Present. 1876. From Junior Group of William Henry Harrison Chapter.


NEBRASKA

Year Book National Society Daughters of the American Revolution in Nebraska, 45th Annual State Conference. 1947. From Nebraska D.A.R.

NEW JERSEY


OHIO


TENNESSEE


TEXAS


VIRGINIA

Proceedings of the Clarke County Historical Association, Vols. 4, 5, 6. 1944-46. From Fort Loudoun Chapter.

OTHER SOURCES


MANUSCRIPTS

CONNECTICUT


CUBA


IOWA


MARYLAND

The French Family. 1947. From Mrs. Brenta F. Wallace through Montgomery Chapter. Following 3 pamphlets from Mrs. Edwin Linz through Janet Montgomery Chapter:


MICHIGAN

The Julian Family in Colesia Manor, Cecil County, Md. From Mrs. Rebecca D. White.

NEW JERSEY


NEW YORK


OREGON

List of Members to 1918 compiled from the Complete Church Register Tangent Station Willamette District Columbia Conference Methodist Episcopal Church, South, Tangent. 1947. Compiled and presented by Myrtle K. Weniger.

PENNSYLVANIA

The Hackett, Reddy, Moon Families in Pa. Virginia M. McComb. From Franklin County Chapter.

VIRGINIA


OTHER SOURCES

Following 3 manuscripts from Col. S. F. Tillman:


PHOTOSTATS

New York

The Belknap Family of Newburgh and vicinity. Ward Belknap. 1889. From Quasseick Chapter.

VIRGINIA

Young Family Tree. From Mrs. Rebecca Buckins Moran in honor of her son Lt. Com. Henry Buckins Brockwell.

OTHER SOURCES

Kimsey and Kimsey Chart. Compiled and presented by Herbert B. Kimsey.

Pension Papers of Nathen Pratt, Revolutionary Soldier of Mass. Original and Photostat of Discharge Papers of Ezra Curtis Revolutionary Soldier from Dutchess Co., N. Y. From Mrs. Samuel S. Cox.

MAPS

Pennsylvania

The State of Pennsylvania from the Latest Surveys 1800. From Miss Mary Dursler through Phoebe Bayard Chapter.

OTHER SOURCES

Minor Civil Division Maps of the 48 States.

CHARTS

District of Columbia

Westcott family. From Mrs. Inez S. Stansfield.

Illinois


Mississippi


OTHER SOURCES

Genealogical Chart of the Mills Family and Related Branches 1650 to 1930. Compiled and presented by Charles A. Breece.

PERIODICALS

DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

Louisiana Genealogical Register, Vol. 1, 1945-46.

MICROFILMS

MARYLAND

NEW YORK
1880 Census of New York. From New York D. A. R.
1880 Census of Pennsylvania. From Pennsylvania D. A. R.
1880 Census of Virginia. From Virginia D. A. R.

CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PURCHASE OF BOOKS

WEST VIRGINIA
For the Purchase of Books—$57.10. From West Virginia D. A. R.

WISCONSIN
For the Purchase of Books—$1.00. From Mrs. Horace R. Goodell.

GENEALOGICAL RECORDS COMMITTEE

ARANSAS

CALIFORNIA

COLORADO
Bible Records, Arkansas Valley Chapter, 1947.
Church and Cemetery Records of Pueblo County, 1947. From Arkansas Valley Chapter.

DELAWARE
Old Bible Records With Charts. 1947. From Cooch's Bridge Chapter.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Powhatan County, Virginia Marriage Bonds, 1947.

FLORIDA

GEORGIA
Bible and Cemetery Records, 1947. From Elijah Clarke Chapter.
Minutes of Old Georgia Churches, 1947.

ILLINOIS
Graceland Cemetery Records Chicago 1860-56, 1946.
Records of McHenry County, 1947.
North Carolina Obituaries from The Biblical Recorder. 1944.
Alyn Genealogy 10 B. C. to 1945 and Other Families, Gertrude S. Wheeler, 1946.
Marriage Records of Lee County 1839-1858, 1946.
Bible Records, Family Genealogies and Lineages of Cook County. 1946.

INDIANA
Marriage Records of Union County 1839-1877, 1946.
Bible, Cemetery, Church and Miscellaneous Family Records of Clark County, 1946.
McAllister Genealogy 1736-1900, 1946.
Marriage Records of LaSalle County 1831-1855, 2 vols. 1946.
Miscellaneous Genealogical Records of Illinois, Kentucky and Missouri, 1946.
Records of Vermilion County, Hall, Moore and Barnard Families, 1947.

KANSAS
Smith Family, Margaret R. Waters & Donald D. Murphy, 1946.

MICHIGAN
Mortality Schedules of Kansas Territory 1860. 1947.
Who Was Who in Harden County, Ky. 1946.

MISSOURI

MARYLAND
Cemetery Records of Washington County, Vol. 6, 1946.

MASSACHUSETTS
Town Reports of Grafton 1944-45.
Annual Reports of the Town of Orange 1943-45.
Southampton Town Reports, 5 vols. 1894-1945.
Index to Whitman Town Reports, 4 vols. 1895-1940.
Mortality Schedules of Middlesex County, 1947.

MINNESOTA
Mortality Schedules of Minnesota 1850-1870, 1947.

MISSISSIPPI
Wills and Other Records of Mississippi, 1947.

NEW HAMPSHIRE
Bible and Cemetery Records of Lconia and Lakeport, 1947.
Records of Piermont and Lisbon, 1947.
Congregational Church Records of Concord, 1947.
Church Records of Milford and Concord, 1947.
Cemetery Records of Candia, 1947.
Cemetery Records of Raymond, 1947.
Cemetery Records from Chichester and Epsom, 1947.
Early Settlers of Lancaster, 1947.
Bible and Vital Records of Derry, 1947.

NEW JERSEY
Bible, Church and Cemetery Records of New Jersey, 1947.
Bible Records of Tom's River, N. J., 1941-44.
Genealogical Collection, 1946.
Copy of the First Day Book, Marriage and Baptismal Records of the First Methodist Church, Camden, 1947.
Dochet Book of Gloucester County 1848-1850, 1947.
Wills of Middlesex County 1813-24, 1947.
Cape May County Bible Records and Diary of Elijah Hughes, Charlotte K. Stevens, 1947.
Miscellaneous Family Records of Members of Peggy Warren Chapter, 1947.
Genealogical Collections 1945-46. From Greenwich Tea Burning Chapter.
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE


NEW YORK
Lineages from Revolutionary Soldiers. 1947.
From the author in honor of Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, President General.
Wills of Tompkins County. 1947.
Census of 1850 Broome County. 1947.

NORTH CAROLINA
Daniel Croom of Va. and His Descendants in N. C. 1947.
Robeson County Census 1800-1850, Marriages, Cemetery and Bible Records. 1947.
Michael Mackquiny of Va. and His Sons John and Barnabas McKinnie. Lillian F. Wood. 1946.
Gaston County Marriage Bonds 1846-1900. 1947.

OHIO
Bible and Cemetery Records of Allen County.

TEXAS

MISCELLANEOUS

PAMPHELETS
ALABAMA
Cemetery and Family Records of Talledega County. 1947.
ARIZONA
Marriage Records of Pima County, Arizona Territory 1892.
COLORADO
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Cemetery Records of Walker County, Alabama. 1947.
Adamson and Fuller Families. 1947.

GEORGIA

IDAHO

INDIANA
George Eberhart and Some of His Descendants. 1947.
Genealogical Material in Indiana State Library for Indiana Counties. 1946.
Burials Records of Knox County, 1816-1884. 1947.
Bible Record of John Campbell. 1947.

IOWA
Roll of First Presbyterian Church, Montezuma. 1947.
Baptismal Records from Methodist Church, Eldora, 1865-1911. 1947.
Marriage Records from Methodist Episcopal Church, Montezuma, 1833-1902. 1947.
Marriage Records of Wapello County 1831-86. 1947.

KANSAS
Marriage Records of Hardin County, Ky. 1947.
Descendants of the Wilts Family. William F. Wilts. 1870.
Bible and Other Family Records of Kassas. 1946-47.

KENTUCKY
Laurel County Death Records 1832-1862. 1947.
Bourbon County Wills from Books A-D. 1947.
Gallatin County Marriages 1799-1814. 1947.
Clark County Marriages 1830-36. 1947.
Ashby Family Wills and Marriages of Hopkins County. 1947.
Lawrence County Wills 1822-1890. 1947.
Lawrence County Marriages 1822-1860. 1947.

MAINE

MARYLAND

MASSACHUSETTS
Revolutionary Soldiers Buried in Boston. 1947.
Letters of Oliver Reed, Revolutionary Soldier to His Wife Betty. 1947.
Notes on Greene and Belkely Families from Unpublished Records.

NEBRASKA
Marriages and Baptisms of First Methodist and First Presbyterian Church of Omaha and Presbyterian Church of Bellevue. 1947.
Marriage Records and Warranty Deeds of Grant County. 1947.

NEW JERSEY

NEW YORK
Cemetery Records of Wayne County. 1947.
Families of Cortland County. 1947.

MASSACHUSETTS
Revolutionary Soldiers Buried in Boston. 1947.
Letters of Oliver Reed, Revolutionary Soldier to His Wife Betty. 1947.
Notes on Greene and Belkely Families from Unpublished Records.

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Cemetery Records of Wayne County. 1947.
Families of Cortland County. 1947.
Our museum office is a busy place. There is a deep interest on the part of some of the state regents and state room chairmen with regard to certain contemplated changes in the furnishings of their rooms. When these plans become realities, Memorial Continental Hall will be an even more beautiful place than it now is.

Following the suggestions contained in the Curator General's summer letter, the gifts that have been coming into my office are fewer as requested, but they have been outstanding in quality. A hooded cradle and Henry Clay pitcher, gifts of Miss Katherine Elwes Thomas, member of Manor House Chapter, District of Columbia, are two of the highly prized additions to the museum collections since the last Congress. Mrs. Glenn Goding Stark, a member of Livingston Manor Chapter, District of Columbia presented a Revolutionary sword in memory of her mother, Mrs. Henry F. Goding. This important gift came to us in July.

There is not space to mention in this section of my report, all of the treasured objects that have come in recently, but they are listed further on. However, mention must be made of two beautiful fans of carved ivory sticks which have come to us as a gift of Miss Sarah Johnston, a member of Colonel James McCull Chapter, District of Columbia.

From my own State of Florida, have come 12 interesting gifts presented by Mrs. Ora S. Rogers, a member of Cora Stickney Harper Chapter. This list includes a sampler of 1782 and a pair of spectacles and case of the year 1799.

The Curator General extends her thanks to Miss Luella P. Chase, State Chairman, D. A. R. Museum Committee, District of Columbia; Mrs. Edna L. Haydock, ex-State Chairman, D. A. R. Museum Committee, New Jersey; and Mrs. W. W. Husband for their splendid contributions to the magazine.

In the South Gallery, some of the recent accessions gifts have been taken out to make room for others that had not been exhibited. These include rare early glass pieces from New Jersey, and Oriental Lowestoft from New York.

Of current interest in the North Gallery, is an exhibition of historic objects associated with John Paul Jones, this being the bicentennial of his birth. This exhibition has just been installed and came as the result of a letter from the Navy Department requesting our cooperation if we possessed any Paul Jones objects.

During the summer just ended, the public showed great interest in Memorial Continental Hall. In July, there were 1,736 visitors and in August, 1,502. Many of these visitors expressed their appreciation to members of my staff for the privilege of studying and enjoying the valued objects on exhibition in our two galleries.

Many outstanding women have been appointed to serve as Museum State Chairmen, and as State Room Chairmen. I am looking forward with the greatest pleasure to a busy and constructive year's work.

MUSEUM GIFT LIST

CALIFORNIA—Mrs. E. Everett Sherrard, Chairman. El Camino Real Chapter; book; framed list of Militia and Revolutionary names, Mrs. George R. Craig. Hannah Bushrod Chapter, $2. Pasadena Chapter, $1. Patience Wright Chapter,

CONNECTICUT—Mrs. Sidney H. Miner, Chairman. Faith Thrumbull Chapter: doll's pewter porringer, baby shirt, Miss Alice Browning. Governor John Winthrop Chapter: framed death warrant signed by Washington, Mrs. Dorothy Flasee Pierson, in memory of her son, Ensign John Perry Pierson. Lucretia Shaw Chapter: 3 tined fork, sampler, Mother of Pearl purse, pineapple cloth, Mrs. Sidney H. Miner. Watch charm made from first Atlantic cable, ginger bread marker, Miss Nettie J. Bishop. Mary Clap Wooster Chapter: 2 books.


FLORIDA—Mrs. C. E. Carmichael, Chairman. Ona Stickney Harper Chapter: Betsy Noyes sampler of 1782, 2 pieces of tablecloth, teapot, black satin skirt, mantilla, doll's secretary, 2 fire fans, box with needle case, 2 hand-wrought nails and wooden bobbin, snuff box, spectacles and case, 2 silver spoons, Mrs. Orra S. Rogers.


MASSACHUSETTS—Mrs. Lawrence E. Zilch, Chairman. Mount Grace Chapter: tortoise shell bird pin, Miss Alice Maude Wallburg.


NEW JERSEY—Mrs. Jacob N. C. Fles, Chairman. Chinchewunks Chapter: 2 books, Mrs. Ralph Decker. Haddonfield Chapter: silver dessert spoon, Mrs. Raymond Armstrong.

NEW YORK—Mrs. Arthur C. Fairchild, Chairman. Irondaequiot Chapter: toy bureau—1775, Miss Ione E. Sanford.


OKLAHOMA—Mrs. Otto K. Wetzel, Chairman. Tonkawa Chapter: quilt, Mrs. Charles F. Trader.


RHODE ISLAND—Mrs. Luther W. Patterson, Chairman. Flint Lock and Powder Horn Chapter: printed cloth of Declaration of Independence, Mrs. Herman Morlock.


The Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution, Mrs. Millard T. Sidler, read her report.

Report of Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution

My predecessor in office, Mrs. William Horsfall, has prepared the Report to the Smithsonian Institution of the work of the Society closing with the Continental Congress held in May. This is rightly the work of the 1944-1947 administration.

The work of the present incumbent is, in consequence, very light this year, consisting only of looking after the file containing the records of graves of Revolutionary soldiers. It is our aim to place in this file data concerning each of these soldiers. According to information supplied by the Army War College, 395,868 men were employed in our struggle for independence. The file now contains nearly 50,000 cards, which is only a beginning.

The plan followed is to reach our members through the state historians, who are asked to appeal to chapter historians to locate and report all graves in their respective vicinities.

A prize of $5.00 is offered this year to the Chapter sending in the most data in completed form on the blanks which have been sent to each state historian. A letter accompanied the blanks sent out August 1st, copy is attached to this report.

The response so far has been light—but I hope, as the year's work goes on, many heretofore unrecorded lists will come in. Members of our organization have a great opportunity in this work, especially those Daughters living in the earlier settled states. Every available cemetery should be carefully examined, as well as court and church records.

This work should eventually add many more members to our Society, from the posterity of soldiers whose graves we locate now. I hope to arouse the interest of each member who can help
in this very important work—each year it becomes more difficult of accomplishment.

Florence Keys Sisler, Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution, N. S. D. A. R.

Letters of appreciation were read from the United States Marine Hospitals for the continuing usefulness of the Mills sono-vision projectors; and from Robert Montague, Jr., recipient of the $100 bond award at West Point. The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Lammers, read the recommendations of the Executive Committee.

Mrs. Lammers moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 1 of the Executive Committee: That $10,000 be transferred from the Current Fund to the Reserve Fund for Maintenance of Properties. Seconded by Mrs. Carwithen. Adopted.

Mrs. Carwithen moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 2 of the Executive Committee: Since there are many members desirous of placing names on the Honor Roll in the Memorial Room of the Bell Tower at Valley Forge, and the funds in hand are insufficient to build the tower at present high cost of labor and material, that the National Board of Management rescind the motion passed May 17, 1947: “That no pledges for memorials as outlined in the plan to build the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge be accepted after June 15th, and that no money be accepted for these memorials after June 30, 1947.” Seconded by Mrs. Tynes. Adopted.

With the change in the plans for the erection of the Bell Tower, Mrs. Lee stated that she could not be held responsible for promises made during the drive by her as Chairman to raise funds for the Tower. Therefore, she offered her resignation as the Permanent Chairman. Miss Cook moved to accept Mrs. Lee’s resignation with regret. Seconded by Mrs. Fair. Carried.

Mrs. Tynes moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 3 of the Executive Committee: That the $2339.60 that was cleared on the Valley Forge Pilgrimage be given for a special memorial to Grace C. Marshall in the Memorial Bell Tower. Seconded by Mrs. Carwithen. Adopted. (Mrs. Rhomelle, having served as chairman of the committee, explained that the pilgrimage had not been planned to make a profit but the price of $10 had been set at the suggestion of the railroad so that the National Society would not sustain a loss if only a few wished to go. However, with the large number that made the pilgrimage, a profit was possible.)

Mrs. Tynes moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 4 of the Executive Committee: The acceptance of the Plan of Work as outlined by the National Chairman of the Committee for the Erection of the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge. Seconded by Mrs. Carwithen. Adopted.

Copies of the Plan of Work were distributed. After extended discussion, Miss Cook moved to lay the question on the table. Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Carried.

Mrs. Sisler read a communication from Mrs. William H. Horsfall, Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution in Mrs. Talmadge’s cabin, in which she stated that the Fiftieth Report to the Smithsonian Institution of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, April 1, 1946, to April 1, 1947, is finished and has been sent to Mr. Webster P. True, Editor to the Smithsonian Institution.

Mrs. Lammers displayed a picture of the Sons and Daughters of the American Revolution at Saratoga Springs, New York. July 6, 1896, the gift of Mrs. Earle Donaldson, Bainbridge Chapter, Bainbridge, Georgia. It was stated that the picture would be hung in a suitable place in the Administration Building.

Miss Cook moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 5 of the Executive Committee: That the Editor of the D. A. R. Magazine be paid $100 per month for expenses incurred as such effective with the August 1947 issue. Seconded by Miss McMackin. Adopted.

Miss Cook moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 6 of the Executive Committee: That inasmuch as additional space is needed for our genealogists, books and offices, the President General appoint a committee to make a survey and report at the February Board meeting. Seconded by Miss McMackin. Adopted.

Mrs. Tynes moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 7 of the Executive Committee: That Miss Eva Bright, Treasurer General’s office, be retained on the rolls, at her request, after she has reached the retirement age December 1, 1947. Seconded by Miss Cook. Adopted.

Miss Katharine Mathies, Chairman of the Printing Committee, read her report.

Report of Printing Committee

The early summer was a busy one for the Printing Committee as the beginning of a new administration involved a great deal of printing. There was stationery to be printed for the national officers and national chairmen as well as other materials pertaining to their work plus their letters to National Board members and state chairmen. These letters were edited and approved by the President General and the Printing Committee. Much of the printing was done in our building but some was sent outside. Printing costs have risen terrifically and we did our best to economize by ordering minimum quantities and by taking the lowest estimates submitted by various concerns, except in one or two instances where the known quality of the work warranted a somewhat higher price.

I want here to express my appreciation to the other members of the committee who faithfully came to the Business Office to go over the letters when summoned by Miss Glasscock. To Miss Janie Glasscock herself and to Mrs. Erma Ash much credit is due for their very efficient handling of the many details pertaining to the work. Mention also should be made of the staff in the printing and mimeograph shop who did their work well.

Katharine Mathies, Chairman.

The Chairman of Approved Schools Committee, Miss Edla S. Gibson, read her report on Tamsee and Kate Duncan Smith D. A. R. Schools.
Report on Kate Duncan Smith and Tamassee D. A. R. Schools

Your chairman of Approved Schools Committee has the honor to submit the following report:

The financial statements issued so meticulously by the office of the Treasurer General, Mrs. Rhoades, and for which this chairman is most grateful, indicates a total sum of $20,817.62 has gone to approved schools from May 1st, through September 1st. During this period contributions amounting to $2,701.45 have come in from nineteen states and two committees for the Tamassee Twenty-fifth Anniversary Fund, and $2,620.20 has been given to the Grace Marshall Memorial Scholarship Fund.

Because it is the desire of this administration to complete as rapidly as possible the Twenty-fifth Anniversary Fund for the May Erwin Talmadge Auditorium-Gymnasium, especial emphasis is being laid upon the soliciting of contributions to this fund. States whose chapters have not made gifts are to be approached in the hope that when the building is completed they may truly be designated as the gift of all chapters.

The other peculiar needs at Tamassee are two cottages for workers with families, refrigeration which would add immeasurably to the preservation of the quantities of food available from the farm, and it is hoped that in the not-too-distant future it may be possible to provide a separate cottage for visitors. With the increased cost of scholarships you may find it necessary to stress the fact that these scholarships of $100 per semester are the veritable sustaining backbone of Tamassee. Please don't let the chapters be discouraged by the doubled cost; present it as a challenge and let them attack it a semester at a time, so to speak!

At Kate Duncan Smith the balance for the Helen Pouch Memorial Fund on August 31st was $1,175.78 after $2,200 had been granted as scholarships. Here the most imperative needs are for the reconditioning of Becker Hall, the installation of an adequate water system, so vital to the welfare of all the residents. The C. A. R. has given them a piano. The working scholarships in this school are $50.00.

It is regrettable that at this time when we are seeking to arouse renewed interest in our schools we must report that the condition of the films of the schools are very bad. It would seem that a very real opportunity is being lost to stimulate the concern of members in our work when we must report that the condition of the films of our schools is very poor. Is it too much to hope that some interested Daughter whose hobby is photography will visit the schools very soon and wish to rectify this situation?

Your chairman would like to express her enthusiastic appreciation of the able and sincere work being done by the National Vice Chairmen of this committee. Their energy and interest in promoting the work of the schools is inspiring.

Within the next week your chairman expects to attend the Founders Day exercises at Tamassee in the company of the President General and other members of the National Board, to visit Kate Duncan Smith and possibly one or two others of the Approved Schools in the mountains.

In her official capacity she will take especial note of the fine manner in which the D. A. R. money is being expended to provide education for some of our citizens who have been deprived of so much that we take for granted. But as American citizens each of us should be anxious to seize this opportunity to help in the training of these youths to become the leaders in their communities and of America.

Thank you, Madam President General, for asking me to help in this work.

EDLA S. GIBSON, Chairman.

The Chairman of Buildings and Grounds Committee, Mrs. David D. Caldwell, read her report.

Report of Buildings and Grounds Committee

The summer has found us busy catching up with many repairs which have gone undone due to war scarcities, and labor strikes.

The lobby—lounge and rest rooms of Constitution Hall have been painted, two door checks have been replaced, and four checks of the bronze doors of Constitution Hall repaired. The balcony floor, door facings and trim in the back corridor of Constitution Hall have been painted. We were very fortunate to have this all done for the opening of the Constitution Hall season, which was about three weeks earlier than usual.

Utility closets have been thoroughly cleaned and painted.

The men's rest rooms have been renovated. The scale has been removed from the roof of the Administration Building; it has been repaired where needed and painted. This work was done by our maintenance men.

The flag room was cleaned and de-mothed.

The President of the National Officers Club gave us permission to move the National President of the Children of the American Revolution in the National Officers Club Board Room. She had been occupying our Genealogical Records Room. Mrs. Esker, chief clerk of the Genealogical Records department has been moved back in the original office.

Press Relations Committee has been placed in the Washington Room in the Administration Building, and Miss Baden, assistant bookkeeper, in charge of state treasurers' funds, has been moved into the little Tennessee Room in the Administration Building.

We have had new window shades placed in the library.

The Fire Marshal paid us a visit and demanded that we install two fire doors in the basement of Constitution Hall; these doors will close off Constitution Hall from the Administration Building. At the same time, he inspected our emergency fire hose—6 in all—and found them in good condition.

The boilers have been cleaned and are in use.

We hope to have steam from the central heating plant before the severe winter season.

The lovely brass eagle lectern in Memorial Continental Hall has been repaired. This was done at the request of the donor of this lovely gift, Mrs. A. H. Niler, of Miami, Florida.

We have had 24 benches made for the lobby in Constitution Hall. These benches are sturdy wooden benches and should be very durable. At the same time, we had four chairs re-upholstered.
We are now ready for the busiest season we have ever had in Constitution Hall.

Lottie H. Caldwell, Chairman.

The Chairman of the Magazine Committee, Mrs. LaFayette LeVan Porter, read her report.

Report of Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine Committee

Yesterday I gave the state regents the highlights of what we are trying to do. Now in this my first report I want to say how happy I am to have Mrs. Brosseau as the editor. She is building up the tone and caliber of the magazine. She is putting all of her time on it. Let us back her up.

The Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine is our official mouthpiece. It is the only means of speaking to every member who is a subscriber. All members of the National Board, with the exception of one state regent, are subscribers. There are still eleven state vice regents who are not subscribers to the magazine. All national chairmen, with the exception of one, are subscribers.

Now please all go back and be saleswomen for the magazine. See that your chapter regents and officers take the magazine. Then sell it 'to your members.

The magazine is in the black and we intend to keep it there. This can only be done by increased subscriptions and advertising. Become magazine conscious. The magazine is our textbook and our tool. A reader of the magazine is a booster of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Anne Carlisle Porter, Chairman.

Mrs. Grace L. H. Brosseau, Editor, presented an oral report in which she urged the state regents to boost the magazine. She spoke of her desire to print chapter reports which were brief and interesting and to the point. She commented on the editorial policy of the magazine, namely, to try to get writers of authority to contribute articles on what is going on today in our country, what is interesting, and what is vital, and outlined briefly a schedule of authors whose articles would appear in forthcoming issues.

Recess was taken at 12:20 p.m.

The afternoon meeting convened at 2:00 p.m., the President General, Mrs. O'Byrne presiding.

Miss Cook moved to take from the table Recommendation No. 4 of the Executive Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Tynes. Carried.

The motion before the Board then was the adoption of Recommendation No. 4 of the Executive Committee: The acceptance of the Plan of Work as outlined by the National Chairman of the Committee for the Erection of Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge. Moved by Mrs. Tynes. Seconded by Mrs. Carwithen.

In discussing the motion, the President General stated it was her understanding that the plan was to reopen the project to take in money that is all ready to be received; that it is not the idea that the state regents shall go home and plan a definite campaign again to raise the money, because they had told their chapters it was closed. However, it was understood that there was money wanting to be given, and this would give Mrs. Langston and her committee the privilege of soliciting money for memorials.

After further discussion, the motion was put to a vote and the recommendation was adopted.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. Rhoades, requested that names for memorials and the money for them be sent in at the same time, to avoid confusion and extra work in her office.

It was announced that a special Board meeting for the taking in of new members would be held December 9th; that the next regular meeting of the Board would be held Tuesday, February 3, 1948, with the State Regents' meeting on February 2nd.

Attention was called to the availability of about 300 sets of the Lineage Books at the bargain price of $25 a set. The Librarian General stated that further sets in the Archives Room would again be sold at the price of $100 when the sets now stored in the corridors had been cleared out.

The Chairman of National Defense, Mrs. Cyrus G. Martin, read an informative report.

The President General discussed possible projects which the National Society might adopt for this administration. The needs of the schools were presented in part, namely:

Yamasee—completion of the Auditorium. It was stated that some 400 chapters had as yet made no contribution, and Mrs. O'Byrne stated she was sure every chapter would want to have a part in this project. The amount needed to complete the building is about $20,000.

Kate Duncan Smith School—a new water system and reconditioning of Becker Hall. The State Regent of Pennsylvania said that her State Society hoped to take the water system as their state project.

Maryville College—a girls' dormitory, at a cost of $150,000. The President General said she felt the National Society could not undertake a project of this magnitude but that perhaps some chapter could do so.

American International College—money is in hand for the new library, but probably books and equipment will still need to be provided.

The President General suggested the various states would no doubt wish to favor the schools in their particular locality, and she urged that scholarships particularly be stressed.

Mrs. Graybill moved that films of our approved schools and the two Indian schools, Bacone College and St. Mary's School for Girls, be made, payment to be made from the Committee Maintenance Fund. Seconded by Mrs. Hussey. Carried.

Mrs. Rhoades moved that 14 former members be reinstated. Seconded by Miss McMackin. Carried.

Mrs. Lammers announced the gift to the Society by Mrs. Lilian Thatcher, of Colorado, of $100 for state work for the Junior American Citizens Committee, and $1,000 to be used by that committee for national work.

Mrs. Reynolds moved that all communications to overseas units be sent from the Business Office by Air Mail. Seconded by Mrs. Tompkins. Carried.

Mrs. Reynolds moved that the Executive Committee take under consideration the suggestion that a National Chairman for Kenmore be ap-
pointed, with the request that State Chairmen be appointed to cooperate with her, through whom information concerning Kenmore could be distributed, the literature to be supplied by the Kenmore Association, thus creating greater interest in raising the Endowment Fund. Seconded by Mrs. Vaughn. Carried.

The Registrar General, Mrs. William V. Tynes, read her supplemental report.

**Supplemental Report of Registrar General**

Number of applications verified—306.

Total number of verified papers reported to Board Meeting today:

- **Originals** 2,706
- **Supplementals** 245
- **Total** 2,951

Ethel M. Tynes,
Registrar General,
N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. Tynes moved that the 306 additional applicants whose records have been verified by the Registrar General be elected to membership in the National Society, making a total of 2,706 admitted today. Seconded by Miss Cook. Carried.

The Organizing Secretary General, Miss Laura Clark Cook, read her supplemental report.

**Supplemental Report of Organizing Secretary General**

Your Organizing Secretary General herewith submits the following supplemental report:

The state regent of Mississippi requests the appointment of Miss M. Colie Covington as organizing regent at Hazelhurst.

Laura Clark Cook,
Organizing Secretary General,
N. S. D. A. R.

Miss Cook moved that the appointment of one organizing regent be confirmed. Seconded by Miss McMackin. Carried.

Miss McMackin presented an interesting account of the Indiana reception for the President General, concluding with the words: “As a tribute to her it was perfect in every way, and it makes us feel very good, I think, to know that Indiana and every Daughter and her family and all her friends are just 100 per cent pleased with what the National Society has done. I know that the guests were, and you can just feel that your President General is beloved by every Indiana Daughter.”

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Lamners, read the minutes, which were approved as corrected.

A rising vote of thanks was extended to Mrs. Lee in appreciation of the great work she had done in relation to the Valley Forge Memorial Bell Tower project.

Adjournment was taken at 3:30 p. m.

Maymie D. Lammers,
Recording Secretary General,
N. S. D. A. R.

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**GOD AND COUNTRY**

“I have lived for a long time, and the longer I live the more convincing proof I see of this truth, that God governs in the affairs of men, and if a sparrow cannot fall to the ground without His notice, is it probable that an empire can rise without His aid?

‘Except the Lord build the house, they labor in vain that build it.’ I firmly believe this, and I also believe that without His concurring aid we shall proceed in this political building no better than the builders of Babel.”

Benjamin Franklin,
Before the Constitution Convention,
Philadelphia, 1778.
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
(Organized—October 11, 1890)

MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL, 17th and D Streets, N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT—1947-48

President General
Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, Administration Building, 1720 D Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

1st Vice President General
Mrs. James B. Patton
1676 Franklin Ave., Columbus 5, Ohio

2nd Vice President General
Mrs. Frank Edgar Lee
415 7th St., Santa Monica, Calif.

3rd Vice President General
Miss Katharine Matthies, 59 West St., Seymour, Conn.

Vice Presidents General
(Term of office expires 1948)

Mrs. Howard A. Lattin
15 Oak Ave., Broadmoor, Colorado Springs, Colo.

Mrs. William Stark Tompkins
116 Hanover St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Mrs. Henry Wallace Townsend
7 East 65th St., Kansas City, Mo.

Mrs. J. Harold Grimes
739 E. Washington St., Martinsville, Ind.

Mrs. Frederick Brewster Ingram
1822 Bennett Ave., Dallas, Texas

Mrs. Leroy Fogg Hussey
20 Bangor St., Augusta, Maine

Mrs. J. Harold Grimes
310 E. Elm St., Wichita, Kan.

Mrs. Bruce D. Reynolds

Mrs. Herbert E. McQuesten
104 High St., North Andover, Mass.

Chaplain General
Mrs. Robert Keene Arnold, Versailles, Ky.

Register General
Mrs. William V. Tynes
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Historian General
Mrs. Van Court Carwithen
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Librarian General
Miss Helen M. McMackin
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Curator General
Mrs. Roy J. Frierson
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Recording Secretary General
Mrs. Edwin Stanton Lammers
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General
Mrs. John T. Gardner
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Organizing Secretary General
Miss Laura Clark Cook
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Treasurer General
Mrs. Rex Hays Rhoades
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Reporter General to Smithsonian Institution
Mrs. Millard T. Sisler, 301 Wagner Road, Morgantown, W. Va.
National Board of Management—Continued

State and State Vice Regents for 1947-1948

ALABAMA
State Regent—Mrs. Henry Grady Jacobs, Scottsboro.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Thomas L. Moore, Randolph St., Enidusa.

ALASKA
State Regent—Mrs. Robert Levery, Box 827, Fairbanks.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Edward Davis, P. O. Box 1263, Fairbanks.

ARIZONA
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Roland M. James, 819 N. 5th Ave., Tucson.

ARKANSAS
State Regent—Miss Mary Louise Lloyd, 4303 Woodlawn St., Little Rock.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Frank Genio, Arkadelphia.

CALIFORNIA
State Regent—Mrs. Charles A. Cottrell, Christin-Porter Ranch, San Fernando.

COLORADO
State Regent—Mrs. Charles T. Crockett, 316 W. 9th St., Pueblo.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Leigh B. Putnam, 2074 Albion St., Denver, 7.

CONNECTICUT
State Regent—Mrs. Arthur Bercher Irland, 724 S. Main St., Hartford.

DELAWARE
State Regent—Mrs. Glenn C. Skinner, 74 Amstel St., New Castle.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Glenn S. King, North Union St., Smyrna.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
State Regent—Mrs. Wilfred Jewett Clearman, 3024 Warren St., N. W., Washington 16.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. David L. Wells, 4455 Queen St., N. W., Washington 7.

FLORIDA
State Regent—Mrs. James F. Byers, 446 20th Ave., N. E., St. Petersburg.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. David M. Wright, RFD #1, Box 179, Bartow.

GEORGIA
State Regent—Mrs. Mark A. Smith, 241 Jackson Springs Rd., Shirley Hills, Macon.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Young Harris Yamhough, Milledgeville.

HAWAII
State Regent—Mrs. WM. Jannett Hill, 2nd, 3027 Alapoli Place, Honolulu 30.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. John Edgar Walker, Box 83, Punahou, Maui.

IDAHO
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Paul C. Folsom, Box 29, Kellogg.

ILLINOIS
State Regent—Mrs. Thomas Edward Maury, 842 Garfield St., Aurora.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Ferdinand J. Feyh, 149 S. Pennsylvania Ave., Belleville.

INDIANA
State Regent—Mrs. Furrh Burns, 608 Bend St., North Manchester.

IOWA
State Regent—Mrs. Raymond Peter Ink, Grange Gelage, Mt. Vernon.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Eugene Hennly, 1014 East St., Grinnell.

KANSAS
State Regent—Mrs. Roy Valentine Sherwood, Ashland.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Garland P. Ferrell, Ferrell Ranch, Beatumont.

KENTUCKY
State Regent—Dr. Winona Stevens Jones, 446 W. 3rd St., Lexington.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Bacon R. Moore, Harrodsburg.

LOUISIANA
State Regent—Mrs. Percy Caldwell Fair, 550 Louisiana St., Mansfield.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Charles M. Mitchell, 123 N. 6th St., Monroe.

MAINE
State Regent—Mrs. Roy Edwin Hedlund, 201 Prospect St., Portland.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. James B. Kline, 7 West St., Boothbay Harbor.

MARYLAND
State Regent—Mrs. Harry K. Niels, 2214 Kenmore Road, Baltimore 9.

MASSACHUSETTS
State Regent—Mrs. Warren Shattuck Currier, 64 Marlborough St., Newton.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Alfred Williams, 112 Stratford Ave., Pittsfield.

MICHIGAN
State Regent—Mrs. Chester F. Miller, 1237 Owen St., Saginaw.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Walter C. Fockley, 1016 Oakland Ave., Ann Arbor.

MINNESOTA
State Regent—Mrs. Clyde Ross, RFD #2, Tracy.

MISSISSIPPI
State Regent—Mrs. Edward Cade Brewer, West 2nd St., Clarksdale.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Harry A. Alexander, Box 711, Grenada.

MISSOURI
State Regent—Mrs. Claude R. Rowland, 4615 Maryland Ave., St. Louis 8.
State Vice Regent—Miss Frederick A. Groves, 916 College Hill, Cape Girardeau.

MONTANA
State Regent—Miss A. G. Middleton, 910 1st Ave., Havre.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Thomas E. Lusser, 524 S. Pacific St., Dillon.

NEBRASKA
State Regent—Mrs. James Cook Sutton, 9464 N. 30th St., Omaha 12.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Byron K. Womble, 1925 E Street, Lincoln 8.

NEVADA
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