DECEMBER, 1922

COLONEL GEORGE WASHINGTON ........................................ Frontispiece
WASHINGTON AND THE BRADDOCK CAMPAIGN .......................... 699
BY CHARLES MOORE
SKETCH OF MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD .................................. 710
A MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT GENERAL .......................... 713
Mt. AIRY, THE PROVINCIAL HOME OF THE CALVERTS ............... 715
BY W. D. H.
AMERICA'S FIRST WOMAN SENATOR A MEMBER OF THE D. A. R. ...... 723
BY DOLORES BOISFEUILLET COLQUITT
MISCELLANIES FROM THE OLD GEORGIA GAZETTE PUBLISHED AT
SAVANNAH, 1764 TO 1794 ................................................. 725
Compiled by Mamie Burkhalter Little
STATE CONFERENCES .................................................. 728
WORK OF THE CHAPTERS ............................................. 730
A PAGE IN HERALDRY .................................................. 737
HISTORICAL PROGRAM .................................................. 738
Conducted by Dr. George M. Churchill
GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT ....................................... 739
HONOR ROLL OF THE D. A. R. MAGAZINE ........................... 747
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT—
Regular Meeting of ............................................... 748
Official List of .................................................... 771

ISSUED MONTHLY BY
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
Publication Office, 227 South Sixth Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

MRS. CHARLES H. BISSELL          MISS NATALIE SUMNER LINCOLN
Chairman, Magazine Committee, Southington, Conn.   Editor, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

MRS. EDITH ROBERTS RAMSBURGH
Genealogical Editor, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Entered December 13, 1917, at the Philadelphia, Pa., Post Office as second class matter under the act of March 2, 1879.

Subscriptions should be sent to the Treasurer General, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Single Copy, 25 Cents  Yearly Subscription, $2.00  Foreign Postage 50 Cents Additional

COPYRIGHT, 1922, BY THE NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
COLONEL GEORGE WASHINGTON

WEARING THE SCARLET AND BLUE UNIFORM OF A BRITISH COLONIAL OFFICER, THE PAINTING, BY CHARLES WILSON PEALE, HANGS IN THE MEMORIAL CHURCH OF WASHINGTON AND LEE UNIVERSITY, LEXINGTON, VA., HAVING BEEN WILLED TO THE UNIVERSITY BY GENERAL G. W. C. LEE, SON OF GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE. GENERAL LEE INHERITED THE PORTRAIT FROM HIS ANCESTOR, GEORGE WASHINGTON PARKE CUSTIS.
WASHINGTON AND THE BRADDOCK CAMPAIGN

By Charles Moore
Chairman of the National Commission of Fine Arts

Lawrence Washington's death, neither sudden nor unexpected, placed upon his half-brother, George, then twenty years old, responsibilities that straightway changed the boy into a man. The Washingtons were not a long-lived family; and Lawrence had brought home from a British campaign against the French in Carthagena the seeds of disease, which he vainly endeavored to eradicate by a trip to Barbadoes. For company he took his brother George, who then for the first and last time went beyond the bounds of his native country. An attack of small-pox left on the boy's face marks never wholly effaced. As soon as he was well enough to take ship, he returned to Mount Vernon to hasten the departure of Ann Fairfax Washington, who was to join her husband in Bermuda. Before she was ready to sail, Lawrence came back to Mount Vernon to die.

Augustine Washington had provided in his will that in case of Lawrence's death without heirs, Mount Vernon should pass to George; and this provision Lawrence incorporated in his own will. To his widow he left a life-interest in the property, with the reversion to his infant daughter, Sarah, who, as it happened, survived her father only a few weeks. Thus there was only the widow's life-interest to be considered.

Ann Fairfax Washington, after enduring widowhood for the space of five months, married Colonel George Lee, of Mt. Pleasant, Westmoreland County, a member in the fourth generation of the Stratford Lees. Probably she was not loathe to return to live among the scenes of her girlhood, and an amicable arrangement was made with her brother-in-law, whereby he should enter immediately into possession of the Mount Vernon estate, on an annual payment to her husband of fifteen thousand pounds of tobacco, equivalent to £82,10s., Virginia currency. This rental was paid punctually for nine years, until Mrs. Lee's death in 1761. George Lee survived his wife but a few months; of their three sons, the unmarried one lived to the age of eighty; the elder sons had daughters who were absorbed in the Chipley, Sangster and Cockrell families.
Dear Sir,

Your safe return gives an uncommon joy to us and will not doubt be sympathized by all true lovers of Merick's virtue. From our first inexpressible affecting intelligence by Col. Jones of the total defeat of our forces, Gen. Braddock, and many officers killed, the whole artillery taken. We have been in tendering suspense, each one for their best beloved. Now you are by a kind Providence preserved and returned to us, we can say the Catastrophe might have been worse. You kindly invite us ever, rightly judging our Curiosity wants to be informed of some particulars yet unacquainted with. And if a Saturday Night's rest cannot be sufficient to enable you coming hither to Morros, the Lads will try to get Horses to equip our Chair or attempt their Strength on Foot to salute you so deservedly. They with loving Speed to have an onerous Demonstration of your being the same Honorable Gent. that lately desired to defend his Country's Cause.

Mr. Carlyle received a letter yesterday from Essex at Winchester after his return from Wills's Creek, expressing his concern for missing you and accounting that he said there to meet Lord Ke in order to consult on the necessary Measures to be taken by the Militia, as Col. Dunbar seems to...
Having secured possession of Mount Vernon, George naturally took some thought as to a mistress for his establishment. Whether he was too shy or too serious, or was too much concerned about his own affairs to dance attendance on the exacting Virginia maidens or for some reason sufficient to herself, Miss Betsy Fauntleroy showed no disposition “to revoke her former cruel sentence;” and no other young woman engaged his attention. Moreover at this time he had an attack of pleurisy which “reduced him very low.” He was subject to exhausting illnesses, usually the result of imposing on a good constitution. Settling his brother’s estate kept him busy and for diversion he had the Masonic lodge at Fredericksburg, which he joined on November 4, 1752, before he became of age. Sincere in his practice of Masonry as in all his associations, he was a devoted member of that order. He held office in the Alexandria lodge, which still possesses the furniture of his day. He encouraged Masonry in the Continental Army, for the fraternal feelings it promoted among soldiers and officers, and also because it served to mitigate rancor in the case of captives. Many traditions of Washington’s early days still centre in Fredericksburg, Virginia.

In the autumn of 1753, Governor Dinwiddie fairly started George Washington on his career by sending him with a message to the French, demanding that they cease driving British traders from the Ohio country and breaking up their
establishments. It was a winter journey of two months' duration, through a wilderness and over the Allegheny Mountains to Venango, on the Allegheny; it involved cajoling Indians, winning them to Virginia interests, and guarding them from the seductions of French officers. Not only did the French refuse to retire, but they also put forth a claim to the Ohio region by virtue of "the discovery of one LaSalle, sixty years ago." To acknowledge these claims meant the ruin of the Ohio Company, and of all the hopes of fortune connected with that enterprise—a serious blow to Governor Dinwiddie and many respectable men of Virginia. Virginia believed that her territory extended at least to the Mississippi. France claimed the entire valley of the Ohio. The Indians maintained that between English and French territories was a great hunting ground which of right belonged to the red men, and from which they proposed to exclude all settlements, although they were ever ready to welcome traders. The Indian policy favored the French, who wanted to trade, not to settle; whereas English strength in America was based on pioneer settlers taking possession of this country.

On the 11th of January, 1754, Washington reached Belvoir on his way to Williamsburg. Before the ink was dry on the report he submitted to Governor Dinwiddie and many respectable men of Virginia. Washington believed that her territory extended at least to the Mississippi. France claimed the entire valley of the Ohio. The Indians maintained that between English and French territories was a great hunting ground which of right belonged to the red men, and from which they proposed to exclude all settlements, although they were ever ready to welcome traders. The Indian policy favored the French, who wanted to trade, not to settle; whereas English strength in America was based on pioneer settlers taking possession of this country.

Another quarter century was to elapse, however, before a common peril brought the Colonies to unite, and then not for but against the interests of the King.

Washington's report, lucid, straightforward, circumstantial but not prolix, and withal modest, laid a firm foundation for the reputation he was building for himself not only in America, but also in both England and France. The Colonies began to see in him a leader in the field; the English regarded him as an enterprising youth who might be useful if properly curbed; and in him France recognized an enemy.

While the Albany Convention was in session, George Washington, at the head of a small force of Virginia militia and friendly Indians, fell upon a party of French and in an engagement of fifteen minutes' duration killed their commander and nine others and took twenty prisoners. On the 3d of July, however, he was surrounded by a superior force, and after nine hours' fighting was forced to capitulate. In one of those bursts of effusiveness common to his writings, he told his brother that "Believe me, it is good to hear the bullets sing!" This sentiment having become public, Horace Walpole made merry at the expense of the backwood's soldier, although he admitted that later the youth gave a good account of himself.

It so happened that in signing the articles of capitulation prepared by the French, Washington unwittingly admitted the assassination of French envoys, a mistake due to the fact that his own interpreter, the old Dutch soldier Van Braam, had not enough French to furnish a correct translation of the articles. Not only was the error made much of in France, but it made trouble for Washington also in Maryland. All these misadventures were an essential part of a military education. Yet when all had been said, the fact remained that a youth of twenty-two had been able to sustain an action all day
The general having been informed that you expected some desire to make the campaign, but that you declined it upon some disagreeable suppositions you might have arisen from the regulation of command, has ordered me to acquaint you that he will be very glad of your company in his family by which all inconveniences of that kind will be obviated.

I shall think myself very happy to form an acquaintance with a person so universally esteemed and to have every opportunity of asuring you how much I am Sir,

Williamburg, Nov. 2d 1755. Your most obedient servant,

Rob. Orme aide-de-camp.
with a superior force and had come off with the honors of war. More than this, it is now realized that he was the means of precipitating the Seven Years' War, that resulted in the expulsion of the French from North America, and eventually led to the founding of England's East Indian empire.

England now realized that in order to retain her American possessions, she herself must fight for them; because the Colonies were too much concerned with their individual quarrels between royal governors and popular assemblies to make common cause against the French. So it happened that in February, 1755, General Edward Braddock sailed up the Potomac with two regiments of British soldiers, sent to drive the French back to the St. Lawrence. From Governor Dinwiddie's palace at Williamsburg (located on the site of the new public school) General Braddock summoned the royal governors of five Colonies to meet him at Alexandria to prepare for the campaign. 1 The meeting took place in the home of Major John Carlisle, who had married a daughter of William Fairfax, and who furnished many of the supplies for the army. To this day the Carlisle House, preserved as a monument of the occasion, is fragrant of the gaiety incident to the headquarters of a commander distinguished not more for bravery in the field than for conviviality in the camp.

George Washington at Mount Vernon longed for an opportunity to advance his military education by a campaign in company with trained soldiers; but he was precluded from doing so by the fact that, being only a provincial, he could hold no rank that would not subordinate him to the lowest officer who had purchased a royal commission. Braddock, having been told that the young man's knowledge of the country would prove useful, cut the knot by inviting him to become one of his own military family, an invitation accepted with alacrity; and between general and aide a feeling of mutual respect grew quickly. The general took no offense at the spirit with which his aide defended his countrymen from aspersions; the aide learned the routine of army life as maintained by a soldier trained in the best traditions. Best of all, it brought him into intimate companionship with Braddock's aides, Robert Orme, Roger Morris and young William Shirley. Perhaps others of his contemporaries called Washington by his first name; but Orme is the only one whose pen naturally and easily writes the words "dear George." Even in those early days Mount Vernon was full of company, and among the throng was Washington's mother, who had made the journey from Fredericksburg to dissuade her son from undertaking another military expedition. But he was no longer a boy subject to parental control. He was a man of position and property, a youth with the world to conquer. He told his mother that she ought to want him to serve his country. But she was first of all a mother. She could not bring herself to those heights.

After innumerable delays, exasperating to General Braddock, the army set forth in June to drive the French from the forks of Ohio as a preliminary to the capture of Fort Niagara. An attack of illness kept Washington from setting out with the expedition; but so soon as he could travel he pushed on, caught up with the advance, and although still weak took

---

1 The council was composed of General Braddock, Admiral Keppel, and Governors Shirley (Mass.), Dinwiddie (Va.), De Lancey (N. Y.), Sharpe (Md.), and Morris (Pa.). The minutes are in the Mss. of Sir William Johnson, N. Y. Doc. His., vol. ii.
Good Sir.  Sept. 5, 1758.

It is a sensible Pleasure to me to hear that you have behaved yourself with such a Marvellous Spirit in all your Engagements with the French, High Officer. Go on as you have begun, and support you.

We have heard of General Braddock's Death.

Everybody praises his Skill and Conduct.

Everybody commends the Courage of the Virginian and Gordon men, which is very Agreeable to me.

Presume you, as you may from time to time, have opportunity, to give me a short account how you proceed. As I am your Mother's Brother, I hope you may do my Regard.

There's little News here. One of our Men of War has taken in our Channel a French Ship of 16 Guns, 2 Brig's and a Schooner, for Martinico, and brought them in. And there were 11. more in the Fleet; after which manner, Man of War is gone out in Race.

What will be done with them, I shall at present tell.

There is not war Declared yet; nor either by the French or us. Though it is agreed there soon will.

The King is not Ashamed from Honour, but is looking for very Soon. The French Yachts are gone for him. I heartily wish you Good Success and am

Please to direct me at Trapsden, by Mr. Livingstone, your Uncle, Post Horn London.

LETTER WRITTEN TO WASHINGTON BY HIS UNCLE, JOSEPH BALL.
part in the battle near the banks of the Monongahela.

According to Washington's report to Governor Dinwiddie, Braddock's army, consisting of thirteen hundred well-armed men, chiefly regulars, had reached Frazier's, within seven miles of Fort Duquesne, on July 9, 1755, when it was attacked unexpectedly by about three hundred French and Indians. The British were immediately struck with such deadly panic that nothing but confusion and disobedience of orders prevailed amongst them. The officers in general behaved with incomparable bravery, there being nearly 60 killed and wounded, a large proportion of the number engaged. The Virginians behaved like men and died like soldiers; out of three companies scarce 30 were left alive. The dastardly behavior of the English soldiers exposed all those who were inclined to do their duty to almost certain death, and at length in spite of every effort to the contrary, they broke and ran like sheep before the hounds, leaving the artillery, ammunition and provisions and every individual thing they had with them a prey to the enemy. When the officers endeavored to rally them, it was with as much success as if they had attempted to stop the wild bears of the mountains. General Braddock, fatally wounded, died three days later. His two aides were wounded, but recovered. "I luckily escaped without a wound," are Washington's words, "tho' I had four Bullets thro' my Coat and two Horses shot under me." About three hundred dead were left on the field, and the same number brought off wounded. It was believed that two-thirds of both numbers "received their shot from our own cowardly dogs of soldiers, who gathered themselves into a body, contrary to orders, ten or twelve deep, and then levelled, fired, and shot down the men before them."

Washington trembled at the consequences of this defeat on the frontier inhabitants, who would be forced to leave their homes; and there was good reason for his concern. Although it was July, Colonel Dunbar, who assumed command, proposed to go into winter quarters in Philadelphia, leaving the poor remains of the Virginians to guard the frontiers. Why Colonel Dunbar did not gather his forces and hold his ground is a puzzle. He knew he still had twice the force that attacked him. He might have known that the French officers were quite as timid as the English, and that Indians never fought unless they were safe in doing so. Their leadership, such as it was, came from a French trader, Charles de Langlade, from Lake Superior. A council of war never fights; and Colonel Dunbar's council was no exception to the rule. After suffering one ambush, the British Army, that had danced and marched and bullied the Colonists, threw up their task, and retired.

From Fort Cumberland, Washington wrote to "dear Jack," as he called his brother John Augustine, that having heard a circumstantial account of his own death and dying speech, he took that early opportunity of contradicting the first and of assuring him that he had not as yet composed the latter—a touch of ironic humor not uncommon in his letters. Arriving at Mount Vernon on July 26th, he was greeted by a note of heartfelt thankfulness from William Fairfax, to which was appended a postscript in the handwriting of Mrs. George William Fairfax. The dainty little lady served notice of her displeasure that he did not at once proceed to Belvoir, and threatened a descent upon Mount Vernon unless he should put in an appearance
early the next morning. Later his uncle in England also expressed joy over his nephew's escape, and reflected the British attitude towards General Braddock—all in a letter which paints a mental portrait of the writer.

In August, Washington was commissioned colonel and commander-in-chief of the Virginia Regiment, to be composed of sixteen companies raised for the avowed purpose of protecting the frontiers and driving out the French, who had "unjustly invaded His Majesty's lands on the Ohio." Governor Dinwiddie, in his instructions, desired the colonel to inculcate morality and virtue among his men, and to punish drunkenness and swearing. When on occasion Washington himself ripped out an oath, history has decided that he expressed its opinion of the transaction in question; and if there was swearing at Fort Cumberland, the colonel was in no mood to stop it, although he was prompt to check overt acts of mutiny.

To relieve the tedium of garrison life on the frontiers, Washington urged Mrs. Carlyle and Mrs. Fairfax to write to him. The former, conscious of her own epistolary deficiencies, had warned him that "he must not expect the correspondence to be carried on on her side with such spirit as to enliven him, which would be her desire, if only she could." She adds this sage advice: "Those pleasing reflections on the hours past ought to be banished out of your thoughts, you have now a nobler prospect—that of preserving your country from the insults of an enemy, and as God has blessed your first attempt, hope He may continue His blessing, and on your return, who knows but fortune may have reserved you for some unknown She that may recompense you for all your trials." Her sister-in-law, Mrs. Fairfax, discreetly stipulated that his letters should go to some third person, a suggestion at which he took quick offense, but he did not cease writing to her—nor did she cease writing to him.

A dispute having arisen over the pretensions of a Maryland captain to take rank over Washington by virtue of the fact that he once held a King's commission, and the governors of Maryland and Virginia, being unable or unwilling to compose the matter, Colonel Washington sought a decision from Governor Shirley, the commander-in-chief. Leaving Alexandria on February 4, 1756, with his aide-de-camp, Captain Mercer, and two servants, he tarried in New York to visit his cousin, Beverly Robinson, at whose home he met for the first time Miss Mary Philipse, a beauty, a belle and an heiress. Riding through New London, Newport and Providence, he proceeded to Boston, where he presented letters from Governor Dinwiddie to Governor Shirley, of whom he had conceived a high opinion when he met him at Alexandria. Governor Shirley promptly decided in his favor and for ten days entertained the two young Virginians, who listened to the legislative debates and "accepted the hospitality of several prominent citizens." On his travels Washington lost at cards, tipped men and maid servants, escorted ladies to exhibitions and dances, and patronized the "tayler" and all his tribe. On his way back he tarried again in New York and again met Miss Philipse, with the result that their names have ever since been connected.

Much interest in the affair was taken by Joseph Chew, who hoped to bring about a match between Washington and "Miss Polly." More than a year later Chew wrote:
"As to the latter part of your letter, what shall I say? I often had the pleasure of breakfasting with the charming Polly. Roger Morris was there (don't be startled) but not always, you know him he is a lady's man, always something to say. The town talked of it as a sure and settled affair. I can't say I think so and that I much doubt it, but assure you had little acquaintance with Mr. Morris and only slightly hinted it to Miss Polly; but how can you be excused to continue so long at Phila. I think I should have made a kind of flying march of it if it had been only to have seen whether the Works were sufficient to withstand a vigorous attack, you a Soldier and a Lover. Mind, I have been arguing for my own interest now, for had you taken this method then I should have had the pleasure of seeing you... I intend to set out [from his home in New London] tomorrow for New York where I will not be wanting to let Miss Polly know the sincere regard a Friend of mine has for her, and I am sure if she had my eyes to see thro she would prefer him to all others."

The eager matchmaker's hopes were blasted, for not even his subsequent confidence that Miss Polly was suffering from pain in the face could spur on the reluctant George. Possibly it was tacitly if not openly realized that the life of a soldier's wife on a remote Virginia plantation, with its attendant domestic cares and duties, would not be productive of happiness to a young woman accustomed to New York social life. It was fortunate that she married in her own set. Twenty years later, when the Revolution came to sunder patriots and loyalists, she and her husband, Roger Morris, stayed with the De Lancey party in New York, as did also her brother-in-law, Beverly Robinson. Both men were active supporters of the King; and, her property being needed by the Colonies, she was proclaimed a traitor and her possessions were confiscated. So ended a romance that scarce had a beginning.

The tide of war swept northward, and left to Virginia only devastated frontiers. If George Washington had hoped, by reason of his visit to Governor Shirley, to obtain active employment with the northern troops, he was disappointed. He was attached to the expedition of General Forbes with Fort Duquesne as its objective, and he tried vainly to have that commander complete the Braddock Road to the Ohio. Pennsylvania had sufficient influence to secure, instead, the building of a road from Philadelphia to the forks of the Ohio. The two routes are now traversed respectively by the Baltimore and Ohio and the Pennsylvania railroads. When General Forbes reached Fort Duquesne he found that the enemy had fled. Here Washington's active military service ended. The boy had become a man; no colonial soldier had equalled him in valor or capacity; and he might well look forward to exchanging arduous garrison duty for the long-deferred joys of life as a colonial gentleman at Mount Vernon, Virginia.

The National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, records with deep sorrow the death on October 21, 1922, of an Honorary Vice President General and former National Officer, Mrs. Helen Mason Boynton. Mrs. Boynton served as Vice President General 1890, 1896; Vice President in Charge of Organization of Chapters, 1891, 1892, 1893; Librarian General 1907, 1908.
RS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, the beloved "Little Mother" of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, died at two o'clock on Thursday morning, November 9, 1922, at the hospital in Plymouth, Mass., where she had been a patient since early last summer. She was ninety-one years of age.

On July 13, 1890, Mrs. Lockwood published in the Washington Post, the story of Hannah Arnett and called upon the descendants of patriots of the American Revolution to organize. The east and the west and the north and the south have responded to her clarion call, and Mrs. Lockwood, looked upon by many as the "Pen Founder" of the Society, lived to see the organization grow and expand until to-day it is the largest and most influential patriotic body of women in the world, numbering nearly 140,000 active members.

During Mrs. Lockwood’s absence from Washington (she being at that time one of the Lady Managers of the Columbian Exposition in Chicago, Illinois) a meeting, called by Miss Mary Desha, was held at the Langham Hotel, in the apartment of Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth. Owing to inclement weather Miss Eugenia Washington, Miss Desha, and Mrs. Walworth only responded. They proceeded to revise a constitution and adopt it, appointed the first Board of Management (Miss Desha, chairman) and proposed Mrs. Benjamin Harrison (wife of the President of the United States) as the first President General. They declared the Society to be national in scope.

The actual organization meeting was held on October 11, 1890, at the Strathmore Arms, the home of Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood. Those signing the formal draft were: Miss Eugenia Washington, Mrs. Flora Adams Darling, Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, Mrs. Mary Morris Hallowell, Miss Susan B. Hetzel, Mrs. Margaret Hetzel, Mrs. Mary V. E. Cabell, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Mrs. Alice Morrow Clark, Miss Pauline McDowell, Mrs. Ada P. Kimberly, Mrs. Aurelia Hadley Mohl, Miss Florine Cunningham, Mrs. Caroline L. Ransom, Mrs. Harriet Lincoln Coolidge, Mrs. Jennie D. Garrison, and Miss Mary Desha.

On February 24, 1898, during the Seventh Continental Congress, medals were presented to the Founders of the National Society, those going to Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, Miss Mary Desha, and Miss Eugenia Washington being alike in design, while that bestowed on Mrs. Lockwood bore a pen and the significant word "Service."

Mrs. Lockwood gave unstinting, loyal service to the Society she loved so well. At a meeting on October 18, 1890, she made the motion to erect a "fire-proof building in which to deposit Revolutionary relics and historic papers," and thus started the project to build beautiful Memorial Continental Hall.

Among the offices held by Mrs.
Lockwood were those of Historian General, Vice President General from the District of Columbia, Chaplain General, Assistant Historian General, State Regent of the District of Columbia, Editor of the *Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine*, and, at the time of her death, Honorary Chaplain General and Honorary Vice President General.

Mrs. Lockwood was born in Hanover, Chautauqua County, New York, the daughter of Henry Smith. She married Henry C. Lockwood, and later came to Washington, D. C., where she made her home for over half a century. In 1898 she conducted the Strathmore Arms, where many distinguished Americans made their home, among them General and Mrs. John A. Logan, Senator Edmunds, Justice Harlan, Senator Frye, and Speaker of the House Thomas B. Reed.

Mrs. Lockwood had been in ill health for a number of months, but her condition was rendered acute by the sudden death in July of her friend and companion, Miss Grace M. Pierce, former Registrar General of the National Society, who had accompanied her to Plymouth last June for their summer vacation.

Until the last few Congresses, Mrs. Lockwood was one of the picturesque debaters and served in many important capacities. Besides her affiliations with this Society, she was the intimate friend and adviser of Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton. She wielded a facile pen and wrote many noteworthy books. Her only daughter, Miss Lillian M. Lockwood, business manager of the *Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine*, died on December 3, 1909.

Funeral services for Mrs. Lockwood were conducted in the Columbia Apartment House, Washington, where she had long made her home. It was, by arrangement of her family, attended only by her relatives and a few intimate friends. In the absence from Washington of the President General, the National Society was represented by Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, Vice President General from the District of Columbia. Upon news of Mrs. Lockwood’s death Memorial Continental Hall was closed to the public and the flag placed at half-staff until after the funeral.

Mrs. Lockwood’s following in the ranks of the National Society was extensive and she was called “Little Mother,” affectionately by most of its members. No woman ever more thoroughly deserved to have said of her long and honorable career:

*Her life all good, no deed for show,
No deed to hide,
She never caused a tear to flow
Save when she died.*
A MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT GENERAL

WISH to urge upon every chapter officer and member the need of a greater familiarity with our own Society, its special objects and everyday workings. Many of our members have a very vague idea of the objects of the Society and its methods of procedure. Many proceed as though a chapter were only an independent club, instead of being part and parcel of a national society of which all are members. I have repeatedly stressed the fact that we are not a federation of clubs; we can neither “affiliate” nor “federate,” nor are we a philanthropic or charitable organization. Our objects are distinctly stated in the Constitution of the National Society which is the Constitution of every State and chapter. There can be no other. State and chapter by-laws must conform to the National Constitution and By-laws, else they are null and void. I would strongly advise every chapter to read our Constitution and By-laws at some chapter meeting once a year, in order to promote familiarity with them, for there are some By-laws governing the relationships of members and chapters within the National Society which must be especially observed by chapter officers, or injustice and hardship will result for the members.

Among these is the method of payment of our annual dues through the chapters. Our annual dues to the National Society are $2, payable in advance on or before January 1st, hence it is especially timely in this message to give a word of warning to chapter treasurers, urging prompt remittance to the Treasurer General of the $1 of these dues which must be sent to Washington. It often happens that a member pays her dues at the proper time to the chapter treasurer, but the chapter treasurer fails to remit this dollar, which must be paid to the National Society on or before January 1st with credit given the member; the member is automatically dropped for non-payment of dues, if this dollar is not paid to the Treasurer General by July 1st; then under the new By-law she must pay not only the dues, but the initiation fee of $5 for reinstatement. This is just if the member were really in arrears; but it is not just when the fault is the chapter treasurer’s; yet the Treasurer General has no choice in the matter; she must administer the law; she has no knowledge that the member has paid until the penalty is inflicted and it transpires that she had paid her dues in good faith to the chapter treasurer only to find that the chapter treasurer had carelessly neglected to forward them to Washington. The chapter treasurer is responsible for a grave injustice.

Chapter treasurers are also careless sometimes about carrying out a vote of the chapter appropriating a money donation. A chapter fails to receive its due credit on the State and National books, inquiries are made, and it turns out that the chapter treasurer forgot to send the money or sent it through the wrong channels.

I do urge greater care in these important matters. It is the duty of a chapter treasurer to familiarize herself with the rules of the National Society, and it is the duty of a chapter regent to see that all her chapter officers understand and perform their duties.

That all may clearly understand their duties, detailed information for State and chapter officers has been issued by the Treasurer General, the Registrar General and the Organizing Secretary General, so there is no valid reason why they should not be understood.

A word about honorary members, as there is some misconception in regard to them. An honorary member may be elected by a chapter to its membership, but she must be a Daughter of the American Revolution in good standing. Persons who are not members of the Society cannot be elected to honorary or associate membership in any chapter.

Life members, it must be remembered, are not exempt from any but the National Society’s dues of $2; they must pay their State and chapter dues, if any; and their patriotism should lead them to meet their due share of all per capita contributions toward the work of their chapter, their State or the National Society. Do not forget that every life membership fee of $100 is placed in a permanent fund, one-half by the National Society and one-half by the chapter if paid through a chapter, the interest on which may be used like annual dues; it is therefore in the nature of an endowment fund which is of benefit both to the chapter and to the National Society.
Our Society has grown so rapidly of late that we can no longer undertake to seat the large number of alternates that attend our Congress. Necessity, therefore, compels me to advise chapters not to send alternates to Congress unless they come with the understanding that it is not possible to reserve any section of seats for them. Much as we want to have them, we can no longer provide for their comfort. They should be elected in order to serve if needed, but if they come they must take the risk of disappointment. We have outgrown the seating capacity of Continental Hall. In the past I have urged as many as possible to come to our Congresses for their inspirational influences. I am not justified in doing this now unless alternates and visiting members are willing to take their chances of an occasional seat. Do not come and then blame those in charge for not giving you seats when we have not the seats to give. The unprecedented growth of our Society during the past year or two has brought us face to face with a situation which must be remedied in the near future by some wise and just method of reduction of representation. The only alternate is an enlargement of our Hall which our architects, whom I have consulted, do not advise, lest we ruin its beauty and safety. Moreover, if it is difficult to hear in the Hall as it is, it would be still more difficult in a larger hall, and amplifiers would not meet the situation. They could be put over the platform, but this would not help those who speak from the floor to be heard, and our Congress is essentially a debating body.

Last year we were confronted with conditions which we deeply regretted, yet were powerless to help. So many came to the Congress whom we could not provide for—so many more than usual, often all ten alternates from a chapter besides the Regent and delegates—and some went away bitterly disappointed and aggrieved that we could not do the impossible and give all seats. We threw open the Museum for the alternates, a few seats in one gallery, and the rear seats on the floor of the house after all voters had been seated. We did all we could and now I urge all Regents and delegates to do what they can to help by unselfishly letting their alternates who are with them take their turn in their seats. Seats are often left vacant by delegates who go sight-seeing around Washington and are careless about giving them to their alternates who alone have a right to them; this is hard for the alternate, and a wrong is done the chapter, which is thus left without any representative in Congress. Let us all work together to make this next Congress as free from grieved feelings as it is possible to make it; and to this end, please remember and explain about these crowded conditions when holding your elections of chapter delegates and alternates. And let us remember also how ceaselessly and unselfishly our national officers and chairmen give of their time and strength and means to the service of our Society and its Congresses. None are paid salaries, though some of our members imagine this to be so. They give themselves freely and without stint to the incessant demands of their offices. I pay this tribute, knowing how much they do which is unknown to others and should be appreciated by all.

Let us all pull together with sincerity of purpose, patriotic devotion to our country and good-will one toward another. Another season of good-will has come—the Christ season of good-will among men. Peace on earth seems still a far-away dream. But the faith that heard the angels' song is the faith that still hears the voice of God calling to the multitudes to follow the Star. Shall we not follow in the spirit of that song until all men and nations gather around the table of a perpetual Conference to govern the world in peace and quietness and mutual understanding? May you have a blessed Christmas and a New Year full of the beauty of His gladness, who gave all—endured all—and therefore conquered all, that the world might learn the pathways of truth, righteousness and peace.

Anne Rogers Minor,
President General.
THE Colonial home of the Calverts is situated in Prince George's County, Maryland, about twenty miles from Washington, and is now known as the "Dower House," a name given to it by its present owners, Mr. and Mrs. Percy Duval, who purchased the ivy-covered walls of the old house with a tract of a thousand acres surrounding it from the estate of the late Miss Eleanora Calvert about a score of years ago, and have with great care rescued it from the decay into which it was fast falling and made additions suited to modern day requirements without marring its old-time aspect.

The present estate is but a fragment of the broad acres which Henry Calvert, the father of Miss Eleanora Calvert, left at his death in 1846, and which he inherited from his father, Benedict Calvert, son of Charles Calvert, the fifth Lord Baltimore.

Benedict Calvert's history reads like a romance, and a mystery surrounding his mother's identity still has all the charm of vagueness, merely tradition, instead of family records, leading to the belief that she was a daughter of King George II of England, but I would recall the fact that in about 1745 Charles Calvert, the fifth Lord Baltimore, and proprietary of the Province of Maryland, sent a son to this country from England in the charge of a governor and bestowed upon him wealth, and, later on, offices and honors, but in one of his letters to him said that his mother was too great a lady to be named in writing. Circumstances prevented Benedict Calvert from returning to England in early youth, and when as a young man he wrote for his father's consent to his marriage failing, however, to mention the name of the lady of his choice, Lord Baltimore replied that there was only one woman he knew of in America whom he would be willing to have him marry, and she was his cousin, Betty Calvert. It was Betty Calvert his son had chosen. She was the daughter of Charles Calvert, Governor of the Province of Maryland.

At the time of Benedict Calvert's marriage he was living in Annapolis, the capital, but soon afterwards he decided to build upon the hunting lodge, called Mount Airy, a country seat suitable for a man of his wealth and condition. Owing to the troubles preceding the Revolutionary War, the bricks brought from England for his servants' quarters were destined to be used for a less pretentious house which we now behold, upon the site he had selected for his mansion, as large country houses were called in those days.

We enter a pleasant, long, shallow hallway thrown across what appears to be the main part of the house, but no rooms were immediately opposite the front entrance, and to the left of this
hallway or passageway the winding stairway to the rooms on the floor above is so unobtrusive that we scarcely remark it as we pass by it to enter the really splendid drawing room which, with the great guest room of like dimensions above, forms one entire wing of the building. The lines of these rooms are severely simple, but high pitched and full of light, coming from six great windows in each room. During my visits to Mount Airy in the long ago I have sat in the spacious drawing room and looked at the stately full-length portraits of Benedict Calvert and his wife, and tried to imagine the elegant hospitality with which they entertained within those very walls upon which there also hung portraits of the third, fourth, and fifth Lord Baltimore painted by master hands. Turning from their proud beauty, my gaze has fallen upon the fresher loveliness of Nellie Calvert Custis who, radiant in her riding habit and Continental hat, looked so young and so lovely that my eyes would return to her after they had wandered to the sad, thoughtful face of her eldest brother who died when a youth in England, whither he had gone to be educated and where would be imparted to him the secret, so closely guarded, of his father's birth.

Again, when in the spacious chamber above the drawing room it was pleasant to think that in the great fourposter so richly carven, the Father of his Country often slept. I little dreamed then that in later years it would pass into my possession when my cousin's furniture, so prized by her, would be distributed before the house passed into stranger hands. In this same room was born to Nellie Calvert Custis her son, George Washington Parke Custis,* who, when hardly six months old, was adopted by General Washington, and will always be interesting in our history as "The Child of Mount Vernon" and the builder of Arlington,† a site which he selected because from it he could see the building of the nation's Capital. Then, too, it was at Mount Airy that Nellie Calvert Custis languished for many months before that restlessness which is one of the saddest features of consumption, induced her to leave the home of her happy childhood and girlhood only to die elsewhere.

We descend the narrow stairway and cross the shallow hall leading into a broader one, both furnished with old mahogany, the sofas and tables reminding us that there the family often lingered. In this wing are three rooms leading one into the other and then the dining room. Of course, above were bedrooms and

*George Washington Parke Custis (1781-1857) married 1805, Mary Lee Fitzhugh, daughter of Colonel William and Anne (Randolph) Fitzhugh of "Ravensworth."
†The "Arlington estate" was granted by King Charles II to Robert Howson who, in the same year, sold it to John Alexander for six hogsheads of tobacco. It remained in the Alexander family until Christmas, 1778, when Gerard Alexander and his wife transferred it by deed to John Parke Custis for the sum of eleven hundred pounds Virginia currency. George Washington Parke Custis completed the building of the present "Arlington Mansion" in 1803 or 1804, having inherited the estate from his father. Kendall-Lowther: Mount Vernon, Arlington, and Woodlawn.
MOUNT AIRY, UPPER MARLBORO, MARYLAND

A CORNER OF THE DRAWING ROOM AT MOUNT AIRY
another staircase leading to them, and there was in the old days a separate building used by the grown-up sons and their bachelor guests which would seem to have been most necessary as Benedict Calvert's family numbered twenty-one children, and his son, Henry Edward Calvert's, family numbered twelve. But of the for-

mer's family all of them save five died when they were very young, and unmarried; these were Henry Edward, who inherited the estate and who married Elisabeth, daughter of Major George Biscoe; George, who married Rosalie Eugenia Steir, and through this marriage acquired the well-known property near Washington called "Riverdale," Eleanor (1754-1811) who in 1774 became the wife of John Parke Custis (1753-1781), the stepson of General Washing-

ton; Elisabeth, who married Charles Stuart of West River, Maryland; and Arianna, who having cast her affections upon a suitor unacceptable to her family, fell into a decline and died while in the flower of her youth and beauty. But that generation passed away, and then succeeded the family of twelve children of Henry Edward Calvert, all of whom reached maturity, but few of them married. There were ten sons and two daughters: Julianna, who died a comparatively young woman, and Eleanora Cecilius, who lived long past the age allotted by the psalmist to the earthly pilgrim. She and her brother, Cecilius Baltimore Calvert, who never married, inherited the old house with a thousand acres adjoining it, while the other nine thousand acres of the original estate went to the other brothers. The changed conditions of our country life, wrought by the Civil War, induced them to live afterwards in strict retirement. Miss Calvert never left Mount Airy for nearly two score years, and her brother seldom went anywhere except to the neighboring church which he attended regularly until he was past ninety. Cecilius Calvert died at the age of ninety-six without making a will, and the property reverted to his sister. Upon her death Mount Airy then passed out of the Calvert family.

In the long avenue leading to the house many of the grand old trees have fallen, and the broad English gardens to the right of the house extend in three terraces to the wooded lands which stretch far beyond, making a lovely picture though few of the old-time flowers yet blossom in them. But in the family
CHARLES CALVERT, FIFTH LORD BALTIMORE
HE WAS THE SON OF BENEDICT LEONARD CALVERT, THE FIFTH LORD BALTIMORE, BORN SEPTEMBER 29, 1699; DIED APRIL 24, 1751; MARRIED JULY 20, 1710, TO MARY, YOUNGEST DAUGHTER OF SIR THEODORE FAUSSEN

BENEDICT CALVERT
SON OF CHARLES CALVERT, FIFTH LORD BALTIMORE, COLLECTOR OF HIS MAJESTY'S CUSTOMS FOR THE DISTRICT OF PATUXENT. MARRIED ELIZABETH, THE ONLY SURVIVING DAUGHTER OF THE HON. CHARLES CALVERT, GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND. PAINTED BY WOLLESTON
CECILIUS CALVERT  
SECOND BARON OF BALTIMORE, AND FOUNDER OF THE PROVINCE OF MARYLAND. HE SENT THE FIRST COLONISTS TO HIS NEW PROVINCE IN 1634, AFTER THE DEATH OF HIS FATHER, GEORGE CALVERT.

GEORGE CALVERT  
FIRST BARON OF BALTIMORE, WHO WAS GRANTED THE PROVINCE OF MARYLAND BY CHARLES THE FIRST, FOR HIS SERVICES TO ENGLAND. HE NAVIGATED UP THE COAST OF MARYLAND WHILE IN THE VIRGINIA COLONY, BUT RETURNED TO ENGLAND AND DIED BEFORE HE COULD SEND COLONISTS TO HIS NEW LAND, WHICH HE CALLED "TERRA MARIAE" (MARYLAND), IN HONOR OF THE QUEEN.

LEONARD CALVERT  
BROTHER OF LORD BALTIMORE, WHO BROUGHT THE FIRST COLONISTS TO MARYLAND IN THE SHIPS, THE ARK AND THE DOVE, IN 1634, AND WAS MADE THE FIRST GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.
ELIZABETH CALVERT AND HER DAUGHTER REBECCA
WIFE AND DAUGHTER OF BENEDICT CALVERT. THE DAUGHTER DIED YOUNG.
PAINTED BY WOOLSTONE

ELEANOR CALVERT
PORTRAIT IN RED RIDING HABIT PAINTED BY KING. DAUGHTER OF BENEDICT AND ELIZABETH CALVERT. SHE MARRIED IN 1771, JOHN PARKER CUSTIS, GENERAL WASHINGTON'S STEP-SON, AND WAS THE MOTHER OF GEORGE WASHINGTON PARKER CUSTIS, OF ARLINGTON, WHOSE ONLY CHILD, MARY, MARRIED GENERAL ROBERT E. LEE. ELEANOR CALVERT'S OTHER CHILDREN BY MR. CUSTIS WERE MARTHA (MRS. PETER), ELIZA (MRS. LAW), AND ELEANOR (MRS. LAWRENCE LEWIS). MR. CUSTIS DIED IN 1781; HIS WIDOW MARRIED (1783) DR. DAVID STUART, OF "CHANTILLY," VA., AND HAD SEVERAL CHILDREN.
graveyard, on a gentle eminence reached through grainfields lying between it and the house, there still grow in profusion lilies of the valley and great untrained bushes of white azalia such as I have never seen elsewhere in this country. The same flowers long uncared for still bloom every springtime near the old brick carriage house which held, when I first remember, a stately old family coach with its tattered hangings once used by former generations. It brought to the imagination bright memories of the days when the park gates were wide open, the close cropped lawns were gay with restive children and attentive slaves, when guests were arriving in splendid coaches, some drawn by four, others by six horses, and at the entrance to the house the hostess was making her friends welcome, the flagged pavement upon which they were standing, overhung by the long, white gallery, was resounding with light footsteps and merry laughter, black body servants in charge of their master’s horsehair trunks in the background, and the bright gardens furnishing their wealth of color to complete the scene. But a change had come over Mount Airy when I first drove up to it in the twilight. It was autumn and the flowers were no longer blooming, only a few pale blossoms thrown out by the myrtle creeping across the lawn, and at the doorway my two old cousins waiting with outstretched arms to welcome me to their ivy-covered home. But when we crossed the threshold, I found that the house was brightly lighted, and in the dining room the hospitable board of mahogany was spread for supper, it and the great sideboard covered with rare porcelain and glassware and beautiful silver, and I well remember that late in the course of the meal, when I admired the “old silver,” my cousin said to me in her dreamy, far-off way, “Oh! I put all of my old silver away years ago; this is only the silver my Father and Mother got when they were married.” The next morning, when I went to the graveyard, I saw on the stone that marks their graves that they were married in 1796. Henry Edward Calvert was taken to his last rest just fifty years afterwards and his widow, Elisabeth Biscoe, died in 1858. Above their graves rises in pale marble a beautiful figure of Religion, as if it were to symbolize the blest lives they had lived.

$400 IN PRIZES TO STATES SECURING D.A.R. MAGAZINE SUBSCRIPTIONS

The Committee, Mrs. Charles White Nash, Chairman, appointed to handle the Colonel Walter Scott One Thousand Dollar Prize Fund, has awarded $400 to be used in prizes to increase the circulation of the National Society’s official publication—the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE.

The Prize Contest, which commenced on July 15th, will close on Sunday, December 31, 1922. Subscriptions postmarked December 31, 1922, will be counted in this contest.

State and Chapter Magazine Chairmen are urged to mail subscriptions as rapidly as possible to The Treasurer General, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

The contest is very close. Do not delay. Remember, also, that the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE makes an ideal Christmas present.

EVA V. M. BISSELL,
National Chairman,
D.A.R. Magazine Committee.
AMERICA'S FIRST WOMAN SENATOR
A MEMBER OF THE D.A.R.

By Dolores Boisfeuillet Colquitt

GEORGIA'S "Grand Old Woman," Mrs. Rebecca Latimer Felton, aged eighty-seven years, who was recently appointed United States Senator by the Governor of Georgia to fill the vacancy created by the death of the late Senator Tom Watson, is an active D.A.R. descended from illustrious Maryland and Virginia forebears. Her father was only seven years of age when his parents came to Georgia after selling their old homestead, Marshall Hall, on the Potomac, opposite Mount Vernon; and both of his grandfathers had served in the Continental army under their neighbor, General Washington.

Mrs. Felton is, in the words of tribute paid her by the governor of Georgia: "Wise, even beyond her years, and is glorious in the sunset of a splendid and useful life." She is just as keen and informed on political affairs of today as on those of half a century ago.

Champion of women's political rights and temperance advocate, she has lived to see her prophecy fulfilled. In her speeches and writings she said: "This woman's movement is a great movement of the sexes toward each other, with common ideals as to government as well as common ideals in domestic life, where fully developed manhood must seek and find its real mate in the mother of his children, as well as in the solace of his home. The time has long since passed when the hard-drinking, fox-hunting, high-playing country squire was excused because of his generosity and hospitality. He was not the equal of his sober mate, whose hand held the distaff, who made good cheer from the kitchen to drawing-room. The call of the age is for partnership in the family, in the church, in the state and national affairs, between men and women."

As one of the representative southern women, Mrs. Felton was summoned to Florida in the spring of 1921 by the then President-elect Harding for a conference on national affairs.

Her first connection with Georgia politics was in 1874 when her husband, Dr. William Harrel Felton, a Methodist preacher and farmer, was a candidate for Congress. "From a quiet country life in a plain farm house, with only farm worries to contend with," she says in her Memoirs, "I was hurled into a vortex of excitement, abuse, expense and anxiety that no words can describe." Yet she held up a brave face when her husband would return home exhausted with fatigue from long speaking tours. She it was who answered his letters, fixed the dates of his appointments and wrote replies to newspapers. "I was amazed that I lived through it. Once my overworked frame broke down, but will-power gained the victory. I was propped up in bed and wrote letters like the furies were pursuing me."
Mrs. Felton was actively associated with her husband, "one of the most eminent Georgians of his day," in his long career in the Legislature and Congress; and she even took the "stump" in his candidacy.

They were married October 11, 1853, and of their five children only one survived, Dr. Howard E. Felton. Mrs. Felton was eighteen at the time she married and was a mother at nineteen. She was born in DeKalb County, Georgia, June 10, 1835. In spite of her advanced years, she is active and looks after her business interests, which include valuable farms.

Her parents were William Latimer and Eleanor Ann Swift. Her paternal grandparents were Marcus Latimer and Rebecca Marshall, who had inherited Marshall Hall, the historic estate on the Potomac. Mrs. Felton's maternal grandmother was Lucy Talbot, descended from Captain Matthew Talbot (1729-1812), a patriot who served in the Virginia militia, and who settled in 1778 on the Wautaga River. He was born in Amelia County, Virginia, and died in Morgan County, Georgia. Besides Latimer and Marshall, Mrs. Felton is a descendant of the distinguished Hanson, Brandt, and Beall families of Maryland.

---

PRIZES FOR ESSAYS ON "WHAT I HAVE LEARNED FROM THE MANUAL FOR IMMIGRANTS"

The Committee, of which Mrs. Charles White Nash is Chairman, appointed by the President General to administer the Colonel Walter Scott One Thousand Dollar Prize Fund, recommended to the National Board of Management at its October meeting, the following prize essay contest among students of the Manual for Immigrants, in order to stimulate the use and study of the Manual. The recommendation was unanimously adopted by the Board and is herewith presented to the States in the hope that all will take part. It is as follows:

"That a prize of $5 in gold be given to each State to be awarded to the person, either foreign-born or southern mountain-eeer, who submits the best essay in English, of not less than 1000 words or more than 2000, on the subject: 'What I Have Learned from the Manual for Immigrants,' each State to arrange the details of its own contest through its Patriotic Education Committee, and the judges to be a committee of the Daughters of the American Revolution appointed by the State Regent.

"And that we offer an additional prize of $10 to be awarded as follows:

"Five dollars to the foreign-born for the best essay among the winning essays, and $5 to the southern mountaineers for the best essay among the winning essays, these winning essays from the States to be submitted to a committee of judges to be appointed by the National Chairman of Patriotic Education."

The essays should be in the hands of each State Chairman on Patriotic Education not later than February 1, 1923. The winning essay in each State should be sent by the State Regent not later than March 1st to the National Chairman on Patriotic Education.

All essays should be numbered and the name and address of the writer attached in a sealed envelope.

The names of the winners in each State and of the winner of the additional prizes will be announced at the coming Congress."
MISCELLANIES FROM THE OLD GEORGIA
GAZETTE PUBLISHED AT SAVANNAH
1764 to 1794
Compiled by Mamie Burkhalter Little

1764

October 11, Thursday: Married at Argyle Island, Archibald Bulloch Esq., son of James Bullock Esq., to Miss Polly De Veaux daughter of James De Veaux Esq.

1765

April 4, Saturday: On Saturday was married Mr. Samuel Brown to Jennie Spencer daughter of Wm. Spencer Esq. collector of customs at Savannah.

April 11, Thursday: Wm. Roberts master of the sloop Dolphin.

April 18: On Easter Monday the Honorable Noble Jones, Honorable James Habersham, Honorable Francis Harris, Chas. Watson, James Read, Thomas Vincent, James DeVeau, Charles Price and Thomas Lloyd were elected vestrymen for Christ Church.

April 20, Saturday: Died in Savannah, Mrs. Wells, wife of Captain Andrews Elton Wells.

May 9: Mr. John Simpson is appointed 3rd lieutenant in the 1st troop in the Province commanded by Captain John Milledge in the room of Lieutenant Joseph Butler, who has resigned, and Dr. John Perkin is appointed Quartermaster in said troop.


Mrs. Mary Morel, wife of John Morel, died at Ossabau on Thursday last.

Last Thursday night was married at Sunbury Dr. John Irwin of that place to Miss Nancy Bailie daughter of Kenneth Bailie Esq.

George Saxby Esq. is appointed stamp officer for South Carolina only, and Hon. Henry McCullough one of his Majesty's council in North Carolina for that province.

August 12: Seven families consisting of 75 people arrived here last Saturday from Maryland in order to settle in this province.

August 17: An organ presented by Ed. Barnard Esq. was placed in the gallery of the church. Mr. John Sternes was appointed organist.

 Died Sunday Nov. 17, at Savannah, Mr. Benj. Tarley planter.

Thursday 19, Nov. at Ebenezer the Rev. John Martin Bolzius the first minister sent out by the Society for promotion of Christian Knowledge, 1734.

1767

On Dec. 18 died at Fairfield near Sunbury Mr. Kenneth Bailie eldest son of Col Kenneth Bailie deceased who was the only son left to take care of his mother.

Married January 28 in Savannah Mr. Daniel Munsy to Miss Phila Hayes.

Died Thursday Feb. of this year Mr. Wm. Lewis of Augusta, and on Sunday at Savannah Captain George Thomas.

1766

May 28: Yesterday died in town Mrs. Mary Bryan being 65 years of age born in South Carolina, a person much respected having passed through the different stations of life with honor. She was the mother of 5 children all of whom lived to be married. She had 23 grandchildren.

June 4: Died Friday at Ossabau Mr. Benj. Goldwin.

June 11: Captain Wells who arrived here yesterday from Charleston, S. C. informs us that Captain Strachan arrived there last Friday from London after a long passage and brought a full confirmation of the Bill for repealing the Stamp Act having received the Royal Assent.

June 18: Lord Montague Governor of S. C. and Lieutenant Governor of this province has arrived at Charleston.

June 9: Died Monday morning Captain John Fletcher.

July 30: Thursday 1st of May Hon. John Kern Esq. Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania was married to Miss Annie Allen daughter of Hon. Wm. Allen esq. Chief Justice of the Province.

Died 23rd of May His Excellency Montague Wilmot Esq. Lt. Governor of his Majesty's Regiment of foot and Governor of Nova Scotia.

Thursday 17th: Married at Midway Mr. Gideon Downes to Miss Ann Elliott daughter of John Elliott deceased. Died John Dunnet

725
one of his Majesty's council, of East Florida, and Lt. Winter of Royal—on his way to Augusta.

August 13: Married Monday 11, Mr. Jonathan Belten to Miss Harriet Bravant.

August 27: Tuesday 19 married in St. John's Parish Mr. John Winn Esq. to Mrs. Lydia Sanden a lady of mind and fortune.


September 10: Died in Charleston Mr. Thomas Lloyd. Died at Savannah Captain Nathaniel Gardner.

September 17: Died at Savannah Mrs. Mary Smith.

October 1: Arrived from London Captain Samuel Ball, Mrs. Vincent, Mrs. Stewart, Miss Crooke, Hon. Wm. Grover chief justice of East Florida, Dr. Cuthbert, Captain Clarke, Mr. Shaw.

Died at Beaufort S. C. Mr. Francis Stewart.

Died at Savannah Captain Thomas Will.

October 8: Died at Savannah Mrs. Evans and Mr. Chas. Blundy.

October 11: Married Mr. Wm. Moore to Miss Savannah Bolton daughter of Robert Bolton.

October 22: Died Mrs. Ann Wright wife of Wm. Wright.

October 29: Died in Charleston the Hon. Hector de Beaufain Esq. F.R.S. for 24 years collector of his Majesty's customs in South Carolina.

November 5: At Sunbury died Captain Ephram Gilbert.

1767

On Sunday June 31 Mr. Henry Younge Esq. surveyor general of the province was married to Mrs. Mary Stedman.

July 15: John Milledge Esq. was married to Mrs. Ann Rasberry widow of the late Thomas Rasberry. Married in Charleston Mr. James Graham merchant to Miss Stuart daughter of Hon. John Stuart Esq. Superintendent of Indian affairs for the southern district of North America.

July 29: On Thursday was married Mr. John Holsman of South Carolina to Miss Priscilla Jones of this province.


Saturday March 4 Hon. Lord Hope set out for his return to Charleston and James Box Esq. Attorney General of East Florida for St. Augustine.

23 February was married in Charleston Mr. Thomas Netherclift, of this city merchant, to Miss Ann McQueen, daughter of the late John McQueen Esq., a young lady with a handsome fortune.

March 25: Died on Monday Mrs. Elizabeth Younge.

Married April 22 Thomas Savage Esq. of South Carolina to Polly Butler, daughter of Hon. Wm. Butler Esq. deceased, an accomplished young lady with a considerable fortune.

March 19: On Tuesday was married at Great Ogeechee Mr. James Butler Esq. to Miss Ann Dix. Died Mr. Thomas Burrington Esq. Attorney at Law.

November 23: Archibald Bulloch Esq. elected one of the representatives in the General Assembly for the town of Savannah.

December 9: Thomas Butler was chosen Representative in the General Assembly for St. George's Parish.

December 30 was married at the College by Rev. Sutby Mr. Benj. Stirk to Miss Hannah Polhill and Mr. John Stirk to Miss Hannah Miller both agreeable ladies with handsome fortunes.

1768

Died at Charleston January 9th Lady Ann Murry widow of Dr. John Murry.


April 6: Mr. Thomas Legare in Charleston was struck by lightning.

Minister 23 years, in the 48th year of his age Rev. Mr. Link passed away.

The Honorable Francis Fauquir Esq. Lt. Governor of Va. died at Williamsburg the 3rd of March 1768.

April 20: Died Mr. Geo. Cuthbert and James McHenry.

May 4: Mr. Joseph Pounere and Mr. James Love died.


June 25: John Smith, William Jones and Peter Sallem Esq. were chosen members of the general assembly for the Parish of St. John. Died at Augusta Mrs. Rae wife of Robert Rae on June 22.

On Monday July 13 John Simpson Esq. married Miss Betsy Martha daughter of Mr. Clement Martha.

Saturday September 14: James Whitfield
married Mrs. Elizabeth Love widow of James Love.

October 19: married at Puryburg Mr. Robert Dillon of Charleston to Miss C. Chesee.

October 26: Died William Simpson Chief Justice of the province.

November 3: Married Mr. Joseph Farley to Miss Jane Johnston daughter of Dr. Lewis Johnston.

November 15: Died at Midway James Maxwell; Died at Little Ogeeechee Mrs. Elizabeth Fox in the 66th year of her age; Died near town Mr. Richard Milledge.

December 14: Died at Sunbury Captain Robert Nichols.

Feb. 1: Died at his plantation David C. Braddock Esq.

1775

June 21: Died at Fort Dartmouth St. Paul’s Parish Ed Barnard Captain of Rangers for the protection of lands lately ceded to his Majesty by the Indians. Died at Savannah Captain Francis Goff.

Augst 30: Married Mr. William Evain to Miss Sally Bolton daughter of Robert Bolton.

Sept. 20. Married Mr. James Habersham jr. son of Hon. James Habersham Ex-President of his Majesty’s Council to Miss Esther Wily an amiable young lady daughter of Alexander Wily Esq. Died Mrs. Jane Mauve widow of Mr. Matthew Mauve.

October 4: Died at Abercorn Francis Arthur.

October 25: Died Mr. Thomas Parsons.

November 1: Died Captain Francis Arwen.

December 17: Died Stephen Bull Esq. of South Carolina.

1779

April 25: Died Mr. James Love and Mr. James Pare loyal refugees from St. Matthews Parish.

May 10: Died Mrs. Bailleton widow of Isaac Bailleton; Died Mr. David Fox.

1783

Feb.: Died Captain John Newdigate.

March 13: Died; Mrs. Susannah Maudin widow of Dr. John Maudin, Mr. John Farley.

July 17: Married Mr. William Williams to Mrs. Elizabeth Martingal; Mr. J. Norton to Mrs. Mary Mevis widow of Benjamin Mevis.

November: Died Mrs. Sarah Farley widow of the late Joseph Farley. Died Miss Ann Fox.

Dec. 25: John Martin Esq. late Governor of State married Miss Polly Spencer.

Feb. 10: Died John Owen

1794

On Sapelo Island 15th of September was unhappily deprived of existence by being shot Mr. Hyacinth de Chappedelaine age about 40 a gentleman who while alive was beloved by his friends respected by his acquaintances and esteemed as a worthy member of society by the community at large. Mr. Picot de Boisfeuillet of Sapelo is in custody of the sheriff of the county being charged with shooting the above gentleman.*

Sept. 25: Died Mr. John Maudin son of the late Dr. John Maudin.

October 30: Married in Liberty County James Powell Esq. to Miss Betsy Hugh, daughter of Mrs. White widow of Mr. James White. Died in England Mrs. Elizabeth Pinkney, widow of Thomas Pinkney, Esq. Ambassador to the Court of Great Britain.

November 27: Died Mrs. Clarke widow of Mr. James Clarke.

*Note: An account of this duel, together with Revolutionary and genealogical data on the above Picot de Boisfeuillet a French nobleman appears in “Our French Liberators” by Dolores Boisfeuillet Colquitt in the October, 1921 number of the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

CHRISTMAS PROBLEM SOLVED BY D. A. R. MAGAZINE

THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE as a Xmas present solves your problem. It will furnish something of interest for a whole year—a gift twelve times repeated.

Send in two dollars for each subscription to the Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R., Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

The National Society will send an embossed card announcing your gift with the season’s greeting to your friends. Thus you are at once relieved of all further troublesome details.
The twenty-ninth State Meeting of the Connecticut Daughters of the American Revolution was held on October 5, 1922, in the Second Congregational Church, Manchester, by invitation of Orford Parish Chapter. The ushers and color bearers were in white, preceding the President General, Mrs. George Maynard Minor; the Organizing Secretary General, Mrs. G. Wallace W. Hanger; Vice President General from Connecticut, Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel; Vice President General from Vermont, Mrs. Lyman E. Holden; the State Regent of Maine, Miss Maude M. Herrick; the State Regent of Connecticut, Mrs. Charles Humphrey Bissell; the Vice State Regent, Miss Katherine A. Nettleton, other state officers and councilors, regent of the hostess chapter, and speakers. The platform was artistically decorated with autumn leaves and garden flowers, our State Regent and National Officers carried pink roses. The Rev. Raymond A. Beardslee, pastor of the church, gave the invocation; and the Salute to the Flag was led by Mrs. Frederick A. Strong.

Mrs. Frank A. Spencer, Regent of Orford Parish Chapter, gave a cordial greeting, referring to the State Regent, Mrs. Bissell, as the Infant, this meeting being the first since her election to that office.

Mr. William C. Cheney extended the welcome from the town. Mrs. Charles Humphrey Bissell, State Regent, responded to the welcome extended and proved her ability to make a good speech. She spoke of the wanton destruction by speeding motorists of the beautiful fountain dedicated a year ago by Orford Parish Chapter in memory of the Revolutionary soldiers of this ancient parish. She hoped the license of the reckless autoist would be taken from him.

Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, Vice President General from Connecticut, spoke of the work nearest her heart, the Manual for Immigrants. Connecticut was first to have a book of this kind, thirty years ago, then called the Guida.

Mrs. George Maynard Minor, President General and our own beloved Connecticut Daughter, spoke on "Internationalism—True and False." She told of the memorial erected in the devastated French village, Souain, by the parents of the late Henry W. Farnsworth, of Massachusetts, for him and his comrades of the French Foreign Legion.

Mrs. G. Wallace W. Hanger, Organizing Secretary General, was introduced and her delightful speech was greatly enjoyed.

The Treasurer General, Mrs. Livingston L. Hunter, upon her arrival, was escorted to the platform. She told of the new roof put on Memorial Continental Hall and paid for without any chapter help.

Miss Florence S. M. Crofut, candidate for the office of Historian General, was asked to speak. In her entertaining address, she said that it was a unique opportunity to pay homage to two leaders, Mrs. Minor and Mrs. Hanger.

A message of love and greeting was voted sent to Mrs. Sara T. Kinney, our senior Honorary State Regent.

Another guest of honor present was one of our Real Daughters, Mrs. Angelina Loring Avery, of Willimantic, Connecticut, and the youngest Real Daughter in America. She is nearly eighty-four years of age. She was escorted to the platform where all could see her, and later in the day took part in the reception, even remaining for the banquet in the evening, so as "not to miss anything."

A recess was taken for luncheon, which was served in four churches. The afternoon session opened with an organ prelude by Mrs. Robert K. Anderson. Miss Katharine A. Nettleton, Vice State Regent, spoke on the Ellsworth Homestead. She stated that $10,000 had been paid on the endowment fund. Miss Hermine Schwed, Field Secretary of the National Association for Constitutional Government, gave an interesting talk on Parlor Socialism. Miss Annie Beecher Scoville, granddaughter of the late Henry Ward Beecher, was the last speaker. She asked for stories for the public schools, stories of real happenings in the lives of patriots, everyday events which may so easily be lost to future generations.

On motion, a vote of thanks was given to the hostess chapter, the musicians and speakers. We then adjourned to the Recreation Centre building, South Manchester, where delicious tea, sandwiches and cakes were served.

In Cheney Hall, South Manchester, a banquet was given in honor of the President General and the National Officers. A delightful feature of the evening was the musical program given by Mrs. Laura W. Ross, violin, Mrs. Katherine H. Howard, 'cello, Mrs. Carolyn N.
Green, piano, and Miss Ada Porter, contralto. Speeches followed the dinner, and at a late hour the Daughters went their several ways, being of one mind, that the meeting had been a great occasion and Orford Parish Chapter a perfect hostess.

Anna M. G. Stevens,
State Recording Secretary.

Vermont

The Twenty-third Annual State Conference of the Vermont Daughters of the American Revolution met at Rutland, October 12th, the guest of Ann Story Chapter. There were 216 delegates present when the convention opened at Trinity Parish House at nine o'clock in the morning. Mrs. H. A. Harman, Regent of the local chapter, welcomed the visitors, following the invocation by the State Chaplain, Mrs. A. B. Engrem and the singing of America. Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook, Vice President General from Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Lyman E. Holden, Vice President General from Vermont, brought greetings from the National Society. Greetings were also heard from the Vermont Society of Colonial Dames and the Vermont Daughters of 1812. The remainder of the morning was devoted to the reading of reports.

The afternoon program began at two o'clock, opening with the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner," by six boys of the Trinity Church choir in charge of Harry Elmendorff. Greetings from visiting State Regents, Mrs. Shumway and Mrs. Nash were heard.

Officers elected were: Regent, Mrs. H. L. Farnham of Montpelier; Vice Regent, Mrs. W. F. Root of Brattleboro; Chaplain, Miss Jennie A. Valentine of Bennington; Recording Secretary, Mrs. D. A. Loomis of Burlington; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Ralph Putnam of Waterbury; Treasurer, Mrs. R. W. McCuen of Vergennes; Auditor, Mrs. Esther L. Edwards of Poultney; Historian, Mrs. A. G. Coolidge of Rutland and Librarian, Miss Abbie Clark of Randolph.

Reports and announcements were heard during the latter part of the afternoon. The business meeting was followed by an informal reception and tea given by Ann Story Chapter to the Vermont Daughters and their guests, in the parlors of the Trinity Parish House.

Mrs. John H. Stewart, State Regent, and all other state officers were present at the conference. Distinguished guests from out of the state, who were present, included: Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook of Pennsylvania, Vice President General, and State Regents, Mrs. Charles White Nash of New York, and Mrs. Franklin T. Shumway of Massachusetts.

The convention closed with a banquet at the Bardwell hotel in the evening.

(Mrs. A. G.) Rose M. L. Coolidge,
State Historian.

Christmas is almost here
Why Not Give The Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine to your Friends?
Belleville Chapter (Belleville, Ill.). Our work for the year 1921-1922 began on October 3, 1921, Mesdames Elmer, Kunze, and Boggs were the hostesses. The topic of the day was "Contemporary Books." After our business meeting we enjoyed a social hour during which time our hostesses served a delightful lunch. On November 5th, Mesdames C. B. Harrison, F. E. Merrills, and Miss Virginia Merrills were hostesses. The guests of honor were Mrs. John Trigg Moss and Mrs. H. Eugene Chubbuck. The former spoke on "Conservation and Thrift" and the latter on "Americanization." There were officers and guests from St. Louis, East St. Louis and Anna Chapters of the D.A.R.

On October 30th, the celebrated Sixth Regiment, United States Infantry, passed through our city. The soldiers announced themselves well pleased with the hospitality shown them by our Chapter. November 11th, marked the unveiling of a bronze tablet installed in the Carnegie Library, in honor of the boys of Belleville and St. Clair Townships who made the supreme sacrifice in the World War. Our Chapter generously worked for and donated this tablet. The ceremonies connected with the unveiling were beautiful.

Armistice Day was observed by our Chapter. In the afternoon there was a parade by the American Legion, which included all the patriotic societies in Belleville. Our Chapter decorated a float named "The Spirit of '76."

Our regular monthly business meeting was held on December 5th. Mesdames Portuondo, Friedli, and Sinclair and Miss Olive Thomas were the hostesses. The immigration question was ably discussed by Miss Virginia Merrills. After the completion of the program we had our customary luncheon.

On January 9, 1922, Mesdames Rogers, Schneidewind and Thompson entertained our Chapter. The "Condition of German Currency" was the subject of a splendid paper by Miss Lienesch. February 6, 1922, was our sixth meeting of the year. A paper on the "Return of the Railroads to Private Ownership" was read.

We are busily engaged in marking the graves of the soldiers of the American Revolution in St. Clair County.

This is about all we have achieved so far this year, but we are a young society, small and energetic, and we are pushing on toward better things.

MRS. F. E. MERRILLS,
Historian.

Standing Stone Chapter (Huntingdon, Pa.) was organized April 17, 1920, at the home of Mrs. Edward M. Greene, Organizing Regent, twenty-two members being present. Standing Stone was selected as the Chapter name, in honor of the Indian Trading-Post and Council ground of the supposed Oneida Indians. According to John Harris, in 1754, on the main trail from the East to the Ohio River, stood a shaft fourteen feet high by six inches square, just west of where Standing Stone Creek enters the Juniata River. The shaft could be seen up and down the river. It is not known whether erected for a guide post for travelers, or for records of the tribe, or for a marker to some of the braves. A piece of the stone, bearing Indian hieroglyphics, is now in the Juniata College Library Museum.

As early as 1758 the whites had erected a partial stockade fort, but had to later abandon it. In 1777, however, a strong fort stood on the site of Standing Stone, and the whites for miles around, fled to this fort for safety during Indian raids.

Standing Stone Chapter meetings are held in the homes of the members on the third Friday of each month from October to June, inclusive. We have held twenty-one meetings and have thirty-nine members, with eleven applications pending.

In programs we observed Flag Day, Columbus Day, Armistice Day, Christmas, Washington's and Lincoln's Birthdays.

Standing Stone Chapter gave prizes of $10 and $5, respectively, to high school pupils for
first and second best essays on “Americanization.” These essays were read by the pupils at our meeting.

We have distributed in our public schools one hundred America's Creeds. We gave a generous contribution of groceries and money to our local J. C. Blair Memorial Hospital on Donation Day, contributed to Industrial School in Tomasssee, to Russian Relief, Devastated France, and Near-East Relief; subscribed our quota to the Manual, Tilloloy, Fountain, and War Painting. We also gave an historical book to the D.A.R. Library in Washington, D. C.

The Chapter has been represented by delegates at State Convention and National Congress since organization.

Mr. J. W. Kauffman, a veteran of the Civil War, presented Standing Stone Chapter with a gavel made of wood from the Gettysburg battlefield. About thirty-two members and friends of the Chapter made a pilgrimage May 25, 1922, to Fort Shirley (the oldest fort in our County, erected in 1755), and along the old trail through Black Log and Shade Mountains.

Standing Stone has a great work before it in marking historical places, there being in the County about eight fort sites (only one—Standing Stone—being marked), as well as Indian trails, also public roads which were surveyed before the Revolution, while a number of Revolutionary soldiers' graves remain unmarked.

At our Annual Meeting held in May, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Regent, Mrs. Edward M. Greene; Vice-Regent, Mrs. W. H. Sears; Recording Secretary, Mrs. I. Harvey Brumbaugh; Corresponding Secretary, Miss Allison Orbison; Treasurer, Mrs. C. H. Miller; Registrar, Mrs. Martha Corbin; Historian, Mrs. John Hicks.

(MRS. JOHN) LOTTIE M. R. HICKS, Historian.

William Pitt Chapter (Chatham, Va.) was organized January 29, 1911, with twelve members; today we have thirty members.

On October 25, 1915, the Chapter placed a bronze tablet on the wall of the Court House to commemorate the three separate county seats of Pittsylvania County.

We have encouraged the study of history by offering prizes and have made a number of gifts to the Chatham High School. Through the efforts of the Daughters many national holidays have been observed in our county by patriotic and historical programs and many children have been taught the American's Creed.

Our meetings are held once a month, and we have found the ritual prepared by our Regent very helpful.

An Historical Day Celebration was held in Chatham in June, 1919, at which were present the State Regent, Doctor Barrett, and the two neighboring chapters, Dorothea Henry, of Danville, and Patrick Henry, of Mortonville. Dorothea Henry and Patrick Henry Chapters represent sections which were once a part of Pittsylvania County. At this celebration the Student Loan Fund of Virginia was inaugurated by our State Regent, Doctor Barrett, and was later established at the State Conference held at Alexandria. We expect the Loan Fund to be one of the far-reaching and important activities of our Virginia Daughters and are already assisting five young women to finish their college courses. Our Regent, Mrs. James S. Jones, of "Ellerslie," is State Chairman of this committee.

William Pitt Chapter was instrumental in having returned to Pittsylvania County her own flag, probably the only known county flag in existence, which had been preserved in the State Library. When first discovered the flag was in tatters, but has since been most carefully repaired. The design is done in oils on white taffeta. In the centre is a blue circular field surrounded by a chaplet of oak leaves tied with blue ribbon. On the blue field is painted "American Independence," on the ribbon streamers the 2nd Battalion, 42nd Regiment, Pittsylvania. Above the centre is a bronze eagle with spread wings, and scattered over the surface of the flag are eighteen stars, representing, we suppose, the number of States in the Union.

During the World War our members were active in relief work, one of our number, Miss Anna Titus, serving in France with the Y.W.C.A.

The Red Cross was organized in our section largely through the efforts of the William Pitt Chapter.

Our Honorary Regent, Mrs. T. S. Watkins, who also organized our Chapter, was Vice-Chairman of Red Cross work in Pittsylvania County, and throughout the War proved a tireless worker. There were 38 auxiliary chapters throughout this large county and all work done by them passed through the Chatham Chapter. Mrs. Watkins kept the books of all work that came in and went out of the Chatham Chapter, and the standard of this work was judged excellent by the Washington authorities. Mrs. Watkins and another of our members, Mrs. Robert Owen, received decorations for their excellent records in Red Cross Work. Our Regent, Mrs. Jones, organized four auxiliaries in this county.
Our Daughters were active in aiding the government in selling securities and in all relief drives. Mrs. Owen and Mrs. Thomas J. Coles were chairmen of such drives. This is quite a distinction because Pittsylvania covers an unusually large territory. Since the War we have contributed liberally to the devastated regions of Europe and the Near East.

Armistice Day, 1921, was celebrated in Chatham. A patriotic parade followed by speeches and singing on the Court Green. In the parade marched the students from the Chatham Training School for Boys, Chatham Episcopal Institute for Girls, Chatham High School and Grammar School, the members of the American Legion, and the National Guard. Interspersed throughout the line of parade were beautifully decorated floats representing different organizations.

We are deeply interested in both State and National D.A.R. affairs, and feel the importance of preserving the spirit of the founders of our nation, and transmitting it to future generations.

(MRS.) A. ELIZABETH WAGER-SMITH, Historian.

Quaker City Chapter (Philadelphia, Pa.). The Chapter during the past year has exceeded all previous records, in increase of membership and multiplicity of activities. Every request from the national and the state officers has been complied with as follows: The Boy Scouts; the Girl Scouts; the George Meade Post; the General Muhlenburg C.A.R.; Fair and Square Club; boxes of clothing to North Carolina Mountain School; Caroline Scott Harrison Dormitory, International College at Springfield, Mass.; Valley Forge Historical Building; Pennsylvania Room in Administration Building, Washington; National Old Trails Committee; Miss Anita Conté's work among Italian women and girls; Germantown Americanization Society; and other objects of less importance.

The Historian's papers: History and Making of the Constitution; The Five Intolerable Acts Preceding the Revolutionary War; Hajm Soloman, Jewish Patriot of the Revolution; Benjamin Franklin, Patriot and Statesman; Historic Bells; Philadelphia Women of the Revolutionary Period.

Protests have been made against destroying historic buildings and streets, and unmarked historic sites located. The Chapter increases in interest and in activities constantly, and the Regent and Board of the last four years have made wondrous progress. In leaving the Chapter in the hands of the new Regent and her Board, the retiring officers may honestly congratulate them on having so substantial a foundation for future work.

(MRS.) N. E. CLEMENT, Historian.

Chickamauga Chapter (Chattanooga, Tenn.). Chattanooga has three wide awake D.A.R. Chapters. Chickamauga, organized in 1894, being the oldest and largest, is known locally among the Daughters as the "Mother Chapter." Chickamauga has always responded to every call for service and during the past year has broken more than one of its own records. We have 125 members: 110 resident, and 15 non-resident, and two life members. There is a waiting list we hope to convert into a new chapter. Following a time-honored custom all our chapters have a limited resident membership, as we have found this a means of enlisting more active workers, and we combine our work with a social hour in the homes of the members each month, when work can be discussed and planned informally.

We had nine regular and two called meetings. Our State Regent, Miss Temple, paid us a greatly appreciated visit, when she reported her trip to our D.A.R. mountain school at Devil's Fork, and outlined national and state work for our guidance.

At the regular meetings the literary and historical programs were instructive and interesting and there was an average attendance of 45, the largest average in the history of the Chapter.

Educational work was the leading work of the year and the Chapter responded 100 per cent. to every National and State call, beside doing some local work. Beginning with the call from our State Regent, October 16, 1920, to put on a Tag Day for Lincoln Memorial University, at Harrogate, Tennessee, Chickamauga Chapter sent to National and State work: $1500 to D.A.R. Hall, L.M.U. Tag Day contributions, November, 1920; $100 to L.M.U. Scholarship for Miss Ida Hilton, January, 1921; $2811.14 to D.A.R. Hall, L.M.U. Talent Campaign, July-August, 1921; $100 to L.M.U. Scholarship for Katherine Miles, September, 1921; $4511.14 to Lincoln Memorial University in ten months; $90 to University of Tennessee, Mrs. Mildred Mathes Chair of History; $18 to D.A.R. School at Devil's Fork; $12 to State Conference; $120 dues National Society; $5 new members' dues; $30.50 pro rata to Immigrants' Guide; $30.50 pro rata to Pilgrim Mother's Fountain; $25 to Caroline Scott Harrison Living Memorial, Oxford College, given through the Chapter by the Regent,
as a memorial to her grandmother, Mrs. Laura Beardsley Christie, who was a Real Daughter; $72 to Dorland Bell School, September, 1920, to May, 1921, Scholarship for Katherine Miles. (The two scholarships for this young girl were paid in the one year.) $4932.64 to state and national work. This amount does not include any of our local work, which would run our expenditures well over $5000 for D.A.R. work.

The Chapter placed in the Genealogical and Historical Room at the Chattanooga Public Library 20 Lineage Books, and in April joined the two other local chapters in buying the two Lineage Books on sale at Continental Congress to add to the collection, so that there is a complete set of Lineage Books in our Public Library. Chickamauga also gave the Reading Room the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine for the year.

Thirty-seven Soldiers' Records were furnished Mrs. Halli Burton for the State War Records presented to the National Society in April.

The Magazine Committee secured ten new subscribers to the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

A Special Committee from the three chapters asked the Mayor and City Commissioners for a twelve months' salary for our public school teachers. This work will be followed up.

The Brainerd committee had the name of the boulevard leading to the site of this old Indian mission changed from Bird's Mill Road to Brainerd Road. (The County Court made this change of name at request of members of the committee.) Two road signs reading: "Brainerd Road, marked by Chickamauga Chapter, 1921," have been placed on the road and other work is planned to mark this site.

The Chapter sent flowers and attended the Loyalty Day services in memory of the soldiers lost in the World War and also Decoration Day. We were represented in parade at state meeting of American Legion. On invitation of local authorities members took part in local clean-up week.

February 22nd the three chapters united in celebrating Washington's Birthday. The celebration took the form of a reception, luncheon and historical pageant at the Hotel Patten. Officers of the Chapters and Mrs. Yearwood, State Secretary, an honor guest, formed the receiving line.

The Chapter had a full representation at both state and national meetings. At the May meeting complete reports were made of Continental Congress proceedings and all officers of the Chapter were unanimously reelected.

In response to a call the last of June from our State Regent for East Tennessee to make up a deficit of $9000 on D.A.R. Hall, at Lincoln Memorial University, there was a called meeting of the three chapters. It was decided to inaugurate a Talent Campaign, in order to raise money, and every Chapter and every Daughter was asked to give, make or get money in any way she could. This led to all sorts of work being done and to two social events in our Chapter. The first was a large card party, sponsored by Mrs. Harris and Mrs. Hunt, at the Golf and Country Club, at which $88 was cleared. The larger social event given by the entire Chapter was a Midsummer Merry-making lawn party on the evening of July 21st, at the ideal country home of one of our members, Mrs. Walter Cummings; Mrs. C. C. Nottingham, Chairman. Daughters and their friends contributed in every way imaginable to the success: each one volunteering to do work in her special line. They made salad, baked hams and contributed money to the barbecue supper; made candy and all sorts of fancy work for the bazaar booths on the terraces; presented clever vaudeville entertainment. The grounds were artistically lighted and the six hundred guests pronounced it the most beautiful al fresco affair ever given in Chattanooga. It would be impossible in a short report to do justice to each one who helped the Chapter to clear $1800 at this party. In addition, every member was given an opportunity to make a contribution of money, and these contributions ranged from $1 to $100, making a total of $974 to add to our fund, bringing the total amount raised by Chickamauga Chapter in the Talent Campaign to $2811.14.

(Mrs. John H.) Louie Christie Cantrell, Regent.
and her small, calm, brown face looked very sweet under her beaded bandeau.

Our first objective point was one of the buildings of old Fort Howard. The house was built in the early twenties and is still in excellent condition. In view of there being six markers, which in the opinion of the committee should be placed immediately, we had decided to use temporarily tablets of wood painted white with lettering and frame of the D.A.R. blue. These were mounted on stout posts, each bearing its appropriate inscription.

A short initiative talk was given at the hospital building of Fort Howard by Mrs. Branson, our Regent, followed by brief historical data given by Mrs. Blesch and others for the benefit of onlookers not posted in local history.

On this first tablet was inscribed:

Hospital of old Fort Howard — 1816
This Building formerly stood
with the
Surgeon’s Quarters and the Powder Magazine
On the River outside the Stockade

This mode of procedure was followed at all the sites visited.

On the land bordering the west shore of Fox River and south of the Walnut Street Bridge stood in the eighteenth century and possibly much earlier a large Menominee village, and to the south, now occupied by the extensive plant of the Northern Engineering Works, lay the burial ground of the tribe. While excavation for this building was being made, a skeleton was unearthed and many relics, beads, bones and silver trinkets were found, conclusively proving that at an early day the place was constantly used for burial purposes.

To mark this historic site two tablets were placed, one on the N. W. Engineering Works, the other descriptive of the village on the Overland automobile building. This last marked:

OLD KING’S VILLAGE
On this tract of land
Running south about three blocks
In the eighteenth century
Was the Menominee village of the old King
Cha-ka-cha-kama
Grandfather of Chiefs
Tomah and Oshikosh
Near this Indian Encampment, Tomah,
A noted Chief of the Menominees
representing his aged grandfather
Went forth to meet and confer
With the Officers of the United States Army
on the first landing of
American Troops
August 7th 1816.
Erected by Jean Nicolet Chapter
Daughters of the American Revolution
August 3, 1921

Crossing the river to the east side our company stopped at the corner of Adams and Chicago streets to place a marker on the site of the building occupied in later fur-trading days by the Astor Company, and in 1835, by the first bank of Wisconsin.

The text ran:

On this site stood the First Bank West of Lake Michigan. This building was erected by the American Fur Company And was part of the John Jacob Astor Trading House and Office.

On the lovely road that borders the river to De Pere on the east side, the west side road being still in course of construction and not open to vehicles, the gay pilgrims journeyed undaunted by heat and dust.

The long bridge was crossed at De Pere, and driving north about two miles on the De Pere road, we turned toward the river and placed a tablet on the spot designated by Mrs. Tetro as the home of Ashwaubemie and Wabenuqua.

A large marker was erected on the roadside on the same tract of land bearing the legend:

Ashwaubemie (Side Looks)
Wabenuqua (Morning Star)
On this tract of land 440 yards east stood in 1790, the home of Ashwaubemie a celebrated Ottawa chief and his wife Wabenuqua, whom he rescued from the Chippewas. Ahkeeneebeway (Standing Earth) Chief of the Menominees was the father of Wabenuqua. Here they lived for many years and here is their burial place.

(MISS) SARAH MARTIN, Historian.

Tennent Chapter (Asbury Park, N. J.). In the great message of the President General, published in the April number of the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE, we are told that work and service, not social pleasure or prestige, are the fundamental principles of our Society. Tennent Chapter during the past year has been learning this message of work and service.

Our work has been educational, commemorative and memorial. We have been contributors to the school at Crossnore, N. C.; to the International School of Springfield, Mass.; the Guernsey Scholarship; the National Reform Association and the Pilgrim Fountain Fund. It was the pleasure of the Chapter to offer a prize to the night-school at Long Branch, N. J., for the best essay on Americanization. Our work has reached out and crossed the sea. As has been the habit of the Chapter for a few years past, we have remembered the orphaned boy in France, who at times writes so gratefully to his god-mothers in Tennent Chapter. We have sent our contribution to the unfortunate people of the Near East. In many
other ways as objects and causes have presented themselves, we have been messengers of instruction and comfort.

As our most far-reaching educational work, I would mention our contributing our full quota to the fund for the introduction of the "Manual for the Information of Immigrants," thus helping to prepare for American citizenship such of foreign birth as to enter the gates of the United States and abide permanently among us. We also donated copies of the Manual for a local Italian class.

As our memorial work we have contributed toward the erection of a most beautiful monument standing within the enclosure of the cemetery of Old Tennent Church at Tennent, N. J., a memorial to the brave young men who went from the county of Monmouth to enter the service of the United States during the World War and who came not back to their native land, but whose bodies rest somewhere over the sea.

As an act of special memorial work, an impressive service was held on Armistice Day. It was the marking of the grave of a soldier of the American Revolution. The Chapter, its friends and many of the descendants of the dead soldier assembled at Point Pleasant, N. J., to honor the memory of John Chamberlain. For five years this man wore the buff and blue of the Continental army. He shared the fortunes and privations of that army and there is at Washington a fine military record of his services. On the same day, at the same hour in which Tennent Chapter conducted this service, the nation's Unknown Soldier was buried at Arlington. There was a marked difference in the setting of these two ceremonies. One was in a great national cemetery with much military music and crowds of people and ceremony around a great tomb. The other, a little country graveyard where tall trees shed their dying leaves and sighed softly over a low grave. One grave covered youth, the other a man who had lived for more than a century, yet the pale face of freedom. He was taken prisoner at Hanging Rock, S. C.

A second enlistment under Captain Weaver was from February until May, 1781. The simple exercises in the Cemetery at Leesburg were in charge of Mrs. Henry W. Petty, Chapter Regent, with invocation and benediction by Rev. Mr. Craighill, Rector of St. James Episcopal Church, Leesburg. Mrs. Joseph Berry, Chairman of Historic Spots, gave a brief account of the lives of the Real Daughters and of their father's service, in the cause of freedom.

The descendants of William McClanahan attending the unveiling were Mrs. William Stuart, Edwin Stuart, Miss Mary Dove, Mrs. J. L. Morris, Mrs. Henry Goucher, and her little granddaughter.

**Carantouan Chapter** (Waverly, N. Y.) makes its bow to its sister chapters, since it has just celebrated its first birthday. On September 20, 1921, the Organization meeting was held at the home of the Organizing Regent, Mrs. Frank Wells Merriam. The Organization ceremony was conducted by Mrs. Charles White Nash, State Regent of New York, and the presentation of the gavel was made by Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook, Vice President General from Pennsylvania.

There were 54 organizing members in the new Chapter, having brought their transfer
papers from the sister Chapter, Tioga Point, from just across the State line in Pennsylvania. During the year 14 new members have been added, making a total membership for the Chapter, at the close of its first year, of 68. There have been seven regular meetings during the year, with an average attendance of 31.

On March 22nd, in place of the regular meeting, it took the form of a banquet, which was held at one of the local churches and to which members could invite their friends. After the banquet, there was a program of music, and delightful readings of the Dorothy Dix negro dialect stories by Mrs. Walter R. Shafer. The serious side of the program was an address by Miss Katherine Darren, of New York, upon present-day Current Topics, with special reference to the Genoa Conference, at that time but recently past.

The celebration of the first birthday of Carantouan Chapter took place at Waverly's delightful tea house, "The Iron Kettle in the Pines." Luncheon was served to the members of the Chapter and their guests. After a very brief business session, the program included brief remarks from visiting Regents of sister chapters, who brought greetings and congratulations from their chapters, and each one spoke of the size and potential strength of the "one-year-old infant."

Before the presentation of the Chapter charter, a brief history was read of the notable charters of history and how the custom has developed since the Magna Charta was presented in the 13th century. The charter was then unveiled by Miss Maurice, Regent of the Mother Chapter, Tioga Point, and presented to Carantouan Chapter by the State Regent, Mrs. Charles White Nash. It was received in behalf of the Chapter by the Regent, Mrs. Merriam, who responded with sincere feeling and graciousness. Mrs. Nash then gave a splendid address along patriotic lines; she spoke of the work accomplished in the State organization during the past year, of the increasing demand for the Manual for Immigrants; and was most enthusiastic in speaking of the cottage which the New York State organization is building to be used as a dormitory for the industrial school for girls at Tomasee, N. C. The cottage is the first to be built by any State and is to be dedicated on November 18, 1922. In closing, she spoke of the new powers recently bestowed upon woman, with the vote, and of the frequent appeals being made through organizations and otherwise for their endorsement of new legislation. She appealed to those present as members of the largest patriotic organization in this country, to study all such new legislation carefully and be sure they do not endorse any laws which would tend to undo that for which our forefathers fought, bled and died.

Alice Parsons Fish,
Assistant Historian.

FORM OF BEQUEST

Where one desires to leave both real and personal property to the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution any one of the following forms can be used:

"I hereby give, devise and bequeath, absolutely and in fee simple, to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, having its headquarters at Washington, in the District of Columbia, the sum of (_____), to be used and expended for the objects and purposes for which said National Society was incorporated."

In case a devise of real estate only is desired to be given.

"I give and devise, absolutely and in fee simple, to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, having its headquarters at Washington, in the District of Columbia, (here describe the real estate intended to be devised), to be used and expended for the objects and purposes for which the said National Society was incorporated."
RUST

Burke, in his works on Heraldry, says: "Rous (Edmerstone County, Devon, and Halton County, Cornwall), descended through the marriage of William Le Rous, son of Sir Robert Le Rous, Knight Banneret under the Black Prince, with Alice, daughter and heir of Thomas Edmerstone, of Edmerstone, from Radulphus Le Rufus, a Norman Knight in the army of William of Normandy; of this family was Francis Rous, M.P. for Devonshire, Speaker of the Short Parliament and one of Cromwell's Lords."

Rust is the same as Rous, Russe and Raste, and is probably a name descriptive of complexion or personal appearance, perhaps derived from the ruddy or russet appearance of the skin, which exposure to the weather gives to the healthful, sturdy farmer, soldier or seaman.

The name Rust is found in the ancient archives of England, whence the American Rouses came early in 1600. Mention is made of one Hugh Rust, 1312, and in 1379 the names of Thomas and Robert Rust are found.

George Rust, a native of Cambridge, England, B.A., M.A., and B.D., in Christ College, Cambridge, 1658, was raised to the Bishopric of Dromore, where he died 1670, and was interred in the choir of the Cathedral in the same vault with his friend Jeremiah Taylor.

Henry, the progenitor of the family in America, came from Hingham, Norfolk County, England, 1633-1635, and settled at Hingham, Massachusetts. There is no record of the name of his wife or the place of his marriage, but the names of his six children are on record.

This family has intermarried with Clarks, Norths, Warners, Bartletts, etc.

DRUMMOND

This family is of lineal descent from the ancient Scotch family, the first of whom took the name of Drummond being Maurice, son of George, a younger son of Andreas, King of Hungary, which Maurice, left England and meeting with a violent storm at sea, he was forced to put into the River Forth and landed at Queen's Ferry, Scotland.

Malcolm III, King of Scotland, bestowed upon Maurice Drummond great wealth and honor, and especially a large estate in County of Lennox and the stewardship thereof.

John Drummond, the seventh Steward of Lennox, lost his lands and retired to Perthshire, where he married Mary, the daughter of Sir William de Monterex, Lord High Treasurer of Scotland, and their daughter, Annabel, was the Queen of Robert III and mother of James I of Scotland. Through the succeeding generations the Drummonds bore the highest civil and military offices and intermarried with the nobility.

"The Peerage of Scotland," published in 1767, a rare old book, gives the complete Drummond excurses. The Drummonds who came to Virginia were originally from Perth. When their ancestors left their native heath, outlawed and numbered among the attainded peers, their estates forfeited because of their adherence to King James II, in the Revolution of 1688, the younger branches fled to England and France and some to America.

The first to become identified with the Virginia Cavaliers was William Drummond, who had a grant of land in James City County.

James Drummond, another descendant of the Drummond of Perth, immigrated to Virginia and settled in Farquhar County and served both in the Colonial and Revolutionary Wars.
For general references on this period see Sparks: Expansion of the American People, 88–104, 118–150; Austin: Steps in the Expansion of Our Territory, 127–149; or Channing: United States, vol. v, ch. ii.

I. THE OCCUPATION OF THE OLD NORTHWEST.

For a general account see Turner, Rise of the New West, 66–90.

Ohio was settled from four centres, drawing from different sections of the coast region: the Ohio Company (New Englanders) around Marietta; the Virginia Military Reserve and the Symmes Purchase (Middle States) in the South; and the Connecticut Reserve in the North. The latter did not reach its full development until western New York had been occupied and the second generation was ready to move further on.


McMaster: History of the People of the United States, ii, 144–156.

In Indiana Harrison’s treaties with the Indians and Tecumseh’s opposition to them helped to bring about the War of 1812.


The War of 1812 and the commercial depression on the coast helped to populate Illinois, at first largely from the South. Michigan was underestimated and neglected until the country south of the Lakes had been settled.

McMaster: iii, 469–470; for a full and picturesque account see Hulbert, A. B.: The Cumberland Road.

The introduction of steam navigation on the Ohio and Mississippi helped greatly to bring in settlers and bring out their produce.


For more detail, see Hulbert, A. B.: Great American Canals, v, ii.

II. COTTON CULTURE AND THE SOUTHWEST.

The incentive to the westward movement in the South was the demand for cotton and the need of new land for its extensive cultivation. The Creek War opened new areas in Alabama, and cotton culture by slave labor spread rapidly from the exhausted soils of the coast to the Mississippi.

Turner: Rise of the New West, 90–95.


III. MISSOURI AND THE TRANS-MISSISSIPPI.

Meantime the fur trade, the lead mines, and the fertile soil had drawn a large population, mostly from the South, into the lower Missouri valley.

Slavery spread into Missouri because of early conditions of French and Indian slavery, the character of its immigration, and a climate favorable to slave agriculture. Her claim for admission in 1820 brought on the first sectional clash over slavery extension.

Turner: Rise of the New West, ch. x.


IV. TRANSPORTATION AND SETTLEMENT.

For general descriptions see Channing: United States, v, ch. i; Sparks: ch. xxi–xxiii; or Babcock: ch. xv.

The Cumberland Road was built in answer to the demand for a route over the mountains to the Ohio country and beyond.

McMaster: iii, 469–470; for a full and picturesque account see Hulbert, A. B.: The Cumberland Road.

The Erie Canal (1817–1825) built up western New York and brought its commerce to New York City, checking the trend towards Montreal. With the building of the Ohio canals and the opening of lake navigation after 1840 it became an outlet for the crops of the Northwest.

McMaster: iii, 415–418; iv, 131–137.

For more detail, see Hulbert, A. B.: Great American Canals, v, ii.

V. THE FRONTIER SPIRIT.

"That coarseness and strength, combined with acuteness and acquisitiveness; that practical, inventive turn of mind, quick to find expedients; that masterful grasp of material things, lacking in the artistic, but powerful to effect great ends; that restless nervous energy; that dominant individualism."

Turner: Rise of the New West, 105–110;

Frontier in American History, 261–280.

GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

To Contributors—Please observe carefully the following rules:
1. Names and dates must be clearly written or typewritten. Do not use pencil.
2. All queries must be short and to the point.
3. All queries and answers must be signed and sender's address given.
4. In answering queries give date of magazine and number and signature of query.
5. Only answers containing proof are requested. Unverified family traditions will not be published.

All letters to be forwarded to contributors must be unsealed and sent in blank, stamped envelopes accompanied by the number of the query and its signature. The right is reserved to print information contained in the communication to be forwarded.

EDITH ROBERTS RAMSBURGH
GENEALOGICAL EDITOR
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

ANSWERS


9981. BRISTOW-ELKINS.—James Bristow came to Ky. 1789, he was a Rev sol of Capt. Ashe's Co. N. C. troops. His f James was from Middlesex Co., but prior to moving to Ky. they had moved to Buckingham Co., Va., where James, Jr., was b. James Bristow, Sr., had bro Benjamin who was killed at the Battle of Brandywine in the Rev.—Mary Emma Dunn, Owensboro, Ky.

10257. BARKER-FRISTOE.—Edmond Martin b in Va. m for his 2nd w Susannah (Fristoe) Dulin. He d in Millersburg or Maysville, Ky., Nov. 28, 1811, aged 66. Susannah his w d July 18, 1821, aged 62. They were m March 10, 1788. Susannah Fristoe was dau of Daniel Fristoe, who d Nov. 3, 1774, in Phila., aged 35. He m Mary Barker. Children one s Thomas, b Nov. 17, 1767, d April 23, 1815, who might be the f of your Capt. Thos. Fristoe; Susannah, b June 29, 1760, m Edmond Martin; Lydia, b Nov. 17, 1761; Mary, b May 22, 1765; Ann, b June 13, 1772; m Wm. Grinstead; Katherine, b June 9, 1774, m Rhoden Hood.—Mrs. Arthur H. Sproat, 1307 E. 9th St., Pueblo, Colo.

10340. PROTZMANN.—One Protzmann family who owned Ky. property was that of Lawrence and John Protzmann, the latter Wash. Co., Md. In April 1814 Michael McKiernan, son-in-law, and Catherine Protzmann, John and Henry Protzmann, heirs of John Protzmann, deceased, deeded their remaining interest in the lands on which Paris, Ky., stands to the town trustees. Hope this may be of assistance.—Mrs. W. N. Whitley, 525 Vine St., Paris, Ky.

10371. RODER.—Thomas Roder, of Rockingham Co., Va., m Elizabeth Miller; he was the s of David and Ruth Henton Roder. David's f Odiam Roder was the first settler in the Shenandoah Valley of this name, probably b in Pa. Wayland's History of Rockingham Co. gives some information about the Roders and Roder's Church. Would be pleased to correspond with you.—A. H. Yoder, University of North Dakota.

10408. GANNAWAY.—Gregory Gannaway who was in the Rev m Sept. 22, 1779, Rhoda Robertson. He d Aug. 24, 1804. Rhoda d St. Charles Co., Mo., Oct. 12, 1852, aged 92 yrs. Their ch Robertson b July 7, 1780; Jeffrey b Oct. 31, 1781; Polly, Aug. 12, 1784; Sally b March 8, 1786; Caty b May 15, 1788; John b Nov. 15, 1789; Judith b Sept. 16, 1791; Norvelle b May 3, 1793; Edmond b Jan. 9, 1795; Wm. b Oct.
31, 1796; Pamela b Aug. 3, 1798; Thomas b June 18, 1800; Patsie b Mar. 20, 1802. A Wm. Gannaway b Sept. 17, 1812, d Sept., 1867, m Feb. 16, 1841, Martha E. Berry. Their s Wm. was b in Ky. but went to Mo. when quite a ch. -Mrs. F. C. Burkey, 520 Hawkins Ave., Han

10430. SHEPHERD.—Tarrant Putnam b Apr. 1, 1780, d Feb. 27, 1837, at Halifax, Vt. Nancy Shepherd b Jan. 30, 1795, d Apr. 16, 1859, at Bennington, Vt. These dates are from their stones in the cemetery at old Bennington. Their dau Nancy Maria, 1826-1901, m Tarrant Sibley, 1818-1895. Mary Putnam, another dau, m Addison Fowler, and Harriet Putnam m Hart

10495. POND.—The “Genealogy of Samuel Pond and His Descendants,” by D. S. Pond, can be gotten at the Goodspeed Book Shop, Boston, Mass., price $5. Bartholomew was the 3rd son of Philip Pond and Thankful Frisbie. He m Lucy Curtis and d in Camden, N. Y., aged 73. His widow Lucy Pond d Mar. 1, 1882, aged 84. The Adjutant General’s Military Dept. State of Conn, at Hartford gives the following State Records Bartholomew Pond b Branford, Conn., 1736, d Camden, Oneida Co., N. Y., 1810. “In addition to his ser in Capt. David Smith’s Co., the records state he was a member of Capt. Curtis Co. from Waterbury, July 4, 1776; Lieut. in Mil between Apr. 3 and Nov. 1, 1779; Lieut. of 1st Co. of train band of Northbury, town of Waterbury, May, 1769. He served in Campaign of 1755 and 1757, French and Indian Wars. Captain Lewis, of Southington, and Capt. Preston, Wallingford.” Thus he was a sol in both Colonial and Rev Wars. —Mrs. Wm. H. Ziegler, Livingston, Ala.

10496. CURTISS.—For parentage of Jeremiah Curtiss write C. W. Langdon, Southington, Conn, Rev rec of John Curtiss s of the above is as follows: John Curtiss b Southington or Farmington Jan. 20, 1739-40, d Southington, Conn., Mar. 25, 1801, m Dec. 2, 1762, Mary Lewis b 1742, d 1815. Their s Jeremiah b 1770, d 1813, m Rachel Carter, b 1772, d 1858. John Curtiss was an agent for procuring tents during the Rev and was a member of the State Convention of Conn. called to ratify the Federal Constitution. He voted in the affirmative. Timlow’s History of Southington, Conn.—Mrs. D. K. Moore, 25 S. Broad St, Hillsdale, Mich.

10496. CURTIS.—This query is also asked by Mrs. James C. Lewis, 1632 Franklin St., Denver, Colo., who gives the following: Jeremiah Curtis was the s of Zachariah the s of Wm s of Elizabeth, the immigrant. See Curtiss Genealogy by Frederick Haines Curtiss. John Curtiss s of Jeremiah was a deacon from May 19, 1782, to 1801, also held the office of Justice of the Peace for several years.

10542. WEATHERBEE.—Dana Davis, b Dec. 17, 1804, in Templeton, m 1st Mary B. Osborne, May 15, 1834, and 2nd Lavinia Sawtelle, Apr. 15, 1866. Both wives of Mr. Davis were descendent from the immigrant John Weatherbee, who resided in Marlborough and Stowe, Mass., and who m Sept. 16, 1672, Mary Howe. —Mrs. L. H. Johnstone, 1236 S. Broadway, Greenbay, Wis.

10561. SMITH.—Ann Smith, who m Daniel Trigg, was the dau of Guy Smith, Bedford Co., Va. The will of Guy Smith mentions his dau Ann Trigg as 1st devisee; and Daniel Trigg one of the executors. Guy Smith was sheriff of Bedford Co., 1778-1779-1780. He m Ann Hopkins, of Goochland, Va., 1751. He was the s of John Smith bapt June 3, 1701, in Gloucester Co. and his w Ann Bowker, King and Queen Co. John was the s of Reverend Guy Smith an Episcopal minister who came to Va. abt 1700; was rector of Abingdon Parish, Gloucester Co., and d abt 1720.—Miss Maud C. Penn, Monticello, Ga.

10569. WILCOX.—Edward Wilcox, of Westerly, R. I., and Tansom Thompson, of Taunton, Mass., m by Elder Sam’l Danforth May 16, 1698 (R. I. Vital Records, Vol. 6, Westerly, page 69). Their ch: b in Westerly, R. I., Sarah b May 30, 1700; Thomas b Feb. 8, 1702; Hezekiah b Apr. 4, 1704; Elisha b July 9, 1706; Amey b Oct. 18, 1709; Susannah b Apr. 4, 1712. Edward Wilcox, of Westerly, R. I., and Dinah Barber, of S. Kingston, R. I., m by Rouse Helme, Justice of the Peace, June 14, 1716 (R. I. Vital Records, Vol. 6, Westerly, page 69). Their ch b in Westerly, R. I., were Mary b Oct. 14, 1717; Hannah b Oct. 9, 1720; Lydia b Apr. 6, 1725; Susannah b Oct. 4, 1727; Joseph b Aug. 27, 1730. R. I. Vital Records, Vol. 6, page 145.—Mrs. O. L. Bosworth, 625 Hope St., Bristol, R. I.

10574. HARRISON-HERBERT.—Charles Harrison, bro of Benjamin the signer, m Mary Claiborne, whose mother was Mary Herbert. Charles Harrison was Brig. Gen'l in the Rev War; his ch were Chas. killed in duel; Augustine d in infancy; Benjamin and Henry twins, b June 30, 1775; and four daus.—Rev. B. L. Amcell, D.D., Mahan School, Yang Chow, China.

10581. CALDWELL.—Write Mrs. P. B. Collins, 2047 Park Rd., Wash., D. C., who will be able to help with this line.

10594. HUBBARD.—Nathaniel Colburn, of Matick, m Dorcas Jones, of Harvard, and lived in Concord. Their s Nathan m Betty Fuller, of Stowe, and lived in Leominster. This Betty Fuller was Elizabeth dau of Edward and Lucy Hubbard Fuller, whose m intentions were filed Aug. 19, 1745. (See Vital Records Stowe,
Ebenezer Sumner was born at Milton, December 9, 1673, and died December 1715, married November 7, 1662, Mary Baker, daughter of Lovett of Mendon. His father, George Sumner, was baptized at Bicester, England, November 11, 1634, and died December 9, 1712, married at Mendon, January 18, 1706, Abigail, daughter of Joshua Ward, of Mendon. For further reference, see Genealogy of Descendants of Edward Colburn, published by the Worcester Antiquity Society, page 234.

Would like to correspond with L. A. M. Sumner, who was born at Mendon, June 24, 1709, and married to James C. Woolley, Portland, Maine. 

This was father or son provided age appears on the muster rolls of this Company, which would show whether the individual was a private in Capt. Wm. Warner’s Company. The Vital Record of that town contains the information. We have a list of the ch of the three above Stokes men and no Wm. appears in these lists. Thomas Stokes of England was the progenitor of the New Jersey Stokes. He settled in North Hampton Township, Burlington County, New Jersey, and was prominent man of his times and a “Signer of the Concessions.” Thomas Stokes, of Lower Shadwell, married in Westbury Friends Meeting, London, England, October 30th, 1666, Mary Bernard, of Stepney. Members of the Devonshire House Meeting. Sailed for America in the ship Kent and arrived at New Castle June, 1677. They proceeded to Burlington County, New Jersey, and settled on the tract of land containing 162½ acres. He named the location Stockingham. Their ch were Sarah b 1693, m Benjamin Moore; Mary m John Hudson, 1696; John m Elizabeth Green, 1712; Joseph m Judith Lippincott 1st and Ann Haines, widow, 2nd; Thomas m 1704 Deliverance Hornet 1st and Rachel Wright 2nd. The elder Thomas d July 11, 1720. John, s of Thomas and Mary, came with his parents to America in 1677 and m in 1712 Elizabeth Green. He was b 1675 and d Sept. 11, 1749. Their ch were John b May 16, 1713, m Hannah Stockdell, 1740; Mary m Edward Mullen; Elizabeth m Richard Blackham and Sarah m Isaac Rogers. Children of John, Jr., and Hannah Stockdell were Mary, John, David, Jarvis, Hannah, Elizabeth and Rachel. He lived in Haycock Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, and d August 24, 1798. If you write to Elizabeth B. Satterthwaite, 52 N. Stockton Street, Trenton, New Jersey, she may be able to help you.—Mrs. Daisy A. Rich, 311 Westbridge Avenue, Blackwell, Arkansas.

Newton Ransom was born February 21, 1722, from Sarah Jones September 21, 1742. There is a history of the Ransom Family compiled by John Ransom, which traces the line back to 1630. This may be of assistance to you.—Mrs. Wm. S. Van Fossen, 48 Alban Street, Columbus, Ohio.

Wm. Nixon’s father was John and the family probably removed from Virginia to South Carolina during the Revolution. There is an account of the history of this family compiled by John Ransom, which traces the line back to 1630. If you write to Elizabeth B. Satterthwaite, 52 N. Stockton Street, Trenton, New Jersey, she may be able to help you.—Mrs. Daisy A. Rich, 311 Westbridge Avenue, Blackwell, Arkansas.

QUERIES

10751. TOUSLEY.—WANTED NAME AND DATES OF W AND CH OF MATHIE TOUSLEY, REV SOV WHO ENLISTED AT RUPERT, VT.

(a) PORTER-CANFIELD.—WANTED GEN WITH DATA OF ANCESTORS OF DAVID OLMSTEAD PORTER B JULY 4, 1809, D JAN. 1, 1887, AND OF HIS W CAROLINE JANET CANFIELD B JULY 16, 1815, D JAN. 17, 1886. THEY WERE M JAN. 28, 1835, IN NORTH BLOOMFIELD, N. Y.

(b) AVERY.—WANTED NAME AND DATES OF W AND CH OF DANIEL AVERY, REV SOV IN SER OF N. Y. STATE. WANTED ALSO HIS ANCES.—H. R. M.

10752. HOWARD.—WOULD LIKE TO CORRESP WITH SOMEONE WHO IS A DESC OF SAMUEL HOWARD, WHOSE FATHER WAS JAMES OR NATHAN, PASTOR OF THE NEW LIGHT OR BAPTIST CHURCH IN NEW LONDON, CONN., AND ALSO PASTOR OF SAME CHURCH IN EAST LYNN, CONN. JAMES HOWARD CAME TO THIS COUNTRY FROM ENGLAND BEFORE THE REV AND WAS IN NEW LONDON WHEN IT WAS BURNED BY THE BRITISH. HE WAS M TWICE AND HAD 19 CH, THREE OF WHOM WERE EBENEZER, AMOS AND SAMUEL. HIS 2ND W MAIDEN NAME WAS MORGAN. AM ANXIOUS TO KNOW WHETHER THERE IS ANY REV SER RENDERED BY THIS BRANCH OF THE HOWARD FAMILY.

—G. G. O.

10753. MCBRIDE.—WANTED PARENTAGE, GEN OF JAMES McBRIDE, OF BRYN MAWR, PA. HAD TWO BROS, "GEORGE AND JOSEPH. ANY INF WILL BE GREATLY APPRECIATED.—R. W. McBE.

10753X. PANCAKE-LAWRENCE.—WANTED ALL DATA OF JOHN PANCAKE AND W CATHERINE LAWRENCE. JOHN HAD SISTER BETTY AND BRO ANDREW. ALL B ROMNEY, VA., WEST FORK OF POTOMAC.

(a) WILSON.—WANTED ALL DATA OF EZRA WILSON WHO HAD SONS SAMUEL (ORIGINAL UNCLE SAM), ROBERT AND WM. WILLIAM WILSON KEPT WHITE HORSE INN & GAP TAVERN.—J. O. E.


10755. AILE-THOMPSON.—ISRAEL AILE OR AILES Fought & Was Killed in the Battle of Lexington or Bunker Hill. Wanted his desc & all data in the line of John McClung Thompson, a native of Green Briar Co., W. Va., who (Thompson) moved to Springfield, & then to Marion, O.—L. V. A. W.

10756. TAYLOR.—WANTED PARENTAGE OF SARAH TAYLOR M BROOKE, LIVED IN PENDLETON DIST., S. CAR.; THEIR CH MARGARET HODGES BROOKS M JUDGE JOHN BROWN, ALA.; ELEANOR M. JESSE M. POSEY; WM. LIVED IN MOBILE; ANOTHER DAU M SHEARER.—E. W. F.

10757. STRAIN-BUCHANAN.—WANTED DATA ON THESE FAMILIES. REV. JOHN BUCHANAN STRAIN, B BULGER, WASHINGTON CO., PA., 1823. WAS S OF JOHN STRAIN, B 1787, AND MARY BUCHANAN, B 1791, M. 1815. THEY WERE RELATED TO THE MARSHALLS AND MOOREHEADS OF THAT SAME REGION.—N. L. S.

10758. FOYE.—WANTED PARENTAGE WITH DATA OF WILLIAM FOYE, B SALEM, MASS., ABT 1760. MARRIED 1ST ELIZABETH MASURY, M 2ND SEPT. 17, 1798, MARY (COLLINS) LEADBETTER. SERVED IN THE REV ON SHIP THOMAS AND BRIGANTINE TYRANICIDE, REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN ONE OF THE BOSTON TEA PARTY, DEC. 16, 1773, MOVED TO PORTLAND, ME., 1811. HADropewalk which was used as barracks by AMERICAN SOLDIERS DURING THE WAR OF 1812. DIED AT PORTLAND DURING THE WAR.—A. G. S. S.

10759. JONES.—WANTED INF CONCERNING RICHARD JONES, B IN VA., PROB ABT 1750. HAD S WM. AND DAU ELIZABETH. ALSO (?) FRANCIS AND AMION. MOVED TO KY. ABT 1780.—J. R. W.

10760. SIMPSON.—WANTED PARENTAGE AND GEN OF MARY SIMPSON OF S. C., WHO M 1ST ROBT. BLAKE. THEIR CH WERE JANE AND MARGARET (TWINs), 2ND M WILLIAM SCOTT GRAY. THEIR CH U. S. GRAY, ELIZA, ISABELLA AND SALLIE. DID HER F HAVE REV REC?

(a) SATTERWHITE.—WANTED M REC OF BARTLETT SATTERWHITE, S OF FRANCIS AND JOHN SATTERWHITE, SR., OF VA. AND S. C.—N. S. D.

10761. CONNOR-HARRISON.—DANIEL O'CONNOR, A S OF ED. O'CONNOR OF IRELAND CAME OVER DURING THE REV WAR AND SER UNDER WASHINGTON. TO ESCAPE HIS PARENTS AND BRITISH RIGHTS OF SEARCH ON THE HIGH SEAS HE CHANGED HIS NAME TO CAINEL CONNER. HIS REV REC DESIRED. AT THE END OF THE WAR HE WENT TO WORK IN THE IRON MINES OF PA. SCHUYLKILL RIVER, NR PHILA.: M LYDIA HARRISON, WHOSE MOTHER WAS A MISS THOMAS. WANTED F OF LYDIA AND HER HARRISON ANCES. THE CH OF DANIEL AND LYDIA WERE POLLY, CLEMENT, LYDIA, HARRISON, DANIEL, WM. AND PENROSE. DANIEL LOCATED FIRST IRON ORE BEDS OF SLATE CREEK IN 1786 AND HE AND HIS ASSOCIATES MOLDED & SHIPPED CANNON BALLS FROM THEIR FURNACES TO GEN. JACKSON AT NEW ORLEANS IN 1812-1815. DANIEL (2), S OF DANIEL (1), M PRUDENCE HEAD. HE Fought IN WAR OF 1812 IN COL. THOS. DYE OWINGS' REGT. AND WAS A
Lieut. at the close of the War. His brother Harrison served with him & after the War built the first house in Owingsville, Ky. Daniel remained in the Army, serving in putting down the Indian uprising in Ohio. Served in Confederate army rank of Lt. Col. & in Ky. Senate. Wanted genealogy of Head family. Their children were William, Margaret, George, Lucinda, Emily, Richard, Albert.

(a) Conner-Shaffer.—Albert, youngest son of Daniel and Prudence, born 1843 at Beardstown, Ky., Nelson Co., m Mary Dorothy Shawer. Wanted her genealogy. Their children were Mary E., William, Nicholas, Lucinda, Wallace, and Ellis.—E. J. K.

10762. Walton.—Wanted parentage of Ezra Walton and Revolutionary records of f Ezra, b 1788, d 1834, m Polly Doud at Guilford, Ct. Later lived in western N. Y.

(b) Rockhill.—Would like to correspond with anyone having Rockhill ancestry or information regarding Edward Rockhill, his three brothers & sisters, who in 1818 moved from N. J. to Ft. Wayne, Mich.

(c) White-Rogers.—Wanted information regarding Capt. Jos. White, of Mendon, Mass., who m 1660 Lydia Rogers, dau of Elder John Rogers, Weymouth, Mass. Have either Mayflower ancestry? Would like to correspond with descendants.

(d) Baldwin.—Was Sarah Baldwin dau of Joseph, b 1653, m Samuel Bartlett, of Milford, Ct. A descendant of Richard Baldwin.—H. N. C.

10763. Middleton.—Wanted parentage of Joseph Middleton, of Norfolk Co., Va. He was b in 1744. He m in Oct., 1765, Elizabeth ____. Wanted her maiden name and parentage.

(a) Pierce.—Wanted genealogy of Martha B. Pierce, who m John S. Middleton in 1833. Her father was Nathaniel Pierce of Halifax Co., N. C.

(b) Hall.—Wanted names of the children of Rev. Clement Hall, rector of St. Paul’s Episcopal Church in Edenton, N. C. He d in 1759.—T. M. B.

10764. Wilcox.—Wanted Revolutionary service and names of parents of Henry Wilcox, b in Adams, N. Y., August 4, 1800.

Thompson.—Wanted maiden name of Frances, w of Dr. David Thompson, of New Castle, Del.; had s David, b 1795, m for her second husband Mr. McAllister, of Nashville.


Deaderick.—Thomas Deaderick, s of David Deaderick, of Winchester. Was his first wife Miss Rawther or Ann Julia Dangerfield?

Bryan.—Was Wm. Bryan, d in Culpeper in 1806, a son of Joseph, the oldest son of Morgan Bryan of Pa. and N. Car.?—R. W. B.

10765. Dorsey-Gideon.—Andrew Jackson Dorsey of Harper’s Ferry, W. Va., b 1827, m Amanda Gideon and moved to Ohio. About 1854 they moved to Mo. The parents of Andrew Jackson Dorsey d young, and their children became scattered and lost trace of relatives. Would like to correspond with descendants of either the Dorsey or Gideon family.

(a) St. Clair-Patterson.—James St. Clair m Mary Patterson. Both were members of the Friends’ Church and residents of Loudoun Co., Va. He entered land in Richland Twp., Belmont Co., Ohio. Their son Wm. b 1779, m Alice Smith of Loudoun Co., Va., and moved to his father’s land in Belmont Co., Ohio. Genealogy of the St. Clair and Patterson families desired.—A. G. St. C.

10766. Cross-Gould.—Wanted genealogy, Revolutionary records of ancestors of Reil Cross (supposed to be of Huguenot extraction of N. C.), b Windsor, Conn., 1787, m 1811 in Barton, Orleans Co., Vt. Cornelia Gould b 1795 in N. H. Sisters Hannah and Jeanette lived and d in Woodbury, Ohio. Would like to correspond with any of their descendants.—F. B. E.

10767. Hopkins.—Wanted parentage, dates and all information of David Hopkins, of Washington, Me., b Jan. 13, 1804, m Martha Trask Jan. 1823.—C. L. McF.

10768. Riley.—James Riley settled near Bennington, Switzerland Co., Ind., abt 1814, coming there from Ohio. Probably Muskingum Co. Was he a Revolutionary soldier? The Riley’s were originally from Bedford Co., Pa. Would like to correspond with members of this family.—F. R.

10769. Mitchell.—Wanted parentage with dates of Mary Mitchell, b 1785 in Dauphin Co., Pa. She m Nov. 5, 1811, James Murray. Wanted also Murray genealogy.—M. Q. M.

10770. Brackell.—Would like all information possible of the Brickell family which came over in 1723 with Governor Burlington. Rev. Matthias Brickell m Rachel Nogall. Wanted also her genealogy. Their son, Col. Matthias Brickell, had a dau who m Godwin Cotton, of Mulberry Grove, Edenton, N. C. Moore’s History says Dr. John Brickell was a physician, naturalist and historian. Am very anxious to get a record of him after he left Edenton.—T. McG.

10771. Kautz.—Wanted any information of the family of Hannah Kautz, who was b Hagerstown, Md., Dec. 10, 1781.—M. B. D.

10772. Ramkin.—Wanted parentage and names of brothers and sisters of Wm. Ramkin, Revolutionary soldier Lincoln Co., N. C., who was b Jan., 1761, and d Dec. 9, 1833. His pension record is in the Pension Office at Washington, D. C., No. 7342.
10773. CUPP.—Marcus, Mark, & Marquis Cupp of Pa., and of Augusta Co., Va., m Hannah. — Their s Valentine b Sept. 1, 1766, d May 30, 1853. Wanted name of any other ch., also dates and Rev rec of Marcus Cupp.—D. C. R.

10774. FITZRANDOLPH.—Wanted to corres with any direct desc of James FitzRandolph.—Mary F. Randolph Peckham, 33 Oakland Ave., Lynbrook, L. I., N. Y.

10775. STONE.—Wanted dates of b, m and d and Rev rec of Enos Stone of Berkshire Co., Mass., who probably enlisted in June, 1776. Wanted also maiden name and dates of his w. Their dau Mary Stone m Gurdon Hollister and d in Lenox, Mass., Feb. 13, 1846.—E. H. W.

10776. HUNT.—Wanted place of res during Rev and at time of d of Ephraim Hunt, b 1704, d 1790, ser as 2nd Lieut. in 16th Mass. Regt.; transferred to 9th, and later to 4th Mass. Regt. His f was Deacon Simon Hunt and his mother Mary Raymond.—M. W. B.

10777. HEREFORD.—Wanted parentage of Elizabeth Hereford, b in Va. and d Nov. 22, 1830, who m Jacob Shaw in Hagerstown, Md.—D. S. S.

10778. MCKEAN-THOMPSON.—Wanted gen and dates of Laetitia McKean, who m as his 2nd w Oct., 1758, in Phila., John Thompson, Harrison Co., Ky. His f was Deacon Simon Hunt and his mother Mary Raymond.—M. W. B.

10779. BOYLES.—William Boyles, 1st Va. Regt. W. D. Ref: Supplement to Rev Soldiers of Va. by State Librarian. Is he the same Wm. Boyles who, according to the 1790 Census, lived in Washington Co., Pa., with w and one ch? (a) JACKSON.—Wanted Rev rec of Josiah Jackson, b 1732, Chester Co., Pa.—R. M. B.

10780. SMITH.—Wanted parentage and place of b of Clements or Clemence Smith, b abt 1800 who m Wm. Boyles and lived after her m in Benango Co., just across the line from Crawford Co., a member of this family? Her dau Mary Ann Boyles, b 1830, m Robert McCormick, and lived near Tidioute, Warren Co., Pa.—J. M. M.

10787. Justice.—Wanted parentage of Wm. Justice, who m Eleanor Umsted, also of Aquilla Justice, who m Margaret Umsted. Their father was Nicholas Umsted who m Ann Davis.—M. L. P.

10788. Galloway.—Wanted parentage of Sallie Galloway, b in Botetourt Co., Va., abt 1765, d in S. C. 1846; had she Rev ancestry?

(a) Davis.—Did Van Davis, Sr., of S. C., who d in 1810, ser in the Rev? Wanted maiden name of his w Lucy. Their dau Jane Davis m Thomas Burress in 1800.

(b) Gilkey.—Wanted parentage of Agnes Gilkey b 1766, m 1785 Wm. Moorehead, a Rev sol in S. C.

(c) Burres-Chamblee.—Joshua Burres b 1724, m abt 1765 Sarah Chamblee or Shambley in N. C., later moved to S. C. Did he have Rev rec?—L. B. W.

10789. Leatherbury.—Wanted Rev rec and dates of b and d of Wm. Leatherbury who lived shortly after the Rev nr Smyrna, Del. He m before the Rev Miss — Dudley, and had seven ch, the eldest Perregrine b 1775. William m 2nd the wid of his cousin John Leatherbury. It is said he was an officer with the Del. or Md. troops.—M. S.

10790. Van Nostrand.—Wanted parentage and gen of Charity Van Nostrand of White Plains, N. Y., who m abt 1770 Samuel Carter, b 1736, of Lancaster, Mass., a Rev sol.—E. N. S.

10791. Cantwell.—Capt. Edmond Cantwell, said to have come to this country abt 1664 as high sheriff of N. Y., later he was high sheriff of New Castle Co., Del., and representative to General Assembly of Pa. Wanted all possible data regarding Capt. Cantwell, his ancestry and descendants.

(a) Smith.—Wanted the ancestry of Mary Smith who m 1820 in Coshocton, Ohio, James Cantwell.—E. H. C.

10792. Stephens.—Wanted maiden name of w of John Stephens who ser in Rev as Corp. in Capt. Omnus Co., 10th Regulars. He enl July 3, 1779, from Chatham Co., N. C.

(a) Laffoon.—Wanted parentage of Mary Laffoon b 1749, d 1846, m 1768 in Rockingham Co., N. C., Cornelius Keith.

(b) Mackey.—Wanted parentage of Margaret Mackey, of Buncombe Co., N. C., who m George Keith b 1772.

(c) Freeman.—Wanted parentage of Elizabeth Freeman who m Chas. Lay in Va. but came to Pickens, S. C., soon after the Rev.

(d) Bryan.—Wanted parentage and data of Needham Bryan b 1797, m Mary H. Harris nee Green in Burke Co., Ga., moved to Lee Co., Ga., abt 1840, d 1853.—W. P. L.

10793. Woodin.—Wanted ances and name of w of Milo or Millow Woodin, who lived in Southbury, Conn., 1790.—E. W. H.

10794. Lewis.—Wanted date of d and m of Col. Exum Lewis b 1710, of Edgecombe Co., N. C. He was Col. of Mil. in said Co. Came from Brunswick Co., Va., to N. C., settling first on Albemarle Sound and later moving to Edgecombe Co.; settled on Swift Creek. Wanted also dates of his w Elizabeth Figures, who came from Suffolk Co., Va. Their country home was called Mt. Prospect and was not far from Tarboro.—O. B. R.

10795. Moore.—Wanted parentage of John Moore of Pitt Co., N. C., b 1784, d 1844, m Mary Kinsaul 1808. Was his f a Rev sol? John was a Presidential Elector from the State of N. C. at the election of James K. Polk for President.

(a) Kinsaul.—Wanted parentage of John Kinsaul, a Rev sol of Pitt Co., N. C., who was b in Princess Anne Co., Va., 1759.—L. M.

10796. Salmon.—Wanted parentage of Sarah Salmon, b abt 1765, m Solomon Van Valkenburg of Kinderhook, N. Y. Did her f ser in the Rev?—E. J. V.

10797. Curtis.—Wanted ances and dates of b, m and d and Rev rec of Elizur Curtis who m 1809 in Balto. Co., Md. They moved to Knox Co., Ohio, and had ch Henry b June 27, 1769; John b Jan. 5, 1774; Charles b Oct. 8, 1777; Temperance b June 3, 1780. Did John Edwards have Rev rec? His father, Wm. Edwards, came from Wales to N. C., where the following ch were b: John b Apr. 15, 1748; Simeon b July 8, 1752; Drucilla b Mar. 4, 1775; Otter b June 3, 1760; Franklin b May 6, 1767. Wanted name and dates of William's w.—P. J. McH.

10799. Mason.—Wanted dates and Rev rec of Benjamin Mason who m as her 2nd husband Olive Soper Durfee. Their ch were Martin m Polly Griswold, Melintha m Ohadiah Jenks; Charles m Christina Rounds; Hepsabeth m Erastus Mason; Benjamin m Polly Akins; Olive m Miles Traver; Sophia m Thomas Richardson.—J. F. A.

10800. Harris.—Wanted ancestry of John Harris, who came from the North of Ireland, settled in Balto. and moved to Lancaster Co., Pa., 1809.

10801. Hall.—Wanted ancestry of Wm. Hall, who moved from Loudoun Co., Va., to Hardy Co., W. Va., abt 1797, and m a dau of Col. Wm. and Sudora Hughes Lowther.—D. L. K.
10802. POORBAUGH.—Wanted Rev ances of Julian Poorbaugh of Somerset Co., Pa., b 1810, d 1900, m 1833 George Heffley.

(a) MOORE.—Reuben Moore, Columbia Co., N. Y., had s Plato Bolivar, who m Sara Lu-
cinda Davis, who d 1848. She had bros Uriah, Wm., John B. of Chatham, Columbia Co., N. Y.—R. S. H.

10803. BURNS.—Wanted proof of ser in Rev of Ignatius Burns of Loudoun Co., Va.—B. R. E.

10804. COVILLE-COVIL-COVIL.—Wanted parentage and bros and sis and birthplace of Hannah Coville, b 1760, d Feb. 29, 1826, m Nathan Armstrong. Removed from Montgomery Co., N. Y., to Cohocton, N. Y.

(a) HUNTLEY.—Wanted gen bros and sis, birthplace and dates of Abby Huntley who m Asa Flint. Studied medicine with her father, rode horseback and practised medicine in Albany Co., N. Y. Her s Sephman was b 1777.

(b) FRANKLIN.—Wanted parentage, place of b and Rev rec of Ishie Franklin b Apr. 4, 1750, d Nov. 11, 1795, m Aug. 18, 1771, Martha dau of Leuit. Samuel Pierson, Killingworth, Conn.—M. G. H. E.

10805. REED.—Wanted Rev rec of John Reed, an Irishman, who immigrated to Va. abt 1750 and later became a pioneer of Lincoln Co., Ky., where he built his fort in 1779 and d in 1886. Wanted also name of his w. His ch were Wm., John, Jr., Thomas, Jonathan, Mary Ball, Sarigirth Green, Lettice Hughes, Martha Birney.—S. B. A.

10806. WILSON.—Wanted gen of Ezra Wilson, who had sons Samuel, the original “Uncle Sam”; Robert and William who m widow of Jesse Dungan. They kept the White Horse Inn and Gap Tavern.—F. J. E.

10807. BURROWS - BURROUGHS - BORROWS.—Wanted parentage with their dates of John Burrows, who went to Washington with the Government in 1800 and d there 1810. He was m four times, 1st to Lois, dau of Rev. Nathaniel Hubbell, granddau of Richard Hubbell; 2nd to Mrs. Sarah Morgan, dau of Josiah Wood; 3rd to Mrs. Susannah Roberts dau of Jabez Wood; 4th to Mrs. Elizabeth Magee dau of John Newman.

(a) NORTH-DAVIS.—Wanted dates of b, m and d of Sarah, dau of Roger North, who m 1733 Ann; also dates of her husband Elisha Davis and his parentage. Their only ch Sarah b Sept. 26, 1762, d 1844, m Amos Jordan, b Jan. 5, 1762, d 1843; their ch were Hannah m Waugh; Francis m Miss Bull; Rachel m James Cloyd North; Catherine m Wm. Sanderson; Sarah; Samuel; John; Eliza m Nathaniel Burrows; Jeremiah m 1st Margaret Foresman and 2nd — Oakes; Rebecca m Charles Crafts, and settled in Salem, Oregon.—A. B. C.

10808. HARRIS.—Wanted inf concerning Patience Harris who was living with her s John, shown in Beaufort Co., S. C., Census 1830; in 1850 she was 97, member of R. W. Simmons family, w Kesia; ch: Owen, Andrew, Sarah Ann, Harriet, Ellen.—B. G.

10809. McCUNE.—Wanted parentage of Capt. Joseph McCune, who ser in the War of 1812 under Wm. Henry Harrison and was bur at Bloomfield, Ohio. Wanted also parentage of his w Mary Sloan.—F. L. O.

10810. BURRITT.—Wanted parentage with dates of John Burritt, 1745-1818 of Monroe, Conn. Wanted also parentage of his w Elizabeth . Their ch were Abijah, Morley, Phebe, Amarillis, Hezekiah, Isaac, Ann, James, Samuel. Had John Rev rec?

(a) BLAKER.—Wanted parentage and dates of Jesse Blaker, 1777-1870, Bucks Co., Pa., m 1st Christian Thomas, m 2nd?—L. W.
In this Honor Roll the list of membership in each State is shown in the outer rim, and the list of subscribers according to States is in the inner circle.

IN THE HUB OF THE WHEEL IS GIVEN THE TOTAL ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP OF THE NATIONAL SOCIETY

The Magazine also has subscribers in JAPAN, KOREA, CHILI, FRANCE, WEST INDIES, PANAMA, PORTO RICO AND CHINA.

Pennsylvania at this date of publication leads all States with 974 subscribers.
Regular Meeting, October 17, 1922

REGULAR meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. George Maynard Minor, in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall, on Tuesday, October 17, 1922, at 10:05 o'clock.

In the absence of the Chaplain General, the President General repeated her favorite prayer, the members of the Board uniting with her in the Lord's Prayer.

The President General spoke of the illness of Mrs. Lockwood, who has been for some weeks in a hospital in Plymouth, Mass., and suggested that a message be sent her from the Board. Moved by Mrs. Harris, seconded by Mrs. Buel, and carried by rising vote, that a letter of love and sympathy be sent to Mrs. Lockwood.

Miss Coltrane, as chairman of Auditing Committee, spoke of the illness of Mrs. Boynton, Honorary Vice President General and a member of her Committee, who has served on the Auditing Committee, with the exception of two terms, from the time it originated, and moved the sending of a message of love and appreciation to Mrs. Boynton. Seconded by Mrs. Wilson and carried.

Mrs. Gillentine reported the serious accident which had befallen Mrs. Charles B. Bryan of Memphis, and moved that a telegram of sympathy be sent to Mrs. C. Bryan of Memphis, Tenn., who has served the National Society efficiently and is now seriously ill. Seconded by Mrs. Cook and carried.

Mrs. Cook referred to the continued illness of Mrs. Sparks, who is recovering quite slowly, and moved that a vote of sympathy be sent her. Seconded by Mrs. Hanger, and carried.

The roll was called by the Recording Secretary General, the following members being recorded present: National Officers: Mrs. Minor, Mrs. Harris, Mrs. Whitman, Mrs. McCleary, Mrs. Cook, Mrs. Heath, Mrs. Holden, Miss Campbell, Mrs. Hodgkins, Miss McDuffee, Mrs. Mondell, Mrs. Buel, Mrs. Block, Mrs. McCall, Mrs. Yawger, Mrs. Elliott, Mrs. Hanger, Miss Strider, Mrs. Hunter, Miss Coltrane, Mrs. Ellison; State Regents: Mrs. Bissett, Miss Todd, Mrs. Hardy, Mrs. Chubbuck, Mrs. Perkins, Miss Gilbert, Mrs. Guernsey, Mrs. Denmead, Mrs. Shumway, Mrs. Seydel, Mrs. Fitts, Mrs. Nash, Mrs. Spencer, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Gillentine, Mrs. Reed; State Vice Regent: Mrs. Strawn.

Telegrams were read from members unable to be present, and the President General announced that Mrs. Hanger, in her capacity as Chairman of Building and Grounds Committee, had arranged for luncheon to be served in the Banquet Hall for those members who wished to avail themselves of this arrangement.

The President General read her report.

Report of President General

Members of the National Board of Management:

The following is the report of your President General since our last regular meeting on June 8th.

Immediately after the June Board meeting, accompanied by your Treasurer General, she called upon several Senators in the interest of our bill for tax exemption (on lots in the rear of the Hall) which had been passed by the House, and was being held up by the Committee on District Bills. As a result of this interview a promise was obtained that the bill would be favorably reported out of committee in a few days. However, discussion of the Tariff Bill delayed action by the Senate until just before the adjournment of Congress, when it passed. The bill was approved by the President on September 16th, and our land is now free from taxation.

One Special Board meeting and two Executive Committee meetings have been held.

On June 22nd your President General and your Recording Secretary General accepted an invitation from Mr. Will Hays, President of the Motion Picture Producers of America, to attend a meeting in New York City, to which the heads of the principal nationally federated organizations, working for better conditions, had also been invited to discuss what ought to be accomplished in placing before the public the highest moral and artistic standards in motion pictures, and the best way to do this; also the development of the educational as well as the entertainment value and general usefulness of motion pictures.

As a result of this meeting a committee of twenty was appointed in the interest of this work and your President General was asked to serve thereon.
She stated she could only serve as an individual, until such time as the matter could be presented to our Board for its decision as to whether it wished to have a representative of the Society on this committee, and that question will come before you under new business.

No financial responsibility is involved and no action taken by the committee of twenty is binding upon any organization against its own wishes. On July 7th another meeting was held in New York City, which your President General attended.

Another disappointment has come in the site for our fountain at Plymouth.

The Court House site had been definitely promised to us as was reported in June, but it was subject to the approval of our design by the County Commissioners. We naturally supposed there would be no objection by the County Commissioners to a design made by such world renowned architects as McKim, Mead and White, whom we had chosen to design our fountain, especially as the Tercentenary Commission representing the United States Government, the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the town of Plymouth, had also chosen this firm as consulting and advisory architects in all the plans for the restoration of the water front and the various buildings in connection with the Tercentenary celebration, but such did not prove to be the case. Objection was made to the design submitted and therefore our architects have been unable to arrive at any agreement with the County Commissioners, and that site has been abandoned.

Your President General is now in correspondence with Mr. Lord, who represents the Tercentenary Commission in regard to another site and has also made one trip to Boston to confer with him in regard to the situation. The delay is regrettable but it is not our fault.

Your Manual for Immigrants is being more and more widely used and appreciated both on Ellis Island and in many sections of the country. It is being sent to petitioners for citizenship under Government frank by the Bureau of Naturalization in St. Louis, working in cooperation with the Daughters of the American Revolution. Letters in praise of it have been received from many workers in the field of Americanization—one saying in effect that it is "the best book of its kind now in use." Steps are being taken by your Vice-Chairman in Charge of the Manual toward the publication of a second edition of the English version, which will be needed in the near future, as this is the language that has been and will continue to be in most demand. Its phraseology will be simplified in certain passages, and the law recently passed relative to the independent naturalization of women will be included. As to the funds for continuing this work, your President General is glad to report that the states are responding in a very encouraging way to the call for the new contribution of twenty-five cents a member and are pledging their cooperation in raising it. Another foreign language will be issued as soon as the funds justify the expense.

Early in the summer the Committee Lists were compiled, printed and copies sent to the National Officers and the Chairman of committees in order that plans for this year's work might be made and sent to the State Chairmen a little earlier than heretofore. Plans have been already presented by most of your National Chairmen.

A Special Board meeting was held on July 28th, for admission of members and organization and confirmation of chapters, which was attended by your President General and nine other members. This mid-summer meeting was an innovation, made necessary by the unusually large number of application papers awaiting action by the Board since the June meeting. Nine hundred and seventy-five new members were admitted, a number of members-at-large were confirmed as Organizing Regents and a number of chapters were reported organized.

Previous to this meeting we had lost by death two esteemed ex-national officers of our Society; our Honorary President General, Mrs. John W. Foster and a former Registrar General, Miss Grace M. Pierce. Mrs. Foster was President General, 1895-1896, refusing re-election, and Miss Pierce, as you all know, rendered valuable service to the Society as Registrar General for the year 1909-1910 and from 1915 to 1920. She was the Society's Genealogist from 1918 until her resignation, April 30th of this year; she also served on several national committees.

The President General suggested that it would be more fitting at that time to appoint a committee to draw up resolutions upon the deaths of these officers to present to the larger Board meeting of today—she did so and these resolutions will be called for later at this meeting.

During the summer word came to your President General of the death of Mrs. Virginia B. Moody, the State Vice Regent of South Dakota, and the resignation of the State Regent of New Hampshire, Mrs. Lorin Webster, who will make her home in Pekin, China.

Upon the kind invitation of our Treasurer General, and in company with several National Officers the next few days were spent at her home in Tidioute, Pennsylvania. From there we all motored to Chautauqua, New York, where your President General had been invited by the Chautauqua Institution to deliver an...
address in the auditorium on D.A.R. Day. A luncheon and reception given by the Chautauqua Circle of Daughters preceded this occasion and was much enjoyed.

On August 24th your President General left her home in Connecticut for a vacation in the Canadian woods, returning to Waterford on September 22nd, where many matters awaited her attention.

Since her return she has visited the State Meetings of Connecticut, Rhode Island and Massachusetts, at each of which an address was made. At different times during the summer and fall, chapters have entertained most delightfully in honor of your President General and she has been privileged to bring the work and aims of our Society to these chapter groups.

An invitation was accepted on October 12th from the Board of Governors of the Sulgrave Institution to attend the unveiling of a bust of James Bryce, in the Senate wing of the Capitol, which ceremony was held in the morning and was followed by a luncheon given by Ambassador and Lady Geddes at the British Embassy. The guests went from there to the unveiling of a statue of Edmund Burke, the great friend of the American Colonists. Both the bust and the statue were presented to America by Sir Charles Wakefield for the Sulgrave Institution of Great Britain, through the Sulgrave Institution of America. At the unveiling of the statue a wreath was placed in the name of our Society. The Sons of the American Revolution and the Sons of the Revolution likewise placed wreaths.

On September 6th, as has been the custom of our Society for a number of years, a wreath was placed on the statue in this City of General Lafayette, by instruction of the President General.

At the meeting of the Board in June your President General spoke of the work being done at Ellis Island, telling of the need for an assistant teacher, and that the Daughters carrying on the work there would be grateful for contributions for kindergarten supplies. It was stated during the discussion of this subject that an assistant teacher could be procured for $10 per month, but it was afterward found this was a mistake. The Board approved a motion that $100 be given to the Chairman of the Patriotic Education Committee for Americanization work among the children at Ellis Island, to which work the Captain Molly Pitcher Chapter pledged $20 to make up the sum of $120 for the year. There being urgent need for kindergarten supplies and the Board having given the money for Americanization work among the children this sum has been drawn upon for these supplies, by means of which the children could be taught. The Ellen Hardin Walworth Chapter assumed the assistant teacher's salary for the summer months, until the matter could be brought to the Board to ascertain whether we should assume the responsibility for the salary of the assistant teacher at a higher figure.

Mrs. John S. Remsen, Chairman of the Americanization Committee of the Ellen Hardin Walworth Chapter has been one of the Ellis Island workers. On July 28th, Reverend L. E. Sunderland, Chairman, General Committee Immigrant's Aid at Ellis Island, wrote your President General expressing appreciation for the work that has been done and stated that he felt it would be very helpful to have the Daughters of the American Revolution definitely represented upon their General Committee, and upon this invitation Mrs. Remsen, who had been so closely in touch with the work at the Island, was named to serve upon this Committee, she to do her work under the Vice-Chairman of Americanization of our Patriotic Committee. It might be well to state that but $40 has been expended so far for kindergarten supplies, but there may be something outstanding.

To take charge of the new department under our Patriotic Education Committee, which your President General announced at the June Board meeting would be created, a department in the interest of Better Films, she has appointed Mrs. Edward P. Schoentgen, of Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Mrs. Schoentgen is taking hold of this work with enthusiasm, has asked for State Chairmen, and it is hoped State Regents will not only appoint chairmen in their respective states but will also take active interest in furthering this movement for better films. The public will patronize movies in any case. The Daughters can do much toward providing better, more worth while pictures.

The Administration Building as you know is nearing completion. You will hear from the Chairman of the Building Committee the progress that has been made during the summer. With the removal of our offices to the new building it will be possible to refurnish the rooms vacated in keeping with the character of this building.

It is hoped that eventually Memorial Continental Hall will be furnished throughout with Colonial furniture and thus be a fitting exponent of the period represented by our Society.

Respectfully submitted,

ANNE ROGERS MINOR,
President General.

Moved by Mrs. Seydel, seconded by Mrs. McCall, that the President General's report be accepted. Carried.
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Mrs. Yawger read her report as Recording Secretary General as follows:

Report of Recording Secretary General
Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The vacation season brings no cessation of work in the office of the Recording Secretary General. The last of the notices of appointment on National Committees were sent out and the lists sent to the respective National Chairmen; acceptances and regrets noted and filed, and copy prepared for the printer and proof read.

The material for the Proceedings of Congress were put in shape for the printer, and your Recording Secretary General spent many warm summer days reading over the proof. The index was made and proof read. I take great pleasure in presenting here the finished book, which the printers are sending out to all those entitled to receive it.

The minutes of the June Board meeting were prepared and turned over to the editor of the Magazine and proof read. The work on the transcription of the verbatim report of the Board meetings is progressing.

RITA A. YAWGER,
Recording Secretary General.

There being no objections, the report was accepted.

Mrs. Yawger then read the recommendations of the Executive Committee, adopted at the meeting of October 14th, as follows:

Recommendations of Executive Committee:

That in recognition of Miss Griggs' continuous faithful services, extending over a period of twenty-five years, she be presented with a gift of $100 in gold as a token of the National Society's appreciation.

That we employ Mrs. L. E. Jones of Des Moines, who has been highly recommended as a genealogist, at a salary of $116 per month.

That as Miss Wingate has been doing the new record work satisfactorily since July 1st, her salary be increased to $115 a month, to begin from July 1st.

Mrs. Guernsey moved the adoption of the first recommendation. Seconded by Mrs. Heath and carried. The adoption of the second recommendation moved by Mrs. Yawger, seconded by Miss Strider, and carried. Third recommendation adopted on motion of Mrs. Bissell, seconded by Miss Strider.

Mrs. Guernsey, as Acting Chairman of the Committee to draw up resolutions on the death of Mrs. John W. Foster and Miss Grace M. Pierce, presented the following resolutions:

Whereas, the National Society has sustained a great loss by the death of one of its most honored members and former President General Mrs. John W. Foster, and

Whereas, because of her fine character, her exemplary life and her sincere loyalty to her country, her death will be mourned by all who knew her.

And, Whereas, Mrs. Foster's active participation in the affairs of the Society in its early and formative days had a great influence upon the development of its highest ideals,

Be it Resolved, that we record the great sense of loss felt by the Society in the death of its greatly respected third President General, and that we extend to her family our sympathy with them in their bereavement, and

Be it Further Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the records of this meeting and a copy be sent to Mrs. Foster's family.

SARAH E. GUERNSEY, Acting Chairman,
EMMA T. STRIDER,
MRS. GEORGE M. YOUNG.

Whereas, God in His wisdom has taken unto himself our friend and co-worker, Miss Grace M. Pierce, a loyal and interested member of our Society, and

Whereas, Miss Grace M. Pierce, by her seven years of actual service as Registrar General and three years as the Society's Genealogist had an active part in the admission of the members for a third of the life of the Society, her name appearing as officer on the application papers of more than one fourth of our entire membership, and
Whereas, by her quiet unassuming manner and her helpful nature, her great capacity for friendship, she endeared herself to all who came in close contact with her,

Therefore be it Resolved, that in the passing away of Miss Grace M. Pierce, the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution is called upon to mourn the loss of one of its most valued members.

Sarah E. Guernsey, Acting Chairman,
Emma T. Strider,
Mrs. George M. Young.

On motion of Mrs. Heath, seconded by Mrs. Buel, the Board accepted by rising vote these resolutions as read.

Miss Strider read her report as follows:

Report of Registrar General

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Six hundred and seventy-five applications presented to the Board; and 520 supplemental papers verified; 1195 total number of papers verified.

Permits issued for 384 insignias, 213 ancestral bars and 914 recognition pins.

Papers examined and not yet approved: 585 originals, and 700 supplementals.

Papers returned unverified: 30 originals, and 109 supplementals.

One hundred and eighty-five new records verified.

Respectfully submitted,
Emma T. Strider,
Registrar General.

Moved by Miss Strider, seconded by Mrs. Hanger, and carried, that the Secretary be instructed to cast the ballot for the admission of 675 applicants for membership. The Recording Secretary General announced the casting of the ballot and the President General declared the 675 applicants members of the National Society. Miss Strider requested permission to bring in a supplementary report at the afternoon session, which request was granted.

Mrs. Hanger read her report as organizing Secretary General.

Report of Organizing Secretary General

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report as follows:

Mrs. Sallie Hume Douglas was duly elected State Regent of Hawaii, June 17, 1922. I now ask for her confirmation.

The resignation of the State Regent of New Hampshire, Mrs. Lorin Webster has been reported. Mrs. Webster resigned because of leaving the State, her husband having accepted a Rockefeller Foundation appointment in the Pekin Union Medical College. The State Vice Regent, Mrs. Leslie P. Snow will fill the regency until next election.

Through their respective State Regents the following members at large are presented for confirmation:


Authorization of the following Chapters is requested:

El Centro, California; Charlestown, Ind.; Brandywine, Md.; Church Hill and Springfield, Tenn.; Farmville and Roanoke, Virginia.

The following Organizing regencies have expired by time limitation:

Mrs. Annie M. Cunningham, S. San Francisco, Calif.; Mrs. Mary Glen Roberts, Canton, Ga.; Mrs. Grace Catherine S. Wilkinson, Atlanta, Mo.; Mrs. Myrtella H. Moe, Dear Lodge, Mont.; Mrs. Martha Isabel Boggess Shattuck, Portsmouth, N. H.; Mrs. Emily Fariss Joekel, Giddings, Texas; Mrs. Zola Lawrence Fisher, Garfield, Wash.

The resignation of Mrs. Ola MacClarson Hardway, as Organizing Regent at Minot, N. D., has been received through the State Regent of North Dakota. Mrs. Hardway is leaving Minot.

Through their respective State Regents the following re-appointments of Organizing Regents are requested: Mrs. Annie M. Cunningham, S. San Francisco, Calif.; Mrs. Grace Catherine Sweetland Wilkinson, Atlanta, Mo.; Mrs. Zola Lawrence Fisher, Garfield, Wash.

The State Regent of Maine requests the official disbandment of the Jonathan True Chapter of Phillips, Maine, because there are not enough resident members to constitute a quorum at the meetings.

The Frances Francure Chapter at Searcy, Arkansas was automatically disbanded by the Treasurer General, July 1st, because it had been below the legal membership for more than a year.

The Chapter at McPherson, Kansas, wishes the name “Roosevelt” for Chapter name. This.
Chapter was confirmed by the Board before the by-laws went into effect which provide that a Chapter must have a name before confirmation. Article IX, Section 2, paragraph c.

The following Chapters submit their names for approval and if accepted the organizations are presented for confirmation: Logan at Carbondale, Ill.; Dubois County at Huntingburg, Ind.; James Hill, at Lebanon, and Col. Archibald Lochry at Guilford, Ind.; Solomon Dean at Nevada, Iowa; Mary Wade Strother at Salina, Kansas; East Hoosuck at Adams, Mass.; Thomas Hadley at Wilson, N. C.; Hannah Emerson Dustin at Marysville, Ohio; Woodward at Woodward, Okla.; Col. John Chatham at McElhattan, Pa.; Volunteer at Bristol, Tenn.; Webster County Pioneer at Camden on Gauley, W. Va.

Charters issued, 26; Organizing Regents notified, 32.

Permits issued for Regents and ex-Regents bars, 84; permits issued for National Officers, State and ex-State Regents, 6; commissions issued to State and State Vice Regents, 49; re-election cards issued to State and State Vice Regents, 20.

The correspondence of the office, which has doubled itself has been given prompt attention.

Information for State and State Vice Regents, Chapter Regents and Organizing Regents has been compiled and copies mailed.

Respectfully submitted,

Lucy Galt Hanger,
Organizing Secretary General.

The report was approved without the names of the chapters: these, the President General stated, would be taken up separately. The first to be presented for attention was that of the chapter at McPherson, Kansas, which wished the name of Roosevelt. This chapter had been confirmed before the new By-laws went into effect, but had not at that time selected its name. It appearing, after some discussion, that there might be feeling among chapters who had been refused this name before the new by-law went into effect if the name were now granted to another chapter, Mrs. Guernsey asked permission of the Board to withdraw the name until she could get in communication with the chapter and suggest another name to them. This request was granted. Moved by Mrs. Chubbuck, seconded by Mrs. Bissell, and carried, that the name Logan be granted to the chapter at Carbondale, Ill. The name of Dubois County was, on motion of Mrs. Heath, seconded by Mrs. Ellison, granted the chapter at Huntingburg, Ind. The name of James Hill, on motion of Mrs. Bissell, seconded by Mrs. Whitman, granted the chapter at Lebanon, Ind., and the name of Col. Archibald Lochry granted the chapter at Guilford, Ind., on motion of Mrs. Elliott, seconded by Mrs. Buel. Mrs. Seydel moved that the name Solomon Dean be allowed the chapter at Nevada, Iowa, this was seconded by Mrs. Spencer and carried. On motion of Mrs. Ellison, seconded by Mrs. Elliott, the name of Mary Wade Strother was granted the chapter at Salina, Kansas. Mrs. Shumway moved that the name East Hoosuck be allowed the chapter at Adams, Mass.; seconded by Mrs. Bissell and carried. The name Thomas Hadley was allowed the chapter at Wilson, N. C., on motion of Mrs. Nash, seconded by Mrs. Elliott. The name of Hannah Emerson Dustin was allowed the chapter at Marysville, Ohio, on motion of Mrs. Wilson, seconded by Mrs. Holden. Mrs. Reed moved that the chapter at Woodward, Okla., be allowed the name of Woodward. This was seconded by Mrs. Spencer and carried. The name of Col. John Chatham was allowed the chapter at McElhattan, Pa., on motion of Mrs. Cook, seconded by Mrs. Gillentine. The name of Volunteer on motion of Mrs. Gillentine, seconded by Mrs. Reed, was allowed the chapter at Bristol, Tenn. The chapter at Camden on Gauley, W. Va., was allowed the name of Webster County Pioneer on motion of Mrs. Reed, seconded by Mrs. Heath. The opinion having been clearly brought out during the discussion that this Society, organized to honor the men and women of Revolutionary Service, should give its chapters names of Revolutionary significance, and the feeling expressed that chapters frequently chose other names because they had no list of Revolutionary names from which to choose, it was moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Hodgkins, that the Society provide a list of names of Revolutionary significance which can be sent to those interested in the organization of a chapter. This was amended by Mrs. Nash, seconded by Mrs. Spencer, to read that this list shall be placed on file with each State Regent. After further discussion, this amendment was adopted, and the motion as amended, put to vote and carried to read, that the Society provide a list of names of Revolutionary significance which shall be placed on file with each State Regent. Moved by Mrs. Hanger, seconded by Mrs. Bissell, and carried, that the Librarian General compile this list in conjunction with the Organizing Secretary General. Moved by Mrs. McCleary, seconded by Mrs. Bissell and Mrs. Buel, and carried, that we recommend to organizing chapters that they choose names of Revolutionary significance.

The Treasurer General then read her financial report as follows:
Report of Treasurer General

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I herewith submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from June 1, 1922 to September 30, 1922.

### CURRENT FUND

| Balance in Bank at last report, May 31, 1922 | $39,445.65 |

### RECEIPTS

- Annual dues, $4,921; initiation fees, $12,035; reinstatement fees, $525; supplemental fees, $1,030; certificates, $7; copying lineage, $1.50; creed cards, $8.22; D.A.R. Reports, $43.98; die of insignia, $.75; directory, $1; duplicate papers, $266.95; exchange, $.90; hand books, $9.26; Immigrants' Manuals, sale of copies, $88.05; index to Library books, $1.13; index to Lineage books, $15; interest, $279.52; interest, Life Membership fund, $13.82; lineage, $1,057.97; Magazine—subscriptions, $4,896.60; single copies and list, $83.92; sale of cut, $3.51; post cards, $11.95; proceedings, $4.58; remembrance books, $.40; rent from slides, $22.12; ribbon, $10.63; sale of waste paper, $3.50; slot machine, $3.05; stationery $3.43; telephone, $21.69; Auditorium events, $600; Refund, National Old Trails Road Committee, $12.50.

#### Total receipts

25,985.93

### DISBURSEMENTS

- Refunds: annual dues, $365; initiation fees, $145; supplemental fees, $.45.
- President General: clerical service, $624.60; hotel and traveling expenses, $284.02; postage, $31.50; telegrams, $31.80; supplies, $6.50.
- Organizing Secretary General: clerical service, $1,270.52; parchment, $48; commissions, $21.20; engrossing and lithographing, $95.40; postage and telegrams, $21.67; cards and seals, $2.79; expressage, $1.47.
- Recording Secretary General: clerical service, $982.50; lists, $185.81; expressage and telegrams, $4.48; repairs to seal, $4.50.
- Certificate: clerical service, $619.04; certificates, $550; engrossing, $1,147.35; postage, $480; book, seals, tubes and paper, $387.90; expressage and telegram, $1.61; hassock, $1.50; refund, certificate fee, $1.
- Corresponding Secretary General: clerical service, $636.72; paper for application blanks, $560; information leaflets and book, $70.50; postage, $75; telegram, $.53.
- Registrar General: clerical service, $3,292.05; binding records, $198; stamp and repairs to typewriter, $12.65; book, binders and cards, $111.75.
- Treasurer General: clerical service, $4,940.06; cards and dating stamp, $28.55.
- Historian General: clerical service, $909.24; postage and expressage, $.62.
- Reporter General: telegram.
- Librarian General: clerical service, $832.52; accessions, $25; postage and expressage, $.55; book, cards and labels, $.32; binding books, $22.
- Curator General: clerical service, $441.54; cards and marker for desk, $17.16; laundering articles, $.50; telegram, $1.14.
- General Office: clerical service, $1,004.14; messenger service, $160; postage and stamped envelopes, $790.16; postage and expressage on manuals, $206.30; Constitutions, resolutions and address, $430; carfare, expressage and telegrams, $13.90; clippings and adjusting typewriters, $18.18; flowers, $25; supplies, $242.92.

#### Total disbursements

25,985.93

**Total receipts** $25,985.93

**Total disbursements** $25,985.93

**Net income** $0
Committees: Auditing—postage, $2; Building and Grounds—clerical service, $20; postage, $2; Finance—clerical service, $40; Historical and Literary Reciprocity—clerical service, $82.60; lists, $124.25; postage, $7; folders, $3.07; Historical Research—circulairs, $4.75; postage, $3.92; Legislation in U. S. Congress—postage, $2; Liquidation and Endowment—postage, $18; engrossing, $32.10; Patriotic Education—Cap, U. S. Naval Academy, $115; circulars and envelopes, $7.25; cards, $2.75; supplies, Ellis Island, $40; Patriotic Lectures and Slides—clerical service, $3; postage, $5.46; telegrams and expressage, $3.07; Preservation of Historic Spots—postage, $6.20; telegrams, $10.40; photos, $4 539.42
Expense Continental Hall: employees pay roll, $3,116.50; electric current and gas, $283.55; ice and towel service, $73.38; water rent, $71.05; laundering, $17.07; repairs to door and elevator, $17.50; 4 uniforms, $90; lunch room supplies, $5.70; building supplies, $63.48; account of repairs to roof, $4,400 8,138.23
Printing Machine expense: printer, $160; electros, ink and repairs to cutter, 36.12 196.12
Magazine: Committee—clerical service, $442.52; postage, $55; notices, $20; old magazines, $.50; Editor—salary, $800; articles and photos, $377; postage, $.675; expressage, $.223; Genealogical Editor—salary, $200; printing and mailing June to September issues, $8,960.41; cuts, $323.30; copyright, $12 11,199.71
Auditing accounts 450.00
Auditorium events: labor, light and refunds 362.50
D.A.R. Reports: refund .60
Duplicate paper fee: refund 3.00
Furniture and Fixtures: 2 typewriters, $171.75; 2 fans, $54 225.75
Lineage: 800 copies Vol. 60, $1,623.50; old volumes and refunds, $15.50; postage, $75 1,714.00
Ribbon 65.50
State Regents’ postage 70.75
Stationery 585.41
Support of Real Daughters 1,460.00
Telephone 207.08
Thirty-first Congress: House Committee: leaflets, $53; rent of chairs, $173; superintendent, $50; Program Committee: programs, $709.63; leaflets, $14 999.65
Total disbursements 50,688.06
Balance 14,743.52

PERMANENT FUND

Balance in Bank at last report, May 31, 1922 25,869.00

RECEIPTS

Charters 190.00
Administration Building contributions 1,770.87
Continental Hall contributions 154.52
Liberty Loan contributions and interest 1,019.66
Liquidation and Endowment fund 80.80
Commissions: Flowers 62.90
Medals 100.00
insignia 345.00
Recognition pins 143.70 651.60
Interest 5.52
Total receipts 3,872.97
**Notes Payable—National Metropolitan Bank**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Administration Building payments</td>
<td>$97,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest, Notes payable</td>
<td>2,913.98</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Furnishings, Continental Hall</td>
<td>-196.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charter fee refunded—Ga.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquidation and Endowment contribution refunded—Calif.</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total disbursements</strong></td>
<td><strong>100,121.50</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance</strong></td>
<td><strong>$3,620.47</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Petty Cash Fund</strong></td>
<td><strong>$500.00</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SPECIAL FUNDS**

**LIFE MEMBERSHIP**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance, May 31, 1922</td>
<td>$315.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Disbursements—U. S. Bonds</strong></td>
<td>415.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance</strong></td>
<td>57.17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**IMMIGRANTS’ MANUAL**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance, May 31, 1922</td>
<td>$12,805.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts</td>
<td>1,560.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Disbursements—Hungarian, Polish and Yiddish editions</strong></td>
<td>14,365.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance</strong></td>
<td>2,090.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PILGRIM MOTHERS’ MEMORIAL FOUNTAIN**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance, May 31, 1922</td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PATRIOTIC EDUCATION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Receipts</td>
<td>$23,466.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disbursements</td>
<td>23,368.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance</strong></td>
<td>98.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PHILIPPINE SCHOLARSHIP ENDOWMENT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance, May 31, 1922</td>
<td>$566.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts</td>
<td>116.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Disbursements—U. S. Liberty Bonds</strong></td>
<td>682.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance</strong></td>
<td>561.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance</strong></td>
<td>121.65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PRESERVATION OF HISTORIC SPOTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance, May 31, 1922</td>
<td>85.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PRIZES—COL. WALTER SCOTT GIFT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance, May 31, 1922</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

MARKERS—NATIONAL OLD TRAILS ROAD

Balance, May 31, 1922 .............................................. 15.00

MARKER—WORLD WAR GRAVE

Receipts .................................................. $15.00
Disbursements ............................................ 15.00

RELIEF SERVICE

Balance, May 31, 1922 .............................................. $423.85
Receipts .................................................. 387.30
Disbursements ............................................ 811.15
Balance .................................................. 375.30

Total Special Funds ........................................ 435.85

RECAPITULATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Funds</th>
<th>Bal. 5-31-22</th>
<th>Receipts</th>
<th>Disbursements</th>
<th>Bal. 9-30-22</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Current</td>
<td>$39,445.65</td>
<td>$25,985.93</td>
<td>$50,688.06</td>
<td>$14,743.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permanent</td>
<td>25,869.00</td>
<td>77,872.97</td>
<td>100,121.50</td>
<td>3,620.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Petty Cash</td>
<td>500.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>500.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life Membership</td>
<td>315.57</td>
<td>100.00</td>
<td>358.40</td>
<td>57.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immigrants’ Manual</td>
<td>12,805.15</td>
<td>1,560.10</td>
<td>12,275.00</td>
<td>2,090.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilgrim Mothers’ Mem. Fountain</td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>25,000.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patriotic Education</td>
<td></td>
<td>23,466.25</td>
<td>23,368.00</td>
<td>98.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippine Scholarship</td>
<td>566.42</td>
<td>116.23</td>
<td>561.00</td>
<td>121.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preservation of Historical Spots</td>
<td>85.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>85.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prizes</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Markers—National Old Trails Road</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marker—World War Grave</td>
<td>423.85</td>
<td>387.30</td>
<td>375.30</td>
<td>435.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$106,025.64</td>
<td>$129,503.78</td>
<td>$187,762.26</td>
<td>$47,767.16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DISPOSITION OF FUNDS

Balance, National Metropolitan Bank .............................................. $47,267.16
Petty Cash (In Treasurer General’s office) .................................. 500.00
Total ........................................................................... $47,767.16

INVESTMENTS

Permanent Fund—Liberty Bonds ........................................... $100,000.00
Permanent Fund—Chicago and Alton Bonds .......................... 2,314.84
Permanent Fund—Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Bond ........... 1,000.00
Philippine Scholarship Fund—Liberty Bonds ......................... 10,000.00
Life Membership—Liberty Bonds ....................................... 1,000.00
.................................................................................. $114,314.84

INDEBTEDNESS

National Metropolitan Bank—by order of the 29th Continental Congress .............................................. $190,000.00

Respectfully,
(MRS. LIVINGSTON L.) LILLIAN A. HUNTER,
Treasurer General.
The Chairman of Finance Committee, Mrs. White, being in Europe, the Acting Chairman, Mrs. St. Clair, read the report of the Finance Committee.

Report of Finance Committee

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

In the absence of the Chairman of the Finance Committee I have the following report to submit: During the past four months vouchers have been authorized to the amount of $186,646.26, of which $23,368 represents contributions received for Patriotic Education and $375.30 for Relief work.

Four payments amounting to $97,000 were made to the contractors of the Office Building and $4400 was paid out for repairing the roof of Memorial Continental Hall.

Other large expenditures follow:

Clerical service .................................. $18,141.05
Magazine .......................................... 11,199.71
Employees of the Hall ............................ 3,488.50
Postage ........................................... 1,732.89
Support of Real Daughters ....................... 1,460.00
Printing and translating the Manual
in Yiddish, Polish and Hungarian. 12,275.00
Interest; Notes Payable ........................ 2,913.98
Printing 60th Volume of Lineage
Book ............................................. 1,623.50
Expenses of 31st Congress ....................... 999.65
Miscellaneous as itemized in report of Treasurer General .................. 7,668.68

Respectfully submitted,

(MRS. FRANCIS A.) MARY E. ST. CLAIR,
Acting Chairman.

Miss Coltrane, then read the report of the Auditing Committee as follows:

Report of Auditing Committee

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The Auditing Committee has met as usual monthly. The reports of the Treasurer General up to and including September 30, 1922, and the audit thereof by the American Audit Company, have been compared, found to agree, and placed on file with the Recording Secretary General.

Respectfully submitted,

JENN WINSLOW COLTRANE, Chairman.

The acceptance of the report of the Auditing Committee, moved by Mrs. Heath, seconded by Mrs. Bissell, and carried. The Treasurer General stated that last year in December there was transferred from the Current Fund to the Permanent Fund $20,000, and in anticipation that there would again be $20,000 in December to transfer, she moved that in December the Treasurer General be authorized to transfer from the Current Fund to the Permanent Fund $20,000. This was seconded by Mrs. Elliott and carried.

Miss Coltrane read her report as Historian General.

Report of Historian General

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I feel it a great privilege to report to you the work now being accomplished in your Historian General’s office on Historical Research and Preservation of Records. At the June Board Meeting I asked that you again grant us $75 to secure Dr. George Churchill for another year’s service for our historical program. This is the third year for our program and we feel gratified with the results obtained. The object of our program this year is to preserve and promote a deeper realization of the American spirit. Our subject is “The Expansion of the United States” developed as a study not only of the growth of the United States but of the movement of its people. One of the obstacles we found last year that must be overcome is to make our program more accessible. Some complaint was made that the reference material could not be secured. Miss Florence S. M. Crofut, one of the three Vice Chairmen working with your Historian General, was appointed to establish or secure agencies to cooperate with chapters which need reference books. Miss Crofut has communicated with all known State Universities and State Library Commissions. Of the fifty agencies to whom she wrote forty have replied, and only one of these was negative. Almost invariably heartiest cooperation was given to her tabulated inquiries. Miss Crofut has so minutely gone into this work of Extension Bureau for obtaining material that I only wish you might see her report as she has sent it to me. May I not ask each one of you present to take back to your chapters this information. Miss Crofut has found a means of cooperation in forty states by which chapters can obtain any information in the State University or State Library, and if you wish assistance relative to your program direct communication with her will be found most valuable, although she has reported to each State Historian the data she has secured for her state and she has also reported to the State Agencies. I feel Miss Crofut has rendered us a great service in the efficient way in which she has handled this matter and I hope you will avail yourself of the information she has secured.

We aspire this year to accomplish more con-
structive work for our Society and to make
the material at hand more available.
Miss Amelia Campbell, of New York, started
a most excellent work of compiling records of
unrecorded Pioneer, Colonial and Revolu-
tionary women, also Bible Records, old wills, rec-
ords of Revolutionary soldiers, etc. Miss Camp-
bell concentrated on this work last year and
through her efforts we found a continua-
tion of this work most essential for another
year, having all the information card cata-
louged, so it will be obtainable. With Miss
Campbell's usual enthusiasm and untiring
energy this work will be published this year
with excellent results for our organization.
With Miss Catherine Campbell, of Kansas,
as Chairman, we feel we are again to be
congratulated. Miss Campbell has sent out
2100 outlines securing data for a Historical
Directory of Historic facts and art in each state.
All of you are familiar with her outlines for
securing information. Miss Campbell's plan
for indexing these facts so that we may know
what each state contains of historic value will
be another splendid asset for our organization.
Since the June Board Meeting, Pennsylvania
has sent in an additional volume to her many
volumes of War Service Records and Maryland
has sent one of her five volumes which are
completed. Miss Harriette Marsh, State His-
torian of Connecticut has presented a genealogy
of the Holbrook Family in America and Miss
Lulu M. Davidson, of Lewiston, Illinois, has
sent several historical numbers of the Fulton
Democrat, one containing the Lincoln speech
which has never been published so fully since
it was printed in the Press Tribune of Chicago
in 1858.
Lineage Books, Volumes 60, 61, and 62 are
for sale, 63 is just ready for the press and 64
now under compilation. It is of interest to note
since June 3rd, six hundred fifty-nine volumes
have been sold.
Your Historian General is striving very hard
to compile before retiring from office, some in-
formation relative to our women in history.
Each of you are familiar with the require-
ments as presented in my September letter and
investigation I find these facts are very
hard to obtain, and I would like to inaugurate
a plan to preserve the lives of our great women,
so the future generations may be guided aright
by their great vision.
Respectfully submitted,
JENN WINSLOW COLTRANE,
Historian General.

There being no objection, the report was
accepted.
Mrs. Ellison read her report as follows:

Report of Librarian General

Madam President General and Members of the
National Board of Management:
It is a great pleasure to be with you today
to receive the inspiration which always comes
from our meetings. First, may I thank the
State Regents who have so kindly replied to
the circular letters which it was my privilege
as Librarian General and National Chairman
of Memorial Continental Hall Library Com-
mittee to send out September 25th to both State
Regents and the State Librarians. The latter,
forming as they do the membership of the
committee, as well as the Chairman, greatly
appreciate the encouragement and interest,
which first and foremost must and does come
from the State Regents. We depend upon
them to keep before the chapters the needs of
the Library, and upon the State Librarians
and committees to supply the desired vol-
umes, a list of which has been sent to each
State Librarian.
Also may I thank the State Regents for the
courtesy of invitations to the fall meetings and
conferences and again express regret that it
was not possible to attend.
The accessions are as follows:

BOOKS

CALIFORNIA
California Under Spain and New Mexico, 1555-
1837. J. B. Richman. 1911. From Berkeley Hills
Chapter.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
The following 18 volumes from Our Flag Chapter
were mailed out:

Year Book of Kentucky Society, S. A. R. 1896.
Proceedings of New Jersey Society, S. A. R.
Thomas' Reminiscences and Sketches of His Life and
Times. F. S. Thomas. 2 Vols. 1846.
Jurisdiction and Proceedings of Justices of the Peace
in Civil Suits. W. Griffith. 1768.
North Reform Church of Newark, N. J. 1907.
The American Guide. 1835.
Life of Washington. 1837. Col. Henry Bouquet and His
Campaigns of 1768 and 1766. C. Cort. 1888.
Old Catholic Maryland and Its Early Jesuit Mis-
1859.
Memoranda of Hawkins Family and Connections. J.
P. Hawkins. 1913.
The Army and Navy of America. J. K. Neff. 1845.
The Siege of Savannah in 1779. 1874.
Settlements of Scotch Highlanders in America. J. P.
From Mrs. Leila Drumgold Emig.
United States Official Postal Guide. 1922.
From Miss Lillian Norton.
From Mrs. Amos Q. Draper.
From Mrs. Helen M. Boynton.

GEORGIA
Biography of Major-General Zachary Taylor. 1848.
From Mrs. Alvah Weaver, Jr. through John Houston
Chapter.
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE

ILLINOIS


INDIANA

The following 2 volumes from Mrs. Mindwell C. Wilson, State Librarian: The Land of Miami. E. Barse. 1922. Third Annual Conference on Indiana History. 1922. The House of Hansa. S. A. Hanna. 1906. From Mrs. Mary D. Cain through Twin Forks Chapter.

IOWA


KENTUCKY


MASSACHUSETTS


MICHIGAN


MINNESOTA


MISSISSIPPI

75th Annual State Conference of Mississippi, D. A. R. 1922. From the Belvidere Chapter. Recollections of Mississippians and Mississippians. R. Davis. 1890. From Madame Hodnett Chapter.

MISSOURI


NEW JERSEY


NEW YORK


NORTH CAROLINA

Moravian Bicentenary Pamphlets. A. Fries. 1922. From Mrs. William N. Reynolds.

OHIO


PENNSYLVANIA


RHODE ISLAND

Second Record-Book of Society of Mayflower De- scendants in Rhode Island. 1908. From Eek Hopkins Chapter.

SOUTH CAROLINA

TENNESSEE


Diplomatic Correspondence of the American Revolution. 2 Vols. 1899. From Miss Rosalin Ewing.

UTAH


VERMONT

The following 3 volumes from General Lewis Morris Chapters:

- History of Essex County, Massachusetts. 1878. From Miss Mary D. Carleton and Mr. G. F. Davis.

WEST VIRGINIA


OTHER SOURCES


MASSACHUSETTS

- Massachusetts Historical Society Publications. 2 numbers. From Miss Annie S. Merrill.

MINNESOTA

- The following 2 pamphlets from Mrs. J. V. Boulware: Legend of the Lilies and Other Poems.
- The following 2 pamphlets from Mrs. J. V. Boulware: Tone Pictures.

MISSOURI


NEW YORK

- The 2 following pamphlets from Major Benjamin Bosworth Chapter: Moby Dick Fifty Years Ago and Today. J. E. Lynch.

PAPHELETS


CALIFORNIA

- A Little Girl of Old California. S. B. Smith. From Claremont Chapter.

CONNECTICUT


DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

- The following 4 pamphlets from Our Flag Chapter, through Mrs. Louis D. Carman: Carpenter’s Hall and Its Historic Memories. R. K. Bettis. 1893.

MEMOIR OF REV. FRANCIS HIGGINSON.

J. B. Pelt.

1852.

LETTERS OF DR. BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.

1905.

MEMORIAL SKETCH OF LIFE OF COMPATRIOT WILLIAM McGINLEY.

1903.

MOUNTED NEWSPAPER CLIPPINGS.

DAUGHTERS OF COLORADO CHAPTE.

1922-1923. Gift of Mrs. Francis A. St. Clair.

INDIANA

- Four Numbers of Indiana Magazine of History. From Mrs. Mindwell C. Wilson, State Librarian.

IOWA

- Descendants of Lyttleton Cockrell, Jr. 1808-1877. W. S. Stevenson. 1922. From Mrs. W. B. Stevenson.
- American History in the High Schools of Iowa. From Mrs. L. B. Schmidt.
- Iowa Journal of History and Politics. April, 1922. From Mrs. Louis B. Schmidt.

KENTUCKY

- Old Corvington, Kentucky. E. C. Mecan. 1922. From Elizabeth Kenton Chapter.

MICHIGAN

- The following 3 pamphlets from Algonquin Chapter.
- Freebies and Tan. R. C. Bowman. For Michigan Room.

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT
WASHINGTON


OTHER SOURCES

The Second Presbyterian Church of Albany, N.Y. 1812. Presented by Mr. Milton Thomas.
The American Pioneer and His Story. G. F. Parker.
From Iowa State Historical Society.
The 2 following pamphlets compiled and presented by Mr. William H. Hobbs, for Michigan Room:
Popular Government and the Nominating Convention. 1907.
History Teaching and American Citizenship, 1921.
North Carolina Society of the Cincinnati, Past and Present. Compiled and presented by Mr. John C. Davie, President of Society.
Illinois Athletics. 1922. From University of Illinois.

MANUSCRIPTS

INDIANA

Collection of Historical Manuscripts. From Mrs. Mary D. Cain through Twin Forks Chapter.

MASSACHUSETTS

Collection of Revolutionary Manuscripts. From Miss Annetta S. Merrill.

Missouri

Marriages of St. Charles County, Missouri. Presented by St. Charles Chapter.

NEW YORK

Family Record of Mrs. Elizabeth Stafford Doubleday.
From Tioughnioga Chapter.

Connecticut: Eight Deeds, dating from 1734 to 1773, to Thomas Stevens; Four Inventories, for the years 1779, 1782, 1800, and 1812, of Jonathan Stevens; Deed to Jonathan Stevens, dated 1804; all containing interesting and valuable autographs, and were the property of Mr. Edwin B. Stevens, Clintonville, Conn. Presented by Mrs. Frederick E. Stevens, Mary Silliman Chapter, Bridgeport, through the State Historian for Connecticut, Miss Harriette Parrish Marsh.

 Ludwig Historical Quarterly.

Mayflower Descendant. October, 1921. Presented by Mrs. Frank Anthony.

PERIODICALS

County Court Note-Book. July.


DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE.

July, August, September and October.

Essex Institute Historical Collections. July.

Genealogy. April and July.

Georgia Historical Quarterly. June.


Indiana Magazine of History. March.


Louisiana Historical Quarterly. January.

Maryland Historical Magazine. June and September.


April, 1922.

Missouri Historical Review. April and July.


New York State Historical Association Quarterly Journal. January and April.


Newport Historical Society Bulletin. October and July.

Palimpsest. The. June, July, August and September.

South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine. January.


Talents Quarterly Historical and Genealogical Magazine. July.

Virginia Magazine of History and Biography. July.

Western Pennsylvania Historical Magazine. July.

William and Mary College Quarterly. July.

Kentucky State Historical Society Register. September.

New York Genealogical and Biographical Record. October.

The list includes 148 books, 47 pamphlets, 6 manuscripts, 49 periodicals, and two bookplates.

Respectfully submitted,

(MRS. FRANK D.) ANNIE C. ELLISON, Librarian General.

Report accepted without objection.

MRS. Ellison voiced her appreciation of Miss Griggs, whose presence had been requested, the Board greeting her with applause. The President General, in behalf of the National Society, presented to her the $100 in gold in recognition of her service to the Society.

In the absence of Mrs. White, her report as Curator General was read by the Recording Secretary General as follows:

Report of Curator General

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the following accessions in the Museum since the Board Meeting of June 7, 1922:

CONNECTICUT: Eight Deeds, dating from 1734 to 1773, to Thomas Stevens; Four Inventories, for the years 1779, 1782, 1800, and 1812, of Jonathan Stevens; Deed to Jonathan Stevens, dated 1804; all containing interesting and valuable autographs, and were the property of Mr. Edwin B. Stevens, Clintonville, Conn. Presented by Mrs. Frederick E. Stevens, Mary Silliman Chapter, Bridgeport, through the State Historian for Connecticut, Miss Harriette Parrish Marsh.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Badge, "Custodian of Flags, N.S.D.A.R., 1915," worn by the first Custodian of Flags, Miss Catherine Barlow, who presents it to the Museum.

FLORIDA: Patent for 439 acres of land in Chemung, N. Y., to Cornelius Roberts; signed by Governor Clinton, of New York, and has the Great Seal of the State of New York attached. Presented by Miss Ida Agnes Laforce, Mount Dora, Florida.

MARYLAND: Eight Manuscripts, as follows:

Two Letters, one from John C. Calhoun and one from John Randolph (of R.) to Nathan Loughborough; two Bills of Sale of Negro Girl "Nanny" from John Brent to David Rawn, and from David Rawn to Nathan Loughborough; Will of James Webster, father of Mary, wife of Nathan Loughborough; Patent of 3934 Acres of Land from Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Nathan Loughborough, dated 1797, and signed by Thomas Mifflin, Governor of Pennsylvania; Letter from J. D. Scott to James Webster, written at home of
Thomas Jefferson, and delivered in person by Mr. Jefferson; A Verse, a composition by John Randolph, who gave it to Nathan Loughborough, an intimate friend, who was preparing a biography of John Randolph. These presented by Mrs. James Loughborough, Bethesda, Md.

Small Spinning Wheel, used by Martha Warner, of Sunderland, presented by Mrs. Henry Stockbridge, Thomas Johnson Chapter.

MASSACHUSETTS: Four Manuscripts: Deed, Eleazar Pope to Skelton Sheldon, for 40 acres of land, dated 1760; Deed, William and Abigail Bickford and Jonathan and Abigail Foster to James Foster, of Lynn, 1767; Power of Attorney, Elizabeth Sheldon to her son, Amos, dated 1789; Letters of Administration to Elizabeth Sheldon, Administrator of the Estate of her husband, Skelton Sheldon, 1790. Present by Miss Madeline Foster, Lydia Partridge Whiting Chapter.


NEW YORK: Facsimile of U. S. Treasury Warrant No. 1, dated 1789; first warrant issued by U. S. Treasury for bonded indebtedness; signed by Alexander Hamilton, first Secretary of the Treasury. Loan was made by the Bank of New York. Presented by Mr. H. L. Griggs, President, Bank of New York. Powder Flask, brass; presented by Mrs. Mary C. Martin, Benjamin Prescott Chapter; Silver Belt Buckle, once belonging to Riverius Russell; presented through Gan-i-o-di-ya Chapter, by Mr. Walter S. Russell, Le Roy, N. Y., grandson of Riverius Russell.


PENNSYLVANIA: Snuff Box, black, japanned, with decorated lid, used by General Arthur St. Clair, a Revolutionary officer; presented by Phebe Bayard Chapter. Silver Tablespoon, initials on handle, “S. A. T.”, formerly used by the daughter of Ensign George Loose; presented by Mrs. Edna Nicewonger Gruber, Phebe Bayard Chapter; Indenture, between Eliab Farnham and Eliab, Jr., and Joshua, his sons, dated Oct. 4, 1803. Presented by Mrs. Adelaide Henwood, Scranton City Chapter.


Fifty articles in all.

Respectfully submitted,
(MRS. GEORGE W.) LOUISE C. WHITE,
Curator General.

There being no objection, the report was accepted.

Mrs. Elliott then read her report.

Report of Corresponding Secretary General

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The following report covers the work done in the office of the Corresponding Secretary General from June 1st to October 1st.

The number of supplies issued were:

Application blanks .................................. 19,553
Leaflets “How to Become a Member” .................. 1,923
Leaflets of General Information ....................... 1,849
Constitutions ......................................... 1,248
Transfer cards ......................................... 804

The 1922 Committee Lists, the new printed “Lists of Papers” of the Historical and Literary Reciprocity Committee as well as 2000 circular letters, were mailed from my office, and we also addressed the wrappers for the Proceedings to be sent to the National Officers, State and Chapter regents.

All orders for the free Manuals were filled as promptly as possible. The number of these books sent out totaled 21,479, of which 7982 were in the English language; 2297 Spanish; 5222 Italian; 3510 Polish; 1296 Hungarian; 1172 Yiddish.
One thousand three hundred and twenty-two letters were received and recorded and 1222 letters were written.

Owing to the unprecedented increase in membership the work in the office of the Corresponding Secretary General has grown in proportion, so it has been found necessary to employ a second clerk regularly, and I shall hope very much to have the approval of the National Board that Miss Anna Block be made a permanent clerk at the next meeting of the Board.

Respectfully submitted,

(MRS. A. MARSHALL) LILY TYSON ELLIOTT, Corresponding Secretary General.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Hanger, as Chairman, read the report of the Building and Grounds Committee.

Report of Building and Grounds Committee

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The Building and Grounds Committee begs leave to report as follows: During the summer Memorial Continental Hall and grounds have been carefully cared for. The interior walls of our Building have been washed, floors waxed, furniture polished, summer coverings removed and the general condition of the rooms kept to the usual standard.

The new roof authorized by the Board was begun in June. During its construction your Chairman has made several investigating visits even to its highest points to watch progress; the technical points and the architectural details being under the supervision of Marsh and Peter, architects, Washington, D. C., and the Superintendent of our Building, Mr. Phillips.

Summer and winter uniforms, as authorized by the Board, were purchased for Guide, Messenger and Watchman. The summer ones have been of comfort to the men and most favorably commented upon.

The Committee recommends the purchase of dark blue denim working suits for the men not uniformed, to cost not more than $10 per suit.

During August, estimates were obtained for redecorating the rooms in the Hall which either from the faulty roof or from being used as offices, are not in a condition commensurate with the order we desire to maintain. The different State Regents were sent these estimates and your Committee believes from responses already received we will be able to report in April, 1923, the interior of our Building in perfect repair.

The flag pole on Memorial Continental Hall has been repainted and repaired by order of the Colorado Chapter, Denver, Colorado. This work to cost $35.

Two flags have been presented by the American Liberty Chapter of the District of Columbia through Mrs. Edgar Allan, a small flag which we fly daily, 5 x 8, and a much larger one, 8 x 12, which we fly when our President General is in the city. This gift was much needed as our old flags were tattered. The old flags have been burned by the Committee in respectful silence and attention.

A book, “The Great Myth,” has been presented for the Michigan room by the Pe-to-se-ga Chapter through its Regent, Mrs. Hinkle.

Several portraits have been received, but inasmuch as the Chairman of the Art Committee was absent from the city, no action from that Committee was obtained for this Board Meeting. Knowing the tense coal situation, your Chairman authorized the Superintendent to order an advance supply. We were not, however, allowed a full carload, but I am able to report that our allotment has been stored in our cellars and we hope to have another soon.

The following meetings have been held in our Auditorium during October: The Annual Roll Call of the American Red Cross and the Annual Meeting of the American Child Hygiene Association.

During this coming December we will house the “Lecturers’ Conference on Public Opinion and World Peace.” These lectures have been arranged upon the personal request of President Harding with the idea in view of disseminating the knowledge of America’s influence to promote and maintain World Peace. Monsieur Clemenceau is among the prominent speakers scheduled, as are representative men from many parts.

Respectfully submitted,

(MRS. G. WALLACE W.) LUCY GALT HANGER, Chairman, Building and Grounds Committee.

There being no objection, the report was accepted without its recommendation. Moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Buel, and carried, that the recommendation of the Chairman of Building and Grounds Committee be adopted for the purchase of dark blue denim working suits for the men not uniformed, to cost not more than $10 per suit.

Miss Lincoln read her report as follows:

Report of Editor of Magazine

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

There starts in the November Magazine the first of three articles by Charles Moore, Chairman of the National Commission of Fine Arts. Mr. Moore’s first article deals with George Washington’s boyhood, the next of his early life at Mount Vernon, and the third of his devotion to his step-children. Mr. Moore not only writes delightfully, but his articles are of historic value, and illustrated with reproductions
Another interesting article to come out shortly is by Mr. John C. Fitzpatrick, Assistant Chief of the Manuscript Division, Library of Congress. Mr. Fitzpatrick has written of George Washington’s aides-de-camp. The aides were the most remarkable body of young men in the history of the country and the welfare of the nation rested to a large extent in their hands. The authentic list of these aides, compiled in the Manuscript Division from official state papers, comprises 32 names.

We are fortunate to have gained Mr. Moore and Mr. Fitzpatrick as regular contributors to the Magazine. We are frequently receiving requests from other publications asking permission to reprint articles from their pens—for instance, that about “The Personal Seal and Visiting Card of By-gone Days,” by Mr. Fitzpatrick (October, 1921, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE), has been reproduced in the Typo-Line; Dennis-ton’s “What Next”—which has a circulation of over three hundred thousand; and is shortly to appear in an Hawaiian publication.

Dr. Carl Becker, head of the History Department of Cornell University, and one of the editors of the American Historical Review, has quoted Fitzpatrick’s article (July, 1922, Magazine) on “The Manuscript from which Thomas Jefferson wrote the Declaration of Independence,” in his recent volume on the Declaration, and has mentioned it twice, once in the acknowledgment and once in a footnote, each time giving credit to the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine.

The Message written by our President General and published in the June, 1922, Magazine, is reprinted in full in the Constitutional Review, the official journal of the National Association for Constitutional Government.

Every reprint of an article shows the substantial gain the Magazine is making toward universal recognition as a publication of historical and genealogical standing worthy of the National Society.

During this year more space had been devoted to the special Work of the Chapters and Genealogical Department. Special articles dealing with the latter subject have appeared recently and will be used even more frequently in the future. Mrs. Neyle Colquitt’s and Mrs. Ramsburgh’s genealogical accounts of the men and women in the St. Memin collection of profile likenesses, the most unique collection of Revolutionary characters in existence today, are attracting wide attention. Mr. William Dunlay Hunter, for fourteen years United States Consul at Nice, France, has written a charming sketch of the Calverts of Maryland, one of the great Colonial families of America, giving much historical data and illustrated with hitherto unpublished portraits. In later articles he will tell of the Dulany and Biscoe families and their English ancestry.

At the meeting in June last, this Board appropriated the sum of $500 to pay for special articles during the period of six months. There was at that time $43.75 left in the treasury to the credit of this fund from a previous appropriation, making a total of $43.75. Of this sum $21.50 has been expended for photographs and $50 for sixteen articles. Thirty-two dollars was the average price paid for these sixteen articles, some of which will not be published until January and February, thus the expenditure covers a period of nine months. As articles must be purchased far in advance of publication, may I recommend to the Board that $500 be set aside for this purpose to cover the next six months.

The loyal support of the Board has advanced every interest of the Magazine. I also very deeply appreciate the courtesy and kindness extended to me personally.

Respectfully submitted,

Natalie S. Lincoln,  
Editor.

There being no objection, the report was accepted. Moved by Miss McDuffee, seconded by Mrs. Heath, and carried, that the National Board authorize the appropriation of $500 with which to purchase articles for the Magazine.

Mrs. Bissell read her report as Chairman of Magazine Committee.

Report of Chairman of Magazine Committee

Madam President General and Members of the Board:

There is no special report that your Chairman can give you at this time. The Magazine is slowly recovering from the decrease in circulation caused by the increase in price one year ago. The prizes offered have aroused interest, and nearly all the States are working, but our subscriptions today number only 10,578, which is less than 9 per cent. of our membership. This ought not to be. It is hard to understand the lack of interest the members manifest toward their own official organ. It would seem that every Daughter would feel that she must read the Magazine; that she could not keep her interest in the organization unless she kept in touch with its recorded activities. Your Chairman can think of no new argument to give you. The Magazine speaks for itself and the members who read it realize its value.

Very soon we shall send out our annual appeal to use the Magazine as a Christmas gift. What
better gift could you make to some one who does not have it than to send a year's subscription. You would confer a gift which would be a benefit throughout the whole year and in many cases no doubt, we would gain a "steady subscriber."

If every subscriber would secure one new subscriber, and surely we could do that, every one of us, it would go a long way toward the goal of "at least 25,000 subscribers by January 1, 1923."

Again your Chairman appeals for your united effort for your Magazine.

Respectfully submitted,

EVA V. M. BISSELL,
Chairman Magazine Committee.

There being no objection, the report was accepted.

The Treasurer General brought to the attention of the Board the matter of the Lineage Books, of which she said the early volumes were fast being exhausted; seventeen issues are entirely exhausted and of eight issues there are less than ten remaining in the Business Office; that Congress had made a ruling a number of years ago that volumes 2, 3, 4, and 5 should be charged for at the rate of $5 a volume, and moved that when any issue of the Lineage Books has decreased to ten volumes that a charge of $5 be made for such volumes. This was seconded by Mrs. Yawger and carried.

At one o'clock recess was taken for luncheon.

Afternoon session was called to order at 2:20 P.M.

Mrs. Buel, Vice Chairman in charge of the Manual for Immigrants, stated that the time was approaching when new editions would be needed, especially the English edition, because the English edition was being rapidly exhausted, and that it had seemed wise, in consultation with the Treasurer General, that this Board should authorize the publication of new editions whenever in the opinion of the Treasurer General the Manual Fund warranted such an expense. Mrs. Buel said also that in conformity with suggestions received from several Americanization workers, the new English edition would have larger print, that the phraseology of several passages would be simplified, and the new naturalization law regarding women would be added. Moved by Mrs. Buel, seconded by Mrs. Harris, and carried, that the Vice Chairman in charge of the Manual for Immigrants be authorized to publish new editions of the Manual whenever, in the opinion of the Treasurer General, the Manual Fund seems to justify the expense.

Mrs. Guernsey reported informally the progress on the Administration Building, the completion of which had been delayed owing to the railroad strike and the inability to have the woodwork delivered by freight. The states that had promised their money, Mrs. Guernsey said, had collected it and sent in their reports, and letters were being constantly received from individuals and chapters, as well as states, asking what could be done individually; that there would be many special features that could be taken, a uniform marking to be devised for all these special features. Mrs. Guernsey further stated that the money given by the states for their rooms would be used for the furniture, the decoration of the walls, the shades and electric fixtures, and what was left would be applied on the construction of the rooms, but at the amounts asked for each room there would not be enough in any case to allow a third of the cost of the construction of the room.

Mrs. Hunter read her report as Chairman of Printing Committee.

Report of Chairman of Printing Committee

The Chairman of the Printing Committee respectfully submits the following report:

Early in the spring a contract was made with Messrs. Judd and Detweiler, to print volumes No. 60, 61 and 62 of the Lineage Books at a price of $4.25 per page.

These three issues have been duly printed and delivered at Memorial Continental Hall. After securing estimates from several different firms, an order was placed with the lowest bidders to print 2000 copies of the Proceedings of the 31st Continental Congress at $4 per page—a slight increase over the cost of the printing of the proceedings of the previous Continental Congress.

Since the June Board Meeting orders have been placed with local printers for work which could not be handled in the building amounting to $450.90. This printing comprises the committee lists, reciprocity lists of papers, reprints of the reports of several of the national officers and chairmen of committees as given at Continental Congress; also a four-page bulletin on information for State Regents and State Vice Regents, and two dozen books of permits for recognition pins.

In addition to this there has been an enormous amount of printing done on our own little printing press under the supervision of Mr. Phillips.

The printing press has been working daily, and has turned out over 40,000 application blanks. Beside the application blanks there has been over 44,000 blanks, letters and cards printed, which have been used in carrying on the work of the various officers and of the National Committees.

This printing has been done at a very great saving to the National Society.

The compilation of the leaflet of Information
as ordered by the June National Board has been compiled and will soon be ready for distribution.

Respectfully submitted,

LILLIAN A. HUNTER,
Chairman, of Printing Committee.

There being no objection, the report was accepted.

In the name of every Daughter in North Carolina, Mrs. Spencer turned over to the Treasurer General a check for $1500 in full payment for the Historian General's room, the receipt of which check the Treasurer General duly acknowledged.

Mrs. Cook read the following report of her Committee on the offer to the National Society of the Rosa Bonheur Chateau.

Report of Committee on Offer of Rosa Bonheur Chateau

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Your Committee appointed to investigate the proposed gift of the Rosa Bonheur Chateau in France, to the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, by Miss Anna E. Klumpke, respectfully reports:

That having carefully considered the objects and purposes for which the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was organized and the purposes set forth in and authorized by its Charter, to which purposes its activities are confined; and that the acceptance of such a proposition as that of Miss Anna E. Klumpke is not authorized by the Charter, and that such proposition could not properly be considered or acted upon until an amendment to the fundamental law of the organization, its Charter had been petitioned for and duly granted; and further, that if authority to accept the proposition be granted through an amendment to the Charter, the amount of money to be secured to guarantee an annuity of $15,000, would be not less than $300,000; and having regard for the present fixed charges, financial obligations, the program for uses of funds clearly within contemplation of the Society and authorized by its Charter; and regarding also the present general financial situation indicating the unwise-ness of incurring large financial liabilities, we are constrained to recommend that no further action be taken upon the proposition of Miss Anna E. Klumpke other than to express appreciation of her offer and notify her of this report.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted by your Committee at a meeting held October 16, 1922, in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall, at 10 o'clock A.M.

Moved by Mrs. Hunter, seconded by Mrs. Whitman, and carried by unanimous vote:

That the Committee having duly investigated and considered the gracious offer of Miss Anna E. Klumpke, to constitute the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, the Custodian of the Rosa Bonheur Chateau, reports to the National Board, that in its opinion the plan is impracticable from a business standpoint and recommends that the Society regretfully declines to accept the trust.

Moved by Mrs. Seydel, seconded by Miss Coltrane, and carried by unanimous vote:

That, this Committee recommends to the National Board of Management that notification be sent to National Officers, State Regents, and State Vice Regents of the action of the Board in regard to the Rosa Bonheur Chateau.

LOLA HAINES COOK,
Chairman.

Moved by Mrs. McCall, seconded by Mrs. Holden, that we accept the report with its recommendation. Carried.

Mrs. Nash read the report of the Committee on the Col. Walter Scott Prize Fund as follows:

Report of Committee on Col. Walter Scott Prize Fund

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The Committee on the distribution of the Col. Walter Scott Fund met in Memorial Continental Hall this morning, October 17th, at 9 o'clock, the following members present: Mrs. Seydel, Miss Lincoln, Mrs. Hardy, Mrs. Chubbuck and Mrs. Nash—Mrs. Seydel acting as Secretary.

The Committee heard the suggestion for stimulating the study of the Manual of Information for Immigrants by the National Vice Chairman in charge of the Manual, Mrs. Buel, and by unanimous vote makes the following recommendation:

That a prize of $5 in gold be given to each State to be awarded by that State to the person, either foreign-born or Southern mountaineer, who submits the best essay in English, of not less than 1000 words or more than 2000, on the subject: "What I have learned from the Manual for Immigrants"; each State to arrange the details of its own contest through its Patriotic Education Committee and the judges to be a committee of the Daughters of the American Revolution to be appointed by the State Regent.

And that we offer an additional prize of $10 to be awarded as follows:

Five dollars to the foreign-born for the best essay among the winning essays, and $5 to the Southern mountaineer for the best essay among the winning essays; these winning essays (from the states) to be submitted to a committee of
judges to be appointed by the National Chairman of Patriotic Education.

Respectfully submitted for the Committee.

FRANCES T. NASH, Chairman.

Moved by Mrs. Bissell, seconded by Mrs. Shumway, and carried, that this report be accepted with its recommendations.

The Treasurer General reported with regret that the Society had lost through death since the last Board meeting 135 members. At the request of the President General the Board rose in silent memory of these 135 members. Mrs. Hunter reported also that 20 members had resigned, and 99, having complied with the requirements of the By-laws, had requested to be reinstated, and she therefore moved that the 99 former members, having complied with the requirements of the By-laws, be reinstated, and that the Secretary be instructed to cast the ballot for their reinstatement. Seconded by Mrs. Ellison and carried. The Recording Secretary General announced the casting of the ballot and the President General declared these 99 former members reinstated as members of the National Society.

Moved by Mrs. Heath, seconded by Mrs. Holden and Mrs. Bissell, and carried, that a telegram be sent to Mrs. Albert Calder, Vice President General from Rhode Island, expressing our regret that she is not with us to-day, and wishing for her continued improvement in health.

Moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Harris, and carried, that the President General send a note of sympathy from the Board to Mrs. Harding, our President's wife, in her very serious illness, expressing the hope that she will soon be better and be returned to perfect health.

Mrs. Harris reported informally on patriotic education work and stated that she had examined six of the text-books that have been under criticism.

Mrs. McCall referred to the statement in the President General's report that in the absence of any action by the Board she had allowed herself to become a member of the Committee of Twenty for better motion pictures. After some discussion, it was moved by Mrs. Seydel, seconded by Mrs. McCall, and carried, that our President General be a member of the Committee of Twenty of which Mr. Will Hays is the President.

Miss McDuffee, as Vice Chairman in charge of Americanization, reported the result of her visit last summer to Ellis Island and what was being done by the Ellen Hardin Walworth Chapter of New York in furnishing the salary of the kindergarten assistant at the Island, and stated that the money that was appropriated at the June Board meeting had been used for the purchase of kindergarten supplies, and the work was going forward in a splendid way. It was found, however, that there was other work at the Island that had not already been taken—this kindergarten work being a part of the work of another organization—and that occupational and recreational work in the women's detention rooms had been recommended as the work that had not already been preempted and which was greatly needed. It was therefore moved by Miss McDuffee, seconded by Mrs. Nash, that whereas the occupational and recreational features in the Women's Detention Room are the greatest need open to the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, for service at Ellis Island, therefore be it resolved that the National Society undertake the same and ask each chapter for $2 toward financing our work at Ellis Island. Members of the Board expressed the feeling that the smaller chapters should not be asked to give the same amount as the larger chapters, and during the discussion it appeared that some of the State Regents could get the equivalent of $2 a chapter in another way than by asking the amount of the chapters—those states having a budget being able to vote the amount at once under the head of Americanization work. The motion was variously amended, the amendments withdrawn in turn, and Miss McDuffee, with the permission of the Board, reworded her motion to read—whereas the Occupational and Recreational features in the Women's Detention Room are the greatest need open to the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, for service at Ellis Island; Therefore be it resolved, that the National Society undertake the same and that each State Regent be asked for an amount equal to $2 per chapter in her State toward financing our work at Ellis Island. Seconded by Mrs. Nash and carried. Miss McDuffee urged that any clothing or kindergarten supplies that the Daughters might be able to send should be addressed to Mrs. John S. S. Remsen, Daughters of the American Revolution Representative, Social Service Department, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y.

The Treasurer General moved that one former member, having complied with the requirements of the By-laws, be reinstated and the Secretary instructed to cast the ballot for the reinstatement of the member. Seconded by Mrs. Yawger and carried. The Recording Secretary General announced the casting of the ballot and the President General declared this member reinstated.

The President General read a letter from the State Department referring to the tablet
voted by Congress to be placed in Memorial Continental Hall in appreciation of the use of the building for the plenary sessions of the Conference on the Limitation of Armament, and stated that she understood the tablet would be placed immediately back of where President Harding stood in opening the Conference, that is, exactly in the middle of the wall back of the platform under the insignia.

Mrs. Bissell moved that the tablet presented to the National Society, D.A.R., by the United States Government be accepted with appreciation and the State Department be notified of this action, and further that this Board authorizes the placing of the tablet in the position indicated by the State Department. Seconded by Mrs. Fitts and carried.

The President General referred to the statement in her report that the property of the Society had been made free from taxation, and suggested that it might be fitting to send a vote of thanks to Representative McFadden for his efforts in behalf of the bill which he had introduced. Moved by Mrs. Hunter, seconded by Mrs. Cook, and carried, that a vote of appreciation be sent to Representative McFadden for his valuable assistance in securing the passage of a Bill exempting from taxation property owned by the Daughters of the American Revolution in the City of Washington.

Moved by Mrs. Davis, seconded by Mrs. Young: Resolved, that visitors be excluded from the floor and galleries of Continental Hall during the sessions of our Congress until all delegates and alternates are provided with seats. During the discussion which ensued it developed that the seats in which the guests of the Society sat during the formal opening were not taken from the delegates entitled to be seated in the auditorium, and that in order to be sure to provide a seat for every delegate and alternate entitled to such a seat the By-laws would have to be amended to cut down representation. The motion was put and lost.

Mrs. Bissell presented the request of a chapter in Connecticut for permission to incorporate so that they may acquire, hold, or sell real estate or other property for the benefit of the chapter. Moved by Mrs. Ellison, seconded by Miss Strider, and carried, that Sarah Whitman Trumbull Chapter, Connecticut, be given permission to incorporate.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter which had been sent to the Treasurer General by the State Vice Regent of Pennsylvania requesting permission for the Dial Rock Chapter of West Pittston, Penna., to incorporate in order to hold property. Moved by Mrs. Cook, seconded by Mrs. Hunter, and carried, that Dial Rock Chapter of West Pittston, Penna., be granted the privilege of incorporating in order to hold property.

Another letter addressed to the Treasurer General was read by the Recording Secretary General from Mrs. Ward, Regent of the Willamette Chapter stating that an equestrian statue of Roosevelt was to be presented to Portland and the donor, Doctor Coe, had desired the Willamette Chapter to act as custodian and see that the city lived up to its agreement to clean and care for the statue, but the chapter could not act in this capacity unless it was incorporated. Moved by Mrs. McCleary, seconded by Mrs. Young, and carried, that Willamette Chapter, of Portland, Oregon, be permitted to incorporate.

The Organizing Secretary General presented a list of names selected by chapters for the approval of the Board as follows:

Ravenswood at Ravenswood, W. Va.; Green Tree Tavern for the chapter forming at Charleston, Ind.; Cairo for the chapter forming at Cairo, Ga.; Mistress Mary Williams for the chapter at Orange, N. J.; Col. Morgan Morgan for the chapter forming at Fairmont, W. Va.; Isaac I. Stevens for the chapter at Anacortes, Washington; Eleanor Armor for the chapter at Laurens, Iowa; Eliza Spaulding Warren for the chapter at Moscow, Idaho; Col. Charles Lynch for the chapter at Altavista, Va.; Benjamin Sargent for the chapter at Pittsfield, N. H.; St. Cloud for the chapter at St. Cloud, Minn.; John Ross for the chapter at Chattanooga, Tenn.; Willapa for the chapter at Raymond, Washington; Menotomy Chapter at Arlington, Mass.; Capt. Thomas Moore, San Marcos, Texas; Tunis for the chapter at Delhi, N. Y.; Benjamin Franklin for the chapter forming at Paris, France; Clarence for the chapter forming at Clarence, Missouri; Charlotte Warrington Turner for the chapter at Redfield, S. D.; Eunice Day for the chapter forming at Holyoke, Mass.

Mrs. Hanger moved that these names be granted to these chapters. Moved by Mrs. Bissell, seconded by Mrs. McCleary, that the names proposed for chapters, which have been read by the Organizing Secretary General be acted upon collectively, carried. The motion of Mrs. Hanger was then put and carried, that these names be granted to these chapters.

Mrs. Hanger presented the request of the State Regent of North Carolina for the appointment of Mrs. Mary Colvin Murphy at Snow Hill, N. C., which had not been included in the report because the transfer of the lady had not arrived, and asked the permission of the Board to incorporate this in her report, which request was granted.
Miss Strider presented her supplementary report as follows:

Supplemental Report of Registrar General

I have the honor to report 875 applications presented to the Board, making a total of 1550.

Respectfully submitted,

EMMA T. STRIDER,
Registrar General.

Moved by Miss Strider, seconded by Mrs. Hanger, and carried, that the Secretary be instructed to cast the ballot for the admission of 875 applicants for membership. The Recording Secretary General announced the casting of the vote and the President General declared these 875 applicants members of the National Society.

Mrs. Nash here presented the matter of the Monument plan, which had been approved by the Board in 1916, reading numerous letters, rulings, and other data, and offered the following resolution relating to another project, as follows:

Resolved, that the President General be authorized to appoint a member of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution Treasurer of the “New York State Memorial Committee, D.A.R.” for the purpose of withdrawing from the Lincoln National Bank, of New York City, the Liberty bonds and cash held by said Bank for the account and to the credit of said New York State Memorial Committee, D.A.R.

Further Resolved, that the Treasurer so appointed by the President General shall upon the withdrawal of said bonds and cash forthwith deliver the same to the Treasurer General of the National Society to be returned to the donors of the original fund, or to such of them as may be ascertained;

Further Resolved, that upon the delivery of said bonds and cash to the Treasurer General of the National Society the New York State Memorial Committee, D.A.R., be and the same is disbanded, and it, said New York State Memorial Committee, D.A.R., and the officers thereof be relieved and discharged from any and all liability or responsibility for said funds, and that the records pertaining to the organization and operations of said New York State Memorial Committee, D.A.R., be filed in the archives of the National Society.

FRANCES T. NASH,
State Regent of New York.

After a lengthy discussion, in which many of the members took part, the resolution was put to vote and lost.

The following resolution was presented by Mrs. Nash:

Whereas, We desire to place an official marker upon the grave of a man who was a Patriot of the Revolution, but not a soldier, and

Whereas, We find no sanction in the National laws of our Society for such action and no marker designed for such purpose, and

Whereas, We, the Rufus King Chapter, beg leave to submit to the National Officers and Board of Management for their adoption the following design as the Society’s official marker of a Patriot’s grave:

“Patriot of the Revolution,”

this to be on a marker of the same form and design as that of* the official marker for a Soldier of the Revolution:

Therefore, be it Resolved, That this petition be placed before the National Board of Management by the State Regent of New York for the approval of said Board, and requesting that it be given immediate consideration.

MARY ROWE DUGAN,
Regent.

CORA LAKE THOMAS,
Recording Secretary.

The adoption of the resolution of the State Regent of New York, relative to the markers for a patriot of the Revolution, was moved by Mrs. Buel, seconded by Mrs. Hodgkins, and carried.

Mrs. Chubbuck brought the request of one of her chapters for the adoption of pins for past state officers other than State Regent and State Vice Regent. The statement being made that this was a matter that should be brought to the attention of the Committee on Insignia, the President General informed the Board that there was no Committee on Insignia, but if the Board voted that such a committee be appointed she would take pleasure in complying with the request. Moved by Mrs. Chubbuck, seconded by Mrs. Hodgkins, that a committee be appointed on insignia.

The Recording Secretary General read the minutes, which were approved. On motion, duly seconded, the meeting adjourned at 6:45 P.M.

RITA A. YAWGER,
Recording Secretary General.
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY OF THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
HEADQUARTERS
MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL
SEVENTEENTH AND D STREETS, N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C.
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT
1922–1923

President General
MRS. GEORGE MAYNARD MINOR,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D.C.

Vice Presidents General
(Term of office expires 1923)

MRS. CASSIUS C. COTTLE,
1412 Victoria Ave., Los Angeles, Calif.
MRS. EDWARD LANSING HARRIS,
6719 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.
MRS. JAMES T. MORRIS,
2101 Blaisdell Ave., Minneapolis, Minn.
MRS. EDWARD P. SCHOENTGEN, 407 Glenn Ave., Council Bluffs, Ia.

(Term of office expires 1924)

MRS. JOHN TRIGG MOSS,
6017 Enright Ave., St Louis, Mo.
MRS. BENJAMIN D. HEATH,
Heathcote, Charlotte, N.C.
MRS. LYMAN E. HOLDEN,
8 Park Place, Brattleboro, Vt.
MRS. HOWARD L. HODGKINS, 1821 Kalorama Road, Washington, D. C.

(Term of office expires 1925)

MRS. CHARLES S. WHITMAN,
54 East 83d St., New York, N.Y.
MRS. HENRY McCLEARY,
McCleary, Wash.
MRS. ANTHONY WAYNE COOK,
Cooksburg, Pa.

MRS. MRS. C. D. CHENAULT,
Lexington, Ky.
MISS CATHERINE CAMPBELL,
316 Willow St., Ottawa, Kan.
MRS. ALBERT L. CALDER, 2nd,
226 Blackstone Boulevard, Providence, R. I.

MISS ALICE LOUISE McDUFFEE,
1012 West Main St., Kalamazoo, Mich.
MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL,
Newcastle, Wyoming.
MRS. JOHN LAIDLAW BUEL,
Litchfield, Conn.
MRS. EVEREST G. SEWELL, 143 S. E. 2nd St., Miami, Fla.

Chaplain General
MRS. SELDEN P. SPENCER,
2123 California St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General
MRS. JOHN FRANCIS YAWGER,
Memorial Continental Hall.
Organizing Secretary General
MRS. G. WALLACE W. HANGER,
Memorial Continental Hall.
Treasurer General
MRS. LIVINGSTON L. HUNTER,
Memorial Continental Hall.

Corresponding Secretary General
MRS. A. MARSHALL ELLIOTT,
Memorial Continental Hall.
Registrar General
MISS EMMA T. STRIDER,
Memorial Continental Hall.
Historian General
MISS JENN WINSLOW COLTRANE,
Memorial Continental Hall.

Reporter General to Smithsonian Institution
MISS LILLIAN M. WILSON,
Memorial Continental Hall.

Librarian General
MRS. FRANK D. ELLISON,
Memorial Continental Hall.
Curator General
MRS. GEORGE W. WHITE,
Memorial Continental Hall.
STATE REGENTS AND STATE VICE REGENTS—1922-1923

ALABAMA
Mrs. Walter Ambrose Robinson, 639 Walnut St., Gadsden.
Mrs. Stanley Finch, 110 N. Conception St., Mobile.

ARIZONA
Mrs. Hoval A. Smith, Bisbee.
Mrs. William Lee Pinney, Phoenix.

ARKANSAS
Mrs. Alexander M. Barrow, 517 W. 5th Ave., Pine Bluff.
Mrs. Harry C. Anderson, Amity.

CALIFORNIA
Mrs. Lyman B. Stookey, 1240 W. 29th St., Los Angeles.
Mrs. Allen H. Vance, 170 Central Avenue, Sausalito.

COLORADO
Mrs. Herbert B. Hayden, 603 Spruce St., Boulder.
Mrs. Clyde C. Dawson, 1111 R. R. F., Denver.

CONNECTICUT
Mrs. Charles Humphrey Biscell, 235 N. Main St., Southington.
Miss Katharine Arnold Nettleton, 61 Seymour Ave., Derby.

DELAWARE
Miss Eleanor Eugenia Todd, 27 W. Main St., Newark.
Mrs. Edward Farrell, Smyrna.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
Mrs. William K. Hardy, 119 5th St., N. E., Washington.
Mrs. John M. Beavers, 3702 Columbia Road, Washington.

FLORIDA
Mrs. James A. Craig, 283 W. Duval St., Jacksonville.
Mrs. Theodore Strawn, Dothan.

GEORGIA
Mrs. Charles Averman, 106 Culver St., Macon.
Mrs. Julius Y. Talmadge, 1296 Prince Avenue, Athens.

HAWAI'I
Mrs. Sally Hume Douglas, P. O. Box 346, Honolulu.

IDAHO
Mrs. Kennedy Packard, 431 Sycamore Ave. E. Twin Falls.
Mrs. D. W. Standbrod, 644 N. Garfield Ave., Pocatello.

ILLINOIS
Mrs. H. Eugene Chubbuck, Grand View Drive, Peoria.
Mrs. Vinton Bari Sisson, 5456 Ferdinand St., Chicago.

INDIANA
Mrs. Samuel Elliott Perkins, 1011 N. Fern St., Indianapolis.

IOWA
Miss Amy Gilbert, State Center.
Mrs. H. A. White, 815 5th Ave., Clinton.

KANSAS
Mrs. George Thatcher Guernsey, Independent.
Mrs. Robert Bruce Campbell, "Riverbend," Wichita.

KENTUCKY
Mrs. William Rodes, 190 E. High St., Lexington.
Mrs. John W. Chenaunt, 2217 Glenmary Ave., Louisville.

LOUISIANA
Mrs. S. A. Dickson, 1041 Jacobs St., Shreveport.
Mrs. Thomas D. Stewart, 2231 Chestnut St., New Orleans.

MAINE
Miss Maude M. Cushman, 126 Goff St., Auburn.

MARYLAND
Mrs. Adam Denmead, 2234 N. Calvert St., Baltimore.
Mrs. Rex Corbin Maupin, 2004 Maryland Ave., Baltimore.

MASSACHUSETTS
Mrs. Franklin P. Shumway, 25 Bellevue Ave., Melrose.
Mrs. George Minot Baker, Foxhurst, Concord.

MICHIGAN
Mrs. L. Victor Skydel, 148 Lafayette Ave., N. E., Grand Rapids.
Mrs. Addison Blake Kent, 622 State St., S. Joseph.

MINNESOTA
Mrs. Marshall H. Oolidge, 1906 Kenwood Parkway, Minneapolis.

MISSISSIPPI
Miss Henrietta S. Mitchelli, Jackson.
Mrs. Robert Somerville, Clinton.

MISSOURI
Mrs. Paul D. Kitt, Chillicothe.
Mrs. Henry W. Harris, Sedalia.

MONTANA
Mrs. Charles F. Spencer, 2011 K St., Lincoln.
Mrs. Elizabeth Anne O'linn Smith, Chadron.

NEW HAMPSHIRE
Mrs. Leslie J. Peck, Rochester.

NEW JERSEY
Mrs. Henry D. Fitts, 441 Ridge St., Newark.
Mrs. Charles H. Banks, 1308 Watchung Ave., Plainfield.

NEW MEXICO
Mrs. R. P. Barnes, Albuquerque.
Mrs. Francis Cushman Wilson, Buena Vista Road, Santa Fe.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td>Mrs. Charles White Nash, 8 Lafayette St., Albany.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Charles M. Bull, 266 Henry St., Brooklyn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>Mrs. W. O. Spencer, Winston-Salem.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Charles W. Tillett, 801 N. Tryon St., Charlotte.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>Mrs. George Morley Young, Vallet City.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Melvin A. Hildreth, 800 7th St., South Fargo.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>Mrs. William Magee Wilson, Church and King Sts., Xenia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>Mrs. H. H. McLintock, 903 Johnston Ave., Bartlesville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. W. L. Mayes, 231 S. 13th St., Muskogee.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>Miss Anne M. Lang, 115 W. 4th St., The Dalles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Bruce L. Bogart, 962 Pearl St., Eugene.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>Mrs. Edwin Erle Sparks, State College.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. John B. Heron, Hadson, Linden Ave., Pittsburgh.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhode Island</td>
<td>Mrs. Leslie H. Davis, Westerly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Frederick Morse, 4 Summit St., Pawtucket.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>Mrs. Franklin C. Cain, St. Matthews.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. J. A. Bailey, Clinton.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>Mrs. Leslie Grant Hill, Sioux Falls.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>Mrs. Logan Seits Gillentine, McPherson.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. John H. Cantrell, 821 Vine St., Chattanooga.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>Mrs. William D. Garlington, 2701 Fairmount Ave., Dallas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Samuel L. Seay, 710 Polk St., Amarillo.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>Mrs. John Edward Carver, 718 26th St., Ogden.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Clesson S. Kinney, 820 E. 4th South, Salt Lake City.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vermont</td>
<td>Mrs. John H. Stewart, Middlebury.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Miss Jennie Valentine, Bennington.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>Dr. Kate Waller Barrett, 406 Duke St., Alexandria.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. James Reese Schick, 911 Orchard Hill, Roanoke.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Henry W. Patton, 724 7th St., Hoquiam.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>Mrs. Robert J. Reed, 100 12th St., Wheeling.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. W. H. Conaway, 109 Virginia Ave., Fairmont.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wisconsin</td>
<td>Mrs. George L. Parke, 805 Court St., Janesville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Isaac P. Witter, Wisconsin Rapids.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>Mrs. Bryant Butler Brooks, Box 1070, Casper.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Maurice Groshon, Cheyenne.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orient</td>
<td>Mrs. Caroline E. McWilliams Holt, 744 A. Marini, Manila, P. I.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Elaine Childs Elser, 600 M. H. del Pilar, Manila, P. I.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**HONORARY OFFICERS ELECTED FOR LIFE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Honorary Presidents</th>
<th>General</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Daniel Manning,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Matthew T. Scott,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. William Cuming Story,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. George Thacher Guernsey.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Honorary President Presiding | Mrs. Mary V. E. Cabell. |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Honorary Vice Presidents</th>
<th>General</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. A. Howard Clark, 1899.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Mildred S. Mathies, 1899.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. William Lindsay, 1906.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Sara T. Kinney, 1910.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, 1911.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, 1913.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. E. Gaylord Putnam, 1913.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Wallace Delafield, 1914.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Drayton W. Bushnell, 1914.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. George M. Sternberg, 1917.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Articles
You Will Be Satisfied to Give

or to use, are not necessarily costly. The stocks of gold jewelry, silver, silver plate, watches, clocks, leather articles, china, crystal, lamps, canes, umbrellas, crops, etc., contain many desirable pieces that are extremely moderate in price.

And there is always the gratifying assurance of quality, of greater value and range of choice—advantages accruing to the long experience, widespread trade affiliations and large dealings of this house.

Visitors are invited to examine the various stocks at pleasure, and without obligation to purchase.

Patrons have found the service by post entirely satisfactory.

J.E. Caldwell & Co.
Philadelphia
Chestnut and Juniper Sts.