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MRS. FRANK L. NASON, National Chairman,
• Daughters of the American Revolution

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MY DEAR FRIENDS:

THESE are busy days at headquarters. Spring is in the air with signs of budding life in the parks and in the grounds at headquarters. Rushing to my office at 8:30 every morning, I have an irresistible impulse to linger under the spreading tree at the entrance of the Administration Building and watch the daily development of awakening life after the long winter sleep. However, many duties call me and with a last longing look, I follow the girls as they hurry to their tasks. The door is flung wide and we are given a hearty “Good morning” greeting by Mr. DePue, who guards well the entrances to our business offices. Cheery words pass among those in the corridors and quickly each one goes to her respective place of duty. Upstairs in my own bright office, the day’s work begins.

The members of the Executive Committee are in town on this particular day, as it is the third of February and in thirty minutes they will be gathering in my office to act upon the many problems affecting our work. Before they arrive, I would send you these words of greeting and tell you how eagerly I am looking forward to our glorious Congress, which will convene here in Washington in May.

Mrs. O’Byrne, our Registrar General, is my early companion each morning, for she, too, has numerous duties in her office, signing papers for hundreds of new members who were accepted by the National Board of Management on February 1st. These papers must be signed before the regular meeting of the Board on the fifth.

I would give you some advance information by telling you that since the Special Board Meeting in December, we have admitted over 1700 new members, including reinstatements and we are anticipating many more on February fifth in the supplemental report.

Then, too, you will be interested in the information I would give you regarding our Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge. I had an interesting meeting with the architect in Philadelphia a few days ago and he is now ready for the “green light” because we have on hand at this writing $76,748.30 cash. I am sure that all of you who have not had a part in this Building Fund up to the present time will rush your contributions immediately to the Treasurer General and notify the Historian General of your gifts. Every state and chapter should be represented in this National Shrine. There will be a separate section for every type of donor in addition to the Memorial Room, which will be dedicated to the Founding Fathers.

Then again I would urge your prompt attention to our other building project, the Auditorium-Gymnasium at Tamassee. I know this, too, will be finished before May comes around. My faith is so strong that there are no questions in my mind but that this will be done.

Our opportunities for service are unlimited. May the happy goal of attainment be reached for all that we have visualized.

The Officers are arriving and a busy day is ahead of us, a day consecrated to intensive study of various issues which arise constantly. So far, I feel that we have successfully made the grade and I ask your prayers for guidance and vision and faith that all will be well.

With my love to you and hoping to see many thousands of you at our Congress in May, I am

Faithfully yours,

President General,

N. S. D. A. R.
FLEET ADMIRAL ERNEST J. KING, U. S. N., was elected president of the Naval Historical Foundation for a period of three years at an annual members' meeting held recently in Washington, D. C.

The purpose of this organization is to foster patriotism and to increase the knowledge of American naval and shipping history.

(Continued on page 104)
John Paul Jones

BY VYLLA POE WILSON

THE whole world prepares to honor the memory of the Revolutionary War Naval Hero, John Paul Jones, on the 200th anniversary of his birth, July 6th of this year.

If the gallant Captain could return to see the honors paid him his heart would no doubt leap with joy to see the American Flag so proudly unfurled in many quarters of the world. The history of John Paul Jones and the American Flag are closely interwoven in the written history of this nation and in the hearts of the American people.

Poignant historical and patriotic memories will be aroused on July 6th of the gallant Captain who first hoisted the stars and stripes on the masthead of his ship, the Ranger. This flag was the first to receive a salute from a foreign nation. It was accorded this honor when the Ranger fired a salute to the French ship, LaMotte Piquet, in the waters of Quiberon Bay, February 14th, 1778 and had the salute returned with proper honors.

Captain John Paul Jones' heart must have almost burst with joy, for ever since he set sail from Portsmouth, New Hampshire, for France, charged with the duty of carrying the joyful news to Benjamin Franklin and the French that Burgoyne had surrendered, his burning ambition was that due respect and recognition be given the starry banner of the Free Nation flying to the breeze from his ship. Indeed, this action of the French Admiral in relation to this exchange of naval courtesies is written in letters of gold in the archives of this nation. For it emblazons on the walls of time France's recognition of America as an independent nation on the seven seas as well as on land.

No wonder this John Paul Jones, pioneer of sovereign rights of the American Navy and the American Flag at sea, uttered those oft repeated words, "The Flag and I are twins, Born the same hour from the same womb of destiny, we cannot be parted in life nor in death."

What rejoicing there must have been in Portsmouth when the news filtered back there. For months before the Ranger sailed the whole town was familiar with the dapper little man, dressed in his natty blue uniform with red facings, high white stock collar with ruffles at the throat and scarlet waistcoat edged with lace. The townsfolk used to gather to greet him and to comment and perhaps smile a bit at the great flat yellow buttons on his coat with the button-holes worked with threads of gold. They respected and liked him, for his ambitions were as fine as his clothes as he hurried forth each day to see about the final touches to the Ranger, on which he was commissioned to set sail on such momentous business.

The ladies of Portsmouth cut up their own silk dresses and petticoats and worked hard fashioning an American Flag which was to bring such glory to John Paul Jones and his good ship the Ranger and to his country.

Patriotic American women have been present at raisings of many American flags since but it is doubtful if there has ever been a prouder or more enthusiastically patriotic group than those who had stitched with finest care the red and white stripes of silk and the gleaming stars of the flag for the Ranger.

On a fateful day of October they were invited aboard the Ranger to see their Flag hoisted to the masthead.

Capt. John Paul Jones and his brave ship had achieved the ultimate of their ambition when the English ship Drake hauled down the scarlet British Flag and surrendered to Capt. Jones and was towed by the Ranger into France's harbor at Brest. This was the first time an English ship had struck her colors to the "Stars and Stripes".

Naval officers of all epochs of Naval history and far-seeing ones who have in their hands the training of the American youth who will take the places on decks of our mighty fleet have all read and still read the story of John Paul Jones.

Therefore it is not surprising that at the approach of the 200th birthday of this great sailor that the authorities of the Naval Academy at Annapolis are giving serious and earnest consideration to the marshaling of the facts in regard to the birth and
life of John Paul Jones. They are preparing to issue a specially detailed chronology of John Paul Jones. Rear Admiral James L. Halloway, Superintendent of the Academy, explains that the chronology is based on many unpublished manuscripts and letters at the Naval Academy Museum. This will be issued as a source book as part of the Academy's contribution to the observance of the 200th anniversary of the birth of John Paul Jones.

This is being compiled by Captain E. John Long, formerly of the National Geographic Society's staff and is being edited by Captain H. A. Baldridge, USN (Retired), Curator of the Naval Academy Museum.

Captain Baldridge has made a lifetime study of papers and documents concerning John Paul Jones. He has uncovered documentary evidence of the exact birth of John Paul Jones confirming July 6, 1747, as the exact birth-date of this Revolutionary War Naval hero who gave our Navy its first traditions of Heroism and Victory.

This date, according to Captain Baldridge, has long been accepted, but not proved, as the time he was born at Arbigland, in the parish of Kirkbean, and stewartry of Kirkcudbright, in southwestern Scotland. The significance of Captain Baldridge's research, made at the request of the Navy's Director of Public Information, Commodore Ernest M. Eller, USN, lies in the fact that 1947 marks the Bi-centennial of Jones' birth. Plans for a formal celebration of the Bi-centennial have not yet been completed but a Senate resolution was introduced by former Senator George L. Radcliffe of Maryland and passed on the last day of the 79th Congress.

In confirming the exact date Captain Baldridge first set the year at 1747, through a quotation from a letter written in 1779 by Jones himself to Baron M. Vander CapeIlan, which states: "America has been the country of my fond election from the age of thirteen, when I first saw it." From other sources it has been definitely established that the youthful Jones sailed for the Colonies from Whitehaven, England, in the Friendship, to visit his brother William at Fredericksburg in 1760.

Following this voyage he spent several years in or around Fredericksburg, additional evidence being a receipt for "sixteen barrels of flour," signed at Fredericksburg, 22 Sept. 1762, when he was fifteen years old. The receipt, incidentally bore the signature "In Paul," because Jones did not assume the surname by which he is known to history until shortly before the Revolutionary War, when he offered his services to the infant Navy of the new nation.

The exact date of his birth does not appear, however, in any of Jones' prolific writings. It turned up in a chance remark, made as an annotation to the so-called "Sands edition" of "Life and Correspondence of JOHN PAUL JONES, including his Narrative of the Campaign of the Liman, from original letters and manuscripts in the possession of Miss Janette Taylor. Stereotyped by A. Chandler, New York: 1830." It is now known that this early biography was edited by Robert Charles Sands.

Miss Taylor, niece of John Paul Jones, throughout her lifetime jealously guarded against every misstatement of fact in connection with her uncle's life, and, according to Captain Baldridge, always did so successfully and with original manuscripts.

Shortly after the New York edition of Sands' work appeared—there was also an earlier one published in Scotland—Miss Taylor went through it and made copious annotations in her own handwriting where she thought Sands had taken liberties with the facts, or where amplification or comment seemed necessary.

Fortunately Miss Taylor did not confine her remarks to the text alone. It is a single criticism of an engraving of Jones, by J. W. Paradise, that gives us the means of determining his birthdate. Indignantly she protests about this frontispiece: "... it is even too old, making every allowance for his mode of life, for a just representation of his appearance at the time of his death, he was then only 45 years and 12 days." Captain Baldridge is of the same opinion, adding that the portrait could be of anyone except Paul Jones!

History records that Paul Jones died in Paris on July 18, 1792, and subtracting 45 years and 12 days from the date of his death gives exactly July 6, 1747, as the date of his birth.

This annotated edition of Sands' work, at present owned by the Cornell University Library, Ithaca, N. Y., was borrowed by the Curator of the Naval Academy Museum a number of years ago when photostatic
copies of all of Miss Taylor’s annotations were made by permission. The handwriting has been authenticated by Jared Sparks, President of Harvard, as well as by Captain Baldridge, who is familiar with Miss Taylor’s autograph on other documents.

“I feel quite sure that the date of John Paul Jones’ birth, July 6, 1747, should no longer be in doubt,” Captain Baldridge has informed the Navy Department.

No adventure story is more dramatic with boyish heroism than that of John Paul Jones. When, as a lad of twelve, he left the home of his Scotch gardener father to follow the sea, his star of destiny led him far up the pinnacle of fame and to a special place in the hearts of Americans. The stalwart lad became an officer at seventeen and a Captain in the British merchant marine at twenty.

No doubt he was intrigued by the spirit of the early Americans when he first stepped foot on our shores and then went to historic Fredericksburg, Virginia, home of many a Colonial worthy, with the intent in his mind of settling the estate of his brother. Perhaps he also wanted to seek his fortune in the new world like many another sea-faring young man of his time. He was caught in the whirlwind of the rising tide of American love of liberty and threw in his lot with the patriots and became imbued with the fire of their martial spirit.

Soon he was the proud possessor of a commission from Congress as a Naval Lieutenant at the age of twenty-eight. It was General Jones who secured this commission for the young man and out of gratitude John Paul added Jones to his name. On the very day that John Paul Jones became Lieutenant he took his place on the Alfred and his commander, Ezek Hopkins, was made Commander-in-Chief of the Navy and Dudley Saltonstall the Captain of the Alfred. The Alfred was the Flagship and it was Lieutenant Jones who raised the Flag of yellow silk, printed in bold letters of red “Don’t Tread on Me” to the masthead. He was proud indeed that his hand had been the first to hoist a naval ensign on one of the ships of the tiny navy.

No doubt John Paul Jones also had a hand in flying the flag of Washington’s first army, the Grand Union Flag on the Alfred when in the year 1776 the Flagship and a small squadron sailed out of Delaware Bay into the Atlantic Ocean. The Commander’s Flag of yellow silk fluttered from the masthead and on the jackstaff a small jack, the striped rattlesnake flag of the militia, waved in the breeze.

The squadron was bound for the Bahamas, for Washington needed the powder in the British Fort at Nassau. This expedition took courage and no one on board had more than John Paul Jones, who knew the reefs and waters of the Bahamas well. He climbed high to the foretopmast, with the pilot hanging perilously to the rigging, to guide the little fleet into the harbor where they could train their guns on the Fort. Written high in the annals of our history is the story of how the marines on the ships landed, stormed the fort, captured one hundred cannon, stores of powder and shot, and even took the British governor a prisoner. The joys of victory which so often surrounded John Paul Jones during his life must have tasted sweet to the young Lieutenant who had used his knowledge and skill to guide the craft and make this expedition successful and to thus secure for Washington the much needed arms and ammunition.

Then came the day as commander of the Ranger. When the Ranger was ordered home from France, Captain Jones remained there, as Benjamin Franklin had promised him command of some ships he was fitting out and with true Franklinism made good his promise.

So once again Captain John Paul Jones set sail with the American Flag flying from the masthead of his Flagship. This time it was the Bon Homme Richard, an old French merchant ship named in honor of Poor Richard’s Almanac, which has added so much to Franklin’s literary fame.

In September, 1779, the little fleet commanded by John Paul Jones ran in with a British Man O’War protecting merchant ships. Jones gave the order to his fleet to fire and put his own ship into the fray against the largest and fiercest of the British ships, the Serapis. The battle was a terrific one, the ships exchanging broadside after broadside. The brave men of the Richard, inspired by John Paul Jones, ran up the riggings and fired down upon the decks of the Serapis. Dauntless Jones responded to the call of the Commander of the Serapis, “Have you struck yet?” with
“I haven’t begun to fight”, emphasizing his words with a broadside. The Richard was on fire but the spirits of Jones and his men were not quenched. They rushed with buckets of water and put out the fire. Although Richard was leaking badly they fought on until the officers on the Serapis were dead or wounded. At last the Commander of the Serapis surrendered and John Paul Jones took possession of the ship, another laurel in his wreath of naval victories.

The Richard was sinking fast so the wounded and prisoners were transferred to the Serapis. When the Richard was in its last throes of existence in the early morning, John Paul Jones and his men stood at salute on the decks of the Serapis until they saw the Richard dip her bow into the deep blue waters and disappear under the waves with the United States Flag, made by the ladies of Portsmouth, waving bravely from the masthead.

Four years after the end of the Revolutionary War, Captain John Paul Jones came back to America. In 1787 Congress voted him a gold medal and he made a triumphant journey from city to city where he was hailed as a hero. George Washington himself and Benjamin Franklin welcomed him at the Constitutional Convention.

John Paul Jones died in Paris on the 18th of July, 1792. He was mourned by France and America and his fame has grown steadily brighter with the years.

It is of great satisfaction to all Americans that more than a century after his death, after an exhaustive search, General Horace Porter found the grave of John Paul Jones in a small obscure cemetery in Paris which had become a dump heap. The identification was not difficult because the body was remarkably well preserved, having been hermetically sealed in a leaden coffin filled with alcohol. The story of how the remains of this great Naval Hero was brought back to the country he served so well is an epic in our archives. He was reinterred with appropriate ceremonies among the great of the Navy at Annapolis. His tomb has been visited by thousands since and the spirit of John Paul Jones has inspired the dreams of service and victory of many a bright-eyed midshipman at Annapolis.

Fleet Admiral Ernest J. King

(Continued from page 100)

The Naval Historical Foundation collects and maintains a library of valuable books, documents, log books, letters, etc., and owns one of the largest collections of pictures and relics of naval interest in the country.

It is the intention of the Foundation that the accessions shall be made available to, and part of the projected naval museum, and of other like exhibits.

As funds permit, rare pamphlets, papers and charts are reproduced by the Foundation to make source materials more easily available in its own and other libraries. Illustrating this, is the facsimile of the Navy’s first regulations: “Rules for the Regulation of the Navy of the United Colonies of North America”, issued in 1775. This was taken from the only known copy, that which is now in the Yale University Library.

Another publication is the “Early History of the U. S. Revenue Marine Service” by Captain Horatio Smith of that service. Still a third, is a hand colored reproduction of a rare French engraved map showing the naval and military situation at Yorktown in 1781.

The Foundation has been fortunate in obtaining many unique historical naval and merchant ship pictures and relics. Stored in security during the war, they will eventually find suitable display in naval museums and libraries. A number of fine old sea paintings and portraits of naval officers have been saved from possible destruction by time and man through the efforts of the Foundation. Expert repair and cleaning have resulted in their preservation. The Foundation’s painting of Captain Stephen Decatur and Midshipman Thomas Macdonough capturing a Tripolitan gunboat in 1804, is an example of its fine collection. It now hangs in the office of the Secretary of the Navy.

Filling in the record of the many splendid deeds of the Navy and the Merchant Marine is the patriotic mission of the Foundation.
SIGHTSEEING! A wonderful adventure is for humans! To see sights unseen before; to ponder on the scope of what lies in back of, and beyond the walls of great structures—that is exploit of the imagination which carries one into the realm of the unknown, and thus begets a certain fascination for the workings of man’s mind.

In the City of Washington, down the broad and beautiful expanse of that stretch of lower Seventeenth Street, lying adjacent to the White House, one is impressed with the spacious settings of the magnificent buildings—each one set apart, in cool detachment, as it were, upon a city block, with parkway opposite. Crossing historic New York Avenue, first in line stands, in dignity, the Corcoran Gallery of Art, which seems to beckon, with imposing finger, to enter and behold the treasures within; the American Red Cross headquarters is next in line on this interesting street. A huge red cross emblem emblazoned over the entrance, tells to the world its own story of aid to humanity.

Of attention-arresting importance to the passer-by are the three magnificent buildings owned by the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution. These three buildings, Memorial Continental Hall, Administration Building and Constitution Hall, occupy one city block; are of marble and limestone construction, and of monumental dimensions.

Memorial Continental Hall proudly faces on Seventeenth Street, spending the seasons of its years looking, seemingly, upon the changing scenes of Nature in the parkway opposite. Its architectural beauty is reflected in the hues and dramas of the greens of Summer, the shades of Autumn, the tenderness of Spring, and the icy bleakness of Winter.

Pausing for a moment to reflect upon the activity of this American institution, built by women, whose beauty of home captivates the imagination, we perceive that the prowess of the program of this Society for Americanism is as mighty as the very rise of their impressive buildings.

Organized 56 years ago, by a few women with vision, making educational, historic and patriotic aims as its objectives, the Society, we are told, now numbers over 155,000 American women, with over 2500 chapters in all States and in foreign and territorial possessions.

Speaking of the educational trend of their work, from this pivotal point we are transferred in fancy, to the land of the Southern mountains, where at Tamassee, South Carolina, is located the Tamassee D.A.R. School, and at Grant, Alabama, is the Kate Duncan Smith School both plants entirely owned and maintained by the Daughters of the American Revolution. Here, sunshine and encouragement is brought into the lives of countless numbers of children of the Southern Mountain regions, through proper educational facilities at these two institutions, both of which are celebrating their 25 years of service to their respective communities.

Outstanding in the patriotic scope of its work, is to be noted the Society’s program during the war years, when from voluntary contributions, they gave to the United States Armed Forces medical equipment, recreational outfits for physical therapy and mobile vehicles, totalling approximately $450,000.00.

Noteworthy in the historic line is the Society’s present project to reach a $100,000.00 goal by May of this year with which to erect the Memorial Bell Tower to permanently house the bells of the Great Washington Memorial National Carillon at Valley Forge. It is of interest likewise to know that most of these 49 bells in the Carillon were gifts made by the State Societies of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Remember, dear stranger, you are but passing. You observe and comprehend but part of the picture. There are other facts and figures to give forceful information. We hope you will return later.
Oriental China for the Occident Part II. American Lowestoft

BY GLADYS HUNKINS WEBSTER, Curator

THE battle smoke of Yorktown floated away in beckoning, unfurled sails, and the last fateful volley's din soon became the din of hammers—hammers building new ships for new America's merchant marine. With swift and keen insight the young country realized that a political without an economic victory was not independence to the full. Unless America's own ships traded at Canton the English Honorable East India Company would still enjoy a monopoly—on tea!

The "Empress of China," formerly a swashbuckling privateer, now with official letters from President Washington, was the pioneer in Oriental trade, sailing from New York on Washington's birthday, 1784. She was followed by many sister ships, and in the subsequent 60 years, 520 voyages to Canton were recorded, plus those to other Eastern countries. Massachusetts was in the lead, New York second. Ships of Salem's Elias Hasket Derby, "the greatest shipping prince of New England," in 13 years made 45 voyages.

The Yankee penchant for "swapping" stood many a captain and supercargo in good stead. As the hard money welcome at Canton was not too plentiful, Americans developed a three-way trade-barter system. Routing their ships around Cape Horn, they landed on our American Northwest coast for fur trading, thence to the South Sea Islands where they bought sandalwood, tortoise shell, etc. These items and the furs, together with iron, casks of wine, silver dollars, candles, ginseng root from the woodlands of New England and New York were all acceptable to the Chinese who, for the return ship's cargo, furnished in trade their exotic teas, spices, preserved ginger, silks, nankeens (cotton cloth), ivory, lacquer, and Oriental Lowestoft. The home-bound voyage was via the East Indies and the Cape of Good Hope—truly a great trip for a little ship. But the trade with China became, in the late 18th century, the most important of all American foreign business contacts, surpassing in prestige even that of the mighty English Honorable East India Company.

The Chinese Lowestoft imported for our tables was decorated to American order, or for the general Western market. Through the years, favorite designs of the latter were the ever cherished blue and white "diningsets" identified in both Europe and America as Nanking (Nankin or Nankeen), Canton, and Fitzhugh, still to be seen in the great china rooms of Salem's merchant princes, and in the White House—George and Martha Washington's own Nankin.

Second only to the blue and white in popularity was floral Oriental Lowestoft, so assured of Western purchasers that special orders were not essential on the Cantonese books. "Lowestoft," hyphenated with the names of all the great European countries, becomes of unique interest to us in association with America—American Lowestoft, the Chinese porcelain of the late 1700s and early 1800s made at Ching-teh-Chen and decorated there, or more frequently at Canton, for the American market. Outstanding designs are American marine scenes, American historical subjects, society emblems, state and United States arms—America's history immortalized on the Chinese Lowestoft for which her ships sailed the seven seas.

Illustration note: Sauce tureen of a large "diningset" ordered, according to tradition, by John Paul Jones. Financial reverses made the final acquisition impossible and the service was purchased by Col. John P. Decatur.
Fifty-sixth Continental Congress

The Fifty-sixth Continental Congress will be held May 19th to 23rd, inclusive, in Constitutional Hall, and will be our first Congress there since 1941. As the hotels in Washington were unable to accommodate our delegates and visiting members during the month of April the Hotel Association requested, and our National Board of Management has concurred, that we hold our Congress in May when accommodations will be available.

We follow the schedule of former years by opening the Congress on Monday night and shall rejoice in again receiving the inspiration that comes during the entrance of the National Officers and the Pages when the large American flag unfurls from the ceiling and flutters to a stationary point above the President General.

For this opening meeting we have engaged a prominent speaker and an excellent soloist and again our Good Citizenship Pilgrims will be presented.

Tuesday morning will be devoted entirely to the reports of National Officers, followed by the Memorial Service for departed members. The afternoon will be free for luncheons, meetings, dinners and other functions and at 9:00 p.m. the President General, National Officers and State Regents will hold a reception in Constitution Hall.

During the meetings of Wednesday and Thursday the reports of National Chairmen will be given, twelve of which will be augmented by speakers, music and pictures. Nominations of candidates for National Office will be made Wednesday evening and voting will take place on Thursday. The State Regents will report on Thursday night, also the Chairman of Tellers.

The Congress will close Friday noon after the conclusion of reports and the installation of newly elected officers. That afternoon the very gracious First Lady will receive our delegates at the White House at 3:30 o'clock and that evening we will enjoy a homecoming banquet at the Mayflower Hotel.

A pilgrimage to Valley Forge is being arranged for the Sunday preceding the Congress.

PROGRAM FORECAST

**MONDAY—MAY 19**
- 1:30 P.M.—National Defense Meeting
- 8:30 P.M.—Formal opening of Congress

**TUESDAY—MAY 20**
- 9:30 A.M.—Reports of National Officers
- Memorial Service
- 9:00 P.M.—President General's Reception
- 10:00 P.M.—Pages' Dance—Mayflower Hotel

**WEDNESDAY—MAY 21**
- Business meetings morning and afternoon
- 8:30 P.M.—Nominations

**THURSDAY—MAY 22**
- Voting—Business meetings morning and afternoon
- 7:30 P.M.—State Regents' Reports

**FRIDAY—MAY 23**
- 9:30 A.M.—Business meeting and Installation of Officers
- 3:30 P.M.—White House Reception
- 7:30 P.M.—Home-coming Banquet—Mayflower Hotel

HELEN M. McMACKIN,
Chairman of Program.
Committee Reports

National Defense

When this issue reaches you the Year's work is drawing to a close. The yearly reports of both Chapter and State Chairmen have been compiled. In retrospection we review our achievements; in anticipation we see what can be accomplished in the coming year. With the interest of this program foremost in mind should we not resolve that greater force will be exerted in our Chapters for our program of National Security and Protection? What can your Chapter do to strengthen the program in your state? There are goals to be attained! There are challenges to be met!

Chapter Chairmen—As you sum up the Year's work will you have a scrapbook of information to transmit to your successor? Background material is essential to develop a comprehensive understanding of the scope of the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The results of the study made throughout the year on questions of national and international importance, have been summed up in the resolutions adopted at our State Conferences. Many of these will be considered at our Continental Congress. The Resolutions adopted then become the policy of our Society.

Annual Meeting—We are looking forward to meeting you at 1:30 Monday afternoon, May 19 at Constitution Hall where our program will be held. It will be streamlined for time, so the discussions will be held at a breakfast in the Mayflower Hotel, Thursday morning, May 22. Send reservations ($2.00) to the National Defense Committee, Attention Mrs. George B. Hartman, 1720 D Street, N.W., Washington 6, D. C.

Thomas Alva Edison, Pioneer of the Motion Pictures

Even those of us who remember the youth of the motion picture—it was born scarcely half a century ago—have almost forgotten the flickering shadows of an earlier era and the lengthened shadows of the pioneers who made the modern motion picture possible. This year marks the Centennial celebration of the birth of Thomas Alva Edison—the man whose aim was “to make a machine which would do for the eye what the phonograph did for the ear”; the man to whom today’s movie-goers owe a great debt.

It was Thomas Edison who took the individual discoveries of other men, welded them together and made them work. With the invention by George Eastman of a flexible film, Edison was able to perfect the movie-camera, and pave the way for the taking of the first motion picture. The Edison plant, moreover, was the birthplace of the first motion picture that talked.

Edison's first studio in West Orange, New Jersey, was called “The Black Maria.” It was made of black tar paper, and set on a platform which revolved so that the stage could be kept in sunlight. In other words, the camera could not move, so the entire studio did so. His early pictures, only a few seconds in length, were projected in a “kinetoscope,” a peep show type of apparatus through which one person at a time could see what was going on. It was not until several years later that pictures were flashed on a screen so that a sizable audience could view them simultaneously.

The theatre patron of 1900 took for granted wavering film, exaggerated gestures and improbable plot. He was fascinated by the mere fact of pictures that actually moved across a screen.

Now, the miracle has grown up. It has matured well beyond its early promise. Today we expect perfect photography and authentic acting. We are critical of stories that stretch credulity. The screen has found its voice, and speech supplements gesture. Instead of the tiny piano which hammered out HEARTS AND FLOWERS or the OVERTURE from William Tell, we have excellent background mood music.

The camera and projector have brought technicolor very close to perfection in such widely different films, for example, as SIN-BAD-THE-SA-LOR, and THE YEARLING. SONG OF THE SOUTH brings cartoon animation to a new peak of artistry. The technique of STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
makes two worlds real to our imaginations, a feat which could be accomplished through no other medium than that of the motion picture.

It is startling to realize that only half a century has marked these improvements in a new art. A thousand skills, a myriad of crafts have gone into the modern product we now know as the motion picture. But the art, itself, was made possible by the vision and genius of Thomas Alva Edison, the hundredth anniversary of whose birth we celebrate this year.

MARION LEE MONTGOMERY
(Mrs. LeRoy Montgomery),
National Chairman Motion Picture Committee N. S. D. A. R.

Junior American Citizens Committee

THE Arizona State Chairman, Mrs. Du-Bree, writes that one of her colored clubs is the only one that went right through the war without disbanding, the Corpus At-tucks. It is now seven years old and sponsored by the eighth grade Teacher, who was a student under that wonderful educator, Dr. Carver, and who holds a Masters degree. She has stressed parliamentary law and good citizenship. These groups are making scrap books on the achievements of their race and one of them will be on display at our J. A. C. exhibit during Continental Congress in May.

Mrs. Adams, the State Chairman of Texas, writes that she has been visiting the clubs in San Antonio and is most impressed with the ease with which the little Presidents conduct their meetings, with reports from Committee chairmen on safety patrol, playground courtesy, etc. and the ritual and songs are well done. One school principal told her that the J. A. C. clubs had improved playground discipline more than anything he had tried and he would like a club in every room in his school.

Well! that is our goal too! It only takes a little of your time to talk to the Principals and receive their cooperation but it means that THOUSANDS of children go out into the world better equipped as citizens through the training received in these clubs and a saner view of their relationship toward their fellowmen.

Each of us should ask ourselves "are we doing even half as much for the future of our Country as our forefathers did"? We are so proud of them, will our descendants have as much pride in us?

As nothing stands still, you either have to work to keep our Country going forward or let it deteriorate through our apathy—Which are you doing?

Every Daughter of the American Revolution could and should have her share in the future and TODAY is the time to begin.

MAYMIE DARNELL LAMMERS,
National Chairman.

Motion Picture Committee

IN a recent lecture, under the auspices of the Motion Picture Association, Mr. Lawrence K. Frank, Director of the Carolina Zachary Institute for Human Development, presented a new and important viewpoint concerning the role of the motion picture. It can be, he thinks, a pass-key to understanding of personality.

Since art began, the novelist and dramatist have faced the challenge of how to communicate what was taking place inside their characters' minds. The screen, Mr. Frank believes, has resources, greater than those of any other art for showing us what motivates character and molds personality.

We have only lately—and not yet universally—come to an awareness of the "private worlds" which make each one of us think and feel quite differently from any other person. It is this forgotten childhood of each individual that is the deciding factor in the kind of adult he becomes. Or as Mr. Frank puts it, "We are what we are because we have been what we have been."

Using such films as THE STRANGE LOVE OF MARTHA IVERS, THE LOCKET, and DARK MIRROR as a basis for his discussion, Mr. Frank points out how expert direction, camera tricks, flash backs are able to give an audience insight into the thoughts and emotions of the characters they are watching. Time and space are no barrier to the presentation of background of what has happened in the past to
condition present behavior and attitude. In Martha Ivers, for example, we see a warped and vicious woman. But we see also how her unhappy childhood, cruelty and lack of understanding on the part of the aunt who brought her up, have created an almost inevitable pattern for her future.

This film technique can bring revolutionary advances in our understanding of why people act and feel as they do. Mr. Frank calls it "an extraordinary, revealing, freeing and emancipating viewpoint about human behavior." We are coming to the realization that no one is innately born to go wrong. The delinquent child is not an individual who deliberately affronts law and order. He is, rather, a victim of conditions which have denied him the opportunity to become a decent, law-abiding person; or of an early childhood which denied him warmth and love and security. If films help to make this clear, they will help also to promote deeper understanding of children, a step forward in the treatment and handling of tomorrow's citizens.

Groups such as ours, Mr. Frank believes, have a real function in being alert to these new frontiers which films are beginning to explore.

MARION LEE MONTGOMERY
(Mrs. LeRoy Montgomery),
National Chairman Motion Picture Committee N. S. D. A. R.

Conservation Committee

AT Boyle Heights in Los Angeles the California Daughters of the American Revolution are successfully conducting the six-year old Daughters of the American Revolution Neighborhood Center, a permanent project supported entirely by their state Daughters of the American Revolution funds. Under the direction of Mrs. Stella B. Clark, State Chairman and resident director, the Center is open every afternoon to children of immigrants of the neighborhood, for classes in handicrafts and Americanism. The work at this Daughters of the American Revolution Center has proved of great value in crime prevention, resulting in raising the morale of neighborhood youth so that not one has ever been arrested for misdemeanors or crime. This project is commended to Daughters of the American Revolution in other States as an excellent example of youth work.

From two widely separated states, Colorado and New Hampshire, pamphlets have come, advocating the teaching of conservation in our schools. Inez Johnson Lewis, State Superintendent of Public Instruction in the Department of Education of Colorado, and a member of Kinnikinnick Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, writes in "Colorado’s Wealth, a Bulletin on Conservation of Natural Resources": that, "Conservation of natural resources finally resolves itself into the question of individual appreciation of the problem and the use of individual initiative and intelligence in its solution." This illustrated bulletin has been published for use as source material for conservation study in the public schools of Colorado.

In the June 1946 issue of "Forest Notes, a Publication Devoted to Forestry in New Hampshire," is found the article, "Shall We Teach Conservation in Our Schools?" The article states that the Board of Education has expressed great interest in developing a regular natural science and conservation program in the schools.

Since funds were not yet available, the Society for the Protection of New Hampshire Forests and the New Hampshire Audubon Society planned to start the program by employing a competent naturalist to visit the schools of the state during the winter months with slides, movies, and specimens to arouse the interest of the students in outdoor life, birds, animals, trees, flowers, rocks, etc. Intimate knowledge of nature's wonderland will create appreciation and develop a desire to conserve and protect nature.

In replying to my letter of appreciation to the New Hampshire Forester, Mr. Laurance W. Rathbun writes "It so happens that a staunch member of your Daughters of the American Revolution, Mrs. Charlotte Barbour of Lisbon, New Hampshire, has done a very good job in forestry with the support of your New Hampshire members. Not only has she secured one or two roadside plantations as memorials, but she is now working with our State Forestry Department on a part-time basis, visiting the schools and talking forestry. It was her article in the last issue of "Forest
Notes" titled "It Can Be Done."

"The purpose of teaching conservation is, of course, of a wider range than just forestry, and by a technically trained person. The Daughters of the American Revolution has always been very helpful to our Society and some 13 of the New Hampshire Chapters are regular members, contributing each year."

I hope that EVERY CHAPTER CHAIRMAN AND REGENT will read and take earnestly to heart, the above examples. There is no finer or more needed work to be promoted by Daughters of the American Revolution members and chapters, than the inclusion of courses on Conservation in all our nation's schools. This is the newest project of the Conservation Committee. May every chapter and state chairman and every chapter and state regent make haste to inquire: Is conservation a required course of study in all public schools of my state? If the answer is negative, please follow the lead of Colorado and New Hampshire. The study of conservation has a big future for the welfare of our nation.

The National Wildlife Federation has prepared four books entitled the "My Land and Your Land" series for the teaching of conservation in grades three to eight. These books are already in use but should become an integral part of our nation's school curricula. If these books are not already in your school libraries, recommend them.

From Mrs. R. H. L. Seaton, District of Columbia Chairman, has come a splendid plan for three Conservation programs in the District, during each year of her term. These programs are designed to include separate phases of conservation work of Daughters of the American Revolution. Her announcement of the programs is presented in a clever form of verse which will be read at the Conservation Breakfast on Tuesday, May 20, of Continental Congress week. Watch for the announcement and make your plans to attend this Breakfast-discussion meeting.

FLORENCE H. PATTERSON
(Mrs. Nathan R. Patterson),
Chairman Conservation Committee.

Committee for Erection of Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge

INCREASING interest in the Memorial Bell Tower, to be erected at Valley Forge, is evidenced by the size and number of gifts added daily to the building fund.

The request that each state take as its project this year, placing a $250.00 memorial for each Navy ship named to honor the state or city in the state, has appealed to members.

The first battleship memorial received was for the New York, the gift of the State Regent, Miss Edla Gibson. The first cruiser, the Flint (Michigan), was given in honor of the Gold Star men of Genessee County, by a friend of the chapter chairman. The second cruiser, the Charlotte (N. C.), was honored by a member of the Mecklenburg Chapter.

Junior Membership

GREETINGS, JUNIOR DAUGHTERS:

WE have news from New York and Mississippi today. Georgiia Hitchcock and Thelma LeBar Brown have both sent word of New York meetings and we learn that a young singer, who was first a CAR and then a Junior has her own program on Radio Station WCAU. Miss Beverly Barr Bowser has had scholarships to Juilliard and other schools and has been heard in many concerts. Charlene Peterson, another talented musician joined as a Junior at the same time her mother, grandmother and great-grandmother did, a year ago. While the great-grandmother was 95, Charlene was coming from the CAR group.

The New York State Juniors realized enough from a card party to present a $250.00 floor block to the Bell Tower at Valley Forge in honor of the Junior sponsored L.C.I. Ship number 528.

A valentine party staged jointly by the Juniors and S. A. R. was a lovely Colonial Ball at the Plaza Hotel in New York City. Juniors will use their share of the profits
for the Helen Pouch Memorial Fund, while the SAR will buy flags and uniforms.

A new Junior committee has recently been formed at Larchmont, New York.

From the Mississippi State College for Women, Josie Slaughter wrote that the Brenard Romans Chapter Juniors, beginning in June, 1945, now number 24. As chairman, she writes that Mrs. William Boyd is secretary and Mrs. William Lott is treasurer. They gather for meetings every month in the year at the homes of members. Every member is active in the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution, carrying out National and State work, having sent checks to the State Treasurer for Crippled Children’s project, The Helen Pouch Fund, Rehabilitation and Programme; and expressing themselves as much interested in our Junior Articles in the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

Mrs. Etta Palmer heads a committee gathering materials with which to make pin cushions, aprons, etc., for sale at their own Rosalie Daughters of the American Revolution Shrine at Natchez. Also much has been done for the underprivileged in their state, and contributions to Kate Duncan Smith School are valued at $175.00. Contributions to the Memorial Fund for the Auditorium-Gymnasium at Tamassee, Red Cross activities, and aiding the CAR group and contributing to the musical programs and teas with their talents, add up to a busy season for these Juniors.

To the “graduating” Juniors, news of interest: The Wheel and Distaff Committee of Princess-Hirrihigua Chapter was organized this month in St. Petersburg, with 15 members. Your Junior Articles Chairman, is chairman of this new committee and is proud of her new group. We are making plans this spring which we hope to have all ready for real functioning in the fall.

Let’s all go to Congress in Washington. . . . Cheerily.

VORA MAUD SMITH, 
National Chairman Junior Articles

D. A. R. Manual Committee

NOW that the Chinese are permitted to become citizens on the same basis as foreigners from other countries a definite request has come from Mrs. Clarence G. Smith, state chairman of the Manual in California, that the department of Naturalization in Los Angeles would appreciate greatly having the Manual for Citizenship printed in Chinese. This has been followed by requests from other sections. A definite effort is being made to have such a translation and printing but at the present moment the difficulties concerning such a translation are almost insurmountable as the translation will probably have to be done in China and it may be a year before the books are available.

Reports continue to pour in telling of the pleasures derived in the chapters entertaining foreign war brides. Latest of these comes from Zebulon Pike and Kinnikinnik Chapters in Colorado Springs where brides from England, Scotland, Ireland and France were entertained at their joint meeting in Bemis Hall, Colorado College, where Mrs. Roy Dudley Lee, state regent, was a guest of honor and Judge Philip B. Gilliam, Nationally known Juvenile Court Judge of Denver, presented a definite program for combating juvenile delinquency in the state. Guests also at this gala occasion were the good citizens from surrounding schools. Kinnikinnik chapter also presented the foreign war brides in an interview type of radio program contrasting governments and customs of the United States with foreign countries.

(Mrs. Howard Arthur Latting),

LUCILE HORTON LATTING
National Chairman.

THE NEXT MEETING OF THE NATIONAL BOARD FOR THE ADMISSION OF MEMBERS WILL TAKE PLACE ON MAY 17TH.
News Items

New York City Chapter

The one hundred and eighty-eighth Wedding Anniversary of George and Martha Washington was celebrated at a Reception and Tea given at the Hotel Plaza on Saturday, January the fourth, by the New York City Chapter. It is an annual event at which the members are guests of the Chapter.

At two o'clock members and their guests were received by the Regent, Mrs. Carl S. Noble, the Honorary Regent, Mrs. Joseph Warren Wilde, the Chaplain, Rev. Dr. Nathan Seagle, and the guests of honor. Miss Marie Macquarrie, harpist, played during the Reception. An impressive ceremony followed the Reception as the color-bearers of the Chapter, Miss Frances Ray White and Mrs. Leo Telintelo, led the receiving line into the Ball Room.

The gracious Regent of the New York City Chapter, Mrs. Noble, presided at the program which followed the Invocation given by the Rev. Dr. Seagle. Greetings were extended by the distinguished guests, Miss Edla Gibson, New York State Regent, Mrs. James Grant Park, only associate member of the New York City Chapter and newly elected New York State Regent, Mrs. Stanley Thorpe Manlove, Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Grace Brosseau, Honorary President General, and Mrs. William H. Pouch, Honorary President General. Other distinguished guests were introduced by the Regent including Madame Bates-Batchelder, State Regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution of France, the Presidents of various Patriotic Societies, and the Regents of Daughters of the American Revolution Chapters of Greater New York.

The guest speakers of the afternoon were the Honorable Judge Murray Hulbert, President of the Empire State Society, Sons of the American Revolution, and Colonel William M. Chadbourne, President of the Sons of the Revolution. They used as the theme of their addresses, “Americanism.” The Honorable Judge Hulbert told the assembly that the S. A. R. would sponsor an oath of loyalty to the United States of America, which every duly elected official of the United States should be required to sign.

The noted American concert pianist, Mr. Thomas Richner, then played selections from Chopin and Bach with great charm and his usual flawless technique.

At the conclusion of the program the Regent and the guests of honor proceeded from the Ball Room to a long flower-decked table in the Reception Room where Tea was served. The other guests were seated in an adjoining Ball Room at tables presided over by Officers and members of the Safety Committee, according to Chapter custom. Mrs. Ethel Garden Turner, First Vice-Regent, was chairman of this most delightful affair.

As the New York City Chapter observed their traditional honoring of the Wedding Day of the Founder of our Country they were conscious of the observance of another historical event, the termination of hostilities of World War II.

Margaret Noxon
(Mrs. Herbert R. Noxon), Historian, New York City Chapter.

Santa Ysabel Chapter of California

Santa Ysabel Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution celebrated its fiftieth anniversary on Thursday, November 14, with a tea at the Eden Vale home of the regent, Miss Sibyl C. Hayes.

State officers in the receiving line were: Mrs. C. H. Danforth of Stanford University, State Vice Regent; Mrs. Charles Mowry of San Francisco, State Assistant Secretary; Mrs. Glenn H. Amsbury of Berkeley, Assistant State Chaplain; Mrs. Frederick P. Shenk of Santa Cruz, State Historian, and Mrs. Murray A. Merriman of Oakland, State Librarian.

Regents from other California chapters present were: Mrs. Walter King of Santa Clara Chapter; Mrs. Richard C. Anthony, Regent of Los Gatos Chapter; Mrs. James H. C. Smith, Regent of El Palo Alto Chapter; Mrs. James A. Hoskins, Regent of Gaspar de Portola Chapter; Mrs. Robert M.
Berg, Regent of Burlingame Chapter; Mrs. John Paul, Regent of Commodore Sloat Chapter, Pacific Grove; Dr. Charlotte Braginton, Regent of Santa Lucia Chapter, Salinas; Mrs. Charles Rost Jr., Regent of Presidio Chapter, San Francisco; Mrs. Claude A. Shull, Regent of La Puerto de Oro Chapter, San Francisco; Mrs. Walter Lense, Regent of Sequoia Chapter, San Francisco, and a delegation of members from San Francisco Chapters. A number of members from all the neighboring chapters attended. Present also were all of Santa Ysabel's living regents: Mesdames William Curtner, Merlin T-R Maynard, Walter S. Johnston, Charles J. Haas and Miss Margaret Vail Foster.

Mrs. Sanborn Young (Ruth Comfort Mitchell), the novelist, a member of Los Gatos Chapter, told of Santa Ysabel's founding and history. It was the fifth chapter organized in California.

General Henry Dearborn Chapter, "White Breakfast"

On February 12, 1947, the General Henry Dearborn Chapter, National Society Daughters of the American Revolution enjoyed the unusual privilege of having the President General as the guest speaker. This was on the occasion of the thirty-third birthday of the Chapter, which was organized on Lincoln's birthday in 1914.

Every year the birthday party is held, called the "White Breakfast" because decorations, costumes of guests, flowers, and all accessories are in white. The "White Breakfast" is known and enjoyed by Daughters from all parts of Illinois and even farther away. During the war it was suspended but now it is resumed. At the first celebration, thirty-two years ago, the Vice Regent presented crystal bells to each member. These bells are still brought out each year, to ring approbation, instead of applause for the program.

This year over two hundred members and guests assembled in the Gold Room of the Congress Hotel in Chicago, to share in the festivities and to hear the address of Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge. The Chapter entertained Honorary State Regents and ex-National Officers of Illinois, besides the present State Officers, and Fourth Division Regents. Mrs. Frederick A. Sapp, State Regent spoke briefly and Mrs. Otto H. Crist, Vice President General from Illinois, brought a word of greeting.

Music for the occasion was furnished by Mr. Mark Love, radio and opera star, who presented his patriotic selection "The Romance of Uncle Sam."

The Regent of the Chapter, Mrs. Roy Allen Graham, presided, and introduced the guests. Closing the day a tradition was followed, as all present joined hands and sang "God Be With You 'Till We Meet Again."

MRS. HARRIET W. GRACE, Historian.

The Lafayette Brooch

MISS CASSIE MONCURE LYNE, of Atlantic City, New Jersey, cousin of the late Miss Eugenia Washington, one of the Founders of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, is the owner of a brooch presented by Le Marquis Lafayette when on a visit to Richmond, Virginia.

Miss Lyne relates that on Lafayette's last visit to Richmond he gave snuff boxes to the gentlemen and brooches to the ladies.

On this last visit Marquis Lafayette was the guest of Chief Justice Marshall. An escort of honor, including Edgar Allan Poe, escorted him to the Monumental Church where he occupied pew #70 belonging to Mrs. Agnes Conway Robinson, a near relative of General George Washington. The reason Lafayette did not sit in Justice Marshall's pew was because it had a stove in it which crowded the space. The Chief Justice always kept his pew door open and stretched his long legs in the aisle.

The brooch has come down in the Conway Robinson family and is pinned to the original pew cover of grey brocatel.

Another Lafayette heirloom is the remnant of the beautiful ashes of roses silk from Lyons, France, embossed with red birds and green leaves that was worn by Mildred Stone when she led the Annapolis Assembly Cotillion with General Lafayette.
An Eightieth Birthday Party

Against a background of holly and candlelight, Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, charter member 113, cut her eightieth birthday cake on Tuesday, December 31st, 1946, at a tea given in her honor by Mrs. J. Edwin Lawton, Past Regent of Victory Chapter. The large cake held eighty lighted pink candles and as soon as the first slice had been cut toasts were given in verse by Mrs. Geoffrey Creyke, Vice President General, and by Mrs. Jessie Scott Arnold.

Two hundred guests either brought or sent birthday cards which were heaped in a large florist basket tied with two big bows of pink ribbon. This was presented to her by little three-year-old Mary Lynne Lawton, granddaughter of the hostess.

Mrs. Hodgkins is the earliest charter member now living. She has held two national offices, Recording Secretary General and Vice President General, and has been an Honorary Vice President General since 1935. She is a charter member of the National Officers Club, a founder of the District of Columbia Daughters of the American Revolution State Officers Club, and a member of Our Flag Chapter.

She is a descendant of Joseph Jenks of Massachusetts, who made the die for the first coin issued in the colonies, the pine tree shilling.

Mrs. Hodgkins is well known in Washington for her educational activities. During the time that her husband was Dean and later President of George Washington University, she served on the Board of Education, the Washington Chamber of Commerce, the Women's Board, and Columbian Women of the George Washington University, and in both the District of Columbia Federation of Women's Clubs and the General Federation.

Many societies of which Mrs. Hodgkins is a member and past officer were represented at the tea. Among them were the National Society Colonial Dames of America, National Society Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America, Order of First Families of Virginia, Order of the Crown in America, United States Daughters of 1812, Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities, National Society Daughters of the Barons of Runnemede, PEO, and the District of Columbia Federation of Women's Clubs.

Council of Safety Chapter Marks Revolutionary Grave

A marker erected to the memory of Captain Simon Salter, a patriot of the Revolutionary War, buried in an isolated, nearly forgotten cemetery in Sumter County, was dedicated and unveiled by the Council of Safety Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, Americus, Georgia, Sunday afternoon, June 23, 1946.

After a period of more than one hundred years since the death of Captain Salter, the burial place was located by Mrs. William T. McMath, Chapter Chairman of Revolutionary Graves. A white granite marker was furnished by the United States Government to indicate the hero's last resting place.

An impressive ceremony under the direction of Mrs. McMath was used.

Song—"America"—Chapter members.
Prayer—Dr. D. J. Evans.
Patriotic Address—Judge James W. Smith.

Dedication of Marker—Mrs. R. P. Moore, second Vice Regent and Mrs. W. L. Tietjen, immediate Past Regent, Council of Safety Chapter.


Placing of flower sprays on grave—Little Misses Merry Tietjen and Betty Moore.

Benediction—Dr. D. J. Evans.

Four generations of the Salter family were present: Mrs. John R. Salter, ninety-three years old, her daughter, Mrs. Otis Physioc, her granddaughter, Mrs. Arthur A. Neller and her great grandson Arthur A. Neller, Jr.

The Mary Washington Colonial Chapter

ON a cold, dismal day, November 28th, 1896, twelve loyal and patriotic women met in the Guild Room of St. Stephen’s Church in New York, and, adopting the name of Mary, the mother of George Washington, formed the Mary Washington Colonial Chapter.

Fifty years later, November 25th, 1946, on a beautiful sunny day, this chapter celebrated fifty years of splendid achievement with a reception and tea at the Hotel Pierre in New York. There were two hundred and fifty members and guests present.

The program opened at 2:15 with a reception for State and National Officers. Among the guests were many distinguished members of our society, including:

- Miss Edla Gibson, New York State Regent; Mrs. Julius Y. Talmadge, President General; Mrs. Grace L. H. Brosseau, Honorary President General; Mrs. William H. Pouch, Honorary President General; Mrs. Stanley Thorpe Manlove, Recording Secretary General; Mrs. Raymond Goodfellow, Organizing Secretary General; Mrs. James Grant Park, State Vice Regent and State Regent Elect; Mrs. Charles White Nash, Ex State Regent; Mrs. Frank H. Parcells, Ex Organizing Secretary General and many National and State Chairmen and Chapter Regents.

At the close of the reception, members of the chapter and their guests went to their tables, and the guests of honor were seated at the speakers’ table, which was beautifully decorated with greens and gold leaves.

The invocation, given by Dr. Roelif Brooks, was followed by the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag and the singing of the National Anthem.

Mrs. Ray Laverne Erb, the Regent, presided in her usual delightful manner, and spoke of the history and achievements of the chapter during its fifty years. She asked that we heed the warnings of history and never forget the glorious idea, born in America, that man is not the Servant but the Master of the State.

Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, President General, gave a stirring speech on the subversive influences attempting to undermine our country, and of the work of the “Daughters” to counteract this. She appealed to us to be constantly on guard.

Miss Edla Gibson, State Regent, gave a delightful talk congratulating us on our great day.

Mrs. Erb introduced all of the guests at the speakers’ table, including two of our former regents, Mrs. Fenton B. Turck and Mrs. Thaddeus Merriman, and the speaker for the day, Sir Norman Angell.

In an informing talk Sir Norman appealed for strong bonds of friendship between English speaking Nations, especially between Great Britain and the United States, stressing the necessity of this in the world of today. His speech was enthusiastically received.

Following the retiring of the colors tea was served. The lights were dimmed, and fifty waiters, in parade, each carrying a birthday cake with one lighted candle—a cake for each table—encircled the room. It was very beautiful, and a fitting ending for a truly glorious Fiftieth Anniversary Party.

The Mary Washington Colonial Chapter has an outstanding record of accomplishment for the programs as outlined by our National Society, and has frequently received special words of praise. The present membership is grateful to the many splendid women who have made this record possible, and hope that through the years to come we may, with clear vision, rise strong in accomplishment and faith in American ideals.

HELEN B. STORM, First Vice Regent.

Nine Generations Served, 1630 to 1947

HERE is an amazing record of military service, linking together nine consecutive generations of American men, direct descendants of a young Englishman, Edward Baker (1610-1687) who settled in Lynn, Mass. in 1630. In the 317 years that have passed since he came to America this line of Baker men are estimated to have given at least seventy (70) years of their combined lives to military training and active duty in the New England colonies and the United States Army. All of
them were civilian soldiers; their service was voluntary and after their war had ended, they resumed a normal life as average American citizens. None of them made a career of army or navy service.

The nine generations with their wars are:

- Edward Baker, 1610-1687, served in minor Indian skirmishes.
- Lt. Timothy Baker, 1647-1729, served in King Phillip’s War.
- Capt. John Baker, 1680-1762, served in King George’s War.
- Patriot Aaron Baker, 1726-1802, served in Seven Years’ War and Revolutionary.
- Pvt. Timothy Baker, II, 1750-1816, served in Revolutionary War.
- Capt. Timothy Baker, III, 1834-1906, served in Civil War.

HAZEL BENNETT BAKER,
720 W. 11th, St.
Lamed, Kansas.

San Francisco Chapter Juniors

The Rehabilitation Project chosen by the San Francisco Chapter Junior Membership Committee was a cash contribution to Guide Dogs for the Blind, Inc. The Juniors gave a dessert-whist on January 25th financing all expenses so that the entire proceeds from their party could be given to Guide Dogs for the Blind, Inc. The results were more than gratifying.

Felipe de Neve Chapter Organized

The Felipe de Neve Chapter, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, was formally organized on December 4, 1946, in the home of its organizing Regent, Mrs. Herbert F. Behlow. The chapter was named in honor of an early governor of California and the founder of the City of Los Angeles. The Felipe de Neve Chapter was sponsored and aided in the work of organization by the Rancho San Jose de Buenos Aires Chapter from which Mrs. Behlow was given a leave of absence to undertake the task of organizing this new chapter.

The following officers were installed by the California State Regent, Mrs. Charles Christin: Regent, Mrs. Herbert F. Behlow; Vice Regent, Mrs. William P. Herring; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Llewellyn N. Wiley; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Peter F. Salisbury; Treasurer, Mrs. Harry McBean; Chaplain, Mrs. Russell Donaldson; Registrar, Mrs. Karyle Kiltin; Librarian, Mrs. E. G. Farley; Historian, Mrs. J. T. Mulcahy.

Hazel Bennett Baker,
720 W. 11th, St.
Lamed, Kansas.
WITH even the weather golden sunshine, on January 28th, 1947, in New Jersey, Haddonfield Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution celebrated its Fiftieth Birthday.

A Reception and Luncheon were held at the home of Mrs. William D. Sherrerd. Wherever possible, the decorative motif was golden; the most effective design—gold-colored nasturtiums, from a member's garden, on each hostess table.

Guests were Mrs. Alfred E. Driscoll, wife of the Governor of New Jersey; National Officers; Regents from near-by Chapters; Mrs. Edward F. Randolph, State Regent and her official family.

Our most joyous gift was the presence of Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, President General, National Society Daughters of the American Revolution.

The Birthday Cake was cut by Mrs. Massey and Mrs. Bauer, daughters, respectively, of Mrs. Sherrerd and Mrs. J. Fithian Tatem, who are daughters of Mrs. Henry D. Moore, Organizing Regent of the Haddonfield Chapter.

Songs of lilting gaiety varied the festive spirit of the afternoon's program. Each guest spoke briefly, sometimes humorously, on her particular project.

Mrs. Randolph outlined many of our aims and accomplishments during her regime.

Mrs. Carwithen, clearly and precisely, presented the Approved Schools program and with Mrs. Goodfellow and Mrs. Murray extended gracious and friendly Birthday Greetings. Mrs. Talmadge explained rules and regulations governing Constitution Hall and informed us of the progress of the Valley Forge Memorial. With earnestness and sincerity she urged that we combat all subversive "isms" as she rekindled our flame of desire to serve America as loyal and faithful Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Edward Thomas Curry, Chapter Regent, proved we were not fifty years old but fifty years YOUNG as she presented the Chapter's "aspiration for the future," the fifth generation of the Moore family to be members of Haddonfield Chapter, four-month-old Jo Ann Allen, the youngest member of our Cradle Roll.

Led by our Junior Committee Chaplain, together we said the American's Creed, pledged allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America and sang the Star-Spangled Banner as a patriotic climax to this long-to-be-remembered day of friendliness and joy.

Yamhill Chapter, McMinnville, Oregon

ON January 15, 1947, Yamhill Chapter had a dual-purpose meeting at the home of Mrs. Glen Macy, immediate past regent. The Twenty-seventh Anniversary was celebrated and guests were invited to aid in broadening the knowledge of value of The Organization and thus, in time, increase the membership.

The evening dinner hour was concluded by singing America for a "birthday song" and masticatory enjoyment of an appropriately decorated cake. The cake was cut by Mrs. Lois Hamstreet, of Sheridan, Oregon, newest member of the Chapter.

The program was begun with a Patriotic Observation Quiz—(Does the Statue of Liberty hold torch in right or left hand?—and twelve similar questions)—and concluded with a historical talk by Mrs. E. C. Apperson, Organizing Regent of Yamhill Chapter.

Mrs. Apperson's talk reviewed important historical data concerning the founding of The National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution; The Oregon Society, Daughters of the American Revolution; and lastly Yamhill Chapter. Throughout this review she gave special mention to the many worthwhile activities and projects.

Yamhill Chapter is very proud of their 1946-47 Good Citizen, Miss Carolyn Zimmerman, student of Yamhill High School. Miss Zimmerman was selected, through drawing at The State Capitol, to represent The Oregon Society in the May Pilgrimage to Washington, D. C.

LEORA HOGSETT SAYRE
(Mrs. Claude E. Sayre),
Regent.
Cornelius Harnett Chapter Celebrates Silver Anniversary

The Cornelius Harnett Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Dunn, N.C., celebrated its Silver Anniversary with a luncheon given by Mrs. Nathan Johnson at her home on Thursday, October 24th, at one o'clock.

The lower floor of the home was thrown ensuite and was beautiful in a setting of red roses, carnations, silvered leaves and maidenhair fern.

A three course luncheon was served, a feature of which was the cutting of the birthday cake, on which were twenty-five lighted candles, by Mrs. Lloyd Wade, Organizing Regent.

After the luncheon, Mrs. Earl Westbrook, Regent of the Chapter, in her gracious manner welcomed the guests and introduced Mrs. I. F. Hicks, Reorganizing Regent, who presented Mrs. W. H. Belk and Mrs. Preston B. Wilkes, Jr., of Charlotte, Honorary State Regents, who made inspiring talks.

Mrs. J. W. Thornton, Chapter Historian, gave an interesting account of the high lights of the chapter for the past twenty-five years.

Miss Rachael Clifford gave some interesting reminiscences of the early days of the chapter.

Mrs. Louis C. Stephens, State Recording Secretary and Chaplain of the Cornelius Harnett Chapter, introduced the State Officers: Miss Gertrude Carraway of New Bern, State Regent; Miss Virginia Horne of Wadesboro, State Vice Regent; Miss Sarah Stewart of New Bern, Corresponding Secretary; and Mrs. E. A. Branch of Raleigh, Treasurer.

Miss Carraway, State Regent, gave an informative and most interesting talk on Tryon's Palace and plans for its restoration.

Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter

A RED oak tree honoring members of families of Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, who served in World War II was planted October 31 on the lawn at the Benjamin Harrison Memorial Home in Indianapolis. The Chapter, which is the oldest and largest in Indiana, was named for the first President General of the Daughters of the American Revolution, who went from her Indianapolis home to live in the White House when Benjamin Harrison was elected President of the United States. The home is now open to the public as a national shrine.

Mrs. Arch N. Bobbitt, Chapter Regent, was assisted in the tree planting by the other two wartime Regents of the Chapter, Mrs. William Dobson and Mrs. Herbert R. Hill.

In presenting the tree to Emsley W. Johnson, Sr., trustee of the Harrison home, Mrs. Bobbitt said: "We hope that this oak tree will long be a symbol of the heroic deeds performed by our worthy patriots who served in World War II, so that our country might maintain the freedom and security which our forebears established."

In charge of the service were Mrs. Odin F. Wadleigh, Chairman of the Chapter Conservation Committee; Mrs. George C. Kolb, First Vice Regent and Chairman of the Chapter War Records Committee and Mrs. E. C. Rumpler, Chairman of the Chapter Historical Research Committee. They were assisted by Mrs. Henry C. Ketcham, Chairman of the Chapter Program Committee.

The singing of "America" and the Pledge of Allegiance were led by Mrs. Roy J. Pile, Chairman of the Chapter Correct Use of the Flag Committee. Mrs. A. C. Brooks, Chapter Chaplain, offered prayer.
Mrs. J. Harold Grimes, Vice President General and Honorary State Regent, gave greetings. After remarks by Mrs. Wadeleigh and the reading of the records of the Chapter’s patriots by Mrs. Kolb, Mrs. Rumpler laid a wreath on the bronze marker at the home. Mrs. Rumpler was assisted by Miss Julia Landers, Honorary Chapter Regent and Honorary Chairman of Historical Research.

Paul V. Brown, director of the Indianapolis Park Board, spoken in addition to Mr. Johnson. A tea followed at the Chapter House nearby, with Mrs. Robert L. McKechnie and Mrs. Fae Patrick hostesses. Miss Mary Hill, of Madison, State Daughters of the American Revolution Conservation Chairman, spoke at the tea, asserting: “What is the use of saving our lives if we commit national suicide by wasting our resources? History is made up of the rise and fall of governments, then exhaustion of resources. America is no richer than its remaining resources.”

DOLORES BILLMAN HILL
(Mrs. Herbert R. Hill).

Sarah Ann Cochrane Chapter, Plymouth, Mich., Celebrates Its Twentieth Anniversary

THE Sarah Ann Cochrane chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution celebrated its twentieth birthday Monday, January 20, with a birthday luncheon at the Women’s League in Ann Arbor. Fifty-five members and guests were present. The regents of the neighboring chapters brought congratulatory messages as did members of the State Executive Board present.

Member in Wisconsin 102 Years Old

MRS. ALICE KAIN, a Charter member of Milwaukee Chapter, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, celebrated her 102d birthday on January 29th, 1947. She was born on a farm near Chillicothe, Ohio, in 1845. When she was seven her family moved to Springfield, Illinois, in a covered wagon. In 1869 she married Dr. John Kaine, a former Milwaukee newspaper man, and a few years later they came to Milwaukee. Although Mrs. Kaine has a keen memory of many prominent people and has seen History made, she does not live in the past. Her mind is alert, though housed in a frail body and she retains all her faculties. She reads newspapers, books both old and new and keeps up on current events. It delights her to discuss politics. Never to be forgotten by her are these three words, “Come in, sisters.” The man who spoke the words was Abraham Lincoln and the year 1860. Miss Alice Cutright, for this was before her marriage, and her sister, blundered into Mr. Lincoln’s office in an effort to see a parade.

They stayed, at Mr. Lincoln’s invitation and saw the parade with him. Mrs. Kaine has served Wisconsin in many places of honor, twenty-seven years on the Board of The Industrial School for Girls and at another time on the State Board of Control. She has always been deeply interested in education, having been a school teacher before her marriage. She became acquainted with Booker T. Washington and admired him and his work so much that she consented to teach in his school. Mrs. Kaine was one of the ten organizers of Milwaukee Chapter. She has always been proud of her Society and especially of her own Chapter. Although 98 years old at the time she sent greetings to Milwaukee Chapter when its 50th Anniversary was celebrated in February, 1943. Mrs. Kaine lives at The Grand Army Home at King, Wisconsin. Her only living relative is a brother, age 89.

MRS. ALBERT R. MORSE,
Press Relations Chairman.
A group of members of the Daughters of the American Revolution attending a reception given by Mme. Tryphosa Bates-Batcheller, at the close of the state conference of France, attended by members of the Benjamin Franklin chapter and the Rochambeau chapter of France. From left to right: Mrs. Frances Blatz, state recording secretary; Mrs. George Eveleth, Jr., state corresponding secretary, member of the Benjamin Franklin chapter; Mrs. Barton Alderson, state treasurer and state registrar, member of the Rochambeau chapter; Mrs. Stephen Fitz-Gibbon, state vice-regent, member of the Benjamin Franklin chapter; Mme. Tryphosa Bates-Batcheller, state regent for France, founder and honorary regent of the Rochambeau chapter; Mr. Lawrence Tower, author of "The History of the American Flag," who lectured on this subject; Mrs. William Pouch, honorary president general, N.S.D.A.R.; Mrs. William Becker, honorary president general, N.S.D.A.R.; Mrs. James Grant, incoming state regent of New York; Mrs. Raymond Goodfellow, organizing secretary general; Mrs. Bailey O'Brien, chairman of the press committee, N.S.D.A.R. The picture shown back of Mrs. Bates-Batcheller is a reproduction of the triptych presented by the Rochambeau chapter to the United States battleship "Washington" in connection with the citizens committee for the army and navy of New York.

It has been extremely difficult to trace the movements of the members of the two chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution in France. The members of the senior chapter, the Benjamin Franklin, are now, for the most part, in America. Some of these members have returned to France for a few months, but almost all of them are returning to America for the winter season. France is still bitterly cold and without coal. Prices are very high, even for the bare necessities and the letters from the French members are courageous but pathetic. How soon normal conditions will return is difficult to predict.

The Rochambeau Chapter was founded in France by Madame Tryphosa Bates-
Batcheller with the aid of General Pershing, and the Duc de Broglie, President of the Order of the Cincinnati in France, by descent from Marshall de Broglie, who was instructor and adviser to Rochambeau at the taking at Yorktown. In the Rochambeau Chapter there are many French ladies, descendants from those distinguished French officers who aided in the American Revolution. They are keenly interested in the Daughters of the American Revolution. The Comtesse Pauline de Pange, sister of the Duc de Broglie, and first woman of letters in France, is now the Regent of the Rochambeau Chapter, while Madame Bates-Batcheller is now the State Regent of France.

We endeavor to alternate the State Officers from both chapters. Mme. Albert Lebrun, the wife of the late President of France, is an honorary member of the Rochambeau Chapter and has taken a keen interest in all our American patriotic work. Madame Bates-Batcheller gave for her a musical afternoon in Paris shortly before the war when she sang the typically American patriotic songs, giving a short history of their composers. A brochure of this music and historical explanation will be published with accompanying discs of the singing of the songs in the near future.

President Lebrun decorated her with the Order of Officer of the Legion of Honor. Princess Margaret Draper Boncompagni has always worked unceasingly for the chapter as well as for many other French institutions. She also has been made an Officer of the Legion of Honor.

In the Benjamin Franklin Chapter, the present State Vice-Regent shown in the photograph, Mrs. Stephen Fitzgibbon, has managed most successfully a canteen during the war for the French soldiers and sailors who came to New York. Her effort has recently been compensated by an award of the French Government of what is called "French Gratitude"—"La Reconnaissance Francaise." The distinguished writer, Mr. Lawrence Tower, has given ten years of careful study to the history of our flag, and at the recent State Conference held by me at the Savoy Plaza in New York on January 20th, Mr. Tower gave a thrilling lecture on the whole history of the American flag. The original flag of the Colonies is shown in the photograph. Distinguished members of the N.S.D.A.R. were present and greetings were received from the Comtesse Pauline de Pange. There is great difficulty in arranging the money transfers from France as all French money is frozen, but kind friends, enthusiastic Daughters, and much patience, make it possible for us to fulfill all our obligations here and in France.

At present the Rochambeau Chapter has given generously to the religious effort made by the Citizens Committee of the Army and Navy under the Chairmanship of Mrs. Junius Morgan, and the Rochambeau Chapter presented a beautiful Triptych painted by the distinguished artist, Ethel Paullin, a reproduction of which is shown back of Madame Bates-Batcheller in the photograph.

We have also given to the Valley Forge Project, to the approved schools, and the Benjamin Franklin Chapter has made similar gifts toward D.A.R. interests. The Rochambeau Chapter in America has given 50,000 hours of war service and the French members, though many fewer in number, have done just as much in their way.
In these counties of West Virginia we have D. A. R. Chapters: Barbour—2 chapters; Berkeley, Cabell—2 chapters; Fayette, Greenbrier, Hampshire, Hancock, Harrison, Jackson, Jefferson—2 chapters; Kanawha—2 chapters; Lewis, Logan, McDowell, Marion—2 chapters; Marshall, Mason, Mercer—2 chapters; and Mineral—2 chapters; also Monongalia—2 chapters; Morgan, Preston, Raleigh, Randolph, Ritchie, Roane, Summers, Taylor, Tucker, Upshur and Wood.
OUR sketch this month is contributed by Miss Marjorie Kimball Templeton of Huntington, West Virginia.

When one considers the difficulties of condensing two or more centuries of colorful history into such an interesting story and still cover the highlights and essentials for further research, our words of commendation are inadequate to express our appreciation and gratitude.

At our request the following personal sketch is submitted.

THUMBNAIL AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF MARJORIE KIMBALL TEMPLETON

Born in Huntington, West Virginia, daughter of Captain Charles Foster and Flora Jarvis (Ward) Templeton. A. B. degree from Marshall College, M. A. degree from West Virginia University. Two years ago forsook public school and college art teaching to become draftsman. Recently invited to become contributor of articles to West Virginia History Quarterly. Avid tombstone "hound" and record collector. Has seven proven Revolutionary ancestors. Descended from Kimballs, Ashley's, Hibbards, Bradstreets, Glovers, Doolittles, Sweets, of New England, to mention a few, and Scotts, Billups, Ogles, Morrisons, Brindleys, Carsons, and Caseys of Virginia.

WEST VIRGINIA

The first white men known to have been in West Virginia were members of a party conducted by Thomas Batts, the leader, and Peter Fallam, the journalist. They started from near Petersburg, Virginia, September 1, 1671, "For the finding out the ebbing and flowing of ye waters on ye other side the Mountains, in Order to the Discovery of the South Sea." They were unable to locate the "South Sea" but they did find a "curious river" which appeared to ebb and flow. This they followed to the falls in present Fayette County where on September 17 they took possession of the Great Kanawha Valley for their King, Charles II.

During the next sixty years the state was visited by explorers, traders, and adventurers of English, Swiss, and French nationalities. Among the latter was Captain Bienville de Celoron whose party buried six lead plates on the banks of the Ohio River, thereby claiming the valley for France in 1749. The inscribed tablet buried at Wheeling has never been located but the one at Point Pleasant was accidentally discovered in 1846 and given to the Virginia Historical Society.

About 1731 the first permanent settler established his home in West Virginia. Morgan Morgan, a Welshman living in Delaware, packed up his family of a wife and five children, cut a path to present Bunker Hill in Berkeley County and built a cabin beside Mill Creek. His sons David and Zackquill became well known, the former as an Indian fighter and the latter as the founder of Morgantown. Ephriam, great-great grand son of David, was elected Governor in 1920.

The Eastern Panhandle, where the Morgans settled, soon became the home of the Worthingtons, one of whom was to be Governor of Ohio in 1814, the Shepherds, Hites, Harpers, Lemmons, Strupes, Mercers, Van Meters, Foresters, Evans, Swearingens, Briscoes, Martins, Friends, and Hoges. The first Episcopal Church was erected in 1740 by the Morgans, Hites, Briscoes and others. The Quakers appear to have had a church even earlier on Opequon Creek. The first Presbyterian Church was built by William Hoge on the same creek in 1735. The first Episcopal Church was erected in 1740 by the Morgans, Hites, Briscoes and others. The Quakers appear to have had a church even earlier on Opequon Creek. The first Presbyterian Church was built by William Hoge on the same creek in 1735. Within the next three decades came the Washingtons, Darkes, Rutherfords, Davenports, Ransons, Nourses, and Fairfaxs, all destined to play important parts in the development of the state.

The very youthful George Washington
came to survey the six million acre grant of Lord Fairfax in this region in 1748. Washington’s brothers, Charles and Samuel, settled here before the Revolution, building the beautiful homes known as Harewood and Mordington. In the former James Madison was married to Dolly Paine Todd. Charles Town was laid out on Charles Washington’s land in 1786.

At the conclusion of the French and Indian War, which had been particularly fatal to the scattered settlements on the Potomac headwaters, a powerful wave of westward expansion began and continued despite the edict of George III in 1763 prohibiting settlements west of the mountains. The advance of the frontier necessitated more local governmental facilities. In 1734 Orange County, Virginia, was created to include all of West Virginia and territory north and west. In 1738 the part of Orange west of the Blue Ridge was divided into the Districts of Augusta and Frederick. Five years later Frederick became a county, followed two years later by Augusta. This left a large territory called the District of West Augusta which later was reduced by the formation of Hampshire Co. in 1754. The towns of Romney and New Mecklenburg, now Shepherdstown, were laid out in 1762, the latter by early German settlers from the Susquehanna Valley.

After 1765 great colonizing schemes carried on by former traders stimulated an immense westward movement as far inland as the Kanawha Valley. The discovery of vast quantities of salt brines on the upper Kanawha played an important part in spurring this migration and was the first step in making this valley the world center of the chemical industry.

Great impetus was given to the opening of the southeast section by the formation of the Greenbrier Land Company in 1749. The company was given the right to survey and occupy a one-hundred-thousand acre tract on the Greenbrier River. By 1754 Andrew Lewis, the surveyor; was selling small farms. In 1760 James Moss settled in Monroe County, to be followed by the Manns, Cooks, Alexanders, Campbells, Millers, Nickells, Hokes, Dunsmores, Sweeney, Calloways, Erskines, Aldersons, Haynes, Hutchinsons, and Grahams, largely from the Virginia Valley. To the surrounding countryside came Colonel John Stuart in 1769, Robert McClennan, William Hamilton, and Thomas Renick from Augusta County, the Williams, McCoys, Hugharts, Pattons, Blakes, McKinneys, McClungs, McNeils, Arbuckles, Donnallys, Caldwells, and many more.

The cabin built by Colonel Ebenezer Zane in 1769 became the nucleus around which has grown the city of Wheeling. Soon several families from the South Branch of the Potomac became his neighbors, including the Shepherds, Wetzels, and McCollochs. Along the upper Ohio in both directions the Tomlinsons, Swearingens, Bakers, Biggs, Leffers, Doddridges, Williams, Rogers, Ogles, Poes, McMechens, Wells, Hedges, Chapmans, Gregories, and Graftons appeared.

South of the Pennsylvanian line the plentiful land was attracting such families as the Evans, Morgans, Pierponts, Cobuns, Pricketts, Haymonds, Prunts, Tygart, Files, Hughes, Ices, Butchers, Statlers, Bootha, McIntires, Johnsons, Wilsons, Carpenters, Eckarlys, Stewarts, Scotts, Jacks, Simpkins, Fringle, Flemings, Neals, Woods, Davisons, Cottrills, Hackers, Beauchamps, Bingamons, Summers, Wests, McWhorters, Schoolcrafts, Harberts, Nutters, Bunnells, Talbots, Bradshaws and many others.

The settlers appealed to the English government in 1773 to have a separate colony set up for that portion of Virginia between the Allegheny Mountains and the Ohio River, to be called Vandalia, with George Mercer as Governor. This and other petitions failed so the separation did not occur for a hundred years.

The ten years of comparative tranquillity after the close of the French and Indian War until 1774 was soon shattered by savage attacks all along the frontier. The Virginia troops were mobilized into two Divisions under Lord Dunmore who descended the Ohio with the Northern Division, erected a fort at the mouth of the Hocking and waited word from the Southern Division. The latter collected on the Greenbrier under Colonel Andrew Lewis, and guided by Captain Matthew Arbuckle, proceeded to the mouth of the Kanawha where on October 10, 1774, they were engaged in a desperate battle with the Indians. This encounter is often called the first battle of the Revolution.

By the time the Revolution began a permanent settlement had been made on the
Kanawha at Kelley’s Creek, and the state had a population of about thirty thousand. A total of ten calls were made on the scattered settlements for men on Continental Establishment and for frontier defense.

The end of the war brought an era of internal improvements and industrial beginnings. The National Road through Wheeling was started in 1811. The James River and Kanawha Turnpike, from Richmond to Kentucky, brought settlers to the Guyandotte and Big Sandy River valley. Families moved in from all points east. To the central Ohio Valley came the Woods, Wrights, Colemans, La Rues, Neals, Phelps, Rogers, Hannans, Lewises, Waggoners, Ingles, Drapers, Roushes, Roseberrys and others. The Guyandotte and Sandy valleys soon were occupied by the Merritts, Stroups, Wentzes, Everettts, Morrises, Coxes, Yates, Adkins, Bowens, Davises, Bryans, Spurllocks, McComases, Dingesses, Holderbys, Baileys, Clays, Buffaloons, Davidsons, Hatfields, Laidleys and many more. Churches were being erected all over the frontier. Baptists congregations were organized at Clarksburg, Morgantown and in Monroe County. Bishop Asbury brought the Methodist Church to the Trans-Allegheny region and dedicated Rehoboth Church near Union in 1788.

War with England in 1812 sent twenty-one regiments off to the Northwest and the Atlantic Seaboard.

The next four decades wrought many changes. The Northwest Turnpike was built from Winchester to Parkersburg by 1838. The first train to connect the east coast with the Ohio Valley rolled into Wheeling from Baltimore January 1, 1853. Many health resorts in the eastern section became fashionable rendezvous. Berkeley Springs, visited by Washington in 1748, was the most popular resort in the Eastern Panhandle. Capon Springs, near Romney, had its well-to-do following for many years. Farther south, White Sulphur became a favorite vacation place with many Presidents and continued its valuable service to the nation as the Ashford General Hospital in World War II. Salt Sulphur in Monroe County was popular for the medicinal qualities of its famed iodine spring. Old Sweet, in the same county, was perhaps the most picturesque and elegant, with its hotel and cottages planned by Thomas Jefferson in the classic, early Republic style.

When war with Mexico came the state was well represented in all battles from Vera Cruz to Mexico City.

Then in 1861 came the war which brought separation to the Virginias. The thirty-five thousand men who went into both armies was the greatest number, on basis of population, of any state. The two most distinguished generals who lost their lives in that conflict were both West Virginians—Major-General Jesse Lee Reno and General “Stonewall” Jackson. On June 20, 1863, the part of Virginia west of the Allegheny Mountains became a separate state.

The last eighty years has been a period of great progress in mining, forestry, agriculture, and manufacturing. In many respects West Virginia holds a place second to none among the forty-eight states. The state capitol building at Charleston, overlooking the historic Kanawha River, is one of the finest such structures in the country. Here is housed the State Museum and Library. The Library which has largely been built up during the past forty years, has an excellent collection of books, pamphlets, periodicals and manuscripts dealing with the state and its people. The most complete bibliography of West Virginia is “A Bibliography of West Virginia in Two Parts”, in West Virginia Department of Archives and History, Biennial Report for the period ending June 30, 1938. The Third Biennial Report contains the military rosters of West Virginians in the French and Indian War, Dunmores War, the Revolution and later Indian Wars, the Whiskey Insurrection, War of 1812 and the Mexican War. The First Biennial Report 1906 lists about five hundred papers and documents relating to the state from 1671 to 1788, stories of early exploration, brief histories of most of the forts, stockades, and blockhouses and other interesting material. The West Virginia History Quarterly lists the names of all Revolutionary War pensioners in the state and some veterans who did not apply for pensions. The Library also contains many district, county, town and family histories of value to the genealogist. Some of general interest are: Brant and Fuller, History of the Upper Ohio Valley; Butcher, Genealogical and Personal History of the Upper Monongahela Valley; Hale, Trans-Allegheny Pioneers; Hardesty, Historical and Geographical En-
cyclopedia, special West Virginia editions; White, History of the Panhandle, northern; Wiley, History of Monongahela County; Withers, Chronicles of Border Warfare—Thwaites Edition. The following Virginia publications to be found complete in the Virginia State Library and not entirely complete in the West Virginia State Library and State University Library contain vast quantities of information on West Virginia settlements, families, early industries etc.—Virginia Magazine of History and Biography; William and Mary College Quarterly Historical Magazine; Virginia Historical Register and Advertiser; Hening, Statutes at Large; and Calendar of Virginia State Papers, all indexed in two volumes by E. G. Swem. The University Library at Morgantown has an excellent collection of papers dealing with the state's industries. The Boone, George Rogers Clarke, Pittsburgh and Northwest Virginia and Virginia MSS in the Draper Collection in the Library of the Wisconsin Historical Society at Madison cannot be equaled for data on early life in the state.

Because of the unusual value and interest in the Census of 1810 of Washington County, Ohio, we will continue the publication in paragraph form in order to comply with the new regulations.

This series began in the July 1946 issue. It lists those early pioneers principally from New England, Virginia and Maryland and fills many a genealogical gap in the records of this migratory period. The schedules are not among those on file in the Census Bureau at Washington.

In Wesley township, Washington County, Ohio, in 1810, the first head of the families listed is that of Abner Woodrough, with 1 male in the family between 16 and 26 years of age, 2 between 16 and 26 years, and 2 over 45 years. Also, 1 female under 10 years, 1 between 10 and 16 years and 1 between 26 and 45 years.

Cornelius Houghland, with 2 males in the family under 10 years of age, 1 between 16 and 26 years, and 2 between 26 and 45 years of age. Also, 1 female between 10 and 16 years and 1 between 26 and 45 years.

William Dunbar, with 1 male under 10 years of age, 1 between 10 and 16 years of age, 1 between 16 and 26 years of age and 1 over 45 years of age. Also, 1 female under 10 years of age, 1 between 10 and 16 years, and 1 over 45 years of age.

Samuel Stacey, with 1 male under 10 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years. Also 1 female between 16 and 26 years of age.

Samuel Clark, with 4 males under 10 years of age, and 1 over 45 years of age. Also 1 female between 10 and 16 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age.

Edmund Neal, with 1 male under 10 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age. Also 2 females under 10 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age.

Joseph Palmer, with 2 males between 10 and 16 years of age, 2 between 16 and 26 years of age and 1 over 45 years of age. Also 1 female under 10 years of age, 1 between 10 and 16 years of age and 1 over 45 years of age.

James Lawton, with 2 males between 10 and 16 years of age, 1 between 16 and 26 years of age and 1 over 45 years of age. Also 1 female under 10 years of age, 1 between 10 and 16 years of age and 1 over 45 years of age.

David Ewell, with 3 males under 10 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age. Also 1 female 26 to 45 years of age.

John Curtis, with 1 male under 10 years of age, 1 between 10 and 16 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age. Also, 1 female under 10 years of age and 1 between 16 and 26 years of age.

William Comes, with 4 males under 10 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age. Also, 1 female under 10 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age.

Duty Greene, with 1 male under 10 years of age, 1 between 10 and 16 years, 1 between 16 and 26 years and 1 over 45 years of age. Also, 2 females between 16 and 26 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age.

William Vincent, with 3 males under 10 years of age, 1 between 10 and 16 years and 1 over 45 years of age. Also 1 female under 10 years of age, 1 between 10 and 16 years and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age.

Robert Miller, with 1 male under 10 years of age, 1 between 10 and 16 years and 1 over 45 years of age. Also, 4 females
under 10 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age.

Nathan Proctor, with 1 male under 10 years of age, 1 between 16 and 26 years and 1 over 45 years of age. Also 2 females under 10 years of age, 2 between 10 and 16 years of age, 1 between 16 and 26 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age.

David Gard, with 1 male under 10 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age. Also, 1 female under 10 years of age and 1 between 16 and 26 years of age. Isaac Woodrough, with 1 male between 16 and 26 years of age. No females in family.

John Raredon, with 1 male under 10 years of age, 2 between 10 and 16 years of age, 3 between 16 and 26 years and 1 over 45 years of age. Also 1 female under 10 years of age, 1 between 10 to 16 years, 1 between 16 and 26 and 45 and 1 over 45 years of age.

William Raredon, with 1 male between 26 and 45 years of age, also 1 female under 10 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age.

Moses Woodrough, with 3 males under 10 years of age and 1 between 26 and 45 years of age. Also 2 females under 10 years of age, 2 between 10 to 16 years and 1 between 16 and 26 years of age.

* * *

The application of Richard Cavitt for a Revolutionary War Pension while living in Madison Co. Ala., at Huntsville, claims service in N. C. Because of its unusual interest we are publishing it as given in the records of the County Court of Huntsville, Madison County, Alabama, August 19, 1834.

Before Hon. John C Thompson, Judge thereof, Richard Cavitt, citizen of said County, personally appeared, aged 70 years, and asks for a pension under the Act of June 7 1832.

From uniform tradition of my father’s family, I was born on the headquarters of the James River in what was probably Botetourt County, Virginia, in 1765. No record of my age was ever made known to me. Presently after my birth was removed with my father’s family into region then unsettled then called Sullivan County comprising probably all of N.C., between the Allegheny Mountains and the Mississippi River, whither my father went as a pioneer. His name was Moses Cavitt. He maintained his part in the remote settlement and amidst hostile savages until his death.

He was Captain under Col. Isaac Shelby and fought under him at King’s Mountain in the fall of 1780. Shortly prior to the battle, tho only in my 15th year, I was enrolled in my father’s campaign, not as a regular draft but from the exigencies of the settlement. I carried some of the clothing to Col. Shelby’s quarters and asked him to prevail upon my father to let me go with them against the Tories.

He spoke to my father on the subject but he refused because of the necessity of guarding the settlement from the cruel inroads and butcheries of the hostile Indians.

At this juncture the Cherokees, who had arrayed themselves on the Tories’ side under Cameron, occupied the region around Nickejack on the Tennessee River and those of them who were influenced by General Martin and the Whigs came and occupied the Waters of the Holston, Little River and Hinassie.

The Chawaney, then on the north bank of the Ohio, were hostile and made frequent excursions into the country of the Clinch River and that of my father’s residence, now Sullivan Co., Tennessee.

Most of the effective men at this period were under Col. Shelby. The young men capable of wielding a rifle were either in service or left to guard the homes of the settlers. In this last, mothers, daughters, and sisters were all united and it was one continuous watch and peril.

My father was almost constantly on campaign. He had four sons and five daughters. I was the eldest and in his absence with the council and aid of my mother I commanded the home fortress. I kept my gun in hand and when I sat down to eat I laid it across my lap, or when going to bed the door was barricaded and I laid down my weapons of defense in my arms.

The door in the morning was carefully opened after sunrise and a circuit of observation taken around the premises.

From the time mentioned till the close of the Revolution my father was kept in service. When he was promoted to rank of Major and succeeded by Capt. Benjamin Clark I was constantly attached to the company. George Russell, brother of the celebrated Wm. Russell, Captain of Spies in the late
Creek War, was our Lieutenant and Morgan Murray our Ensign.

Until the close of the war I was out on frequent excursions against the hostile Cherokees and Shawnees but had with them only skirmishes and no battle of any consequence. Mostly, however, when the company went to great distances, as into North Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia, I was left to guard the settlement. Thus my services extended beyond the Revolution.

I was in two battles—at Lookout Mountain in which General Martin commanded and in another under General John Sevier on the Hightower River. My whole term was at least and certainly two years during the Revolution and about ten years in all.

I obtained two discharges, the first from General Joseph Martin and the second from General Sevier but did not preserve them.

There is no one living and known to me by whom I can prove this service. At the close of the Cherokee War by the Battle of Nickejack, I removed into Roane Co. Tennessee, where I lived about sixteen years. Then I came to Madison County, now of Alabama, where I have ever since lived and now reside.

I hereby relinquish every claim whatsoever to a pension or annuity except the present and declare that my name is not on the pension roll of any state of the United States.

Richard Cavitt.

Richard B. Purdon, Clerk,

We. James Sandusky and David Jacks, Clergymen of the county of Madison, aforesaid, the former residence in the immediate neighborhood of the applicant and Rhodak Horton, Valentine G. Pruitt and John Phelan of said county do certify that we are well acquainted with Richard Cavitt who has subscribed and sworn to the above declaration; that we believe him to be seventy years old and that he is reputed and believed in the neighborhood in which he resides to have been a soldier in the Revolution and that we concur in that belief.

Signed and sworn to in open Court

John Sandridge, M of Gospel
David Jacks M of Gospel
John D Phelan
V. G. Pruitt

Rodak Horton
Robert B Purdon

John C Thompson
Judge of Court

Madison County Alabama
Signed Aug 19 1834
Application Number 31934 Rejected.

It will be sad news to the many researchers who have neglected to heed our oft repeated advice to buy the Census schedules of 1790.

An official report of January 1947 discloses that the supply of schedules of Connecticut, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Pennsylvania, South Carolina and Virginia is exhausted. Those of Maine, North Carolina, Rhode Island and Vermont, as of September 1946, are available at one dollar per volume. Address Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C.

From this catalogue we quote: "A complete set of 1790 Census schedules for each state were filed in the State Department but never printed. Some of these were burned by the British invaders in 1814, and for that reason it was impossible to compile lists of the names of families for the states of Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, New Jersey and Tennessee. The twelve state volumes listed below (see above list) were ordered printed by Congress in 1906. These volumes are sold only by the Superintendent of Documents at the prices given.

Queries

Queries must be typed double spaced on separate slips of paper and limited to two queries (a) and (b) of not more than sixty words each. Add name and address on same line following last query. Queries conforming to above requirements will be published as soon as space is available.

The purpose of this section of the Genealogical Department is mutual assistance to those seeking information on same or related families.

Correspondence regarding former queries cannot be answered by this department since no information is available prior to June, 1938, after which date all is published. Requests for names and addresses of members "who have joined under service of a Revolutionary soldier" should not be sent to this Department since we do not have access to those records.


C-47. (a) Craig.—Want given name and any available information concerning Craig (Creig) early settler of Virginia. This ancestor according to family tradition was involved in the religious conflict between the Anglican church (now Episcopal) and the Presbyterian church in the early days of Virginia.

(b) In the controversy Craig suffered martyrdom in defense of his religious views. I wish to know his given name, the name of his wife, and their descendants. It is thought that one daughter married either a Kenedy or a Spiller, and her daughter later marrying a Yeatman, probably in Fairfax County, Virginia. Mrs. J. M. Andrews, Wharton, Texas.

C-47. (a) Russell.—Wanted names and information on ancestry of Ebenezer Russell, b. Jan. 5, 1746, where? d. Dec. 5, 1836, buried at Salem, N. Y. Also his wife, Elizabeth ?, b. ? 1748, died June 27, 1832, buried at Salem, N. Y. Married when and where?


C-47. (a) Carnahan-Potts.—Robert Carnahan (b) 1799; (d) ca. 1865 Butler, Pa.; m. 1828 Sarah Potts b. 1805. Who were his parents and grandparents, with data? Ch. and births Robt. 1799; Sarah 1805; Jane 1829; John 1831; Abm; James 1834; George; Robt. 1838; Sarah 1840; Sharlott; Harriet Florinda, 1845; Alvira; George.

(b) John Potts, father of Sarah, lived probably in Philadelphia and married Jane (?). Who were parents and grandparents of John and Jane, with data? Mrs. Glenn Anderson, Lead, South Dakota.

C-'47. (a) Watkins.—Want any information about ancestry, place of birth and marriage, of Cephas Watkins, born April 22, 1801 died November 13, 1870 in Malone, New York.

(b) Williams.—Want any information about ancestry and place of birth of Phoebe Williams, born April 6, 1806 died January 6, 1864, married about 1828 to Cephas Watkins. Mrs. Edward Jobbins, 46 Summit Avenue, Bronxville 8, New York.

C-'47. (a) Ferris.—Who were the parents and wife of Richard Ferris of "Curles", Va.? whose daughter Elizabeth married Robert Woodson, son of Dr. John.

(b) Farrer.—Where do Nicholas and John Farrar of the Virginia Company join the line of the Earls of Ferrers, one of whom married Elizabeth Washington, cousin of Augustine Washington, who came to America? Mrs. J. H. Acklen, Franklin, Tennessee.

C-'47. Miller.—Wanted data about Whiskey Rebellion in connection with Samuel Miller at whose house were its headquarters, near Hickory, Pennsylvania. His son James married Polly Russell. Mrs. J. Ray Shike, 2503 North 49, Lincoln 4, Nebraska.

C-'47. (a) Van Loon-Jones.—Thomas Van Loon b. 1813; d. 1884, N. Y.; m. 1836 Jane Jones. Would like data about his grandparents, also his parents, Nicholas Van Loon and Easter (?).

(b) Jane Jones of N. J. b. 1817; d. 1880. Wanted; data regarding her grandparents, also her parents, George Jones and Catharine (?). Mrs. Burdette Smith, R. F. D. #3, Chardon, Ohio.

C-'47. (a) Bevier-Johnson.—Desire ancestry of Rachel Johnson, born March 19, 1796 and died Feb. 7, 1850. Married Elisha Bevier and settled in Binghamton, New York. They moved to near Plymouth, Ohio in 1835. Her father named William. Could mother have been Catherine Hasbrouck?

(b) Scott.—Want ancestry and exact birthplace of John Scott, born Virginia 1791. During War of 1812 he went into Tenn., volunteered, and was at Mobile when the Battle of New Orleans occurred. Upon his return to Virginia he left for Clark Co., Indiana, where he was married in the year 1815 to Jane Lawrence. Among his children were Candace, Terah, Caled, and Finny. Mrs. Clifford Lee BeVier, 1424 Tunnel Mill Road, Charlestown, Indiana.

C-'47. Skyles.—Wanted, Parents of William Skyles (Skiles) born Hagerstown, Md., April 5, 1773. Married Lyda Chaddie and had son Benjamin Born W. Tennessee August 24, 1810. Married Hannah Peak who was born in Kentucky 1818 and died 1860. Mrs. Frank W. Curtis, Montrose, Iowa.

C-'47. (a) Dicks.—Wish first name and all possible information of parents, grandparents, dates of birth, marriage and death of Miss Dicks who married Thomas Maddock, of Springfield, Chester Co. Pa. (later Del. Co.). They had one son, Thomas b 1782 (d 1857). They afterward married Joseph Gibbons and had sons.

C-47. (a) Dodge-Lufkin.—Wanted, ancestry of Captain Abraham Dodge, husband of Nabby Lufkin, and father of Benjamin, born 1810, Oliver, Temple, Mary, Eliza Ann, and Nancy Lufkin Dodge, 1829 in Gloucester, Mass.

(b) Allen.—What information about Perkins Allen of Phillips, Maine is given in the Genealogy of the Allen family of Farmington, Maine? I wish to trace his sons Ichobod (1773) and Perkins, Jr.

(b) Carnahan.—Wanted: the parents of James Jack and of his wife Jane Carnahan or Carnaban. He was an officer in the French and Indian War and died in Newton Township, Cumberland Co., Penn. in 1776. Their children were John, Eleanor, Elizabeth, Patrick, James, Andrew, Jane, Agnes, Margaret, Cynthia, Jemima, and Hannah. Mrs. Beekman Lee Youngblood, Carlowville, Minter, Alabama.

On October 30, 1946, the Historical Research Committee, Daughters of the American Revolution of the District of Columbia, led by the State Historian, Mrs. C. Edwards Channing, motored to historic Virginia, on a pilgrimage to Pohick Church.

We were very graciously received by the Rector who invited us to hold our services in the church. Our Daughters of the American Revolution services are always impressive but they were never more deeply so than in the sacred edifice; the “prayer,” “pledge” and “America” resounded with patriotic reverence and fervor.

Mrs. Wilfred J. Clearman, our State Regent, made a touching patriotic address, which was followed by a hymn sung by Mrs. Guy Withers.

Reverend Buxton, Rector of Pohick, then took charge of the meeting and delivered an excellent discourse on the historic facts and traditions of the church.

Pohick Church was built on a site chosen by George Washington in 1767; he designed the building and was one of the first vestrymen which was composed of men like George Mason, of Gunston Hall, George William Fairfax, of Belvoir and other prominent men of that period. (For an account of Truro Parish and list of vestrymen of Pohick, see Blackburn Genealogy, 1939 ed. pages 33 to 36.)

George Washington worshipped here and maintained two pews for his family and guests until his death. Although he attended many other churches during his travels, this was his home church.

In his discourse, Rev. Buxton suggested, in answer to an inquiry, that the probable reason for the height of the pulpit (which we see in so many of the old churches of that day) was on account of the high square family pews and it was so arranged that the pastor might see the congregation.

During the War between the states, the interior was torn out that the structure might be converted into a stable. In 1895 the public spirited citizens began to restore it and today it stands as it was in pre-Revolutionary days. The old stone Baptismal Font, lost for so many years, was discovered in a farmyard where it was serving as a watering trough; it is now in old Pohick and the large chandelier removed for safe keeping during the war will soon be re-installed.

After pronouncing the benediction, Rev. Buxton invited us to the Rectory to see the old Lee silver communion set. On the way to the Rectory we passed the old arched brick belfry just outside the church and one of our members pulled the bell cord and the old bell pealed forth as of old.

We then left Pohick overawed by the lingering personalities of the great men who lived in that day and swung the “Cradle of the Republic.”

On the way home, we stopped at the Penn-Daw Hotel, where a sumptuous luncheon had been arranged by Mrs. Frederick Sparrow, Chairman of Pilgrimage, thus ending a perfect day.

Mrs. A. T. Dildilian, Suffield, Connecticut.

MRS. VINNETTA W. RANKE, Vice-Chairman of Historians Committee.
Parliamentary Procedure

YOUR parliamentarian has had a busy
time since writing you last for almost
every mail has brought questions, and
such interesting ones too. Some were about
the mechanics of organization, some about
certain things in the N.S. Constitution and
By-Laws, over which we as state and chap-
ter members have no control, some ques-
tions about things of common parliamentary
usage, which everybody should know before
taking office and lay members should know
before so bitterly criticizing their officers
as many have done, and there are quite a
lot more questions too numerous to answer
in this article.

Those that are being answered I feel
should be those particularly about the prob-
lems pertaining to the state and chapter
by-laws for it is absolutely a fundamental
requirement for your by-laws to be correct
as you have noted ever since your par-
liamentarian began to serve the Society.

Question—Is it wise to carry a rule in
the by-laws of a chapter about where offi-
cers shall reside? Now this question was
asked because a chapter regent moved to
another state, and, although, she sent her
regent’s bar and her file of papers pertain-
ing to the office of regent to the vice regent
she did not submit her resignation as
regent when she moved out of the state to
live. The vice regent has been forced to
carry on the office of regent even though
she could not have official recognition as
regent because the regent did not resign.

In answer to this question it is a most
emphatic YES. Include a rule in the chap-
ter’s by-laws like this: “All chapter officers
shall reside in this state, an officer taking
up residence in another state shall be
deemed as having resigned and the vice
regent shall accede to the office of regent
and serve until the next annual meeting
when the office shall be filled by the chap-
ter.” If this rule is inserted in your by-
laws, it will protect the chapter against a
selfish officer who apparently is not con-
sidering the chapter or the dignity of the
office of regent. Now I am suggesting
chapters go a bit further when adopting
this rule and state the following: “All offi-
cers shall live within a radius of miles
from .” Of course the number of
miles to be chosen would depend upon
the state in which the chapter is located.
Chapters in the East where population is
congested could choose a very limited num-
ber of miles, while chapters in a prairie
state or in any locality that is sparsely set-
tled could make the number of miles larger.
But do have a rule pertinent to the size and
location of your chapter, for it will then
protect the members under any circum-
stances. State organizations should have
a rule requiring all officers to live in that
state, with this one exception, the District of
Columbia, as it would be a handicap for
the District to have this rule as so many
of their members do reside in the touching
states to the District.

Question—Will a chapter be barred from
representation at a state conference because
the State Treasurer was absent from home
when the postman came to deliver the mail,
and their being nobody to receive the mail,
it was, after several attempts by the post-
man to have the mail received, returned to
the chapter treasurer who had mailed it?
No, this can not bar the chapter from
having its usual representation at the State
Conference. The fault is not with the chap-
ter treasurer but with the state Treasurer
who made no provision for her mail being
taken care of during her absence from
the city.

Another question has been received which
I think the answer to it will be of interest
to many of you.

Question—If the by-laws of a state carry
this rule; that a year shall constitute a
term and that officers may be eligible to
three consecutive terms in the same office,
can a regent who is serving in a vacancy
in the office of regent be made to accept
the terms of her predecessor as her terms?
No. When a vice regent is serving in
the office of regent the only term that has
any effect upon her is the present one.
This of course applies to any officer who
may be serving in any vacancy in any or-
ganization. The general law for all or-
ganizations is this: Any officer serving as
long as half of a term in a vacancy shall
be deemed to have served a term, and any
officer who has served less than half of a
term in a vacancy will not be deemed to
have served a term. In this particular in-
stance which has been brought to my attention is as follows:

This state calls a year a term and states in its by-laws that officers are eligible for three consecutive terms in any office. The office of state regent became vacant and the state vice regent acceded to the office and served a period of nine months in the vacancy. It is now time for election of officers and some members say the incumbent in office must accept the two previous years the former regent served as her own terms, and that she is not eligible to re-election to the office of regent. Now under that state's own by-laws the member is eligible to election to this office in 1947 and again in 1948, as it is against all common parliamentary law to try to force her accepting the past regent's terms as hers. But as she has now served nine months in the vacancy, which is more than half of a term, she must consider the nine months as a term.

This rule of half a term is in most organizations and those who do not have the law should amend their by-laws to include it. Our N. S. By-Laws, Article 11, Election of Officers, very plainly states it in the last sentence of section 3 of the article. Your parliamentarian does not wish to be a scold but in two-thirds of the by-laws sent to me for a check-up, there is no law defining the eligibility of a member to re-election when serving in a vacancy, and as a consequence many letters are received from members protesting the rights of an officer coming out for re-election to the office she now holds while serving in a vacancy, simply because these members do not know the general law for this situation. So, please give your by-laws a careful study, and if they do not include this protecting and clarifying law, amend your instrument to include this in your article on "ELECTION OF OFFICERS."

That old proverbial "stitch in time" is surely applicable to this suggestion.

Faithfully yours,

NELLIE WATTS FLEMING
(Mrs. Hampton Fleming),
Parliamentarian, N. S. D. A. R.

Alexander Martin Chapter

At the October meeting the Alexander Martin Chapter Daughters of the American Revolution paid honor to the charter members of the chapter which was organized thirty years ago on October 19, 1916. After the names of the charter members, both active and inactive, were read, Mrs. J. C. Moore, Regent, read a poem entitled "My Heritage". This was followed by a solo, "My Task" by Miss Betty Sue Coltrane and an appropriate prayer.

Active members on the charter list read were: Mesdames H. A. Millis, the first Regent; J. E. Marsh, Bruce Carraway, R. K. Stewart, W. L. Tabb, T. A. Kearns, and Miss Mary Munyan. The inactive members' names read were: Mesdames S. S. Coe, J. A. Eshelman, L. L. Ivey, H. B. Hiatt, V. A. J. Idol, J. W. Kearns, W. W. Rankin, Miss Anna Hanff and those of Mesdames A. S. Caldwell, F. S. Lambeth, and R. T. Pickens, Sr., deceased members.

At a later program, Mrs. R. K. Stewart gave a history of the founding of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution from its organization by three members to the present time when it owns property valued at $5,000,000. Mrs. J. F. Hayden gave an outline of the beginning and growth of the State organization to its present status of seventy chapters. Bringing the history to a local angle, Mrs. H. A. Millis, first Regent of Alexander Martin Chapter, then discussed this organization from its inception to the present time.

At the December meeting, Mrs. R. I. Quigley, a talented musician and a member of Alexander Martin Chapter, gave a program of her original compositions. Mrs. Edward L. Short, Walter Nichols, and Norman Thomas sang the words while the composer accompanied them at the piano.

The Girl Homemaker's Cotton Dress Revue was featured at the December meeting also. Twenty junior and senior high school girls modeled the dresses which they had made. The two best dresses were selected by a group of competent judges in the chapter and to the junior and senior girl making the best dresses cash prizes of $5.00 each were given.

The awards were presented by Mrs. David T. Yow, Girl Homemaker chairman.
(Mrs. J. C.), GRADY R. MOORE, Regent.
DEAR CONTRIBUTORS:

LET us say "au revoir" to a good neighbor of the Daughters of the American Revolution through a score of years, C. Powell Minnigerode, former director of the Corcoran Gallery of Art, who has now become Director Emeritus of that institution after retiring from active duty there.

Mr. Minnigerode and his staff always had a kindly greeting to the delegates to the Daughters of the American Revolution Congresses and always saw to it that good exhibitions were on hand to greet the Daughters and to give his good counsel in art matters.

He will always be a welcome guest at our gatherings and we hope he will use some of his new found leisure to visit us more frequently and advise us on art matters.

We hope you will take special interest in our April and May numbers when we will have special material in reference to Continental Congress, which will convene here on May 19th for the first time since the war years.

In the April number we will have pictures and stories of all the candidates for cabinet office and a program of state and other events of special interest which are to take place during the Congressional days.

If you know of any of these special events please send details regarding them to Mrs. David D. Caldwell, Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee, who is assembling the material for us.

Be sure you use correct names when writing out anything to send to the Magazine.

Last month, through a typographical error, the caption of "North" instead of "South Transept" of Washington Cathedral was printed on our frontispiece picture. Our apologies to all concerned. These same gremlins that haunt airplanes must have been busy with the printing presses.

With hopes of seeing you at Congress.

Faithfully, your Editor,

ELISABETH E. POE.

DEAR SUBSCRIBERS:

IN March we begin making our plans to attend Continental Congress and so in this issue the Editor and Chairman of the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine Committee cordially invite every delegate, alternate and member attending the Congress to come to the Magazine office in the Administration Building to meet our National Vice Chairmen and members of the Magazine staff.

We also hope to have with us on Monday, May 19th, some one from Judd & Detweiler, Inc., our official printers, to tell us of the making of the magazine itself.

At your State Conferences, held this month, be sure to listen carefully to the report of your State Chairman of Magazine and if your Chapter has not 10% or more of its members subscribing to the magazine be sure you do your best to have your fellow members send in their subscriptions at once so they will know more about the work of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution.

The April issue will carry full information regarding the Congress and if the members have that issue it will save them much time when they reach Washington.

Looking forward to seeing you and meeting your friends in May I am,

Yours most cordially,

ISABELLE C. NASON, National Chairman.

Book Of Prayers

Mrs. Charles Harris Baker, Chaplain of the Los Angeles Chapter, has presented to the National Society through the Chaplain General, a book of prayers written and compiled by her for special occasions.

Permission to reprint this book has been given the Society in addition to 100 copies which may be purchased from the Business Office for fifty cents each. If there is sufficient demand for the book extra copies will be printed.
# Department of the Treasurer General

## D. A. R. Membership

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**TOTALS:** 2,552  154,195  1,787  155,982
MINUTES
OF THE NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT
SPECIAL MEETING
February 1, 1947

The Special meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, in the National Board Room, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C., on Saturday, February 1, 1947, at 12:00 noon.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Steele, offered prayer, followed by the Pledge of Allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America.

In the absence of the Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Manlove, the President General appointed the Corresponding Secretary General, Miss Matthies, as Recording Secretary General pro tem. Miss Matthies called the roll, and the following members were recorded present: National Officers: Mrs. Talmadge, Mrs. Marshall, Mrs. Throckmorton, Mrs. Creyke, Mrs. Vietheer, Mrs. Steele, Miss Matthies, Mrs. Goodfellow, Mrs. Haig, Mrs. O'Byrne, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Oberholser. State Regents: Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Clearman, Mrs. Patton, Mrs. Martin, Mrs. Sisler.

The President General welcomed the members, and extended a special welcome to those from faraway states.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. Haig, moved that 286 former members be reinstated. Seconded by Mrs. Steele. Carried.

The Registrar General, Mrs. O'Byrne, read her report.

Report of Registrar General

I have the honor to report 1,438 applications presented to the Board.

ESTELLA A. O'BYRNE, Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Registrar General moved that the 1,438 applicants whose records have been verified by the Registrar General be elected to membership in the National Society. Seconded by Mrs. Clearman. Carried.

The Organizing Secretary General, Mrs. Goodfellow, read her report.

Report of Organizing Secretary General

My report is as follows:

The following state vice regent is presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Robert Brainard Moseley as state vice regent of England.

Through their respective state regents, the following members at large are presented for confirmation, as organizing regents:

Mrs. Mary Anderson Griffin Siler, Lafayette, Alabama.
Mrs. Mabel D. Mason, Haverhill, Massachusetts.
Mrs. Lorine Hostetter Morrow, Sibley, Missouri.
Mrs. Mary Harwell McBryde, Putnam, Oklahoma.
Mrs. Virginia Mae Wood Loewen, Watonga, Oklahoma.

The state regent of Maine requests authorization of a chapter at Castine, Maine.

The following organizing regency has expired by time limitation:

Mrs. Vara Washington Burke Abbitt, Appomattox, Virginia.

Through their respective state regents, the following reappointments of organizing regents are requested:

Mrs. Rebecca S. Fiegenbaum, Edwardsville, Illinois.
Mrs. Candace Filson Gardner, Salyersville, Kentucky.

The following chapters have met all requirements, according to the National By-Laws and are now presented for confirmation:

Captain Jacob Van Meter, Elizabethtown, Kentucky.
Colonel John Robinson, Westford, Massachusetts.
Elliot Lee, Lewistown, Pennsylvania.
Robert Lewis, Lewisburg, Tennessee.
Fort Bend, Richmond, Texas.

EDNA B. GOODEWELL, Organizing Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Organizing Secretary General moved the confirmation of one state vice regent; confirmation of five organizing regents; authorization of one chapter; confirmation of reappointments of two organizing regents; confirmation of five chapters. Seconded by Mrs. Haig. Carried.

The Recording Secretary General pro tem read the minutes of today's meeting, which were approved as read.

The meeting adjourned at 12:15 p. m.

KATHARINE MATTHIES, Recording Secretary General pro tem, N. S. D. A. R.
THE Regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, in the Board Room, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C., at 9:30 a.m., on Wednesday, February 5, 1947.

The President General, Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, read her report.

Report of President General

You will remember that upon the eve of the arrival of the Board members in October, the hotel strike went into effect, but through the prompt and efficient handling of the situation, on the part of Mrs. Rex H. Rhoades, accommodations were procured for every member. No one was downcast, no one seemed to object to the inconvenience of changing to other hotels not on strike, and a wonderful spirit of cooperation and good humor prevailed. This was just another one of the varied experiences of these past two and one-half years, and the wholehearted loyalty and fine spirit displayed have given me courage and inspiration.

Following the Board meeting, many national and ex-national officers, state regents and other interested friends departed, by train and car, for the South to be present at Founders' Day at Tamassee, S. C., and Dedication Day at Kate Duncan Smith School at Grant, Alabama. The girls at Tamassee vacated their dormitory and the visitors "took over" for the duration of the "House Party." On Saturday night everyone was invited to the meeting of the Board of Trustees, when they were privileged to hear the reports of financial matters and all other business connected with the school. The usual "Sunrise Service" was held Sunday morning. The Girls' Chorus, in uniform, sang hymns and everyone took part in the Communion Service exemplifying the Christian spirit that prevails there.

In the afternoon, surrounded by friends from many states of the Union, Miss Edna Gibson, State Regent of New York, broke ground for the Chapel which she so generously presented to the school in memory of her mother. I had the happy privilege of breaking ground for the May Erwin Talmadge Auditorium-Gymnasium, the fund for which we hope may soon be in hand for its erection.

It is with genuine sadness that I report here the death since that meeting of Mrs. Jayne Jones, who gave the first tract of land upon which Tamassee School now stands and who was present at the Founders' Day celebration.

On Monday morning we departed for Grant, Alabama, to attend the all-day meeting and sumptuous luncheon served in the new cafeteria presented by Mr. and Mrs. William H. Pouch in memory of their daughter, Helen, and to take part in the dedication of sixteen gifts presented to the school during the War years.

The Angel of Death has visited the management of Kate Duncan Smith School also, for since the day we were there, I regret to report the passing of Mr. Samuel L. Earle, who with his wife, gave generously of time and energy to the promotion of this school. Since leaving the school, the dear State Vice Regent of Alabama, Miss Helen May Gaines, so lovable and helpful, has passed away. It is with real sadness that this is recorded.

Both of our D. A. R. schools seemed appreciative of the equal gift of $25,000 each to their 25th anniversary project.

Leaving Alabama, we took our several ways to our distant homes. I had the great pleasure of having Mrs. Frank Edgar Lee, Historian General; Mrs. Charles Christin, State Regent of California; and Mrs. Van Court Carwithen, Chairman of Approved Schools, accompany me to Athens, where they were my house guests over the weekend.

My own Elijah Clarke Chapter, Mrs. James W. Bailey, Regent, arranged for a broadcast for each of them, gave a beautifully appointed luncheon in their honor, and then at the meeting in the afternoon, the chapter had the privilege of listening to their talks concerning their committee and state work.

After the departure of Mrs. Lee and Mrs. Christin, Mrs. Carwithen remained over for a luncheon given in her honor by the Junior Membership Committee of Elijah Clarke Chapter, at which time she spoke about the building of the Auditorium-Gymnasium at Tamassee.

On October 29th, the Georgia State Board of Management met in Athens, and I had the happy privilege of entertaining the Board members and the Elijah Clarke Chapter and other friends at a reception in my home, honoring our Vice President.
General from Georgia, Mrs. Ober D. Warthen, and the State Regent, Mrs. Mark Smith.

On November 13th, I was again in Washington, and on the 14th was a guest of Mrs. Truman for luncheon at the White House.

On November 18th, I arrived in Peoria, Illinois, to attend the 50th anniversary celebration of the wonderful chapter there, with Mrs. John W. Hoffman, Regent, as hostess. I was met at the train by Mrs. Hoffman, Mrs. H. Eugene Chubbuck, our beloved past Vice President General, and Mrs. and Mrs. George Lusk, who drove us to the hospitable home of Mrs. Chubbuck, where everything had been arranged for the pleasure and comfort of her house party guests, which included Mrs. Frederick A. Sapp, State Regent, Mrs. J. DeForest Richards, ex-State Regent, Mrs. John Hanley, ex-State Regent and ex-Vice President General, and Mrs. Charles Curtis, of Illinois, Congressional Chairman of Corridor Hostesses. Mrs. Wendell C. Perry, Regent of Fort Dearborn Chapter, entertained at luncheon that day. On the 19th, amid lavish and beautiful surroundings and decorations, the Peoria Chapter celebrated its 50th birthday. Mrs. Hoffman, the Regent, left nothing to be desired in making this an occasion long to be remembered as outstanding in beauty and lavishness. Many state officers were present, as well as members from nearby cities. Miss Helen McMackin, ex-State Regent and ex-Vice President General, Mrs. Eli Dixson, ex-State Regent and ex-Vice President General, Mrs. Raymond Kimbell, ex-Chaplain General and many others were there, and their presence added greatly to the enjoyment of the occasion.

On November 21st, I was back in Washington and after spending several days in my office, I travelled to New York City, where I was the guest of the Mary Washington Colonial Chapter, Mrs. Ray L. Erb, the gracious Regent. Miss Gladys Clarke entertained at luncheon. Miss Edla Gibson, State Regent of New York, and Mrs. Thaddeus Merriman were among the guests. We repaid to the Pierre Hotel, where a reception was held, followed by an interesting meeting. Mrs. Stanley Thorpe Manlove, Recording Secretary General, was among the guests. That evening, Mrs. and Mrs. Erb entertained at a charmingly appointed dinner in her home.

Thanksgiving Week was spent in New York City and on December 2nd, I departed for Greenwich, Connecticut, where I was a guest for several days of Mrs. Grace L. H. Brosseau, Honorary President General. On December 3rd, it was my privilege to speak at a meeting of the Stamford Chapter, at Stamford, Conn., and on December 5th, I was the guest speaker at the meeting of the Putnam Hill Chapter in Greenwich, Conn. A large and enthusiastic group welcomed me there for the celebration of the 49th birthday of the chapter, with Mrs. Henry M. Brooks, Regent, acting as hostess and Mrs. Joseph T. Weir, Chairman of Arrangements.

Miss Katharine Mathies, Corresponding Secretary General, drove me to New Haven, Connecticut, following the meeting, where I boarded the train for Washington, arriving there December 6th.

On December 10th, it was my pleasure to be the guest of Our Flag Chapter of the District of Columbia, honoring our dear Honorary Vice President General, Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins. This chapter, now so flourishing, was founded by Mrs. Hodgkins' mother, Mrs. Lucie B. Wilkinson, National Number 106. Mrs. Mary A. Hanay, Charter Member, National Number 155, was also present.

On December 11th, the Executive Committee met and at noon we held the Special Meeting of the Board for the admission of members.

On the evening of December 12th, it was pleasant diversion to be the guest of E. Pluribus Unum Chapter, Miss Clara Brown, Regent. Many of our Board members were present also, being in the city for the meeting of the Executive Committee held the previous day.

The members of the Cabinet, and the chairmen of the Magazine and Buildings and Grounds Committees, entertained the 110 people who make "the wheels go round" at headquarters at two parties. On December 12th, a luncheon was given in the Banquet Hall on the top floor of Memorial Continental Hall. The Cabinet Officers were introduced, short speeches were made and then following the luncheon, the National Chairman of the Approved Schools Committee, Mrs. Van Court Carwithen, contributed her services in the entertainment of our guests, by showing colored slides depicting several of our approved schools and our own two D. A. R. schools. The next day a tea was given in the Administration Building. Christmas carols and spirituals were sung, delicious refreshments were served and brief talks made. I wish we could have had all of you with us, for they were inspirational meetings. It was a privilege to bring all of the members of our staff together. Such meetings create a feeling of "belonging," of being an integral part of the Society, a sense of responsibility for the unity, harmony and progress of the organization, so well beloved by all.

On December 14th, Dolly Madison Chapter, of the District of Columbia, entertained in the home of Mrs. Alexander Herbert Ruhl and hospitality was extended by the gracious hostess and the Regent, Mrs. George Middleton.

On December 15th, I returned to my home in Athens, Georgia, where I remained through the Christmas holidays.

I returned to Washington on January 9th to attend an "At Home" given by Mrs. Truman at the White House. This was my second privilege to represent you at these official functions in Washington.

I am proud to record the fine achievement of the Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution, Mrs. William Horsfall, who through her vision and applied interest, put into effect the card index system of located and marked graves of Revolutionary soldiers taken from Smithsonian Reports, including the 1st through the 50th Congresses. It has been decided that an appropriate plate be set on the steel file containing this index, which is located in the Business Office at national headquarters, reading:

"Index of Located and Marked Graves of Revolutionary Solders taken from 1st to 50th Annual Reports;
inaugurated by Lydia Yoakam Horsfall (Mrs. William) Reporter General to the Smithsonian Institution 1944-1947"

We are happy to report that the Forty-ninth Annual Report of the Society has been authorized
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

[139]

printed as a Senate document, in accordance with U. S. Resolution #60, introduced by Senator Brooks, Chairman of U. S. Senate Printing Committee, and passed in the Senate of the United States on January 15, 1947.

Death so suddenly claimed a member of our Advisory Board, Dr. Leo S. Rowe, Director General of the Pan American Union. Dr. Rowe was our neighbor in Washington, as well as one of our advisers, and his loss is keenly felt. His was a busy and active life, and at the end of a gray December day, when crossing a street in uptown Washington, in the dim twilight, he was fatally struck by an automobile. The Society wishing to do him honor by sending a floral tribute was told that it was his wish that no flowers be sent and that there be no ceremonies attendant upon his demise. The officials of the Pan American Union advised us that the ashes of Dr. Rowe will be placed in and become a permanent part of the Pan American headquarters, as their last tribute to his memory.

We are saddened, too, by the passing of our beloved ex-State Regent of Rhode Island, Mrs. Albert Calder, II. Mrs. Calder also served the Society as Vice President General 1921 to 1924. It was my personal grief as well as that felt by all at national headquarters, when on October 29th, Mrs. Maude B. Goll, loved member of our staff for thirty-five years passed on to her Great Reward. Mrs. Goll's cheery nature and competent service endeared her to all who were fortunate enough to know her. Her loss is keenly felt and may we pause for a moment to pay tribute, in silence, to her memory.

On November 17th, Mrs. John Brown Heron passed away. We record her death with great sorrow. Mrs. Heron served as State Regent of Pennsylvania and as Vice President General.

At the request of the U. S. Navy, we were asked to scatter flowers upon the waters of the world in memory of those who lost their lives at sea in World War II. Mrs. Albert D. Gilmore, Chairman of the Special Committee for War Service Gardens, undertook this beautiful tribute which developed successfully. You will hear more of this from Mrs. Gilmore in her report at the Continental Congress.

On January 23rd, I had the pleasure of visiting the Colonel Richard McCalister Chapter in Hanover, Pennsylvania, with the Regent, Mrs. Robert F. Jones, as hostess. Mrs. Harper D. Sheppard, Honorary Vice President General, entertained Mrs. John Logan Marshall, First Vice President General, Mrs. Van Court Carwithen, National Chairman of Approved Schools Committee, and other Pennsylvania regents who were the house guests with me at the home of Mrs. William C. Langston, of York, Pennsylvania.

On January 28th, it was a great privilege to address the Yorktown Chapter, of York, Pennsylvania, at a luncheon meeting. Mrs. John W. Hennessey, the Regent, was unable to be present because of hospitalization, but hospitality was extended by the Vice Regent, Mrs. Gilbert Metz, who graciously conducted the meeting. The State Regent, Mrs. Benjamin R. Williams, extended greetings and a welcome to the visitors. Many national and State Officers, past and present, were there.

The week-end was happily spent in the hospit-
Tamassee and Kate Duncan Smith D. A. R. Schools; the former on the occasion of its annual October Board meeting of the Governing Board and the annual Founders' Day celebration, and the latter in its observance of the Victory Dedications Day. Both visits gave ample proof of the fine growth and the worthwhile service of these praiseworthy institutions.

During this period, she has visited, in her official capacity and upon invitation, 36 chapters in eight different states, participated in two radio interviews (Stations in Salisbury, North Carolina, and in St. Petersburg, Florida—the latter interview being included in Major Robinson's News Hour); visited one Junior Group and one C. A. R. society; and has been honor guest at many delightful social functions arranged by her hostesses in connection with these visits. On all chapter programs and on the radio, she stressed always the work of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Many similar invitations have had to be regretted because of conflicting dates—situations which always evoke the wish that she might be twins, at the very least!

All meetings of the National Board of Management, the Executive Committee, Personnel Committee, and the Committee on Rentals of Constitution Hall have been attended.

All chapter yearbooks have been acknowledged with pertinent comment and filed.

Many requests for special program material have been received and referred to the proper committees. Too many orders for the D. A. R. Handbook have come to her desk and have been forwarded to the Business Office. It is suggested that the state regents again impress upon chapters that all such orders should be sent directly to the Business Office in order to facilitate prompt service.

It has been a real pleasure to assist a number of prospective members of both D. A. R. and C. A. R., to assemble the required data and to encourage their enthusiasm for membership.

More than the required number of members have been obtained for the organization of a C. A. R. society at Clemson College, and the actual organization meeting awaits only the time sufficiently available. These have been busy months and filled with the joy of service; and the memories of enthusiastic cooperation and friendly courtesies will bless all the years to come.

Jennie Scudder Murray, Second Vice President General, N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. Murray read her report as Chairman of the Printing Committee.

**Report of Printing Committee**

Since my last report, the printing has largely been that of preparing material for the 56th Continental Congress.

The requests have been filled for additional material needed to carry on the work of various offices, committees' questionnaires, and reprinting of blanks and leaflets.

All the staff has been busy preparing material incidental to the coming Congress.

At this time, we have a balance of $1,692.50 left from our budget of $4,645.00 for the year.

We are happy to know that Mrs. Erma Ash, of the Business Office, who has been so ill, is improving and will return to the office in the near future.

My appreciation is expressed to the staff in our multigraph and mimeograph shops.

Jennie Scudder Murray, Chairman, Printing Committee.

The Third Vice President General, Mrs. T. B. Throckmorton, read her report.

**Report of Third Vice President General**

If you will take notice of the beauty and glowing health of the First and Second Vice Presidents General, you will realize how I enjoy being the Third Vice President General. Very little is required of me—with the result that I can sit back and really enjoy the reports of my talented and hard working fellow officers. Let us hope for their continued good health and industry.

Iowa has a D. A. R. Speaker's Bureau, of which I am a member, and it is with real pride that I recount to chapters and other groups the splendid accomplishments of our National Society. I have spoken before eighteen such groups since my last report.

As chairman of the Auditing Committee, I will
shortly report on the Treasurer General’s honesty and uprightness.

As chairman of the Special Committee on Constitution Hall, I will say that I have a fine committee of unusually intelligent and zealous members. Two meetings of the committee have been held, with the result that the report will be ready and presented when these committee reports are in order.

In closing, may I say that I feel so strongly the great need of the influence of the Women of the World—of organized effort such as ours. We the homemakers of Today and Tomorrow, need to be awake to the responsibility that is ours. In the words of the poet,—

So long as there are homes
Where fires burn, and there is bread
So long as there are homes
Where lamps are lighted and prayers said
And Nations grope
With God Himself back of these little homes
We sure have hope.

EDNA DUDLEY THROCKMORTON,
Third Vice President General,
N. S. D. A. R.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Willard Steele, read her report.

Report of Chaplain General

Upon her return from a two months’ trip to South America the last of November, your Chaplain General found a bushel basket of mail awaiting her. In due time, most of this was read and answered, though the rush of the holidays caused delays.

Letters of sympathy were written; Memorial Services were planned; many questions answered and suggestions given. Letters of welcome were sent to new state chaplains, and material relating to our religious program was enclosed. Then, Christmas greetings were sent to all the state chaplains. She regrets that she has not had time to acknowledge all the state proceedings and chapter programs received, so takes this opportunity to thank both state and chapter regents.

Your Chaplain General attended the December Executive Committee and Special Board Meetings, and while in Washington, was happy to attend the luncheon given for our employees, and two receptions given by D. C. chapters. At this time, she had a conference with Chief Chaplain Miller of the U. S. Army and applied for some of the surplus Bibles for distribution to the students of our approved schools.

She is happy to report that 5,000 Bibles have been promised and a report on the distribution of these will be made at the Continental Congress.

KATE HINDS STEELE,
Chaplain General,
N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. Steele announced the availability of the Book of Prayers by Mrs. Charles Harris Baker, Chaplain of the Los Angeles Chapter, stating that Mrs. Baker had given the Society 100 copies which would be sold at 50 cents each as long as the supply lasts, and that if the demand were great enough, the book would be reprinted sometime in the future.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Stanley Thorpe Manlove, read her report.

Report of Recording Secretary General

Directly following the October Board meeting it was a great pleasure to visit our mountain schools, accompanied by Mrs. E. R. Williams, of Pennsylvania, and Mrs. W. H. Lambeth, of Tennessee. We stopped first at Crossnore, visited with Dr. Sloop, inspected the school and talked with the students.

At Tamasee, we attended the church service on Sunday morning, and it was my great honor to turn the third spadeful of earth for the new chapel, the gift of Miss Edla S. Gibson, State Regent of New York, in memory of her mother. Miss Gibson turned the first earth, and our President General, Mrs. Talmadge, the second. We spent the night at the school, going on next day to Kate Duncan Smith School. There it was an added honor to present the lighting system given by the National Officers Club in honor of our President General. These schools are an inspiration to visit. If the Daughters of the American Revolution never do anything else for America, they have justified their existence by their aid to these children in our southern mountains.

It was an experience to act as saleslady at the D. A. R. Day for the Sale for the Blind in New York City, on December 4th, when over $4,500 was raised by the effort of our Society.

January 1, 1947, was an eventful day, as it was the privilege of the Recording Secretary General to represent our Society at the inauguration ceremonies of Governor Thomas E. Dewey, in Albany, New York. A reception at the Executive Mansion brought the added pleasure of greeting the Governor and Mrs. Dewey in person.

On January 13th, as speaker at a meeting of the American Association of University Women on "Trends in Education" the story of Crossnore was told as indicative of one particular trend in education.

One of the outstanding events of the period covered by this report was a visit to Mrs. Cyrus Wells, of Minneapolis, Minnesota. Mrs. Wells will be one hundred years old on April 4th. To listen to her stories of when the D. A. R. was young, and hear her keen interest in the things which are taking place in our Society today, was most inspiring. Evidently one never gets too old to take an alert concern for our Society’s welfare. Many chapter visits in many states have brought inspiration and pleasure.

The work in the office of the Recording Secretary General has gone steadily on since the last report of October 17, 1946. The minutes of the Regular Board meeting in October and the Special Board meeting on December 11th were prepared for publication in the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, and proofread. Verbatim transcripts have been made, indexed, bound in folders and filed. Motions of both Board meetings have been typed and copies delivered to each National Officer, also copied for the Statute Book and indexed.

Notices of the Board and Executive Committee meetings have been sent to members. The minutes
of the Executive Committee meetings have been written; copied and sent to members of this committee; recopied for binding in book form, which has also been indexed. Rulings were typed and delivered to those offices affected.

Since the last report in October a total of 4,111 membership certificates have been filled in and mailed to members, also three commissions to state vice regents.

All correspondence and requests for information have had prompt and careful attention.

MARIJORIE R. MANLOVE,
Recording Secretary General,
N. S. D. A. R.

The Corresponding Secretary General, Miss Katharine Matthies, read her report.

Report of Corresponding Secretary General

Much of a Corresponding Secretary's work is routine so that often there is little to report except figures which is the case this time.

Since my report to you in October the number of requests for information on how to join the D. A. R. has increased in an encouraging way and 19,586 application blanks were sent out from my office.

It is a matter of real regret that my office has not been able to meet the increasing demand for manuals in some of the languages as the supply was either exhausted or very limited. This situation is due to factors beyond our control, such as the paper shortage and printers' strikes. We hope it will soon be remedied.

The following supplies have been mailed from my office since my last report:

- Application blanks 19,586
- Information leaflets 1,419
- Constitution and By-laws 361
- Transfer cards 2,055
- Reinstatement cards 1,059
- What the Daughters Do pamphlets 6,203
- Applicant's Working Sheets 10,352
- Ancestral Charts 9,925
- State Regents Welcome Cards 3,167
- Miscellaneous 441

Orders for manuals have been filled to the number of 105,017. The distribution according to languages follows: English—95,361; Armenian—719; Bohemian—170; Finnish—83; German—908; Hungarian—207; Lithuanian—186; Norwegian—144; Portuguese—234; Spanish—4,763; Swedish—72; Yiddish—2,170.

Mrs. Goodfellow moved the confirmation of six organizing regents; cancellation of one chapter authorization; one chapter disbandment; confirmation of four chapters. Seconded by Mrs. Frederick G. Smith. Carried.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. Charles Carroll Haig, read her report.

Report of Treasurer General

I herewith submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from September 1, 1946, to December 31, 1946.

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<tr>
<td>Flag booklets and codes</td>
<td>$171.25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Handbooks</td>
<td>485.08</td>
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<tr>
<td>Historical papers and lantern slides</td>
<td>178.30</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Interest:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Current Fund</td>
<td>$312.50</td>
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<td>Life Membership Fund</td>
<td>165.00</td>
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<td><strong>Library fees and contributions:</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Lineage</td>
<td>81.50</td>
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<td>Lineage indexes</td>
<td>220.95</td>
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<td>Magazine:</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Cuts</td>
<td>6.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Proceedings:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rituals:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Constitution Hall Events:</strong></td>
<td>18,687.40</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Buildings Expense:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<td>Refunds</td>
<td>4.43</td>
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<td>Transfer from Committee Maintenance Fund</td>
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<td><strong>Total Receipts</strong></td>
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<td>Refunds:</td>
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<td>Annual dues</td>
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<td>Initiation fees</td>
<td>410.00</td>
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<td>Supplemental fees</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>President General:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>2,660.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
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<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
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<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Express</td>
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<tr>
<td>Official expenses</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>First Vice President General:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Recording Secretary General:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>1.04</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reporting</td>
<td>113.80</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Corresponding Secretary General:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>1,190.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
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<td>Supplies</td>
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<td>Express</td>
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<td>Printing, engraving, etc.</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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## Organizing Secretary General:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>$1,135.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>17.75</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>35.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td>4.56</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>.52</td>
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## Treasurer General:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>7,842.74</td>
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<td>Supplies</td>
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<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td>17.64</td>
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<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
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<td>Rental fees</td>
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## Registrar General:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>10,464.46</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
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<td>Supplies</td>
<td>241.05</td>
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<td>Express</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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## Historian General:

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>1,069.24</td>
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<td>Supplies</td>
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## Librarian General:

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
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<tr>
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## Curator General:

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>1,551.40</td>
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<td>Postage</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express</td>
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<tr>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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## Reporter General:

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<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>12.97</td>
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## Business Office:

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<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>6.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td>2.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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## General expense:

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<tr>
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<td>Postage</td>
<td>66.82</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>490.01</td>
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<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>13.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Express, freight, carfare, etc.</td>
<td>17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insurance</td>
<td>52.38</td>
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<td>Printing, engraving, etc.</td>
<td>2,673.86</td>
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<td>Refund</td>
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## Committees:

### Advancement of American Music:

Express: .46

### Approved Schools:

Express: .41
### Buildings and Grounds:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>$382.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>5.32</td>
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<tr>
<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$414.68</strong></td>
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### Correct Use the of Flag:

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Cost</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>.52</td>
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</table>

### Filing and Lending:

<table>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>2.98</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express, freight, etc.</td>
<td>17.16</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>763.89</strong></td>
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### Finance:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>4.31</td>
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### Genealogical Records:

<table>
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<th>Item</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>19.27</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>576.77</strong></td>
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### Girl Home Makers:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Express</td>
<td>.62</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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### War Records:

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Express</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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### Buildings Expense:

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<th>Cost</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
<td>13,881.15</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>1,287.07</td>
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<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
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<td>Express, freight, carfare, etc.</td>
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<td>Insurance</td>
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<td>Electricity and gas</td>
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<td>Fuel oil</td>
<td>679.80</td>
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<td>Ice and towels</td>
<td>38.97</td>
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<tr>
<td>Time service</td>
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<td>Water rent</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exterminating service</td>
<td>17,953.02</td>
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### Printing Office:

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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### Telephone and Telegrams:

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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### Constitution Hall Events:

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Services</td>
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<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
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<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
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<td>Legal fee</td>
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<td>Printing</td>
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<td>Admission tax and license</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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### Magazine:

<table>
<thead>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Miscellaneous</td>
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<td>Issues</td>
<td>4,167.80</td>
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<td>Articles</td>
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**Total** **18,431.59**
Congress, Fifty-Sixth:

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<tr>
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<td>Supplies</td>
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<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$211.10</strong></td>
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Application blanks—refunds... 1.00
Auditing and legal fees... 390.00
Duplicate papers—refunds... 2.00
Employees' withholding tax... 6,511.91
Flag booklets and codes—postage, printing... 84.27
Handbooks—postage... 125.00
Lineage—express... 2.87
Office furniture and fixtures... 1,516.28
Parliamentarian—services... 300.00
Proceedings—postage, printing, etc... 3,943.60
Returned checks... 140.43
Rituals—printing... 328.00
Society's contributions to Pension Fund... 975.64
State Regents' postage... 234.30
Transfer to Petty Cash Fund... 1,000.00

**Total Disbursements**... $92,206.41

**Balance, December 31, 1946**... $244,284.86

**PETTY CASH FUND**

Balance, August 31, 1946... $1,200.00
Receipts: Transfer from Current Fund... 1,000.00

Balance, December 31, 1946... $2,200.00

**SPECIAL FUNDS**

Angel and Ellis Islands:

Balance, August 31, 1946... $36,763.49
Receipts: Contributions... 3,838.51

Disbursements:

<table>
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<th>Service</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Postage</td>
<td>71.24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Supplies and equipment</td>
<td>2,222.12</td>
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<td>Telephone and telegrams</td>
<td>2.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Repairs and maintenance</td>
<td>177.90</td>
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<tr>
<td>Express, freight, etc.</td>
<td>4.52</td>
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<td>Insurance</td>
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<tr>
<td>Printing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Miscellaneous</td>
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<tr>
<td>Angel Island</td>
<td>120.00</td>
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Balance, December 31, 1946... $34,071.87

Committee Maintenance:

Balance, August 31, 1946... 7,328.16
Receipts: Contributions... 554.38

Disbursements:

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<th>Service</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Recordings</td>
<td>82.00</td>
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Balance, December 31, 1946... 7,585.22

Good Citizenship Pilgrimage:

Balance, August 31, 1946... 7,460.56
Receipts: Contributions... 549.23

Balance, December 31, 1946... 8,009.79
Disbursements:
- Express, freight, etc.  . $2.71
- Printing, engraving, etc.  . 296.75
- Bond awards  . 225.00

Disbursements: $852.46
Balance, December 31, 1946  . $7,485.33

Junior American Citizens:
Balance, August 31, 1946  . 2,563.48
Receipts: Contributions  . 544.32

Disbursements:
- Postage  . 30.03
- Supplies  . 6.71
- Express, freight, etc.  . 17.01
- Printing, engraving, etc.  . 570.92

Disbursements: $624.67
Balance, December 31, 1946  . 2,483.13

Manual:
Balance, August 31, 1946  . 33,018.99
Receipts:
- Contributions  . 1,232.61
- Sale of copies  . 13.60

Disbursements:
- Refunds  . 7.50
- Services  . 250.00
- Postage  . 400.00
- Supplies  . 220.09
- Express, freight, etc.  . 85.33

Disbursements: $962.92
Balance, December 31, 1946  . 33,302.28

National Defense:
Balance, August 31, 1946  . 9,616.63
Receipts:
- Contributions  . 3,909.88
- Sale of literature  . 900.70
- Sale of medals  . 336.01
- Buddy Bags  . 7.00
- War Service Pins  . 97.70

Disbursements:
- Refunds  . 1.50
- Services  . 3,024.75
- Postage  . 383.51
- Supplies  . 26.60
- Telephone and telegrams  . 139.07
- Repairs and maintenance  . 15.00
- Express, freight, etc.  . 71.50
- Binding books  . 20.00
- Printing, engraving, etc.  . 1,144.58
- Miscellaneous  . 5.00
- Literature, subscriptions  . 145.46
- Buddy Bags  . 298.59
- Travel  . 397.70
- Dinners and meetings  . 64.84
- Contributions to Pension Fund  . 38.22

Disbursements: $5,774.32
Balance, December 31, 1946  . 9,093.60

Press Relations:
Balance, August 31, 1946  . 6,921.49
Receipts:
- Contributions  . 1,350.90
- Sale of Historic Restorations  . 43.50
- Sale of Handbooks  . 70

Press Relations: $1,395.10
Balance, December 31, 1946  . 8,316.59
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### Balance, December 31, 1946

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<table>
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<table>
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### Tamassee Auditorium:

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### Valley Forge Memorial:

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<tr>
<td>Window</td>
<td>635.28</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sale of Pictures</td>
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<tr>
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<td>13,569.36</td>
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<td>63,184.28</td>
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<table>
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<tr>
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<td>120.35</td>
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### Balance, December 31, 1946

<table>
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<tr>
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<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>63,063.93</td>
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### Metal Locator:

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### Agnes Carpenter Mountain Schools:

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<tbody>
<tr>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Balance, December 31, 1946</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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American Indians:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ $645.79
Receipts: Contributions ........................................ 520.60

Disbursements:
Refunds to States ........................................... $105.00
Scholarships .................................................. 348.85
453.85

Balance, December 31, 1946 ..................................... $712.54

Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 696.04
Receipts: Interest ............................................. 2.72

Balance, December 31, 1946 ..................................... 698.76

Helen Pouch Memorial Scholarship:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 1,096.14
Receipts: Contributions ........................................ 498.00

Disbursements: Refund .......................................... 5.00

Balance, December 31, 1946 ..................................... 1,589.14

Hillside School, Inc., Endowment Fund:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 444.89
Receipts: Contributions ........................................ 125.00

Balance, December 31, 1946 ..................................... 569.89

Philippine Scholarship:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 815.83
Receipts: Interest ............................................. 26.51

Balance, December 31, 1946 ..................................... 842.34

Harriet E. Bowen Book Fund:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 844.72

Hugh Vernon Washington Library Fund:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 1,142.52
Receipts: Interest ............................................. 312.50

Disbursements: Books ........................................... 417.50

Balance, December 31, 1946 ..................................... 1,037.52

Library Clock:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 150.00

Life Membership:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 2,067.61

Microfilming Census Records:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 1,103.01
Receipts: Contributions ........................................ 167.40

Disbursements: Microfilms ..................................... 58.96

Balance, December 31, 1946 ..................................... 1,211.45

Motion Picture Equipment:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 1,049.77
Receipts: Contributions ........................................ 3.00

Balance, December 31, 1946 ..................................... 1,052.77

Preservation, Gowns of Presidents General:
Balance, August 31, 1946 ........................................ 211.84
Reserve Fund for Maintenance of Properties:

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<th>Receipts</th>
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<td>Sale of U. S. Treasury Certificates</td>
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<td>Children of the American Revolution</td>
<td>271.56</td>
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<td>Transfer from State Rooms</td>
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<table>
<thead>
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<td>Administration Building</td>
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<tr>
<td>Constitution Hall and Library</td>
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<td>Refunds</td>
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Golden Jubilee Endowment Fund:

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<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
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| Balance, December 31, 1946 | 1,622.57 |

Museum:

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contributions</td>
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<tr>
<td>Transfer from Valley Forge Memorial</td>
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<table>
<thead>
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State Rooms:

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<td>Furnishings and repairs</td>
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| Balance, December 31, 1946 | 533.80 |

Archives Room:

| Balance, August 31, 1946 | -647.31 |

Indian Room:

| Balance, August 31, 1946 | 68.38 |

Pension and Retirement Fund:

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<table>
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<tr>
<td>Employees' contributions</td>
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| Employees' contributions | 5,093.28 |
### DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

**National Tribute Grove:**
- **Balance, August 31, 1946:** $103.40
- **Receipts: Contributions:** $779.57

**Balance, December 31, 1946:** $882.97

**Junior Project—Crippled Children:**
- **Receipts:** $75.00
- **Disbursements:** $75.00

**Total Special Funds:** $201,897.09

### DISPOSITION OF FUNDS

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<th>Balance 8–31–46</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
<th>Disbursements</th>
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<td>5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Seeing Eye</td>
<td>32.00</td>
<td>32.00</td>
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<td>2,090.52</td>
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<td>1,898.40</td>
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<td>Valley Forge Memorial</td>
<td>49,614.92</td>
<td>13,569.36</td>
<td>120.35</td>
<td>63,065.29</td>
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<td>285.17</td>
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<td>192.50</td>
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<td>520.60</td>
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<td>712.54</td>
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<td>Hugh Vernon Washington Library Fund</td>
<td>1,142.52</td>
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<td>150.00</td>
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<td>Life Membership</td>
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<td>211.84</td>
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<td>Reserve for Maintenance of Property</td>
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<td>6,614.30</td>
<td>533.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives Room</td>
<td>647.31</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>647.31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indian Room</td>
<td>68.38</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>68.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pension and Retirement Fund</td>
<td>11,509.50</td>
<td>3,290.22</td>
<td>5,093.28</td>
<td>9,706.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Tribute Grove</td>
<td>103.40</td>
<td>779.57</td>
<td></td>
<td>882.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Junior Project—Crippled Children</td>
<td></td>
<td>75.00</td>
<td>75.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total:** $374,977.70

**Total Disbursements:** $247,984.54

**Total Balance:** $174,590.29

**Petty Cash in Office of the Treasurer General:** $448,381.95
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund</th>
<th>Investments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Current Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago and Alton R. R. Co. 3% Bonds, due 1949 (par value $3,000.00)</td>
<td>$2,314.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1949-51</td>
<td>$5,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, September 15, 1951-53</td>
<td>$25,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62</td>
<td>$21,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings Bond, Series F, due 1957 (maturity value $100.00).</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>National Defense Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, December 15, 1949-51</td>
<td>$5,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Agnes Carpenter Mountain Schools Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62</td>
<td>$10,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2½% Bonds, March 15, 1952-54 (par value $2,000.00)</td>
<td>$2,050.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>$13,400.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Anne Rogers Minor Scholarship Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62</td>
<td>$3,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Helen Pouch Memorial Scholarship Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1956</td>
<td>500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hillside School, Inc., Endowment Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1956</td>
<td>$700.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1957</td>
<td>$1,000.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Philippine Scholarship Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, September 15, 1951-53</td>
<td>$500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62</td>
<td>$11,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, June 15, 1964-69</td>
<td>$3,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>$9,800.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1955</td>
<td>$500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1956</td>
<td>$200.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hugh Vernon Washington Library Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, March 15, 1950-52</td>
<td>$15,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, March 15, 1952-54 (par value $9,000.00).</td>
<td>$9,225.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Postal Savings 2¼% Bonds, due 1952.</td>
<td>$500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>$4,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Life Membership Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, March 15, 1952-54 (par value $5,000.00)</td>
<td>$5,125.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Postal Savings 2¼% Bonds, due 1952.</td>
<td>$500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1953</td>
<td>$200.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>$13,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reserve Fund for Maintenance of Properties</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2% Bonds, September 15, 1951-53</td>
<td>$15,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, June 15, 1952-55</td>
<td>$4,800.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62</td>
<td>$29,800.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Golden Jubilee Endowment Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Traction Co. 5% Bonds, June 1, 1947 (par value $3,000.00)</td>
<td>$5,292.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, June 15, 1959-62</td>
<td>$10,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62</td>
<td>$1,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, March 15, 1952-54 (par value $7,200.00)</td>
<td>$7,382.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, June 15, 1964-69</td>
<td>$10,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings Bonds, Series F, due 1954 (maturity value $1550.00).</td>
<td>$407.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings Bonds, Series F, due 1955 (maturity value $125.00).</td>
<td>$92.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1954</td>
<td>$11,400.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Savings 2¼% Bonds, Series G, due 1956</td>
<td>$10,400.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Archives Room Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, December 15, 1959-62</td>
<td>$8,500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, June 15, 1964-69</td>
<td>$500.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pension and Retirement Fund</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capital Traction Co. 5% Bonds, June 1, 1947 (par value $8,500.00)</td>
<td>$8,325.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detroit Edison Co. 4% Bonds, October 1, 1965 (par value $2,000.00)</td>
<td>$2,225.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potomac Electric Co. 3¼% Bonds, July 1, 1966 (par value $4,000.00)</td>
<td>$4,390.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, June 15, 1959-62</td>
<td>$10,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U. S. Treasury 2¼% Bonds, June 15, 1964-69</td>
<td>$41,500.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Mrs. Frederick G. Smith, Chairman of the Finance Committee, read the report of that Committee.

Report of Finance Committee

As chairman of the Finance Committee, I have signed 475 vouchers to the amount of $169,368.95 during the past four months. These cover transfer of funds, reinvestment of securities, as well as operating expenses of our National Society.

The report of the Finance Committee is a summary, the Treasurer's report gives the details. I recommend that each member of the Board read this report carefully. You will notice it has been necessary to expend large sums this year for the maintenance and repair of our buildings. During the war years it was not possible to obtain the needed materials, and the resulting delay has made these repairs all the more expensive. We feel the buildings inside and out are in good condition.

Contributions were received for Approved Schools to the amount of $22,869.98; Tamasee Auditorium, $1,898.40; National Defense Committee, $3,032.06; Valley Forge Memorial, $110.35; Sun-dries, $2,090.52; Americanism, $497.15; Red Cross, $189.00; Student Loans, $148.00; Conservation, $103.85; Seeing Eye, Inc., $32.00; Save the Children Federation, $5.00.

The largest amounts expended are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>$36,499.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Services of Manager, General Superintendent and employees</td>
<td>$21,215.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magazine</td>
<td>7,211.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Angel and Ellis Islands</td>
<td>6,571.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Defense Committee</td>
<td>5,774.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Press Relations Committee</td>
<td>4,915.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Withholding tax on salaries</td>
<td>6,511.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pensions</td>
<td>4,768.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Installing copper roof and other repairs</td>
<td>18,531.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing, wrapping and mailing Proceedings of 55th Congress</td>
<td>3,943.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>1,956.85</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MABEL J. SMITH, Chairman, Finance Committee.

Mrs. Throckmorton moved the acceptance of the report of the Auditing Committee, carrying with it the appended reports of the Treasurer General and the Finance Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Steele. Carried.

The Registrar General, Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, read her report.

Report of Registrar General

I have the honor to submit the following report of the work of this office since my last report:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of applications verified</td>
<td>170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of supplementals verified</td>
<td>395</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total number of papers verified</td>
<td>565</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Papers returned unverified</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Originals</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplementals</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New records verified</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permits issued for official insignia</td>
<td>202</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permits issued for miniature insignia</td>
<td>317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permits issued for ancestral bars</td>
<td>236</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This report of applications verified has only been possible thru the splendid cooperation of my office staff. The number of applications arriving in each mail is unprecedented, and this, together with the great number of questions on all sorts of subjects, has made the correspondence of the office unusually heavy. Therefore, in order to have this large number of applications to present to this Board, the staff has remained after hours on many days. I am grateful and appreciative of their fine spirit and loyalty to the Society.

The State of Arkansas has sent the money for the purchase of microfilms for its 1850, 1860, and 1870 Census and the order has been placed for these records.

Virginia has made partial payment toward its 1880 Census, and Massachusetts has almost completed payment for the 1840 Census.

ESTELLA A. O'BYRNE, Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. O'Byrne moved that the 170 applicants whose records have been verified by the Registrar General be elected to membership in the National Society. Seconded by Mrs. Burns. Carried.

Mrs. Haig moved that 12 former members be reinstated. Seconded by Mrs. Tompkins. Carried.

Mrs. Haig presented the following statistical report: deceased, 1,093; resigned, 1,246; reinstated, 12.

Mrs. Haig moved that the "resignation" of Helen G. Roarick, National Number 243211, of the Anne Cary Chapter, East Rockaway, New York, be rescinded, thereby restoring her membership.
Mrs. Roarick resigned as Regent of Anne Cary Chapter but through an oversight of the chapter her “resignation” from the National Society was reported to the Treasurer General on August 29, 1946, and was reported to the National Board of Management at the meeting held on October 17, 1946. Seconded by Mrs. Miller. Carried.

The Librarian General, Mrs. Frederick G. Smith, read her report.

Report of Librarian General

We wish to express our appreciation to all states for the generous contributions to our Library received this year. We ask you all to see that any further gifts to our Library may reach us before February 28, allowing for delays in mailing, so they may be sure to be included in the report of this year for Congress. We also ask chapter librarians to be sure to notify their state librarian of gifts sent direct to our Library, so they too may receive recognition. The chain of a perfect report, chapter, state and national is broken when any one of the first two does not report, so the Librarian General has the complete picture.

We ask state regents to remind state librarians that the deadline for their reports to the Librarian General is March 1st. We do want a report from each state in this final year of our regime. We know you have been working and we want the Congress to have that knowledge.

We have been asked several times if we have an addenda to the Library Catalogue, published in 1940. We have all been reminded many times during the past five years “That there has been a war on.” The shortage of paper during these years with the many labor shortages added in the printing offices, have made it impossible to have this work done. The Librarian General has been authorized by the Executive Committee, as of February 3, 1947, to request from the Magazine Office, 100 reprints of her report taken from the minutes of each National Board meeting. The reprints are to be sent each state regent and state librarian to form an addenda to the Library Catalogue published in 1940.

No library catalogue is ever strictly up to date, for gifts are arriving daily. The Librarian General reports to each National Board meeting, occurring in October, February and April or May at Congress, the gifts received previous to that date. This report may be found in the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE following the above dates. We have suggested during this regime that chapter and state librarians clip this report and keep it with the Library Catalogue, thus keeping the lists up to date.

A sale of lineage books which have been advertised during the year in the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE following the above dates. We have suggested during this regime that chapter and state librarians clip this report and keep it with the Library Catalogue, thus keeping the lists up to date.

A Librarian Round Table will be held at Continental Congress Monday morning, May 19, at 10 A.M., the place to be announced in the April issue of the Magazine.

A4gain may we say we want full reports so this 50th year of the founding of our Library may be a banner year.

We have received since October 17th, 203 books, 46 pamphlets and 77 manuscripts.

BOOKS

ALABAMA
History of the Baptist of Alabama. B. F. Riley. 1895.
From Conesus Chapter.
Chronicles of the Haskell Family. Ira J. Haskell. 1943.
From Stephens Chapter.

CONNECTICUT
Following 6 books from Connecticut D. A. R.:
Records of the Congregational Church in Windham, 1700-1851, 1948.
The Descendants of Seymour Fitch and Elizabeth Hoyt of New Canaan. Edward Fitch. 1939.
From Mary Clay Wooster Chapter.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Following 2 books from Susan Ritro Hextall Chapter:
Memorial of the Morces. Abner More. 1859.
From Deborah Knap Chapter.

Record of Service of Michigan Volunteers in the Civil War 1861-1865. From Mrs. Sallie D. Griffith through Mary Washington Chapter.
Foreman Families and Allied Marriages. 1946. Compiled and presented by LaVerne Foreman.
History of St. Mark’s Church, New Britain, Conn. James Shepard. 1907. From Susan Riviere Hextall Chapter honoring Mrs. Charles L. Johnston, Chapter Librarian.

FLORIDA
Quaker Gregg. Hazel M. M. Kendall. 1944. From Miss Rhoda F. Neal.
Following 3 books from Florida D. A. R.:
The Bowman Family. S. L. Bowman. 1889.
Abraham Van Deusen and Many of His Descendants. Charles B. Benson. 1901.

GEORGIA
One Hundred Years History of St. Luke M. E. Church, South. F. J. Dudley. 1929. From Miss Martha Lou Houston through Button Gwinnett Chapter in honor of Fannie Houston Power.
Membership Roll and Register of Ancestors Georgia Society D. A. R. Nellie B. Browner. 1946.
From Georgia D. A. R.

ILLINOIS
Following 3 books from Illinois D. A. R.:
History of the Hubbard Family. Walter Hubbell. 1891.
Daughters of the American Revolution of Illinois Fifteenth Annual State Conference. 1946. (5 copies)
Records of the Services of Illinois Soldiers in the Black
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

NEW YORK
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

Ancestors and Descendants of Joseph Cogswell and Deborah Adams, Jemima W. Howes. From Abigail Phillips Quincy Chapter.

MICHIGAN

MISSISSIPPI

NEW JERSEY
Member of the Bar and Officials of Northampton Co., Pa., from its Erection March 11, 1752 to June 1, 1943. 1943. From Mrs. Margaret N. F. Powers.

NEW YORK
Correction—First Universalist-Unitarian Church, Mount Vernon, 1851-1941. From Mrs. W. H. Haff, given in the December issue of the D. A. R. Magazine on page 804, should read:
First Universalist-Unitarian Church, Mount Vernon, 1851-1941. From Mrs. W. H. Haff through Jonas Brunk Chapter.

NEW SPECTRUM
1935. From Peterborough Chapter.

NEW SPECTRUM
1909. From Michigan D. A. R.

NORTH CAROLINA
The following 7 pamphlets from Miss Gertrude S. Cattaway through Richard Dobbs Spaight Chapter:
New Bern Industrially. 1946.
First Baptist Church, New Bern. 1943.
Historical Celebration 1764-1939. New Bern. 1939.
Riddle of the Lost Colony. Melvin Robinson. 1946.
From Mrs. George F. Billard, through George Reynolds Chapter.
Riddle of the Lost Colony. Melvin Robinson. 1946.
From Sarz Louise Stewart.

OHIO
Ohio Roster Daughters of the American Revolution. 1946-47. From Ohio D. A. R.

OKLAHOMA

OREGON

Pennsylvania
The Bell Family of Mifflin County, Pa. Raymond M. Bell. 1941. From the author through Washington County Chapter.

South Carolina
Charleston, A Haven for the Children of Admiral de Grasse. Agatha A. Simmons. 1940. From the author through Rebecca Motte Chapter.

TENNESSEE
Presley Nelms, Jr., His Ancestors and Descendants in America, from Nov. 25, 1652 to the Present. 1946.Compiled and presented by Ruth Nelms Hooker.

Vermont

Virginina
Genealogy Kilby, Tynes, Riddick, Smith, Glazebrook. C. M. Kilby. 1924. From Virginia D. A. R.

OTHER SOURCES
The First Hundred Years of the Smithsonian Institution 1846-1946. From the Smithsonian Institution.
A Branch of the Woodruff Family From John Woodruff, Nathaniel Woodruff and Stephen Woodruff from Southampton, L. I., New York, 1640-1945. 1945. From Stephen A. Woodruff, the compiler.

MANUSCRIPTS
Delaware
Revolutionary Soldiers and Patriots Buried in New Castle County. From Mrs. G. S. Skinner.

District of Columbia
Following 5 manuscripts compiled and presented by Mrs. G. M. Brambaugh through Livingston Manor Chapter:
Index to the Bowman History by Herman M. Smiley. 1946.
Index to Genealogy and History of the Newkirk, Hamilton and Boyless Families by T. J. Newkirk. 1946.
Index of Haven Family by Johnas Adams. 1946.
Index to Roger Barton's Kinsmen by Margaret A. R. McLean. 1947.

Iowa

Kentucky
Pension Schedules Found in Grant County Courthouse, Williamsburg. From Caroline E. Brown.

Maryland
The Zimmerman Family. From Mrs. J. M. Culler through Frederick Chapter.

Massachusetts

Pennsylvania
Daniel Miller Born May 23, 1755, Died Aug. 22, 1836. From James E. Gibson through Philadelphia Chapter.
Following 5 manuscripts from Mrs. C. M. Steinmetz:
Marriages copied from the Chronicle of the Times, Reading Weekly Newspaper. 1822-1834.
Deaths copied from the Chronicle of the Times, Reading Weekly Newspaper. 1822-1834.
Marriages of Kutztown, 1832-1837.
Marriages and Deaths of Hamburg, 1845.
Marriages and Deaths 1796-1816 copied from Weekly Advertiser. Reading.

Other Sources
Following 5 manuscripts compiled and presented by Milton Rubinsacm:
A Hesian Family on Both Sides in the Revolutionary War. (Crollius Family.)
A Brief Genealogy of the Philadelphia Branch of the Ackel Family. 1946.
The Burnhurt Family. 1943.
The Horner Family 1699-1700. 1946.
Genealogical History of the Crollius Family of Marburg, Hesse.
Tombstone Inscriptions at Lewinsville Presbyterian Church, Va. Compiled and presented by Hugh Buckner Johnston.

Following 4 manuscripts presented by John I. Coddington:
Park Family of Memphis, Tenn.
Notes on the Lilly Family of Memphis, Tenn.
 Skinner Family Bible Records.
Material on the Estates, Caulkins, Sacket and JSolney Families.
The Descendants of Thomas Webster of N. B. Marion L. Driscoll. Purchased from Hugh Vernon Washington Fund.

Charts
Pennsylvania
Chart of Bevon, Williams and Lippincott Families. Margaret J. Marshall. From the compiler through Peter Muhlenberg Chapter.
The Curator General, Mrs. Harry C. Oberholser, read her report.

**Report of the Curator General**

Since our last Board meeting the year 1946 has given place to the year 1947. The past three and a half months in the history of our Museum have been indicative of a healthy condition, brought about by the great number and the character of recent acquisitions. The accession list is a true measuring stick for any Museum, and especially true for our Museum, for we are dependent upon the gifts from our members and friends, having no fund for purchasing.

Early in December, the Buildings and Grounds Committee had the floors reconditioned and refinished, so a major housekeeping problem has again entered into our work. Of course, it meant the concentration of the office into one room and the closing of the Museum doors for a period of two months grateful to us and so in good condition and feel repaid for the interruption.

The Museum Office has been formulating plans to facilitate the work of accessioning, and gift blanks available to the state chairmen early in the fall have greatly lightened the burden of assembling gift history data, at the same time, making the records uniform, concise, and a source of pride for permanent filing.

The major part of the time in the office recently has been concentrated on setting up a new exhibit featuring the recent acquisitions. It is little short of inspiring to look over the many and unusually valuable items that have come into our possession during the past year and a half. Many important gifts have been received since fall, becoming a part of the February triannual report. Outstanding are delightful silver pieces, hand-woven linens, glass, Chinese Lowestoft, fractur, and several examples of exceptionally interesting furniture.

A Sheraton type mahogany drop-leaf table perfectly meets the Museum Gallery need for a reading table. A maple light stand and slat back chairs are happy additions to our provincial group. And we are most fortunate in the recent acquisition of a Hadley chest—the Museum’s earliest piece—its oak panel construction reminiscent of early English tradition.

During the last weeks, Museum work in accessioning has been very heavy; an increasing number of research and information inquiries have been received; and due to the readjustment after the Red Cross vacated Memorial Continental Hall, special information has been constantly requested of the too small Museum staff now have become so demanding, adequate time for fundamental objectives—research, docentry, and exhibition installations—is at a premium.

The Curator General would express her thanks to the staff for their steady and untiring efforts in performing the many and often times difficult tasks that come to hand, not the least of which is the preparation of the gift list appended to this report.

**MUSEUM GIFT LIST**

February Triannual Report 1947

**ARKANSAS—**Mrs. John Edginton, Chairman.
Child’s cook stove, doll’s bureau, doll’s walnut chair, Mrs. Samuel Preston Davis, Sr.


**DELWARE—**Mrs. W. Frank Wilson, Chairman. State Room Fund: Delaware D. A. R., $150.


**FLORIDA—**Mrs. C. E. Carmichael, Chairman. Orlando Chapter: $1. 


DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

KANSAS—Mrs. Howard Doyle, Chairman. Uvedale Chapter: 2 paperweight buttons, Mrs. Vernon E. McArthur.
NEW MEXICO—Mrs. Abraham G. Shortle, Chairman. Lew Wallace Chapter: $2.
WYOMING—Mrs. Minnie A. Rietz, Chairman. Inyan Kara Chapter: candle mold, Mrs. Mary Strohl Walter, in memory of daughter, Elsie Kathryn Walter.


MARY F. OBERHOLSER, Curator General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Manlove, read the recommendations of the Executive Committee.

Mrs. Manlove moved the adoption of recommendation No. 1 of the Executive Committee: That Mr. Zantzinger, architect, be authorized to obtain estimates for the construction of the Memorial Bell Tower at Valley Forge, and submit them to the proper authorities specified in the agreement of the DAR with the Church Foundation Trustees of the Bell Tower Construction Fund. Seconded by Mrs. O'Byrne. Carried.

Mrs. Manlove moved the adoption of recommendation No. 2 of the Executive Committee: That Miss J. I. Jackson, Chief Clerk, Corresponding Secretary General's Office, be retained on the rolls at her request after she has reached the re-
tirement age March 6, 1947. Seconded by Miss Matthies. Carried.
The Parliamentarian, Mrs. Hampton Fleming, made an informal statement in which she urged the state regents to recommend to the chapters that they bring their by-laws up to date and use as a pattern the model in the Handbook.
A brief outline of the program for the Fifty-sixth Continental Congress was presented. Mrs. Burns moved that the Daughters of the American Revolution occupy the residence of the Virginia Daughters of the American Revolution and the Kenmore Association to visit Kenmore on Saturday, May 24th, 1947. Seconded by Mrs. Warthen. Carried. It was stated by Mrs. Tynes, State Regent of Virginia, that the DAR would be the guests of the Virginia Daughters and the Washington-Lewis Chapter on this occasion. Mrs. A. B. Garges, special chairman, made a preliminary report regarding bus transportation, which will be available at a cost per person of $3.50 round trip. She was asked to make the final arrangements, which are to be announced at Congress.

Mrs. David D. Caldwell, Chairman of Buildings and Grounds, read her report.

Report of Buildings and Grounds Committee
Perhaps the most important piece of work undertaken since the last Board meeting has been repairing the roof on Memorial Continental Hall. This roof has needed repair for sometime. It seemed unwise and useless to have our State Rooms redecorated and then run the possible risk of having them again ruined by leaks in the roof. The main portion of the roof has had to be replaced. This work has progressed slowly due to the inability to secure the copper roofing, and the unusual type of roof.
The driveway to the entrance to the Administration Building has been widened and a gate placed at the entrance to the driveway to prevent trespassers entering.
The ramp and sidewalk of the “D” Street side of Constitution Hall have been repaired. The door checks on the bronze doors of the “C” Street side of Constitution Hall have been repaired and put in working condition.
Working lights have been placed in Constitution Hall which has meant a daily saving of 50,000 watts for a four-hour period which has resulted in a saving of $112.60 on our electric light bill.
Emergency switches have been installed over the oil heater in the boiler room. Descalers have been placed in all of our boilers. We have been told this will prevent corrosion and prolong the life of the boilers, which we hope will last until the time comes when we can connect with the Central Heating Plant.
A workshop has been set up in Memorial Continental Hall basement. This was done for the use of our carpenter and upholsterer. He has re-covered the chairs which belong on the stage of Memorial Continental Hall. There were thirty of them. The seats were entirely worn out. We used black Spanish leather.
The floors of both Museum wings have been surfaced and finished. The outside window sashes of the glass corridors and museum doors have been painted. All fire extinguishers have been refilled; there are sixty-five of them. The lavatories in the Pages’ room have all been thoroughly checked and put in order.
For several years past at different times we have had to have the benches or divans in the lobby of Constitution Hall repaired. It seemed advisable to have new ones made of a more substantial material and style. There are twenty-four of these benches or divans. The cost will be approximately $2,500.00. I felt that these articles might be sold as memorials, or perhaps, in honor of some National Officer or State Regent. The five foot bench will cost $150.00, the six foot bench $200.00. If bought honoring some person they will be marked with plates giving the name of the person being honored and the donor.
A grille has been placed at the entrance to the Indian Room exhibit. This provides a good view of the exhibit, at the same time protecting it.
We are now busy making plans for our Continental Congress in May.

Lottie H. Caldwell,
Chairman, Buildings and Grounds Committee.

Mrs. Caldwell requested that any state regents who had not already done so return promptly the questionnaires giving the information about their plans for Continental Congress.
The President General called attention to a misleading statement which appeared in the papers that Constitution Hall was a fire hazard confusing it with Memorial Continental Hall which is not equipped with special doors required by the District of Columbia Fire Department, for use in a building accommodating large public gatherings, but as Memorial Continental Hall is not used for such purposes it is in no way a hazard.

Mrs. Frank L. Nason, Magazine Chairman, read the report of the Editor, Miss Elisabeth E. Poe.

Report of Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine Editor
It would have been a great pleasure to have been present today but on account of one of those current throat colds I must ask Mrs. Nason, our National Chairman, to read my report to you. First, may I express my thanks to Mrs. Talmadge, Mrs. Nason and ladies of the Board for the constant aid, encouragement and helpful suggestions they make to me for the magazine.
Our secretary, Miss Bessie Bright and her assistant, Miss Sara Grove, also are most helpful. Mrs. Nason, I am sure, will go into the financial details of the magazine. From the Editor’s point of view we continue to get favorable comment at a time when publishing of any kind is a difficult task.
At least we manage to give you a one hundred per cent D. A. R. Magazine.
The higher costs of printing are all part of the general higher costs of paper, labor and other materials. We are hopeful this situation will improve in the next few months. I have made this report very short in order to impress on you to keep your items and reports for the magazine very brief, too.
My best wishes to you one and all.

Elisabeth E. Poe,
Editor.
Mrs. Nason then read her report as Chairman of the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine Committee.

**Report of Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine Committee**

Since the October Board Meeting the Magazine Committee has traveled a steep and rocky road but fortunately is on an even ground once more. Strikes and the aftermath of such strikes, and slowness of the mails have delayed deliveries to a tremendous extent, and added to everything else, printing costs were raised 34 per cent with the January issue.

In spite of these difficulties we find that we are living within our income. But the mere living within our income is not enough. Every member should subscribe to the magazine in order that they know about the Society itself and thereby take a greater interest in the projects, and make sure they are completed with this administration.

Many letters come to your chairman, some of praise and some of condemnation. Praise spurs us on and criticism, if of a definite nature, helps also. But your chairman has discovered that those praising the magazine tell us why they like it, some for the genealogical department, many for the parliamentary procedure and others for the great help accorded them by the chairmen's reports. All praise the President General's message. Those who do not like the magazine merely say "it's awful," or as one woman wrote "it is shocking the standards have fallen so low." Those letters are not helpful, but probably are good for our souls.

The index for 1946 will be ready for distribution this month and any subscriber may write the magazine office for her copy. These are not sent unless requested.

The editor and chairman deeply appreciate the efficient and conscientious work of Miss Bessie Bright, Secretary of the Magazine Department. Her understanding of the work has made possible the high standard of this office, and Miss Sara Grove, her assistant, is helpful at all times. To them both go heartfelt thanks.

**Isabelle C. Nason,**

Chairman, D. A. R. Magazine Committee.

Mrs. Van Court Carwithen, Chairman of Approved Schools, read her report on Tamassee and Kate Duncan Smith D. A. R. Schools.

**Report of Tamassee and Kate Duncan Smith D. A. R. Schools**

Your national chairman of Approved Schools has the honor to present this report of the accomplishments at our two D. A. R. Schools, Tamassee and Kate Duncan Smith.

Following the October Board meeting many national officers, including our President General, state officers and members attended Founders' Day at Tamassee. A most cordial welcome was extended to all by the state vice regent of South Carolina, Mrs. Byron Wham, the vice chairman of the Tamassee Board, Mrs. Marshall P. Orr, the National Special Adviser for Tamassee, Mrs. Thomas J. Mauldin, state officers, members of the Tamassee Board, faculty and, with doubled enthusiasm, the students themselves. Many of the guests represented the states or chapters giving special scholarships or, as in the case of our President General, were individual donors of scholarships. Those who arrived the evening before were invited to attend the meeting of the Tamassee Board. Here were discussed the present problems and the hopes and dreams for the future. After the chats and carefree laughter usually associated with night in a dormitory, the guests retired to the rooms so graciously given over to them by the students.

Early on Sunday morning, October 20th, the school bell summoned guests, faculty and students to Sunrise Communion. In gown and surplice the student choir sang, as only youth can sing, and led in the singing of the familiar hymns. The gentle rays of the rising sun crept through the windows resting lovingly on the head of boy or girl who knelt beside us at the altar rail, and few eyes were dry as—mingled with our prayers—was sincere appreciation of the opportunity that is ours in service to these real Americans. Many of us added a prayer for strength to go forward with honesty, truth and honor at all times, that these boys and girls who look to us for leadership may find us worthy of their trust.

A delicious breakfast followed in Ohio-Hobart Hall. At eleven o'clock, the regular Sunday service was held, and again the choir added their tuneful reverence to the program.

By noontime it seemed as though each family in the neighborhood must have sent several representatives to Tamassee. Your chairman wished, with all her heart, that the new Auditorium-Gymnasium were a reality, and she trembled lest the weight prove too great a burden for the flooring of the overcrowded hall.

After one of Tamassee's famous dinners we gathered for the Founders' Day exercises. Tribute to the Founders, whose dream made Tamassee, once again, the Place of the Sunlight of God; an address by our President General, and the presentation of many gifts were the highlights. Special mention is due the gift of Memorial Acres by the Illinois Children of the American Revolution, honoring their National President, Mrs. Reuben Edward Knight. This gift was presented by Mrs. John W. Hoffman, National Vice President of the Children of the American Revolution and Regent of the Peoria Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. Additional gifts of Memorial Acres have increased the size of our property from the original 110 acres to 775 acres, thus protecting Tamassee from the encroachment of the public.

Another gift presented by Mrs. John W. Hoffman was Tamassee's shares of the money raised by a patchwork quilt upon which Mrs. Hoffman's mother, Mrs. Bottolph, embroidered the name of each donor. This gift was divided between Tamassee and Kate Duncan Smith. Your chairman refrains from stating the amount of the gift at this time as the fund is still growing.

Mr. and Mrs. Pouch could not be present for the dedication of the dormitory for small boys, their gift to Tamassee in memory of their daughter, Helen, but visited the school a week later and this dedication was held at that time.

After the ceremonies in the assembly hall the group formed at the site of the Chapel to be given by Miss Edla Gibson, State Regent of New York, in memory of her mother. Here with impressive services of prayer and singing by the Tamassee
choir Miss Gibson broke ground for the magnificent gift.

From here the assembly proceeded to the spot selected for the May Erwin Talmadge Auditorium-Gymnasium and our beloved President General broke the ground for the building that is to bear her name.

Many Daughters helped in this ceremony by each removing a spadeful of earth and there was much friendly rivalry as officers and members added their personal efforts toward the completion of this dream.

May your National Chairman pause at this point to report that the $500.00 given in honor of Mrs. Roy C. Bowker, past State Regent of the District of Columbia, is to be used for the stage furniture and the District has pledged two windows honoring Mrs. Wilfred Jewell Clearman, State Regent.

Indiana Daughters have pledged the $1,500.00 right vestibule, honoring Mrs. Florence J. Burns, State Regent, and two windows, one in honor of our Registrar General, Mrs. Roscoe C. O'Byrne, and the other honoring Mrs. Lafayette Van Porter, past Vice President General and National Chairman, D. A. R. Student Loan Fund. A third window has been given in honor of Mrs. J. Harold Grimes, Vice President General from Indiana, by her husband Dr. Grimes.

To the $350.00 already given, the Philadelphia Chapter has added another $50.00 in order to purchase the curtain for the stage in honor of your national chairman.

An individual gift of $1,000.00 to Tamassee from Mrs. Fred J. Petty, of Muncie, Indiana, in memory of her mother, Mrs. Frank Ball, is reported.

Outstanding gifts this year included one of $25,000 from the National Board of Management to each of our two D. A. R. schools, reported last spring, and a large projector to be used in Visual Education, also a gift from the National Society.

It was hard to say goodbye to the boys and girls who had trudged beside their "D. A. R. Ladies" during these eventful hours. Often a timid hand sought a bit of answering tenderness or an encircling arm drew us close to a lonely little one. Let us strive to be as wonderful as they trustingly await your National Chairman's farewell words. "And a little child shall lead them."

By train and car we departed to meet again at Kate Duncan Smith School for the Victory Dedication on October 22nd. Here we were graciously welcomed by Mrs. Henry Grady Jacobs, State Regent of Alabama, Mrs. Thomas H. Napier, Vice President General from Alabama, Mrs. Samuel L. Earle, National Adviser for Kate Duncan Smith School, State Officers, members of the Board, and the faculty of the school. The absence of Mr. Samuel L. Earle, because of illness, cast a real shadow over the scene for no one has given more personal service to Kate Duncan Smith than he. Few, if any, realized the seriousness of his illness. Your National Chairman reports the death of this great friend of our school with deep sorrow.

An outstanding contribution of the Board of Kate Duncan Smith, who was one of our hostesses that day, has also passed away—Miss Helen May Gaines. Miss Gaines will be mourned by the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, which, in her passing, lost the outstanding State Vice Regent of Alabama.

We assembled in Becker Hall where the State Regent, Mrs. Jacobs, presided over the dedication ceremonies. Many of the gifts had been given during the War years and had awaited this opportunity to be officially acknowledged. Among these earlier gifts was the Lighting System presented by the National Officers Club in honor of its President, Mrs. Julius Young Talmadge, now our honored President General. Your chairman reads the list of gifts and donors:

- Belle Meade Orchard—Belle Meade Chapter of Nashville, Tennessee.
- MacDonald Class Room and Storage House—California D. A. R.
- Roadside Marker—Daughters of American Colonists.
- Walkway—District of Columbia D. A. R.
- South Entrance—District of Columbia, Approved Schools Committee.
- Golden Anniversary Acres—General Sampson Chapter, Birmingham, Alabama.
- Farm Equipment Shed—Indiana D. A. R.
- Walkway and Drinking Fountain—Kansas D. A. R.
- Walkway—Maryland D. A. R.
- Walkway—Mrs. Oscar B. Cobleitz, of Maryland.
- Drinking Fountain—New Hampshire D. A. R.
- Lighting System—National Officers Club.
- Equipment for Lunch Room—New York D. A. R.
- Drinking Fountain—Ohio D. A. R.
- Telephone—Texas D. A. R.
- Mrs. John W. Hoffman presented to the Kate Duncan Smith School its share of the proceeds from the quilt mentioned above.

Once again we were deprived of the honor of being present at the dedication of the new Lunch Room—the gift of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Pouch, in memory of their daughter Helen. The date was not a convenient one for them and this building was dedicated a week later. We did, however, enjoy a most delightful luncheon in the lunch room. The building and the equipment—the latter the gift of New York Daughters—are modern and up-to-date, in every respect and could proudly compete with any school cafeteria in the land.

At the close of the luncheon the days of this happy pilgrimage to our own two D. A. R. Schools were over and it was with sincere regret that we came to the end of another outstanding chapter in D. A. R. history.

As your national chairman brings to a close this report, may she call the attention of each state regent to the fact that a gift from every chapter in her State Society to the Tamassee Anniversary Fund must be reported before April 15th if the name of her state is to appear on the Honor Roll that will be read at Congress and if the shield of her state is to be hung upon the wall of the Auditorium-Gymnasium when completed. Most states are so close to the goal that it will be an easy task to write finis to their efforts.

May your national chairman include in her report the fact that she has travelled to twenty-one states since the middle of September, carrying the opportunity for service to the youth of America to our members throughout the land. To the schools already visited, your chairman has added the Berry Schools and Colleges and Northland College, taking colored slides of each. The magnitude of her
Drawing for seating at the 56th Continental Congress took place, with the following result:

**DRAWING OF SEATS FOR THE FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS 1947**

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Alaska  Canal Zone*  China  Cuba  England  France  Germany*  Hawaii  Italy*  Philippine Islands  Puerto Rico*

* Chapter Regents only. No State Organization.

The President General, Mrs. Talmadge, read the following statement:

I would give a survey at this time to you members of my Board, of issues that have presented themselves from time to time, with their pending results.

As reported to you by the Chairman of the Committee to study the rental of Constitution Hall, the policy governing the rental of Constitution Hall is now held in abeyance for the final action by the Federation of Citizens' Associations of the District of Columbia.

Another recent issue presented itself quite suddenly and might have grown to enormous proportions but for the prompt release of my statement to the Washington papers the following morning. This was the seeing-eye dog episode, which so appealed to the emotions.

Our Manager, Mr. Hand, was but upholding the rulings of his contracts with the lessees of the auditorium in not admitting animals to the Hall when he refused admission of the dog to Mr. Dale Carnegie's free lecture. My immediate releases expressed regret over the incident and assured the owner that she and the dog would be hereafter admitted to the auditorium upon complying with certain provisions. As the matter now stands, we do not prohibit a blind person from bringing with her to the Hall her seeing-eye dog, when she is dependent upon the dog for guidance and protection, but the owner will be required to enter into an agreement with the lessee of the auditorium and with our Society, thereby protecting the Society against possible lawsuits, which could result from various unpredicted causes, one of which could be for some person to accidentally brush against the owner and the dog turn to protect her, and another—an artist might be giving a concert and the dog make a noise.

Still another incident which might have developed into an international issue was the application by the Manager for Kirsten Flagstad, the celebrated Norwegian singer, for a concert in Constitution Hall. During the war, her alleged Nazi husband was found guilty of quisling and sentenced to death but died before sentence was carried out. Mme. Flagstad was also under surveillance, and though her own country allowed her to return, she was not permitted to give a concert in Norway. She then turned to the United States where she has a daughter living. Application was made for her appearance in Constitution Hall. In view of our active opposition to Nazism and all other un-American activities, and realizing that at that moment the nations of the world were meeting in New York to find a solution for world peace, I could not allow our Society to cause embarrassment to our Government in any way.
Therefore, I wrote to the Department of State, explaining the case and stating that the action of our Society would be determined by the decision of the State Department. Our action was appreciated and the matter was handled from there. No matter what happened then, our Society would be in the clear for if the State Department approved her appearance in Constitution Hall, then there would be no repercussions and if the State Department denied her this privilege, no unpleasant publicity could ensue because our refusal would be caused by action of the State Department.

We have not yet had final decision and until we do, plans will not go forward. So whatever you may hear in the near future regarding this matter, you will know that we are but following official instructions.

These issues are but part of the broad general picture. It is too bad that in the midst of really important problems needing wise handling and deep thought, we must endure internal provocations as well.

It is my duty to protect the idealistic and spiritual aspects of our Society as well as the physical and business side. I hope the dreams and ideals may survive the obstacles that are placed in our path from time to time. We admit this has been a stormy administration caused not only by outside groups that do not love the Society, but also by a handful of "conscientious objectors" within our own membership. For no apparent reason these very few members, a mere handful, have gone out of their way to criticize and even slander those who hold the highest offices in our Society—not excepting the office of President General. Why they should deliberately attempt to discourage, disparage and malign those in high authority, to block the program of the Society, is beyond my comprehension.

There are so few of these would-be trouble makers in comparison with the almost solid front of loyal, faithful and believing souls, that I would ignore it all but for the fact that the most recent attempts have been against me personally, with the quite apparent hope of causing you, my own board members, and others generally, to believe that I do not know "the definition of honor and truth."

These actions do not add to the prestige and strength of our Society. To attempt to create the impression that our members and leaders are not in accord and that lack of faith and unity exists within our ranks, is an act of supreme disloyalty to our Society. Outside elements must hail with delight this seeming discord among our members.

I have made two grave mistakes and I admit them to you, so that perhaps you may be forewarned and never make the same ones yourselves.

Mistake number one was, that when a demand was made of me to explain my reasons for the personnel of a certain committee, notwithstanding the fact that after all it is the prerogative of a President General to appoint whom she pleases to her committees, I replied to the letter. Courtesy has been my policy at all times.

Mistake number two, was in making an extemporaneous explanation in an effort to heal wounded pride of another. One can never express extemporaneously the thoughts that could have been better expressed after careful consideration of the written word. It was with the kindliest of impressions that I made this attempt, though I failed in its accomplishment.

Mrs. Shrewder moved that we, the National Board of Management, give to Mrs. Talmadge, President General, a rising vote of confidence for her careful handling of the affairs of our Society. Seconded by Mrs. Heywood. Carried unanimously.

Mrs. Murray moved that the Board endorse the project of the Nurses' Memorial for nurses who served in the Second World War, and recommend that any financial cooperation be left to the incoming administration for action. Seconded by Mrs. Talmadge. Carried.

Recess was taken at 12:35 p.m.

The afternoon meeting convened at 2:00 p.m., the President General, Mrs. Talmadge, presiding.

Mrs. Alexander moved that the President General appoint a committee of five, of which at least two shall be Juniors, to review the question of the most advisable method for the Junior members to function, and report its findings to the next Board meeting. Seconded by Mrs. Vietheer. Carried.

The Organizing Secretary General, Mrs. Goodfellow, read her supplemental report.

**Supplemental Report of Organizing Secretary General**

My supplemental report is as follows:

Through her state regent, the following member at large is presented for confirmation, as organizing regent:

Mrs. Olive Myrtle Cleveland Black, Inglewood, California.

**Edna B. Goodfellow, Organizing Secretary General.**

Mrs. Goodfellow moved the confirmation of one organizing regent. Seconded by Mrs. Haig. Carried.

The Registrar General, Mrs. O'Byrne, read her supplemental report.

**Supplemental Report of Registrar General**

Number of applications verified—160.
Total number of verified papers reported to Board Meeting today:

- Originals: 330
- Suppleminals: 395

Total: 725

The total number of applications presented to the Board February 1st and 5th is 1,768.

**Estella A. O'Byrne, Registrar General.**

Mrs. O'Byrne moved that the 160 additional applicants whose records have been verified by the Registrar General be elected to membership in the National Society, making a total of 330 admitted on this day. Seconded by Miss Matthis. Carried.

Mrs. Haig moved that 4 former members be reinstated. Seconded by Mrs. Goodfellow. Carried.

The Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Manlove, read the minutes, which were approved as read.

The Chaplain General, Mrs. Steele, gave the benediction.

Adjournment was taken at 4:00 p.m.

**Marjorie R. Manlove, Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.**
## Memorial Bell Tower, Valley Forge

### CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF FEBRUARY 28, 1947

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<th>STATE</th>
<th>Wall &amp; Floor Sections $250.00</th>
<th>Clubs of D. A. R. Officers &amp; Chairmen $25.00</th>
<th>Chapters $25.00</th>
<th>Juniors $12.50</th>
<th>C.A.R. $12.50</th>
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**Totals $7,202.94 $16,045.95 $200.00 $25,297.00 $675.00 $283.75 $87.50 $38,962.70 $1,500.00 $12,076.99 $3,551**

Grand Total through February 28, 1947—$98,679,89.

Charts appearing in subsequent issues of the Magazine will give the latest available figures from the Treasurer General’s office, plus figures to the office of the Historian General by the State Treasurers, giving dates on which amounts were mailed to the Treasurer General.

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