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THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE
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Issued Monthly By
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
Publication Office: ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, 1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Address all manuscripts, photographs and editorial communications to The Editor, The Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, Administration Building, 1720 D Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Single Copy, 25 Cents. Yearly Subscription, $2.00
Copyright, 1947, by the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution
Entered as second-class matter, December 8, 1924, at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., Under the Act of March 3, 1879
The President General’s Message

That Reminds Me

As one of the compensations of her office, your President General comes to the individual members of our Society in the pages of our magazine for a second of the monthly visits with you. What a treasure—what an opportunity—what a privilege this is! And such are the effects of printing and editing a magazine that these words are written while the shadows of the great Fifty-Sixth Continental Congress still project themselves across the memories of every loyal Daughter.

All of which causes me to wonder just how much more forceful our Society would be—just how much more intense would be the interest of the rank and file of our membership—just how much more infinitely far-reaching would be our influence—just how much more substantial would be our contribution toward all that is best in and for America if every year a definite percentage of our Daughters who have never attended Congress, could and would attend.

The culmination of twelve months of highly organized and loyal endeavor is presented during the week of Congress, when inventory is taken, plans are perfected, policies are molded, and instructive programs are given. I try to envision the stimulus which would electrify our membership if a single member from each of our Chapters could observe for the first time the Daughters of the American Revolution in action, and carry her impressions back to her associates in Chapter work. Mighty as has been the contribution of our organization in the years past, mightier still would be its contribution in the years just ahead. An intelligent pride in membership, a more comprehensive understanding of what all of it means would practically destroy limitations to achievements.

* * *

The month of July is “in between.” A year has ended and a new year has not yet begun. Chapter meetings are in recess. To the unthinking person, the Daughters of the American Revolution is marking time until activities are resumed with the opening Chapter meeting of the new year with the coming of fall. Yet a moment of reflection discloses at once how fallacious such a conception is, and how widely of the mark it shoots. In an organization of the magnitude of ours, with the territory which it covers, and the wide field of projects that it services, careful planning and a wealth of detail in the creation of personnel, and the merging of ideas is the price infallibly paid for success and attainment.

And so while July brings its vacation trips and its richness of joys, the wheels of our Society are silently grinding away on the unromantic perfection of detail. When national chairmen, state chairmen—when all of the elaborate mechanism of the Daughters of the American Revolution, present their projects and their policies to Chapter meetings in the fall, it marks the end of one phase of the current year’s efforts. The messages you then receive represent the culmination of more of thought and energy than is realized. So operates the Daughters of the American Revolution.

* * *

But we are genuinely grateful for July and August. It is just as important to play at the proper time as it is to work at other times. You meet the demands of the cooler and colder months with a freshness and vitality that carries you much further in less time. Your President General wishes for each and every one of you a happy playtime in July. She counts much on the renewal of vitality and vigor that will come from it. And, above all, she counts upon a greater preparation to write new records of achievement when October comes. She expects an acceleration in the forgiveness of human nature for the errors and inadequacies of her initial months of direction and leadership. For these errors and inadequacies, I assure you, come from the hand and not the heart.

To each and every daughter, I wish you a most happy vacation.

Estella A. O’Byrne

President General,
N. S. D. A. R.
EYES were wet with happy tears and hearts were high with gratitude at the opening session of the “Homecoming” 56th Continental Congress which was held in Constitution Hall, Washington, D. C., May 19th to May 23rd.

After five years of patriotic exile the Daughters of the American Revolution was home again in its own spacious group of buildings in the national capital. From far and near thousands of delegates and alternates gathered to attest their delight in their return. All Washington joined in this gratification.

Patriotic ideals, vision for the future and loyalty to God and country were voiced again and again in the speeches and reports and were given concrete form in a set of outstanding resolutions adopted by the delegates.

Never was there a more enthusiastic Congress and even the election excitement did not detract from the general high inspirational aspect of the Congress.

To Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge and her co-workers who arranged and carried through this memorable Congress should go the thanks of every member of the Society.

Many eyes glowed with pride at the beauty of Constitution Hall and the magnificent spectacle of the pageantry of the opening night of the Congress Monday, May 19th, at 8:30 P. M.

Members and guests gathered early to hear the concert by the United States Marine Band Orchestra, led by Major William F. Santlemann. There was a breathless pause of expectation when the Marine Band bugler, Robert DeHart, Musician Second Class, sounded the assembly call.

To the march played by the Marine Band Orchestra, Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, President General, proceeded down the aisle with the National Officers, escorted by an impressive array of more than three hundred pages from chapters all over the country bearing the colors of the Nation with all proper ceremony and carrying handsome silk flags of each State.

Mrs. Talmadge called the Congress to order amidst an atmosphere pervaded with deep satisfaction that this Congress was to be held in the Daughters of the American Revolution Buildings.

The invocation was offered by the Reverend Merritt F. Williams, Canon of the Washington Cathedral. The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag was led by Mrs. Marshall Pinckney Orr, National Chairman, Correct Use of the Flag Committee; Miss Helen M. McMackin, Chairman of the Program Committee for the Congress, led in the recitation of the American’s Creed. The singing of the National Anthem was led by Mrs. T. B. Throockmorton, Third Vice President General.

A message from the President of the United States received much applause. The President’s letter follows:

The White House, Washington.

May 12, 1947.

Dear Mrs. Talmadge:

I am glad to extend greetings to the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The United States today is helping to build what we hope will be lasting peace. We are committed to a positive program of international cooperation, notably through the United Nations, in an effort to secure world order. Cooperation is the cornerstone of our foreign policy.

In a world community the security of the United States depends to a considerable degree on how well we succeed in fostering cooperation among peoples as well as among governments.

I am certain that the Daughters of the American Revolution, whose assistance in patriotic undertakings throughout the history of this Nation is so well-known, will press forward in this great cause of promoting understanding among nations and among peoples.

Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) Harry Truman.

A gracious reply was made by Mrs. C. Edward Murray, Second Vice President General.

General Dwight D. Eisenhower, Chief of Staff of the United States Army, made one
of the outstanding addresses of his career, in which he uttered a warning against the vicious cults threatening the United States. General Eisenhower called upon the Daughters of the American Revolution and all patriotic Americans to be vigilant against these cults that threaten the foundation of our system of government in what he described as “in termite fashion.”

General Eisenhower said that these vicious cults attempt to mislead the unthinking by holding out false promises of a better life and more liberty and happiness. “But,” he declared, “their propaganda hides the sword of dictatorship that is so evident in every form of statism.

“They recognize as our primary strength” he pointed out, “the unity of our people, and so use every plausible argument to create division. Industrially, socially, politically, they seek to divide and confuse.”

Mrs. Talmadge chose a happy title, “The Eagle’s Wings,” for her homecoming address at this gala evening opening session of the 56th Continental Congress.

Mrs. Talmadge said:

“The keynote of this Congress is ‘Americanism.’ If our country ever needed to put its accent on ‘Americanism’, it needs to now. And so I have chosen as the title of this address—‘The Eagle’s Wings.’ The American Eagle is the symbol of our strength, of our protection, of our courage, of our ability to soar high and surmount any obstacle, any crisis.

“The United States of America, the domain of the American Eagle, has become the greatest nation in the world. That is an actual fact. We, however, are just beginning to grasp the full significance of what this means and have not yet sensed the responsibilities which this place in the sun entails,” she continued.

“Our own National Society, likewise, has grown in strength and in power, more so than most of us realize. We now have over 156,000 members. Our membership is steadily increasing and as our society grows, its responsibilities increase.

“This administration, born during the
war, was never one of 'appeasement.' We had seen, only too clearly, the terrible consequences of such a course. We substituted another word for 'appeasement'—'action'!

"Neither did we adopt a policy of silence in the face of criticism. We have been quick to reply to those who attacked our society. We have been frank and we have been honest in meeting any situation either external or internal which demanded clear, wide-open explanation or exposition. Daylight never harmed anyone," Mrs. Talmadge declared.

"Our stand on national defense and the preservation of our system of government is one of the reasons Communists oppose the Daughters of the American Revolution. I assure you this feeling is mutual," she said.

"Our organization should stand behind every movement by our federal and state legislatures to outlaw communism," Mrs. Talmadge stated. "We should tolerate no one in public office who is secretly working to overthrow our government and substitute the totalitarian system of a foreign power. The spread of communism in this country must be stopped. It can be stopped if we emphasize that the only 'ism' in this land is 'Americanism.'

"Every Daughter of the American Revolution should constitute herself a committee of one to oppose by every means within her power the infiltration of communistic teachers in our schools and colleges and to combat the spreading of communistic poison in the minds of our young students."

Other features of this impressive homecoming evening program were the greetings by Hon. John Russell Young, President Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia; Mrs. Reuben Edward Knight, National President National Society Children of the American Revolution; Mrs. Albert J. Sigel, National President National Society Daughters of the American Revolution; Allen L. Oliver, President General National Society Sons of the American Revolution and W. Hall Harris, Jr., General President National Society Sons of the Revolution.

The introduction of the pretty little girl personal pages to the President General, May Erwin Talmadge 11, granddaughter of Mrs. Talmadge and Grace Lincoln Hall 11, grandniece of Mrs. Grace Lincoln Hall Brosseau, Honorary President General, was a picturesque feature.

Mrs. Brosseau presented the other Honorary Presidents General present, including Mrs. Russell William Magna, Mrs. William A. Becker, Mrs. Henry M. Robert, Jr., and Mrs. William H. Pouch. Mrs. George Maynard Minor and Mrs. Lowell Fletcher Hober, Honorary Presidents General were not present at the Congress.

Mrs. John T. Gardner presented the Good Citizenship Pilgrims as the National Chairman.

Mrs. Talmadge’s report at the Tuesday morning session was listened to with great concentration by the members of the congress.

"As the spinner who weaves a story upon some huge tapestry, so have we been weaving for three years the history of the activities of our Society. Now, with the last threads in place, let us step in front of the frame and see what we have wrought," Mrs. Talmadge said in her report.

"In the center forefront stands Constitution Hall, white marble gleaming in the glory of the midday sun. Every endeavor radiates from that focal point. We have shared our building with the Red Cross, the Volunteer Service, the Pan American Union, and others during the war period and until a year ago. Now we once more occupy our own buildings. The Chairman of Buildings and Grounds has been busily engaged in putting them in order, repainting and decorating, adding greatly needed repairs, assisting in getting necessary Congressional Bills through the House and Senate, to enable us to share in the Government’s central heating plant for the District of Columbia.

"By vote of the National Board of Management on May 17th, 1947, the administration of Constitution Hall, cultural center of the District of Columbia, remains unchanged," she stated.

"During the past three years, approximately one and one-half million people attended events in Constitution Hall, attesting to the popularity of our contribution to the City of Washington. The list of events, averaging approximately 133 a season, covers outstanding musical events, given by artists of world reputation in the field of opera, music; foremost lectures and important national and governmental meetings," Mrs. Talmadge revealed.
"Through your generous responses to the National Daughters of the American Revolution War Fund, a Wired Program Distribution System was given to Vaughan General Hospital, Hines, Ill., comprising radio sets for 2330 bed patients—each set having five station selective equipment, plus a Public Address System for the entire hospital, costing $61,000," Mrs. Talmadge said in speaking of the war projects of the Society.

"From this fund also, the Society gave to 33 U. S. Public Health Service Hospitals located throughout the U. S., 36 Mills Sonovision portable cabinet motion picture machines, at $570.00 each, costing $20,520.

"For the U. S. Navy, 3 Mobile Photofluorographic Units (auto trailer) for the U. S. Navy Medical Corps; 7 portable x-ray units for hospital ships; 3 field ambulances, costing $56,682; a steel encased Hammond Electric Organ for Aircraft Carrier, costing $1,500.00; triptychs (Art Altar pieces for Armed Forces) costing $2,000.00; American Red Cross motor vehicles given to aid Blood Plasma program (in one year—April 1944 to April 1945) amounting to $55,000; and 692 radio head sets for bed patients were presented to the U. S. Marine Hospital at Staten Island, costing $3,806.00.

"War work also is shown by the cooperation of members who assisted generously in supplying 197,000 Buddy Bags to U. S. Service men during these 3 years.

"Subscription by members of War Bonds and Stamps totalled over $200,000,000.

"Post War employment for the crews of the Landing Craft Infantry was undertaken by chapters as a Special Wartime Service.

"A record of the entire War Work of the Society has been published and will be presented during the Congress by the Editor, Mrs. G. L. H. Brosseau.

"These facts listed in my report will be retold in detail by respective National Chairmen.

"Awards: The Society has presented Annual Awards of $100 War Bonds to the United States Service Academies, i.e., United States Naval Academy, United States Military Academy, United States Coast Guard Academy and United States Merchant Marine Academy.

"$100 War Bonds were given to each winning contestant in D.A.R. Good Citizenship Pilgrimage in lieu of trip to Washington in war time years of 1945 and 1946, but happily the Pilgrimage to Washington in 1947 for winning Citizenship contestants is conducted this year," she concluded.

Mrs. Talmadge’s report and those of the other National Officers Tuesday presented a very good over-all picture of the accomplishments and activities of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Among those reporting were Mrs. C. Edward Murray, Second Vice President General, Mrs. T. B. Throckmorton, Third Vice President General, Mrs. Willard Steele, Chaplain General, Mrs. Stanley Thorpe Manlove, Recording Secretary General, Miss Katharine Matthies, Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. Raymond C. Goodfellow, Organizing Secretary General, Mrs. Charles Carroll Haig, Treasurer General, Mrs. Frederick G. Smith, Chairman Finance Committee, Mrs. T. B. Throckmorton, Chairman Auditing Committee, Mrs. Roscoe C. O’Byrne, Registrar General, Mrs. Frank Edgar Lee, Historian General, Mrs. Frederick G. Smith, Librarian General, Mrs. Harry C. Oberholser, Curator General and Mrs. William Horsfall, Reporter General of the Smithsonian Institution.

A solemn memorial service was held Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. Talmadge presiding and Mrs. Willard Steele, Chaplain General, officiating. After the memorial service Mrs. Talmadge and Mrs. Steele led the procession to place a wreath on the Founders’ Memorial Monument in the Daughters of the American Revolution grounds.

State meetings, luncheons, dinners and gala receptions marked Tuesday afternoon. Officers, delegates and candidates for national offices presented a well dressed appearance unequalled in Washington sartorial archives.

Tuesday night was a brilliant one at Constitution Hall when the President General received, assisted by National Officers and State Regents. Mrs. James B. Crankshaw was Chairman of the Reception Committee.

The pages, who are always very hard working, had their time for pleasure Tuesday night at a dance at the Mayflower Hotel. All expressed their appreciation to the Chairman, Mrs. William A. Disque, Miss Anne Tuohy, co-Chairman, and Mrs. Siegfried Roebling, Special Vice Chairman, and the other members of the committee.

Among the most interesting features of any Daughters of the American Revolution
Congress are the reports of the National Committee Chairmen and with the wide scope of the post war work of the committees the ones at the 56th Congress were particularly outstanding. These reports occupied much of the time Wednesday morning and afternoon and Thursday morning and afternoon.

The reports were interrupted long enough Wednesday to hear an address on the National Tribute Grove by Newton B. Drury, Director National Park Service of the U. S. Department of the Interior and on Thursday morning to hear Dr. Vernon T. Davis, Director Neuropsychiatric Service of the U. S. Marine Hospital at Ellis Island on the Daughters of the American Revolution’s contribution to the rehabilitation of patients at the U. S. Marine Hospital.

Wednesday morning’s reports included those by Mrs. David D. Caldwell, Chairman of Buildings and Grounds; Mrs. John Bayley O’Brien, Press Relations; Mrs. Frank Leon Nason, DAUGHTERS OF AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE who also read the report of the Editor, Miss Elisabeth E. Poe; Mrs. John E. Nelson, Advancement of American Music.

Mrs. Henry Bourne Joy read the report of the special committee on War Records of which she is chairman and Miss Anne Tuohy followed with a most interesting report on the research she has been doing of war records. Mrs. Grace L. H. Brosseau presented the report on compilation of war records of which she is the editor.

Mrs. Nathan Russell Patterson, Chairman of Conservation, reported that conservation work for children and youth includes character building, recreation and welfare organization in the United States and overseas to war stricken and suffering nations. She said “Daughters of the American Revolution members are giving uncounted hours of work and energy, thousands of dollars in cash and countless other items to provide wise use of leisure time, Christian guidance, constructive and educa-
tional activities, the basic necessities of life, and cheer and medical aid for future citizens.”

Mrs. Marshall Pinckney Orr reported as Chairman of the Correct Use of the Flag Committee and was followed by a tribute to “Our Flag” by Mrs. William E. Sinnott of the E. Pluribus Unum Chapter of the District of Columbia.

Wednesday afternoon was given over to reports of the committees on Junior American Citizens, Approved Schools, American Indians, Girl Home Makers and Junior Membership.

Mrs. Edwin Stanton Lammers, Chairman of the Junior American Citizens Committee reported that:

“The Junior American Citizens clubs this year have stressed traffic rules, school, playground and bus deportment, patriotic programs, collection of clothing for European children, packing of boxes for children abroad and needy at home, parliamentary procedure, sold stamps and bonds, worked with Jr. Red Cross, made favors, Christmas decorations, scrap books and joke books for children and Veterans’ hospitals, had nature study, radio programs, studied celebrated Americans, all drives entered into with zeal, beautified school grounds and protected school property, in one State entire schools have Student Government organized under JAC clubs, in another school JAC children are giving 3 hours apiece a week in dispensing cod liver oil, serving on safety and Physical Ed. committees, help in stock rooms, assist Doctors and nurses that come to school, act as interpreters and serve in cafeteria.”

Mrs. VanCourt Carwithen went into much detail in her report as Chairman of Approved Schools. “Your Chairman has visited twenty-four States, has had the honor of attending twelve State Conferences and three State Meetings and has spoken for approved schools eighty-eight times,” Mrs. Carwithen reported. “Your National Chairman points with pride to the generous response to her plea for additional gifts for the Auditorium-Gymnasium at Tamassee when the original figure of $40,000.00 proved much too small at the increased cost of labor and materials. Many chapters contributed a second time,” she said.

Three talented Indian girls are now training to become nurses, Mrs. Loren Edgar Rex said in her report as Chairman of the American Indians Committee. “A Navajo at Canado, Arizona, a Winnebago from Nebraska and a full-blood Sioux from South Dakota, are in St. John’s Hospital, Tulsa, Oklahoma. We are proud to have helped a young man who has just received his M.D. degree from the University of Minnesota. We made it possible for a brilliant Winnebago girl to enter the Philadelphia Academy for advanced study in Interior Designing,” Mrs. Rex explained.

Training of girls to establish better American Homes is one of the high objectives of the Girl Home Makers Committee, Mrs. J. Harold Crimes, Chairman, said.

Crippled children in every section of the United States have benefited from the contributions of time and money by the Juniors of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Mrs. John A. Fritchey, II, stated in her report.

In her report as Chairman of the Americanism Committee Thursday morning Mrs. Charles A. Herfurth, Chairman, said, “Americanism is the spirit of America and if that guiding force is to continue as in the past more understanding and appreciation of the Constitution and the Bill of Rights must be maintained. Americanism was needed during the war and it is needed just as much today, if not more so, than at any time in our history. The United States has grown to be the greatest nation on earth, largely because of its form of government. For it to remain great, Americanism work must play its vital part in maintaining it.”

The important contributions the Daughters of the American Revolution is making to post war adjustment of service men is contained in the report of Mrs. W. Arthur Saltford, Chairman of the Ellis Island-Angel Island Committee.

Mrs. George D. Schermerhorn delivered a splendid report as Chairman of the American Red Cross Committee, as did Mrs. John T. Gardner, Chairman of the Daughters of the American Revolution Good Citizenship Pilgrimage Committee; Mrs. Howard A. Latting, Chairman of the Manual for Citizenship Committee; Mrs. LaFayette LeVan Porter, Chairman of the Student Loan Fund Committee; Mrs. LeRoy Montgomery, Chairman of the Motion Picture Committee.

Mrs. H. J. Dunavant reported as Chairman of the Genealogical Records Committee on Thursday afternoon. Mrs. Howard
L. Hodgkins, Honorary Vice President General, reported as Chairman of the Insignia Committee and Mrs. David E. French read a most attention arresting report on the Filing and Lending Bureau.

As National Defense is of high importance in the agenda of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the report of Mrs. William A. Becker, Honorary President General and Chairman of National Defense Committee received the undivided attention of the officers and delegates. Mrs. Becker said in part “Great economic and social forces flow with a tidal sweep over communities that are only half conscious of that which is befalling them. Wise statesmen are those who foresee what time is thus bringing and endeavor to shape institutions and to mold men’s thoughts and purpose in accordance with the change that is silently surrounding them. Great worldwide changes have been taking place during the past three years. Hence the term ‘National Defense’ has a much broader meaning than heretofore because of the ‘great economic and social forces’ that are flowing ‘with a tidal sweep over communities’ around the globe.”

Mrs. Russell William Magna, Honorary President General, reported as Chairman of the Committee on War Stamps and Bonds.

The evening sessions on Wednesday and Thursday were Daughters of American Revolution history making ones. For not only did the important business of nominations and elections of national officers predominate on these nights but there were also the reports of Committee for the Erection of the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge on Wednesday night and the ringing address of Commander Paul H. Griffith of the American Legion and the State Regents’ reports were heard Thursday night.

On Wednesday night two slates of candidates headed by Mrs. Roscoe C. O’Byrne and Mrs. Stanley Thorpe Manlove were put in nomination. There were also nominations for six vacancies for Vice Presidents General and one vacancy for honorary Vice President General.

In her report on the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge, Mrs. Frank Edgar Lee, National Chairman, said “The last figures received from the office of the Treasurer General set our tower fund on May 10th at $122,941.76. This means an aver-
age gift of eighty cents per member. Twenty-two States have given that amount or more. Those leading are Pennsylvania first, Illinois second, Ohio third, New York fourth; California fifth and New Jersey sixth.”

Mrs. Talmadge announced that the contract for the Bell Tower had been signed that afternoon. There was a solemn moment when Rev. John Robbins Hart, Ph.D., Rector of the Washington Memorial Chapel and president of the Valley Forge Historical Society, appeared on the stage to accept the check for $122,941.76 and affix his signature to the contract. In his expression of appreciation Dr. Hart said, “One of my most pleasant duties is to say ‘thank you’ for the gifts that are made to Valley Forge. Many times I have said it to you, the Daughters of the American Revolution. Ever since Doctor Burke began this glorious Washington Memorial, you have given generously and continuously. When we give to Valley Forge, I think we receive as well as give because Valley Forge belongs to all of us, to all true patriots. We need more people who believe in Valley Forge and revere its name. So I express my deepest gratitude to you, Mrs. Talmadge and the members of the Society from all these States who are today contributing to the life of our national shrine, the Westminster of America and trust that your liberality, patriotism and faith in God will be the answer to every force of evil that we have to face.”

In his address on Thursday night Commander Griffith said in part:

“The American Legion and the DAR have a powerful bond in common. They are both 100 percent American organizations. Love of Country is our common business. The perils of our Nation are our common concern.

“Between two such thoroughly patriotic groups utmost frankness is always in order in a common approach to any pressing national problem. We have such a problem before us here today in immigration. We have never pulled our punches in the past in facing important issues. We will not pull any punches today.

“I am not going to discuss immigration in an academic manner here today. I am going to attack it as a growing menace to America!

“Immigration in 1947 has run amok! “It has become a lawless torrent that is undermining the very foundations of our American way of life.

“It is robbing the returned veteran of his opportunities.

“It is building up a fifth column in this country that may well be the margin by which we may meet with disaster in the next war.

“Let’s get down to some grim facts. Let’s look at the realities of our immigration problem today and close our ears to the sob stuff with which we are being beguiled.

“Legal immigrants are entering this country at a rate of 154,000 a year. That amounts to about 425 foreigners a day admitted lawfully.

“But for every legal immigrant for whom ‘Richard opens the Door’ to America, there are at least 10 illegal immigrants—black market immigrants—if you please. They belong to the ‘sneak-into-America’ 1947 World Club.

“Every day thousands of foreigners run our borders or skip our laws in illegal entries into the United States! Nobody knows what the actual score is. Whatever it is, it is fantastic.

“The present immigration flow—a trickle of legal entries and a flood of illegal ones—has made the United States a laughing stock of the world. The greatest international sport today is running the American immigration laws under false colors. It’s a game in which the foreigners can’t lose because the umpires are asleep, the fans are too busy filling themselves with peanuts and soda-pop and the players make their own rules.

“The skulduggery that is going on under our existing immigration laws is simply beyond belief.

“Seamen, many of them that only in name, are jumping ships in American ports.

“Foreigners arriving ‘in transit’ on the way to other lands, make it a permanent ‘sit’ in the good old U. S. A.

“Aliens dropping in on ‘visitors’ visas’ manage to get ‘lost’ in our wide open spaces.

“Overseas students come here to study and make it life jobs.

“Outlanders from the four corners of the earth run our borders daily along the Canadian and Mexican boundaries and over the Caribbean waters, making a mockery of our meager patrols.”
The address of Commander Griffith and the reports from all the State Regents lasted until well after eleven and it was expected that Mrs. Frank L. Nason, Chairman of Tellers, would be ready with her report of the result of the balloting which had taken place early in the morning and afternoon. But Mrs. Nason sent word that the tellers' report would not be ready until later. The officers and delegates decided to wait for the report. Wait they did until after 3:30 A.M. The candidates for President General, Mrs. O'Byrne and Mrs. Manlove, were in their States boxes and the other candidates for office were either in the boxes, on the stage or in the auditorium. But time went fast for a number of the officers and delegates volunteered to provide music and lead in the singing. Even one of the Associated Press representatives to the Congress, a tall young musician, played a number of his original compositions on the piano on the stage. At long last the tellers led by Mrs. Nason entered Constitution Hall. Mrs. Nason was immediately recognized and read the election results which signified the election of Mrs. O'Byrne and her entire slate.

Friday morning an address on freedom of communication was given by Judge Justin Miller, president of the National Association of Broadcasters.

Reports were given by Mrs. E. Bright Hawes, Membership Chairman and Mrs. George Howard, Radio Chairman.

Mrs. Grace L. H. Brosseau, Chairman of Resolutions, made her final report. The resolutions passed at the 56th Continental Congress will be read and reread at many State and chapter meetings throughout the year no doubt. Included in the resolutions were those commending Harry S. Truman, President of the United States, for his endeavour to cleanse our public offices from alien and subversive influence and to require of all public servants unquestioned loyalty to the principles of our Republic form of government; commending Secretary of State George Marshall for his courageous determination to uphold fundamental principles, without compromise, in dealing with many details which have arisen relative to the foreign policy of the United States. Another important resolution in relation to our relations with other nations urged that representatives of the major religions be invited to open the meetings of the United Nations with prayer.

The Congress went on record in favor of the resolution urging whole-hearted support and recommending prompt and favorable action by the U. S. Congress “To support the national security by providing for the National Defense Establishment, which shall be administered by a Secretary of National Defense, and for a Department of the Army, a Department of the Navy and a Department of the Air Force within the National Defense Establishment and for the coordination of the activities of the National Defense Establishment with other departments and agencies of the Government concerned with the national security,” —as agreed to and supported by the War and Navy Departments and now being considered by Congressional Committees.

Activities exposing enemies within our midst who aim to undermine our American institutions and system of Government; opposition to any federal legislation which would tend toward further regimentation and centralization of government and the removal of State control; opposition to pending measure which would exempt parents of veterans over fifty years of age from the present literacy requirements under the Nationality Act; urging the retention and enforcement of the Immigration Laws as adopted in 1924 and the continuation of registration of all aliens whether visiting or in temporary residence here; commend the work of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for its courage and devotion to the public good and congratulate the Congress for its appropriation of funds adequate to the development of the program of the F.B.I.

The resolution on subversive influences won applause and immediate passage. It is as follows: “That the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, call upon its entire membership to adopt a policy of informing themselves intelligently on the theory and manner of this threatening intrusion and to dedicate themselves, not casually, but earnestly to the business of recognizing and exposing Communism wherever it is seeking to entrench itself or has already done so.”

Another resolution included urged the members of the Daughters of the American Revolution to commend and encourage and uphold the work of the Committee on Un-American Activities. A resolution re-
lated to the desecration of the Flag approved legislation designed to prevent desecration and mutilation of the Flag of the United States and for its proper use and display.

Two resolutions on radio are of particular interest. In the first the Daughters of the American Revolution compliments and encourages "the Radio Networks and individual stations on the constructive programs presented and seriously urge that, for the sake of our American youth and the future safety of our country, stories of crime, with its daring adventurous appeal to the impressionable young mind, be eliminated from their programs." In the second the Daughters of the American Revolution Congress affirmed its belief that "freedom of radio ranks in importance with freedom of speech and of the press and its opposition to all efforts which would lead in the direction of government censorship, dictation or control of radio programs; and that the Society urge the Congress of the United States to enact such legislation as is required to give effect to this affirmation."

Great significance is attached to the group of resolutions passed at the Congress in regard to education. The Congress went on record as opposed to the enactment of legislation which would place in the power of the Federal Government the right to intervene in the educational program of the several States and points out that the proposed educational bills would not provide true equalization of educational opportunity; that the Daughters of the American Revolution dedicate itself to the responsibility of keeping classrooms and public libraries free from false and insidious doctrines and interpretations; that the local chapters urge upon their State legislatures and their Boards of Education the passage of bills guaranteeing teachers just and adequate compensation for their services and for economic security; that the D. A. R. urge the restoration of the reductions made by the House of Representatives in 1948 appropriations for Indian Education and that the Daughters of the American Revolution earnestly foster the observances of all patriotic and national holidays.

Firm opposition was expressed to any move by private individuals or groups to secure exclusive use and control of the forest, range and watershed lands which belong to the people of the United States.

Resolutions related to memorials and preservation of historic spots included participation in the Bicentennial observance on July 6th, 1947, of the birth of John Paul Jones, the Father of the United States Navy; the passage of the bill before the House of Representatives to proclaim June "Remember the Disabled Veterans Month"; commending the creation of the National Roll of Honor in the War Memorial Chapel in the Patriots Transept of the Washington Cathedral; the creation of an endowment fund at Tamasssee Daughters of the American Revolution School to be added to by members, chapters and States by voluntary contributions as a memorial to Grace Marshall, late first Vice President General; a gift of $5,000 for a suitable plaque to be placed in the vestibule of the proposed Nurses' National Memorial, honoring Clara Barton, organizer of the Spanish war nurses and charter member of the Daughters of the American Revolution; preservation of the Home of Francis Scott Key in the District of Columbia and calling attention to the destruction of the home which would occur through the building of the projected highway; restoration of the Military Reservation at Fort Brown, Texas; preservation of Montpelier, the home of Major General Henry Knox, chief of Artillery in Washington's Army and Secretary of War at Thomaston, Maine; and the creation of a national park at Alamance Battlefield in North Carolina in memory of the men who shed the first blood in the cause of freedom May 16th, 1771, "the reveille drum beat of the Revolution."

The closing hours of the Congress were very impressive with the installation of Mrs. O'Byrne and the other new officers and the confirmation of election and installation of State Regents and State Vice Regents.

In the closing hours Mrs. Talmadge was elected Honorary President General and the Honorary President General's ribbon was placed about her shoulder.

New officers installed with Mrs. O'Byrne are: First Vice President General, Mrs. James B. Patton, Columbus, Ohio; Second Vice President General, Mrs. Frank Edgar Lee, Santa Monica, California; Third Vice President General, Miss Katharine Matthes, Seymour, Connecticut; Chaplain General, Mrs. Robert Keene Arnold, Versailles, Kentucky; Recording Secretary General, Mrs.
Edwin S. Lammers, Dallas, Texas; Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. John T. Gardner, East Greenwich, Rhode Island; Organizing Secretary General, Miss Laura Clark Cook, Hillsdale, Michigan; Treasurer General, Mrs. Rex Hays Rhoades, Washington, District of Columbia; Registrar General, Mrs. William V. Tynes, Norfolk, Virginia; Historian General, Mrs. VanCourt Carwithen, Malvern, Pennsylvania; Librarian General, Miss Helen M. McMackin, Salem, Illinois; Curator General, Mrs. Roy J. Frierson, Tampa, Florida; Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution, Mrs. Willard T. Sisler, Morgantown, West Virginia. Vice Presidents General: Mrs. Bruce D. Reynolds, Charlottesville, Virginia; Mrs. Herbert Eugene McQuesten, North Andover, Massachusetts; Mrs. George W. Sartell, Jamestown, North Dakota; Mrs. Loren Edgar Rex, Wichita, Kansas; Mrs. Leo G. Graybill, Great Falls, Montana, and Mrs. Walter Scott Welch, Laurel, Mississippi. Honorary Vice President General: Mrs. Katherine W. Kittredge, Springfield, Vermont.

A reception at the White House by Mrs. Harry S. Truman was on the program but on account of the illness of the President's mother, Mrs. Martha Truman, this was cancelled.

The Homecoming banquet was held at the Mayflower Hotel Friday night. The banquet committee included Mrs. Ryland C. Bryant, Chairman; Mrs. John Morrison Kerr, Vice Chairman; Mrs. William T. Clerk, Vice Chairman; Mrs. William E. Northam, Vice Chairman; Mrs. W. W. Badgley; Mrs. Hubert E. Paddock; Mrs. T. Mann Prettyman and Mrs. Henry Van Arsdale.
Congress Committees

The largest committees in the history of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution functioned perfectly at the 56th Continental Congress. The many chairmen and sub-chairmen and their assistants worked in accord to make a successful week. Many of the committees had chairmen who had worked at each Congress for many years and knew what was required from A to Z.

Mrs. Joseph H. Wheat, in charge of Concessions, was perhaps the oldest in point of service, having been on the same committee for twenty years consecutively, the last eighteen of which she has been chairman. Miss Estella West of Connecticut, Miss Mary Oursler, who claims Pennsylvania as her home, Mrs. Edwin J. Ryan, Mrs. Daniel C. Walser and many others have also served since the days when we met in Memorial Continental Hall. Mrs. Alfred Ball Garges has served as general chairman through two administrations.

The many chairmen and sub-chairmen came from all over the United States. Mrs. Frank P. Litschert, now of the District of Columbia, whose home State is Indiana; Mrs. Enos Bishop of Connecticut; Mrs. Daniel W. Snyder of West Virginia; Mrs. Ralph Gerth of Connecticut; Mrs. James Haswell of Virginia—formerly of Michigan; Mrs. George E. Evans of Florida; Mrs. Lawrence F. Vories of Rhode Island; Mrs. Charles R. Curtiss of Illinois; Mrs. Percy B. Matthews of New York, who had the important task of Chairman of Credentials, and the following District of Columbia women—Mrs. Jasper Beall, Dr. Ella Fales, Mrs. David D. Caldwell, Miss Eva Conaway, Mrs. Edwin L. Morrison, Mrs. Frank E. Hickey. All of these chairmen and the members of their committees numbered about 500 women. Mrs. E. J. Ryan was vice-chairman in charge of parking.

Mrs. Ward Monroe French was chairman of Pages and had about 500 pages, many of whom were serving for the first time. Mrs. French deserves unbounded credit for the manner in which she so quickly drilled the girls. They were ready for their work when Congress came to order.

Mrs. Rex Hayes Rhoades was the Liaison Chairman and placed all visiting members in comfortable hotel quarters and arranged the successful trip to Valley Forge on Sunday, May 18th. Mrs. Garges was Transportation Chairman for the trip to Kenmore on May 24th, which was also a success, as the Washington Lewis Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution and the Kenmore Association held open house. The day was beautiful and the hostesses served a delicious lunch on the lawn, followed by a program which was given from the steps of Kenmore.

Mary H. Garges.

ADVERTISING RATES FOR DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

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Let Freedom Ring in 1947

BY ALEXANDER WILEY
U. S. Senator from Wisconsin

LET Freedom Ring.

The holiday—the holy day—of American freedom is at hand. It is the Anniversary of the dawn of freedom on this blessed continent after the long night of tyranny and despotism from abroad. The Fourth of July is a HOLY occasion, a hallowed occasion, a sacred occasion for every man, woman and child of the Republic.

One summer day, 171 years ago, a group of men sat in a plain red brick building in Philadelphia, the Philadelphia State House. Half a hundred delegates had come there to affix their signatures to a document. It was a bold document, defying one of the mightiest powers of that time. It was a document—THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE—which was to become one of the great landmarks in the history of man’s fight for freedom.

The delegates that day in July, 1776, were humble men. There was a farmer named Thomas Jefferson, a printer named Benjamin Franklin, and John Adams, Robert Livingston, and John Hancock and others.

By around two o’clock that day, the great document—The Declaration of Independence—had been signed. A little boy ran from the doorway into the street with uplifted arms and gave the tidings of the birth of the new nation to the crowd that had assembled outside. The little boy gave the word to the men who were waiting to ring the great Liberty Bell.

On that bell there was this message:

“Proclaim liberty to the land; unto all the inhabitants thereof.”

The message on this bell was first spoken to Moses on Mount Sinai by God:

“Proclaim liberty throughout the land; unto all the inhabitants thereof.”

The bell pealed forth the news of liberty. That message went not only to the people of the infant thirteen colonies, but the message encircled the globe.

Thus, American liberty took as its keynote the spiritual message from on High. It was America’s destiny to realize that message, to proclaim and maintain liberty for our own people and to inspire all other people by our example.

FREEDOM REALLY RANG.

The Meaning of Independence Day

The Fourth of July is no empty occasion. It is not a time for either you or me merely to hear or speak or read a few patriotic words in the name of an event which occurred a century and three-fourths ago.

The Fourth of July each year is a time for reconsecration. Reconsecration to the principles which the wise Founding Fathers of 1776 conceived.

To the principles for which the brave men of Valley Forge and Bunker Hill and Lexington and Concord, yes, the brave men of the Argonne Forest and Chateau Thierry in the first World War, and Tarawa, Guadalcanal, Okinawa, Bastogne in the second World War—the principles for which these brave men fought and died.

To the principles which we have lived by in the American Way, in Government, in politics, in our business affairs, in agriculture, in science, and art in these 171 years.

The Declaration of Independence

But why was this occasion so meaningful to America and to the world?

It is not merely that the Thirteen Colonies declared themselves on that day free and independent of Great Britain. It was that these Colonies wrote a Declaration of Independence and gave that Declaration to all mankind. That Declaration is a living creed on which civil government in our own and all other countries should be based.

The Founding Fathers proclaimed the sovereignty of the American people. They proclaimed the political equality of all citizens. They established justice.

They set up a reign of law—not the law of dictators, not the law of brute force, but a law of justice, based on the consent of the governed.

What exactly did they say?

“We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they
are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights, that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed."

How meaningful these words are today, when most of the world is still held in the shackles of dictatorship, when there are forces in our own land which would deny the self-evident truths that men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with inalienable rights, and that among these rights are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.

When we consider the greatness of these principles, we see why we should reseal ourselves to the maintenance of freedom and liberty, and to all that these concepts entail.

What are some of these concepts?

They are the concept that Government is the servant and not the Master of the people. They are the concept that men have enough wisdom and judgment and understanding under God to forge their own destiny in their own way without either government paternalism or intervention.

The Lessons of the Fourth of July

And, too, there are certain lessons which we can gain from this hallowed occasion, from this occasion on which freedom rings out more clearly than on any other day.

The First Lesson

What are some of those lessons? They are first THE LESSON OF SACRIFICE. Every generation tends to forget that freedom is not only gained by sacrifice, but is preserved by sacrifice. Each generation must renew it and revitalize it.

We dare not forget that the independence which was proclaimed on July 4, 1776 was not actually won by force of arms until five years later in October, 1781, when Cornwallis surrendered to George Washington at Yorktown. Between those two dates, what heartache, what pain, what anxiety, what sacrifices were experienced by our infant country!

Let us recall the sweat of the men who trod to battle and built the battlements, the tears of the widows of men who did not return from battle, the blood that stained the snow at Valley Forge, and at a thousand other scenes of the battle for Freedom.

Yes, the road to Freedom was a long one and a hard one, and it is ever such. The Republic is only maintained by the sacrifices willingly made by its citizens on behalf of the general welfare.

The Second Lesson

But there is a second lesson. It is the LESSON OF ALERTNESS. During the Revolutionary War, one of the most popular banners carried by the Colonies showed a coiled rattlesnake. Underneath that rattlesnake was the inscription: "Don't tread on me".

This is a message which we might well heed today. Let not any other nation seek to tread on America, on her rights, on her integrity, on her security. Nor let any American nor any group in this country seek to tread on the rights of a fellow American or on the rights of all other groups.

Nothing will prevent such cruel domination except alertness. Perhaps you will remember the words of Thomas Jefferson on his death bed were, and I quote: "Tell the committee to be on the alert."

Yes, let us all be on the alert. We want no more foreign Pearl Harbors and no domestic Pearl Harbors which will destroy the liberties won after so much struggle.

The Third Lesson

But there is a third lesson too. It is the LESSON OF THE TRIUMPH OF JUSTICE.

"Then conquer we must when our cause it is just."

These are the words of a great American anthem, words which are followed by the eternal sentiment, "For in God is our Trust."

The lesson of the Fourth of July is that justice WILL triumph, that right WILL prevail against might, that a free people CANNOT be downed.

If any cynic were to have surveyed the chances of the infant nation of surviving that day, July 4, 1776, he might well have had doubts about its chances.

Our Continental Congress had no money of its own. It had no authority either to levy taxes or to borrow. All it could do was issue Continental currency.

Our people at that time faced the largest navy in the world, and even at the close of the Revolutionary War, we had only a few small vessels of our own. We faced a
well-trained army, but could muster only a few unskilled and undisciplined Colonial volunteers. We faced professional soldiers and could muster against them only men enlisted for short terms. We faced splendidly equipped, well-fed troops, while our own men were wretchedly supplied and fed.

Yet, by force of arms and by the force of ideas, and faith in our cause, truth and justice prevailed.

Let us remember this lesson, my fellow Americans. Truth and justice WILL prevail. Let us have faith—that faith which “moves mountains”; that faith which “is the substance of things hoped for and the evidence of things unseen”; that truth and justice will conquer in 1947 and forevermore, as they conquered in 1776 and 1781.

The Meaning to the Future

The true meaning of Independence Day is a meaning of the FUTURE and not of the past. We look back upon the great scene of the half-hundred delegates in the Philadelphia State House, signing the Declaration of Independence.

But we look forward to other men signing other compacts in the future which will make for freedom and liberty in America, and throughout the world and, for example, for INDUSTRIAL PEACE which is so sorely lacking in our own beloved country, for freedom and liberty to work uninterruptedly and for management and labor to enjoy the fruits of their respective toil and for the public to enjoy freedom from industrial conflict.

We remember what Walt Whitman once said:

“Others take finish, but the Republic is ever constructive And ever keeps vista,
Others adorn the past, but you, O days of the present, I Adorn you.
O' days of the future, I believe in you...”

Conclusion

You and I have briefly contemplated the history of this wonderful occasion. We have seen some of the lessons of this occasion. We have felt the need for reconssecration of ourselves to the principles of July 4, 1776. We say now, as the youngster said in effect that summer day 171 years ago outside the Philadelphia State House:

“LET FREEDOM RING.”

We say:

“Let the Liberty Bell peal forth the message—’Proclaim liberty throughout all the land and unto all the inhabitants thereof.’”

On this day we say in our hearts the words of an anonymous poet:

“Lord, the people of the land
In Thy presence humbly stand;
On this day, when Thou didst free
Men of old from tyranny,
We, their children, bow to Thee.

“With one heart the Nation cries,
From our choral lips arise
Thou didst point a noble way
For our fathers through the fray;
Lead their children thus today.”

INDIANA COUNTIES

List of Counties in Indiana that have one or more D. A. R. Chapters: Allen, Bartholomew, Benton, Blackford, Boone, Carroll, Cass, Clark, Clay (2), Clinton, Daviess, Dearborn, Decatur, Delaware, Dubois, Elkhart, Fayette, Floyd, Fountain (3), Franklin, Fulton, Gibson, Grant, Harrison, Hendricks, Henry (2), Howard, Huntington, Jasper, Jay, Jefferson, Johnson (2), Knox, Kosciusko (2), LaGrange, Lake (5), La Port (2), Lawrence, Madison, Marion (5), Marshall (2), Miami, Monroe, Montgomery, Newton, Noble, Orange, Parke, Perry, Pike, Porter (2), Posey (2), Putnam, Randolph, Rush, St. Joseph (2), Shelby, Spencer, Starke, Steuben, Sullivan, Tippecanoe, Union, Vanderburg, Vermillion, Vigo, Wabash (2), Washington, Wayne (2), Whitley.
Genealogical Department

BY LUE REYNOLDS SPENCER
Genealogical Editor

Note: All letters pertaining to this department should be addressed to the Genealogical Editor, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington 6, D. C. Personal letters should be addressed to 713 19th St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Our Indiana sketch for the July issue is contributed by Mrs. Nellie P. Waldenmaier, B.A. Indiana University, a well known genealogist who specializes in searching original records. She is a member of Indiana Pioneers; American Association for State & Local History; Virginia Historical Society; National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, Victory Chapter, Washington, D. C.; and the National Genealogical Society.

Mrs. Waldenmaier and both parents were born in Indiana; three grandparents lived and died in Indiana; seven great-grandparents lived and died in Indiana; five great-great-grandparents lived and died in Indiana.

These ancestors were born, respectively, in Indiana, Ireland, Kentucky, Maryland, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Switzerland and Virginia.

The great-grandfather came with his family from Ireland in 1837. All the others were in Switzerland County before 1820, consequently Mrs. Waldenmaier may well claim to be a "real Hoosier!"

Any student of the sources of population in any given community must consider as a matter of prime importance the geographical location and condition of the area under consideration. This holds true to a more than average degree for the State of Indiana. The rivers of the state were important both as a water supply and as a means of transportation. The Ohio River traverses the entire southern boundary of the State and its headwaters extend far into Pennsylvania and Virginia. Pittsburgh and Wheeling (both sites of early forts) were the starting points of thousands of persons who eventually settled in Indiana. Some of these came directly to the Hoosier State, while others tarried for a time, possibly for a generation, in the older communities of Kentucky.

In 1768 by the Treaty of Ft. Stanwick the Colony of Virginia bought from the Six Nations of Indians the rights upon which all claims of the Colony were later based to dominion over her vast area of western lands. This claim of Virginia was further supported by the Act of the House of Burgesses, 1769, which established the county of Botetourt including what is now most of West Virginia and extending westward to the Mississippi River. In 1778 the military defeat of the British by George Rogers Clark strengthened Virginia’s claim and was the real basis of the United States’ claim to all of the Northwest Territory.

As long as the Colonial government held authority the settlement of land north of the Ohio River was forbidden. The reason for this was largely a “policy of appeasement” toward the Indians. The result of this policy was that practically all of Kentucky was settled before any of what is now Indiana was taken up by white men.

There is one exception to this statement. This is the Vincennes District where there had been a settlement since 1702. By the time of the American Revolution this District had grown to a quite prosperous community. The people were French from eastern Canada and a few from the lower Mississippi country in Louisiana. They were Catholic and their church records are practically complete from 1749.

In April of 1785 Virginia ceded to the Federal government her claim to land in the Northwest Territory except the Virginia Military District in Ohio and 150,000 acres of land which had been promised to George Rogers Clark and his soldiers for services rendered during the Revolution. This land was known as “Clark’s Grant” and comprised the present counties of Clark, Scott and Floyd in Indiana.

From the first white settlements in Indiana until 1763 France held jurisdiction over what is now Indiana: from 1763 until
1783 it belonged to England. Under Virginia’s colonial rule Indiana and Illinois were together called Illinois County and this period is today reflected in the fact that the George Rogers Clark material in the Virginia State Archives is identified as “Illinois Papers.”

So much for historical background. As for actual settlement of Indiana as it is now bounded, that did not begin, to any marked degree, until approximately 1800. The first main routes of travel into Indiana were the rivers, of which the State has a plentiful supply. The Ohio River has always been and still is an important factor in the economic development of the state. In general it may be said that the populating of the state took place by the erection of a tier of counties along the Ohio River; then a second tier north of these and so on to the north. This is not absolutely true because there were early settlements in the valley of the Wabash on the west; in the valley of the Whitewater on the east; and of the White River in the middle.

The Settlement of the Whitewater Valley has been so excellently treated in the March, 1947, issue of the Indiana Magazine of History that it seems useless here to add to that so-recent publication beyond the comment that the earliest settlers in this section were for the most part Quakers who came directly from North Carolina, from Virginia and from Pennsylvania and in accordance with the usual custom of their sect, they kept records which are a gold mine of genealogical information.

Before the War of 1812 the migration into Indiana via the Ohio River was almost wholly from Kentucky which, it must be remembered, was a county of Virginia until it became a State of the Union in 1792. During the Revolution the people of Kentucky were Virginians and their records of that period are to be found (if at all) in the Virginia State Archives.

The Ohio River also carried into Indiana settlers from its headwaters in western Pennsylvania and these too were Virginians since Virginia made good her claim to a large part of Pennsylvania until near the close of the Revolution.

In 1816 Indiana was admitted to the Union as a State. At that time it had a population of 68,897 and was divided into thirteen counties. These were: Clark, Dearborn, Franklin, Gibson, Harrison, Jefferson, Knox, Perry, Posey, Switzerland, Warrick, Washington, and Wayne.

The systematic sale of public land had begun with the establishment of the Northwest Territory and there were flourishing land offices at Cincinnati and at Jeffersonville, Ind. The lure of land brought droves of immigrants into the new country. There were several good reasons for this movement. For one, the newly opened land was to be free of slavery and it was fertile far beyond the average of the land which had been available theretofore. But, above all, it had assured title. The government provided for this last condition by the simple device of laying it off in squares which were numbered. In the older communities there had been an endless series of law suits about land titles. This was especially true in Kentucky.

Between the Revolution and the War of 1812 there had been a numerous migration of Virginians into the Virginia Military District of Ohio. Ohio was the first state of the five carved from the Northwest Territory to be admitted to the Union. When the War of 1812 came on these Revolutionary veterans and their sons took up arms and left their women to face as best they could the hardships of pioneer life, not the least of which was the constant fear of Indians. When the men folks came home (if they did) the women were determined to make a change—anything was better than what they had. This state of mind led them to board down-stream boats on the Little Miami, the Scioto and other southward flowing streams and float down to the Ohio. Once on this broad expanse of water they could choose any one of a thousand places to live out of reach of the dreaded Cherokees. This was the route of migration of many of the early settlers in Dearborn, Ohio, Switzerland and Jefferson counties. It is of interest to note, in this connection that Nicholas Longworth, Sr., bought many acres of land in Dearborn and Switzerland counties and took to those lands, from Cincinnati, expert builders who built houses and mills for settlers who were to cultivate grape vines and make wine as the Swiss in this locality were already doing. Longworth was from New Jersey and at least some of the men he took down the river were also from New Jersey. Whether this was a mere coincidence I am not prepared to say.
Next after the rivers as an important means of transportation to Indiana were two early roads. These were partly financed by the federal government. They were (1) The National Road which traversed the state from east to west and (2) the Michigan Road from southeast to northwest, i.e., from Madison in Jefferson County to Michigan City.

In commenting on the roads in Indiana in 1816, Dr. Logan Esarey states (in *A History of Indiana from its Exploration to 1850*):

“There were well defined lines of travel leading into the interior of Indiana at this time, each in a measure used by a distinct stream of immigrants. From Kentucky and the Carolinas they came to Madison and Louisville. From Madison a stage line was early established to the East Fork of White River, or Driftwood creek, crossing at the mouth of Flat Rock. From Louisville, Jeffersonville and New Albany two routes led to the interior; one by Salem, Bono, Bedford and Bloomington to the Wabash at Lafayette; the other led by Greenville, Fredericksburg, Paoli, Mt. Pleasant and Maysville to the Wabash at Vincennes.”

In speaking of the National Road the same writer says: “... a bill passed Congress for a survey of a road from Cumberland, Maryland to the Ohio River. The route followed the old Braddock trail nearly to the Battle ground, and turned to the west, striking the Ohio at Wheeling.

... It was surveyed eighty feet in width ... Two six-horse teams could race abreast on this road. In 1818 the road reached to Wheeling, in 1835 to Columbus, Ohio and in 1852 to Vandalia, Ill.”

By 1827 this road had reached Indianapolis. It crosses Indiana almost on a due east to west line.

Again quoting Dr. Eseray:

“For months at a time there was no moment in the daytime that a family wagon was not in sight. At night the road appeared like the picket line of an army.... Most of the settlers of the central and eastern part of the State were familiar with 'the Old Pike.'”

The Michigan Road was of slightly later date than the National Road and financial difficulties delayed its construction. However, it was in the early days the only means of reaching the northern part of Indiana. It traversed fourteen counties. Starting at Madison, Jefferson Co., it passed through Ripley, to Decatur Co., then to Indianapolis; on to Hamilton, Boone, Clinton to Logansport; then north to Cass, Fulton and Marshall to South Bend; then west to Michigan City. “One half of the pioneers of the north-west quarter of Indiana reached their homes over this road.”

Both of these roads carried stage coach lines and the U.S. Mail. But the pioneer settlers moved their families and their worldly goods over them in covered (or uncovered) wagons, driving their domestic animals as they went. Those who went west by water took their Lares and Penates on flat boats.

From 1820 to 1830 the increase in the population of Indiana was little short of phenomenal. By the latter year the Census shows 344,508 inhabitants. In 1815 it was only 68,084. Rev. George Bush, writing in the *Indiana Gazette*, April 3, 1827, stated: “Nothing is more common than to see fifteen or twenty wagons passing in a single day, each carrying the little belongings of the family that trudged along by its side. Indiana is now teeming with the hordes of immigration. As many as thirty wagons camp together for the night.”

“No description can give an accurate impression of the settlement of Indiana” (Esarey). In 1818 Governor Jennings negotiated with the Indians for a large tract of land south of the Wabash. This is known as the “New Purchase.” Crawfordsville became the seat of a land office and a center from which flowed the settlers to the northwestern part of the State. Ft. Wayne had been an important military post ever since the Battle of Fallen Timbers in 1794 but did not become much of a real settlement until 1822 when Joseph Holman and Samuel C. Vance opened the land office there. These were the same two men who had laid out Lawrenceburg in Decatur County. They were Virginians.

Northeastern Indiana was settled largely by immigration from Ohio. The ancestors of this section are often to be located in New England, having gone to Ohio under the leadership of Gen. Rufus Putnam, Gen. Samuel H. Parsons and Rev. Mannasseh Cutler. These Revolutionary veterans had, by authority of Congress, negotiated the
purchase of 1,500,000 acres of land on the Muskingum River. This land was settled by Revolutionary soldiers shortly after the Ordinance of 1787. After the War of 1812 many of these families are to be found in northeastern Indiana.

One is safe in saying that Indiana was settled by immigration from all of the older states east and south of the Northwest Territory and directly from Europe. In determining the exact starting point of any early settler one must be guided by (1) probable route of travel at date of first appearance in Indiana; (2) source of other contemporary families in the Indiana location of the given settler; (the early migrants did not, as a rule, move west in single family groups but went by neighborhood groups); (3) family traditions. In connection with this last consideration one must bear in mind that a tradition of Virginia as the location of the roots of a family tree may mean the present Virginia, or West Virginia; it may mean western Pennsylvania; or it may mean any place in Kentucky.

If one's ancestors were Quakers the sources may have been more widely separated than if they were Methodists or Presbyterians—the other two most numerous sects in the early days.

The following items taken, almost at random, from an early History of Wayne County, Indiana, give some idea of the sources of settlement in that county:

- Dr. David F. Sakett, born in East Greenwich, Conn., 1-18-1780.
- Dr. Ithamar Warner, born in New England, about 1783; died 1835.
- Dr. William Pugh, came to Richmond, Ind. from south Carolina in 1818.
- Dr. James R. Mendenhall, born in Randolph Co., N. C., 7-3-1795; moved with his parents to Ind. in 1816; Studied medicine with his brother in Vevay, Ind. Died, 1870.
- Dr. Joel Pennington, born in Huntingdon Co., Pa., 2-11-1799.
- Dr. John Pritchett, born in New Jersey 11-25-1803.
- Dr. John Thomas Plummer, born in Montgomery Co., Md. 3-12-1807; Died 1865.
- Dr. Israel Tennis, born in Bucks Co., Pa., July, 1805.
- Dr. Calvin West born in Rome, New York, 8-9-1806; died 8-25-1863.
- Dr. Elias Fisher, born Columbiana, Ohio, in 1808.
- Dr. Joel Vaile born in Windall, Vermont, 9-1-1804.
- Dr. David S. Evans, born in Lancaster Co., Pa., 1812.
- Dr. Vierling Kersey born in North Carolina, 1809.
- Dr. James F. Hibberd, born Frederick Co., Maryland, 1816.
- Dr. Samuel S. Boyd, born Harrison Twp., Wayne Co., Ind., 1820.
- Dr. Mary F. Thomas, "born in Maryland not far from Washington City in 1816."
- Dr. John H. McIntyre, born Pulaski Co., Virginia. 11-24-1833.
- Dr. Samuel H. Harrington, born Lyons, N. Y., in 1828; died 1859.
- Marcus Mote, born at West Milton, Ohio, 6-19-1817. His parents were Orthodox Friends.
- Andrew Hoover, with two sons and other children, came from North Carolina in 1806. They were Friends.
- Samuel Hannah came from Delaware to Wayne Co. in 1817; died 1869 aged eighty years.
- Thomas Bulla, born Chester Co., Pa. 4-17-1780; was son of Thomas Bulla Senior. Moved from Pa. to N. C.
- William Bulla, born 12-25-1778, came with the Hoover family and settled on Middle Fork.
- George Holman born in Maryland, 2-11-1762.
- Charles Moffitt, born North Carolina, 11-25-1774; died 1845.
- Cornelius Ratliff, Sr., son of Joseph Ratliff, born in Bucks Co., Pa., in 1745; died 1815.

From "A Biographical History of Eminent and Self-made Men of Indiana (1880)," we take the following items which are not so closely located as those already given:

- Joseph Davis Armstrong of Rockport, Ind., born in Meade Co., Ky., 2-27-1837, was son of James Fair Armstrong who was born in Lexington, Ky. in 1809. James F. Armstrong was son of George and Sarah

James Black, a native of North Carolina, moved to Mt. Vernon, Ind. in 1806.


Henry F. Blount of Evansville, born in Richmond, Ontario Co., N. Y., 5-1-1829, was son of Walter Blount a native of Conn.

Dr. Anthony H. Bryan of Evansville, born Wayne Co., Ky., 8-22-1832, was son of Edmund Bryan, born 2-19-1796.

Alexander R. Byers, M.D. of Pike Co., Ind. born in Washington Co., Pa. was son of Thomas & Margaret (Hamiton) Byers.

Willard Carpenter of Evansville, born in Strafford, Orange Co., Vt., 3-15-1803, was son of Willard Carpenter, Sr., born 4-3-1767.

John J. Chandler of Evansville, born in New York City 11-17-1815; died in Evansville in April, 1872. Was son of Asaph Chandler, a native of Vermont.

Charles Denby of Evansville, born Botetourt Co., Va., 6-16-1830; was son of Nathaniel and Sarah J. Denby of Richmond, Virginia.

Gen. Robert M. Evans, born in Frederick Co., Va., in 1783.

Benoni Stinson Fuller of Boonville, Ind., born Warrick Co. Ind. 11-13-1825; was son of Isham Fuller, a native of North Carolina.

John Gilbert of Evansville, born Chester Co., Pa., 1818.

Samuel Epaphroditus Gilbert, born Hebron, Tolland Co., Conn., 12-9-1821; was son of Hon. Peyton Randolph and Anna (Porter) Gilbert. Hon. P. R. Gilbert was son of Col. Samuel Gilbert of Revolutionary service.

Robert True Kercheval of Rockport, Ind., born in Ky., 4-3-1824; his father was from Culpepper Co., Va.

D. T. Laird of Rockport, born in Indiana Territory 2-20-1816; was son of Jesse Laird (a native of Ireland) and Mary (Tharp) Laird of Greene county, Pa.

William M. Land of Princeton, Ind. born 8-28-1827; in Gibson Co., Ind.; was son of Abraham Land, a native of South Carolina.

Judge Charles H. Mason of Perry Co., Ind., born 8-9-1827, in New Hampshire; was son of Joseph and Harriet Mason.

Major Hamilton Allen Mattison of Evansville, born 9-23-1832, in South Berlin, New York; was son of Allen J. and Lucy Mattison. Allen J. Mattison was son of Allen Mattison, a Rhode Island Quaker who joined the Revolutionary army under Gen. Nathaniel Greene.

This list could be continued almost indefinitely but this is enough to show that the early settlers of Indiana came from widely separated areas. If one may be permitted to venture an off-hand opinion it would be that the majority came from Virginia via Kentucky. A close second would be from North Carolina, directly but these latter had previously gone from Virginia.

Among those who will read the above Indiana sketch with appreciation are numerous patrons of our National Library, who have long been accustomed to using the valuable unpublished records that come to us year after year through the Genealogical Records Committee. For four years, 1942-1946, under the able leadership of Miss Mary Hill, this committee in Indiana adhered very closely to the purposes of the National Committee in copying or abstracting source material; their compilation, indexing and binding always meeting a standard designed to give these records the best possible use in the Library. Miss Helen Kackley, following Miss Hill as State Chairman last year, has fully maintained this standard, as will be seen by excerpts below.

Much of this work has been done by comparatively few chapters, usually eight or ten each year; but we are fortunate in that the collecting of genealogical records in Indiana has attracted such capable members, resulting in a consistently high quality of contributions. This is borne out in the first of the following records; copied from a book compiled and presented by Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, President General.

**FRANKLIN CO., INDIANA MARRIAGE RECORDS, 1811-1852 (Twin Forks Chapter)**

1811


DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION

John Collins and Ruth Russell—license Feb. 16.
Silas Tyalor and Susanna Chandlar—Mar. 12.
Robert Russell and Franky Scott—Apr. 21.
James Drake and Elizabeth Dickerson—Apr. 21.
Joseph Morrison and Mary Ann Hamilton—June 23.
John Gillan and Carwell—July 7.
John Creek and Rebecca Waddle—license June 4.
James Hanna and Polly Crafford—license June 12.
Edward J. Swanson and Mary Conn—June 18.
John Smith and Nancy McCarty—June 27.
Joshua Palmer and Lary L—Sept. 8.
Stephen Winchell and Janey Norris—Sept. 19.
William Norris and Rebecca Hollingsworth—Nov. 17.
Jacob Gates and Mary Shaw—Nov. 21.
David Webb and Rebecca Conner—license Nov. 25.
N. Ives and Nancy Whitford—Dec. 2.
Willis B. Miller and Mary McCarty—Dec. 7.
James Eggers and Sarah Rash—Dec. 10.
John Gammel and Sarah Brown—license Dec. 23.

WESTERN CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE—
OBITUARIES & MARRIAGES

(Date of publication in parentheses)
(Carolina Scott Harrison Chapter)
Terianna Norton, d. Mar. 7, 1834, in 22nd yr., Kanawha Salines, Va.; dau. of Townsend Truslow; m. James Norton. Issue: Infant son; bur. in M. E. Church Cemetery. (5-2-1834)
Mrs. Guard, d. Feb. 27, 1834, in 41st yr., Lawrenceburgh, Ind.; m. Bailey Guard. Issue: 9 chn. (5-9-1834)
Elizabeth Westcott, b. New Jersey; d. Apr. 1, 1834, in 93rd yr., Green Twp., Hamilton Co., Ohio. Moved to Ohio 18 yrs. previous. (5-9-1834)
Andrew Thorp, d. Apr. 4, 1834, aged 38, at farm near Cincinnati; m. Issue: 3 sons. (8; 5-9-1834)
Hester Martin, d. Feb. 7, 1834, 36th yr., Xenia, Ohio, Green Co.; dau. of Benjamin and Catharine Whiteman; m. Joshua Martin; had lived in Xenia 16 yrs. (5-9-1834)
Henry B. McCoy, b. Cecil Co., Md.; d. Apr. 23, 1834, aged 37; Cincinnati, Ohio. Spent most of life in Baltimore; to Cincinnati 3 yrs. previous; many relatives in Maryland. (5-9-1834)
George Fogelsong, b. Germany; d. July 1833 abt. 47 yrs. of age, Lebanon, Ohio; wife deceased. Issue: Chn; youngest dau. died bef. he did; lived in Hagerstown, Md.; poet by trade; a first settler of Lebanon. (5-16-1834)
James Sargent, d. May 18, 1834, Cincinnati, Ohio; son of James H. & Julia E. (Darrow) Sargent. (5-23-1834)
Cynthia Burr, b. 1806; d. Apr. 18, 1834, Hamilton Co., Ohio; mar.; 5 chn. (5-30-1834)
Eleanor Culbertson, b. Va.; d. Apr. 30, 1834, 34th yr., Troy, Ohio; m. ca. 1811, Joseph Culbertson. Issue: 4 chn. (6-6-1834)
MINUTES
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT
REGULAR MEETING
May 17, 1947

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, in the Board Room, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D.C., at 9:30 a.m., on Saturday, May 17, 1947.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Willard Steele, read from the 37th Psalm and offered prayer.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America was given.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Stanley Thorpe Manlove, called the roll, the following members being recorded as present: National Officers: Mrs. Talmadge, Mrs. Murray, Mrs. Throckmorton, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Lambeth, Mrs. Creyke, Mrs. Vietheer, Mrs. Nipier, Mrs. Bald, Mrs. Latting, Mrs. Tompkins, Mrs. Townsend, Mrs. Chase, Mrs. Vaughn, Mrs. French, Mrs. Grimes, Mrs. Ingram, Mrs. Warthen, Mrs. Crist, Mrs. Patterson, Mrs. Steele, Mrs. Manlove, Miss Matthes, Mrs. Goodfellow, Mrs. Haig, Mrs. O'Byrne, Mrs. Lee, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Oberholser. State Regents: Mrs. Jacobs, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Lloyd, Mrs. Christina, Mrs. Lee, Mrs. Iffand, Mrs. Clearman, Mrs. Byers, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Wheeler, Mrs. Sapp, Mrs. Burns, Mrs. Ink, Mrs. Shrewder, Mrs. Russell, Mrs. Fair, Mrs. Heywood, Mrs. Nield, Mrs. McQuesten, Mrs. Miller, Miss Burrell, Mrs. Welch, Mrs. Rowland, Mrs. Suttie, Mrs. Beaupre, Mrs. Storrs, Mrs. Randolph, Mrs. Graham, Miss Gibson, Miss Carraway, Mrs. Cook, Mrs. Patton, Mrs. Snow, Miss Dentler, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Gorham, Mrs. Munnery, Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. Martin, Mrs. Barrow, Mrs. Clark, Mrs. Tynes, Mrs. Hay, Mrs. Sisler, Miss Goodwin, Mrs. Stoddard, Mrs. Wilbur, Mme. Bates-Batcheller. State Vice Regents: Mrs. Anderson, New Hampshire; Mrs. Moseley, England.

The President General, Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, read her report.

Report of President General

Dear Members of the National Board of Management:

Following the Board meeting on February 5, I attended, with a group of officers, the commemorative ceremony in honor of Dr. L. S. Rowe, of 25 years. The Registrar General, Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, was the official hostess and a happy hour was enjoyed by all. The appointments were beautiful and altogether a delightful afternoon was spent in the Banquet Hall, with these splendid women who are responsible for such a great part of the work at headquarters. These social gatherings promote friendship and goodwill and serve to bring us closer to one another.

It was a genuine pleasure to be the guest of the General Henry Dearborn Chapter, Chicago, Ill., Mrs. Roy A. Graham, Regent, and Mrs. Walter H. Jacobs, Social Chairman, when they entertained with their annual White Breakfast on February 12. I had the privilege of broadcasting a message while in Chicago, the necessary arrangements having been made by Mrs. George L. Cherry; also of speaking to the chapter and many visiting chapter regents who were gathered together for this celebration.

Returning to Washington, many conferences were held in my office making plans for the Congress and attending to other duties. On February 20, a terrific blizzard descended upon Washington, making it impossible for me to go to Wilmington, on the 21st, for the meeting of the Delaware Daughters, which I deeply regretted. This is the only state not visited, but I feel that I was providentially hindered. As soon as possible, I visited my home for four days, and then returned to my office.

Many outstanding events in Constitution Hall make it the most popular auditorium in Washington. With a box for each event at my disposal, I have enjoyed the privilege of passing on these pleasures to members and friends in the District, and sometimes attending them myself. One such occasion was when Helen Hayes gave a broadcast of "What Every Woman Knows"; I also attended the concerts of Lily Pons, James Melton, and John Charles Thomas.

On March 3, I had the great pleasure of being the guest of the North Carolina Daughters, with Miss Gertrude Carraway, State Regent, at New Bern, N. C. The inspirational State Conference was wisely presided over by Miss Carraway. The splendid reports were stimulating and it was a satisfaction to hear them. The night before the opening, I was a guest at a dinner given jointly by the United States Daughters of 1812, Daughters of American Colonists, and Daughters of Colonial Wars, with Mrs. Joseph A. Elliott, State Regent of Daughters of the American Colonists, acting as hostess.

The Naval Dispensary at the Marine Air Station at Cherry Point, N. C., was visited on March 5. We took gifts and saw the radio-victrola given by the National Society. The splendid reports were stimulating and it was a satisfaction to hear them. The night before the opening, I was a guest at a dinner given jointly by the United States Daughters of 1812, Daughters of American Colonists, and Daughters of Colonial Wars, with Mrs. Joseph A. Elliott, State Regent of Daughters of the American Colonists, acting as hostess.

The marker to Revolutionary and World War II Marines was unveiled at the main flagpole at Cherry Point. A buffet dinner was served at the Officers' Club at Cherry Point, followed by the Pages' Ball in the same clubhouse.

Every courtesy was displayed and a most cordial...
welcome extended. A delightful feature of the conference was a tour of the magnificent old homes (each a gem of antiquity), and many places of historical interest were visited.

The State Officers’ Club breakfast was enjoyed, with Mrs. Preston B. Wilkes, Jr., as President, presiding. With Miss Carraway, I also attended the breakfast given by the Juniors, at which time I was given the opportunity to talk with the group of fine young women. Elaborate dinners and luncheons were enjoyed and when I departed I felt that I was taking with me a large part of the State of North Carolina. In fact it was such a large part it had to be packed and shipped to Athens.

Leaving New Bern, Mrs. John Logan Marshall and I were driven to Norfolk, Va., by Mrs. Guy K. Herr, who drove from Norfolk to New Bern, in order to add to the convenience of the trip back for the Virginia Conference, which was held at the Monticello Hotel. A warm welcome awaited us in Norfolk, and many gracious courtesies were extended by the State Regent, Mrs. William V. Tynes, Mrs. Bruce Reynolds, ex-State Regent, and other Virginians. Many national officers attended both the North Carolina and the Virginia Conferences, and it was delightful to see so many of our Board members present. At the close of the evening meeting, the S. A. R. entertained the Board members present. At the close of the conference I drove back to Boston with Mrs. Frank L. Nason, Mrs. Frederick G. Smith and Miss Olive Webster, where we were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Nason, following which, I boarded the train for Washington.

Several days were spent at my office with Mrs. Roscoe C. O’Byrne, Registrar General, conferring on important matters pertaining to affairs of our society. During this interval, a bridal shower was given Miss Geneva Lusk, one of the Tamassee girls employed in Mrs. O’Byrne’s office, who was married on April 15.

With an overwhelming grief, I learned by telephone message, from Mrs. Carwithen, on the afternoon of April 14th, while seated at my desk in the office preparatory to leaving the next morning for California, of the sudden and untimely death of my beloved and intimate friend, and our valued First Vice President General, Mrs. John Logan Marshall. Her passing is a distinct loss to the National Society, for she had endeared herself to many thousands of our members by her own gracious personality, and through her marvelous record in helping the youth of our land. All plans were cancelled for the trip to attend the California State Conference, and I joined Mrs. Carwithen on a southbound train at 11:00 p.m. on Tuesday evening, April 15th, when we together accompanied the body of Mrs. Marshall to her home for burial at Clemson, South Carolina, at 11:00 a.m. on Thursday morning, April 17th, where she now rests on the shady slope of a hill, near her home, that she loved so dearly. The flag on our own building was kept at half-mast from Tuesday through Thursday and the building was closed until after the hour of the funeral on that day. Flowers were sent from the cabinet members and from the National Society. To those of us who knew her, her name and living vital image will ever be engraved upon our hearts. May we pause a moment in silent tribute to her memory.

The Society has been honored by receiving a Certificate of Achievement from the United States Navy in grateful recognition of outstanding services rendered to Naval Personnel during World War II.

An honor was extended to our Society by the Secretary of War, through invitation for your President General to join with representatives of five other women’s organizations to make a trip
by army plane to Fort Knox, Ky., to inspect a Universal Military Training Experimental Station. It was regretted that because of a state conference engagement, this invitation had to be declined, but Miss Hazel Nielson, our National Defense Committee Executive Secretary, attended, and reported that a superior tone of good citizenship is at once recognizable at the Unit. The young men are trained in the defense of their country; unbounded efforts are made to raise their ideals, and, other than their technical training, they are shown the necessity of developing the spiritual side of life and the rightful use of leisure through the pursuit of worthwhile hobbies.

My grateful thanks are expressed to Mrs. Geoffrey Creyke, Vice President General, who has so capably and willingly represented me upon official occasions. She attended the dinner meeting on February 21st of the American Planning and Civic Association, when plans for the Sesquicentennial Celebration of the District of Columbia in 1950 were discussed.

Mrs. Creyke also represented our Society at the Washington Cathedral when the statue of George Washington, made by Lee Lawrie, sculptor, was unveiled, being the gift of the Masons of America to the Washington Cathedral.

On April 15th, the National Society's wreath was laid at the Thomas Jefferson Memorial, at commemorative exercises honoring his birth.

In March, the Society was represented at the UNESCO Conference in Philadelphia, and in April, at the Conference of the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the Society was represented by Mrs. Siegfried Roehling, Mrs. C. Edward Murray, and Miss Dorothy Wright. Our National Defense Committee also held tickets for this worthwhile conference.

In Boston, May 8th to 10th, our organization was represented at the Citizenship Conference of the National Education Association by Mrs. Frank L. Nason, National Chairman of the Magazine, and Mrs. Fred Y. Spurr, Vice Chairman of National Defense.

A 'Teachers' Campaign Conference, called by the National Education Association in Washington, asked for D. A. R. representation, which was accepted.

Our Society figures largely in the over-all picture of American groups striving for a better citizenship. We are proud to be represented on their platforms, and to have this interchange of ideas, which proves often times mutually beneficial.

On the commemorative date of April 19, marking the Battle of Lexington, which is significant to the Daughters of the American Revolution, the National Society carried out its tradition of placing a wreath at the tomb of the Unknown Soldier at Arlington National Cemetery and at the sarcophagi of George and Martha Washington at Mount Vernon, Va. Mrs. Wilfred J. Clearman, State Regent of the District of Columbia, acted as chairman of this committee, so ably comprised of assisting District Daughters. The committee, accompanied by members from the District chapters, made the pilgrimage.

On April 20, I returned to my home in Athens, Ga., and on the 23rd I arrived in Atlanta, to attend the Georgia Conference at the Biltmore Hotel. I was welcomed by the State Regent, Mrs. Mark A. Smith, Mrs. Ober D. Warthen, Vice President General, and Georgia's ex-Vice Presidents General, Honorary State Regents, and hosts of friends. Also present were many visiting National Officers and State Regents, and it added to our pleasure to meet them there. The State Board met that afternoon, and that evening we enjoyed a beautifully appointed banquet, which was followed by the formal opening of the conference.

The next morning it was a great pleasure to meet with the Georgia State Officers' Club, Mrs. Moll Knox, President, presiding. The day was inspirational, listening to the fine reports, and in the afternoon, Mrs. Carter H. Prather, Regent of Atlanta Chapter, entertained with a reception in my honor, at the Chapter House. That evening it was my happy privilege to speak to the Georgia Daughters on 'Regents' Night,' the regents later giving their reports and it was truly satisfying to know they were one hundred per cent in their contributions to the two building programs undertaken by this national administration.

It seemed quite fitting that I should end my long itinerary to state conferences with my own Georgia Conference, and a very happy time was had in my own home state.

I returned to Washington on May 3rd, where I have remained through two busy weeks in my office, preparing for Congress.

And now, I conclude my last report as President General to this Board, and to each member who has stood by loyally and faithfully, who has given her understanding cooperation and love, I extend my heartfelt gratitude. Without it I could not have borne the burdens or the joys. The friendships formed are precious to me and their memory will brighten the days, as I think of the past and look into the future. My husband used to say that "The things we worry most about, never happen." And so, at this last Congress of ours, together, let us make of it a glorious, harmonious, soul-satisfying fulfillment of our fondest and most cherished hopes and dreams, for the glory, for the honor, of our revered and beloved Society.

Faithfully,

MAY E. TALMADGE,
President General,
N. S. D. A. R.

The following tribute was paid to Mrs. John Logan Marshall by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Willard Steele:

She is not with us, yet we are not apart;
The distance between us is measured by the heart.

The absence of our First Vice President General is sadly and deeply felt by the members of this Board. She was a faithful member, having attended fifty consecutive meetings of the Board. We who have worked with her appreciate her loving nature, her Christian character, her devotion to the D. A. R., and the years of service which she gave to our Society.

We are not apart, for her influence and the memories of our association with her will ever live in our hearts. So there is no distance between us because of the love and the respect we felt toward her.

Mrs. Steele moved that the National Board of
Management recommend to the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress the creation of an endowment scholarship fund at Tamassee D. A. R. School, to be added to by members, chapters, and States by voluntary contributions, as a memorial to Grace Marshall, First Vice President General. Seconded by Mrs. Latting. Carried.

In an informal report the Second Vice President General, Mrs. C. Edward Murray, speaking as Chairman of Printing, expressed her gratitude to the members of the Board for standing by when there were difficulties in the printing department, and her gratification that she was closing her administration with all the work completed. Mrs. Murray expressed her special appreciation to Miss Janie Glascocock and Mrs. Erma Ash in the Business Office for their assistance to her as Second Vice President General and Chairman of the Printing Committee.

The Third Vice President General, Mrs. T. B. Throckmorton, read her report.

Report of Third Vice President General

It is with a feeling of regret that I realize that today ends my five consecutive years as a member of this splendid Official D. A. R. Family Circle and I feel that you, my fellow Board members, are indeed old and valued friends. In the words of the poet—

“There are no friends like old friends
And none so good and true
As the morning greets the dew.
No other friends are dearer
And while we prize the new friends
We treasure more, the old.”

My formal report as Third Vice President General will be given before the Continental Congress but let me here say to you that it has been a rare privilege to serve the Society as Third Vice President General. The work involved has been pleasant. My chief duties have been those as Chairman of the Auditing and Constitution Hall Committees. The reports of both of these committees are ready and will be heard shortly.

It has been such a privilege to work with the splendid women here assembled and under the able leadership of our beloved President General during the trying times of war and post-war years. You have all cooperated to make this administration one of fine accomplishment.

I here think of the old military saying: “It is not the individual or the army as a whole, but the everlasting team-work of every bloomin’ soul.”

We have had the leadership—we have had the team-work—the results speak for themselves—so—Good luck and God bless you each and every one.

EDNA DUDLEY THROCKMORTON,
Third Vice President General,
N. S. D. A. R.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Willard Steele, read her report.

Report of Chaplain General

The month of February proved a rather busy month for your Chaplain General. While attend-
Mrs. Harold Grimes for their assistance with this Memorial Service.

In closing this my last report to the National Board I wish to express my sincere appreciation of the fine cooperation and keen interest shown by you in my program and projects, and to thank you for all your kindness and courtesies. This association with you will ever be one of my happiest memories, and I consider it a rare privilege to have served with our beloved and very exceptional President General. Her friendship and helpfulness have been an inspiration. If I have had a very small part in the big program of our Society to make this country a better place in which to live I shall consider my efforts well worth while.

KATE HINDS STEELE,  
Chaplain General,  
N. S. D. A. R.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Stanley Thorpe Manlove, read her report.

Report of Recording Secretary General

Since the meeting of the National Board of Management on February 5, 1947, the routine work of the office of Recording Secretary General has gone on as usual. Correspondence and requests for information have been given prompt attention, and the work is up to date.

The minutes of the February first and February fifth Board meetings were prepared for printing in the D. A. R. Magazine and proofread. The verbatim has been transcribed, indexed, bound in folders and filed. Rulings were typed and delivered to each office affected, also copied for the State Statute Book and indexed.

Notices for the two May Board meetings and Executive Committee meeting were mailed to members. The minutes of the last Executive Committee meeting have been written and copies forwarded to each member of that committee, also recopied for permanent record and indexed. Rulings were typed and delivered to the offices affected.

On March first, letters of instruction regarding reports for Continental Congress were sent to National Officers, State Regents and Committee Chairmen, and advance copies of their full reports to the 56th Continental Congress were requested.

Letters were written to candidates for office asking for the names of her nominator and teller, and informing her of the time allotted for the nominating speech. Much correspondence in connection with the Congress has been done.

Since my last report to the Board a total of 1,797 membership certificates have been prepared and mailed to members. During my three years in office there have been issued 21,634 membership certificates to members, and 183 commissions to National Officers, Honorary Vice President General, State Regents and State Vice Regents. I have also signed all chapter charters issued during this period.

The files have been renovated and material placed more compactly, thereby making the purchase of a new file unnecessary. Very little progress has been made in indexing back records, as the current work is too heavy to allow the small staff extra time for this most important work.

During the period covered by this report, it has been the pleasure of the Recording Secretary General to attend eight State Conferences and many chapter meetings. All have been a source of inspiration. The work of our Society was broadcast by her over station KTSA in San Antonio, Texas, and WFOY in Saint Augustine, Florida.

For the inspiration of the Cabinet and National Board of Management, my deepest gratitude. The friendships made during the years banish all the headaches and heartaches. It has been a joy to serve you and the National Society.

The Corresponding Secretary General, Miss Katharine Matthies, read her report.

Report of Corresponding Secretary General

Since the February Board Meeting the routine work of my office has continued while some of the letters were sent to my home for reply. These were mostly welcome inquiries on how to become a member, although several letters caused me to wonder if chapter officers ever read their National, State and Chapter By-Laws as the answers to many of their questions could be found in them. The Handbook is invaluable to me in answering many inquiries. A nickname for the Corresponding Secretary General might be “Information Please” as she has so many questions to answer.

The following supplies have been sent from my office since my last report:

- Application Blanks: 18,134
- Information leaflets: 1,536
- Constitution and By-Laws: 211
- Transfer Cards: 1,064
- Reinstatement Cards: 383
- What the Daughters Do pamphlet: 5,014
- Applicant’s Working Sheets: 9,659
- Ancestral Charts: 9,167
- State Regents Welcome Cards: 1,050
- Miscellaneous: 134

Total number of pieces: 46,352

Orders for manuals have been filled to the number of 59,089. The distribution according to languages follows: English—53,763; Armenian—133; Bohemian—355; Finnish—244; German—1,186; Hungarian—369; Lithuanian—280; Norwegian—377; Portuguese—290; Spanish—1,547; Yiddish—545.

A total of 1,244 letters have been received and answered or referred to the proper department, while a total of 1,006 letters and cards have been sent out from this office.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. Charles Carroll Haig, read her report.
Report of Treasurer General

I herewith submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from January 1, 1947, to February 28, 1947.

**CURRENT FUND**

Balance, December 31, 1946. $244,284.86

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RECEIPTS</th>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
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<td>Magazine:</td>
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<td>Rituals</td>
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<td>What the Daughters Do</td>
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<td>C. A. R.</td>
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<td>Contribution</td>
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**Building Expense:**

| Refunds                               | 90.46        |
| Employees' withholding tax            | 3,814.37     |
| Financial service                     | 1,318.22     |
| Returned checks                       | 76.85        |

Total Receipts                         $107,087.05

$351,371.91
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<th>Position</th>
<th>Services</th>
<th>Postage</th>
<th>Supplies</th>
<th>Telephone and telegrams</th>
<th>Express</th>
<th>Official expenses</th>
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<td>38.39</td>
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<td>132.80</td>
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<td>12.87</td>
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<td>1,061.75</td>
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<td>584.00</td>
<td>16.33</td>
<td>1.11</td>
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<td>96.36</td>
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### Reporter General:

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### Business Office:

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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>57.59</td>
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<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
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<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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### General Expense:

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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
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<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>3.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express and cartage</td>
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<tr>
<td>Awards, gifts and gratuities</td>
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### Expenses Allocated:

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### Committees:

#### Buildings and Grounds:

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<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>Postage</td>
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<td>Supplies</td>
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<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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#### Filing and Lending:

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<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
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<td>Postage</td>
<td>2.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
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#### Genealogical Records:

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#### Girl Home Makers:

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<td>Supplies</td>
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#### Junior Membership:

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#### Motion Pictures:

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<tbody>
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#### Radio:

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#### Buildings Expense:

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### Expenses Allocated:

<table>
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<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
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<tr>
<td>Magazine</td>
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<td>印刷 Office</td>
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#### Telephone and Telegrams:

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<tbody>
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<td>Telephone and Telegraphs</td>
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<tr>
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#### Constitution Hall Events:

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#### Congress, Fifty-Sixth:

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### Total Disbursements:

- $64,944.08

#### Balance, February 28, 1947:

- $286,427.83

---

## PETTY CASH FUND

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### SPECIAL FUNDS

**Angel and Ellis Islands:**

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<td>Receipts: Contributions</td>
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<td>Disbursements:</td>
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<td>Services</td>
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**Committee Maintenance:**

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<tr>
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<td>Financial service</td>
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**Good Citizenship Pilgrimage:**

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1946</td>
<td>7,485.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts: Contributions</td>
<td>1,958.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td>9,443.73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Financial service</td>
<td>63.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance, February 28, 1947</strong></td>
<td><strong>9,380.63</strong></td>
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**Junior American Citizens:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1946</td>
<td>2,483.13</td>
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<tr>
<td>Receipts: Contributions</td>
<td>1,945.35</td>
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<tr>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td>4,428.48</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express</td>
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<tr>
<td>Financial service</td>
<td>59.54</td>
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<td><strong>Balance, February 28, 1947</strong></td>
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**Manual:**

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>33,302.28</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sale of copies</td>
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<tr>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
<td>36,640.26</td>
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<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>130.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>200.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express, freight, etc.</td>
<td>154.63</td>
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<tr>
<td>Financial service</td>
<td>610.50</td>
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<td><strong>36,640.26</strong></td>
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### National Defense:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Balance, December 31, 1946</th>
<th>Receipts:</th>
<th>$9,093.60</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Contributions</td>
<td>$14,478.67</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Interest</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Sale of literature</td>
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<td>Sale of medals</td>
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<td>Sale of pins</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Refund, services</td>
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<td>Disbursements:</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Supplies</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td>96.17</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Express, cartage, etc.</td>
<td>26.05</td>
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<td>Printing, etc.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Literature, subscriptions, etc.</td>
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<td>Buddy Bags</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Travel</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Dinners, meetings, etc.</td>
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<td>Sale of handbooks: 2.05</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Supplies: 324.11</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Telephone and telegrams: 3.05</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Express, freight, etc.: 3.75</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Printing, releases, etc.: 354.43</td>
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<td>Miscellaneous: 10.00</td>
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### Americanism:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements: 1,478.70</td>
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### American Red Cross:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Receipts: 718.00</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements: 718.00</td>
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### Approved Schools:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Receipts: 52,064.57</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements: 52,064.57</td>
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### Conservation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements: 457.40</td>
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### Historical Research:

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<td>Disbursements: 2,370.35</td>
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<td>Organization</td>
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<td>------------------------------</td>
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<td>Save the Children Federation</td>
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<td>Seeing Eye</td>
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<tr>
<td>Student Loan</td>
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<td>Sundry Contributions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tamasssee Auditorium</td>
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<tr>
<td>Valley Forge Memorial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>Disbursements:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1947</td>
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<tr>
<td>Metal Locator</td>
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<td>Agnes Carpenter Mountain Schools</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Balance, February 28, 1947</td>
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<tr>
<td>Disbursements:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship</td>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>Helen Pouch Memorial Scholarship</td>
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<tr>
<td>DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE</td>
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<td>Receipts:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
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<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hillside School, Inc., Endowment:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1946</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1947</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philippine Scholarship:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harriet E. Bowen Book Fund:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1946</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refund</td>
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<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library Clock:</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Life Membership:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1946</td>
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<tr>
<td>Microfilming Census Records:</td>
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<td>Balance, December 31, 1946</td>
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<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
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<td>Contributions</td>
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<td>Disbursements: Microfilms:</td>
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<td>Motion Picture Equipment:</td>
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<td>Balance, December 31, 1946</td>
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<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, February 28, 1947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preservation, Gowns of Presidents General:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1946</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reserve Fund for Maintenance of Properties:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance, December 31, 1946</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refund</td>
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<tr>
<td>Transfer from Constitution Hall Events (132 events at $50.00)</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Reserve Fund for Maintenance of Properties:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Facility</th>
<th>Disbursements</th>
<th>Balance, February 28, 1947</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Memorial Continental Hall</td>
<td>$4,199.78</td>
<td>$5,253.04</td>
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<td>Administration Building</td>
<td>758.00</td>
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<td>Constitution Hall</td>
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Golden Jubilee Endowment Fund:

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9.50</td>
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<tr>
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<td>378.75</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disbursements:</th>
<th>Balance, February 28, 1947</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kate Duncan Smith D. A. R. School</td>
<td>800.26</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tamassee D. A. R. School</td>
<td>800.26</td>
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Museum:

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<th>Date</th>
<th>Receipts: Contributions</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<table>
<thead>
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<th>Disbursements:</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
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<td>Photographs</td>
<td>11.00</td>
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<td>Photographs</td>
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State Rooms:

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<th>Date</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<table>
<thead>
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<tbody>
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<td>Repairs</td>
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Archives Room:

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<th>Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>101.88</td>
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Indian Room:

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<tr>
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<tr>
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Pension and Retirement Fund:

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<th>Receipts: Employees' contributions</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>509.78</td>
<td>9,706.44</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disbursements:</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pensions</td>
<td>2,469.16</td>
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</tbody>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Receipts: Society's contributions</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>509.78</td>
<td>9,706.44</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disbursements:</th>
<th>Balance, February 28, 1947</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pensions</td>
<td>2,469.16</td>
</tr>
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National Tribute Grove:
Balance, December 31, 1946 .................................................. $882.97
Receipts: Contributions .......................................................... 1,447.69
Balance, February 28, 1947 .................................................... $2,330.66
Junior Projects—Crippled Children and Rehabilitation:
Receipts ................................................................................. 1,903.73
Disbursements ........................................................................ 1,903.73
Total Special Funds .................................................................. $270,862.68

DISPOSITION OF FUNDS

National Metropolitan Bank ....................................................... $547,922.42
Riggs National Bank .................................................................. 9,368.09
Petty Cash in Office of the Treasurer General ......................... 2,200.00 $559,490.51

RECAPITULATION

<table>
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<td>2,200.00</td>
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<td>9,315.23</td>
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<td>Good Citizenship Pilgrimage</td>
<td>7,485.33</td>
<td>1,958.40</td>
<td>63.10</td>
<td>9,380.65</td>
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<td>Junior American Citizens</td>
<td>2,483.13</td>
<td>1,945.35</td>
<td>66.58</td>
<td>4,361.90</td>
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<td>610.50</td>
<td>36,640.26</td>
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<td>9,093.60</td>
<td>15,757.37</td>
<td>3,846.22</td>
<td>21,004.75</td>
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<td>1,478.70</td>
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<tr>
<td>American Red Cross</td>
<td>718.00</td>
<td>718.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>Approved Schools</td>
<td>52,064.57</td>
<td>52,064.57</td>
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<tr>
<td>Conservation</td>
<td>457.40</td>
<td>457.40</td>
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<td>Historical Research</td>
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<td>2,370.35</td>
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<tr>
<td>Save the Children Federation</td>
<td>12.50</td>
<td>12.50</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seeing Eye</td>
<td>23.00</td>
<td>23.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Loan</td>
<td>1,073.11</td>
<td>1,073.11</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sundry Contributions</td>
<td>8,489.95</td>
<td>8,489.95</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tamassee Auditorium</td>
<td>5,989.51</td>
<td>5,989.51</td>
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<tr>
<td>Valley Forge Memorial</td>
<td>63,063.93</td>
<td>31,754.21</td>
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<td>Metal Locator</td>
<td>285.17</td>
<td>285.17</td>
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<tr>
<td>Agnes Carpenter Mt. Schools</td>
<td>1,132.75</td>
<td>118.13</td>
<td>640.61</td>
<td>610.27</td>
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<td>American Indians</td>
<td>712.54</td>
<td>1,752.18</td>
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<td>Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship</td>
<td>698.76</td>
<td>33.75</td>
<td></td>
<td>732.51</td>
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<td>Helen Pouch Memorial Scholarship</td>
<td>1,589.14</td>
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<td>2,565.08</td>
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<td>85.00</td>
<td>522.14</td>
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$448,381.95 $272,200.89 $161,092.33 $559,490.51
### Current Fund:
- **Chicago and Alton R. R. Co. 3% Bonds, due 1949 (par value $3,000.00)**: $2,314.84
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1949-51**: $5,000.00
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, September 15, 1951-53**: $25,000.00
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62**: $21,500.00
- **U. S. Savings Bond, Series F, due 1957 (maturity value $100.00)**: $75.00

### National Defense Fund:
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1949-51**: $5,000.00

### Agnes Carpenter Mountain Schools Fund:
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62**: $10,500.00
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, March 15, 1952-54 (par value $2,000.00)**: $2,050.00
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1954**: $13,400.00

### Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship Fund:
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62**: $3,000.00

### Helen Pouch Memorial Scholarship Fund:
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1956**: $500.00

### Hillside School, Inc., Endowment Fund:
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1956**: $700.00
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1957**: $1,000.00

### Philippine Scholarship Fund:
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, September 15, 1951-53**: $500.00
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62**: $11,000.00
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, June 15, 1964-69**: $3,000.00
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1954**: $9,800.00
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1955**: $500.00
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1956**: $200.00

### Hugh Vernon Washington Library Fund:
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, March 15, 1950-52**: $15,000.00
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, March 15, 1952-54 (par value $9,000.00)**: $9,225.00
- **U. S. Postal Savings 2% Bonds, due 1952**: $500.00
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1954**: $4,000.00

### Life Membership Fund:
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, March 15, 1952-54 (par value $5,000.00)**: $5,125.00
- **U. S. Postal Savings 2% Bonds, due 1952**: $500.00
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1953**: $200.00
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1954**: $13,000.00

### Reserve Fund for Maintenance of Properties:
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, September 15, 1951-53**: $15,000.00
- **U. S. Treasury, 2% Bonds, June 15, 1952-55**: $4,800.00
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62**: $10,000.00

### Golden Jubilee Endowment Fund:
- **Capital Traction Co. 5% Bonds, June 1, 1947 (par value $5,000.00)**: $5,292.50
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, June 15, 1959-62**: $10,000.00
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62**: $1,000.00
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, March 15, 1952-54 (par value $7,200.00)**: $7,382.50
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, June 15, 1964-69**: $10,000.00
- **U. S. Savings Bonds, Series F, due 1954 (maturity value $550.00)**: $407.00
- **U. S. Savings Bonds, Series F, due 1955 (maturity value $125.00)**: $92.50
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1954**: $11,400.00
- **U. S. Savings 2% Bonds, Series G, due 1956**: $10,400.00

### Archives Room Fund:
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62**: $8,500.00
- **U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, June 15, 1964-69**: $500.00

### Total Investment Amounts:
- **Current Fund**: $51,575.00
- **Life Membership Fund**: $28,725.00
- **Reserve Fund for Maintenance of Properties**: $29,800.00
- **Golden Jubilee Endowment Fund**: $55,974.50
- **Total Investments**: $151,250.50
Pension and Retirement Fund:
Capital Traction Co. 5% Bonds, June 1, 1947 (par value $8,500.00)  $8,325.00
Detroit Edison Co. 4% Bonds, October 1, 1965 (par value $2,000.00)  2,225.46
Potomac Electric Co. 3 1/4% Bonds, July 1, 1966 (par value $4,000.00)  4,390.00
U. S. Treasury 2 3/4% Bonds, June 15, 1959-62  10,000.00
U. S. Treasury 2 3/4% Bonds, June 15, 1964-69  41,500.00
U. S. Savings 2 3/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1953  25,000.00
U. S. Savings 2 3/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1954  47,700.00
U. S. Savings 2 3/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1955  28,300.00
U. S. Savings 2 3/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1956  10,000.00
U. S. Savings 2 3/4% Bonds, Series G, due 1958  3,000.00

$437,804.80

Mrs. Haig explained that the cost of stamped envelopes, $2,015.18 was charged to General Expense as the bills were paid and allocated to the various offices at the end of the year. Some were purchased in previous Board reports; hence the total credit for the year makes a credit balance in the General Expense for the period under review.

Mrs. Frederick G. Smith, Chairman of the Finance Committee, read the report of that committee.

Report of Finance Committee
During January and February vouchers were approved to the amount of $149,608.71, which includes contributions received for Approved Schools of $52,064.57; Auditorium at Tamiassee, $5,989.51; Sundries, $8,489.95; Historical Research, $2,370.35; Valley Forge Memorial, $505.50; Americanism, $1,478.70; Student Loans, $1,073.11; Red Cross, $718.00; Conservation, $457.40; Seeing Eye, Inc., $23.00; Save the Children Federation, $12.50.

The larger disbursements were as follows:
Clerical service ........................................ $20,947.02
Services of manager, supervisor of buildings, superintendent and employees 12,962.30
Magazine ................................................... 8,505.92
National Defense Committee 3,420.85
Angel and Ellis Islands 2,641.68
Repairs to buildings 5,227.78
Withholding tax from salaries 3,814.37
Pensions 2,469.16
Postage .................................................... 2,095.77

Mabel J. Smith, Chairman.

Mrs. Throckmorton moved that the report of the Auditing Committee be accepted, carrying with it the appending reports of the Treasurer General and Finance Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Murray. Carried.

Report of Registrar General
I have the honor to submit the following report of the work of this office since my last report:
Number of applications verified ........................................ 2,525
Number of supplementals verified .................................... 373
Total number of papers verified ...................................... 2,898
Papers returned unverified:
Originals ..................................................... 53
Supplementals ............................................... 57
New records verified ............................................. 225
Permits issued for official insignia 185
Permits issued for miniature insignia 231
Permits issued for ancestral bars 246

I am very proud to be able to report that during the past year we have verified 8,544 applications, the largest number of members admitted in any one year since 1930, and I wish to express my keen appreciation of the efforts of the state and chapter officers, who have spared no pains in stimulating that interest in our Society which has resulted in this gratifying increase in membership.

During this administration seventeen states have completed the project of supplying the census microfilms of their states for our library. My very hearty thanks goes out to them also.

I would like to call your attention to the meeting for state and chapter registrars, which is to
be held on Tuesday morning at eight o'clock, in the National Officers Club Room.

Estella A. O'Byrne,
Registrar General,
N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. O'Byrne moved that the 2,525 applicants whose records have been verified by the Registrar General be elected to membership in the National Society. Seconded by Mrs. Burns. Carried.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. Charles Carroll Haig, presented the following figures on membership: Deceased, 482; resigned, 286; for reinstatement, 335.

Mrs. Haig moved that 335 former members be reinstated. Seconded by Mrs. Steele. Carried.

The Organizing Secretary General, Mrs. Raymond C. Goodfellow, read her report.

Report of Organizing Secretary General

My report is as follows:

The resignation of the state regent of Maryland, Mrs. James H. Harris, of Braddock Heights, has been received and the state vice regent, Mrs. Harry K. Nield, of Baltimore, automatically succeeds to the state regency.

Through their respective state regents, the following members at large are presented for confirmation, as organizing regents:

Mrs. Zula L. Persons, Prichard, Alabama.

Mrs. Margaret Mavity, Redondo Beach, California.

Mrs. Bessie J. Woods Selleck, Richmond, California.

Mrs. Dorothy Scharf Turner, Pass-A-Grille Beach, Florida.

Mrs. Martha Lowther Stanley Whitaker, Titusville, Florida.

Mrs. Adelaide Chipman Laird, Meade, Kansas.

Mrs. Hattie D. Edwards, Barboursville, Kentucky.

Mrs. Evelyn Haycock Betterley, Glen Echo, Maryland.

Mrs. Stella D. Bradbury, Acton, Massachusetts.

Mrs. Jennie W. Stevens, Medfield, Massachusetts.

Mrs. Lodemia Leazer Yost, Kannapolis, North Carolina.

Mrs. Saidee Robbins Harris, Raleigh, North Carolina.

The following organizing regencies have expired by time limitation:

Mrs. Ethel Haswell Miller, Hoosick, New York.

Mrs. Annie Lea McAnulty Baker, Bolivar, Tennessee.

Through their respective state regents the following re-appointments of organizing regents are requested:

Mrs. Ethel Haswell Miller, Hoosick, New York.

Mrs. Annie Lea McAnulty Baker, Bolivar, Tennessee.

The authorization of the chapter at Powell, Wyoming, has expired by time limitation. The state regent requests it be renewed.

The location of the organizing regency of Mrs. Mary Harwell McBryde is requested changed from Putnam to Putnam City, Oklahoma, by her state regent.

Through its state regent the following chapter requests official disbandment:

Coosuck, North Haverhill, New Hampshire.

The Micanopy Chapter at St. Cloud, Florida, through its state regent, requests permission to change its name to Joshua Stevens.

The Haverhill Chapter, at Haverhill, New Hampshire, through its state regent, requests permission to change its name to Haverhill-Coosuck.

The following chapters have met all requirements, according to the National By-laws and are now presented for confirmation:

John Wade Keyes, Athens, Alabama.

Biscayne, Miami Beach, Florida.

Indian Mound, Salyersville, Kentucky.

Lucy Jefferson Lewis, New Madrid, Missouri.

Big Level, Kane, Pennsylvania.

Edna B. Goodfellow,
Organizing Secretary General,
N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. Goodfellow moved the resignation of one state regent; confirmation of twelve organizing regents; expiration of two organizing regents; reappointment of two organizing regents; expiration of one authorization; renewal of one authorization; change in location of one organizing regent; disbandment of one chapter; change in names of two chapters; confirmation of five chapters. Seconded by Mrs. Smith. Carried.

The Historian General, Mrs. Frank Edgar Lee, reported that the amount raised for the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge now totalled a little over $120,000.

Mrs. Lee moved that sufficient money be taken from the Memorial Bell Tower Building Fund to raise the Stained Glass Window Fund to $10,000. Seconded by Miss Matthies. Carried.

A discussion ensued as to the plans for completing this project, and Mrs. Lee retired to write her motions.

The Librarian General, Mrs. Frederick G. Smith, read her report.

Report of Librarian General

Fifty years ago, in 1896, our Library was started with a nucleus of 126 books. The Mary Washington Chapter of the District of Columbia and one of its members, Miss Janet Richards, deserve much credit for the maintenance and upkeep of the Library in the early days. In 1930 the Library was established on the second floor of Constitution Hall. Through the years the cooperation of members has resulted in the donation of books to the number of 37,892, over 15,000 pamphlets and many thousands of manuscripts.

During this regime we have tried to present the Library to you as a source of information from which we could enlarge our membership. The response has been gratifying. Since April 1, 1946, we have received 756 books, 207 pamphlets and 93 manuscripts. For the three years of this regime we have placed in our Library 2,000 books, 703 pamphlets and 391 manuscripts. Truly the 50th anniversary year has brought us many riches, and we appreciate the generosity of the states and chapters.
The equipment of the Library has grown. We have added to the filing system, placed state census records from 1850 through 1880 and some of 1940 in suitable files, and purchased two recordaks to service these. We have a catalogue of the books in our Library, which may be purchased from the office of the Librarian General for $2.00. This was published in 1940. It would seem unwise to publish a new one, as no catalogue would ever be up to date, as new books are arriving continually. We have suggested that members, especially State and Chapter Librarians, clip from the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE the reports of the Librarian General, containing the additions to the Library at the National Board Meetings held in October, February and at Congress. These are reported in the Magazine issue nearest to these meetings. We also have at the present time many copies of Lineage Books. We ask you to consult the March number of the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE for the offer on these books. These will be on sale at Congress. They would be valuable for chapter and state libraries.

We have had outstanding reports from every state in the union. We wish we could give these in detail, but time and space do not permit. I can only give the highlights. Read the report as printed in the Proceedings of Congress for the condensed report.

We have received since February 5th, 305 books, 95 pamphlets and 46 manuscripts.

BOOKS

ALABAMA

History of the First Baptist Church of Montgomery. Charles A. Stakely. 1930. From Sylacauga Chapter.
History of Alabama and Her People. Albert B. Moore. 3 vols. 1927. From Anne Phillips Chapter.

Following 23 books from Peter Forney Chapter:

Inventory of Archives of Colbert County, #17. 1939.
Inventory of Archives of Conecuh County, #18. 1941.
Inventory of Archives of Cullman County, #22. 1941.
Inventory of Archives of Greene County, #23. 1945.
Inventory of Archives of Hale County, #23. 1940.
Inventory of Archives of Loundon County, #23. 1940.
Inventory of Archives of Marion County, #24. 1940.
Inventory of Archives of Mobile County, #25. 1949.
Inventory of Archives of Montgomery County, #26. 1941.
Inventory of Archives of Talladega County, #27. 1940.
Inventory of Archives of Wilcox County, #28. 1942.
Inventory of Archives of Winston County, #29. 1940.

Index to the Montgomery County Wills, Vols. 1-2. 1820-1832.
Miscellaneous Obituary Notices of Revolutionary Soldiers Taken from Early Alabama Newspapers.
Minutes of the Superior Court of Washington County Territory May 15, 1818-March 1845. Book B.

ARIZONA

Portraits and Biographical Record of Arizona. 1901. From Gen. George Crook Chapter.

ARKANSAS


CALIFORNIA


COLORADO

Historical and Descriptive of Fremont and Custer Families. 1879. From Colorado D. A. R.

CONNECTICUT

A History of the Old Town of Stratford and the City of Bridgeport. Samuel Orne. 3 vols. 1886.

DELAWARE


DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

The Doster Genealogy. Mrs. Ben Hill Doster. 1945. From Mrs. Grace Doster Williams, Mrs. Dora Doster Utz and Miss Julia Aline Doster in honor of their Mother the author, Mrs. Ben Hill Doster through Dr. Ollie Josephine (Stockhouse) Bennett.


Genealogy of the Linthicum and Allied Families. Matilda P. Badger. From Eleanor L. Woodruff through Army and Navy Chapter.


Blair House Past and Present. 1945. From Virginia Meekin through Mary Washington Chapter.


Following 3 books from Army and Navy Chapter:

Connecticut Historical Collections. John W. Barber. 1836.

Martha-Garber Record. Virginia A. Garber. 1919.

FLORIDA


GEORGIA


My Forebears, History and Genealogy of the Cunningham, Knox, Gibson and Other Families. Lida C. Ewing. 1946. From Knox-Conway Chapter.

ILLINOIS

Biographical and Genealogical Record of La Salle County. 2 vols. 1900. From Martha Blum Chapter.

Following 8 books from Illinois D. A. R.:

Atlas of Kankakee County. 1883.

Historical Encyclopedia of Illinois and History of Peoria County. 2 vols. 1901.

Historical Encyclopedia of Illinois and History of McLean County. 2 vols. 1900.

Historical Encyclopedia of Illinois and History of Le Sue County. 1904.

Peoria City and County. James M. Rice. 2 vols. 1912.

Following 3 books from Fort Dearborn Chapter:

Origin and History of the Name of Hall with Biographies of all the Most Noted Persons by That Name. 1902.


Colon Jonathan Merriam and Family. Ralph Merriam. 1940.

From Caleb Merriam and Lucy M. Scott through Sergeant Caleb Hopkins Chapter.

Along the Trails of Yesterday. A Story of McIntosh County, N. D. Nina F. Wishek. 1941. From Mrs. Carl O. Nyman.

INDIANA

The Pioneers of Morgan County. Logan Eassey, ed. 1915. From Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter.


Following 2 books from Mrs. Lucile Lucas:

Biographical and Historical Record of Adams and Wells Counties. 1887.


DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

IOWA
- Portrait and Biographical Album of Des Moines County, 1888. From Clear Lake and Marengo Chapters through Iowa D. A. R. Chapter.
- The History of Mahaska County, 1873. From Oskaloosa Chapter.
- History of Cass County, 1884. From Deborah Franklin Chapter.
- Iowa Daughters of the American Revolution 47th Annual Report, 1946. From Iowa D. A. R.

KENTUCKY
- Celebration of the 200th Anniversary of Their Residence in Yorkville. The Fancher Family at Bell-Aire, Spoytaville County, 1894. From Violet C. Satterlin through Frankfort Chapter.
- Wicasset in Pownalborough, Fannie S. Chase, 1941. From Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter.

MARYLAND
- Winwright and Related Families. Emerson B. Roberts. From Samuel Chase Chapter.
- Patriotic Maryland and the Maryland Society Sons of the American Revolution, 1930. From George S. Robertson through General Mordecai Gist Chapter.

MICHIGAN

MONTANA

NEW HAMPSHIRE
- The lagers°Ilis of Hampshire. Charles S. Ripley, 1893. Following 13 books from Massachusetts D. A. R. in memory of Mrs. Annie Palmer Hutchinson:
  - A Monograph of the Descent of the Family of Beebe.
  - The Story of an Old Farm. Andrew D. Mellick, 1889. From Short Hills Chapter.
  - The History of New Jersey from Its Discovery by Europeans to the Adoption of the Federal Constitution. Thomas F. Gordon, 1834.
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NEW JERSEY
  - The History of New Jersey from Its Discovery by Europeans to the Adoption of the Federal Constitution. Thomas F. Gordon, 1834.
  - The History of Ludlow. Alfred N. 1912. From Mrs. Alice N. Fisher through Old North Chapter.
  - The Barker Family of Plymouth Colony and County. Barker Newhall, 1885. From Mrs. Terry Shuman in memory of her mother Mary Color Frame.
  - Following 8 books from Hannah Goddard Chapter.

NEW YORK

OHIO
- History of Mahaska County. 1878. From Oskaloosa Chapter.

PENNSYLVANIA

RHODE ISLAND
- The History of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations in America as Descended from Thomas Goddard. N. H. Goddard, 1883.
- Genealogy of the Descendants of Edward Goddard, W. A. Goddard, 1883.
- Ancestry of Governor Dongan, Frederick Van Wyck, 1935.
- The Seaman Family in America as Descended from Thomas Seaman of Swansea. John J. Lawton, 1933.
- The History of Ludlow. Alfred N. 1912. From Mrs. Alice N. Fisher through Old North Chapter.
- The Barker Family of Plymouth Colony and County. Barker Newhall, 1885. From Mrs. Terry Shuman in memory of her mother Mary Color Frame.
- Following 8 books from Hannah Goddard Chapter.
- The Vermont Historical Gazetteer. A. M. Hemenway, 5 vols., 1904.
- History of Berkshire County. 2 vols. 1885.
- Pension Records of Hingham. From Old Colony Chapter.
- The Lowells and Their Seven Worlds. Ferris Greenslet, 1946.
- From Old Newbury Chapter.
- Essex Institute Historical Collections, Vol. 92, 1946.
- From Mrs. George W. Cummins through Gen. William Maxwell Chapter.
- Some Pilots of New Jersey. Mrs. Frank Vliet. From Mrs. Katherine Vliet Jones.
- The Story of an Old Farm. Andrew D. Mellick, 1889.
- From Short Hills Chapter.
- From Mrs. Carl A. Schaefer.
- Following 14 books from New Jersey D. A. R.:
  - A Brief History of Belleville, H. Holmes.
  - The History of New Jersey from Its Discovery by Europeans to the Adoption of the Federal Constitution. Thomas F. Gordon, 1834.
  - Isham Genealogy. Mary A. Phiney.

SOUTH CAROLINA

TENNESSEE
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE


Descendants of Michael E. Turner. 1894. From Eagle Rock Chapter.

New York


Iroquois D. A. R.:
1945. From Mr. Thomas A. Coulter through New York D. A. R.

New York Census of 1790. 1908.

Connecticut Census of 1790. 1908.

Maine Census of 1790. 1908.

New Hampshire Census of 1790. 1907.

Massachusetts Census of 1790. 1908.

New York Census of 1790. 1908.

Massachusetts Census of 1790. 1908.

Maryland Census of 1790. 1908.

Connecticut Census of 1790. 1908.

The Richmond Family 1594-1896. J. B. Richmond. 1897.

The Story of New London Academy 1795-1945. 1945. From Dr. A. D. Floyd through Tennessee D. A. R.

The Story of Murfreesboro. C. C. Henderson. 1929.

Octavia Z. Bond. 1929.


The History of Methodism in South Carolina. Albert M. Shipp. 1883. From Ann Pamela Cunningham Chapter.

The History of Methodism in South Carolina. Albert M. Shipp. 1883. From Miss Irene Covington.

Pennsylvania

The History of Bradford County. 1878. From Mrs. Marion W. Liddley through Bradford Chapter.

Following 3 books from Miss Ada Virginia Steen through Washington County Chapter.


Rhode Island

Following 2 books from Rhode Island D. A. R.:


The Genealogy and Biography of the Walda of America from 1830 to 1883. Joseph D. Will. 1883.

The Livingtons of Callender and Their Principal Cadets. E. H. Livington. 1913.

From New York D. A. R.

The History of the Women of Cleveland. Mrs. W. A. Ingham. 1893.

From Elizabeth R. Ingram Tisdale.

From Martha Durfee through Col. William Barton Chapter.

The Mecklenburg Signers and Their Neighbors. Worth S. Shackelford, pub. 1887.

The Lincolns of Virginia. John W. Wayland. 1946.

From Virginia Soldiers of 1776. L. A. Burgess. 3 vols. 1927. From Virginia D. A. R.


From Mrs. Grace S. Durfee through Col. William Barton Chapter.


From Guilford Battle Chapel.

The Mecklenburg Signers and Their Neighbors. Worth S. Shackelford, pub. 1887.


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The Story of the Town of Rye, N. H. L. B. Parsons. 1905.


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Rhode Island

Following 2 books from Rhode Island D. A. R.:


The Genealogy and Biography of the Walda of America from 1830 to 1883. Joseph D. Will. 1883.

The Livingtons of Callender and Their Principal Cadets. E. H. Livington. 1913.

From New York D. A. R.

The History of the Women of Cleveland. Mrs. W. A. Ingham. 1893.

From Elizabeth R. Ingram Tisdale.

From Martha Durfee through Col. William Barton Chapter.

The Mecklenburg Signers and Their Neighbors. Worth S. Shackelford, pub. 1887.

The Lincolns of Virginia. John W. Wayland. 1946.
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

ING WALLS, Columbia, Garfield and Asotin Counties. 1906. From Esther Reed Chapter.

WEST VIRGINIA

Descendants of William Prichard. A. M. Prichard. 1912. From the author through West Virginia D. A. R.

A Sketch of the Life of Randolph Fairfax. Philip Slaughter. 1876. From Barboursville Chapter.


WISCONSIN


OTHER SOURCES

Information on the Kerley, Cearley and Carley Families of the South. William H. Carley. 1945. From the compiler.

A First Supplement to the 1922 Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members of the General Society of Colonial Wars. 2 parts. 1941. From the Society.

Counties of Warren, Benton, Jasper and Newton, Indiana. 1883. From Rensselaer Public Library through Indiana C. A. R.


The Shermans a Sketch of the Family History and a Genealogical Record 1570-1890. Roger Sherman. 1890. From Mr. T. W. Phillips, Jr.


PAMPHLETS

ARIZONA


ARKANSAS


CALIFORNIA


DELWARE

Constitution of the United States, 1787-1937. From Mrs. Eleanor B. Cooch, State Librarian.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA


From Mrs. R. Winston Holt.


From the compiler.

A Genealogical Record of the Eno Family. From Mrs. Addie N. Hallum.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA


FOLLOWING 2 PAMPHLETS FROM ARMY—NAVY CHAP.:

Family Tree of Jacob Garber of Augusta County, Va. and His Descendants, S. W. Gacher. 1919.

Augusta Lutheran Church, Trope, Pa.

Some Descendants of Six Pioneers from Great Britain to America. (Parker, Hall and Other Families.) Horatio N. Parker. 1940. From Miss Jeannette H. Parker.

GEORGIA

A Genealogy of Samuel Allen of Windsor, Conn. and Some of His Descendants. William S. Allen. 1876. From Mrs. Marian H. Wolf through Atlantic Chapter.

KENTUCKY


Following 2 pamphlets from Bryan Station Chapter:

Die Kolonie Bernstadt in Laurel County, Paul Schenk. 1939.


MAINE


MARYLAND

Perryville Methodist Church, Perryville, Church Directory 1938-39. From Captain Jeremiah Baker Chapter.

 MASSACHUSETTS

Following 2 pamphlets from Massachusetts D. A. R. in honor of Mrs. Frederick Glaster Smith, Librarian General:

Damon Memorial. Brazil M. Damon. 1897.

The Waterhouse and Other Families of Stroudsvater Village, a Suburb of Portland, Me. L. B. Chapman. 1906.

Descendants of Elisa Ware. F. W. Mann. 1896. From Massachusetts D. A. R. in memory of Mrs. Helen Allen Barlow.


From William Strong Chapter.

Following 2 pamphlets from Army -Navy Chapter:


A Sketch of the Life of Randolph Fairfax. Philip Slaughter. 1876. From Mrs. R. Winston Holt.

From Mrs. Carl A. Schafer.

Following 2 pamphlets from the Colonel Lowrey Chapter:


Meeting House Green Memorial, Hampton, N. H. 1929. From Old Stelly Chapter.

Needham 1711-1944. From Mrs. Fred L. Greely.

NEBRASKA


NEW JERSEY

Disappearing Landmarks of Woodbridge. A. E. Breckenridge. 1946. From Janet Gage Chapter.

The Early History of Norfolk and Madison County, Edward A. Landgraf. From Nancy Gary Chapter.

Following 2 pamphlets from Lewis-Clark Chapter:

First Methodist Church, Nebraska City 1852-1941. Nebraska the state of your Future.

NEW HAMPSHIRE


NEW YORK

Genealogical Record of the Eno Family. From Mrs. Addison Hepkins.


PENNSYLVANIA

Following 3 pamphlets from New Jersey D. A. R.:


The Early Days and Early Surveys of East New Jersey. William Rooman. 1882.

Memorial of Samuel Reed and Matilda Thomas Kendall. R. R. Kendall. 1936.

An Account of Perrin and Ellen Green and of Some of Their Descendants. A. S. Green. 1876.

Genealogy of the MacSweeney Family. J. M. Sweane.


The Ballard History from 1420 to 1903. 1903.


From Mrs. Carl A. Schafer.

Following 2 pamphlets from Mrs. George Waterhouse, State Librarian:


A Brochure on Old Tennent Church. 1922.

NEW YORK

Genealogical Record of the Eno Family. From Mrs. Addison Hepkins.


PENNSYLVANIA

Following 3 pamphlets from Elsie Murray, the compiler:

An Account of Percival and Ellen Green and of Some of Their Descendants. A. S. Green. 1876.

Genealogy of the MacSweeney Family. J. M. Sweane.


The Ballard History from 1420 to 1903. 1903.


From Mrs. Carl A. Schafer.

Following 2 pamphlets from Mrs. George Waterhouse, State Librarian:


A Brochure on Old Tennent Church. 1922.
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

OHIO
Early Marriages of Warren County. 1940-42. Compiled and presented by Mrs. Hazel S. Phillips.

PENNSYLVANIA
Following 4 manuscripts from Mrs. Mary O. Steinmetz & Mrs. Jacob V. R. Hunter:
- Plough Lutheran Cemetery, Berks County.
- Baptisms, Marriages and Deaths of Berks County Taken from Private Records of Rev. A. J. Herman.
- Schwartzwald Cemetery, Jacksonwald, Exeter Twp., Berks County.
- Records of Christ Episcopal Church, Reading. 2 vols.

VIRGINIA

OTHER SOURCES
Ancestors and Descendants of Urish Church, Jr. of Middlefield, Mass. 1946. Compiled and presented by Edward C. Smith.


GUIDES, Genealogical Research Guide to Principal Sources and Indexes. V. P. Pitoni. 1947. From the compiler.

Following 4 manuscripts from C. G. Jones:
- English Descent of the Ferebee Family.
- Summary of Lindsey Wills, N. C.
- Bray Family of North Carolina.
- The Record of Descendants of William and Mary (Hixon) Maine. From Mrs. Tasset C. Burgess.

Following 3 manuscripts compiled by Marion L. Driscoll and purchased from Hugh Vernon Washington Fund:
- Covina of Massachusetts.
- Bousell—Bousell or Bouswell Family, Bundys in America.

MAPS
Alabama
Following 9 maps from Peter Forney Chapter:
- Georgia Especially corrected Map of Alabama and Georgia showing Alabama and Georgia claims ceded in 1802.
- Carey's Map of Alabama Territory, 1814.
- The Traveler's Pocket Map of Alabama. Tanner. 1859.
- Map of Alabama by Greeneleef. 1814.
- Map of the City of Old St. Stephen's As It Appeared in 1853.
- Map of the City of Montgomery and Environs. S. E. Washburn. 1911.

An Original Map of Alabama in 1850.

Texas

Other Sources
Map showing positions of the American and French Fleets against the British in the Battle of Yorktown, Pa. 1781. From Capt. John T. C. Stapler, U. S. N.

PHOTOSTATS
New Jersey
Revolutionary Reminiscences of Camden County. 1876.

From Nassau Chapter.

New York
New York Smaller and Family Reminiscences. 1899. From New York D. A. R.

Historical Reminiscences of the McCulloughs and Their Colleagues. 1860. From Richmond County, Abraham Cole and Staten Island Chapters.

Following 2 manuscripts from Manhattan Chapter:

West Virginia
Obituary of Colonel Benjamin Wilson, Sr. as given in the Clarksburg Enquirer for December 13, 1827. From Miss Virginia Cork.

PERIODICALS
New York
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

MICROFILMS

ARKANSAS
1850, 1860, 1870 Census of Arkansas. From Arkansas
D. A. R.

ILLINOIS
Descendants of George Troxell of Pa. From Mrs. Estelle T. Fealey.

CONNECTICUT
Fifty dollars for purchase of books. From Connecticut
D. A. R.

MICHIGAN
Twenty-six dollars for purchase of books. From Michigan
D. A. R. in honor of Clara Hadley Wait, Vice President General.

MISCELLANEOUS

New York
Index cards to genealogical material in D. A. R. Magazines. Vol. 46. From Irondequoit Chapter.

GENEALOGICAL RECORDS COMMITTEE

BOOKS

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

INDIANA
Ancestry of Schuyler Colin Chapter Members, South Bend. 1946.

KENTUCKY
Who Was Who in Hardin County. 1946.

 MASSACHUSETTS

NEW JERSEY

OHIO

PENNSYLVANIA
Records of Reverend George J. Marts of Harrisburg 1856-1866. 1946. From Harrisburg Chapter.

PENNSYLVANIA
Menosite Cemetery of Aliverton, Westmoreland County. 1946.

TENNESSEE
Hubbs-Frost and Allied Families. 1946. From Nolachucky Chapter.

PAMPHLETS

ALABAMA

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Marriages, Church and Bible Records of Benton County, Oregon. 1947.

INDIANA
Genealogical Material in Indiana State Library for Indiana Counties. 1946.

MARYLAND
Sykes or Sikes Family. 1946. From Chevy Chase Chapter.

MASSACHUSETTS

NEW YORK
Families of Cortland County.

NEW YORK

ORYGON
Inventory of the County Archives of Oregon No. 2, Benton County.

VIRGINIA

WYOMING
Descendants of Hiram and Mary Phillips With Ancestors of John Solomon Gishler. Eva Mede Firestone. 1946. From Ilaya Kam Chapter.

WYOMING
Territory Mortality Schedules 1880. 1947. From Cheyenne Chapter.

MANUSCRIPTS

ALABAMA
Bible Record of Dr. Charles Knox & Mary Jane (Hails) Duncan of S. C. and Ala. 1946. From Peter Forney Chapter.

CONNECTICUT

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Bible Record of Nathaniel Warfield Wilson of Columbia, Boone County, Mo. 1946. From Our Flag Chapter.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Bible of Mary Pond of Wrenshall, Mass. 1946. Bible Record of Parrott Family. From Mrs. Irma H. Parrott.

INDIANA
Bible Records of Indiana Families. 1946. From Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter.

MARYLAND

MASSACHUSETTS
Descendants of Francis Curtis of Plymouth, Mass. 1946.

MICHIGAN

NEW YORK

NEW YORK
Bible Record of Porteus P. Starr and His Wife Eunice M. Mellen of McLean, N. Y. 1946.

NEW YORK
Bible Record of Russ Family.

NORTH CAROLINA
Lockhart, Chandler, Stambaugh and Allied Families. 1947. From John Foster Chapter.

TENNESSEE

MABEL J. SMITH,
Librarian General,
N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. Smith moved to ratify the action of the Executive Committee in raising the fee for use of the library to $1 per day for nonmembers. Seconded by Mrs. Goodfellow. Carried.

Mrs. Smith moved that the National Board of Management authorize the Treasurer General to pay for the 100 reprints of the Librarian General's report as published in the D. A. R. Magazine following the February National Board meeting. Seconded by Mrs. Oberholser. Carried.

The Curator General, Mrs. Harry C. Oberholser, read her report.

Report of Curator General

Coming to this Board meeting with a report of the work of the office of Curator General is always
Sometimes we wish that it were possible to bring you the good news of great gifts. Since our last report a great gift has come to the Museum. On the very day that the report for the February Board meeting was written, signed and ready to be read, the Museum office was honored to fill an engagement with the State Regent, Vice President General and the Room Chairman of Maryland. The occasion of this gathering was to examine the very unusual bequest that had come to their State, the presentation of a large Aubusson rug to be used in the Maryland State Room. This gift was the bequest of Mrs. Bonnie Lee Eichberg, a former member of the Conococheague Chapter, of Hagerstown, Maryland. It is precedent breaking that we have insurance placed on a single item amounting to $20,000, but it was in the case of this rug.

A very delightful bit of occupation for the Curator General during the past month was the reading of the reports of the State Museum Chairmen. It was astonishing how high the interest ran and how practical and satisfying the resume of the work was. The gifts in money were unexpectedly large, as the appended report will substantiate.

One of the wishes of this Museum officer is in process of becoming a reality, the completion of the film library. In the time since our last report, Miss Webster was able to acquire the services of the photographer who had made the first kodachrome films. Approximately 100 of our Museum treasures were selected and placed upon suitable backgrounds for photographing. Due to the fact that Miss Webster was suddenly called away from the city, the script for the films remains unwritten. We sincerely hope that in the new administration some one will take up that beautiful piece of writing and have the lecture ready for your chapters when the autumn work begins.

As the office now stands it is very much understaffed, and we do hope as have our predecessors for the past several administrations, that the cry - ins, need for more assistance for the Museum will be heard. Adequate help to carry on the important work of this growing and valuable collection is a necessity.

To the small, but very diligent staff we owe a deep debt of gratitude and real appreciation.

The gift list which follows covers the period from January 1, 1947 through April 19, 1947:

**MUSEUM GIFT LIST**

(January 1-April 19, 1947)

**ALABAMA**—Mrs. Samuel A. Wilson, Chairman. Princess Schey Chapter: $5.25.


**MAINE**—Mrs. Victor A. Binford, Chairman. Mary Dillingham Chapter: $1. Topsham-Brunswick Chapter: $5.


**MICHIGAN**—Mrs. Reuben N. Aspergren, Chairman. State Room gift: 2 books, Ottawawa Chapter.


**MONTANA**—Mrs. William O. Whitcomb, Chairman. Anaconda Chapter: $1.


**NEW JERSEY**—Mrs. Jesse G. Haydock, Chairman. New Jersey chapters through Early New Jersey Glass Fund: Cobalt blue sugar bowl and witch ball cover, blown glass bowl, Bergen Chapter: black lace fichu, Miss Helen Wright. $2. Cape May Patriots Chapter: $2. Captain Jonathan Oliphant Chapter: $1. Captain Joshua Huddy Chapter: $2. Chinkchewunksa Chapter: $5. Eagle Rock Chapter in memory of Mrs. Ethel Van Zandt Sullivan: Lowestoft plate and teapot, Castleford teapot and creamer, china figure of Prince Albert, plate, Delft teapot, Leeds pitcher and mug, lustre...


Ohio—Mrs. Roy H. Williams, Chairman. Through Jared Mansfield Chapter: 11 silver tea- spoons, bequest of Mrs. William Dice. Western Reserve Chapter: Currier and Ives picture, Mrs. C. E. Pitkin. State Room Gift: Ohio State Offi- cers’ Club, brass fender.


Mary F. Oehrholser, Curator General, N. S. D. A. R.

It was stated that the Reporter General to Smithsonian Institution, Mrs. William Horsfall, was in the city, but that her husband had suffered a severe heart attack and she would be unable to attend the meeting.

Mrs. Goodfellow moved that flowers and a note of love be sent to Mrs. Horsfall from the National Board of Management. Seconded by Mrs. Ober- holser. Carried.

The report of the Reporter General was filed.

Report of the Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution

The Forty-ninth annual report of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution,
To the Smithsonian Institution, has been printed by consent of the United States Senate, and is now ready for distribution at the Business Administration Office, fifty cents each.

The book is a condensed form of the Proceedings of the Fifty-fifth Continental Congress.

Several hundred copies have been printed as Senate Documents. The National Society, D. A. R., received 100 copies, for which $33.75 was paid. Others have been sent to Court Libraries and State Universities. At the Capitol and the Smithsonian Institution many are kept on file for history.

The act of incorporation defines the aims and purposes of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution: a precept, in part of Section 1 is: “to perpetuate the memory and spirit of the men and women who achieved American independence,” and “the preservation of the records of the individual services of Revolutionary soldiers and patriots.”

Locating the graves of the Revolutionary soldiers is a duty not only for ourselves, but an obligation to those brave men who gave their lives that freedom should reign in the United States of America. Each year, new graves are found. This 49th Report gives 1,691 graves located.

It is said, “nothing happens, unless first a dream.” Your Reporter General says, “Yesterday it was a vision, today a dream come true.” The National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution now has a card index of thousands of graves of Revolutionary soldiers finished to date; all duplications weeded out.

The index filing cabinet has been installed in the Business Office, Administration Building; the Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution, chairman. The card index is a permanent chronicle of graves of Revolutionary soldiers, and will prove to be a valuable contribution to posterity. Each card contains all available data of the birth, death, cemetery and record of service. A living history of the valiant men from whom we, the Daughters of the American Revolution, receive eligibility to membership in our great Society.

To the state historians who have assisted in this project, and Miss Janie H. Glascoc, chief clerk of the Business Office, N. S. D. A. R., sincere thanks and tribute is paid. Together we have effected an achievement, and look forward with hope and faith that the work will be continued until every grave is located, and data filed in the index.

In April, your Reporter General addressed the California State Conference, at San Francisco, where she was graciously entertained. Mrs. Charles A. Christin, state regent, charmingly presided.

At the Oregon State Conference your Reporter General was unanimously voted the distinction of Honorary State Regent. Also, a significant honor was given her when Coos Bay Chapter, of Oregon, her own chapter,光线 her name be placed on the Coos Bay Chapter tablet in the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge.

In closing this report, your Reporter General is grateful to those who have given assistance at all times. It has been a splendid and great experience—three years of precious privilege and duties to our great Society, as well as an honor. Her sense of responsibility has deepened as she tried to be worthy of the trust placed in her. It is her desire to extend sincere thanks and appreciation to our gracious President General, Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, who gave her the opportunity of serving on the cabinet of the National Society, and who so kindly honored her by placing the engraved plate on the card index cabinet, stating the years 1944-1947, and the name, Lydia Yoakam Horsfall (Mrs. William), the same as inscribed on her Certificate of Membership in the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Your Reporter General presents the following recommendations:

1. As the state regents and national chairmen write their reports for the Recording Secretary General, to be compiled in the Proceedings of Continental Congress, they send a condensed report to the Reporter General. The one who is editing the material is more aware than anyone else of the salient points she wishes included in her remarks. This would facilitate the work of the Reporter General.

2. It will be of great benefit to the individual states interested in establishing records for future years, if the state historians list all names and data of her state in the file of located graves at headquarters. This material may be increased in value by finding additional data which may be obtained from the state libraries, court records, etc., then published in book form. Several states have published such books which have financed the expense of the project and brought in additional money for the use of the State Society.

3. State historians he provided yearly with a copy of the current report to the Smithsonian Institution; leaving in state files.

4. The Act of Incorporation, under Section 3, is quoted: “That said Society shall report annually to the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution concerning its proceedings, and said Secretary shall communicate to Congress such portions thereof as he may deem of national interest and importance.”

From this document we learn of the importance of the office of Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution. She is in reality, liaison officer of the Society to the United States Government.

Pursuant to such office of special distinction, it is recommended the title, “Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution” and name of incumbent be placed on all programs, books, such as the Constitution and By-Laws and Handbook, immediately following the name of Organizing Secretary General. Further, at formal functions of the Society, the Reporter General be accorded this corresponding place in the line of officers.

Lydia E. Horsfall,
Reporter General to the
Smithsonian Institution,
N. S. D. A. R.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Manlove, read the recommendations of the Executive Committee.

Mrs. Smith moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 1 of the Executive Committee: That the National Board of Management recommend to the Continental Congress that as a memorial to Miss Clara Barton, who was a charter member, and who was responsible for the organization of the Spanish War Nurses, a gift of $5000 be authorized from the National Society, Daughters of the American
Revolution, to the Nurses National Memorial, if and when such a building is constructed; this sum is to include a suitable plaque placed in the vestibule honoring Miss Barton, the design, inscription, cost and placing of the plaque to be approved by a committee from the National Society. Seconded by Mrs. Oberholser. Carried.

Mrs. Throckmorton moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 2 of the Executive Committee: That the sum of $264 be given from the interest in the Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship Fund to Anita Huf for a scholarship at Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts. The future gifts will be determined from the amount accruing in this fund. Seconded by Mrs. Steele. Carried.

Mrs. Throckmorton moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 3 of the Executive Committee: That the sum of $264 be given from the interest in the Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship Fund to Anita Huf for a scholarship at Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts. The future gifts will be determined from the amount accruing in this fund. Seconded by Mrs. Steele. Carried.

Mrs. Lee moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 4 of the Executive Committee: That the National Board of Management recommend to the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress that forty-two thousand dollars ($42,000.00) be transferred from the Current Fund to the Reserve Fund for Maintenance of Properties. The amount of thirty-two thousand dollars ($32,000.00) (estimated cost) is transferred to this fund for the payment of the installation of the Central Heating Plant System in the building. Seconded by Mrs. Manlove. Carried.

Mrs. Haig moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 5 of the Executive Committee: That the National Board of Management recommend to the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress that fifteen thousand dollars ($15,000.00) be transferred from the Current Fund to the Pension and Retirement Fund. Seconded by Mrs. Manlove. Carried.

Mrs. O'Byrne moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 6 of the Executive Committee: That $275 be allowed from the Current Fund to complete purchase of census microfilm records. Seconded by Mrs. Manlove. Carried.

Mrs. Murray moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 7 of the Executive Committee: That an additional check in the sum of $500 be issued to the President General to take care of added expenses due to the necessary change in date of the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress from the week of April 19, 1947, to the week of May 19, 1947. Seconded by Mrs. Throckmorton. Carried.

Mrs. Creyke moved to amend Motion No. 16 by adding the words, "That the National Board of Management recommend to the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress." Seconded by Mrs. Vieth. Carried.

The motion as amended was then put to a vote and carried. (That the National Board of Management recommend to the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress that an additional check in the sum of $500 be issued to the President General to take care of added expenses due to the necessary change in date of the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress from the week of April 19, 1947, to the week of May 19, 1947.)

Miss Matthies moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 8 of the Executive Committee: That the magazine receive $3,000 instead of $2,500 for the printing of the minutes of the National Board of Management, effective immediately. Seconded by Mrs. O'Byrne. Carried.

Miss Matthies moved the adoption of Recommendation No. 9 of the Executive Committee: That the subscription price of the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine be increased from $2 per year to $3 per year, beginning July 1, 1947. Seconded by Mrs. O'Byrne. Lost.

Mrs. Steele moved that the National Board of Management recommend to the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress that the sum of $10,000 be transferred from the Current Fund to the Magazine Fund for financial assistance to the magazine. Seconded by Mrs. Haig. Carried.

Mrs. Lee moved that no pledge for memorials as outlined in the plan to build the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge be accepted after June 15th, and that no money be accepted for these memorials after June 30, 1947. Seconded by Mrs. Lambeth. Carried.

Mrs. Lee moved that the inscription on the corner-stone of Memorial Bell Tower be: "Erected by the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, President General, Mrs. Frank Edgar Lee, Historian General—1945"; and the inscription on the dedicatory tablet be: "Dedicated by the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, to those patriots of the Revolutionary War whose faith and courage won and established American freedom, and to those heroes of World Wars I and II who defended and preserved that blessed heritage to be held sacredly inviolate forever. Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge—1944-1947." Seconded by Mrs. Oberholser. Carried.

Mrs. Steele moved as a substitute amendment to Motion No. 22 that the corner-stone of the Valley Forge Tower be inscribed with the names of Mrs. William H. Pouch, President General, and Mrs. Frederick A. Wallis, Historian General, and the date April 13, 1944; and that the tablet of dedication be inscribed with the names of Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, President General, and Mrs. Frank Edgar Lee, Historian General, and the dates 1944-1947, with the following inscription: "Dedicated by the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution to those patriots of the Revolutionary War whose faith and courage won and established American freedom, and to those heroes of World Wars I and II who defended and preserved that blessed heritage to be held sacredly inviolate forever." Seconded by Mrs. Haig. Adopted.

The motion as amended was then put to a vote and carried.

Mrs. E. S. Lamers, of Texas, was recognized, and on behalf of the members of the National Board of Management who had served with Mrs. Talmadge during her administration, presented her with a beautiful watch, together with a memory book of signatures, which the President General received with warm words of love and appreciation.

Recess was taken at 1:00 p. m.

The afternoon meeting convened at 2:30 p. m., the President General, Mrs. Talmadge, presiding. Committee chairmen who report to the Board were excused as their reports were to be given to Congress. A report of the Editor of the magazine, Miss Elisabeth E. Poe, was filed.
May I offer my sincere thanks at the final Board meeting of this administration, first of all to Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, President General, who has been such a constant and helpful friend of the Magazine not only during her own administration, but for a score of years before that time. The Magazine has been uppermost in Mrs. Talmadge’s thoughts throughout her own administration and she has contributed one of its most popular and helpful features in her monthly messages during that time. May I also thank each and every member of the Board for their consistent interest in the welfare of the Magazine and their helpful suggestions.

I am deeply grateful to Mrs. Frank L. Nason, National Chairman, and adviser of the Magazine for all she has done to help me through the three years we have worked together with complete understanding and desire for the good of the Magazine, and its service to the organization.

May I include my sincere thanks also to Miss Bessie Bright, secretary to the Magazine and her assistant, Miss Sara Grove, and our publishers, Judd and Detwiler, and their Mr. Charles H. Cooke who has been constantly at our side to help us in any printing or publishing difficulty.

Before I close this card of thanks, as it were, may I be pardoned if I wish to include therein my sister, Mrs. Vylla Poe Wilson, who during my recent illness, from which I am now happily recovered, volunteered her professional skill and services in the planning, preparation and editing of the issues so that I was able to produce the editorial matter and publication each month on schedule.

Mrs. Nason in her report will give you the business details of the Magazine. Some of our publication difficulties of the war years are still with us, notably paper shortage and labor tie-up.

Judging from the present outlook the paper shortage should be relieved to a great extent by next fall, and relief on other shortages such as materials for making cuts is already in sight.

At the present from the editorial point of view the best assistance we can receive is more and more subscribers. The ideal is and will continue brighter in the better days that are to come in the national economic situation.

Until that time is here may I urge upon every member of the Board official takes the Magazine.

Our present circulation of around 12,000 in a Society numbering more than 150,000 members is truly a pitiful state of affairs.

Only good business management and careful watching of every detail of expenditure has enabled the Magazine to make ends meet with such a small subscription list. I hope things will be brighter in the better days that are to come in the national economic situation.

In closing, may I again extend to each and every one of you my sincere thanks and appreciation.

(Miss) Elizabeth E. Poe, Editor.
George Washington's Birthday was celebrated February twenty-second in Memorial Continental Hall. This celebration is always held under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution, Sons of the American Revolution, Children of the American Revolution and Sons of the Revolution. This year, the District of Columbia Children of the American Revolution presided. Honorable Tom C. Clark, United States Attorney General, was the speaker.

I want to express my appreciation to the State Regents owning rooms in Memorial Continental Hall for giving us the privilege of using their rooms for committee meetings during Continental Congress.

LOTTIE H. CALDWELL,
Chairman.

Mrs. Ober DeWitt Warthen, Chairman of the Special Committee to Study Junior Membership, read her report.

Report of Special Committee to Study Junior Membership

As chairman of the Special Committee to Study Junior Membership, I beg leave to submit its report.

The committee met May 14, 1947, at two o'clock in the Lafayette Room, Administration Building, with the following present: Mrs. Julius Y. Talmadge, President General; Mrs. William H. Pouch, Honorary President General; Mrs. W. J. Clearman; Miss Edla Gibson; Mrs. Furel R. Burns, Mrs. George C. Vietheer; Mrs. Frank L. Harris; Miss Olive Webster; Mrs. Chester Miller; and Mrs. Ober D. Warthen, Chairman.

After considerable discussion, the committee presents the following recommendations:

First, That the Committee to Study Junior Membership recommend to state and chapter regents that members of the Daughters of the American Revolution of so-called junior age—namely, 18 to 35—be given the opportunity, where advisable, of acting as state and chapter chairman and of holding state and chapter office; and that chapter regents recognize their responsibility for the harmonious working together of the junior and senior members of their chapters.

Second, That, since the junior members of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution have increased so rapidly, it seems wise that the Junior Membership Committee of the National Society conform to the regulations and practices of all other national committees.

INEZ SMITH WARTHEN,
Chairman.

Mrs. Warthen moved that the Committee to Study Junior Membership recommend to state and chapter regents that members of the Daughters of the American Revolution of so-called junior age, namely, 18 to 35, be given the opportunity when advisable of acting as state and chapter chairman and of holding state and chapter office; and that chapter regents recognize their responsibility in the harmonious working together of the junior and senior members of their chapters. Seconded by Mrs. Suttie. Carried.

Mrs. Warthen moved that since the junior members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution have increased so rapidly, it seems wise that the Junior Membership Committee of the National Society conform to the regulations and practices of all other national committees. Seconded by Mrs. Grimes. Carried.

Mrs. Suttie, of Georgia, moved that the Board disapprove the formation or recognition of any standing committee which does not conform to national committees. Seconded by Mrs. Byers, of Florida. Carried.

Mrs. T. B. Throckmorton read the report of the Special Committee to Survey the Rentals of Constitution Hall.

Report of the Special Committee to Survey the Rentals of Constitution Hall

This special committee was authorized by the National Board of Management at its meeting held in Atlantic City, May 18, 1946.

The purpose of the committee was to make a survey of the rental policy governing Constitution Hall and to formulate recommendations to be presented to the National Board at a later date, for ratification.

The committee has held three meetings, the first, October 14, 1946, the second, February 4, 1947, and the third, May 16, 1947. All meetings were held in the President General's Office in the Administration Building with all members present and including Mr. Fred Hand, Manager of Constitution Hall, Mrs. David D. Caldwell, Chairman of Building and Grounds, and Mrs. Hampton Fleming, Parliamentarian, as advisors, and the President General as an ex-officio member of the committee.

At the October 14th meeting, the history of the rental policy of Constitution Hall was reviewed, an interesting exchange of ideas was conducted, with all present contributing to the discussion. There was no formal action taken by the committee at its first meeting, all problems involved being held for further consideration.

The period between the two meetings was one of fact finding and observation by all committee members.

A letter including a questionnaire was sent to all State Regents by the committee chairman requesting that they express the feeling of their State, in so far as they were able, in regard to the future rental policy for Constitution Hall. Fifty replies were received and it is of interest to note that thirty-four indicated that the “White Artists Only” clause be retained in our rental contracts, ten favored deleting the clause but retaining the present policy and six were undetermined.

In the interim between meetings of the committee, the racial question in the District of Columbia ran at white heat. Listner Auditorium and the National Theatre were prosecuted for their policies of excluding the Negro and two committees were organized in the District of Columbia to study and take action on segregation as practiced there. Overwhelming action was taken by the Federation of Citizens Association in favoring separation of the races as the most logical relationship at the present time.

A bill is also before Congress, having been introduced by a New York Congressman, demanding to end segregation in the District of Columbia. The general feeling of the committee was that, if given time, the rental problem of Constitution Hall would solve itself through action of the citi-
zens of the District of Columbia or by Congress itself.

At the second meeting the findings of the committee were exhaustively reviewed, all members again added to the general discussion of the problems involved. Formal action was finally agreed upon and the following recommendation was formulated and passed unanimously:

Namely, "That the present established booking policy for Constitution Hall be maintained."

The committee has given a sincere and careful consideration to all problems involved and the above recommendation seems to it to be the best possible policy at the present time.

EDNA DUDLEY THROCKMORTON, Chairman.

Mrs. Throckmorton moved the acceptance of the report of the Special Committee to survey the rentals of Constitution Hall, namely, that the present established booking policy for Constitution Hall be maintained. Seconded by Mrs. Steele. Carried.

Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, Chairman, read the report of the Special Committee to Formulate Policy of Press Relations and Certain Standing Committees.

Report of Committee to Formulate Policy of Press Relations and Certain Standing Committees

Your committee has held three meetings since its appointment pursuant to act of the Fifty-fifth Continental Congress, such meetings occurring in October, 1946 and February and May, 1947. Upon these occasions, Mr. Tom Wrigley, Press Relations Adviser, and Mrs. John Bayley O'Brien, Chairman of Press Relations, outlined their plans, which your committee approved after a full discussion. While Mrs. O'Brien will no doubt present in a more complete form the results of the work of her committee, in its report to the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress, a resume sufficient for the information of the Board of Management is here given.

Reports from various sections of the country indicate that the expanded program for D. A. R. publicity has been and continues to be well received. The daily, Sunday and weekly releases are being used to good advantage by a large number of papers. Many of the large metropolitan newspapers are using daily and Sunday releases. Daily papers in smaller communities are finding space for good display of D. A. R. stories. It can be said at this time that the experiment or test of supplying weekly newspapers with stories has exceeded all expectations. Weekly newspapers are being used regularly. This new program is such a success that our Press Relations Committee has expanded the list of weeklies beyond the first covering of 337 weekly papers to nearly double that number. This list, it is believed, could well be enlarged to a total of at least 1,000 papers.

As a result of study of press relations and publicity reported at the special meetings of this reporting committee in October 1946, and February 1947, two important recommendations were made:

1. That D. A. R. members send letters of praise to editors who are cooperating with our Society and who are making good use of D. A. R. news material. It was pointed out that such letters will have a far-reaching effect and will be of great value to the work.

2. That D. A. R. publicity should be maintained throughout the summer months, even though local chapter activities are temporarily suspended. In other words, continuity of D. A. R. publicity should be maintained throughout the year. National releases on general subjects could be distributed to newspapers during June, July and August.

The Daughters of the American Revolution Press Digest, the first issue of which was distributed in February of this year, is designed to keep chapter regents and press relations chairmen informed as to D. A. R. publicity. It contains information on various subjects in which the D. A. R. is interested. The Digest is aiding and stimulating D. A. R. publicity in all phases. More than that, it is keeping Press Relations chairmen informed as to the policies of the National Society. The Digest is being issued on a monthly basis. It is sent to all members of the National Board of Management, all state and chapter regents and to all Press Relations chairmen. Thus the circulation will exceed five thousand.

Your reporting committee devoted definite attention to the activities of the Good Citizenship Pilgrimage Committee, which offers to the public high schools of the country the opportunity of teaching American citizenship by entering this Pilgrimage Contest. Your committee agreed that the qualifications of each good citizen should remain the same, namely, dependability, leadership, service and patriotism. Different minor problems of this committee can be cared for as they arise.

ESTELLA A. O'BYRNE, Chairman.

Mrs. Heywood, of Maine, moved that the report be adopted as the policy for the Press Relations Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Oberholser. Carried.

The Registrar General, Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, read her supplemental report.

Supplemental Report of Registrar General

Number of applications verified, 105.

Total number of verified papers reported to Board meeting today:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Originals</td>
<td>2,630</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplemetals</td>
<td>373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3,003</td>
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</tbody>
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ESTELLA A. O'BYRNE, Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. O'Byrne moved that the 105 additional applicants whose records have been verified by the Registrar General be elected to membership in the National Society, making a total of 2,630 admitted on this day. Seconded by Miss Matthies. Carried.

Mrs. Haig moved that 8 former members be
reinstated. Seconded by Mrs. Goodfellow. Carried.

The Organizing Secretary General, Mrs. Raymond C. Goodfellow, read her supplemental report.

**Supplemental Report of Organizing Secretary General**

My supplemental report is as follows:

The State Regent of North Carolina requests the appointment of Mrs. Margaret Hathaway Jones as organizing regent at Edenton.

Through the Illinois State Regent the following chapter is requested officially disbanded:


The following chapters have met all requirements, according to the National By-laws and are now presented for confirmation:

Dr. Thomas Walker, Barbourville, Kentucky.

Simon Kenton, Erlanger, Kentucky.

**EDNA B. GOODFELLOW,**

**Organizing Secretary General,**

**N. S. D. A. R.**

Mrs. Goodfellow moved the confirmation of one organizing regent, disbandment of one chapter, confirmation of two chapters. Seconded by Mrs. Steele. Carried.

Announcements were made of various meetings, round tables, and parties, to be held during Congress week.

The Parliamentarian, Mrs. Hampton Fleming, gave an informal report.

Mrs. Steele moved that a rising vote of thanks, love and appreciation be given our President General for her faithful and efficient three years' service to our organization. Seconded by Mrs. Throckmorton. Carried.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Manlove, read the minutes, which were approved as read.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Steele, gave the benediction.

Adjournment was taken at 4:00 p.m.

**MARJORIE R. MANLOVE,**

**Recording Secretary General,**

**N. S. D. A. R.**

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**INFORMATION CONCERNING DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE**

The subscription price is two dollars a year, with no special rate for two or more years.

All checks sent to headquarters must be made payable to “Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.” and sent to 1720 D Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Subscription blanks may be had without charge from the Magazine Office, 1720 D Street, N. W., Washington 6, D. C. Please state how many you need when ordering.

The office record of subscribers is kept by States only, not by chapters and the office therefore cannot give a list of subscribers from any given chapter.

Send changes of address two months in advance if possible. The old address must be sent as well as the new. Ask subscribers to use wrapper of last magazine received and write plainly thereon the new address.
THE regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, in the Board Room, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D.C., at 9:30 a.m., on Saturday, May 24, 1947.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Robert Keene Arnold, read from the 4th chapter of John, and offered prayer.

The Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America was given.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Edwin Stanton Lammers, called the roll, the following members being recorded as present: National Officers: Mrs. O'Byrne, Mrs. Patton, Mrs. Lee, Miss Matthies, Mrs. Latting, Mrs. Tompkins, Mrs. Townsend, Mrs. Chase, Mrs. Vaughn, Mrs. French, Mrs. Grimes, Mrs. Ingram, Mrs. Hussey, Mrs. Warthen, Mrs. Crist, Mrs. Patterson, Mrs. Rex, Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. McQuesten, Mrs. Graybill, Mrs. Sartell, Mrs. Welch, Mrs. Arnold, Mrs. Lamers, Mrs. Gardner, Miss Cook, Mrs. Rhoades, Mrs. Tyes, Mrs. Carwithen, Mrs. Friedson, Mrs. Sisler. State Regents: Mrs. Jacobs, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Lloyd, Mrs. Christin, Mrs. Crockett, Mrs. Hiland, Mrs. Skinner, Mrs. Clearman, Mrs. Byers, Mrs. Smith (Georgia), Mrs. Skillern, Mrs. Maury, Mrs. Burba, Mrs. Ink, Mrs. Shrewder, Dr. Jones, Mrs. Fair, Mrs. Heywood, Mrs. Nield, Mrs. Currier, Mrs. Miller, Mrs. Robbins, Mrs. Brewer, Mrs. Rowland, Mrs. Middleton, Mrs. Suttie, Mrs. Beaupreut, Mrs. Anderson, Mrs. Way, Mrs. Aspinwall, Mrs. Park, Miss Carraway, Mrs. Cook, Mrs. McMillen, Mrs. Snow, Miss Dentler, Mrs. Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Oliver, Mrs. Munnerlyn, Mrs. Robinson, Mrs. Hudson, Mrs. Morse, Mrs. Repass, Mrs. Hay, Mrs. Smith (West Virginia), Miss Goodwin, Mrs. Wilbur, Mrs. Curry, Mme. Bates-Batcheller. State Vice Regents: Mrs. Tran, Texas, Mrs. Moseley, England.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. Rex Hays Rhoades, gave the following report on membership: Deceased, 140: resigned, 52; for reinstatement, 16.

Mrs. Rhoades moved that 16 former members be reinstated. Seconded by Mrs. Ingram. Carried.

The Registrar General, Mrs. William V. Tyes, read her report.

Report of Registrar General

I have the honor to report 120 applications presented to the Board.

ETHYL M. TYNES,
Registrar General,
N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. Tynes moved that the 120 applicants whose records have been verified by the Registrar General be elected to membership in the National Society. Seconded by Mrs. Friedson. Carried.

The Organizing Secretary General, Miss Laura Clark Cook, read her report.

Report of Organizing Secretary General

My report is as follows:

The resignation of the State Regent of the Philippines, Miss Ruth Bradley Sheldon, has been received and the State Vice Regent, Mrs. Mabel R. Carlson automatically succeeds to the State Regency.

The resignation of the State Vice Regent of the District of Columbia, Mrs. Alexander Herbert Ruhl, has been received and her successor, Mrs. David L. Wells, of Washington, is presented for confirmation.

Through her state regent, the following member at large is presented for confirmation, as organizing regent:

Miss Anna Virginia Parker, Sanders, Kentucky.

The state regent of Florida requests the authorization of a chapter at Panama City, Florida.

The Jay Cooke Chapter, of Duluth, Minnesota, through its state regent requests permission to change its location to West Duluth.

The following chapters have met all requirements, according to our National By-laws and are now presented for confirmation:

El Redondo, Redondo Beach, California.

Edmund Randolph, Richmond, California.

LAURA CLARK COOK,
Organizing Secretary General,
N. S. D. A. R.

Miss Cook moved the acceptance of the resignation of one state regent, the resignation of one state vice regent, confirmation of one state vice regent, confirmation of one organizing regent, the authorization of one chapter, change in location of one chapter, confirmation of two chapters. Seconded by Mrs. Carwithen. Carried.

Mrs. Moseley moved that the N. S. D. A. R. Board send a note of regret to Miss Ruth Sheldon, State Regent of the Philippines, on her resignation. Seconded by Mrs. Wilbur. Carried.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Lamers, read the minutes of the Friday morning session of the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress, which were approved as read.

The President General stated that, in accordance with the By-Laws, the President General and Recording Secretary General would serve on the Executive Committee, and she appointed the following additional members: Mrs. Patton, First Vice President General; Miss Matthies, Third Vice President General; Miss Cook, Organizing Secretary General; Mrs. Rhoades, Treasurer General; Mrs. Tyes, Registrar General; Miss MacKin, Librarian General; Mrs. Carwithen, Historian General.

Mrs. Lee moved that the National Board of Management approve the appointments of the President General to the Executive Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Beaupreut. Carried.
The President General announced the appointment of the chairmen of the following committees: Finance Committee, Miss Laura Clark Cook; Auditing Committee, Miss Helen M. McMackin; Printing Committee, Miss Katharine Matthies.

Mrs. Patton moved that the following appointments of the President General be confirmed: Miss Laura C. Cook as Chairman of the Finance Committee; Miss Helen M. McMackin, Chairman of the Auditing Committee; and Miss Katharine Matthies, as Chairman of Printing Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Warthen. Carried.

The date of the October Board Meeting was set for October 16th, with the Executive Committee Meeting October 14th and State Regents’ Meeting October 15th.

A number of state regents extended invitations to the President General and other Board members to attend their state conferences this fall. They were asked to submit their dates to her office, and it was stated that a committee would try to work out an itinerary so that she might be able to visit each state during the three-year term.

The First Vice President General, Mrs. Patton, took the chair, while the President General went to carry the greetings of the Board to the meeting of the Children of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, Honorary President General, entered the meeting and extended her good wishes to the members of the Board, with a word of farewell to those who had served with her.

The question of the magazine was raised and referred, without motion, to the Executive Committee, which was to meet on Monday; as was the statement of Mrs. Wilbur, and others, urging that all possible help be given in the preparation of members in far-away places. The members of the Board were urged to see that any suggestions they might have, reached the Executive Committee for consideration at their meeting.

The President General resumed the chair.

Mrs. Lee moved that the customary benefits to the Police Boys’ Club, the firemen and service bands be given to them for their charities. Seconded by Miss Matthies. Carried.

Mrs. Rhoades moved that we continue, during this administration, the payment of $50 a month to Mrs. Elizabeth Luce as provided by the Executive Committee of October 12, 1940. Seconded by Mrs. Tynes. Carried.

Mrs. Rhoades moved that I former member be reinstated. Seconded by Miss McMackin. Carried.

Mrs. Ingram moved that a message of love and sympathy be sent to Mrs. Barrow, of Texas, because of the death of her mother. Seconded by Mrs. Warthen. Carried.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Lamners, read the minutes, which were approved as read.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Arnold, pronounced the benediction.

Adjournment was taken at 11:00 a.m.

MAYMIE DARNELL LAMMERS,
Recording Secretary General,
N. S. D. A. R.
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
(Organized—October 11, 1890)
MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL, 17th and D Streets, N. W., Washington 6, D. C.
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT—1947-48

President General
Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, Administration Building, 1720 D Street., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

1st Vice President General
Mrs. James B. Patton
1676 Franklin Ave., Columbus 5, Ohio

2nd Vice President General
Mrs. Frank Edgar Lee
415 7th St., Santa Monica, Calif.

3rd Vice President General
Miss Katharine Matthies, 59 West St., Seymour, Conn.

Vice Presidents General
( Term of office expires 1948)
Mrs. Howard A. Lattin
15 Oak Ave., Broadmoor, Colorado Springs, Colo.

Mrs. William Stark Tompkins
116 Hanover St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Mrs. Henry Wallace Townsend
7 East 65th St., Kansas City, Mo.

Mrs. J. Harold Grimes
739 E. Washington St., Martinsville, Ind.

Mrs. Frederick Brewster Ingram
1822 Bennett Ave., Dallas, Texas

Mrs. Leroy F. Hussey
20 Bangor St., Augusta, Maine

Mrs. Loren Edgar Rex
310 E. Elm St., Wichita, Kan.

Mrs. Bruce D. Reynolds

Mrs. Herbert E. McQuesten
104 High St., North Andover, Mass.

( Term of office expires 1949)
Mrs. Ober DeWitt Wartman
803 Church St., Vidalia, Ga.

Mrs. Otto H. Crist
7 E. Woodlawn Ave., Danville, Ill.

Mrs. Nathan Russell Patterson
1223 E. 27th St., Tulsa, Okla.

Mrs. Leo Carlisle Graybill
609 Third Ave. N., Great Falls, Mont.

Mrs. George Sartell
Box 1406, Jamestown, N. Dak.

Mrs. Walter Scott Welch
820 4th Ave., Laurel, Miss.

Chaplain General
Mrs. Robert Keene Arnold, Versailles, Ky.

Recording Secretary General
Mrs. Edwin Stanton Lammers
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General
Mrs. John T. Gardner
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Organizing Secretary General
Miss Laura Clark Cook
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Treasurer General
Mrs. Rex Hays Rhoades
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Registrar General
Mrs. William V. Tynes
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Historian General
Mrs. Van Court Carwithen
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Librarian General
Miss Helen M. McEackin
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Curator General
Mrs. Roy J. Frierson
1720 D St., N. W., Washington 6, D. C.

Reporter General to Smithsonian Institution
Mrs. Millard T. Sisler, 301 Wagner Road, Morgantown, W. Va.

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National Board of Management—Continued

State and State Vice Regents for 1947-1948

ALABAMA
State Regent—Mrs. Henry Grady Jacobs, Scottsboro.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Thomas L. Moore, Randolph St., Eufaula.

ALASKA
State Regent—Mrs. Robert Lavy, Box 827, Fairbanks.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Ethel Davis, F. O. Box 1583, Fairbanks.

ARIZONA
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Roland J. James, 819 N. 5th Ave, Tucson.

ARKANSAS
State Regent—Miss Marie Louise Lloyd, 4903 Woodlawn St., Little Rock.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Frank Geric, Arkadelphia.

CALIFORNIA

COLORADO
State Regent—Mrs. Charles T. Crockett, 316 W. 9th St., Pueblo.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Leich B. Putnam, 2674 Albion St., Denver, 7.

CONNECTICUT
State Regent—Mrs. Arthur Beecher Ivyland, 724 S. Main St., Torrington.

DELAWARE
State Regent—Mrs. Glen S. Skinner, 74 Auden St., New Park.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Glenn S. King, North Union St., Smyrna.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
State Regent—Mrs. Arthur Beecher Ivyland, 724 S. Main St., Washington 7.

FLORIDA
State Regent—Mrs. James F. Byrnes, 445 20th Ave., N. E., St. Petersburg.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. David M. Wright, RFD #1, Box 179, Bartow.

GEORGIA
State Regent—Mrs. Mark A. Smith, 241 Jackson Springs Rd., Shirley Hills, Macon.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Young Harris Yarbrough, Milledgeville.

HAWAII
State Regent—Mrs. Wm. Janney Hull, 2nd., 3027 Alapoli Place, Honolulu 30.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. John Edgar Walker, Box 83, Punaene, Maui.

IDAHO
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Paul C. Feddersen, Box 29, Kellogg.

ILLINOIS
State Regent—Mrs. Thomas Edward Macay, 842 Garfield St., Aurora.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Ferdinand J. Friedel, 149 S. Pennsylvania Ave., Belleville.

INDIANA
State Regent—Mrs. Furl Elkins, 608 Bond St., North Manchester.

IOWA
State Regent—Mrs. Raymond Peters In, Grange Gables, Mt. Vernon.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Eugene Henley, 1014 East St., Grinnell.

KANSAS
State Regent—Mrs. Roy Valentine Shurmden, Ashland.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Garland P. Ferrell, Ferrell Ranch, Burdine.

KENTUCKY
State Regent—Mrs. Winona Stevens Jones, 448 W. 3rd St., Lexington.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Bacon R. Moore, Harrodsburg.

LOUISIANA
State Regent—Mrs. Foy Caldwell Fair, 530 Louisiana St., Mansfield.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Charles M. Mitchell, 123 N. 6th St., Monroe.

MAINE
State Regent—Mrs. Roy Edwin Haywood, 201 Prospect St., Portland.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. James Glenn Perkins, 7 West St., Boothbay Harbor.

MARYLAND
State Regent—Mrs. Harry K. Nield, 2214 Kenmore Road, Baltimore 9.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Grant E. Roberts, 101 W. 29th St., Baltimore 18.

MASSACHUSETTS
State Regent—Mrs. Warren S. Currier, 64 Marlborough St., Newburyport.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Alfred Williams, 112 Stratiford Ave., Pittsfield.

MICHIGAN
State Regent—Mrs. Chester F. Miller, 1237 Owen St., Saginaw.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Walter C. Pomeroy, 1016 Oakland Ave., Ann Arbor.

MINNESOTA
State Regent—Mrs. Clyde Robbins, RFD #2, Tracy.

MISSISSIPPI
State Regent—Mrs. Edward Cage Brewer, West 2nd St., Clarksdale.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Harry A. Alexander, Box 711, Grenada.

MISSOURI
State Regent—Mrs. Claude K. Rowland, 4615 Maryland Ave., St. Louis 8.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Frederick A. Groves, 916 College Hill, Cape Girardeau.

MONTANA
State Regent—Mrs. A. G. Middleton, RFD #2, Tracy.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Thomas E. Leubsen, 924 S. Pacific St., Dillon.

NEBRASKA
State Regent—Mrs. James Cook Suttie, 9646 N. 30th St., Omaha 12.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Byron K. Worrall, 1225 E Street, Lincoln 8.

NEVADA
State Vice Regent—Mrs. F. C. Baily, 1229 Ralston St., Reno.

NEW HAMPSHIRE
State Regent—Mrs. David W. Anderson, 523 Bercor St., Manchester.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. Wendall Kimball, 44 Elm St., Lancaster.

NEW JERSEY
State Regent—Mrs. Palmer Martin Way, 6000 Pacific Ave., Wildwood Crest.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Ralph Well Greenlaw, 199 W. Englewood Ave., Wildwood Crest.

NEW MEXICO
State Regent—Mrs. Harry F. Aspinwall, 440 N. Herndon, Albuquerque.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. F. Marston, Box EE, Hobbs.

NEW YORK
State Regent—Mrs. James Grant Park, 429 Bronxville Rd., Bronxville.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Thelma Lee Brown, 214 S. Grand St., Utica.

NORTH CAROLINA
State Regent—Mrs. Cynthia Sprague Cramer, 7 Broad St., New Bern.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Mary Virginia Horne, 206 Green St., Wadesboro.
NORTH DAKOTA
State Regent—Mrs. Guy Cook, Carrington.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Harry J. Wienecke, 21 6th Ave., W. Dickinson.

OHIO
State Regent—Mrs. Frank O. McMullen, 518 W. Market St., Akron.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Earl B. Faggott, 524 W. Cherry St., Galion.

OKLAHOMA
State Regent—Mrs. Lewis L. Snow, 1501 8th St., Woodward.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Harry L. Whitsett, 1209 E. Broadway, Enid.

OREGON
State Regent—Mrs. Jeannette Isabella Dentler, 5732 S. E. Yamhill St., Portland.

RHODE ISLAND

SOUTH CAROLINA
State Regent—Mrs. Henry Jackson Munnelly, 506 W. Main, Bennettsville.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Byron Wham, Williston.

SOUTH DAKOTA
State Regent—Mrs. Charles Robinson, 909 St. Cloud St., Rapid City.

TENNESSEE
State Regent—Mrs. Thomas Francis Hudson, 76 Clark Place, Memphis.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. J. B. Bosman, Observatory Drive, Nashville.

TEXAS
State Regent—Mrs. Edward R. Barrow, 3402 Overlook Lane, Houston.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Frank Garland Trac, 710 W. Washington Ave., Sherman.

UTAH
State Regent—Mrs. Roy W. Robinson, Kentworth.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. E. A. Hall, 532 Center St., Salt Lake City.

VERMONT
State Regent—Mrs. Edwin A. Morse, Randolph.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Richard C. Southgate, 67 Maple St., White River Junction.

VIRGINIA
State Regent—Mrs. Everett L. Repas, Box 92, Salem.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Robert Duncan, 218 S. Fairfax St., Alexandria.

WASHINGTON
State Regent—Mrs. Alexander Hat, 1602 21st St., Longview.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Lawrence O. Miller, 6811 50th Ave., N. E., Seattle 5.

WEST VIRGINIA
State Regent—Mrs. Harry J. Smith, 1210 Ann St., Parkersburg.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Alexander Keith McClung, Sr., Box 28, Hartford.

WISCONSIN
State Regent—Mrs. Margaret Helen Goodwin, 745 Church St., Beloit.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Leland H. Banker, 811 S. 3rd St., Wisconsin Rapids.

WYOMING
State Regent—Mrs. Lee C. Stoverd, Mindle.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Fred Samuel Helte, 1007 Sheridan St., Laramie.

CHINA
State Regent—Mrs. Hollis A. Wilbur, 291 S. Marengo Ave., Pasadena 5, Calif.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Albert M. Dunlap, c/o Dr. A. W. Tucker, 99-a Jessfield Road, Shanghai.

CUBA
State Regent—Mrs. George A. Cebry, Calle Primera y San Antonio, LaLina, Mariano, Havanna.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Oscar Robert Casas, Paseo y 15, Vedado, Havanna.

ENGLAND

FRANCE
State Regent—Mme. Tryphosa Bates-Batcheller, Savoy-Plaza, 7, 9th Avenue, New York 16.
State Vice Regent—Mrs. Stephen Fitzgibbon, 166 W. 58th St., New York, N. Y.

CANAL ZONE
Mrs. George C. Chevalier, Box 476, Balboa. (Chapter Regent.)

PUERTO RICO
Mrs. George A. Stuckert, Nereidas Apts. 6a, Condado, San Juan. (Chapter Regent.)

GERMANY
Mrs. Joseph H. Shollenberger, 425 Fond du Lac Drive, East Peoria, Illinois. (Chapter Regent.)

ITALY
Mrs. Katherine Smoot Tuccimi, Via Taro, Rome, Italy. (Chapter Regent.)

HONORARY OFFICERS ELECTED FOR LIFE

Honorary Presidents General
Mrs. George Maynard Minor
Waterford, Conn.
Mrs. Russell William Magna
178 Madison Ave., Holyoke, Mass.
Mrs. William A. Becker
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