Daughters of the American Revolution

SOUVENIR SPOONS
Percentage to the Continental Hall Fund

PRICE LIST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TEA SPOONS, plain or oxidized</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; with gilt bowls</td>
<td>2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>all gilt</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COFFEE SPOONS, plain or oxidized</td>
<td>$1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot; with gilt bowl</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>all gilt</td>
<td>1.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Send orders to 902 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

D. A. R. RECOGNITION PIN, official emblem for daily use $1.00
Order from Mrs. Ellenore Dutcher Key, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C. Percentage to Memorial Continental Hall.

PHOTOGRAPHS
Photographs of Memorial Continental Hall, both exterior and interior, can be ordered direct from G. V. Buck, 1113 F St., N. W., Washington, D. C. Sizes from 10c to $1 a copy. Percentage to Continental Hall Fund.

LINEAGE BOOKS
Volume One reprint, Volumes Six to Forty inclusive.
Price (by order Continental Congress of 1897), $1.00 each—postage, 13c extra.
Volume One contains the Charter Members. The volume following 1,000 National Numbers each.

Official ribbon for suspending badges, price 35c a yard. Rosette buttons, 15c.
DIRECTORY 1911, $1—POSTAGE ADDITIONAL—TO MEMBERS ONLY.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PROCEEDINGS 19th CONTINENTAL CONGRESS</td>
<td>50c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROCEEDINGS 20th CONTINENTAL CONGRESS</td>
<td>50c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROCEEDINGS 21st CONTINENTAL CONGRESS</td>
<td>50c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PROCEEDINGS 22nd CONTINENTAL CONGRESS</td>
<td>50c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIRST SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>25c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FOURTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>75c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIFTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>75c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIXTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>50c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEVENTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>50c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EIGHTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>25c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NINTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>25c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TENTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>25c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELEVENTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>30c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWELFTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>30c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THIRTEENTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>25c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FOURTEENTH SMITHSONIAN REPORT</td>
<td>20c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Postage additional
The above articles will be sent upon receipt of the price or postal orders—cash and stamps at risk of sender.

Orders should be addressed to

THE TREASURER GENERAL
Memorial Continental Hall
17th and D Streets, Washington, D. C.

OFFICIAL STATIONERY, bearing as a water-mark the emblem of the Society in enlarged size, and by order of the National Board made the official stationery for the use of the members, may be obtained only from the official Jewelers, J. E. CALDWELL & CO., 902 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Official Jewelers and Stationers
N. S. D. A. R.

Makers of BRONZE MARKERS and MEMORIAL TABLETS
Careful attention given to special designs meeting any requirements
Insignia Catalog mailed upon request
J. E. CALDWELL & CO.
Philadelphia

THE LIFE OF FRANCIS SCOTT KEY
Author of "The Star Spangled Banner"
WHAT ELSE HE WAS AND WHO
By His Great Grandson
F. S. KEY-SMITH, ESQ.

There are a few remaining copies of the first and only edition to be had, while they last, at $1.00, of the
ARMY AND NAVY REGISTER
511 11th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

GENEALOGIST
MRS. AMOS G. DRAPER
Genealogical Editor, Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine
Registrar Descendants of Signers and Member of Daughters of 1812 and Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America.

Kendall Green
WASHINGTON, D. C.

VIOLA ROOT CAMERON
GENEALOGIST
Member Genealogical and Biographical Society
13 East 30th Street
New York City

TEXAS PLAN
for preserving family history, is endorsed by the N. S. D. A. R., also by Mrs. Chas. W. Bassett, our past National Historian General. In use in twenty-nine States and in the District of Columbia.

Price Twelve Cents Each, Including Postage
Those desiring may fill Texas Plans with family history, and have published in a Genealogical History now preparing for press. State Chairman, who is Ex-State Regent, assumes personal responsibility. It will be strictly first class, gilt top, blue silk binding, gold emblem and lettering. Sold only by subscription price of $5.00, to be paid when copy of lineage is submitted to subscriber, when ready for printer.

Mrs. HARRY HYMAN, Genealogical State Chairman
309 W. Magnolia Avenue, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

CAREY PTG. CO., N. Y.
Announce as Collaborateurs
Jean late of 57th Street
Mr. Melville Ellis
and
Baron De Planta
Now with them and aiding
in the creation of the most
wonderful frocks and hats
America has ever produced.

Fifth Avenue and 52nd Street
Boston New York Paris
CONTENTS FOR DECEMBER, 1915

President Wilson making address at 25th Anniversary Celebration... Frontispiece
The Silver Jubilee.................................................. 349
State Conference, Massachusetts.................................. 362
Sentiments of an American Woman, J. C. Fitzpatrick....... 364
D. A. R. Insignia a Protection in Europe..................... 367
Saint Memin’s Engraved Portraits of American Patriots, by Natalie S. Lincoln 368
New Members Admitted to N. S. D. A. R. at October Board Meeting........ 373
WORK OF THE CHAPTERS............................................. 374
Chart of Naval Achievements in Revolution.................... 380
Presentation of Badge to President General.................. 381
Book Reviews......................................................... 383
IN MEMORIAM.......................................................... 384
Marriage Record Exchange......................................... 386
GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT...................................... 387
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT:
Official List of..................................................... 398
Regular Meeting of, October 12-13, 1915....................... 401
President Wilson addressing The Daughters of the American Revolution at the celebration of the Twenty-Fifth Anniversary of the founding of the Society.
The Silver Jubilee
October 11, 1890 - October 11, 1915

The National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution observed on October 11, 1915, the twenty-fifth anniversary of the founding of the organization. These years, rich in toil, determination and fulfillment, received a fitting climax in the celebration of the Silver Jubilee. Nearly a thousand members of the Society attended the impressive patriotic exercises in Memorial Continental Hall in Washington, coming from all States of the Union to be present, and the President of the United States, with his Secretary of State, Robert Lansing, and other distinguished guests occupied seats on the platform.

The scene of the celebration differed widely from that where took place the Society's modest inception, and Memorial Continental Hall, conceded to be one of the most beautiful buildings in the Nation's Capital, stirred the pride of charter member and child of the Revolution alike, typifying in its stately architecture and spacious rooms the gigantic growth of the National Society in the past twenty-five years. Erected solely by women in memory of the patriot dead, the Hall also stands a tribute to the unflagging zeal, generous impulses and executive ability of American women.

The exercises commenced at three o'clock in the afternoon, and the charmingly decorated auditorium was filled with expectant guests when the bugle call announced the arrival of the President General. Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Chaplain General, escorted by Mrs. Frank Foster Greenawalt, State Regent of the District of Columbia and Chairman of Arrangements, led the procession, preceded by little girls of the C. A. R. in Colonial costume, carrying a Colonial flag and representing the thirteen original States, and twenty-five pages bearing twenty-five American flags, and signifying the twenty-five years of progress. Mrs. Lockwood and Mrs. Greenawalt were followed by the State Regents, the National officers, the President General's personal page, Mrs. D. S. Geare; a tiny flower girl, carrying a silver basket containing two bouquets of twenty-five roses each, one for the President General and one for Mrs. Lockwood, the gifts of the Committee on Arrangements; then came the President General. A few seconds later she was joined on the platform by the President of the United States.
The Rt. Rev. Alfred Harding, Bishop of Washington, made the invocation, after which the President gave the following address; an address which has gained nation-wide popularity, for his plea, "America First," appeals to every true American:

"Madam President and Ladies and Gentlemen:

"Again it is my very great privilege to welcome you to the City of Washington and to the hospitalities of the Capital. May I admit a point of ignorance? I was surprised to learn that this association is so young, and that an association so young should devote itself wholly to memory I can not believe. For to me the duties to which you are consecrated are more than the duties and the pride of memory.

"There is a very great thrill to be had from the memories of the American Revolution, but the American Revolution was a beginning, not a consummation, and the duty laid upon us by that beginning is the duty of bringing the things then begun to a noble triumph of completion. For it seems to me that the peculiarity of patriotism in America is that it is not a mere sentiment. It is an active principle of conduct. It is something that was born into the world, not to please it but to regenerate it. It is something that was born into the world to replace systems that had preceded it and to bring men out upon a new plane of privilege. The glory of the men whose memories you honor and perpetuate is that they saw this vision, and it was a vision of the future. It was a vision of great days to come when a little handful of three million people upon the borders of a single sea should have become a great multitude of free men and women spreading across a great continent, dominating the shores of two oceans, and sending West as well as East the influences of individual freedom. These things were consciously in their minds as they framed the great Government which was born out of the American Revolution; and every time we gather to perpetuate their memories it is incumbent upon us that we should be worthy of recalling them and that we should endeavor by every means in our power to emulate their example.

"The American Revolution was the birth of a nation; it was the creation of a great free republic based upon traditions of personal liberty which theretofore had been confined to a single little island, but which it was purposed should spread to all mankind. And the singular fascination of American history is that it has been a process of constant re-creation, of making over again in each generation the thing which was conceived at first. You know how peculiarly necessary that has been in our case, because America has not grown by the mere multiplication of the original stock. It is easy to preserve tradition with continuity of blood; it is easy in a single family to remember the origins of the race and the purposes of its organization; but it is not so easy when that race is constantly being renewed and augmented from other sources, from stocks that did not carry or originate the same principles.

"So from generation to generation strangers have had to be indoctrinated with the principles of the American family, and the wonder and the beauty of it all has been that the infection has been so generously easy. For the principles of liberty are united with the principles of hope. Every individual, as well as every Nation, wishes to realize the best thing that is in him, the best thing that can be conceived out of the materials of which his spirit is constructed. It has happened in a way that fascinates the imagination that we have not only been augmented by additions from outside, but that we have been greatly stimulated by those additions. Living in the easy prosperity of a free people, knowing that the sun had always been free to shine upon us and prosper our undertakings, we did not realize how hard the task of liberty is and how rare the privilege of liberty is; but men were drawn
of every climate and out of every race because of an irresistible attraction of their spirits to the American ideal. They thought of America as lifting, like that great statue in the harbor of New York, a torch to light the pathway of men to the things that they desire, and men of all sorts and conditions struggled toward that light and came to our shores with an eager desire to realize it, and a hunger for it such as some of us no longer felt, for we were as if satiated and satisfied and were indulging ourselves after a fashion that did not belong to the ascetic devotion of the early devotees of those great principles. Strangers came to remind us of what we had promised ourselves and through ourselves had promised mankind. All men came to us and said, 'Where is the bread of life with which you promised to feed us, and have you partaken of it yourselves?' For my part, I believe that the constant renewal of this people out of foreign stocks has been a constant source of reminder to this people of what the inducement was that was offered to men who would come and be of our number.

"Now we have come to a time of special stress and test. There never was a time when we needed more clearly to conserve the principles of our own patriotism than this present time. The rest of the world from which our policies were drawn seems for the time in the crucible and no man can predict what will come out of that crucible. We stand apart, unembroiled, conscious of our own principles, conscious of what we hope and purpose, so far as our powers permit, for the world at large, and it is necessary that we should consolidate the American principle. Every political action, every social action, should have for its object in America at this time to challenge the spirit of America; to ask that every man and woman who thinks first of America should rally to the standards of our life. There have been some among us who have not thought first of America, who have thought to use the might of America in some matter not of America's origination. They have forgotten that the first duty of a nation is to express its own individual principles in the action of the family of nations and not to seek to aid and abet any rival or contrary ideal.

"Neutrality is a negative word. It is a word that does not express what America ought to feel. America has a heart that throbs with all sorts of intense sympathies, but America has schooled its heart to love the things that America believes in and it ought to devote itself only to the things that America believes in; and, believing that America stands apart in its ideals, it ought not to allow itself to be drawn, so far as its heart is concerned, into anybody's quarrel. Not because it does not understand the quarrel, not because it does not in its head assess the merits of the controversy, but because America has promised the world to stand apart and maintain certain principles of action which are grounded in law and in justice. We are not trying to keep out of trouble; we are trying to preserve the foundations upon which peace can be rebuilt. Peace can be rebuilt only upon the ancient and ac-
cepted principles of international law.
only upon those things which remind na-
tions of their duties to each other, and, deeper than that, of their duties to man-
kind and to humanity.

"America has a great cause which is not confined to the American continent. It is the cause of humanity itself. I do not mean in anything that I say even to imply a judgment upon any nation or upon any policy, for my object here this afternoon is not to sit in judgment upon anybody but ourselves and to challenge you to assist all of us who are trying to make America more than ever conscious of her own principles and her own duty. I look forward to the necessity in every political agitation in the years which are immediately at hand of calling upon every man to declare himself, where he stands. Is it America first or is it not?

"We ought to be very careful about some of the impressions that we are forming just now. There is too general an impression, I fear, that very large numbers of our fellow citizens born in other lands have not entertained with sufficient intensity and affection the American ideal. But the number of such is, I am sure, not large. Those who would seek to represent them are very vocal, but they are not very influential. Some of the best stuff of America has come out of foreign lands, and some of the best stuff in America is in the men who are naturalized citizens of the United States. I would not be afraid upon the test of 'America first,' to take a census of all the foreign-born citizens of the United States, for I know that the vast majority of them came here because they believed in America; and their belief in America has made them better citizens than some people who were born in America. They can say that they have bought this privilege with a great price. They have left their homes, they have left their kindred, they have broken all the nearest and dearest ties of human life in order to come to a new land, take a new rootage, begin a new life, and so by self-sacrifice express their confidence in a new principle; whereas, it cost us none of these things. We were born into this privilege; we were rocked and eradled in it; we did nothing to create it; and it is, therefore, the greater duty on our part to do a great deal to enhance it and preserve it. I am not deceived as to the balance of opinion among the foreign-born citizens of the United States, but I am in a hurry for an opportunity to have a line-up and let the men who are thinking first of other countries stand on one side and all those that are for America first, last and all the time on the other side.

"Now, you can do a great deal in this direction. When I was a college officer I used to be very much opposed to hazing; not because hazing is not wholesome, but because sophomores are poor judges. I remember a very dear friend of mine, a professor of ethics on the other side of the water, was asked if he thought it was ever justifiable to tell a lie. He said Yes, he thought it was sometimes justifiable to lie; 'but,' he said, 'it is so difficult to judge of the justification that I usually tell the truth.' I think that ought to be the motto of the sophomore. There are freshmen who need to be hazed, but the need is to be judged by such nice tests that a sophomore is hardly old enough to determine them. But the world can determine them. We are not freshmen at college, but we are constantly hazed. I would a great deal rather be obliged to draw pepper up my nose than to observe the hostile glances of my neighbors. I would a great deal rather be beaten than ostracized. I would a great deal rather endure any sort of physical hardship if I might have the affection of my fellow men. We constantly discipline our fellow citizens by having an opinion about them. That is the sort of discipline we ought now to administer to everybody who is not to the very core of his heart an American. Just have an opinion about him and let him experience the atmospheric effects of that opinion! And I know of no body of persons comparable
to a body of ladies for creating an atmosphere of opinion! I have myself in part yielded to the influences of that atmosphere, though it took me a long time to determine how I was going to vote in New Jersey.

"So it has seemed to me that my privilege this afternoon was not merely a privilege of courtesy, but the real privilege of reminding you—for I am sure I am doing nothing more—of the great principles which we stand associated to promote. I for my part rejoice that we belong to a country in which the whole business of government is so difficult. We do not take orders from anybody; it is a universal communication of conviction, the most subtle, delicate and difficult of processes. There is not a single individual's opinion that is not of some consequence in making up the grand total, and to be in this great cooperative effort is the most stimulating thing in the world. A man standing alone may well misdoubt his own judgment. He may mistrust his own intellectual processes; he may even wonder if his own heart leads him right in matters of public conduct; but if he finds his heart part of the great throb of a national life, there can be no doubt about it. If that is his happy circumstance, then he may know that he is part of one of the great forces of the world.

"I would not feel any exhilaration in belonging to America if I did not feel that she was something more than a rich and powerful nation. I should not feel proud to be in some respects and for a little while her spokesman if I did not believe that there was something else than physical force behind her. I believe that the glory of America is that she is a great spiritual conception and that in the spirit of her institutions dwells not only her distinction but her power. The one thing that the world can not permanently resist is the moral force of great and triumphant convictions."

The President's speech was frequently interrupted with enthusiastic applause, which burst out anew when Mrs. William Cumming Story, the President General, rose and began her address of welcome:

"We are deeply grateful, Mr. President, for your presence and for the inspiration in all that you have said to us. I am sure that the next twenty-five years of existence of the Daughters of the American Revolution will be better for the lesson which you have taught us today.

"The twenty-fifth anniversary of the organization of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, is an occasion for rejoicing. That rejoicing is enhanced by the gracious presence of the President of the United States, of our honorary and well beloved President General, Mrs. Foster; our many distinguished guests, and valued members. It is an occasion fraught with tender memories, intense thanksgiving, and happy anticipation.

"I recall very distinctly the day when I was invited to become a member of this patriotic body, and was told that already women had come together in the formation of this Society. I am inclined to dwell upon the early days, but doubtless every woman present, who enjoys the privilege of being an early member, is possessed with a strong desire at this moment to relate her personal experience, and as I shall be followed by interesting speakers I will refrain from reminiscences, and refer briefly to the present and future, as this administration represents these periods more particularly.

"We are mindful of many dates replete with significance to this Society, but I would remind you of the day when the Society broke ground for the erection of this splendid Memorial Continental Hall, Oct. 11, 1903. Our beloved ex-president general, the late Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks, turned the first spade full of sod. On April 19, 1904, the cornerstone was laid with impressive ceremonies, under the auspices of the Masonic Fraternity, the gavel
used being the one with which George Washington laid the cornerstone of the National Capitol in 1793.

"On April 17, 1905, the 14th Continental Congress was held here, Mrs. Fairbanks presiding. On April 22, 1908, Mrs. Donald McLean, then President General, proposed bonding the National Society for a loan of $200,000.00. You are familiar with the efforts to liquidate this debt on our hall, which really never was made as large as the provision of Congress provided for, but which was assumed by the Society, during Mrs. McLean's administration, for $185,000.00.

"You recall the fact that when Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, my predecessor, closed her last Congress, the debt had been reduced to $125,000.00. You are also familiar with the fact that, through the devoted and untiring efforts of our members, the debt was reduced so that at the close of our last Continental Congress it was only $50,000.00. I am sure that you have told your own generous hearts that, during this administration of yours and mine, the debt will be wiped out and our home—our memorial—will be free and unencumbered.

"You rejoice, I am sure, that on April 22, last, we had given to the Red Cross relief work, $15,259.21, and to the Belgian Relief, $539.60, and the amount subscribed for the purchase of land adjoining Memorial Continental Hall was at that time nearly $5,000.00. A wonderful, practical demonstration of service on the part of our members during half of one administration!

"All of this leads up to this beautiful, happy occasion when we are privileged to celebrate an anniversary which in itself demonstrates the progress and stability of this society. No one may claim that an organization built upon ideals may not endure, for we as a nation were born with our certificate of baptism, the Declaration of Independence, the most idealistic document ever evolved, and we, who are following reverently in the footsteps of our ancestors, strive to emulate their great example. In this organization we have adopted as the purpose of our existence the perpetuation of their high ideals.

"In so far as we have been able to hold before our eyes and in our hearts their ideals, and in so far as we live up to them, just so far have we achieved success. And what does the future hold for our great Society which has shown so worthy a 'Past' and so brilliant a 'Present'?

"I speak advisedly of the present, for no one may say that an administration is divided and crippled by unworthy controversy when 'the outward and visible sign' shows that this huge number of American women, from North, South, East and West, unite in a common cause and by their devoted effort achieve this unsurpassed financial strength. This progressive achievement and splendid, practical increase in influence, in large branches of usefulness, and systematic gathering together and utilizing the best ability of thousands of American women is a great power. Who can measure its greatness? What more may not be achieved if God's grace permits the future to unfold the promise of the past!

"Our President, in addressing us today, has sounded the call, 'America First.' Every woman should take part individually in the campaign among American women for sufficient national defense which will insure peace and prosperity for this nation and enable us to stand up in the council of the nations a strong nation among the strong, and be a protecting friend of the weak. Our destiny is a high one as a nation, and the women of the country have as definite a duty today as they had in the time that tried the souls of men and women in 1776.

"I send greetings to every Daughter of the American Revolution wherever she may be in this period of remembrance and recollection and united effort linked together in the work of our great Society. I hope that all will be with us, at least in spirit and thought,
on this, our twenty-fifth birthday. We are twenty-five years young!

"My Daughters of high attainments and still higher ideals, God guard and prosper you and lead you on."

In the President General's box sat Mrs. Norman Galt, President Wilson's fiancée, and she was one of the most observed and admired of the guests. Miss Helen Woodrow Bones and the Misses Smith, cousins of the President, were with her.

Mrs. John W. Foster, a former and much beloved President General of the Society and at present Honorary President General, sat on the platform near Mrs. William D. Cabell. Mrs. Cabell, Honorary President Presiding, around whose still youthful figure center loving memories, had travelled from Chicago to attend the celebration. Twenty-five years before she had presided at the formal organization meeting in the Strathmore Arms, as William O. McDowell, elected chairman, insisted that she act in that capacity.

Mrs. Cabell also presided during the week of the first Continental Congress in 1892, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, first President General, opening the Congress. The second Continental Congress was held without a President General, owing to the death of Mrs. Harrison, and Mrs. Cabell again acted as presiding officer. To her belongs also the distinction of giving the first formal entertainment in honor of the National Society, and this reception at her home was one of the most notable ever given in Washington.

Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Mrs. Cabell and Mrs. A. Howard Clark are the only surviving members of the first National Board of Management, and they were all three present on this twenty-fifth anniversary:

A feature of the afternoon was the speech given by Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, the honored Chaplain General. As she stepped to the front of the platform, the audience rose. She said:

"Twenty-five years ago at this hour the preliminaries were in operation to carry out the suggestion, in what is known as the 'Hannah Arnett letter, or women worthy of honor,' which appeared in the Washington Post, July 13, 1890—that brought this Society before the nation. The first one to reply to this letter was Mary Desha. Other activities were entered into later, in August, by Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth and Miss Eugenia Washington, and many others made manifest their desire to unite in answer to the call of the above mentioned letter."
“When the day seemed ripe for the launching of the ship, the call was made that brought this Society before the nation. Twenty-five years ago, when the sun went down there were eighteen full-fledged Daughters of the American Revolution. That day we adopted our constitution an instrument of government that, with few amendments, has safely carried us over the breakers and landed us on terra firma, and we, as a Society, stand before the world today, proud of the sheaves gathered, for we have in part accomplished what we looked forward to—that the women of this country reach a realizing sense of the obligation resting upon them as citizens of this great Republic.

“From the first Congress, February 22, 1892, when we numbered 1,306, to the 12th Congress, 1896, when we numbered 12,216, were the formative days of our organization, and I think that a Constitution that has safely conducted us through these twenty-five years and kept us in the way of carrying on this great work and the wonderful accomplishments, can still be depended upon to carry us through any great crisis with safety, although we have reached the 100,000 mark! It is only when there has been any wavering from the rules and regulations of our early Constitution that we have come upon stumbling blocks.

“Point out another great society that has a daily record of its work, from organization down to date; point to another Society whose files show the details of every line of work in which they have been engaged. Every state and almost every chapter have their story to tell of work done, for there are no drones in the hive which organized for a purpose.

“We think it might be well to read back history a little, to show by what process the wheels were oiled to make our progress so sure.

“When the good people of the Colonies decided that there should be no taxation without representation, man in a generic sense became a citizen de facto. When the first Presidents were elected by this generic vote in many of the states, it settled the question of citizenship practically for men and women. Did the government forget?

“Every woman who spun flax twirled the distaff, sent food and clothing to the half-starved and half-clothed armies, worked the farms, kept families together through the long Revolutionary struggle, did more than pay taxes; they not only did that, but they gave the service of citizens to their country, and there is no word that stands for more than service. The most humble service has its technique, its law, its art.

“Again there came a notable day in the history of this Republic when the financial policy made greenbacks a legal tender. In the callow youth of the greenback, the large sheets on which they were printed were separated by the use of scissors. The adaptability of men for that work was only equalled by their skill in sewing on buttons, wherefore it dawned upon General Spinner as a good business venture to introduce women into the great money department. He said that they were more dextrous with the scissors, and, I’m sorry to say, he said he could hire them cheaper! And so it came to pass that a pair of scissors clipped the way for a firmer establishment of the citizenship of women! Since that day thousands have gradually ‘evolved’ from the Knighthood of the Shears and are filling positions of honor and responsibility in all the government departments.

“Then came another day in the history of our country when women were needed. When the first cloud of the Spanish War was seen in the horizon, a resolution was passed at a meeting of the Daughters held at the Strathmore Arms, and sent to the head of the government, to this effect: ‘The Daughters of the American Revolution have an organization in every state, and will hold themselves in readiness for their country’s need when called upon.’ It resulted in the Society being commissioned
by the War Department, under the personal supervision of General George M. Sternberg, Surgeon General, to provide all hospital nurses sent to Cuba and the camps in the country. The Committees named by the President General, and confirmed by the board, at once entered upon their arduous task. The self-sacrificing devotion and work through the long days and nights of that summer, we have not time to give in detail. Every nurse put upon the rolls had to send her certificate from the training school from which she graduated, and from that list of 4,600—1,700 were chosen. Fifty times the Surgeon General called for nurses, and not once was this demand made that the quota was not filled within twenty-four hours; sometimes an order would be for half a dozen, and then again it might be for one hundred and fifty. $300,000 was sent to the hospitals, and tons of food supplies, instruments, delicacies of needful kinds, estimated at $60,000 more. Since that time the white cap and apron brigade has become an official adjunct to government equipment.

Could there have been better work accomplished for the government than this? As I told the Navy League the other day, the Daughters will always be prepared.

"From the beginning of this organization a system was organized to search out and make record of the name of every citizen of these United States who had made a stand for his country, and if any one wants to know who and where any man served his country in those days that tried men's souls, I know of no place except among the records of the Daughters of the American Revolution where the facts can be found.

"The Daughters are doing for the soldiers of the Revolution what the Government has done, and is doing, for its soldiers of the Civil War and the Spanish-American war, but for more than one hundred years the names of the gallant men who helped in making this Republic remained unknown and unrecorded until resurrected by this Society from musty state archives, in the muster rolls of towns, some in possession of individuals, here a list, there a list, they have been gathered and classified and are being published at the rate of two volumes a year, which has now reached the 41st volume.

"Every traveler or tourist over the great highways of America who loves his country and its history will delight in reading by the wayside its story written in tablets, monuments, historic arches and especially the imperishable history in the story brought to light by the marking of the great historic trails over the highways of the nation—for which this government owes thanks to the Daughters of the American Revolution.

"Other reports bear the records of work accomplished in patriotic educational lines—teaching among the foreign population of our cities—a work never undertaken by our government or any civic organization but the Daughters. The Daughters of one State, stanch old Connecticut, gave five thousand dollars to publish what is known as the Green Book, printed in five different languages, to be placed in the immigrant's hands. In the future this work will prove to be the cornerstone of an intelligent understanding to multitudes of foreigners who are flocking to these shores totally ignorant of the fundamental principles of a free government and a worthy citizenship—which, hereafter, will be no hyphenated citizenship—it will be American or nothing.

"The early workers of this organization, those who bore the heat and burden of laying a firm foundation, will leave the legacy to those who will follow them, knowing the work of patriotism will still go on, realizing the great work has just begun. The services of good women in time of peace is far more important to a nation than in time of war. Since the days of the Revolution nine-tenths of our history has been made in time of peace, for history does not consist alone in the story of how battles were won or
lost, begun or ended—far better is the story of how peace was maintained. And let us not forget that women make up one-half of the citizenship of this world, and more, are the mothers of the other half—weigh the responsibility resting upon them, and we call upon the authorities of this country to hold up their hands in all patriotic work. Keep in mind that it is not the enemy who bears arms that can work the greatest injury, but it is the corrupt citizen—the shirker of responsibility—the apathetic well-to-do citizen who refuses to be actively patriotic, a peace-at-any-price citizen, a citizen who is willing to join 'The League of the White Feather,' with an oath that he will work against all preparedness as a protection against invasion, and that he will never take up arms against the invader in behalf of his country—shame on such a league!

"More's the pity that there is not a standard of citizenship that measures everybody by their works and patriotic deeds and allows them an enrollment in citizenship according to the sheaves gathered. As long as our country floats the American flag and has an incoming population that knows nothing of our laws or institutions; so long as there are young descendants of heroic ancestors who are to be the coming citizens of this Republic, who must be taught the ground work of citizenship, there will be work for the Daughters of this Society. The government has a strong ally in the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Lest some might forget the admonition of Pericles over the heroic dead who had fallen in defense of Greece, let us repeat—no wreath is given, no monument raised by a nation to the memory of its illustrious dead but it blossoms with good for the living through all future time; virtue is encouraged, patriotism is kindled, and all that is noble in our nature is inspired to action by this homage to the greatness and goodness of our race—through admonition of what is heroic, men rise to higher levels.'

"Do you not think what is good philosophy for a Greek is good philosophy for an American?

"The mothers of the Republic were the helpmates of heroes. The Daughters by divine right hold the same position, and woe be to any government which has not the helping hand of its women, and which does not extend to them the right hand of fellowship.

"A few words of our Memorial Continental Hall. It is on record that it was a favorite project of Washington that memorial buildings should be erected for the thirteen Colonial States in the city of Washington. As the years passed the subject would occasionally come up in Congress—ten, twenty and fifty years went by. Each time the matter would be postponed, and at last it did not receive honorable mention. When the century mark was reached there arose in the land this patriotic society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and one of the first acts of this Society, October 18, 1890, was to pass a resolution for a fireproof building to be used for a meeting place for the Society, headquarters for the records, and where the clerical force could congregate for the massive work before them; in short, a building which would carry out the idea of Washington—a Memorial Building. Each succeeding President General and every Congress kept this idea before the Society.

"On June 4, 1902, the Continental Hall Committee assembled at the residence of the President General, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, and the happy consummation was reached of twelve years of generous effort and untiring work in the purchase 'to have and to hold forever' a site upon which to build the hall, and on the 12th anniversary, October 11, 1902, the ceremony of breaking the ground was appropriately celebrated, and on April 19, 1904, came the impressive service of laying the cornerstone. The representation of Daughters at that service was in honor of the citizens, men and women, who founded
Pages at the celebration wearing the costume of Revolutionary Days

this great Republic, the first building in the history of the world to be erected by women to commemorate the names of women as well as men!

"Upon the roll of honor being engrossed by the Daughters of the American Revolution, first will come the minute men, in honor of the day selected for the laying of the cornerstone, when 129 years before they rallied at the call of the Lexington alarm in defense of their country. George Washington and all the officers of his army will be on this roll of honor. Every one who carried a gun and fought for his country will be there.

"The drummer boy will be there. The man who fifed 'Yankee Doodle' for lib-
Deborah Sampson, who carried her gun and fought for her country through the long war, will be there. Molly Pitcher, who took the place of her husband at the cannon when he fell at the Battle of Monmouth, will be there. The women of Peperill Bridge, who arrested the British spy with his messages and held him prisoner, will be there. Emily Geiger, of South Carolina, will be there. She has been honored by her State by being one of the bearers on the State Seal of South Carolina. She carried the message of Gen. Greene to Gen. Sumter through a country infested with Tories and rebel spies. She was arrested and shut up awaiting examination by a Tory woman. In the meantime, she chewed up her message and swallowed it, and was allowed to proceed on her journey, and delivered it literally by word of mouth to Gen. Sumter. He joined Gen. Greene and the victory was won. Her name we will honor.

"The sweet Quakeress, Hannah Arnett, of Elizabethtown, New Jersey, we will honor, and it will be all hail to Hannah Arnett, the unwavering patriot and citizen!"

"Let us come a little nearer—every Daughter on our rolls who has helped in the foundation and work of our Society will be there.

"Others who have spent their lives for the good of humanity will be there.

"Susan B. Anthony, one of our members, to whom the women of this nation and the world owe the greatest obligation for her defense of woman's citizenship, will be there.

"Rev. Mary Baker Eddy, who at the solicitation of the President General, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, became an early member of this Society; the woman whose spiritual inspiration has made the greatest impression on the world of any of her sex, her name will be there.

"And Clara Barton, our first Surgeon General, whose name is also known over the world for the self-sacrifice she made for humanity and the founding of the Red Cross in America, and whose work still goes on, her name will be there.

"These three women, who have worked in different walks of life, show the diversity of the inspiration which has been given to the world, which is an honor to them and to the Society to which they belonged.

"The grand finale of Mrs. Fairbanks' administration was the dedication of Memorial Continental Hall, April 17th, 1905, at the 14th Continental Congress.

"The work of these twenty-five years has been accomplished under the leadership of the following Presidents General: Mrs. Benjamin Scott Harrison, Mrs. Adlai Stevenson, Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. Daniel Manning, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, Mrs. Donald McLean, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, Mrs. William Cumming Story, with the assistance of 117,000 active Daughters.

"Great men and women who have made names for themselves are like planets which we know by name; they stand out amid the multitude of unnamed stars, but the smallest stars obey the fixed laws which govern the universe and are as much a part of it as the comet which sweeps through infinite space and returns to us again on its allotted time. It is this multitude of stars in our citizenship which has remained a hundred years unnamed and unhonored, which the Daughters of the American Revolution are resurrecting and recording, and hereafter they will be on the honor roll of this country.

"And so, my friends, with every rising sun, the flag of our country, our inspiration in the day of tribulation, our emblem of gladness in the days of rejoicing, will float over this building, and be a reminder to us and to generations of the grateful children of this country who will come after us, of that citizenship in that long ago who lived and died for our Republic, for home and country.

"As I have been trying to bring before this audience some of the work accomplished by this Society, the spirit and personality of so many of the early
workers who have passed out of our lives has apparently hovered around us so that I can feel their presence here today and know a 'God Bless you all' would be the echo of their voices could they speak to us. Let us always keep them in loving remembrance and never forget what part they took in the work and foundation of the Society they loved, and what they did to further the great work, and in their name let us ask those upon whom the mantle will fall to take their places, to stand by the Constitution and the Statutes 'the old guard' formulated, the instruments that have brought honor and credit to this Society.

"We can well say with the poet today:

'Take, O boatman, thrice thy fee;
Take, I give it willingly;
For today, invisible to thee,
Spirits many have crossed with me.'"

Eloquent tribute to the deceased Founders of the National Society, Miss Eugenia Washington, Miss Mary Desha, and Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, were paid by Miss Ella Loraine Dorsey, Capt. C. C. Calhoun, and A. Howard Clark. The portrait of Miss Eugenia Washington, which has just been completed, hung with that of Mrs. Walworth and Miss Desha on the wall back of the platform.

Other speeches were made by the Rev. John Britton Clark, John Barrett, Director General, Pan-American Union, and Miss Mabel Boardman, of the Red Cross.

Following the speech of Miss Boardman, greetings were received from various societies. The Society of the Mayflower descendants was represented by Col. Thomas L. Hopkins, and Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, U. S. A., sent a telegram of greeting. Mrs. Van Zant Cox spoke for the Society of Founders and Patriots. The Colonial Dames of America was represented by Mrs. Nathaniel Bacon, and the descendants of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence by Mrs. Amos G. Draper, who presented to the President General the 17th Report of the Smithsonian Institution which contains the certificates of 93,000 officers and soldiers of the Revolution. Rear-Admiral C. H. Stockton spoke for the Order of Washington, Walter Clephane for the Society of Colonial Wars; ington, Walter Clephane for the Society A. Howard Clark for the Sons of the American Revolution, and Col. Frederick Bryan, for the Sons of the Revolution. The United States Daughters of 1812 sent by Mrs. James D. Iglehart a bouquet of twenty-five American Beauty roses to the Society, and, after a graceful speech of acceptance by the President General, the "Star Spangled Banner" was sung by Mrs. William T. Reed. Mrs. Mary Key McBlair, granddaughter of Francis Scott Key, was then presented to the audience. Mrs. Bertha Lincoln Heustis sang charmingly, "Your Flag and My Flag."

Two of the signers of the formal draft of organization, Mrs. William D. Cabell and Mrs. A. Howard Clark, gave interesting addresses, and Mrs. Mary E. Reagen spoke in greeting to the Society. Just before the reading by the Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Boyle of a letter from the Chairman of the Silver Shower Committee, Mrs. Eva L. Nelson, the President General stated that the bonded debt on Memorial Continental Hall had been reduced to $50,000.00, an announcement which aroused great applause.

Mrs. Frank Foster Greenawalt, State Regent, District of Columbia, who worked untiringly for the success of the Silver Jubilee, was chairman of the efficient committee on arrangements, which comprised Mrs. Vida K. Clementson, in charge of invitations; Mrs. Ernest A. Allen, in charge of seating; Mrs. Lisle Seaton Lipscomb, in charge of decoration; Mrs. Bertha Lincoln Heustis, in charge of music; Mrs. James R. Speight, in charge of souvenir medals; Mrs. Ellis Logan and Mrs. William Wallace, in charge of pages; Mrs. Eliza Ferry Leary, Vice-President General, Washington; Mrs. C. R. Davis, Vice-President General General, Minnesota; Mrs. Mary S. Lock-
Handsome gifts of money to apply on the debt of Memorial Continental Hall were brought by State Regents in response to the Silver Shower Letters, and the keynote of all speeches was optimism for the future of this society which is founded on patriotism and love of country. Many telegrams of congratulation were received and read to the audience.

In the evening the President General was hostess at a brilliant reception in Memorial Continental Hall. She was assisted in receiving by the National Officers and the members of the Executive Committee. Col. F. C. Bryan made the presentations.

A beautiful birthday cake, one of the largest ever baked in Washington, was in the banquet room, and at the end of the reception it was cut by the President General. The cake was 36 inches in diameter, in three tiers, and weighed 120 pounds. Twenty-five silver candles were held erect by twenty-five candied silver roses, and on the icing were the initials, "D. A. R.," and the two dates, "October 11, 1890—October 11, 1915."

---

**State Conference**

**Massachusetts**

* The annual conference of the Massachusetts Daughters of the American Revolution, was held in Greenfield, Mass., October 15 and 16, 1915, in All Souls Unitarian Church. Delegates and representatives of forty-four chapters were present. Mrs. Norman P. Farwell, regent of Dorothy Quincy Hancock Chapter of Greenfield, gave a very fitting address of welcome to which Mrs. Frederick S. Davis of Boston, responded, in the absence of the state regent, Mrs. Geo. O. Jenkins, who was unable to be present on account of illness in her family.

The afternoon program consisted of an address by Prof. Addie Green Bass of Piedmont College, Georgia, on the primitive life in the Southern Mountains. She was assisted by Miss Bessie Westmoreland, a graduate of the same college, who appeared in mountaineer costume and gave monologues reproducing the life of the people of these mountains. Mrs. Milton P. Higgins, chairman of the State Committee on Welfare of Women and Children, gave an address.

The social event of the conference came Friday evening when a reception and banquet was held at the Mansion House. The reception was held from six to seven o'clock. In the receiving line were Mrs. Frederick S. Davis of Boston, state vice-regent; Mrs. Chas. H. Abbott of Keene, N. H., vice-president-general of the National Society; Mrs. James G. Dunning of Springfield, honorary state-regent; Mrs. Norman P. Farwell, Regent Dorothy Quincy Hancock Chapter; Mrs. Chas. W. Sprague of Dorchester, State chaplain; Mrs. J. Frank Hodge of Winchester, State recording secretary; Miss Isabel W. Gordon of Worcester, State corresponding secretary; Mrs. Dwight S. Whittemore of Brockton, assistant corresponding secretary; Mrs. George M. Baker of Concord, State treasurer; Mrs. Louis A. Cook of Greenfield, State his-
torian; Mrs. Elmer H. Allen of Shirley, assistant State historian; Mrs. Franklin P. Shumway of Melrose, State registrar; and Mrs. Geo. W. Pfeiffer of Allston, State parliamentarian.

At seven o'clock the banquet was held in the main dining room, covers being laid for one hundred and eighty-two. The decorations in the dining room were beautiful. Autumn leaves, carnations and ferns had been cleverly arranged by a committee of which Mrs. Wm. H. Al- line of Boston, State auditor, was chairman. The floral effect, combining with the beautiful and muti-colored gowns of the guests, produced a truly wonder- ful scene and one not soon to be forgotten. Inspiring music was furnished during the evening by an orchestra under the direction of Wm. H. Burke, greatly adding to the pleasure of the delightful evening. Mrs. Frederick H. Davis presided gracefully as toast-mis-
tress. Clever and interesting toasts were given by the following: “Retro-

The Saturday morning session had as a feature an address by Marion LeRoy Burton, Ph. D., LL. D., president of Smith College, and it proved one of the most inspiring addresses ever given at any conference. “The Plan of Life,” his theme, had one thought which deeply impressed every listener—loyalty to a cause outside one’s self. Mrs. C. H. Slo-
comb, Miss Buswell and Mrs. E. R. New-
comb furnished delightful music. The principal business of the conference fol-
lowed and reports of special committees were presented. During the business ses-
sion Mrs. Davis, who had greatly pleased the delegates by the dignity with which she presided, was presented with a silver bon-bon dish and spoon as a token of their appreciation and also in recogni-
tion of her thirtieth wedding anniver-
sary which fell on that day. The state ushers gave her a beautiful bunch of chrysanthemums. Members of Brattle-
boro Chapter of Brattleboro, Vt., and Ashuelot Chapter, Keene, N. H., were present as guests of the conference. After the adjournment of the conference at noon the state outing followed. It took the form of an observation trip over the Mohawk Trail, the party going in automobiles. With this delight-
ful ending the fall conference of 1915 will long be remembered by those privi-
leged to attend, for the harmony and good fellowship that prevailed and the fine program arranged, all in the beau-
tiful setting of perfect autumnal scenery.

Mrs. Louis A. Cook, State Historian.

---

NOTICE

Following the resignation of Miss Natalie Sumner Lincoln, November 18, 1915, as Editor of the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, appointed as Editor Miss Mary R. Wilcox, Regent Col. John Donelson Chapter and former Recording Secretary General, N. S. D A. R.
In the light of present day activities of the American woman in assisting the plans for better preparedness for the national defense, the fragment of Revolutionary history illustrated by the broadside here shown in facsimile, is not without interest. It represents the one great organized effort of the women of the Revolution to aid the army at a time when assistance was most urgently needed.

The moving spirit of the effort was Esther Reed, wife of President Joseph Reed, of Pennsylvania, who, despite failing health, labored energetically for the success of the scheme and died in the midst of the work, as much a martyr to patriotism as any who have fallen on the field of battle. After her death her place was taken by Mrs. Sarah Bache, wife of the Postmaster General and daughter of Benjamin Franklin. Miss Mary Dagworthy, of Trenton, was the principal figure among the New Jersey women, and the bulk of the money collected came from Pennsylvania and New Jersey. The popular French consul at Philadelphia, Barbé de Marbois, was a confidential adviser of the Pennsylvania committee, a fact which lends a piquant touch to the paragraph that cites the historic example of Joan of Arc.

The total sum collected in Philadelphia city and county, and forwarded to General Washington on July 4, 1780, was but $400 less than the entire amount subscribed a little later by the merchants and others of Philadelphia to found the national bank, proposed and urged by Alexander Hamilton. The bank idea received an additional impetus from the receipt of these funds from the women, who thus indirectly aided the establishment of the first bank of the United States which performed such valuable service in the Revolution.

Washington suggested depositing the funds in the bank and receiving bank notes in lieu thereof to purchase the articles which the women desired for the soldiers. These articles he reduced at once to one crying need—shirts! This conflicted with the 9th paragraph which was the pith of the whole scheme and greatly disappointed the contributors: but, after an extended correspondence and considerable argument, the women reluctantly yielded to the commander-in-chief’s judgment, and the funds were expended in the purchase or manufacture of shirts, 2,005 of which were forwarded to the army in December, accompanied by a letter expressing the hope that they might “be worn with as much pleasure as they were made.”

The total amount collected exceeded the fondest expectations, and the motley array of coins turned in attested the self-sacrificing patriotism behind the subscriptions. It was the hoarded treasure of thrifty housewives, in times of dire poverty and distress, flung, with a blessing, into the extravagant purse of War. Half-joes, moidores, guineas, louis d’ors, pistoles, English shillings, Spanish dollars, copper coins, and Continental paper currency were in profusion.

A list of contributors that has survived bears such entries as:

A lady, a good whig; Polly Fritz, a little girl, who gave five Continental dollars; Mrs. Humanity, who gave two Half-joes; Phillis, (a negro woman) who gave fifteen shillings; the Marquise de Lafayette, for whom the Marquis, in a graceful note, contributed one hundred guineas; the Comtesse de La Luzerne, wife of the French Minister, gave six thousand dollars in paper and one hundred dollars in specie; and a Mrs. Richards, who, lacking money, sent instead
ON the commencement of actual war, the Women of America manifested a firm resolution to contribute as much as could depend on them, to the deliverance of their country. Animated by the purest patriotism, they are sensible of sorrow at this day, in not offering more than a faint tribute for the sacrifices of those heroines of an immortal revolution, who, united to their husbands, have shone illustrious, and have proved to the universe, that, if the weakknees of our Constitution, if opinion and manners did not forbid us to march to glory by the same paths as the Men, we should at least equal, and sometimes surpass them in our love for the public good. I glory in all that which my sex has done great and commendable.

Born for liberty, disdainful to bear the yoke of a tyrannic Government, we associate ourselves to the grandeur of those Sovereigns, cherished and revered, who have held with so much dignity the hands of the greatest States, the Bastides, the Elizabeths, the Margaret, the Castorinas, who have extirpated the empire of liberty, and contended to reign by sacrifices and justice, have broken the chains of slavery, forged by tyrants in the times of ignorance and barbarity. The Spanish Women, do they not make at this moment the most patriotic sacrifices, those Venetian ladies, who have extended the empire of liberty, and contented to reign by virtue and reputation? We are the sisters of those same British, whose odious yoke we have just shaken off; and whom it is necessary that we drive from this Continent.

But I must limit myself to the recollection of this small number of achievements. Who knows if persons dipped to confude, and sometimes too feverely with regard to us, may not disparage our appearing acquainted even with the acts of which our sex boasts? We are at least certain, that he cannot be a good citizen who will not applaud our efforts for the relief of the armies which defend our lives, our rights, our liberty? The finitude of our soldiery has been repressed to me; the evils inseparable from war, and the firm and generous spirit which has enabled them to support these. But it has been said, that they may apprehend, that, in the course of a long war, the view of their difficulties may be lost, and their services be forgotten. Forgive I never; I can answer in the name of all my sex. Brave Americans, your courage, and your constancy will always be clear to America, as long as the shall preserve her virtue.

We know that at a distance from the theatre of war, if we enjoy any tranquility, it is the fruit of your watchings, your labours, your dangers. If I live happy in the midst of my family; if my husband cultivates his field, and reaps his harvest in peace; if, surrounded with my children, I enjoy the youngest, and preside in my spirit, of feeling myself separated from it, by a ferocious enemy; if the hour in which we dwell; if our farms, our orchards are safe at the present time from the hands of those incendiaries, it is to you that we owe it. And shall we hesitate to evidence to you our gratitude? Shall we hesitate to wear a clothing more ample than our present, while the price of this small privation, we shall deferve your benedictions. Who, amongst us, will not renounce with the highest pleasure, those vain ornaments, when the shall consider that the valiant defenders of America will be able to draw some advantage from the money which the may have laid out in those, that they will be better defended from the rigours of the seasons, that after their painful toils, they will receive some extraordinary and unexpected relief, that the pleasure will perhaps be valued by them at a greater price, when they will have it in their power to say: This is the effect of the battle. The time is arrived to display the same sentiments which animated us at the beginning of the Revolution, when we renounced the use of tea, however agreeable to our palate, rather than receive them from our persecutors; when we made it appear to them that we placed former necessities in the rank of superfluities, when our liberty was interfered with, when our republican and laborious hands from the flax, prepared the linen intended for the use of our soldiery; when exiles and fugitives we supported with courage all the evils which are the accompaniments of war. Let us not lose a moment from us to be engaged to offer the homage of our gratitude at the altar of military valor, and you, our brave deliverers, while mercenary slaves concur to caufe you to share with them, the iron which they are loaded, receive with a free hand our offering, the pure which can be preferred to virtue.

By an AMERICAN WOMAN.
IDEAS relative to the manner of forwarding to the American Soldiers, the Projects of the American Women.

ALL plans are eligible, when doing good is the object; there is however one more preferable, and when the operation is extensive, we cannot give it too much uniformity. On the other side, the wants of our army do not permit the flowers of an ordinary path. It is not in one month, nor in eight days, that we would relieve our soldiery. It is immediately and our impatience does not permit us to proceed by the long circuitry of collectors, receivers and treasurers. As my idea with regard to this, have been approved by some Ladies of my friends, I will explain them here; every other person will not be left at liberty to prepare and adopt a different plan.

All Women and Girls will be received without exception, to present their patriotic offering; and, as it is absolutely voluntary, every one will regulate it according to her ability, and her disposition. The calling offered by the Widow or the young Girl, will be received as well as the most considerable sums presented by the Women who have the happiness to join to their patriotism, greater means to be useful.

A Lady chosen by the others in each county, shall be the Treasurer; and to render her task more simple, and more easy, she will not receive in a determinate sum, in a round number, from twenty hard dollars to any greater sum. The exchange forty dollars in paper for one dollar in specie.

It is hoped that there will not be one Woman who will not with pleasure charge herself with the embarrassment which will attend to honorable an operation.

The Women who shall not be in a condition to send twenty dollars in specie, or above, will join in as great a number as will be necessary to make this or any greater sum, and one amongst them will carry it, or cause it to be sent to the Treasurer.

The Treasurers of the county will receive the money, and will keep a register, writing the sums in her book, and causing it to be signed at the side of the whole by the person who has presented it.

When several Women shall join together to make a total sum of twenty dollars or more, the amongst them who shall have the charge to carry it to the Treasurer, will make mention of all their names on the register, if her associates shall have directed her; those whose choice it shall be, will have the liberty to remain unknown.

As soon as the Treasurer of the county shall judge, that the sums which shall have received, deserve to be sent to their destination, she will cause them to be presented with the lists, to the wife of the Governor or President of the State, who will be the Treasurer-General of the State, and she will cause it to be forwarded in her register, and have it sent to Mrs. Washington. If the Governor or President are unmarried, all will address themselves to the wife of the Vice-President, if there is one, or of the Chief-Judge, &c.

Women settled in the distant parts of the country, and not wishing for any particular reason as for the sake of greater expedition, to rescive their Capital to the Treasurers, may send it directly to the wife of the Governor, or President, &c. or to Mrs. Washington, who, if the shall judge necessary, will in a short space to the sender, acquaint her with the reception of it.

As Mrs. Washington may be absent from the camp when the greater part of the banks shall be sent there, the American Women considering, that General Washington is the Father and Friend of the Soldiery; that he is himself, the first Soldier of the Republic, and that their offering will be received at its destination, as soon as it shall have come to his hands, they will pray him, to take the charge of receiving it, in the absence of Mrs. Washington.

General Washington will dispose of this fund in the manner that he shall judge most advantageous to the Soldiery. The American Women desire only that it may not be considered as to be employed, to procure to the army, the objects of subsistence, arms or clothing, which are due to them by the Continent. It is an extraordinary bounty intended to render the condition of the Soldier more pleasant, and not to hold place of the things which they ought to receive from the Congress, or from the States.

If the General judges necessary, he will publish at the end of a certain time, an amount of that which shall have been received from each particular State.

The Women who shall send their offerings, will have in their choice to conceal or to give their names; and if it shall be thought proper, on a fit occasion, to publish one day the lists, they only, who shall content, shall be named; when with regard to the sums sent, there will be no mention made, if they do desire it.

PRINTED BY JOHN DUNLAP.

VERSO OF BROADSIDE
a pair of leather breeches which were sold for one thousand Continental dollars.

The plan of collection, given on the verso of the broadside, is simplicity itself, beautifully calculated to meet every contingency, and its common-sense directness is evidence of the intelligence and practical knowledge of our great grandmothers.

General Washington expressed his sense of the value of the work performed in a letter to the Pennsylvania committee, dated from the New Windsor Headquarters in February, 1781, in which, after paying tribute in his dignified diction to Mrs. Reed's services, he concluded:

"The army ought not to regret its sacrifice or its sufferings when it meets with so flattering a reward as in the sympathy of your sex; nor can it fear that its interests will be neglected while espoused by advocates as powerful as they are amiable. I can only answer for the sentiments which you do me the honor to express for me personally, that they would more than repay a life devoted to the service of the public and to testimonies of gratitude to yourselves.

"Accept the assurances of the perfect respect and esteem with which I am, Ladies,

"Your most Obedient,

"obliged and humble Servant,

"G. WASHINGTON."

D. A. R. Insignia a Protection in Europe

How the insignia of the Daughters of the American Revolution proved an open sesame in Europe is shown by the experience of ten American women who chanced to meet in Berlin. Caught in Germany upon the breaking out of war, they drifted together. Seven of these Americans were members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, and whenever the German authorities were shown their insignia pin they met with consideration and courtesy, while the other three women were subjected to much unpleasantness, their luggage and money withheld, and they were frequently accused of being spies.

Shortly before the commencement of hostilities sixteen months ago, an American woman, travelling alone, went to St. Petersburg. The day after her arrival she left the dining room to go to her bedroom. On reaching the lobby she was seen to stagger and fall. When assistance reached her, she was dead.

With the cold blooded lack of feeling which characterizes European hotel proprietors, the management arranged to send her body at once to the morgue. As the porters carried the stretcher to the hotel entrance, a Russian priest stopped them to examine their burden. The insignia pin of the Daughters of the American Revolution caught his eye—the only bit of jewelry to be found upon her.

The priest bade the porters wait, hurried to the manager and explained that the dead woman was wearing the insignia of a great patriotic society in America, and demanded that her body be taken to his church while he went to report her death to the American Ambassador. In the Greek church the American's body was watched with reverent care, and the gold and silver D. A. R. pin, which had protected all that was mortal from the horrors of a Russian morgue, was left pinned in place. When her body reached this country for interment, it still remained upon her breast.
Engraved Portraits of American Patriots
Made by Saint Memin in 1796-1810
By Natalie Sumner Lincoln
(Continued from November Magazine)
(Copyright, 1915, by Corcoran Gallery of Art)

The question: "Is my ancestor in the Saint Memin Collection?" is being solved for hundreds of Americans by the publication in this magazine of reproductions of Saint Memin's engraved portraits owned by the Corcoran Gallery of Art in Washington. Many subscribers to the magazine have written to ask that their particular ancestor be published in an early issue. Such requests will be complied with gladly.

Robert R. Livingston, of New York, was born Nov. 27, 1746, and died Feb. 26, 1813. He is known chiefly as Chancellor Livingston, and he had the honor of administering the oath of office to George Washington at his inauguration at the City Hall as first President of the United States of America.

Mr. Livingston was a graduate of King's College (now Columbia University) and was admitted to the New York bar in 1773 as partner to John Jay, his classmate. He was sent from the New York Assembly as a delegate to the Continental Congress in 1775, and was one of a committee of five who drafted the Declaration of Independence. At the Kingston Convention in 1777 he was appointed the first chancellor of New York, and he held that office until 1801. He was also secretary of foreign affairs for the United States from 1781 to 1783, but declined the post of Minister to France in 1794, and also refused the secretarieship of the navy offered him by Thomas Jefferson.

In 1801, being obliged by the Constitutional provision to resign the chancellorship, Mr. Livingston accepted the mission to France. While there he enjoyed the personal friendship of Napoleon Bonaparte, who, upon his leaving France in 1805, presented him with a splendid gold snuff-box adorned with a miniature of himself painted by Isabey.

During his residence in Paris Mr. Livingston met Robert Fulton, and the two Americans successfully planned steam navigation. He was also the principal founder of the American Academy of Fine Arts, and its first president. He also accomplished the cession of Louisiana to the United States.

Benjamin Franklin called Livingston the "Cicero of America," and his statue with that of George Clinton, forms the group of the two most eminent citizens of New York placed by act of Congress in the Capitol at Washington.

The first United States senator to cast his vote in favor of locating the National Capital on the banks of the Potomac was Richard Bassett, of Delaware. A lawyer of brilliant attainments, he served his country as a member of Congress under the old confederation in 1787, and was also a member of the convention which framed the Federal constitution. From 1789 to 1793 he was in the United States Senate. Five years later he became Governor of Delaware, serving until 1801, when he accepted the position of United States Circuit Judge. His daughter married James Asheton Bayard, signer of the Treaty of Ghent. She died Dec. 10, 1854. Their grandson, Thomas F. Bayard, was Secretary of State in the first Cleveland administration.

One of the first international marriages to take place in this country was that of Jane Macomb and the Hon. Robert Kennedy, younger son of the
SAINT MEMIN’S ENGRAVED PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN PATRIOTS

Top row, left to right, Lord Robert Kennedy and Lady Kennedy. Second row, Timothy Dwight, Judge James Bassett. Third row, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Cox

Photos, Rice Studio, Washington
11th Earl of Cassilis. When attached to the British Legation the young Englishman met the beautiful young daughter of Alexander Macomb, a distinguished merchant of New York and Detroit, Michigan; and they were married after a brief courtship. They had nine children. Sir Richard Disbrow married their daughter, while one of their sons, distinguished for his gallantry in the British army, was killed at Sebastapol, and another son became an admiral in the Royal navy.

Dr. Timothy Dwight was born in North Hampton, Mass., May 14, 1752, and died in New Haven, Conn., Jan. 14, 1817. He was a great grandson of Nathaniel Dwight, of Hatfield, his father being Major Timothy Dwight and his mother was Mary, the third daughter of the Rev. Jonathan Edwards. Dr. Dwight was fitted for Yale by the Rev. Enoch Huntingdon at Middleton, Conn., entering college at the age of thirteen and being graduated in 1769, having but one rival in scholarship. After being tutor at Yale, he studied law, but in 1777 he was licensed to preach, taking the position of chaplain in Parson's brigade, of the Connecticut line.

Dr. Dwight was not only a brilliant divine but a poet. His epic, "The Conquest of Canaan," also a pastoral poem called "Greenfield Hill," in which is a vivid description of the burning of Fairfield by the British in 1779, having but one rival in scholarship. After being tutor at Yale, he studied law, but in 1777 he was licensed to preach, taking the position of chaplain in Parson's brigade, of the Connecticut line.

Dr. Dwight was not only a brilliant divine but a poet. His epic, "The Conquest of Canaan," also a pastoral poem called "Greenfield Hill," in which is a vivid description of the burning of Fairfield by the British in 1779, having but one rival in scholarship. After being tutor at Yale, he studied law, but in 1777 he was licensed to preach, taking the position of chaplain in Parson's brigade, of the Connecticut line.

In 1795 Dr. Dwight was called to the presidency of Yale College, which he held until his death in 1817. His published works fill thirteen large octavo volumes.

Dr. Dwight married in 1777 Mary, daughter of Benjamin Woolsey, of Long Island, who bore him eight sons. His grandson and namesake, Timothy Dwight, professor of Greek at Yale, was also president of Yale University, thus proving the law of heredity in its finest and most distinguished type.

George Washington Parke Custis, step-grandson of General George Washington and father-in-law of General Robert E. Lee, was one of the distinguished men of his day. His father, Col. John Parke Custis, the son of Madam Washington by her first husband, was Washington's aide-de-camp. Upon his father's death in 1781, young Custis and his sister Eleanor made their home at Mount Vernon with their grandmother and General Washington, who adopted them.

Parke Custis later became a student at St. John's College and at Princeton. At the death of Madam Washington in 1802, he removed from Mount Vernon and built Arlington House on his estate of 1,000 acres across the Potomac from Washington. His wife was Mary Lee Fitzhugh, and their daughter, Mary Randolph Custis, married Robert E. Lee, the famous Confederate general. On the outbreak of the Civil War, the Arlington estate, which had been inherited by Mrs. Lee from her father, was confiscated, the Federal Government later buying it from the heirs, and it now is the celebrated National soldiers' cemetery, one of the most beautiful, hallowed and pathetic spots in the United States.

Parke Custis was an eloquent orator and clever playwright, and many of his dramas were produced in the Capital City. He was also an artist of much talent and executed a number of large paintings of Revolutionary battles. He was born at Mount Airy, Md., 30 April, 1781, and died at Arlington House, Virginia, 10 Oct., 1857.

James Jackson was one of the notable patriots of Georgia. At the close of the Revolutionary War that State presented him with a house and lot in Savannah, and in 1788 he was elected governor of Georgia, but modestly declined to serve, pleading youth and inexperience. No
SAINT MEMIN'S ENGRAVED PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN PATRIOTS


Photos, Rice Studio, Washington
officer in the Continental army held a finer war record. He was active in repelling the British from Savannah in 1776, was made brigade major of Georgia militia in 1778, took part in the defense of Savannah, and on its capture joined Gen. Moultrie in South Carolina; was volunteer aide to Sumter at Blackstocks; in 1781 was brigade major to Gen. Pickens, sharing in the victory of Cowpens. In March, 1780, he fought a duel with Lieut. Gov. Wells, killing his antagonist.

He was a member of the convention that adopted the first constitution of Georgia, was a representative in the first Congress, and afterward United States Senator and in 1798-1801 was governor of Georgia. Again re-elected to the U. S. Senate, he died in Washington 16 Mar., 1806.

Miss S—— Conyers, of Richmond, Va., was one of the many victims whose lives were lost in the burning of the Richmond Theater on Dec. 16, 1811. This terrible tragedy, which horrified the whole country, occurred during the gayeties of Christmas, always widely observed in Virginia. Miss Conyers was engaged to Lieut. Gibbon, an army officer, who gave his own life in endeavoring to rescue her.

Mademoiselle de Saint Memin, the only unmarried sister of the French artist, came with her mother to this country in 1798. Vivacious and pretty, she soon became a great favorite, and remained in America for many years.

So closely identified was John Peter Van Ness with the District of Columbia and Maryland that it is not always realized that he was from the Empire State. He represented New York in Congress in 1801, and was appointed by President Jefferson brigadier general of militia. This position cost him his seat in the House, as it was held that he could not accept a commission from the Federal government while serving in Congress, and he was relieved from office, 17 Jan., 1803. President Madison, however, promoted him to major general of militia. Gen. Van Ness was also mayor of Washington until he declined re-election. He established the Bank of the Metropolis and became its president.

Shortly after his arrival in Washington, Van Ness became engaged to Marcia Burns, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of David Burns, one of the wealthiest property owners in the District, who sold to the U. S. Government the land on which the White House, government buildings, and the larger part of the city of Washington now stand. Memorial Continental Hall is built upon a section of the Burns' farm.

Marcia Burns Van Ness was greatly beloved for her benevolence. On the day of her funeral both Houses of Congress adjourned; a great honor to a woman. The orphan asylum in Washington was founded by her, and she gave the ground on which historic St. John's Church was built.

Gen. and Mrs. Van Ness had but one child, a daughter, who married Mr. Middleton. She died without issue.

No portraits in the Saint Memin collection attract more attention than those of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Cox, the coiffure of the latter causing surprised and admiring comment. She was the daughter of Edward Bard and married Daniel Cox, a wealthy and prominent merchant of Philadelphia, Pa.

(This series to be continued)
New Members Admitted to The National Society Daughters of The American Revolution at the October Board Meeting

New members admitted to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution at the meeting of the National Board of Management in Washington on October 12, aggregated 1,360, including three conditionals. The new members were drawn from all except five states of the Union, and from the District of Columbia.

Since the last annual Continental Congress of the National Society in April, 2,745 new members have been admitted, and 4,122 original and supplemental papers have been verified.

The list of states from which new members were admitted by the National Board of Management at the October meeting, and the number in each state, is as follows:

Alabama .................... 13
Arkansas .................... 5
California ................... 30
Colorado .................... 18
Connecticut .................. 26
District of Columbia ......... 17
Florida ...................... 16
Georgia ..................... 32
Idaho ......................... 7
Illinois ...................... 79
Indiana ....................... 37
Iowa .......................... 65
Kansas ....................... 26
Kentucky ..................... 52
Louisiana .................... 4
Maine ........................ 20
Maryland ..................... 44
Massachusetts ............... 75
Michigan ..................... 49
Minnesota .................... 21
Mississippi .................. 19
Missouri ...................... 99
Montana ...................... 1
Nebraska ..................... 44
New Hampshire .............. 21
New Jersey ................... 20
New Mexico .................. 1
New York .................... 135
North Carolina ............... 15
Ohio ........................ 68
Oklahoma .................... 14
Oregon ....................... 10
Pennsylvania ................. 63
Rhode Island ................ 6
South Carolina ............... 35
South Dakota ................ 8
Tennessee .................... 29
Texas ........................ 39
Vermont ...................... 18
Virginia ..................... 22
Washington .................. 10
West Virginia ................. 13
Wisconsin .................... 30
Wyoming ..................... 1

Errata

The attention of the Editor has been called to an error on page 295 of the November issue. The custom of bonding the Treasurer General and of having her accounts audited by an expert was inaugurated several years before Mrs. Gertrude B. Darwin became Treasurer General.
Work of the Chapters

Cayuga Chapter (Ithaca, N. Y.).—Another year of the existence of Cayuga Chapter has passed into history, and the organization of the D. A. R., located at Ithaca, N. Y., finds itself enjoying the proud distinction of having attained its majority. That we are twenty-one is indelibly impressed upon the memory of those who attended the annual breakfast held at “The Alberger,” on Chapter Day. The mind’s eye will retain undimmed the picture of a large cake, bearing upon its frosted surface twenty-one lighted candles, as on that occasion it was brought to the dining table and placed before our much loved regent, Mrs. Frank G. Wilson.

Exceedingly interesting programs have been furnished throughout the year. The papers and talks in general upon subjects of particular interest to members of the D. A. R. have for the most part been contributed by members of the Chapter, though on Washington’s Birthday one of our local clergymen gave an address upon “George Washington.” Music, refreshments, and occasionally dramatic readings, have added to the attractiveness of our meetings.

The hostesses to whom the chapter is indebted for entertainment during the past year are Mrs. J. L. Baker, Mrs. D. N. Van Hoesen, Miss Jennie Northrup, Mrs. E. C. Stewart, Mrs. F. G. Wilson, Mrs. E. N. Jackson, Mrs. F. J. Alberger, and Mrs. J. S. Kirkendall, the latter entertaining on Flag Day at her summer cottage, on Cayuga Lake.

Several members of our Executive Board, together with members of the executive committees of a number of other D. A. R. chapters in central New York, enjoyed the hospitality of Owasco Chapter of Auburn, in October, and had the pleasure of meeting the then State regent, Mrs. Angsbury.

Our regent, also those members of Cayuga Chapter who represented Ithaca organizations as delegates at the State Federation of Women’s Clubs, in November, had the pleasure of greeting President General Mrs. Story, at a reception given in her honor by Tuscarora Chapter of Binghamton.

Our regent, first vice-regent, and one other represented the chapter at the Continental Congress, and later the chapter listened to an interesting report of what transpired at the Congress.

The chapter learned, with deep regret, in February, of the death, at Oak Park, Ill., of its first regent, Mrs. Harriet Dewey Ireland. Her work, in connection with the formation of the chapter, and in fostering its early life, will remain an enduring monument to her memory.

In addition to setting aside fifty dollars for our room fund, the chapter has been able to contribute twenty-five dollars to the Visiting Nurse Association of Ithaca; twenty dollars to the Red Cross Fund, to alleviate the suffering occasioned by the war, while at the last meeting a collection was taken for the French Red Cross, and arrangements made whereby contributions of clothing might be sent to this association, the object being to assist the French people rendered destitute by the war, and to commemorate the friendship of Washington with Lafayette and the French nation.

At the December meeting it was voted that individual contributions of twenty-five cents be collected, the same to be sent to the Board of Management of Continental Hall to assist in liquidating the indebtedness on that building. Later in the year some of the Continental Hall booklets were purchased with the purpose of helping in this enterprise.

That our hearts have been attuned to matters pertaining to patriotism is evidenced by the purchase of a wreath to be placed upon the soldiers’ monument
on Memorial Day, and by our willingness to contribute framed copies of the Declaration of Independence to our city schools.

Space does not permit much detail in regard to the work of our chapter, but in conclusion it may be said that Cayuga Chapter has enjoyed a very successful year and looks forward with glowing optimism to the year to follow.—(MRS. WILLARD W.) EDITH ANNA ELLIS, historian.

Anne Frisby Fitzhugh Chapter (Bay City, Mich.) is fifteen years old, and beginning with twelve members, has now a membership of seventy-five. It has contributed in various ways to the support of the interests of the National D. A. R., but has a paucity of “historic spots,” being located in too new a part of the country.

However, the Flag we have always with us, and in 1914, inspired by a flag-raisinig at Kalamazoo, during a convention in the interests of the Children of the Republic, one of our members, now the regent of the chapter, Mrs. William Wright Williams, began a campaign for a special celebration of Flag Day, led by this chapter.

George A. Loud gave a benefit lecture on “Our Navy, Past and Present,” illustrated by stereopticon views which he had collected during his ten years of service on the navy committee of the House. From this we received one hundred and forty-seven dollars, expending a total of one hundred and ninety dollars.

Wenonah Park was chosen as a site for a flag-pole, and a committee, of which Mrs. Williams was chairman, secured the gift of two eighty-foot timbers from Mr. Hanson of Grayling, which were delivered without cost. A flag-pole was made and erected in a cement foundation and a flag 20 by 30 feet procured.

Washington Gardner, a past commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., delivered an address at the dedication. The flag was flung to the breeze by two young ladies of this city, lineal descendants of Betsey Ross. Military and patriotic societies and six hundred children carrying small flags marched in parade, and a large number of citizens attended the celebration. The flag was presented to the city by the regent, Miss Emma Genevieve Huncker, and received by Mayor Gustavus Hine.

In 1915, the chapter enlarged considerably upon the celebration. The mayor of the city, F. P. E. Kelton, made proclamation of a holiday. An invitation was extended, as before, to military and patriotic bodies, and these, with four thousand school children, formed the parade. Superintendent of Public Schools Frank A. Gause gave a half-holiday. A new and larger flag was carried at the head of the procession, which was led by the Thirty-third Regiment Band. The school children each carried an eighteen-inch flag. Major A. H. Gansser, marshal of the day, brought the children to surround the flag-staff, where were assembled the chairman of the day, Hon. George A. Loud, the speakers, regents, ex-regents, and officers of the chapter.

The bugle-call was sounded and the children sang “The Stars and Stripes Forever,” accompanied by the band. Major A. H. Gansser delivered an inspiring speech. John Wesley Knaggs, a G. A. R. veteran, who lost his left arm at Malvern Hill during the Civil War, raised the flag, and as its colors unfolded to the sunlight, the children gave the Flag Salute.

The regent then presented the Flag to the city.

The mayor responded in behalf of the citizens, promising the flag should fly every day when the weather permitted, from sunrise to sunset.

The chapter has since formally resolved to celebrate Flag Day in a similar manner each year to cultivate in the children of the city, and especially the children of the foreign-born, an understanding and reverence for “Old Glory.”—MAY STOCKING KNAGGS, corresponding secretary.
The Rogers Nelson Chapter (Marshall, Mo.)—We have had an interesting and profitable year. The meetings were well attended, with interesting programs and delightful social hours. In addition to our regular monthly meetings, numerous board and committee meetings have been held. We observed appropriately Washington's Birthday, Flag Day and July 4th. At the close of the schools in May, we presented a medal to Judson Ingram, who had the highest average in American history in the eighth grade.

Mrs. W. A. Vawter and Mrs. J. D. Fleming, of this chapter, have recently been appointed members of the National Old Trails Committee. Through our efforts the poles in the Road District have been marked with the red and white and blue, and D. A. R. Insignia, the first district to be marked.

We have succeeded in finding proof of the burial of six Revolutionary heroes in Saline county, and have applied for markers for two of these graves.

On October 9th, we unveiled a drinking fountain, located on the Court House Square, on the Old Trails Road, dedicating it as a memorial to those soldiers buried in the county. At this time we had a program of public addresses by Hon. Joshua Barbee and Hon. Virgil Huff, music and talks by representatives of the two other chapters in the county, which made it a very interesting occasion. On the shaft of the fountain is placed a bronze plate on which the names of these soldiers are inscribed.

We have contributed funds in numerous ways, and have given some delightful entertainments.

Four desecrations of the flag have been reported by our chairman on Flag Desecration, Mrs. J. D. Fleming. Our chapter was honored in November when we received the silk flag offered for the greatest number of desecrations reported.

Our membership numbers thirty-one; transfers, four; deaths, one; dropped, three; eight new members and four papers in Washington.

Laura Woods-Place, Regent.

Old Glory Chapter (Franklin, Tenn.)—We have held pleasant and interesting monthly meetings throughout the year in the homes of the chapter members, beginning in October, 1914, with "King's Mountain Day," at the residence of our much esteemed regent, Mrs. N. B. Dozier.

It has been the constant endeavor of our regent to keep before the members all worthy aims and enterprises, and to encourage them to greater zeal and usefulness in D. A. R. work. Our recording secretary, Mrs. W. W. Campbell, has rendered invaluable aid by her concise and well written minutes, her faithful attendance, and charming hospitality. We are fortunate in having a most efficient treasurer, Mrs. T. J. Wallace.

We have twenty-eight members—three life members, Mrs. Marietta Watson Mayberry, Mrs. Minnie People Gamble, and Miss Annie Walker.

Our Washington Birthday celebration was interesting, with Mesdames Thomas and Rhodes as joint hostesses. At our April meeting we were honored by the presence of Prof. R. G. Peoples, of Battle Ground Academy, who gave an interesting lecture on the "Great War in Europe." On April 23, the chapter unveiled a tablet on the Masonic Hall (built in 1823) in Franklin, to mark the first Protestant Episcopal Church in Tennessee, founded August 25, 1827, by its first bishop, James A. Otey. Prominent citizens of Franklin were present, and school children furnished the music. Our regent presided, and Mrs. Sophia Fitts presented the tablet to the town. Mayor David Wagner accepted it, and the feature of the program was an address by Mr. J. W. Reid. The tablet is of native Tennessee marble. It was placed at the suggestion of Miss Susie Gentry, organizer of Old Glory Chapter. The tablet committee included Miss Susie Gentry, chairman; Mesdames

At the suggestion of our regent we have undertaken the restoration of the "old cemetery" of Franklin, where are buried two Revolutionary soldiers, Thomas Dudley and David Squires, and many of Tennessee's prominent sons and daughters. The chapter has already contributed $25.00 to the work. Our mayor and board of aldermen have given us $25.00 and other valuable assistance. At the request of our regent, Mrs. T. J. Wallace, is preparing a register of those buried in the cemetery, including bits of interesting history about them.

We are much interested in patriotic education, and feel it our duty to help educate the poor of our country. We have contributed to Memorial Continental Hall, and to the last marker on the Boone Trail, unveiled at Cumberland Gap in June. We have also recently contributed to the French motor ambulance as a tribute to Lafayette.

To stimulate interest in the study of history we offered a gold medal to the students of our country high school for the best essay on "Causes of the European War." We take The Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine and other patriotic literature, which keeps us in touch with D. A. R. work.

Old Glory Chapter was represented at the Continental Congress by Mrs. Louisa C. Gordon, whose account of the congress gives new enthusiasm to our work.

Our chapter has sustained a great loss in the death of Mrs. Sallie Jones Harris, who was greatly beloved.

Flag Day, our last meeting of the year, was appropriately celebrated at the home of our regent. Conspicuous among the decorations was the immense flag presented September 19, 1902, to Old Glory Chapter by Col. John S. Parks, U. S. Army (a native of Franklin). The flag was used by Admiral Dewey's fleet at Manila.

Col. Parks, our honor guest on this memorable afternoon, gave us an address and our state poet, Elizabeth Fry Page, with her original rendition of "The Flag;" other original poems by Mrs. Theresa Perkins and Mrs. Martha Gentry, and a reading by Miss Louise Bailey, with music by Mrs. John McGavock and Miss Lucy Green, completed the program:

The officers of Old Glory Chapter are: Regent, (Mrs. N. B.) Tennie Pinkerton Dozier; vice regent, (Mrs. J. C.) Julia Plummer Eggleston; recording secretary, (Mrs. W. W.) James Briggs Campbell; corresponding secretary, (Mrs. R. J.) Louisa Cochrane Gordon; treasurer, (Mrs. T. G.) Eliza W. Wallace; chaplain, Mrs. Sophia Cochraine Fitts; historian, (Mrs. D. B.) Minnie H. Wright; registrar, Miss Annie Walker; librarian, Miss Mary Pinkerton; (Mrs. D. B.) Minnie H. Wright, historian.

Rumford Chapter (Concord, N. H.) —The unveiling and dedication of the memorial tablet and boulder, presented by Rumford Chapter to the City of Concord, took place with appropriate ceremonies on the afternoon of June 8, 1915.

The boulder, rough and unhewn, with a depression in the top which, tradition says, was used by the Indians as a receptacle in which to pound their corn, stands in the easterly corner of the Walker school lot near the state road. The inscription upon the tablet explains its purpose:

"On this historic spot was built, 1751
The first framed meeting house
Where the New Hampshire Convention
Ratified the Federal Constitution
Thereby assuring its adoption
June 21, 1788.

A Memorial
To the Soldiers of the town who
Took part in the War of the Revolution.
Placed by the Rumford Chapter
Daughters of the American Revolution,
1915.

The presentation exercises were extremely interesting. The boulder was presented to the city by Mrs. Benjamin
S. Rolfe, regent of Rumford Chapter, and accepted by Mayor French in the name of the City of Concord.

Remarks were made by Mrs. J. H. Dearborn, so well known to all loyal Daughters; by Miss Annie Wallace, State Regent; and Mrs. Will B. Howe, vice state regent. Mrs. James Minot, a past regent, gave an address detailing the history of the meeting house which formerly stood on this site, and the action of the convention which decided the adoption of the constitution.

Miss Mary T. Hutchins, fifth in descent from Col. Gordon Hutchins of Revolutionary fame, unveiled the boulder, assisted by Miss Ruth A. Ayers, and placed a wreath upon the stone.

The exercises closed with the singing of America, and a benediction by the Rev. A. F. Carter.—Mrs. Mary E. Demond, historian.

**Col. Hugh White Chapter** (Lock Haven, Pa.)—The year just past has proven a notable one for this chapter, with deeper interest manifested and greater work accomplished—the last week of May proving the most memorable of the entire year. On May 27 we were honored by a visit from our state regent, Miss Emma L. Crowell of Philadelphia, and state vice-regent, Mrs. A. W. Cook of Cooksburg, and an evening reception was held in their honor at the spacious home of our regent, Mrs. R. W. Fredericks. Both the Daughters and their invited guests enjoyed the inspiring messages and reports of work accomplished in Pennsylvania, as given by these charming and enthusiastic women.

On Memorial Day the chapter gave their annual dinner to the veterans of the Civil War in Clinton county, numbering about eighty. This event is always a delightful one, but this year was only a prelude to the happenings of the day, as, in the afternoon the daughters motored to McElhattan, where impressive services were held incident to the presentation and dedication of a fine granite marker.

This marker was erected by Col. Henry W. Shoemaker, of New York, and McElhattan, who is intensely interested in pioneer history. He is the author of “Pennsylvania Mountain Stories,” and many other books. The marker indicates the site of Fort Horn, one of the pioneer forts built for defense against the Indians, and also the scene of the signing of the “Pine Creek Declaration of Independence,” which was simultaneous with the signing of the famous Declaration in Philadelphia, July 4, 1776. The tablet bears the following inscription:

_This marks the site of Samuel Horn’s Fort_  
_In 1777._

_It is said to be the site of a much older French Trading Post._

Music by the band; singing “America” by school children; prayer by Rev. Chas. H. Williamson; presentation of marker by Col. H. W. Shoemaker; “Star Spangled Banner” by band; unveiling of marker by Roland and Newton Fredericks, the little grandson of our regent; acceptance by Mrs. R. W. Fredericks, regent; patriotic address by Chas. Reilley of Williamsport; poem written for the occasion and read by the author, John Chatham; benediction by Rev. Sowers.

The presence of Troop K. Pennsylvania Volunteer Cavalry and the inspiring patriotic music added greatly to the enjoyment of the occasion. For the remainder of the day the chapter was most delightfully entertained at “Shoemaker Park” by Col. and Mrs. H. W. Shoemaker.

As usual our Washington’s Birthday reception was held at the home of our beloved regent and, as always with this charming hostess, proved to be one of great pleasure. One of the events of the afternoon was the talk given by Miss Helen E. C. Overton of Bellefonte, former state regent of Pennsylvania. A novel feature of the program was the pretty initiation ceremony for our new member, Mrs. A. L. Miller.

At the dedication of Lock Haven’s
new High School building, we presented a beautiful flag, our regent making the presentation address and Miss Marie Marshall accepting on behalf of the school. The chapter gave $10 for a Philippine scholarship in memory of our late regent, Mrs. Margaret Sterling Scott, and also contributed to the Berry School.

Since the "jitneys" have become so popular perhaps the work of the wide-awake chairman of our committee on Flag Desecration, Mrs. B. F. Geary, will be of interest. Finding the use of flags to designate the "jitneys" was against the law, which forbids their use for commercial purposes, she succeeded in persuading the management to remove the flags.

Several graves of Revolutionary soldiers have been located and we hope to place markers in the near future.—LAURA E. LEITZELL, chairman magazine committee.

**Hic-a-Sha-Ba-Ha Chapter** (Starkville, Miss.)—The chapter was organized in September, 1910, by Mrs. Louise Muldrow Hutchinson, with seventeen charter members. Our report for 1915 shows a membership of twenty-seven.

Historical study of the Colonial and Revolutionary periods forms a part of the program of the regular monthly meetings. This study is based on the Historical Year Book prepared by the Mississippi State Committee.

Each year since the organization of the chapter, we have presented a medal to the student of Starkville High School who has shown the greatest excellence in United States history. We have contributed $10.00 each year to the fund for marking the Natchez Trace, the old Indian trail from Nashville, Tenn., to Natchez, Miss. The chapter has contributed $5.00 each year to the Memorial Continental Hall Fund, except during 1915. Our greatest endeavor during 1915 has been the buying of a history in twelve volumes, "The South in the Building of the Nation," which was presented to the Starkville Public School. This school was also the recipient of a beautiful flag, presented by the chapter. The presentation was made at appropriate public exercises at the school building.
In 1911, the grave of Capt. William Hillhouse, a Revolutionary soldier, was marked. Dr. Raymond, the venerable pastor of the Old First Presbyterian Church and honorary chaplain of our chapter, who was present at the funeral of Capt. Hillhouse, officiated at the installation of the marker. A company of cadets from the Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College also participated in the exercises.

Because of the insistence of our Committee on Conservation, a quarantine against measles was established in the Starkville schools.

Our February hostess presented a series of tableaux and dramatized incidents of Colonial and Revolutionary history. These were beautifully costumed, historically correct, and afforded great pleasure to her guests. Since our organization two afternoon receptions have been held in the homes of chapter members. To these receptions all friends of the chapter were invited. On June 14, 1915, the chapter celebrated Flag Day at the home of the regent. A program appropriate to the occasion was followed by musical numbers delightfully rendered by three of our young friends, Miss Annabelle Hughes, Miss Annie Laurie McKay, and Mr. Mayo McKay. The program consisted of patriotic selections and old ballads.

Through the instrumentality of the chapter, $160.96 was collected and sent to the Belgians.—(Mrs. R. W.) Grace Moore Gay, regent.

Republished by the kind permission of the American History League.

ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE U. S. NAVY DURING THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION
Presentation of the President General's Badge

An interesting and charming event of the Twenty-fourth Continental Congress in Washington was the presentation of the gold and jeweled badge of the President General to Mrs. William Cumming Story. The badge is the official decoration of the office of president general, and is to be worn on all official occasions. It is the property of the National Society, and each president general is to deliver it to the one succeeding her in office.

The insignia committee comprised Mrs. William H. Reynolds, Mrs. Willard Augsburry, Mrs. George C. Squires, honorary chairman; and Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cooke, chairman.

The badge was presented to the president general, Mrs. William Cumming Story, by Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cooke, who said:

"During the session of the last Continental Congress a resolution was adopted providing for a committee of three to select a design for a badge to be worn by the president general and her successors. Mrs. William N. Reynolds, state regent of North Carolina, Mrs. Willard S. Augsburry, state regent of New York, and Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook, state vice regent of Pennsylvania, were appointed to carry out the purpose of the congress, as provided for in that resolution. Mrs. George C. Squires was appointed honorary chairman.

"As chairman of that committee, Madam President General, I am about to present to you the result of our work during the past year in the form of the official badge.

"It was our desire to select a design which will show by its dignity, beauty, and grace the great responsibility attached to the highest office in the gift of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and at the same time denote the importance and significance which they as a society attach to it.

"Before finally presenting you with this badge, which you in turn will deliver to the one succeeding you in office, it would seem to be in keeping with the spirit of the occasion that the meaning of this design should be fully understood and appreciated.

"In the center of the pendant part of the badge is the great seal of the National Society surrounded by precious stones, emblematic of the high regard in which the daughters hold the National Organization. From this seal of our society (whose aim is to keep before the nation the bright ideal of patriotism) golden rays of light radiate in every direction. These rays represent the inspiration which our society gives to the nation and the value of this inspiration is made apparent by the jewels and gold of which the rays are composed.

"The American Eagle on the pin (which you will retain) is to remind you of the patriotic and national spirit of our great society, and the laurel wreath which surrounds it is symbolic of the authority and honor which belongs to the office of president general. But authority and honor are not the only attributes of the great office which has been entrusted to you, there is also the responsibility which is inseparable from it.

"Our faith in your ability to meet this responsibility and the confidence which the Daughters repose in their chief executive is expressed by the fact that in this badge the seal of the National Society is dependent upon the pin of its president general. This, then, is the tangible expression of our esteem and trust.

"Therefore, Madam President General, carrying out the desire of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, as expressed in the resolution passed at their last Continental Congress, it is my privilege and honor to present you with this badge, which will be henceforth recognized as
the official badge of our president general."

The badge was made by Bailey, Banks & Biddle, of Philadelphia, Pa., and the design is very beautiful. It consists of two parts; the decoration proper being equipped as a brooch pin, also with a pendant attachment which joins it to the bar, reading, "President General" in gold relief letters. The president general, upon her retirement from office, retains the bar.

The medallion is a 14-karat Roman gold pendant averaging 40 to 50 pennyweight, paved with full cut diamonds and sapphires, set flush with the mounting. The center is made of 14-karat green gold, having 13 small stars with a diamond set in the center of each star and the seal of the society reproduced in relief. These parts are highly modeled. Around this center is the wording: "Daughters of the American Revolution," and the dates in blue enamel. Attached to this is a band of platinum carved with laurel leaves, paved with full cut diamonds. The top part of the insignia is made with a green laurel wreath set with 8 full cut diamonds, and the wording "President General" in full relief on a ribbon. In the center of the wreath is a full modeled eagle, perched on arrows and olive leaves. The Insignia contains 52 full cut diamonds in all, of an aggregate weight of one and one-half carat, and 20 round Oriental sapphires, aggregating a weight of one and one-quarter karat. The pin with pendant cost $450, while the pins for the honorary presidents general were $60 apiece.

At the Twenty-third Continental Congress, when the resolution was adopted for the President General's badge, it was also directed that a pin be given to each of the four living honorary presidents general. Their pin is the same in design as the bar to which the President General's badge is attached, except that the word "Honorary" is placed above those of "President General."

The following letters of acknowledgment have been received by the President General of these Honorary Presidents General's pins from Mrs. John W. Foster, Mrs. Daniel Manning and Mrs. Matthew T. Scott:

My Dear Mrs. Foster:

Will you please convey to the Congress of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, my heartfelt thanks for the beautiful pin sent to me by the Congress. It is very highly appreciated, I assure you, and will be preserved and handed down to my family as a precious treasure.

Thank you, my dear Mrs. Foster, for your very gracious note that accompanied the pin. Thanking you and the Society again, I am,

Very sincerely yours,

Mary Parke Foster.

Mrs. William Cumming Story,
President General, N. S. D. A. R.

My dear Madam President:

The beautiful and artistic pin that the 24th Continental Congress of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution by its unanimous vote directed should be presented to the Honorary Presidents General was received during a long absence from home and which I now have the honor to accept. I shall
ever hold it in grateful remembrance of the happy years I found in my close association with a splendid Board, and the noble Society of Daughters who had honored me as their head, and to which service I gave with wholeheartedness, to the best of my ability, the years I was privileged to serve them. This valued memento will be an incentive to increased and unfailing interest in the organization, to promote its welfare and high ideals.

I congratulate you, Madame President, on your successful administration, and may God bless you to the finish, and all the years of your life.

Very sincerely yours,
Mary Margaretta Fryer Manning.

Mrs. William Cumming Story,
President General, National Society Daughters American Revolution, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

My dear Mrs. Story:
Allow me to express to you and through you to the members of the Twenty-fourth Continental Congress of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, my grateful appreciation of the very beautiful pin, forwarded here, that I received a day or two ago.

Very sincerely yours,
Julia G. Scott.


It is no exaggeration to state that a searcher for facts can not spend thirty-five cents to better advantage than in the purchase of this modest little pamphlet of 80 pages, published during the summer under the supervision of the Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R., Mrs. George M. Sternberg. While it is confined strictly to works in the Library D. A. R., scarcely anyone can be found who will not gain information from a perusal of its pages. This is due largely to its arrangement of subjects. First are arranged under states (placed in alphabetical order) all books pertaining to those states, including not only those of a general nature, but also town and county histories. Then follows a list of general works on Genealogy, Heraldry and Biography; and a list of the Family Histories owned by the library. The last ten pages are taken up with lists of Washingtoniana, Historical and Patriotic Societies, Flags, History, General Works and Periodicals. For the residents of Washington, D. C., or those who contemplate visiting Washington and wish to avail themselves of the benefits of the library, it is an invaluable guide; and for others it is a compact, clear bibliography on the principal works in connection with the different subjects.

Some Old Colonial Families of Virginia, by Cynthia Martin Polk, (Price $2.50. Published in Memphis, Tennessee by Paul and Douglass Company.)


These two books have been received during the summer vacation, and while neither of them has an index, they contribute to our store of information of
Virginia families. The first one deals principally with the Fleming, Martin, Payne, Pillow, Steptoe and Woodson families, although it treats of several of the collateral families like the Bradfords and Carrolls of Tennessee.

The other makes especial mention of men by name of Baylor who served during the Revolution, several of whom moved to Kentucky and Mississippi in later life. The appendix gives the record from the Adjutant General's Office at Washington of Colonel George and Lieutenant John Baylor in the Revolution and Lieutenant Cyrus Alexander Baylor of Kentucky in the War of 1812.

---

In Memoriam

Elizabeth Jackson Chapter mourns the loss of their Registrar and charter member in the death on Friday, Oct. 1, 1915, of Mrs. Alice Bedon Fishburne at her home, 1727 Euclid street, Washington, D. C. Her mother, Mrs. Mary C. McLure Wysong, founder and now honorary regent of the chapter, a daughter and son survive her.

Mrs. Fishburne will be much missed, as she was intensely interested in everything concerning the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Early in the year, the residents of Ithaca were pained to learn of the death, at Oak Park, Illinois, of Mrs. Harriet Dewey Ireland, formerly of Ithaca. The death of this estimable woman is keenly felt by the members of Cayuga Chapter, D. A. R., who realize the importance of her work in the formation of the chapter and in fostering its early growth.

Acting first in the capacity of regent and later as historian and as registrar, she established her claim to a place of importance in the life history of the chapter.


The death of Miss Norton is a severe loss, not only to her family but to the community where she lived, and to whose people she was endeared by many acts of charity and kindness. Her excellent judgment, enthusiastic interest and untiring industry made her a most efficient worker in the various societies of which she was a member.

Miss Norton was born on Aug. 29, 1867, at “Leeds Manor,” Fauquier Co., Va., the old home of her mother, which was built by Chief Justice Marshall for his favorite son and where he spent the last years of his life.

Becoming a member of the Mount Vernon Chapter, D. A. R., shortly after its organization, Miss Norton filled more than one office in the chapter of which she was vice regent at the time of her death.

Mrs. Savillah Wyatt Latham, charter member of Abraham Lincoln Chapter, D. A. R., died April 7, 1915, at Lincoln, Ill. She was closely identified with the interest of her chapter from the time of its organization, which was effected in her home, until in the same place and shortly before her last illness, she assisted in celebrating its nineteenth Anniversary. She gave never failing aid and sympathy in all chapter relations.

Elizabeth Wadsworth Chapter of Portland, Maine, reports with regret the loss by death of the following members:

Miss Jean Lincoln Crie, died July 27, 1913. She was a charter member and the first secretary of the chapter, serving three years.

Mrs. Frances Evelyn Webb, died August 19, 1914. She was the first treasurer of the chapter, serving for four years.

Mrs. Martha Robinson, a charter
member, died March 5, 1914. She served as chaplain for four years and was always an interested and most efficient worker in the chapter.

Mrs. Ann Irene Palmer, died December 23, 1914. She was the organizer of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Maine, the first regent of Elizabeth Wadsworth chapter, serving in that capacity for two years, resigning to take the office of State Regent, which she held for one year.

Mrs. Frances Olivia King, died January 21, 1915. Mrs. King was a charter member of our chapter and served as registrar for six years. She had eight ancestors who served in the Revolutionary War.

Mrs. Anna Choate Horne died June 5, 1915. Mrs. Horne was one of the oldest and most useful members of our chapter, always ready to help in all the work of the chapter.

Mrs. Martha E. Robie, wife of Ex-Governor Robie, was a member of our chapter seven years and was a willing helper in all the work of the chapter. She died September 1, 1915, at Gorham, Maine.

Died, October 17, 1915, Mrs. Almeda C. Lane Higgins, aged 92 years. Her life was filled with good works. She was a member of the Martha Washington Chapter, N. S. D. A. R. She leaves her aged husband, two daughters, and one sister to mourn her loss.

Mrs. Sara McCandlish Miller, wife of the Hon. F. A. Miller, and a member of the Major Robert Lyde Chapter, Hartsville, S. C., died at her home May 3, 1915.

She was a member of the Frances Bland Randolph Chapter of Petersburg, Va., and upon coming to Hartsville as a bride, attended the first meeting of the Major Robert Lyde Chapter. She was elected registrar and afterwards served two years as regent.

Her past experience, her enthusiasm, her patriotism, and her loyalty to the chapter were an inspiration, while her life was an example to all true womanhood.

Mrs. Sallie Lyon Foote Waller, widow of Charles J. Waller, born in Mobile, Ala., died in Richmond, Va., March 18, 1915. She was buried from Christ Church in the family plot in Magnolia Cemetery, Mobile, Ala.

Brilliant, well read, she was a devoted member of the Mary Washington Chapter, which mourns her loss. She is survived by three sisters.

Mrs. Mary McDonald, wife of Dr. J. W. McDonald, died September 6, 1915, at Fairmont Hospital No. 3. She was a member of the William Haymond Chapter of the N. S. D. A. R. She was a woman of many lovable qualities and Christian virtues.

NOTICE

To insure accuracy and the expeditious handling of all material for the magazine, it is requested that whenever possible contributions be typewritten.

—EDITOR.
Marriage Record Exchange
Through the National Committee on Historical Research
Mrs. Willard S. Augsburry, Historian General, Chairman

Marriages performed by Justice Asa Pratt, Canton, Penna., 1828-1834.

Allen, Nehemiah, of Franklin, and Mrs. Susanna (Stone) Smiley, widow of John, Oct. 27, 1830.
Andrews, Elisha, and Lovina Locke, Feb. 25, 1832.
Arthur, Luther C., and Deborah Grant of Jackson township, Lycoming Co., Pa., Aug. 8, 1832.
Bagley, Edward, and Betsey Bennett, Nov. 25, 1832.
Batten, John, of Oakland (Elkland) township, Lycoming Co., Pa., and Emily Williams of Canton, May 5, 1831.
Brigham, George, and Amy Stockwell, May 5, 1831.
Case, Philander, of Troy, and Betsey Grantier of Canton, Sept. 21, 1831.
Chatfield, David, and Laura Spencer, both of Union township, Tioga Co., Pa., Oct. 11, 1831.
Conklin, James, and Orinda Grantier, Jan. 22, 1834.
Eaton, Daniel, and Caroline Foster, Dec. 17, 1833.
Granteer, John, and Mrs. Polly (Moore) Wilcox, Aug. 16, 1832.
Hackett, Peleg, of Smithfield and Maria Pratt of Canton, Aug. 19, 1832.
Haxton, Hosen, and Miranda Pepper, Nov. 2, 1834.
Heacock, Nathaniel and Mrs. Hearty (White) Palmer, widow of Stephen, Aug. 25, 1830.
Holcomb, Benjamin, of Canton, and Delight Chaapel of Franklin township, daughter of Isaac, March 21, 1832.
Jones, James A., and Maria Williams, June 12, 1834.
Kilbourn, Ozias, and Electa Grantier, daughter of Jacob, Nov. 29, 1832.
Landon, Joseph W., and Miss Lydia Conklin, March 27, 1832.
Lindley, Joseph, and Lovina Manley, Jan. 24, 1832.
Loomis, George, and Sally Ann Eaton, Dec. 20, 1832.
Newell, William, and Polly Clark, Aug. 7, 1834.
Porter, Seth, of Granville and Maria Sellard of Canton, Dec. 26, 1833.
Pratt, Julius, of Canton, and Rebecca Roberts of Franklin, May 24, 1834.
Roberts, Jacob, of Canton, and Abigail Bailey of Franklin, Jan. 24, 1833.
Rundall, Isaac, and Susan Hoagland, March 10, 1831.
Rundell, Harrison P., and Mary Hoagland, April 25, 1832.
Rutty, Ezra Wright, of Union township, Tioga Co., and Minerva Loomis of Canton, Sept. 17, 1834.
Sellard, Oliver, and Betsey Watts, daughter of John, Oct. 26, 1831.
Shoemaker, Pane, of Granville township, and Rachel Pepper, Dec. 25, 1834.
Smead, Elihu, of Columbia township, and Betsey Farr, May 24, 1830.
Smiley, Milton, and Jane Watts, daughter of John, Dec. 25, 1828.
Smith, Putnam, of Charleston township, Tioga Co., and Naney Williams July 12, 1832.
Spencer, Linde, and Betsey Stewart, Oct. 6, 1829.
Vanburen, John, of Center Co., Pa. and Mrs. —, March 20, 1834.
Williams, Thomas, and Amy Bagley, Oct. 31, 1830.
Wilson, Hezekiah, and Eliza Moore, Jan. 22, 1831.
Withey, Jeduthian, of Canton, and Mrs. Phoebe (Thorne) Comfort of Columbia township, Jan. 25, 1832.
1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, provided they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements of other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Especial care should be taken to write names and dates plainly.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All Letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to queries. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

ANSWERS

2606. (6) GALBRAITH. In the September issue of the magazine the statement is made that no Rev. service could be found for James Galbraith (1703 or 4-1786) who m at Christ Church, Phila. April 6, 1734, Eliz. Bertram. In Vol. XXVIII of the D. A. R. Lineage Book is found the service of this James. He had served in the Provincial Wars, and was appointed Lieut. Col. of the Cumberland Co. Penna. Militia, although on account of age he rendered no active service. Mrs. Wood has left out James' son, Bertram, his most prominent son. Wm. Galbraith was b in 1736 (not 1738) and m Jean Webster; Bertram b. Sept. 24, 1738, m (1) Ann Scott, m (2) Henrietta Huling (not Huntingdon) and d Meh. 9, 1804. He was a Member of the Provincial Convention of Jan. 25, 1775, delegate to the Prov. Conference June 13, 1776, Colonel of one of the Lancaster Battalions of Associates, County Lieut. in 1777, and filled many other important offices. Andrew Galbraith who m in 1780 Barbara Kyle never was a private. He was High Sheriff of Cumberland Co. under George III, raised two companies when the war broke out and went direct to the front. We have his commission as Major signed by Benjamin Franklin as President of the Committee of Safety dated Sept. 10, 1776. He was taken prisoner at the Battle of Long Island and confined on the prison ship "Judith" in N. Y. harbor. We have a portion of his diary written while on board that ship, and I entered the D. A. R. through his service. Mrs. Wood omits to mention that Eliz. dau of Andrew Galbraith was b 1784, m Dr. Kelso of Harrisburg, and d Apr. 18, 1818; that Barbara, another child b 1793, m Chas. P. Gordon, grand-father of the late Gen. and Governor Gordon; and that Ann, b 1797, m Aug. 29, 1826, Charles Hall and d in 1858. Mrs. Elisha Tibbitts, Charter member D. A. R., Berkeley, Calif.

2490. PAINE. The Stephen Paine of A. R. H.'s query moved from Coventry, Conn. where the births of five children are recorded to Partridgefield (now Peru) Mass. and served as a sergeant from that place in the Rev. Both he and his wife Rebecca Bushnell died there. The name "Bushnell" among the twelve children of Ebenezer L. Payne of Hinsdale, Mass. indicate their parentage. The Brewster Genealogy gives this Stephen as son of Benjamin and Mary (Brewster) Paine; and grandson of John and Deborah (Neal) Paine. Mary Brewster, b Apr. 22, 1704 was the dau of Benjamin and Mary (Smith) Brewer m Benjamin Paine in Lebanon Conn. Oct. 19, 1720. Another Stephen Payne son of Ebenezer and Mary, was b Woodstock, Conn. Sept. 17, 1749. What Stephen Paine in Sarah Leach in Pomfret in 1727?

3298. TYLER-PAINE. For ancestry of Mabel (Tyler) Paine see Revolutionary Records in the Nov. issue under the heading Paine and Tyler. Gen. Ed.

3189. (3) THORNHILL. There is no mention of a Thornhill Genealogy in the list of Genealogies compiled by the Congressional Library or at the D. A. R. Neither has anyone entered the
3866. (2) LEWIS. In the Genealogy of the Lewis and Kindred Families, to be found in all large libraries, is a full account of John Lewis of Halifax and his ancestry. Miss Mittle Luca Edwards, Eastman, Ga.

3886. (2) SHUGART. Two of the children of Zachariah Shugart, a Lieut. of Swope's Battalion of the Flying Camp in 1776 were: John (1781-1836) who m Catherine Swartzwelder, and Joseph B. who m Mary Mendendall. (See D. A. R. Lineage Book, Vol. XL.) Gen. Ed.

3895. McMECHEN. Through the courtesy of Miss N. J. Morrow, 607 11th St. Moundsville, West Va. we are enabled to make some corrections in the query, and to furnish information in regard to the McMechen Family. Mr. James McMechen lived on the West Va. side of the river, opposite Captina, Ohio (not West Va.). The pioneer McMechen, whose name was William, came from Md. not Phila. He had a brother, James, who came with him from Md. William took up a claim of 400 acres in Marshall Co. and improved the land. James went farther down the river, locating near St. Mary's. William m Sidney Johnston, a Welsh lady, and his son James was at one time clerk of the Court of Ohio Co. and later went to Moorefield, West Va. The eldest son of Wm. never came west, but remained in Baltimore. His name was Wm. also. Another son, David, went back from Va. to Baltimore; and the youngest son, Benjamin, lived and died at the old homestead in Marshall Co. His sisters were: Nancy, Sallie, Sidney and Jane. Benjamin had a son, James, who was my uncle, and the brother of my mother.

3990. NEAL. Mrs. Mary E. (Neal) Hanaford, 514 N. Winnebags St. Rockford, Ill. calls attention to a misprint in the answer to this query in the Sept. issue. The name of the oldest son of Samuel Neal Sen. was Samuel, not Samuel K. She went to Stratham, N. H. and copied a great deal from the town records, and is about to publish a book on the Neal Family. Joseph Neal, b Mch. 23, 1762, was the son of Samuel Neal and Eliz. Haley (sister of Richard Haley, grandfather of Rev. John W. Hayley, author of the Haley, Piper, Neal and Ricker Genealogy). Samuel, the father of this Samuel m Eliz. Lock, dau of Deacon Wm. Lock, and was himself a descendant of Walter Neal of the river, opposite Captina, Ohio (not West Va.). The pioneer McMechen, whose name was William, came from Md. not Phila. He had a brother, James, who came with him from Md. William took up a claim of 400 acres in Marshall Co. and improved the land. James went farther down the river, locating near St. Mary's. William m Sidney Johnston, a Welsh lady, and his son James was at one time clerk of the Court of Ohio Co. and later went to Moorefield, West Va. The eldest son of Wm. never came west, but remained in Baltimore. His name was Wm. also. Another son, David, went back from Va. to Baltimore; and the youngest son, Benjamin, lived and died at the old homestead in Marshall Co. His sisters were: Nancy, Sallie, Sidney and Jane. Benjamin had a son, James, who was my uncle, and the brother of my mother.

4036. NORRIS. Benjamin Norris, son of Benjamin and Mehitable (Stevens) Norris, was b Stratham, N. H. Feb. 24, 1731, and lived there until he was twenty years old. Purchased land in Bow, and in 1758 in Suncook; was in Pembroke in 1759; was called Captain, but served in the Rev. in Capt. McConnel's Co. May 4, 1777 (Vol. XIV, N. H. State Papers, p 588). He m Sarah Wiggin (1726—Dorchester, Mass. 1826) and d Jan. 31, 1799. Mrs. S. W. McKee. The Gen. Ed. regrets to add to this information that neither the birth, marriage or death of Benjamin Norris is to be found in the records of Stratham, both Church and Town, which are published in the N. H. Genealogical Record, and are considered to be a careful and complete record.

4094. (2) RICE. Zebulon Rice, b Feb. 27, 1711, m Jan. 27, 1737 (not 1757) Abigail Forbush in Westboro, Mass. Their oldest child, Persis, was b Nov. 19, 1737. In a little book called 'By the name of Rice' edited by Charles Elmer Rice, Alliance, Ohio, he states that Persis (Rice) Putnam was the granddaughter of Charles Rice, son of Thomas and Anna (Rice) Rice. He does not give the parents of Persis; but makes mention of Zebulon (evidently the one who m Abigail Forbush) who was a soldier in Capt. Benjamin Fay's Co. in 1757 from Westboro. Mrs. Helen Nye Rupp, Registrar, Monmouth, Ill.

4104. (2) TAYLOR. James Taylor who m Lydia Taylor Sept. 15, 1741, m (2) Dec. 2, 1756, Mary Dickinson; and m (3) Nov. 21, 1781, Mary Rist. He d Jan. 30, 1797. (See History Sutton, Mass. pp 733-34.) Mrs. A. M. C. Elye, Claremont, N. H.

4107. CAMPBELL. In 'Historical Sketches of the Campbells, Pilchers, and kindred families' by Mrs. Margaret Campbell Pilcher, Nashville, Tenn. the ancestry of Charles Campbell is carried back nine generations. Charles Campbell and Margaret Buchanan were the parents of William Campbell (1745-1781) who m Eliz. sister of Patrick Henry, and was one of the heroes at Kings Mountain. He was commissioned Col. in 1780 and was also in the Va. House of Delegates in May, 1776. Miss A. Lou Neilson, 2nd. South St. Oxford, Miss.

4109. (2) SUTLIFF-SQUIRES. The Sutliff Genealogy mentions no Rev. service for John Sutliff, father of Gad, who is presumably the John of this query. He served in the French and Indian War. The Sutliff Genealogy gives the name of his wife as Lucy Hodgkin; the History of Durham, Conn. as Lucy Stocking. Which is correct? Gad Sutliff was a Rev. soldier, and pensioner. The Buffalo Chapter D. A. R. had his name until recently among those who were buried in Erie Co. N. Y. but it has been discovered that he died suddenly in Bennington, N. Y. and was undoubtedly buried there. A page by page study of the History of Durham, Conn. (another good book whose value is marred from the lack of an index) might reveal the parentage of Katherine Squires, wife of Gad Sutliff. Mrs. George A. Wallace, Registrar Buffalo Chapter, 345 Lafayette Ave. Buffalo, N. Y.

4112. COOPER. There was a Samuel Cooper
ords also show that Thomas Winn, Joseph Ralston and Billy Snead were commissioners appointed by the Court to settle the estate of Richard Glazebrook Mch. 20, 1816. The oldest on the records of Glasgow, Barren Co. Ky. that Smith Austin, and lived in Hanover Co. Va. It is by Rev. Jacob Locke Jan. 14, 1820. The rec-

moved to Ky. may have married twice; for I find and lived in Hanover Co., Va.; Sallie, b Mch. 16, 1792, m Wm. Patman of Texas; Jesse, b July 15, 1789, m Eliza Austin, cousin, Catherine Winn Snead, and had a son, John, b Feb. 10, 1775 who m Judith Blackwell in 1795. Thomas also had a brother, John Winn who was a Rev. soldier. From an old Bible record we find the following: John Winn Jr. b Dec. 23, 1751, m Mary, dau. of Thomas Bowles; she was b Aug. 8, 1751, and m July 8, 1773. Their ch. were: Thomas, b Aug. 8, 1774, m Miss Johnston of Goochland Co. Va.; and settled in Ky.; Elizabeth, b Oct. 31, 1776, m Hardin Davis, and settled in Ky.; Mary, b June 20, 1778, m Dr. Tyman Wayt, and lived in Charlottesville, Va.; Sarah, b 1779, d inf.; Lucy, b May 29, 1781, m Col. John Jordan and settled in Lexington, adjoining Monticello; John, b Sept. 9, 1782, m Emily Johnston, sister of the wife of his brother Thomas; Rhoda, b Apr. 21, 1785, m Daniel Edwards and lived in Henrico Co. Va.; Joseph, b Dec. 5, 1786, lived in Lexington, Va. m Sarah Brown, and is the ancestor of Charles B. Winn, Austin, Texas; Jesse, b July 15, 1789, m Eliza Austin, and lived in Hanover Co. and in Richmond, Va.; Sallie, b Mch. 16, 1792, m Wm. Patman of Hanover Co., Va.; Nancy, b Jan. 11, 1794, m Smith Austin, and lived in Hanover Co. Va. It is possible that the Thomas Winn, son of John, who moved to Ky. may have married twice; for I find on the records of Glasgow, Barren Co. Ky. that Thomas Winn was married to Elizabeth Depp by Rev. Jacob Locke Jan. 14, 1820. The records also show that Thomas Winn, Joseph Ralston and Billy Snead were commissioners appointed by the Court to settle the estate of Richard Glazebrook Mch. 20, 1816. The oldest
their endurance, and within two days Robert succumbed to the disease. Andrew finally rallied; and as soon as she could leave him, the devoted patriot returned to the prison to care for other sufferers; making the journey of 160 miles to Charleston for that purpose, with two other women. But her exertions had told too much upon her and within a week Elizabeth Jackson herself was taken down with fever, and died at the home of a relative near Charleston, and was buried in an open field and all trace of her grave was lost before Andrew Jackson grew to manhood. After his mother's death Andrew Jackson practised the saddler's trade for a time, but in 1784 began the study of law in Salisbury, N. C. became an attorney, and in 1788 was appointed public prosecutor in the new District of Tenn. In 1791 he married Mrs. Rachel Robards, dau. of Col. John Donelson of Va. but had no descendants live to man-
Cont. Line, 1780; and Henan. Jonathan who
in Hannah Arnold Aug. 29, 1781 had: Anne,
b 1752, d 1754; Ann, b Oct. 26, 1754; Reuben,
b Apr. 2, 1757; Jonathan, b Dec. 19, 1760. As
there is so little published on the Atwood Fam-
ily, the following, copied from the family Bible
giving all the children of Elisha may be of in-
terest. Elisha Atwood, born Sept. 13, 1779,
died Sept. 13, 1841; Anna Hartshorn, born
April 9, 1787, married Jan. 29, 1806. Children:
Sally Ann, b Nov. 29, 1806; Wm. Snow;
Millin Mirandy, b July 17, 1808; Jerusha Case,
b Nov. 11, 1810; Lorin Sabin, b July 23, 1812,
m (1) Elmira—who d 1862, m (2) Margaret
O'Neil, in 1864; Orril Amanda, b Nov. 15, 1814;
Miltor Hartshorn, b Feb. 18, 1817, m and
three daughters; Mary Louisa, b Jan. 31,
1819, m Mr. McIntire; Laurinda Maria, b May
3, 1821; Julia Ette, b Feb. 16, 1823, m Mr.
Woneck and lived in Mendota, Ill.; Eliza Jane,
b Feb. 20, 1825, m Mr. Slade and lived in Salt
Lake City; Aura Annette, b Feb. 17, 1827;
Orvil Ferdinand, and Oscar Fitsland, twins, b
May 2, 1828. Both died unmarried.—Gen. Ed.

4216. CARMER-CARLER. Would like informa-
tion as to the parents of Abraham Carmer and
his second wife Sarah Carter, married in N. J.
Dec. 10, 1791. She was b Aug. 1, 1766; he d
Sept. 11, 1848 at Lancaster, N. Y. Abraham
Carmer was a private in the Rev. War from
1781 to 1783, in the Second Regt. N. J. He
was discharged June 5, 1783 at New Windsor,
N. Y. He received from the U. S. a land
warrant (No. 8169) dated Oct. 7, 1796, Sussex
Co. N. J. Sarah Carter had one or more
brothers in the Tory army. After the close
of the war they were given land in Canada and
built a stone house and windmill where Wind-
nill Point now is. I have written to Canada
but can get no trace of the family before the
war. Could Sarah Carter's father have been
in the American army? She was my great-
grandmother.—E. S. M.

4217. REXFORD-KNOWLES (or KNOWLTON). Can
anyone give me the names of the parents
of either Dr. John Spencer Rexford, b about
1750 or 1785 or of his wife Charlotte Knowles
or Knowlton. Lived for many years in Troops-
bury, N. Y. Parents of these would have been
the proper age to have served in the Rev.
Joseph Rexford supposed to be his father, but
cannot establish the line.

(2) SHERMAN-HOUSE. Does anyone know
the parents of George Sherman b about 1780.
m in 1803 in N. Y. Mary House b Dec. 6, 1788.
Lived in St. Laurence Co. N. Y. and in Little
Falls, N. Y. Was related to Gen. Herkimer of
Herkimer county by marriage. Parents names
and revolutionary service wanted.

(3) DENIO. Family lived in Vermont.
Would like information. dau m — Bailey.
Lived later years in Michigan.

(4) JEFFER-VERGESON. Parents' names of
Rev. William Jeffer b Feb. 17, 1802 and
married Mary Mehetable Vergeson b Mar. 8,
1807 m about 1824. Both died in Rexville, N. Y.
Think they lived and perhaps were born in
Hector, N. Y.—S. L. K.

4218. ELLSWORTH. Whom did Delia Ells-
worth, b July 23, 1789, marry? When did she
die? She was a daughter of Oliver Ellsworth
and his wife Abigail Wolcott. Oliver Ells-
worth, son of David and Sarah (Grant) Ells-
worth, was b April 29, 1745 and d 1807. He m
Abigail Wolcott and their children were Abi-
gail, b Aug. 16, 1747; Oliver, (1776-1778);
Oliver (1781-1805); Martin, b April 17, 1783;
William, (1785-1785); Francis, b 1786; Delia,
b 1789; William Wolcott and Henry, twins, b
Nov. 10, 1791. Did Delia m Joseph Cox? It is
stated many records can be found in Colonial
Records of Conn. Vol. XV.; State Records, p
235, Hollister's History of Conn., and Memorial
History of Hartford Co., but I have not access
to these volumes. Can anyone tell me of Henry
Ellsworth of La Fayette, Ind.? He m Nancy
Goodrich and had children William and Anna,
possibly others.—F. B. W.

4219. SUTTON-CARLER. Want the Rev. ser-
ices of William Sutton, Norborne Sutton, and
Sutton m Sarah, daughter of Capt. John Carter
and wife Elizabeth Armistead. Would like the
names of the parents of William Sutton.
Among his children were Norborne E. Sutton,
post-master of Bowling Green, Caroline Co.,
Va., in 1834; represented his county in Va. sen-
ate in 1834, m (1) Aug. 28, 1828 Dorothea B.
Washington, who d in 1844, and had children.
I only know the name of one daughter, Georgi-
anna Sutton, who m James E. Goddin. Nor-
borne E. Sutton m (2) Mary Jane Hutchinson
Oct. 15, 1846, and had Ida, who m Moscow
Washington, who d in 1844, and had children.
I only know the name of one daughter, Georgi-
anna Sutton, who m James E. Goddin. Nor-
borne E. Sutton m (2) Mary Jane Hutchinson
Oct. 15, 1846, and had Ida, who m Moscow
Washington, who d in 1844, and had children.
I only know the name of one daughter, Georgi-

(2) WINN. Capt. John Winn Sr. had the
following children: John Jr., b Dec. 23, 1751,
m July 8, 1773 Mary Bowles; Thomas, m Eliza-
beth Dabney Anderson, settled in Fluvanna Co.,
Va. Peter; a dau who m an Ellett; another
Sutton m Sarah, daughter of Capt. John Carter
and wife Elizabeth Armistead. Would like the
names of the parents of William Sutton.
Among his children were Norborne E. Sutton,
post-master of Bowling Green, Caroline Co.,
Va., in 1834; represented his county in Va. sen-
ate in 1834, m (1) Aug. 28, 1828 Dorothea B.
Washington, who d in 1844, and had children.
I only know the name of one daughter, Georgi-
anna Sutton, who m James E. Goddin. Nor-
borne E. Sutton m (2) Mary Jane Hutchinson
Oct. 15, 1846, and had Ida, who m Moscow
Washington, who d in 1844, and had children.
I only know the name of one daughter, Georgi-
anna Sutton, who m James E. Goddin. Nor-
borne E. Sutton m (2) Mary Jane Hutchinson
Oct. 15, 1846, and had Ida, who m Moscow
Washington, who d in 1844, and had children.
I only know the name of one daughter, Georgi-

4220. H owe - TUBBS. Who was the father of
Jesse Howe, b March 8, 1775 at Wethersfield,
Conn.? Was he a Rev. soldier? Jesse Howe
moved from Conn. to Hamilton, N. Y., thence to Wethersfield, d there March 8, 1866, aged 91 years. His wife was Hannah Tubbs (April 7, 1777-Feb. 14, 1855). Who were Hannah Tubbs' parents? Did her father have Rev. service? Did her mother have Rev. service? Who was either of these Jasons have Rev. service? Who were Hannah Tubbs' parents? Did her father have Rev. service through Rev. times, and did he serve in the Rev.? There was a John Holms who was an early settler in Charlton, N. Y. Did John Alexander or his father serve in the Revolution?

(3) MILLARD-SMITH. Thomas Millard m Rebecca Dutton July 16, 1724 and d at East Haddam, Conn. April 23, 1752. Jason Millard, b East Haddam, Conn. May 21, 1727, m Rachel Andrews May 17, 1750. She was the daughter of Samuel Andrews and Eleanor Lee. Jason Millard 2d b Windsor Conn. March 16, 1766, m Anna Smith, and d in N. Y. State Sept. 29, 1825. She d in N. Y. State July 3, 1842. Did either of these Jasons have Rev. service? Who was Anna Smith's father? Did he have Rev. service?

(4) ANDREWS. Did Samuel Andrews live through Rev. times, and did he serve in the war? His wife was Eleanor Lee. They lived in Windsor, Conn.

(5) DYER-BRIGGS-WRIGHT-COBB. Edward Dyer of North Kingston, R. I. (1728 Sept. 13, 1794 or 1798) m Anna — (1738, June 10, 1788). What was her father's name? Their children were: Frances, who m George Briggs; (Did they have a daughter Fanny or Frances who m Seaman Wright in Shaftsbury, Vt.) And a daughter Susannah who m Matthias Cobb? Had Edward Dyer Rev. service? Had George Briggs Rev. service? Who were the parents of George Briggs? Where was he born? William, who m twice; Charles, who m Susannah Wright, sister of Seaman Wright, lived in Shaftsbury, Vt.; Susan; Ambrose and Henry, twins, m Cynthia Kingsley and Sarah Coy, respectively; Elizabeth, m John Allen; Benjamin, m Eunice Baker; and Anna.

(7) HUSTED-BOYCE. David Husted, b ab. 1720-30 m Millicent. His will was probated June 25, 1787, his wife's will probated Jan. 14, 1805, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Did he or his son Titus Husted have any Rev. service? Marion Husted, daughter of Titus, m Benj. Boyce. She was his second wife; he m (1) Sarah Atwater. Did this Benj. Boyce serve in the Rev.? Boyce sometimes is spelled Boice or Bois. I think he lived in Dutchess Co. N. Y. and had a son Benj. Boyce.—A. B. J.

4221. SACKETT. Benjamin Sackett, a Rev. soldier, lived in Deerfield, Mass., and later in New Lebanon, N. Y. Wife's name said to have been Mehitable. Some of the children were Anson, Oliver, Elijah, Dolly, Clarissa, b May 22, 1790, at New Lebanon, N. Y.; and Thankful. Who were the parents of Benjamin Sackett? All gen. data of his parents and their other children wanted. What was the full name of his wife? Birth dates of all their children wanted.—G. C. C.

4222. WALES. Wanted, name of wife of Capt. Nathaniel Wales, of Windham, Conn., with date of marriage, etc. Names of children also desired. Capt. Wales served in Col. Jonathan Lattimer's Regt. of Conn. Militia.—I. M. A.

4223. LEACH. Wanted—General data as to Thomas Leach, one of committee to purchase Liberty Bell—1751. Have considerable data as to Leach family—my ancestry.—M. R. E.

4224. BENSON-JONES. Wanted, the maiden name of Jane Benson, wife of Levin (or Lewis) Benson, a Rev. soldier from Augusta Co., Va., later of Greenbrier Co., W. Va. Also wanted, the names of his children. A grand-daughter, Margaret Benson, b Oct. 4, 1808, m John Jones of Botetourt Co., Va., b Jan. 25, 1810. They moved with their family to Hanover, Indiana. Wanted, the parents of John Jones or names of any members of his family.

(2) IRELAND. What was the lineage of Samuel Ireland, b Aug. 7, 1793, and m Mary Scull, b April 8, 1805, in Atlantic Co., N. J. after his marriage, later coming to Jefferson Co., Ind. He was of Quaker parentage, I think.—H. E. R.

4225. HOLDRIDGE. John Holdridge of Mass. was a lieu. in Col. Greaton's third regt. in the Rev. He m Charlotte Waterman and had a daughter Nancy, who m Solomon Tuttle. What were the names of the parents of John Holdridge and his wife Charlotte? Was there Rev. service? Where were they born and when?

(2) PLUMMER-PIPER. What was the first name of the father of Barak Plummer, and did he render Rev. service? The family is supposed to have lived in N. C. Barak was b in 1780 and was a soldier in the War of 1812. He m Nancy Piper. What was her father's name and military service, if any? The Pipers lived in Va.

(3) PIPER-LAMBERT. I would like information as to the families and military records of David Piper and Jacob Lambert, both Rev. soldiers in Gen. Muhlenberg's German Regt. of Woodstock, Va.—T. P. A.

4226. KIRKPATRICK-GORDON. Hugh Kirkpatrick enlisted as a private in Somerset Co. New Jersey and served in the New Jersey militia in Captain Jacob Ten Eyck's Company; he married Polly Gordon daughter of David Gordon, and they lived in Kentucky as late as 1803 when my Grandfather Thomas Kirkpatrick was born. (I think Polly had a brother also named David Gordon.)
Was Andrew Kirkpatrick, a noted jurist of Somerset Co., New Jersey, the father of Hugh? What was Andrew’s wife’s name? I wish to know the dates of birth, marriage and death of Hugh and wife Polly, and if Andrew was Hugh’s father, would like to know the dates of his (and wife’s) birth, marriage and death.

Did Polly’s father David Gordon, serve in the Revolution—would like to learn something of the Gordon family, of which the daughter Polly married Hugh Kirkpatrick. Are the Kirk-patricks of South Carolina a branch of the Hugh Kirkpatrick family? Would like all data possible. My line is Hugh Kirkpatrick married Polly Gordon, no dates known; their son Thomas born 1803 married Malinda Breeden about 1826 or 7 their daughter Polly born 1842 married Daniel Ostrom born 1836, the last being my parents.—R. Van P.

(2) Fowler. Information wanted of William Fowler who was born about 1755 and who served in the Revolutionary War enlisting in Maryland. Born in or near Baltimore—his children’s names were Elizabeth, Lucy 1782, Eary b 1785, William and Rachel. Did he serve with the 2nd Maryland Regiment—all data wanted.—L. H.

4227. Bard. Please give any information about the Bard family of N. Y. Samuel Bard m Delilah German. Their son Joseph German Bard lived in Port Byron, N. Y.

(2) Hazard. Can anyone give me information of Nathaniel Hazard who lived in Troy, N. Y., 1803? His wife was a descendant of that Van Buskirk of Staten Island, N. Y. who for faithful service in the English army during Colonial days was awarded ‘a crown a day from the Crown of England, so long as he should live, and an extensive land grant in Nova Scotia’.—C. B. B.

4228. Allen. Who were the parents of Rachel Allen of Richmond, Va. (1747-1790, Cheraw, S. C.), m Thomas Poore 1767. Information desired concerning Wm. Allen who m Mary Parke of Va. in 1781. She was b 1761, d March 20, 1811, and was of Va. Parke (Custis) family; one of family m a Lamar, another a Longstreet. Wm. Allen d in Orange or Chatham Co., N. C. latter part of 1786 or early in 1787. Information desired of parents of both these people. Was Wm. Allen or his father a Rev. soldier? Was Mary Parke’s father in the Rev.? Any information most gratefully received. Will be glad to exchange what I have.—C. J. E. P.

4229. Bean. Henry Bean, said to have served in the War of 1812, lived all his life a few miles up the Schuylkill river from Valley Forge; died Oct. 1821, and is buried in the Lutheran Cemetery at Trappe, Montgomery Co., Penna. Who were his parents?—H. E. B.

4230. Watts. John Watts was a Virginian, married twice. By first wife had five children, Lettie, m a Rowland; Elizabeth, who m Richard Berry, John, De Witt and Tennie. By his second wife he had Margaret, who m William Ornstreet; and Jack. John Watts moved from Va. to Ky. and thence to Mo. We know that John Watts and his father were in the Rev. but we do not know in what capacity. Think as Capt. Would like to find the name of his first wife, her father’s name, and his Rev. service.

(2) Berry-Ewing. Richard Berry (1816-1878) who m in 1839 Elizabeth Watts (1818-1844) was the son of Richard Berry and Mary Ewing of Washington Co., Va. m ab. 1796-7. Who were the parents of Richard Berry, Sr.? His children were Caleb Ewing; Richard, Jr.; James; Edward; John; Robert; Mary; Elizabeth. Mary Ewing was daughter of Caleb Ewing of Va., a Rev. soldier. What was his service? His wife’s name? Caleb Ewing was uncle of Finas Ewing of Bedford Co., Va. Finas Ewing was b in Bedford Co., Va. June 10, 1773. His parents were Scotch Presby- terians. He m a daughter of William David- son, an officer in the Rev. War, settled in Logan Co., Ky., in 1803 and in 1836 moved to Lexing- ton, Mo. where he d in 1841. Finas Ewing was the founder of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church of Logan Co., Ky. He and his wife Mary Ewing were first cousins, their fathers being brothers, and it is said their fathers fought in the Rev. Can these services be established?—D. B. D.

4231. Wellington-Bartlett. The ancestry is desired of Elbridge Gerry Wellington, who m Sylvia A. Bartlett, (b 1813, daughter of Peleg and Jane (Adams) Bartlett of Kingston, Mass.,) and d in New Orleans in 1843. Was he the Elbridge Wellington, b 1801, son of Lieut. Elijah Wellington of Lincoln, Mass. and later of Livermore, Me.? Or was he a grandson of said Elijah, whose oldest son, Alden, was b in 1790? Elijah Wellington, son of Jonathan and Lydia (Gove) Wellington, was baptized March 25, 1750 (Vital Records of Lincoln). He m Jan. 8, 1786 Phebe Brown and had eleven children. According to the article on Lincoln in the History of Middlesex Co., he removed about 1810 to Livermore, Me., where he d Dec. 15, 1828. He served as corporal in the Rev. The Hist. of Middlesex Co. is in error, however, in calling him a brother of Elisha Wellington, b in Lincoln July 20, 1758, d in Concord Jan. 12, 1799, also a Rev. soldier. The latter was son of Jonathan Wellington Jr. and Lydia Fiske, m in 1756, and a nephew of the Elijah Wellington under discussion, whose parents were Jonathan Wellington Sr. of Weston, and Lydia Gove, published Jan. 30, 1731. He was only eight years older than his nephew, and their mothers were both named
Lydia. Another Elbridge Wellington appears among the children of Peter and Hepsibah (Hastings) Wellington, but his dates do not correspond. He was b July 29, 1826, d 1849, too young to be the father of a daughter b in 1837. Any help on this Wellington family will be greatly appreciated.—F. S. W.

4232. Ingalls. Can anyone give me information regarding Jonathan Ingalls, b at Sandown, N. H.; or Timothy Ingalls, b at Haverhill, Mass., Apr. 24, 1720. Who were their wives? Any information of this branch of the Ingalls family would be much appreciated.—N. S. I.

4233. Tobey-Newcomb. Dr. Elisha Tobey, b 1723, m Desire Newcomb, Jan. 12, 1746, d at Acushnet, Mass., May 10, 1781. Served at the B. I. Alarm, Aug. 1780. Their daughter Deborah, b July 16, 1747, m Silas Swift 1765. Wanted, the names of all the children of Elisha Tobey and Desire Newcomb, with dates of birth. Is there a Tobey genealogy?

(2) Sawyer-Hall. Who were the parents of Manassah Sawyer, b in New England Sept. 6, 1783, m Chloe Hall, 1805, d July 25, 1837, in Georgia, Vt. Was a Methodist minister and preached in Canada and Vt. His father served in the Rev. and d after 1820, and his father’s uncle has his sword, but none of the family can recall his given name. Manassah had a sister Sarah or Sally. Please give names of children of Capt. Manassah Sawyer of Lancaster, Mass.—M. P.

4234. Thayer-Child. Betsy Thayer m John Child of Woodstock, Conn. in 1800 at Brooklyn, Conn. Who were her parents, and did her father serve in the Revolution?—M. C. D.

4235. Meriwether-Lewis. Wanted, proof of Rev. service of Dr. Waller Lewis, son of Zachary Lewis and Mary Waller. He was b ab. 1739, d in Spottsylvania Co., Va., 1808; m before Sept. 1757 Sarah Lewis, dau. of Robert Lewis, and Jane Meriwether. How can one join the D. A. R. on Jane Meriwether’s record?

(2) Woolfolk-Lewis. John Woolfolk, b Sept. 9, 1760, m Elizabeth, dau. of Dr. Waller Lewis. He was a Rev. soldier. Was his father, John Woolfolk Sr. (Nov. 6, 1727-Jan. 13, 1816), m ab. 1750, Elizabeth Wigglesworth?

(3) Payne-Combs. Information wanted of the Payne and Combs family who were the first settlers of Ky. from Va. W. H. Payne a Baptist preacher, had the following children: James, b 1776; Jesse, 1778; Betsey, 1779; Polly, 1782; Wm. II., 1784; Catherine, 1785; Sally, 1787; Dennis, 1789. Who was his wife? Wm. H. Payne, b 1784, m March 29, 1802, Sythe Combs, whose father was a wealthy farmer.—H. W. P.

4236. Covert (Coover). Wanted, information concerning the wife of Daniel Covert or Coover. Would like to know her maiden name also dates of her birth and death. Daniel Covert enlisted in the Rev. from Somerset Co., N. J. Oct. 1775. Any other information concerning this family will be greatly appreciated.—R. P. S.

4237. Brown-Woodward. Mary (Polly) Woodward, b June 19, 1775, Watertown, Conn., daughter of Nathan Woodward and Eunice Painter, his second wife, m David Brown of Waterbury, Conn. who was b July 13, 1765, the son of John Brown and Mary Tuttle, his second wife, and grand son of Samuel Brown. Nathan Woodward was a son of Israel Woodward and Abigail Bayard. Did Nathan Woodward serve in the Rev.? Was John Brown or his son David in the Revolution?—M. W. M.

4238. Walker. Information desired of the Rev. service of Renaldo Walker, and any other data which will help to establish D. A. R. eligibility on that line. Place or date of birth unknown, but moved to Kentucky, and is said to have fought in the War of the Rev.

(2) Hastain-Haston. Did the father of David Hastain render any service in the Rev. War? David Hastain was born May 6, 1777, and is said to have fought in the War of 1812. Would like to know the name of David’s father, and any information as to his service (if any) in the Rev.

(3) Cornick. Thomas Cornick immigrated from Nova Scotia to Virginia, and is said to have fought in the Rev. His son John fought in the War of 1812. Can anyone give me any information as to the service of Thomas Cornick and any data that will help establish D. A. R. eligibility?

(4) Van Landingham. Information desired as to the ancestry of Manley B. Van Landingham and did any of them render any Rev. service?—M. H. C.

4239. Lupton. Abigail Lupton of East Hampton, N. Y. m Thomas Sayre of Orange Co., N. Y. ab. 1765. Who was her father? Her mother’s maiden name? Did her father serve in the Rev.?—A. W. M.

4240. White. I am searching for information as to the ancestry of Sarah White who m Jesse Shepherd of Plainfield, Conn. and Rev. service of her father. Jesse Shepherd was the son of David and Mehetable (Spaulding) Shepherd, b July 6, 1744, lived on Black Hill bordering the Quinebaug River, Plainfield, Conn. He m Sarah White and their children were Elizabeth, John Jesse, Lydia, Joshua, Martha, Mary Sowle, Eunice, Anna, Susan, Rebecca.

4241. Stamps-Shackelford. Ancestry desired of Mary Stamps, m (1) Mr. Allen, (2) James Shackelford, b 1725 in Fauquier Co., Va. Their children were all b in Fauquier Co., Va., but they moved to Ky. in 1790. The children
were James, George, Wm., John, Thomas, Edward, Milley, Sarah. Did James Shackelford or Mary Stamps' father render any aid to the cause of the colonists in the Rev.?

(2) Farrow. Ancestry desired of Sibyl Farrow, who m John Metcalf, Ill., of Fauquier Co., Va., who fought in the Rev. War as Capt. Their children were Charles, John, Wm., James, Christopher, Eli, Ira, Nancy, Ila, Elizabeth, Kesiah.

(3) Hutchinson. Ancestry desired of Margaret Hutchinson, who m Thomas Metcalf. She was b 1789, d 1871, supposed to have been from Ky. Some of their children were Archibald, James, Parthene, Cordelia, Martha Ann, Katherine. Tradition gives her father's name as Archibald Hutchinson and his wife's as Katherine Gorgas or Lowery. Any information regarding this branch of the Hutchinson family, or Margaret's mother's will be greatly appreciated.—E. J. K.

4242. Patterson-Linn-Templeton-Cummings (Cummings). Three brothers, John, Robert and Alexander Patterson, migrated to America from Scotland. John Patterson m Mary (1) Linn. They had six children, Thomas, Alexander, John, Mary, Samuel and James. James m Eliza Jane Templeton. Could this John Patterson be the John referred to in No. 3906 (2) Linn-Dickerson, signature N. A. M. C., in the D. A. R. Magazine for April, 1915? These Pattisons and Lins lived in Ohio after Penna. Record of service of John Patterson and more definite information regarding ancestry and posterity of these Patterson brothers and of Mary (1) Linn desired. Also ancestry of Eliza Jane Templeton, with gen. data and Rev. service, if any. Do the Cummins or Cummings family come in on this line of Pattersons or Lins or Templetons?—H. W. M.

4243. Kennedy. Rosanna Kennedy m William McConnell and had the following children: Samuel, William, John, Edward, Ephraim, Joseph, James, Mary, Ann, Martha and Elizabeth. William and Rosanna left Lancaster Co., Penna., ab. 1774 and settled in what is now Bourbon Co., Ky. William was a Rev. soldier, and a soldier in the War of 1812. He d in 1823. Wanted, to know who were the parents of Rosanna Kennedy, her birth date and marriage date. Would be glad to correspond with anyone who knows anything of the history of this branch of the Kennedy family. Rosanna d between 1814 and 1820.—E. S. W.

4244. Cushman. Wanted, Rev. record of Charles Cushman of Vt. He was b in Norwich, Conn. Give names of his wife and children.—F. K.

4245. Gatlin-Saunders-Martin. Sinia Gatlin, daughter of Dempsey Gatlin and his wife, Miss Saunders, was b in Athens, Ala., in 1807. Her grandmother was Lydia Martin. Whom did Lydia marry? Who were Lydia's parents? Who were Dempsey Gatlin's parents? His wife's first name and her parents? Dempsey Gatlin served in the 2nd Regt. of Mounted Gunmen Tennessee Volunteers. Is there any Rev. service that will enable me to join the D. A. R. through Sinia Gatlin? Wanted, all dates of Dempsey Gatlin, his wife, and Lydia Martin.

(2) Ashlock-Sutton. Josiah Ashlock and his wife (Miss Sutton) lived in Halifax Co., Va. in 1799. His father served in the Rev. What was his father's name? After Josiah's death his wife m (2) Elijah Frost, (3) Benjamin Warren. She d in Girard, Ill. Wanted, her first name, all dates for Josiah Ashlock and his wife, also the names, dates and Rev. service, if any, of their parents.

4246. Hieronymus. Wanted name and Rev. record of the father of John Hieronymus, b 1764, d 1826, m Charlotte, dau of Achilles Eubank, a Rev. soldier. John's father is said to have been either Fritz or Benjamin. He lived in Clark Co. Ky. The Eubanks came from Va. Would like to correspond with anyone connected with the Hieronymus family.—V. A. W.

4247. Morris-Straub (Stroup) Daniel Morris was b in or near Goshen, Clermont Co. Ohio, May 28, 1832. His father d ab. 1848; and his mother, Susan Stroup (or Straub) was born in Ky. The Census of 1850 for Goshen p 294 gives Susan Morris 53 yrs. of age, b Ky, and three children, all b in Ohio: Benjamin, 25 yrs; George, 20 yrs; and Daniel, 18 yrs. of age. Can anyone tell me the given name of Daniel's father? Also where did he emigrate from, and was he of Rev. stock?—J. M. F.

4248. A correspondent in the Genealogical Department of the Boston Transcript of Aug. 4, 1915, states that the Census Records of 1850 contain the names and approximate ages of, and state of birth of every person in the U. S. arranged by dwellings also the deaths of the preceding year. Where, when and how can access be had to this Census? Does it not concern us all?—E. A. C.

4249. Andrews (Andres.) Oliver Wells Andrews, b Pittston, Lincoln Co. Maine, Aug. 15, 1787 or 8, was the son of Ely Andres of the State of Conn. and Elizabeth Handfield of Mass. who were m Dec. 6, 1784. He had a sister Rebecca and also a half brother, who moved to Ohio while it was still a territory. Oliver m Amret Kilburne in Bloomfield, N. Y. Aug. 6, 1801, and in Portland, Michigan, July 6. Information as to the sister Rebecca is not.—G. M. H.
4250. Atwood. Elisha Atwood, b Sept. 13, 1779, m Anna Hartshorn of Franklin, and d while on his way to Council Bluffs, Ia. He had: Sally Ann, who m Wm. Snow of Hampton; Millen Miranda (a son) Jerusha Case, who m Mr. Shumway and Lorin Sabin, who lived in Brooklyn, Conn. Who were his parents, and did they have any Rev. record?—J. A.

4251. Waterman. Adonijah Waterman, b Norwich, Conn., Mch. 12, 1739, served in the French and Indian Wars; removed to Lenox, Mass. in 1767 or 8, where his wife, Mary, d in 1773. He enlisted in the Rev. as a resident of Pittsfield, Mass. The names of his children are recorded at Lenox. On Mary's tombstone it states that she d July 5, 1773 in her 36th yr. Before 1790 Adonijah moved to Montgomery Co. N. Y. Wanted, date of marriage to first wife, and her surname.

(2) Whitford. George Whitford of East Greenwich m Hannah dau. of Capt. Thomas Wickes, Jan. 15, 1761 at Warwick. When and where did he die? Did he serve in the Revolution? Who were his parents? Was his mother a Casey?—J. M. M.

4253. Parsons-Exes. Ancestry and all gen. data, with Rev. service, if any, desired of James Parsons who m Charity Essex. The Parsons family originally lived in Md., later moving to Ky. and settling in Green Co.

(2) Harding-Sumner. Wanted, ancestry, gen. data and Rev. service, if any, of David Harding who m Eunice Sumner.—O. T. C.

4255. Parsons Exes. Ancestry and all gen. data, with Rev. service, if any, desired of James Parsons who m Charity Essex. The Parsons family originally lived in Md., later moving to Ky. and settling in Green Co.

4254. Gray. William Gray came to America from Scotland, just before the Rev. and located in what is now called Blount Co. Tenn. He later moved to Huntsville, Ala. He was an elder in the Presbyterian Church. William Gray m (1) a widow, Mrs. Blackburn, and had the following children: David, John, Harvey, James, William Jr., Thomas, Margaret, who m David Maxwell; Nellie, m Wilzer Prile. The second wife was also a widow, Mrs. Marshall. She bore but one child, Eliza W., who m John Bridgeforth. William Gray was eighty years old when this daughter was born. William Gray Jr., my ancestor, m Jane Byrd. Her father was a Baptist minister who lived in northern Ala. and owned considerable property. I think his name was Mike Byrd. I want to hear from a descendant of William Gray Sr. who can give me all data.—W. O. M.

4255. Ethridge. Can any reader of the Gen. Dept. tell me anything about a Col. Ethridge, who had a daughter Sarah, my ancestor? His wife was in some way related to Benjamin Franklin. Anything concerning them will be greatly appreciated.

(2) Franklin. For whom was the Sarah Franklin Chapter of Washington, D. C. named?—R. B.

4256. Hampton. Which one of the brothers of Gen. Wade Hampton of the Rev. had a daughter who m Ben Holiday, Sr., of Ky.? Was her name Elizabeth? A daughter of this union, was named Elizabeth Coleson Holiday and m Augustus Cave Davis of Franklin, Howard Co., Mo., and had nine children.

4257. Gager. Who can give parentage of Nathan Gager, who lived in South New Berlin in 1858? He was b 1787, m Phoebe Wood 1809, served in War of 1812, probably enlisted from N. Y. or Conn., and d 1872. It is supposed that he either lived at or had relatives in Putnam Co. or Dutchess Co. N. Y. Who can give parentage and brothers and sisters of William Gager who lived on Prospect Ave. Bronx Bor. N. Y. City ab. 1852? He is supposed to have served in the War of 1812 in N. Y. or Conn. Lived in N. Y. state in 1860. Who can give the parentage, brothers and sisters of Baldwin Gager, who lived in Troy, N. Y. about the year 1855?—H. G. G.

4258. Worrell. Rachel Worrell was b ab. 1776 and d in Baltimore Co. Md. 1855. She m Benjamin Griffith Jan. 6, 1795. Who were her parents and did they render Rev. service?

(2) Myers. Eliza Myers, widow of Edward (?) Thompson, was b 1798, m 1826 William Griffith (1807-1836), d 1846. Both were buried in Bonnie Brae. The mother of Eliza Myers, Widow Myers, m (2) Terrance Kelly of Baltimore. Wanted, gen. Data of Eliza Myers.

4259. Pendleton. Is there a Pendleton genealogy? Lucy Pendleton was my great-great-grandmother and her father served in the Rev. They lived 20 miles from N. Y. City, also in Culpeper Co., Va. She m a Ferguson and had a number of sons, each of whom she named for a relative that fought in the Rev. My great-grandfather was Dr. Benj. Pendleton Ferguson, his brothers and sisters were Philip Pendleton, William Pendleton, John Pendleton, Annie Pendleton, Ellen Pendleton and Rebecca Pendleton Ferguson. I seek Lucy (Pendleton) Ferguson's father's name and Rev. record.—J. B.

4260. Gardner-Bennett. Wanted, the ancestry of Daniel Gardner b Dec. 26, 1774,
where? and that of his wife, Elizabeth Bennett, m when and where? She was b Oct. 8, 1778. They were residents of Pownal, Bennington Co., Vt. in 1833. Their grave-stones are probably in that vicinity. They were probably of Mass. Eng. ancestry. Their children (this not in order of age) were Sibyl, Judith, Ralsey, Violetta, Eliza, Almira, Cabel, Henry, all of whom d before Aug. 1873; and Joseph, b March 7, 1799; Noel A. of West Ambey, N. Y., elected Associate Judge of Oswego Co., N. Y., Nov. 1872; Welthan, m a Roberts; Jane, m a Scott; Sally, and another, either Lodeski or Mary. One of these daughters m a Westinghouse and had a son Haynes Westinghouse. Did Daniel Gardner or his father perform Rev. service? Was the father of Elizabeth Bennett a Rev. soldier?—E. C.

4261. MOONEY-HIGGINS-WOOD. One James Mooney was a land-owner in the town of Cambridge, Washington Co., N. Y. at least as early as 1793 and 1801, owning a part of each of "Lots No. 3 and No. 4 of the second or general patent of Cambridge." He d before Aug. 20, 1803, leaving a widow, Jane Mooney, a sister, Jean Mooney, wife of "Cornellius Higgins of town of Cambridge," and a "sister, Anne Mooney, wife of Isaac Wood of town" perhaps many other heirs. Who were the parents of the above James, Anne and Jean Mooney, and what was their residence? Did their father perform Rev. service? Family tradition says he did, in the Wyoming Valley, and that the family settled near Bennington Co. and Washington Co. lines. Many of the graves of this family are probably near the Bennington Co. and Washington Co. lines. There were several other children, but I have record proof only of the above. Who were the other children? Are any descendants of this large family known to a reader of this department? I have a good account of one line for five generations.—E. A. C.

4262. BLACKWELL. What is the Rev. record of John Blackwell, whose son Robert Blackwell when 90 years of age applied to the U. S. government for bounty land, and received 160 acres? In his papers he states that when about 16 years of age, he volunteered as a substitute in the Rev. army for his father, John Blackwell, who had been drafted. Robert Blackwell served in Capt. John Stanley's Co. and was at the Siege of Yorktown. He served until honorably discharged. This statement is said to have been proved to the satisfaction of the government officials, as the land was granted.

(2) KELLEY. I would appreciate the Rev. services of Elias and Richard Kelley. Richard was never heard from after the Rev.; I suppose he was killed.

(3) EDWARDS-WILLIAMS-FRANKLIN. Would also appreciate the Rev. records of Richard Edwards of Va., Jesse Williams of Hanover and Henrico Cos., Va. and James Franklin.—E. B. R.

4263. CAMPBELL-MACDONALD. Wanted, the ancestry of Matthew Campbell and his wife Jane MacDonal d (Scotch), who were m 1799 and lived at Blaine's Cross Roads, near Knoxville, Tenn. The Campbells were originally from Va., but I do not know whether it was Matthew or his parents or grandparents who removed to Tenn. Family tradition says his father (name unknown) was an officer in the Battle of Kings Mountain. I should be very glad to find the connecting link between this family and their Va. ancestry.

(2) BARLOW-SANDFORD. Information desired of the marriage of Aaron Barlow and Rebecca Sandford of Reading, Conn. Also any information regarding his Rev. service and data for a D. A. R. line.—C. C. H.

4264. TUCK. Can any one give any information as to Rev. service of Edward Tuck, son of John Tuck, English emigrant, and Miss Cary, his wife? Edward Tuck lived in or near Mecklenburg Co., Va.

(2) WILKINS. Information wanted as to Rev. service of any member of the Wilkins family of what is now Halifax County, Va. This family came to Halifax from Eastern Shore of Va. prior to Revolution.

(3) MINOR. Did John Minor of N. C. or any of his sons render any service during the Rev. From where did John Minor come to N. C.? His wife was a Miss Hampton supposed from Va. Was she a member of the same family as General Wade Hampton of S. C.? He was of the Va. family of the same name, I think.

4265. PARSONS. I desire to obtain some information concerning the Parsons family of N. H. and Mass. Rev. Samuel Parsons had a son, Dr. Joseph Parsons who married Mary Seave, daughter of General J. Seave of Rye Beach, N. H. Dr. Parsons, I am told, was a captain in the American Rev. He died Feb- ruary 9th, 1832 and Mrs. Mary Seave Parsons died Sept. 28th, 1836.

Captain Joseph Parsons, son of Dr. Joseph Parsons and grandson of Rev. Samuel Parsons, was an officer in the War 1812. He married Mary Monroe.

Where can I verify these statements, or where can I find records which will be of use in obtaining a membership to the Daughters of the American Revolution? I am a direct descendant of the Parsons family on my maternal side.

(2) BONIFANTE. I should also like to know where I may learn more of one Samuel Bonifante of Maryland who was an officer in the Rev. according to family tradition.—F. B.
OFFICIAL
The National Society of the
Daughters of the American Revolution
Headquarters Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1915-1916

President General
MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,
237 West End Avenue, New York, N. Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General
(Term of office expires 1916.)

MRS. GEORGE MAYNARD MINOR,
Waterford, Conn.

MRS. JOSEPH S. WOOD,
135 S. 2nd Ave., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

MRS. ELIZA FERRY LEARY,
1551 10th Ave., N., Seattle, Wash.

MRS. CHARLES CLEMENCE ABBOTT,
Washington Ave., Keene, N. H.

MRS. ALVIN V. LANE,
2505 Maple Ave., Dallas, Texas.

MRS. EDMUND P. MOODY,
1004 W. 10th St., Wilmington, Del.

MRS. RHETT GOODE,
60 St. Emanuel St., Mobile, Ala.

MRS. KENT HAMILTON,
2317 Scottwood Ave., Toledo, Ohio.

MRS. WILLIAM HAINES SMITH,
The Snuggery, Parkersburg, W. Va.

MRS. CHARLES SPALDING THOMAS,
123 E. 16th Ave., Denver, Colo.

MRS. GEORGE T. SMALLWOOD,
3520 16th St., Washington, D. C.

MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON,
1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke, Va.

MRS. CHARLES R. DAVIS,
St. Peter, Minn.

MRS. EDMUND F. NOEL,
Lexington, Miss.

MRS. WILLIAM H. CROSBY,
1042 Main St., Racine, Wis.

MRS. EDMUND P. MOODY,
1004 W. 10th St., Wilmington, Del.

MRS. JOHN LEE DINWIDDE,
Fowlers Ind.

MRS. JOHN F. SWIFT,
2715 Benvenue Ave., Berkeley, Cal.

MRS. SAMUEL McKnight green,
3815 Magnolia Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

MRS. WILLIAM H. THOMPSON,
E. Maxwell St., Lexington, Ky.

MRS. SHEPPARD W. FOSTER,
711 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

Chaplain General
MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
The Columbia, Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General
MRS. WILLIAM C. BOYLE,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Organising Secretary General
MRS. WILLIAM A. SIMPSON,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General
MRS. JOSEPH E. RANSCHEL,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Corresponding Secretary General
MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Registrar General
MISS GRACE M. PIERCE,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Historian General
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution
MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.
788 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

Librarian General
MRS. GEORGE M. STEINBERG,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Curator General
MISS CATHERINE B. BARLOW,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.
State Regents and State Vice-Regents—1915-16

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Name and Address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALABAMA</td>
<td>Mrs. John Lewis Cobbs, 134 Mobile St., Montgomery.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARKANSAS</td>
<td>Miss Stella Pickett Hardy, Batesville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COLORADO</td>
<td>Mrs. Winfield S. Tarbell, 1748 High St., Denver.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DELAWARE</td>
<td>Mrs. George C. Hall, St. John's Rectory, 2300 Blvd., Wilmington.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FLORIDA</td>
<td>Mrs. M. W. Carruth, 412 W. Lafayette St., Tampa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDAHO</td>
<td>Mrs. Charles W. Purcell, 1515 Ada St., Boise.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ILLINOIS</td>
<td>Mrs. George T. Page, 127 Flora Ave., Peoria.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IOWA</td>
<td>Mrs. Robert J. Johnston, Humboldt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KANSAS</td>
<td>Mrs. George Thacher Guernsey, 'Ridgewood,' Independence.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KENTUCKY</td>
<td>Mrs. Walter S. Glore, Danville.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MASSACHUSETTS</td>
<td>Mrs. George O. Jenkins, 28 Warren Ave., Whitman.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MICHIGAN</td>
<td>Mrs. William H. Wait, 1706 Cambridge Rd., Ann Arbor.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MISSISSIPPI</td>
<td>Mrs. Andrew Fuller Fox, West Point.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MONTANA</td>
<td>Mrs. Edward A. Morley, 15 S. Benton Ave., Helena.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEBRASKA</td>
<td>Mrs. Charles H. Aull, 1926 S. 33rd St., Omaha.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>Miss Bird M. Wilson, Goldfield.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEW HAMPSHIRE</td>
<td>Miss Annie Wallace, Rochester.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEW MEXICO</td>
<td>Mrs. Singleton M. Ashenfelter, Silver City.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEW YORK</td>
<td>Mrs. Benjamin F. Spraker, Palatine Bridge.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NORTH CAROLINA</td>
<td>Miss Lida Tunstall Rodman, P. O. Box 175, Washington.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Honorary Officers Elected for Life

Honorary Presidents General

MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER, MRS. D. M. YOUNG, Valley City.
MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GRIFFITH, 1896.
MRS. MARY LOCKWOOD, 1905.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.

MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.
MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GRIFFITH, 1896.
MRS. MARY LOCKWOOD, 1905.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.
National Board of Management

Regular Meeting, October 12-13, 1915.

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall, Tuesday, October 12, 1915, at 10:25 a.m.

The Chaplain General having not yet arrived, the President General read the little collect used by the Manhattan Chapter; the Board then united in repeating the Lord's Prayer.

The following members responded to roll call: President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story. Vice-Presidents General: Mrs. Minor, Connecticut; Mrs. Smallwood, District of Columbia; Mrs. Jamison, Virginia; Mrs. Moody, Delaware; Mrs. Goode, Alabama; Mrs. Smith, West Virginia. Active Officers: Mrs. Lockwood, Chaplain General; Mrs. Boyle, Recording Secretary General; Mrs. Smoot, Organizing Secretary General; Miss Pierce, Registrar General; Mrs. Augsbury, Historian General; Mrs. Orton, Director General in Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution; Mrs. Sternberg, Librarian General; Miss Barlow, Curator General of the Museum. State Regents: Mrs. Buel, Connecticut; Mrs. Hall, Delaware; Mrs. Greenawalt, District of Columbia; Mrs. Guernsey, Kansas; Mrs. Bosley, Maryland; Mrs. Wait, Michigan; Mrs. Gedney, New Jersey; Miss Rodman, North Carolina; Mrs. Brant, Ohio; Miss Crowell, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Longley, Rhode Island; Mrs. Calhoun, South Carolina; Mrs. Lobingier, the Orient. State Vice-Regents: Mrs. Page, New York; Miss Serpell, Virginia.

The President General stated that having agreed to hear the Syracuse case, the Board must take up that question as soon as possible as there were witnesses to be heard and all of the witnesses were present—but that she did not consider it fair to put back the work of the members, suggesting that the officers refrain from giving at that time their reports, but simply their recommendations to be acted on, also the recommendations of the Chairmen of the important National Committees, that the other important business be taken up and disposed of as quickly as possible, and then that the Syracuse case be proceeded with, and after that had been brought to a conclusion those of the members who remained could hear the reports of the officers. Moved by Mrs. Goode, seconded by Mrs. Smith, and carried, that the order of business as suggested by the President General be adopted.

Mrs. Jamison reported that the State Regent of Virginia was kept from attending the Board meeting by a very serious bereavement in the death of her husband. Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Smoot, and carried, that a letter of sympathy from the Board be sent to Mrs. Maupin, State Regent of Virginia, in the great bereavement which has come to her in the death of her husband. The President General stated that letters of sympathy had already gone to Mrs. Maupin, but as she was very dear to all the members of the Board she would no doubt appreciate a letter of sympathy from the Board. The President General also said that it was her sad duty to state that there were a number of letters of condolence that should be written—that she felt very deeply the loss of Mrs. Fishburne, who had served the National Society in different capacities for a great many years—that it was a source of great regret that Mrs. Abbott's mother was so seriously ill—also that Mrs. Parker, State Regent of Georgia, had suffered a very serious and distressing sorrow—that Mrs. John Lewis Cobb's, State Regent of Alabama, had just lost her mother, and a similar sorrow had befallen Mrs. Bushnell in the death of her mother; that the feeling of the Board be expressed in profound sympathy and sorrow to all the valued members who had been afflicted either by death or by serious illness or in any other way.

The statement was made by the President General that she had no formal report—she wished very much to tell the Board of the wonderful trip to the far West that she had just made, but that she would not be able to do justice to the subject in the time at her disposal, and rather than defer it to the next Board meeting she would write it all out and have it printed in the Magazine. The medal that was presented by the Exposition to the National Society was shown to the members of the Board before being placed under the care of the Curator General for the Museum. The President General having, before the meeting was called to order, explained to the members of the Board the difficulties under which Miss Finch was laboring and her regret at not being able to be present for the celebration and to make her report to the Board, the motion was made by Mrs. Smith, seconded by Mrs. Goode, that a telegram of greeting and appreciation be sent Miss Finch, the Chairman of the Magazine Committee. This was carried by a rising vote.

Miss Crowell, in the name of the Daughters of Pennsylvania, extended to the President Gen-
eral and the members of the Board a most cordial invitation to attend their State Conference to be held in Pittsburgh on the 25th, 26th, and 27th of October, which was received with thanks by the President General for herself and the Board.

The Recording Secretary General stated that she had a recommendation to make regarding the appointment of a clerk to fill the vacancy in her office; Mrs. Augsburgy reported that she had notified the Building and Grounds Committee in May that she could dispense with the assistance of the extra clerk in her office, but the Committee did not report at the June Board meeting and the clerk was still carried on the roll of her office, though she had not signed her salary voucher, and the clerk had not been engaged in work in her office since June. The Registrar General requested the placing of a clerk now on the temporary roll on the permanent roll, the Treasurer General having also sent her a similar request for her office, both these requests having been taken up with the Building and Grounds Committee. The President General ruled that the requests having to do with the clerks must come through the Building and Grounds Committee, and if the Acting Chairman would present her recommendations at that time they would be acted on immediately. Mrs. Greenawalt, therefore, presented the following recommendation; that Miss Jean Jackson be placed on the permanent roll at $75 per month to fill the position left vacant by the death of Mrs. Fishburne, such appointment to date from October 6, 1915. During the discussion Mrs. Boyle explained that this clerk had already served three months in a substitute capacity, the spirit of the rules governing the employment of clerks being thus complied with. Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Jamison, and carried, that Miss Jean Jackson be given the vacancy in the Recording Secretary General's office in accordance with the recommendation of the Building and Grounds Committee. Moved by Mrs. Augsburgy, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried, that the name of Miss Camilla H. Diggs, formerly a clerk in the Historian General's office, be dropped from the payroll. Mrs. Greenawalt, as Acting Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee, presented the further recommendations; that Miss Mary-Louise Myers be placed on the temporary roll May 1 at a salary of $30 per month, that her salary be raised to $50 a month beginning June 1, 1915, and that she be placed on the permanent roll beginning September 1, 1915, at a salary of $55 per month; that Miss Ruth Westergren be placed on the temporary roll January 18 at a salary of $30 per month, that her salary be raised to $50 a month beginning February 18, 1915, and that she be placed on the permanent roll beginning May 18, 1915, at a salary of $55 per month. The recommendation of the Building and Grounds Committee that Miss Mary-Louise Myers be placed on the roll of the Treasurer General, according to rulings, at a salary of $55 per month, was moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Augsburgy, and carried. The recommendation of the Building and Grounds Committee that Miss Ruth Westergren be placed on the roll of the Registrar General, according to rulings, at a salary of $55 per month, was moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Mrs. Page, and carried.

The Organizing Secretary General presented again the matter of the desire of the chapter at Walla Walla, Washington, to change its name, it appearing from a letter received from Miss Burnett, regent of the chapter, that at the time the name was taken it was the understanding of the chapter that it was necessary to take some name in order to have the chapter organized, but that after their organization was complete they would be permitted to select a suitable name, and that it was felt the recommendation adopted by Congress ought not to apply to their case inasmuch as the chapter had been organized with the understanding that a suitable name could be afterwards selected. The name it was desired to take was that of Narcissa Prentiss, the wife of Marcus Whitman, the pioneer of the Northwest. Under these circumstances, in motion properly seconded, it was carried that the request be granted. The requests from a chapter in Pennsylvania and one in Illinois to add the proper titles to the names of their chapters (named for patriots) were also granted, the President General stating that in the estimation of the Chair it would not be changing materially the name of the chapter. The Organizing Secretary General, by vote of the Board, was also instructed to take up the matter of the Brockport chapter, which desired to change its name, and whose request had been made early in February, but had not been acted upon, and if in her opinion it came within the rules of possible change she was empowered to act. The request of the Organizing Regent of the Eve Lear Chapter that the chapter be recognized by the National Society as independent of the State organization was presented by the Organizing Secretary General. After some discussion, participated in by many of the members present, it was moved by Mrs. Calhoun, seconded by Miss Rodman, and carried, that the request of the Organizing Regent of the Eve Lear Chapter, New Haven, Conn., be ruled out of order.

The Curator General stated that she had a recommendation in regard to the proposed acquisition of wall cases for the Museum, the funds for which she would endeavor herself to collect, with the permission of the Board,
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT 403

and on motion of Miss Barlow, seconded by Mrs. Augsburry, the recommendation of the consideration of the wall cases in the museum was adopted.

The Chairman of Finance Committee asked the approval of the Board for the purchase of two typewriters, and that the Board endorse the work of the Chairman during the summer; presenting also the recommendation to the Board that all officers and chairmen of committees personally sign their vouchers in writing. Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Smoot, and carried, that the recommendations of the Chairman of Committee on Finance be accepted. Mrs. Sternberg also recommended that the Board approve the change in the blank voucher referred to in her report. Moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried, that the recommendations of the Chairman of the Finance Committee in regard to the change in form of the vouchers be accepted.

Miss Pierce presented a request from the Treasurer General for the change from 25 cents to $1 in the Christmas offering letter authorized at the June Board, and on motion of Mrs. Augsburry, seconded by Miss Barlow, it was carried, that the Treasurer General be authorized to change the wording of her Christmas letter, to request $1 in place of 25 cents.

The Recording Secretary General then read the following letter and protest:

Connecticut Daughters of the American Revolution
Windsor, Conn., Oct. 9, 1915.
Mrs. William C. Boyle,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R., Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.
My dear Mrs. Boyle:
At a meeting of Chapter Regents, Connecticut D. A. R., held at Windsor today, the enclosed resolutions were unanimously adopted and ordered transmitted through you to the National Board.

Respectfully,
LOUISE L. BARNUM,
Recording Secretary, Conn. D. A. R.

Resolutions of Protest Against the Removal and the Method of the Removal of the Name of Connecticut from the Plate Above the Door of the National Board Room in Memorial Continental Hall.

Whereas:
The Board of Management of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution at its meeting June 16, 1915, voted that 'the name Connecticut Room be changed to Board Room at the request of Mrs. H. P. B. Manson, if it does not conflict with the rules of the National Society,' and

Whereas:
Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, the State Regent of Connecticut, had no notice that this matter was to be brought up for action at said meeting and in consequence had no records or papers in the case at hand to show Connecticut's connection with the original gift, and

Whereas:
Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, State Regent of Connecticut, upon looking up the said records and history of the case, was convinced that grave injustice had been done to Connecticut, and in a letter to the President General protested against such summary proceedings, and

Whereas:
The Council of the State Regent of Connecticut after listening to a full account of the history of the gift of the Board Room and of the action of the Board of Management of the National Society at its June meeting, voted unanimously to confirm the protest of the State Regent of Connecticut, Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, to the President General of the National Society, now therefore be it

Resolved:
That we, the Chapter Regents of Connecticut here assembled do hereby endorse the action of Mrs. John Laidlaw Buel, State Regent of Connecticut, and of the Council, and direct that the PROTEST of the State of Connecticut be conveyed to the Board of Management of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution.

Committee of the Council,

EVA V. M. BISSELL,
MARY F. W. SHIPMAN,
LOUISE L. BARNUM.

Mrs. Buel, having been granted the courtesy of the house, then read the following statement:

Connecticut's Statement to the National Board Concerning the Board Room.

Connecticut has always claimed that the Board Room was a State gift on the ground that it was given by a Connecticut Daughter through the State, the same as any other individual or Chapter gift, presented through any State and credited to that State.

The records and correspondence bear out this statement, and justify the ground taken that this gives the State as great a right to its name over the door as if the Board Room had been paid for by general subscription. In proof of this, I quote from a letter dated May 10, 1908, to Mrs. Kinney when State Regent of Connecticut from Mrs. James Knox Taylor, the then Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of Continental Hall Committee, which letter was sent to Mrs. Kinney for Mrs. Manson's (then Mrs. Benedict's) information, a copy of which was sent nearly two years later to me by Mrs. Manson herself with other correspondence, showing that she knew of and
understood the proposed method of marking the rooms. It reads: "It is understood that it will be the room where the National Board will meet. Over the doorway in large brass lettering the name 'Connecticut,' showing the room was given by some State or member from that State." To this there is no record of Mrs. Manson's objecting. She withdrew her original pledge for reasons with which Connecticut had nothing to do. A history of this pledge is as follows, beginning with extracts from the printed Proceedings of Congress and the Minutes of the National Board:

Proceedings of the Fifteenth Continental Congress (1906)

From the Report of Mrs. James Knox Taylor, Chairman of Ways and Means Committee:

* * * The demands for memorials come in daily. Since the last congress, New Jersey, Delaware, West Virginia and the District of Columbia have taken rooms to finish, in the name of their States. * * * Your chairman is also in communication with Connecticut and Massachusetts as to memorial rooms * * *.

Contributions to Continental Hall Fund.

(The official reader called the States as follows:)

Alabama, $262; Arizona, $50; California, * * *.

President General, * * *.

Reader, Colorado, * * *.

Connecticut: Hannah Benedict Carter Chapter, $10; Mrs. H. Prescott, $10; Torrington Chapter, $10; Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter, $25; Phoebe Humphrey Chapter, $25; Fanny Ledyard Chapter, $25; Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter, $25; Sarah Ludlow Chapter, $25; Dorothy Ripley Chapter, $30.

Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, $17; Emma Hart Willard Chapter, $5.

President General: With your permission, Mrs. Kinney, I have just received $50 also from the Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter; I would like to add that to that chapter.

Connecticut (continuing): Elizabeth Clark Hull Chapter, $80; Faith Trumbull Chapter, $50; Esther Stanley Chapter, $25; Mary Wooster Chapter, $25; Willimantic Chapter, $30; Wadsworth Chapter, $100; Freeloave Baldwin Stowe Chapter, $125; Mary Chap Wooster Chapter, $150; Mrs. Frank H. Benedict, a member of Mary Chap Wooster Chapter, $6,000.

Mrs. Kinney: You will see by this that Connecticut never does things by halves. This contribution is for the board room, the Board of Management Room, and it is given by Mrs. Benedict as a memorial to her Revolutionary ancestors, one of whom was George Washington's private secretary. (Applause.)

President General (Mrs. McLean): That is the largest single contribution that ever came to us. A year ago it was thought certain places would take so much money in order to finish them. The board room being the largest room in the building outside of the auditorium, museum and library, the architect has calculated it would take about $6,000 to finish that room. Owing to the personal influence of our State Regent of Connecticut upon the pure and patriotic soul of the donor of such a memorial, for such a purpose, we are able, this afternoon, to receive this $6,000 in reverent memory of the ancestors of the woman whose soul has been so fired with generosity. (Applause.) Rising vote of thanks given. (American Monthly Magazine, Vol. 29, Page 179).

Extract from report of Ways and Means Committee to Memorial Continental Hall Committee at meetings held June 6, 1906:

* * * By the very generous contribution of Mrs. Benedict, Connecticut was given the Board Room, with the understanding this sum of $6,000 would be used in the finishing and furnishing of that room.

Report accepted.

State Regent's Report to Sixteenth Continental Congress (1907).

* * * Mary Clap Wooster Chapter of New Haven * * * through one of its members, Mrs. Frank H. Benedict, the chapter was made the contributor of $150 to Continental Hall, and it is radiant with reflected glory from Mrs. Benedict's larger gift of $6,000 to the same object. It is believed this is the largest personal gift that was ever made at any one time to Continental Hall fund. (American Monthly Magazine, Vol. 31, Page 165.)


The President General (Mrs. McLean): Seven hundred dollars from Connecticut, ladies. We thank you. I desire to say here there is a pledge from Connecticut which is going to be redeemed very shortly. As chairman of the Continental Hall Committee, I have recently received a letter from Mrs. Manson of Connecticut. She will redeem a fine, large pledge. (Applause.)

Extract from Minutes of National Board of Management, Saturday, April 16, 1910:

The Vice-President General from Ohio moved a vote of thanks to the State of Connecticut for the beautiful furnishings for the Board Room. (Applause.)

The State Regent of New Jersey seconded the motion.

The State Regent of Connecticut said the entire amount ($6,000) was given by Mrs. Manson, one of our Connecticut Daughters. (Applause.)

The Vice-President General from Ohio moved that the Secretary be instructed to send Mrs. Manson a vote of thanks.
The motion was seconded by the State Regents of Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia and many others.

Nineteenth Continental Congress (1910) (Mrs. Buel’s first Congress as State Regent).

Mrs. Buel: Connecticut gives this year as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anne Wood Elderkin Chapter</td>
<td>$20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freeloave Baldwin Stowe Chapter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hannah Woodruff Chapter (special object)</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Clay Wooster Chapter</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Stillman Chapter, to place names of Mrs. Jane E. Sterling Seeley, ex-regent, and Madam Fanny I. Crosby on Roll of Honor Book</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norwalk Chapter</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Putnam Hill Chapter</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Ludlow Chapter</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wadsworth Chapter</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. John T. Manson, account furnishing Board Room (money given)</td>
<td>$6,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


Correct List Continental Hall Contributions, Report of Treasurer General to Board, June 1, 1910:

**Connecticut**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anne Wood Elderkin Chapter</td>
<td>$20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elizabeth Clark Hull Chapter</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freeloave Baldwin Stowe Chapter</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Katherine Gaylord Chapter</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Clay Wooster Chapter, to place the name of Miss Emily Louise Gerry, first regent and daughter of Elbridge Gerry, Signer of the Declaration of Independence, on Roll of Honor Book</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Clay Wooster Chapter</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Stillman Chapter, to place the name of Mrs. Jane E. S. Seeley, ex-regent, and Madam Fanny I. Crosby on Roll of Honor Book</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Norwalk Chapter</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Putnam Hill Chapter</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Ludlow Chapter</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stamford Chapter</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wadsworth Chapter</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. John T. Manson, account furnishing Board Room (memorial to ancestors)</td>
<td>$6,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(Extract from Minutes of National Board Meeting, June 7 and 8, 1911)

* * * The Vice-President of Delaware brought up the matter of placing the names of offices and States on the doors of the rooms, and after a discussion of the ideas of the architect in regard to this, the Treasurer General moved: “That a committee be appointed to take up the matter of marking the doors.” Seconded by the Registrar General, the Vice-President General of Delaware and the State Regent of Massachusetts, and carried. (American Monthly Magazine, Vol. 39, Page 174.)

Extract from Minutes of National Board Meeting, October 4, 1911.

Twentieth Continental Congress, 1911.

Extract from Treasurer General’s Report:

The Treasurer General submits the following statement of special features:

Alabama Chapters, on account Alabama Room.
California Chapters, on account of California Room.
Colorado Chapters, on account of Box.
Connecticut Chapters, on account of Bronze Doors.
Connecticut Chapters, for Connecticut Column.
Mrs. John T. Manson, of Mary Clay Wooster Chapter, Memorial to her Ancestors, Board Room and Furnishings. 6,000
(Proceedings of Twentieth Continental Congress, Appendix C, Page 596.)

Twenty-fourth Continental Congress.

Extract from Treasurer General’s Report:

Alabama Chapters
California
Connecticut
Colorado Chapters, Box and Retiring Room
Connecticut Chapter, Flag Pole
Connecticut Chapters, Bronze Doors and Marking
Connecticut Chapters, Column and Marking
Connecticut Chapters, Account of Bond
Mrs. John T. Manson, Mary Clay Wooster Chapter, Memorial to her Ancestors, Board Room.
Connecticut Chapters, Placing Statue
Oliver Ellsworth
Connecticut Chapters, Grounds......  60.00
Connecticut Chapters, Repairing Clock  3.50
(Treasurer General's Report to Twenty-fourth Congress, Pages 19-20.)

These show the Board Room to have been originally pledged through Mrs. Kinney, State Regent of Connecticut, at the Congress of 1906, and redeemed through Mrs. Buel, State Regent of Connecticut, four years later in 1910. The original pledge, dated April 18, 1906, says, "said sum to be paid within six months from date." I have no knowledge of what held the matter in abeyance for so long. It was until six months after I became State Regent in 1909 that the matter was brought to my personal attention through Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, then resident secretary, Continental Hall Committee, who asked Mrs. Sterling, then Vice-President General from Connecticut, in October, 1909, what Connecticut was going to do about the Connecticut room, as nothing up to that time (three and a half years) had been done about the pledge. Mrs. Manson having partially withdrawn some time previously, date unknown to me. This was her first withdrawal. In reference to this, I wrote Mrs. Hodgkins on October 18, 1909, as follows:

East Meadows, Litchfield,
October 18, 1909.

My dear Mrs. Hodgkins:

Supplementing Mrs. Sterling's conversation with you in regard to the Board Room, I am writing to tell you that Connecticut has always considered the Board Room hers since Mrs. Manson's pledge came through Connecticut, being announced by Mrs. Kinney for the State, and that now Connecticut will hold herself responsible for the other $3,000 necessary to finish this room.

As I understand it, this money does not have to be given in all at once, but all future contributions from Connecticut may apply to the Board Room without limit in time. **

Yours very sincerely,
(Signed) ELIZABETH C. B. BUEL,
State Regent, Conn. D. A. R.

On October 30, 1909, Mrs. Hodgkins wrote me that Mrs. Manson had definitely withdrawn (this was the second time) and I replied that she must hold the room for the State until I could do something about it. I then set to work to secure the resumption of the pledge, asking Mrs. Scott (then President General) to write Mrs. Manson, explaining away whatever might have been the causes of dissatisfaction on Mrs. Manson's part, with the result that Mrs. Manson renewed her plans and all went well until a question arose as to whether or not she might place in the room a memorial tablet with her own name thereon as donor. Understanding that she could not place such a tablet, she again withdrew (this was the third time) and Mrs. Scott in despair over the misunderstanding appealed to me on March 1, 1910, and I replied on March 5, that "Connecticut must step into the breach somehow." All through Mrs. Scott's correspondence with Mrs. Manson (copies of which Mrs. Manson sent me when she withdrew), Connecticut is referred to as having some part and rights in the matter. On March 7, I wrote Mrs. Manson a letter from which I quote:

Litchfield, Conn., March 7, 1910.

Mrs. John T. Manson,
82 Hillhouse Avenue,
New Haven.

My dear Mrs. Manson:

* * * I was deeply reluctant to see Connecticut fail to take the room for which she stood pledged in the eyes of the whole Society for so many years. * * *

I have made these explanations in full that you may know that I am not only not a stranger to the late transactions, but on the contrary, a keenly anxious participant in them, for upon the outcome depended Connecticut's action in the matter. If your plans fell through, it devolved upon me, as an embarrassing and painful duty, to appeal to the State to take up the pledge. If I did not do this, and let the Board Room go, I felt that the State would be severely criticised before the whole Society. I have therefore been awaiting the outcome of Mrs. Scott's correspondence to see, first, what you would still be willing to do, and then to see that Connecticut did the rest. * * * If this does not appeal to you, then Connecticut must do it alone, for the State cannot, in honor bound, let the room go at this late hour. * * * My chief difficulty in this unfortunate situation is this: to act quickly, as this emergency requires—for every day now lost makes it more certain that Connecticut's room will be the only room unfinished when Congress convenes—means that I must act without due authority and trust to the loyalty of the State to support me; for I cannot actually pledge the State except by its own vote at the State meeting, which will not be held until March 30th. This is where the situation is involved and embarrassing for all concerned, and yet I must in some way save the room for the State.

* * *

Yours sincerely,
(Signed) ELIZABETH C. B. BUEL.

I then brought the matter before my Council at its meeting on March 10th, three days later, when they were enthusiastically unanimous in favor of retaining the Board Room and sending out an appeal to the Chapters to take up the pledge. Before this appeal could be issued, however, Mrs. Manson again resumed negotiations over the telephone in reply to my letter just read. Her proposal was that she would renew the entire pledge of $6,000, fulfilling original plan if allowed memorial tablet by rescinding any vote of Congress forbidding such tablet; in case of a failure to rescind,
Connecticut was to repay Mrs. Manson the $6,000. I telegraphed these terms to each member of my Council, who each telegraphed acceptance; also to Mrs. Scott, who assured us there was no vote forbidding such a tablet, nor could we find any anywhere. In my presence and Mrs. Manson’s, at an interview held a few days later in New York, Mrs. Manson wrote out a second pledge as follows, the agreement that Connecticut repay the $6,000 if a tablet was forbidden being verbally understood:

(Mrs. Manson’s conditions under which she resumed work on the Board Room)

‘Mrs. Manson will take up her original pledge of $6,000, meaning for the room and furnishings, with the distinct understanding that there shall be no interference from any source, with her plans for decorating and furnishing the Board Room. It being her intention to proceed with designs of the Chapman Decorating Co., of Philadelphia, which have been submitted and which she understands are acceptable. It is also understood that she may place a tablet in the room wherever she may please, the inscription also to be as she may wish, in short the whole matter must be left to her good taste.’

A little later Mrs. Manson gave me her check for $6,000, which she almost directly recalled, sending me two checks for $3,000 each, to which Mr. Manson refers as follows:

New Haven, Conn., April 14, 1910.
My dear Mrs. Buel:

* * * If this matter of treating the check is not in your judgment all right, you may handle it as seems best to you, so long as the idea that you first had, that of Mrs. Manson getting full credit for the $6,000 is brought about. * * *

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) JOHN T. MANSON.

These two checks I presented to the Congress of 1910 as read in the Proceedings. This narrative terminates with this letter, dated May 17, 1910, from Mr. Manson:

New Haven, May 17, 1910.
My dear Mrs. Buel:

Mrs. Manson asked me several days ago to acknowledge your very kind letter, but it has happened that the days have not been long enough to accomplish it, until now.

She has been greatly pleased with the communications that have come to her from the various Boards, Committees and with the kind mention you made in your report. * * *

Both Mrs. Manson and I have appreciated your interest and help in the Board Room matter and we join in very kind regards.

Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) JOHN T. MANSON.

In all this correspondence there is no mention of a $1,000 deposit being necessary before the State could retain the room, nor was it imposed upon Mrs. Manson. This point was made at the June Board meeting as one of the arguments against retaining the State’s name over the door. It was understood throughout by all concerned that rooms bear the names of the States contributing to them, whether by the sole gift of one individual or the smaller contributions of many.

Through all Mrs. Manson’s indecision and three withdrawals, Connecticut never released the room so that it could be assigned to any other State, but on the contrary, continually stood ready to redeem the pledge made by Mrs. Manson; and even when Mrs. Manson finally resumed and carried it to completion, it was with the expressed understanding that the State should repay to her the $6,000 if anything were done not in accordance with her wishes. Connecticut was ready to do that in 1910 and stands ready to redeem its own.

ELIZABETH BARNEY BUEL,
State Regent, Connecticut.

After a lengthy discussion, the motion was made by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Lockwood, that the name of Connecticut be replaced over the Board Room door as it was before, so as to read, Board Room, Connecticut. The President General having requested that the matter be deferred to a meeting of the Board, when Mrs. Manson might be present and also be heard, Mrs. Minor consented to postpone her motion, and moved, to postpone my motion, ‘that the name of Connecticut be replaced over the Board Room door as it was before, so as to read Board Room, Connecticut,’ to January Board meeting. This was seconded by Mrs. Smoot and carried.

Permission was accorded Mrs. Gaar, who had been appointed Vice-Chairman in Charge of the Block Certificates at Washington, to appear before the Board to present a proposition with regard to the certificates. Mrs. Gaar stated that after making a few investigations she had found that only $56 had been received by the Treasurer General since last April for certificates, out of which $5.20 would have to be paid to Caldwell—that it would not pay to employ a special clerk at $75 a month to receive only $52 in five months—that Caldwell’s bill on the 1st of February was $7,556.61, showing that during the last four years only $2,443.39 had been paid on his bill for certificates. Mrs. Gaar also gave some figures showing the amounts that had been turned in by Mrs. Block at various times to the office of the Treasurer General, and the number of blank certificates that had been sent by Mrs. Block and Caldwell to the Hall to be sent out under the resolution adopted by the last Congress that certificates should in the future be sent out by all concerned that rooms bear the names of the States contributing to them, whether by the sole gift of one individual or the smaller contributions of many.
mand for the certificates, and in order to realize something from the stock on hand, it might be well to adopt the business method of reducing the price—that at the time the certificates were first issued the debt on the Hall was much larger, but now the end was in sight. Mrs. Gaar also said that there were 1,200 certificates on hand that had been fixed with the silver shield over Mrs. Scott's name, on which had been engrossed Mrs. Story's name, but which bore the name of Mrs. Brumbaugh, the former Registrar General, and could not, therefore, be sent out under the ruling that all the certificates were first issued the debt on the Hall.

The Board having risen from executive session, it was moved by Mrs. Longley, seconded by Mrs. Page, and carried, that the charges against Mrs. Anna Ingersoll Rich have been sufficiently sustained. On motion of Mrs. Longley, seconded by Mrs. Augsberry, it was further carried, that Anna Ingersoll Rich be expelled from membership in the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, and her name be stricken from the rolls.

The attorneys and witnesses having retired, the motion was carried that the Board go into executive session, and on motion of Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Goode, it was also carried that the present chairman, Mrs. Smallwood, be the chairman of the executive session.
Pension Records copied and turned over to Librarian General. Respectfully submitted,
GRACE M. PIERCE, Registrar General.

On motion, duly seconded, the report was accepted.

The announcement was read of a meeting of the Mary Washington Chapter of the District of Columbia, at the Washington Club, for that evening, and an invitation extended to the members of the Board to attend.

The motion at 7:25 to adjourn was unanimously seconded and carried.

The adjourned meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order at 10:15, Wednesday, October 13, Mrs. Smallwood, Vice-President General of the District of Columbia, in the chair.

The following members responded to the roll: Vice-Presidents General: Mrs. Minor, Connecticut; Mrs. Smallwood, District of Columbia; Mrs. Moody, Delaware; Mrs. Goode, Alabama. Active Officers: Mrs. Boyle, Recording Secretary General; Miss Pierce, Registrar General; Mrs. Augsburg, Historian General; Mrs. Orton, Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution; Mrs. Sternberg, Librarian General; Miss Barlow, Curator General. State Regents: Mrs. Buel, Connecticut; Mrs. Hall, Delaware; Mrs. Greenawalt, District of Columbia; Mrs. Guernsey, Kansas; Mrs. Bosley, Maryland; Mrs. Wait, Michigan; Mrs. Brant, Ohio; Miss Crowell, Pennsylvania; Mrs Longley, Rhode Island; Mrs. Calhoun, South Carolina; Mrs. Lobinger, Orient. State Vice-Regent: Mrs. Page, New York.

The Chairman called attention to the fact that the business left over from the first part of the session was the hearing and accepting reports of the National Officers and standing committees, all of whose recommendations had already been acted upon.

Mrs. Boyle read her report as Recording Secretary General.

Report of Recording Secretary General.
Madam President General and Members of the Board of Management:

Since the meeting of the Board of Management on June 16, 1915, the routine work of the office of the Recording Secretary General has gone forward as usual.

The minutes of the Board meetings of June 16 have been prepared and turned over to the editor of the Magazine and proof read. Copies of the rulings of this meeting have been sent to all offices. The minutes of the June meeting of the Memorial Continental Hall Committee, and of the Executive Committee meetings, have also been transcribed.

The official notices, letters of sympathy, regret and condolence in connection with the June Board have been sent out from this office.

Notices of appointments on committees are being sent out as lists are received from the President General and copy prepared for the printer.

The notices to the members of the Board of this meeting were mailed two weeks in advance.

Cards of condolence have been sent to the families of deceased Daughters and to regents of their chapters in all cases when the Recording Secretary has been notified. A letter of sympathy was sent to the family of Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, and an appreciative reply received. Also resolutions were received from the Massachusetts Founders association on the death of Mrs. Walworth. My office has also received notice of death of Mrs. Brookmire and the card of condolence has been sent her family and Chapter.

The notification cards to new members (1,346) admitted at the June Board meeting, were promptly mailed.

All documents requiring her signature have been signed by the Recording Secretary General.

Regrets and acceptances for the October Board meeting have been received and filed.

Mrs. Abbott, Vice-President General, was on her way when she was intercepted by a message that her mother had a severe heart attack. She writes that God has been good to them and spared the mother's life, but it was too soon to say she was better. Mrs. Cobbs, State Regent of Alabama, is unable to be present, having just lost her mother.

Certificates of membership issued, 4,400.

The following Year Books have been received: Mary Isham Keith Chapter, Texas; Colonial Daughters Chapter, Maine; Jane Douglas Chapter, Texas; Jacob Bennett Chapter, New Mexico; Elizabeth Schuyler Hamilton Chapter, Michigan; Mary Marion Chapter, Iowa; James McElmee Chapter, Iowa; George Wythe Chapter, Penna.; Deborah Avery Chapter, Nebraska; Daughters of the American Revolution of New Jersey; Enid Chapter, Oklahoma; Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio; Marshalltown Chapter, Iowa; Nebraska Daughters of the American Revolution; Martha Pitkin Chapter, Ohio; Ashley Chapter, Iowa; Lebanon Chapter, Pennsylvania; General Richard Montgomery Chapter, New York; Charles Carroll Chapter, Indiana; Bellefonte Chapter, Pennsylvania; Santa Barbara Chapter, California.

There was also received from the California Daughters a copy of the program at the D. A. R. Conference at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition; from Miss Mary I. Stille, a very interesting program of exercises on the occasion of the marking of the Battlefield of Brandywine by the Pennsylvania Historical Commission and the Historical Societies of Chester and Delaware Counties, September 11,
1915; from the Hindman School of Kentucky, the announcement of the establishment of a Kindergarten Department and an appeal for support; copy of New York Evening Sun, containing an interesting and instructive talk on the Flag by Mrs. C. B. Neleanon, Ohio State Chairman of Committee on Desecration of the Flag; circulars from the Woman's Section of the Navy League and from the National Security League; copy of Washington's Farewell Address to the Nation; from the Ohio State Regent, Mrs. Brant, printed list of State officers, Chapter Regents and Vice-Regents.

Respectfully submitted,

(Mrs. Wm. C.) Abbie Williams R. Boyle, Recording Secretary General.

Before closing, may I claim a moment to speak of the memory of one with whom for the last two years I have been a co-worker and close friend, Alice B. Fishburne?

She came to me as an inheritance from former administrations, having served our Society as a loyal and loving Daughter and faithful worker under four administrations and more than fifteen years.

Never have I seen a woman more patient, nor known one more earnest in the performance of every duty, best of all, never have I heard her say a harmful nor unkind word.

Her walk in life did not lead her into green pastures, nor through many pleasant places, but always she was climbing the Hill of Difficulty in her untiring care for those whose mainstay she was.

While we miss daily in our office her pleasant smile of greeting, her gentle presence, her quiet help, we do not mourn for her, for as this natural life is but the shadow of the spiritual life of substance, we know that such as she passed from the shadow into the substance of fulfillment and happiness.

So to our feeling of tender recollections we add one of reverential gladness that she has safely passed the troubled waters and shoals of life, put out to sea, and crossed the bar.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, that the report of the Recording Secretary General be accepted.

Mrs. Greenawalt asked to be permitted to report in reference to the death of Mrs. Fishburne, that she had received a telegram from the President General ordering flowers to be sent and a personal expression of her sympathy given to the family, which was done; that she called upon the family of Mrs. Fishburne and personally expressed the sympathy of the President General and of the National Society—at the same time as Regent of the District of Columbia expressing the sympathy of the State for the loss of its valued member, sending flowers also in the name of the District Daughters; as Acting Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee, she had ordered that the flag used for the obsequies of Daughters be sent to the house to be used on the casket, and all the clerks who were able to leave their work and desired to attend were given permission to attend the funeral services. The Board expressed its approval of the action taken, and on motion, duly seconded, it was carried that this report be spread upon the minutes. It was also moved by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried, that the bill for flowers authorized by the President General for Mrs. Alice B. Fishburne, a clerk in the employ of the National Society for fifteen years, be authorized by the Board and paid.

Moved by Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, that the bill for flowers for the funeral of Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch, ex-National Officer, ordered by the direction of the President General, be authorized by the Board and paid. Moved by Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, that the bill for flowers for Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, Founder, authorized by the President General, and all the expenses connected with her funeral be paid.

The report of the Organizing Secretary General was read by Mrs. Sternberg in the absence of Mrs. Smoot.

Report of the Organizing Secretary General.

Madam President General and Members of the Board of Management:

Through their respective State Regents, the following members at large ask for authorization to organize Chapters:

- Mrs. Annie M. H. Bennett, Spring Lake, N. J.
- Mrs. Ada Saunders Burekhalter, Barnwell, S. C.
- Mrs. May Chaplin Collins, Douglas, Wyo.
- Miss Grace L. Davis, Pittsfield, Maine.
- Mrs. Charlotte L. B. Langstroth, Rahway, N. J.
- Mrs. Anne Watson Merrick, Weisss, Idaho.
- Miss Clara B. Pritchard, Connellsville, Penna.
- Mrs. Martha Jane Relf, Monroe, Wis.
- Miss Nancy B. Runley, Mersersburg, Penna.
- Mrs. Mary Field Taliferro, Bryan, Texas.
- Miss Bird C. Dunlap, Clarksville, Ark.
- Mrs. Nora S. Miller, Alliance, Ohio.

The following Organizing Regencies have expired by time limitation:

- Miss Mary Field Taliferro, Bryan, Texas.
- Miss Frances William Hess, Norborne, Mo.
- Miss Fannie Price, Tallapoosa, Ga.
- Mrs. Caroline B. M. Robinson, Bessemer, Ala.

The reappointment of the following are requested by their State Regents:

- Miss Frances William Hess, Norborne, Mo.
- Miss Mary G. Burney, Blairstown, Iowa.
- Mrs. D. Lulu Brown Engelken, Le Mars, Iowa.

The resignation of Mrs. Frances Margaret Smith Trotman, Organizing Regent at Milwaukee, Wis., has been received.
The National Board is requested to authorize chapters at the following places:

Eldora, Iowa.
Pineville, Ky.
Princeton, Ky.
Somerset, Ky.
Stanford, Ky.
Lancaster, Ky.
Coldwater, Mich.
St. Charles, Mich.

The following Chapters have been organized since the June 16th Board meeting:


The Chapter at Boulder wishes to be officially disbanded.

Regents and Ex-Regents Bar Permits issued .................................................. 23
Organizing Regents commissions issued .......................................................... 12
State Regents commissions issued ................................................................. 47
State Regents and State Vice-Regents reelection cards .................................. 48
Charters issued ................................................................................................. 17
Regents lists made for distribution (five of which were given away and two paid for) ................................................................. 7
Letters received .................................................................................................. 368
Letters written ...................................................................................................... 523
Officers lists written for ...................................................................................... 200
Officers lists received ............................................................................................ 439

Card Catalogue Reports from June 16, 1915.
Changes .............................................................................................................. 2,442
Deaths ............................................................................................................... 159
Marrriages ......................................................................................................... 173
Members cards made and filed ........................................................................... 1,294
Members dropped .............................................................................................. 10
Members resigned ............................................................................................... 205
Members reinstated ............................................................................................ 13
Added Membership June 16, 1915 ................................................................. 117,159
Actual Membership, June 16, 1915 ................................................................. 88,322

Respectfully submitted,
BETTY CARTER SMOOT,
Organizing Secretary General.

Mrs. Guernsey asked that a chapter at Columbus, Kansas, be authorized, and on motion of Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Orton, it was carried, that the State Regent of Kansas be given authority to form a Chapter at Columbus, Kansas. Mrs. Longley also asked that a Chapter be authorized in Rhode Island, and on her motion, seconded by Mrs. Minor, it was carried, that the State Regent of Rhode Island be authorized to give permission for the formation of a new Chapter in the Diamond Hill Section of Rhode Island. Moved by Mrs. Augsburry, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, that the report of the Organizing Secretary General be accepted.

The Registrar General presented the following supplemental report:

Applications presented to the Board ................................................................. 2
Respectfully submitted,
GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General.

This brought the number of names submitted to 1,359, and Miss Pierce stated that while her report the previous evening had been accepted, no formal ballot had been cast for the admission of the members. It was therefore moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Augsburry, and carried, that the Recording Secretary General be empowered to cast the ballot for the election of 1,359 new members. The Registrar General presented also a request from a chapter in South Carolina asking for a pension for a Real Daughter and moved that the usual pension to Real Daughters be granted to Mrs. Anne Josephine Avant, of South Carolina. This was seconded by Mrs. Calhoun and carried.

Mrs. Sternberg now read a supplemental report of the Organizing Secretary General, as follows:

Supplemental Report of Organizing Secretary General.

I ask for the confirmation of the following Organizing Regents, appointed through their respective State Regents, after they have been admitted to the National Society:

Miss Mary Bell Bishop, Eustis, Fla.
Miss Jane Duke Hance, Calvert Co., Md.
Mrs. Annie Elizabeth Thomas Lilburn, St. Mary’s Co., Md.
Miss Mary Frances Sapp, Whitesboro, Texas.

The resignation of Mrs. May Thurber Farrell, as Organizing Regent at Marionville, Mo., has been received from the State Regent of Missouri.

Respectfully submitted,
BETTY CARTER SMOOT,
Organizing Secretary General.

Moved by Miss Barlow, seconded by Mrs. Augsburry, and carried, that the supplementary report of Organizing Secretary General be accepted.

The Treasurer General’s report was then presented by Miss Pierce, in the absence of Mrs. Ransdell—with the permission of the Board the totals only being read.
TREASURER GENERAL'S REPORT

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from June 1st to September 30th, 1915:

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in Bank at last report May 31, 1915........... $29,967.39

RECEIPTS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual Dues $10,724.00 less $560.00 refunded...</td>
<td>$10,144.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initiation Fees $1,477.00 less $67.00 refunded...</td>
<td>1,410.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificate</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution</td>
<td>4.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Die of Insignia</td>
<td>1.61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directory</td>
<td>6.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drinking Cups—Slot Machine</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplicate papers and lists</td>
<td>64.11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exchange</td>
<td>1.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand Books</td>
<td>113.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index of Books in Library</td>
<td>3.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>194.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lineage Books</td>
<td>225.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magazine, single copies</td>
<td>5.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proceedings of Congress</td>
<td>3.34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ribbon</td>
<td>3.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rosette</td>
<td>1.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stationery</td>
<td>1.94</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>11.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of Waste Paper</td>
<td>3.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refund, Mary Desha Monument Association</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refund, Expressage on Lists</td>
<td>.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refund, Twenty-fourth Congress, House Committee</td>
<td>81.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auditorium Events: District of Columbia Mass Meeting</td>
<td>$ .80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Western High School</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Receipts $12,437.86

EXPENDITURES

OFFICE OF PRESIDENT GENERAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>$360.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>58.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegraphs and Telephones</td>
<td>38.46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent of Typewriter</td>
<td>17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mileage, California, Colorado, Missouri and Utah</td>
<td>360.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$874.44</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OFFICE OF ORGANIZING SECRETARY GENERAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>777.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage and Expressage</td>
<td>11.62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams</td>
<td>2.27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lithographing and Engrossing Charters, Commissions and Cards</td>
<td>80.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Rolls Parchment</td>
<td>45.08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guides and Methods of Organization, and application for Charters</td>
<td>22.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autograph Stamp</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sharpening erasers</td>
<td>.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairing Typewriter</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>941.69</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OFFICE OF RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>$695.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams</td>
<td>16.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,000 Officers' Lists</td>
<td>25.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000 Cards to be Printed</td>
<td>13.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>759.28</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Certificate

Clerical Service ................................................. 300.00
Postage and Expressage ........................................ 219.19
Engrossing and Engraving 2,872 Certificates ................ 272.88
5,025 Tubes .................................................... 45.23
Record Book ..................................................... 7.25
Repairing Typewriter .......................................... 5.50

Total ............................................................ 849.98

Office of Corresponding Secretary General

Clerical Service ................................................ 300.00
Postage .......................................................... 45.00
50,000 application blanks .................................... 406.00
5,000 fac-simile blanks ........................................ 13.75
5,000 "How to Become a Member" ................................ 12.50
4,000 cards to be printed ..................................... 12.80
Wrappers for blanks ............................................ 10.80
Cash Box ......................................................... .55

Total ............................................................ 807.40

Office of Registrar General

Clerical Service ................................................ 2,170.88
Extra clerical service .......................................... 253.58
Postals to be printed .......................................... 50.00
Binding Registrar's Records .................................... 95.00
10,101 cards .................................................... 32.50
Expressage ........................................................ .27

Total ............................................................ 2,602.23

Office of Treasurer General

Clerical Service ................................................ 2,275.93
Extra clerical service .......................................... 200.00
Telegram and Expressage ....................................... 2.61
30,000 Remittance Blanks ....................................... 102.50
Vouchers, bill books and cards ................................ 36.55
Sharpening erasers and repairing typewriter ............... .80

Total ............................................................ 2,618.39

Office of Historian General

Clerical Service* ................................................. 1,000.00
Binding three volumes Lineage ................................ 3.00
Autograph Stamp ................................................ 2.00
Record Book ...................................................... 2.25
Telegram and Repairing Typewriter ............................ 1.90

Total ............................................................ 1,009.15

*$25 of the amount charged to Historian General, through a technicality, was for salary of a clerk not actually employed in that office.

Director General, in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution

Clerical Service ................................................ 71.75
Postage .......................................................... 40.00
Printing blanks and envelopes ................................ 70.25

Total ............................................................ 182.00

Office of Librarian General

Clerical Service ................................................ 340.00
Postage and Expressage ........................................ 3.99
Pamphlet boxes, binders and cards ............................ 7.45
Rubber Stamp .................................................... .20
Binding sixty-seven volumes ................................... 62.45
"Bates Braintree Massachusetts Records 1640-1793" ......... 5.15
"Genealogical History Hoyt, Haight and Hight" ............ 10.00
"History of Temple" ............................................ 9.00
Subscription, "Virginia Magazine of History and Biography" ..... 5.00
1,000 copies "Historical and Genealogical Works in the Library" ... 234.40
Clerical service, Genealogical Research Department .......... 300.00

Total ............................................................ 977.64
OFFICE OF CURATOR GENERAL OF MUSEUM

Clerical Service ........................................... 300.00
Postage ..................................................... 2.00
Reading glass .............................................. 1.50
Record book ............................................... 9.50
3,588 cards and guides and 500 envelopes .............. 22.16
Repairing typewriter .................................... 4.50 339.66

GENERAL OFFICE

Clerical Service ........................................... 300.00
Messenger ................................................... 88.00
Extra messenger service .................................. .95
Postage and overdue postage .............................. 18.00
Revenue tax stamps ........................................ 6.00
16,000 stamped envelopes ................................ 364.80
Supplies ..................................................... 163.33
Telegrams, freight, drayage and expressage .......... 16.18
Postal Guide and Journals ................................ 2.15
Repairing bicycle .......................................... .15
Special Notices "Flag Day" ................................ 3.87
Professional service, Onondaga case .................... 375.00
Engrossing twenty-two pages in Remembrance Book ... 110.00
Pour jeweled pins, Honorary Presidents General ....... 240.00
Flowers, Mrs. Walworth .................................... 15.00
Mary Desha Monument Fund ................................ 50.00

COMMITTEES:

Auditng, postals ........................................... .11
Building and Grounds and other Committees, 
Clerical Service ........................................... 268.75
Block Liquidation and Endowment Fund, Freight 
and Postage .................................................. 14.08
Bureau of Lectures and Slides, Telegram ................ .83
Finance, postage ............................................ 3.19
National Charity Officer, printing reports and 
instructions ................................................... 46.00
Patriotic Education, silver cup, Naval Academy ... 43.00
Patriotic Education, Southern Mountain Schools, 
printing 2,000 circulars ................................... 25.00
Philippine Scholarship Endowment Fund, Post-
age, envelopes and printing .............................. 35.00
Publication, professional service ......................... 200.00
To Prevent Desecration of the Flag, printing ......... 17.00
Twenty-fifth Anniversary, postage ......................... 40.00 2,446.39

EXPENSE CONTINENTAL HALL

Superintendent ............................................. 400.00
Watchman ..................................................... 241.75
Guide ........................................................ 200.00
Telephone Operator ........................................ 109.00
Cleaners ...................................................... 601.95
Seven tons coal ............................................ 43.75
Hauling ashes .............................................. 6.00
Electric current ........................................... 199.31
Water rent .................................................... 19.70
Inspecting elevator ....................................... 1.25
Repairing three boilers .................................. 135.00
Repairing water coolers ................................... 1.40
Ice ............................................................ 17.27
Towels and service ....................................... 21.90
5,000 paper napkins ...................................... 3.75
Toilet paper, freight and drayage ....................... 6.54
Seven gallons disinfectant ............................... 11.50
Cord and shade pulls ..................................... 3.20
Cleaning thirty-one pairs curtains ...................... 23.25
Six chair covers for Platform ........................... 16.00
70½ yards cheesecloth ................................... 2.47
Can sal-ammoniac, zincs and glass ....................... 3.06
### NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

| Description                                           | Amount   
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------
| Hardware                                              | 1.82     
| Paints, alcohol, tar paper and gasoline               | 10.27    
| Grass seed and repairing two lawn mowers              | 8.40     
| Altering sign on Board Room door                      | 2.00     

**Total Hardware: 20.49**

| Description                                           | Amount   
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------
| Printing Machine                                     | 2,072.54 |
| Printer                                               | 72.00    
| Roll and clips                                        | 7.25     
| Electro and composition                               | 1.25     

**Total Printing Machine: 80.50**

| Description                                           | Amount   
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------
| Magazine                                              | 3,153.00 |
| Clerical Service, Chairman                            | 341.25   
| Postage, Chairman                                     | 77.73    
| Telegrams and express, Chairman                       | 3.36     
| Envelopes, Chairman                                   | 3.00     
| Mileage, California, Colorado, Missouri and Utah      | 360.00   
| Salary, Editor                                        | 400.00   
| Postage, Editor                                       | 10.50    
| Telegrams, Editor                                     | 4.87     
| Paper, Editor                                         | 2.10     
| Expense “Notes and Queries”                           | 120.00   
| Postage, Genealogical Editor                          | 7.00     
| 10,000 cards, Genealogical Editor                     | 9.00     
| Printing on envelopes, Genealogical Editor            | 1.00     
| Postage, Secretary                                    | 10.00    
| Printing and mailing, May number                      | 696.67   
| Printing and mailing, June number                     | 791.30   
| Printing and mailing, July number                     | 560.73   
| Printing and mailing, August number                   | 928.94   
| Printing and mailing, September number                | 648.28   
| Cash for Post Office, above numbers                   | 145.83   
| Cuts for above numbers                                | 126.92   
| Index                                                 | 107.38   
| Stenciling and addressing envelopes                   | 67.23    
| Plates and prints of 818 engravings, St. Memin’s      | 275.00   
| Collection                                            | 9.75     
| Expressage                                            | 5,697.84 |

**Total Magazine: 3,153.00**

**Support Real Daughters**

- Support forty-two Real Daughters, June, July, August and September: 1,344.00

**STATE REGENTS’ POSTAGE**

- State Regent, Arkansas: 10.00
- State Regent, Connecticut: 10.00
- State Regent, Florida: 5.00
- State Regent, Indiana: 10.00
- State Regent, Louisiana: 10.00
- State Regent, Michigan: 20.00
- State Regent, Minnesota: 10.00
- State Regent, Mississippi: 10.00
- State Regent, New Jersey: 10.00
- State Regent, New York: 10.00
- State Regent, Ohio: 10.00
- State Regent, Oklahoma: 5.00
- State Regent, Virginia: 5.00

**Total State Regents’ Postage: 125.00**

**STATIONERY, NATIONAL OFFICERS, COMMITTEES, ETC.**

- President General: 20.00
- Organizing Secretary General: 29.75
- Recording Secretary General: 8.15
- Corresponding Secretary General: 10.00
- Registrar General: 43.90
- Treasurer General: 50.50
- Historian General: 23.65
- Librarian General: 4.50

**Total Stationery: 112.50**
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Curator General, Museum</td>
<td>8.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Office</td>
<td>106.01</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chairman, Magazine</td>
<td>7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editor, Magazine</td>
<td>15.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genealogical Editor, Magazine</td>
<td>31.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Charity Officer</td>
<td>12.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>STATIONERY, STATE REGENTS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Alabama</td>
<td>8.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Arkansas</td>
<td>8.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, California</td>
<td>3.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Connecticut</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Delaware</td>
<td>10.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Indiana</td>
<td>5.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Kentucky</td>
<td>5.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Louisiana</td>
<td>7.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Maine</td>
<td>5.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Maryland</td>
<td>6.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Massachusetts</td>
<td>6.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Michigan</td>
<td>10.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Mississippi</td>
<td>28.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, New Hampshire</td>
<td>9.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, New Jersey</td>
<td>2.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, New York</td>
<td>14.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Ohio</td>
<td>9.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Oklahoma</td>
<td>14.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, South Carolina</td>
<td>4.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, South Dakota</td>
<td>8.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Tennessee</td>
<td>2.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Washington</td>
<td>5.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, West Virginia</td>
<td>11.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Wisconsin</td>
<td>8.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TELEPHONE</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Service and toll</td>
<td>248.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>LINEAGE</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage and expressage</td>
<td>34.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refund, order canceled</td>
<td>2.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>D. A. R. REPORTS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>HAND BOOKS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>4.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mailing, telegrams and telephones</td>
<td>245.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>AUDITING</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Audits, April, May and June</td>
<td>150.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RIBBON</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Five bolts D. A. R. Ribbon</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SPOONS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spoon for Real Daughter</td>
<td>2.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>FURNITURE</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filing cabinet, Curator General, Museum</td>
<td>89.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stand for Addressing Machine, Magazine Chairman</td>
<td>16.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating stamp, Organizing Secretary General</td>
<td>9.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS

Page Committee, six spoons for Pages............ 9.00

TWENTY-FOURTH CONGRESS

COMMITTEES:
Credential, telegrams ................................ $16.08
Cards, voting sheets and directions for Tellers... 34.75
Carbon and fasteners .................................. 6.45
Drayage and freight, Voting Machines ............. 18.13 75.41
Emergency, clerical service ........................... 30.00
Rent of typewriter .................................... 2.50 32.50
House, tickets and folders. .................. 50.75
Pads, pencils, cards, etc. .................. 25.36 76.11
Music, 500 printed songs ............................. 7.75 7.75
Page, postals ........................................ 0.50 0.50
Program, 2,000 cards ................................ 4.85 4.85
Reception, invitations and postage ............ 25.21 25.21
2,500 copies Annual Report, Treasurer General .... 165.75 388.08

AUDITORIUM EVENTS

George Washington University:
Labor, electric current and ice ............ 38.00
Refund ........................................... 39.50
Home Club:
Labor, electric current and ice ............ 23.20
Refund ........................................... 42.30
Motet Choral Society:
Electric current and ice .................... 6.70
Washington College of Law:
Labor, electric current and ice ............ 22.45
Refund ........................................... 56.05
Western High School:
Labor, electric current and ice ............ 12.45
Refund ........................................... 65.05
District of Columbia Mass Meeting:
Erecting Nominating Board ............... 80.00 305.50
Total disbursements ............................ $25,835.47

Balance, Current Fund, September 30, 1915 .... $16,569.78

EMILY NELSON RITCHIE MCLEAN HISTORICAL FUND
As at last report May 31, 1915 ............. $1,483.09 1,483.09

FRANCO-AMERICAN FUND
As at last report May 31, 1915 ............ 214.89 214.89

PHILIPPINE SCHOLARSHIP ENDOWMENT FUND
As at last report May 31, 1915 ............ $1,304.30

RECEIPTS

Mrs. Franklin F. Knous, Conn. .................. $ 1.00
Mrs. Robert S. Goodwin, Conn ................... 1.00
U. S. D. 1812, through Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Philippine Scholarship Committee, D. C. .... 5.30
Dorothy Quincy Chapter, Ill ...................... 5.00
Muskegon Chapter, Mich. ...................... 5.00
Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter, Mich ............ 10.00
Chautauqua D. A. R. Circle, N. Y. ............. 10.00
Mrs. Josephine Griffith, President Chautauqua D. A. R. Circle, N. Y. ....... 1.00
Brookville Chapter, from Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook, Pa. ........ 5.00
Great Bridge Chapter, Va. ...................... 5.00
Interest on six months' Second Mortgage Investment ................................ 80.00
Interest on Fund, April 1, to July 31: 8.32
Nathan Hale Memorial Bust Fund, transfer, order of Twenty-fourth Congress, "Memory of Nathan Hale, the Schoolmaster": 158.00

**DISBURSEMENTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Investment: 6% Second Mortgage, Real Estate, Norfolk, Va.</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash balance, September 30, 1915</td>
<td>548.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance National Metropolitan Bank September 30, 1915</td>
<td>548.92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment, 6% Second Mortgage, Norfolk, Va.</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Philippine Scholarship Endowment Fund: $1,548.92

**PATRIOTS' MEMORIAL D. A. R. SCHOOL FUND**

As at last report May 31, 1915: 672.30

**RECEIPTS**

Owahgena Chapter, N. Y. 10.00
On deposit in National Metropolitan Bank September 30, 1915: $19,498.98
Petty Cash Fund: $500.00

**PATRIOTIC EDUCATION FUND**

**RECEIPTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter Name</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Little Rock Chapter, Ark.</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hannah Woodruff Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sibbil Dwight Kent Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wadsworth Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Col. John Donelson Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Bartlett Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td>26.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Augusta Chapter, Ga.</td>
<td>7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Henry Walton Chapter, Ga.</td>
<td>23.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Milledge Chapter, Ga.</td>
<td>4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peter Early Chapter, Ga.</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piedmont-Continental Chapter, Ga.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William Marsh Chapter, Ga.</td>
<td>8.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kewanee Chapter, Ill.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Paul Chapter, Ind.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coronado Chapter, Neb.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Lafayette Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chester County Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumberland County Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort McIntosh Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germantown Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adam Dale Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonny Kate Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>10.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campbell Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Col. Thomas McCrory Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>9.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commodore Perry Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>12.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jackson-Madison Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>11.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Carter Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>2.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Martha Bratton Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>3.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ocoee Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelby Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>3.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jane Douglas Chapter, Texas.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albemarle Chapter, Va.</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern Shore of Virginia Chapter, Va.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elizabeth Ludington Hagans Chapter, W. Va.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total: $817.54
# NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

## DISBURSEMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Helen Dunlap School, Ark.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ellen Wilson Memorial Fund, D. C.</td>
<td>27.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Y. W. C. Association, D. C.</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berry School, Ga.</td>
<td>65.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mineral Bluff School, Ga.</td>
<td>35.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The A. and M. College, Ga.</td>
<td>23.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pine Mountain Settlement School, Ky.</td>
<td>55.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W. C. T. U. Settlement School, Hindman, Ky.</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asheville Normal and Industrial School, N. C.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryville College, Tenn.</td>
<td>355.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee D. A. R. School, Tenn.</td>
<td>125.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mountain Missions, Va.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Industrial Educational Association</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>$817.54</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## RED CROSS FUND

### RECEIPTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter and Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boulder Chapter, Colo.</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Narcissa Whitman Chapter, Wash.</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Red Cross</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DISBURSEMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Red Cross</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## PERMANENT FUND

Balance in Bank at last report, May 31, 1915: $5,494.87

### RECEIPTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Fee</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Charter Fees</td>
<td>$55.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life Membership Fees</td>
<td>250.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continental Hall Contributions</td>
<td>$28.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boulder Chapter, Colo.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Washington Chapter, Memorial to Mrs. Dickens, D. C.</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Banquet Committee, 24th Continental Congress, D. C.</td>
<td>100.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation Committee, 24th Continental Congress, D. C.</td>
<td>95.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lone Tree Chapter, Ind.</td>
<td>4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Lucie H. VanDoren, Certificate, Ind.</td>
<td>1.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hannah McIntosh Cady Chapter, Mich.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rebecca Prescott Sherman Chapter, Minn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Charles Chapter, Certificates, Mo.</td>
<td>3.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Alice M. Van Cleave, Mo.</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Lafayette Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greenwich Tea Burning Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bronx Chapter, Certificate, N. Y.</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chepomet Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mersereau Chapter, Penny a Day, N. Y.</td>
<td>43.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Connecticut Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ripley Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Elizabeth H. Patton, Sycamore Chapter, Certificates, Ohio</td>
<td>3.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Col. William Barton Chapter, R. I.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumberland Chapter, Refinishing Folk Mirror, Room, Tenn.</td>
<td>4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capt. Jedediah Hyde Chapter, Vt.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheyenne Chapter, Wyo.</td>
<td>9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Christmas Offerings:</td>
<td>410.70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and Location</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Eva H. Jensen, at Large, Ariz.</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sequoia Chapter, Cal.</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Ella V. Berry, at Large, Cal.</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Madeleine E. Peckham, at Large, Cal.</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Caroline N. Dinsmore, at Large, Ga.</td>
<td>.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Jennie C. Sturtevant, at Large, Ill.</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Flora G. Gulick, at Large, Ind.</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Celia G. M. J. Whiting, at Large, Mass.</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Marion Shinn, at Large, N. J.</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Chapter, State</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Isabel S. Tennant</td>
<td>at Large, N. Y.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Mary H. Hudson</td>
<td>at Large, N. D.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Abbie F. Aspinall</td>
<td>at Large, Ohio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Silver Shower:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Williams Danielson</td>
<td>Chapter, Conn.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sergeant Newton Chapter, Ga.</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eunice Baldwin Chapter, N. H.</td>
<td>1.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jane Douglas Chapter, Texas</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Silver Anniversary:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Lea Chapter, Minn.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anson-Stanley Chapter, N. C</td>
<td>1.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Contributions for Purchase of Land:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Francis Marion Chapter, Ala.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Horse Harry Lee Chapter, Ala.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Charles H. Bissell, State Vice-Regent, Conn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Louis K. Curtis, State Treasurer, Conn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deborah Avery Putnam Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Wm. F. Brooks, Esther Stanley Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. W. C. Hungerford, Esther Stanley Chap., Conn.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frelow Baldwin Stow Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>7.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green Woods Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>7.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. William H. Minor, Regent, Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Geo. M. Minor, Vice President General, Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>31.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Natalie S. Lincoln, Mary Floyd Tallmadge, Conn.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Stillman Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Wooster Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Board of Management, Mary Wooster Chapter, In honor of Mrs. Martha C. Peck, Conn.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Charles S. Peck, Regent, Mary Wooster Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melicent Porter Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nathan Hale Memorial Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Elizabeth Dean, Regent Orford Parish Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Putnam Hill Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ruth Hart Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Albert L. Stetson, Ruth Hart Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Frank P. Chaffee, Ruth Hart Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Fred M. Hotchkiss, Ruth Hart Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ruth Wyllys Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>13.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delegation of Ruth Wyllys Chapter to 24th Congress, Conn.</td>
<td>12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sabra Trumbull Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Ludlow Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Mary E. Allis, Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Noyes D. Baldwin, Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Katherine Nettleton, Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Susan A. Norcross, Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Whitman Trumbull Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>7.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>11.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stamford Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Elizabeth F. Anderson, Stamford Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Elizabeth Davenport, Sarah R. Stamford Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Elizabeth M. Sowers, through Stamford Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Army and Navy Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deborah Knap Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Ethelwyn B. Hall, Regent John Hall Chapter, Sale of Markers, D. C.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Edith Bakenhus, Mary Washington Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter/Chapter Name</td>
<td>Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. F. E. Potter, through Mary Washington Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Col. Arthur Erwin Chapter, Fla.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. M. W. Carruth, for De Soto Chapter, Fla.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Hammond Washington Chapter, Ga.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illinois Chapters, Ill.</td>
<td>1,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. James W. Noel, Cornelia Cole Fairbanks Chapter, Ind.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fowler Chapter, Ind.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. John L. Dinwiddie, Vice President General, Fowler Chapter, Ind.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thomas Johnson Chapter, Md.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lexington Chapter, Mass.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old Belfrey Chapter, Mass</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Wm. H. Wait, State Regent, Mich.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Alice L. McDUffee, Vice Regent, Mich.</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. L. E. Holland, State Treasurer, Mich.</td>
<td>12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Abiel Fellows Chapter, Mich.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chippewa Chapter, Mich.</td>
<td>7.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Anna Sears Selden, Regent Chippewa Chapter, Mich.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. C. B. Kinyon, Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter, Mich.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Melinda Kinyon, Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter, Mich.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter, Mich.</td>
<td>12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>George Washington Club, Children of the Republic, Mich.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Martha Washington Club, Children of the Republic, Mich.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Charles Chapter, Mo.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old Trails Society, C. A. R., Mo.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Laura H. Johnston, Molly Stark Chapter, N. H.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Clement R. Ogden, Regent Ann Whitall Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinkchewunska Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Col. Thomas Reynolds Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>East Rock Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Mercer Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>3.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kate Aylesford Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nova Caesarea Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oak Tree Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orange Mountain Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parsippanong Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paulus Hook Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennent Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amsterdam Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Astenrogen Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benjamin Prescott Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blooming Grove Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capt. Christian Brown Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capt. Israel Harris Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caughnawaga Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>7.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Col. Israel Angell Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deborah Champion Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dee-on-go-wa Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Oswego Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Plain Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Rensselaer Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gan-e-o-di-ya Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ganowauques Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. A. B. Brandow, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. W. B. Coffin, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. C. M. Culver, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter Name</td>
<td>Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. F. E. Fitch, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Margaret Griffith, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. W. H. Griffith, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>3.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. A. D. Mills, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Charles Nash, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Merritt Peckham, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. W. V. VanOrden, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. R. C. Wagner, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. H. H. Wright, Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General James Clinton Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Nicholas Herkimer Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General William Floyd Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. A. C. Capron, General William Floyd Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. E. C. Thompson, General William Floyd Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gouverneur Morris Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irodequoit Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iroquois Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James Madison Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jamestown Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Abbie C. Backus, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Frank Cadwell, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. John Cadwell, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. James Fowler, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Fred P. Hall, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Lucy Norton, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. William Proctor, Jamestown Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jane McCrea Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnstown Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnstown Chapter, In Honor of Mrs. W. H. Alexander, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kane Valley Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mahwenawasig Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Benjamin Bosworth Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Weed Marvin Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melzingah Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minisink Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mohican Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monroe Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Rochelle Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olean Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Onedia Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Frances W. Roberts, Oneida Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oneonta Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owaskena Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owasso Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patterson Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philip Schuyler Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Richmond County Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Johnsville Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salamanca Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saranac Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saratoga Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saugerties Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tawasentha Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ticonderoga Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Willard's Mountain Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wiltywck Chapter, N. Y</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>David Williams Chapter, N. C</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort McArthur Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ripley Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. John Davis Hall, State Regent, Okla</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ah-yah-stee Chapter, Okla</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anadarko Chapter, Okla</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anne Lee Chapter, Okla</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherokee Outlet Chapter, Okla</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elmia Chapter, Okla</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hoosier Chapter, Okla</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muskogee-Indian Territory Chapter, Okla</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nancy Green Chapter, Okla</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Oklahoma City Chapter, Okla................................. 1.25
Okmulgee Chapter, Okla.................................. 1.25
Sachem-Sequoyah Chapter, Okla......................... 1.25
Sarah Harrison Chapter, Okla............................ 1.25
Tulsa Chapter, Okla..................................... 1.25
Washington Irving Chapter, Okla...................... 1.25
George Taylor Chapter, Pa.............................. 6.25
Mrs. Amelia S. Oliver, Pittsburgh, Chapter, Pa..... 125.00
Mrs. Wm. Thaw, Jr., Pittsburgh Chapter, Pa........ 31.25
Mrs. Ella E. M. Marshall, Quemahoning Chapter, Pa, 2.50
Miss Eva C. Rutter, Quemahoning Chapter, Pa....... 2.50
Tioga Point Chapter, In Memory of Mrs. Maurice, Pa, 6.25
Flint Lock and Powder Horn Chapter, R. I........ 12.50
Old 96th District Chapter, S. C........................ 1.25
William Capers Chapter, S. C......................... 1.25
Agnes Woodson Chapter, Texas.......................... 1.25
Esther McCrory Chapter, Texas......................... 1.25
Lady Washington Chapter, Texas........................ 1.25
Lone Star Chapter, Texas................................ 1.25
Major Francis Grice Chapter, Texas.................... 1.25
Mary Isham Kelth Chapter, Texas....................... 1.25
Robert Raine Chapter, Texas............................ 1.25
Pocahontas Chapter, Texas.............................. 1.25

Tioga Point Chapter, In Memory of Mrs. Maurice, $2,056.50

Commission on:
Luncheon, Nordhoff Guild................................ 63.30
Recognition Pins........................................ 47.00
Total Receipts........................................... $2,987.69

Interest on:
Bank Balances........................................... 17.54
Bonds................................................................ 45.00
Total Receipts........................................... $8,482.56

DISBURSEMENTS
Interest on Bills Payable, Building...................... $1,250.00
Interest on Bills Payable, Land.......................... 375.00
Refinishing Polk Mirror, Room, Tenn.................... 31.08
Plate for Chair, Banquet Hall........................... 1.00
Total Disbursements...................................... $1,661.08

Transfer of Nathan Hale Bust Fund to Philippine Scholarship Fund, order of Twenty-fourth Congress $6,821.48
Balance on hand September 30, 1915.................... $6,663.48
Balance, American Security & Trust Co. Bank, Sept 30, 1915 $6,663.43
Permanent Investment, Chicago & Alton Bonds........ 2,314.84
Total Permanent Fund, Cash and Investment........... $8,978.32

Respectfully,
OLIVE POWELL RANSDELL,
Treasurer General.

NOTE: The Treasurer General wishes to make the following corrections in the August Magazine:
Page 110, Philippine Scholarship Fund, Mrs. A. S. McKittrick, Ohio, $5.00, and Mrs. Charles S. Lobingier, Philippines Chapter, P. I., $5.00, should read "in honor of Miss Donaldson."
Page 112, Continental Hall Contributions, under Connecticut, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, should read "Mrs. John T. Manson, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, Bond, $194.00."
*(Ruled by Board to read "Mrs. John T. Manson, $194 for Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, for redemption of the remainder of the chapter pledge for Connecticut Bond.")
Page 115, under Ohio, Ursula Wolcott Chapter, should read "Toledo Chapter, $33.00."
Mrs. Augsberry's request, that the notation appear on the Treasurer General's report that $225 of the amount charged to Historian from Mrs. Ransdell: salary of a clerk not actually employed in that office, was acceded to by the Board.

Miss Pierce read also the following message from Mrs. Ransdell:

Since my books closed September 30, another $5,000 bond has been paid, thus reducing the debt to $45,000. As your Treasurer General, I regret not being with you to-day, but I wish a continuation of the success of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution. When the debt is paid in full, I suggest that this happy day be celebrated in a fitting manner—a "Jubilee Celebration."

OLIVE POWELL RANSDELL, Treasurer General.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Wait, and carried, that the report of the Treasurer General be accepted.

Miss Pierce submitted also for the Treasurer General the lists of the members deceased, resigned, dropped and reinstated, reading simply the totals; 754 deceased since the Board meeting in June—the Board rising in silent sympathy; 195 resigned, 647 dropped, 23 reinstated. On motion, duly seconded, it was carried that this supplemental report be accepted.

Mrs. Buel referred to the correction desired in the Treasurer General's report for June (which appeared in the August Magazine), desiring to know why the correction was requested. On motion of Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Miss Crowell, it was carried, that Mrs. Bryan be asked to appear before the Board and explain why certain corrections were made in Treasurer General's report. While waiting for Mrs. Bryan, the reports of the National Officers were continued with, Mrs. Augsberry reading her report as Historian General.


Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I bring you to-day, a report for the vacation months, when we naturally expect less activity in all our departments. I have, however, much to tell you of the interest and enthusiasm expressed in a large number of letters from Chapter Historians. I have been deeply touched, too, by the personal kindness manifested in these letters, proving that my new official family have taken me to their hearts and are glad to work with me in our chosen task of Historical Research.

The file of valuable records suitable for publication in the Magazine is daily accumulating and I am frequently begged to expedite the publication of manuscripts left over from former years. In reply to these requests, I can only, of course, lament the limited space allotted to every department in the Magazine and beg my correspondent, who ever she may be, to work in her own Chapter for new subscribers so that we may have a self-supporting Magazine, larger and better, with many pages at the disposal of the Historian General every month.

Assistance has been rendered to many of the Chapters in the arrangement of their Year Books, by furnishing lists of reference books and courses of study along the desired lines, also by the loan of Year Books full of valuable suggestions from my own files.

A large number of historic spots have been marked during the summer by our own and kindred Societies. Invitations, programs and descriptive matter have brought to me a vivid picture of these occasions as well as a fund of valuable historic data.

The following invitations and gifts are gratefully acknowledged: Invitation to the unveiling of a memorial tablet and stone to the memory of Sergeant John White and Mercy Hathaway White, at Stumpfield Cemetery, Contoocook, N. H., on June 30, 1915. Also report of Flag Day meeting of "Mercy Hathaway White" Chapter, describing the Captain Francis Davis Homestead at Warner, N. H., built in 1773 and still owned by the Davis family. Report of guest day meeting of "Eunice Baldwin" Chapter, Hillsboro, N. H. Invitation from the Historical Society of Chester and Delaware Counties, Penna., to exercises of marking the battlefield of Brandywine at Birmingham Meeting House, September 11, 1915; also program and badge of the above from Miss Mary I. Stille, State Historian of Pennsylvania, D. A. R.

Report of dedication and flag raising at Gen. Nicholas Herkimer Homestead, Little Falls, New York. Report of "Old Home" celebration at the historic "Yellow Church" at Manheim, near Little Falls, the ceremonies including the unveiling of markers at the graves of Jacob Hoover, Sr., and Jacob Hoover, Jr., who fought respectively in the Revolution and War of 1812, presented by Mrs. J. Colfax Arnold, Historian, Astenrodt Chapter.

Report of Jonathan Dayton Chapter, Dayton, Ohio, describing the rescue from destruction of Dayton’s historic fire bell, used for patriotic purposes during the war of 1861-65. Also copy of deed for 3,060 acres of land dated 1705, sent by Mrs. Ruth M. Livesey, Dayton, Ohio.

Records from a memorandum book carried through the Revolution by Captain Eleazer Curtis and his son, Major Eleazer Curtis, by their descendant, Mrs. Anna Curtis Enos, of Deonguwa Chapter, Batavia, New York.

Account of pageant at Rockford, Illinois, illustrating the earliest history of Winnebago County, gift of Mrs. Florence D. Buckbee.

One hundred and forty-two marriage records from Montgomery County, Md.

Thirty-five marriage records from Frederick Co., Md.
Two hundred and seventy-five names of pastors in the Baltimore Conference, Methodist Church, presented by Mrs. William H. Talbott, Rockville, Md.

Index to typewritten pamphlet "Some Revolutionary Soldiers from Antrim, N. H.", previously presented.

First inventory entered at Court House, Pittsburgh, Pa., gift of Mrs. Effie Whitaker Teemer.

Newspaper clippings giving an account of the unveiling of a heroic bronze figure in memory of the fallen heroes of all our wars, in the presence of 35,000 people, on June 11, 1915, at West Chester, Penna., sent by Miss Mary I. Stile.

Program of Parker family reunion and centennial of first settlement of Theresa, New York, illustrated by interesting cuts of historic buildings, contributed by the Historian General.

Records of Wills recorded in Stephenson County, Illinois, 1849-50, sent by Miss Adrianna P. Corning, Freeport, Ill.

Program, photographs and press notices of the centennial celebration of the founding of New Harmony, Indiana, June, 1914. This town has had a history which is unique in many respects. Founded in 1814 by a religious sect, the Rappites, led by George Rapp, a religious mystic, from Wittenberg, Germany, and his followers, six or seven hundred German peasants. They remained on the banks of the Wabash eleven years, then returned to their former location in Pennsylvania, where they remained until their community was disbanded in 1906. It still possesses many of the original buildings and ancient landmarks, among which is the stone with the so-called Gabriel footprints. In 1825, Robert Owen, a Scotch cotton manufacturer, a philanthropist and crusader for social betterment, bought the community property, and continued it for two years, when it ended in failure, but New Harmony retains its celebrity for being the pioneer town in several useful ways. The first Kindergarten in the United States, the first free public school, the first co-educational school, the first local prohibition of the liquor traffic in the United States, and last but not least, the first woman's club in the United States, the Minerva, were established in New Harmony, Indiana. This most interesting data has been sent by Miss Mary Emily Fauntleroy, whose home, built by the Rappites in 1815, was the birthplace of the Minerva Club, five years before the organization of the club movement in New York.

In conclusion, I wish to send greetings, through the publication of my report in our Magazine, to every Daughter, whether officially connected with my department or not, who is devoted to the study of the early history of our country. I shall welcome any suggestions for the better development of research work. I believe that this twenty-fifth anniversary year and the beautiful ceremonies which have marked it, will prove an inspiration for renewed efforts along historic lines.

Respectfully submitted,
Mary E. Augsbury,
Historian General.

October 12, 1915.
Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried, that this splendid report of the Historian General be accepted.

Mrs. Bryan having appeared, was requested to furnish the information desired by Mrs. Buel as to the reason for the change in the Treasurer General's report. After some discussion following the compliance of this request, Mrs. Bryan asked that she be permitted to present to the Board the letter from Mrs. Knouse, requesting that the change be made.

The regular order of the day was then proceeded with, Mrs. Orton reading her report, as follows:

Report of Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Ladies:

I have the honor to report that the 17th Report of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, will very soon be ready for distribution. The delay in its appearance has been due to the pressure of work in the government printing office, so stated in a letter to me from the Printing Clerk of the United States Senate, Mr. Ansel Wold.

As the officer in charge of this Report, I had an interview Monday morning with Mr. Wold. He told me that this Report would be ready for distribution in a week or ten days. The copy which was presented to the President General at our Silver Jubilee was simply what is known technically as a dummy, as the report is not yet out—the dummy being the page proofs folded in with every other page blank.

In accordance with instructions from the President General, I have ordered 500 copies of this Report for our Society, advance orders sent to the Business Office showing that this number would be needed. Pierce's Register in the appendix is responsible for this extra demand.

Blank forms for state and chapter regents, to the number of 1,510 separate addresses, for the 18th Report to the Smithsonian Institution were sent out on October 1, and replies are beginning to come.

Forms differing from previous ones were sent this year in the endeavor to obtain more complete returns from the chapters. The report proper was one long slip, easily run through a typewriter, and spaced at intervals with questions followed by blank places for the replies. The questions covered every line
of possible activities for the chapters, and were as follows:

Chapter ........................................
Location ........................................
Regent (Mrs. or Miss) ............................

Give a brief account, including the history, of any historic spot (not building) preserved or marked by your chapter during the year between October 11, 1914, and October 11, 1915. Give day, month and year of marking, give the inscription. Send photograph if possible.

Give an account, the inscription and date, of any tablet or memorial placed to Soldiers of the Revolution, between October 11, 1914, to October 11, 1915. Send photograph if possible.

Give an account of any attention given to historic buildings between October 11, 1914, to October 11, 1915; if marked, give inscription, give full date of marking. Send photograph if possible.

Has your chapter a house or room? Give account and date when secured. Send photograph.

Does your chapter own property? If so, give account.

How many D. A. R. Lineage Books does your chapter own?

What work has your chapter done in connection with marking or tracing Old Trails Roads? (between October 11, 1914, and October 11, 1915.)

Does your chapter observe Flag Day? Have you held any special flag celebration between October 11, 1914, and October 11, 1915? Have you presented any flags during this time? Have you distributed in this time any flag leaflets? State how many. What work has your chapter done to prevent desecration of the flag during the year?

Does your chapter observe Memorial Day? If so, state how.

Does your chapter co-operate with other patriotic Societies? If so, give their names.

What has your chapter done in the way of special memorials, aside from historic spots, graves or buildings, during the year? Books, busts, portraits come under this enumeration.

What has your chapter done for education during the year (October to October)? If scholarships have been given, state amount; if members are assessed, tell how much the assessment yields; in giving to schools, state where they are located, and their object. If a scholarship is given as a memorial, give an account of the individual so honored.

Are your chapter meetings social, or do you follow a program? If so, give it. Do not send Year Book.

Send any account of local history that you may have; for example, valuable historical papers written by your members. Not more than one can be accepted from each chapter.

Enter its title here. Give an account of any historic research done.

Have you distributed copies of the Declaration of Independence during the year? If so, state how many, when and where.

Have you established any lecture courses during the year?

Give an account of your work for Children and Sons of the Republic, during the year.

Give an account of your work for the Girl Home Makers during the year.

Give an account of any charitable work you may have done during the year.

Give an account of any sanitary work during the year (October to October).

Give an account of any civic work during the year (October to October).

Give an account of any work during the year (October to October), for the welfare of women and children.

Have you any Real Daughters in your chapter? If so, give names and dates.

Has any member of your chapter written a play on subjects connected with the Revolution? If so, has it been presented; when and where. Give dates.

Classify chapter contributions during the year; give amount.

Give accounts of prizes (if money, give amount) and medals given to school children for essays on historic subjects.

If you cannot make a single entry, please return the blank with your chapter and name to Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., Director General in Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution, 788 East Broad St., Columbus, Ohio., as an acknowledgment of its receipt.

This set of questions would seem to any fair-minded person sufficiently comprehensive to enable any chapter to at least reply to one; but several blanks have already been returned, showing that some chapters do not even have meetings, social or otherwise.

With the question blank was sent a blank for the names and dates of the graves located of the Soldiers of the Revolution. Also a circular letter.

No doubt it will have been observed during the reading of the questions the stress laid upon the time the reports should cover between October 11, 1914, to October 11, 1915. This has been found absolutely essential. Some chapters report the same work year after year; for example, one tablet will be reported for three or more years and then the date on which it was placed will not be given. On August 16 a letter was received from the State Librarian of a certain State asking for the dates of marking by two D. A. R. Chapters in his State of two forts. A search in back numbers of the reports to the Smithsonian Institution revealed that the marking of these two forts had been reported for three years, but not once were the dates of marking given. Therefore, as an
answer the names of the two regents, with their addresses, were sent in order that they might be interviewed on the subject.

It requires no argument to prove that in historic work accuracy of statement and dates are of the first importance. The questions in the blanks were made so definite in order to secure this accuracy.

Respectfully submitted,

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.,
Director General in Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution.

The acceptance of the report of the Director General in Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution was moved by Mrs. Augsberry, seconded by Mrs. Page, and carried.

Mrs. Bryan here submitted the letter received request for the change in the report of the Treasurer General, showing that Mrs. Knouse had, at Mrs. Manson's request, made the donation at the last Congress, and therefore she desired the correction made as outlined. Mrs. Buel stated that at a State Conference Mrs. Manson, as Regent of the Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, had pledged the chapter to pay their proportion of the $5,000 bond undertaken to be paid for by Connecticut, that the chapter had raised $250 of the amount, and at the last Congress a message was brought that Mrs. Manson would make up the deficit since the treasury of the chapter was depleted, and the chapter was, therefore, credited with having paid its quota of the bond. After some further discussion, it was moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Hall and Mrs. Wait, and carried, that under Continental Hall Contributions, under Connecticut, Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, should read "Mrs. John T. Manson, $194 for Mary Clap Wooster Chapter, for redemption of the remainder of the Chapter pledge for Connecticut Bond."

Mrs. Sternberg read her report as Librarian General.

Report of Librarian General.

I have the honor to report the following accessions to the Library:

**BOOKS.**


*Narrative of the town of Machias. The old and the new, the early and the late.* By George W. Drisko. Machias, 1904. Presented by Hannah Weston Chapter.


*The escape and suicide of John Wilkes Booth or The first true account of Lincoln's assassination containing a complete confession by Booth many years after the crime.* Written for the correction of history by Finis L. Bates. Memphis, J. L. Nichols and Company. Presented by Mrs. F. L. Bates in the name of the Martha Bratton Chapter.


*Report of the State Librarian to the Governor for the two years ended September 30, 1914.* The last two presented by the Connecticut State Library.

Samuel Craig, Senior, pioneer to Western Pennsylvania, and his descendants. Compiled by Jane Maria Craig. Greensburg Pennsyl-


The following were presented by Mrs. Harriett E. Blodgett:

Memoir of Philippe Maton Wiltsee and his descendants. By Jerome Wiltsee, Sr. Atchison, G. W. Myers, publisher, 1908.


The above list comprises 42 books, 10 pamphlets, and 26 periodicals. 38 books were presented, and 4 received in exchange.

In addition to the above list I have to report that during the summer months the routine work in the library has continued without interruption, while the compiling of the catalogue, ordered by the last Congress, was completed and the book printed. It is herewith presented for your inspection and approval. It is a list of the historical and genealogical works in the library which will be of great assistance not only to those who work in the library but to others at a distance giving them helpful suggestions as to the books to be consulted for family lines and Revolutionary service.

In looking over this book you will notice that some states are better represented than others. I cannot too strongly urge that measures be taken to send to the library as many state records, local histories, etc., as possible.

During some of the hottest days of the summer Miss Wilson was at the Treasury Department reading the proof of the Index to Pierce’s Official Register, which was copied last winter and that will shortly appear in the 17th D. A. R. Report to the Smithsonian Institution.

The historical and genealogical data transferred by order of Congress from the Historian General’s office to the library has been very carefully examined and is being made as rapidly as possible available for ready reference.

The hospitality of the library has been extended to a larger number than usual as its facilities for research are being better known.

Respectfully submitted,

(Mrs. George M.) M. L. STERNBERG, Librarian General N. S. D. A. R

Mrs. Sternberg also accepted with thanks the book presented by the State Regent of New Jersey, The Register of the New Jersey Society of the Colonial Dames of America. On motion duly seconded the acceptance of the report of the Librarian General was carried.

Miss Barlow presented her report as Curator General of the Museum as follows:

Report of Curator General of Museum. Madam President General, Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the work accomplished in the Museum during the past few months.

The mahogany filing case, so graciously accorded me by the Board at the June meeting, is in its place and the work of cataloguing the Revolutionary relics is now progressing.

The following accessions have been made to the Museum since June:

Silhouette of Sophia Dorothea Curtz, the great-great-grandmother of the donor, Miss Priscilla E. Kent, of Washington, D. C.

Iron Lamp and Snuffers, presented by Charles Riceard of Luray, Va.

Letter, written by Dolly Madison, June 11th, 1847, presented by Mrs. Edmund Pendleton, of Washington, D. C.


In trying to work out the problem of new wall cases to contain the increasing number of articles we are receiving, I have consulted the members of the Art Committee, and have now their decision to present to this Board for confirmation, that the work may progress.

Respectfully submitted,

CATHERINE BRITTIN BARLOW,
Curator General of Museum.

The acceptance of the report of the Curator General with the appreciation of the Board of the splendid work accomplished in her short time of service as a National Officer in this newly created National Office was moved by Mrs. Greenawalt, seconded by Mrs. Boyle, and carried.

Miss Barlow then reported in detail that the Art Committee had suggested wall cases, of plate glass and white wood, that might appear to be a part of the construction of the walls of the Museum; these cases to be 6 ft 3 in. in height, 2 ft. 3 in. in width, and 3 ft. in depth, placed between doors and windows, that they might form alcoves, as do the stacks in the Library; the cases to have rose-colored fabric on the shelves to harmonize with the draperies of the windows; and to follow the idea carried out in the furnishing of the Library, a rose-colored carpet should cover the floor.

Miss Barlow stated that the State of Wyoming had already contributed a case to the Museum, which would be used for the display of manuscripts, and the other Western States might be given the opportunity for a memorial and present the other cases needed. There was some discussion as to whether states other than Western States would be permitted to furnish these cases, Mrs. Wait announcing that Michigan at their State Conference in August voted to furnish a case. Mrs. Guernsey announced that Kansas would also furnish one of the cases. Mrs. Lobingier reported that the Daughters of the Orient trusted to furnish rare embroideries, etc., for a case in the Museum, whereupon Mrs. Wait asked that as the State Regent of the Orient was from Michigan that the exhibit gotten together under her supervision be placed in the Michigan case. Miss Barlow then moved that I have the privilege of asking the States for wall cases for Museum,
and to carry out the ideas suggested by the Art Committee. This was seconded by Mrs. Buel and carried.

Mrs. Gaar and Mrs. Speight having requested permission to appear before the Board on matters connected with the work they had in charge, it was moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried, that the courtesy of the Board be granted to Mrs. Gaar and Mrs. Speight.

Miss Pierce reported that two more names had been sent in to be presented, and she was given the privilege by the Board of adding these two names to the list in the following supplemental report, and the Recording Secretary General was instructed to cast the ballot for the two additional members.


Applications presented to the Board........2
Total number of applications presented to the Board .....................1361
Respectfully submitted,
GRACE M. PIERCE,
Registrar General.

The Recording Secretary General announced that she cast the ballot for the two new members, the Chairman declaring them elected.

Mrs. Gaar appeared for further instructions as to having the certificates changed with the silver shield bearing the signatures of the present officers, and was informed that the ruling of the Board, that the signatures of past officers in the sale of certificates during this administration be erased and that the certificates bear the signatures of the officers of the administration at the time they are issued empowered her to make the proper changes before the certificates were issued.

Mrs. Speight, as Chairman of the Souvenir Committee, appeared before the Board to make a partial report on the sale of the souvenirs medals for the 25th anniversary, stating that most unfortunately the automobile in which she was traveling from Norfolk to Washington had broken down in the Wilderness and she had been compelled to stay there all night, so that she was too late to put the souvenirs on sale during the exercises in the afternoon, but many of them had been sold during the reception, and she trusted every State Regent would take one to her conference, and that many members of the Society would wish to order one—that only 500 were made, the price to be $1.00 each.

Mrs. Calhoun asked permission to present a special request in the form of the following resolutions which she desired to present to the Board.

Whereas: There is being erected in the city of Washington a building in honor of the women of the Civil War for the use of the American Red Cross;
And Whereas: The great services of Miss Clara Barton in the Civil War and afterwards in national disasters should therein be commemorated;
And Whereas: Miss Clara Barton was a Charter member of the D. A. R. and a National Officer;
And Whereas: We deem a recognition of her patriotic services due her from the National Government;
Therefore Resolved: That the President of the United States be asked to suggest to the Commission erecting the building in honor of the Women of the Civil War for the accommodation of the American Red Cross that a suitable memorial to Miss Clara Barton, the Founder of the American Red Cross, be placed therein.
Resolved: That a copy of this Resolution be presented to the President of the United States.

MRS. F. H. H. CALHOUN,
MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.

After discussion as to the advisability of adopting these resolutions, during which tributes were paid to the work accomplished by Miss Barton, it was moved by Mrs. Calhoun, seconded by Mrs. Orton, that the resolutions to memorialize the President of the United States on the subject of a suitable memorial to be placed in the new Red Cross Building be adopted. A rising vote was called for; the motion carried by a vote of fifteen in the affirmative and four opposed.

Mrs. Sternberg then presented her report as Chairman of the Finance Committee.


Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:
During the four months that have covered the interval since we last met your Chairman of Finance has had numerous exigencies to meet.

Some vouchers had to be approved without the authorization of the Building and Grounds Committee, owing to absence from the city of the Chairman and serious illness in the family of the Vice Chairman. I knew the bills were correct and they were approved to facilitate the work of the organization, and with the distinct understanding that these bills would be authorized immediately on the return to town of the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Building and Grounds Committee, and that has been done.

A meeting of the Finance Committee was called for Friday, October 8th. The number present was small and discussion correspondingly brief. Therefore, my report will be briefer than usual.

The Chairman explained, for the information of the Committee, some of the work she had done during the past four months.

The purchase of two typewriters, one for the Chairman of the Magazine Committee, and one
for the office of the Organizing Secretary General, were explained and a motion was passed which read as follows:

"I move that the Committee approve the work of the Chairman during the summer, in signing some vouchers necessary to carry on the regular work of the organization."

I ask the approval of the Board for the purchase of these two typewriters, and also that the Board endorse the work of the Chairman during the summer.

The Chairman spoke to the Committee in regard to some vouchers she had received, which were sent for her approval, and had been authorized by a National Officer with a rubber stamp. After some discussion the following motion was made and carried:

"I move that the Committee recommend to the Board that all Officers and Chairmen of Committees personally sign their vouchers in writing."

A blank form of voucher was presented for the consideration of the Committee. It has been in use during the summer months, as the old supply became exhausted. She informed the Committee that the Committee to consider the voucher consisted of the Chairman of the Finance Committee, Chairman of Auditing Committee and the Treasurer General. She stated to the Committee that she personally approved the form of voucher with a slight modification, namely: that the printing on the lower edge of the voucher be moved up two or three lines, so that there would be more space at the bottom for any writing that it might be necessary to add. The blank was gotten up in the office of the Treasurer General and is practically the form we have used for a number of years and is doubtless satisfactory to the Treasurer General. The Auditing Committee approved and I present to the Board with the recommendation that the Board approve this blank voucher with the slight modification for the use of the National Society.

Inquiry was made in regard to the appointment of one of the clerks as a Notary Public. Letters containing requests have been sent to the Finance Committee, but it was decided they did not properly belong to that Committee, and they will be reported to the Board when it is in order for new business.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. George M.) M. L. STERNBERG,
Chairman Finance Committee.

During the past four months vouchers have been approved to the amount of $28,177.12. The largest items were as follows:

Pay Roll:
Clerical .......... $9,454.11
Stenographic services to the President General, and Committees. 821.30 $10,275.41

Employees of the Hall, including extra services for Auditorium events ................. 1,768.00
Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, salaries of Editors and expenses incidental to publication .................. 6,650.85
Real Daughters' Support Postage, including stamped envelopes, for National Officers, State Regents, and Committees .......... 1,344.00
Patriotic Education .... 842.54

The acceptance of the report of the Finance Committee was moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Guernsey, and carried.

The Chair stated that owing to the change in the order of business announced at the June Board meeting, in making the report of the Corresponding Secretary General come after the other National Officers had reported, she had inadvertently overlooked the report of the Corresponding Secretary General, and would call for it at that time. The report of the Corresponding Secretary General was then read by Mrs. Orton in the absence of Mrs. Burrows.

Report of Corresponding Secretary General.
Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:
During the four months since our last Board meeting the following supplies have been sent from the office:
Application blanks ................. 14,551
Leaflets "How to Become a Member". 1,283
Constitutions .................. 1,326
Miniature blanks ................. 974
Transfer cards .................. 534

There have been 1124 letters written, and 1425 received and recorded.

Numerous complaints were received in the early part of the summer because orders for application blanks were not filled promptly, and in justice to the office let me say this was through no fault of the office but was due to the fact that there was delay in the printing of the blanks. As soon as they were received the orders were immediately filled and mailed to the various chapters waiting for them.

The clerical work of the Finance Committee has been done by the clerk in this office, and the mail for the building has been assorted and distributed three times each day.

A number of Year Books from chapters have been received and I take this opportunity to thank them for these books, which are very much appreciated, as they frequently offer suggestions to other chapters for lines of work in
which they may engage, as well as a program for chapter meetings.
Respectfully submitted,
MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Corresponding Secretary General.
By Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr.
The following letter was also read as part of the report:
To the National Society, Daughters American Revolution:
Mrs. Donald McLean acknowledges the receipt of the very beautiful and handsome pin designed for the Honorary Presidents General, National Society, Daughters American Revolution. Doubtless each Honorary President General feels, as does Mrs. McLean, a debt of appreciation to each member of the National Society, Daughters American Revolution, for this token of appreciation for the work undertaken and performed for the Society.
The acceptance of the report of the Corresponding Secretary General was moved by Miss Pierce, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried.
The report of the Editor of the Lineage Book was read by Mrs. Boyle as follows:
Report of Editor of Lineage Book.
Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:
The Forty-first Volume of the Lineage Book will be sent to the publisher this week. I have been able to make better progress than in former years, because the Historian General is appreciative and in sympathy with the work, and Miss Weedon is an able assistant. In this volume there are ten Real Daughters, and nineteen vacant numbers. One hundred and ten letters have been written, eighty-three replies received. Fifty postals written to those who have been delinquent in answering requests for additional data. Fifty pension records copied.
Respectfully yours,
SARAH HALL JOHNSTON,
Editor of the Lineage Book.
The acceptance of the report of the Editor of the Lineage Book was moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Miss Barlow, and carried.
Mrs. Greenawalt read the report of the Auditing Committee, stating that she did not present the Finance Committee had reported that they had met with the approval of the Auditing Committee.
Report of Auditing Committee.
The President General and Members of the National Board of Management:
Your Auditing Committee met on Friday, October 8th, and went over the reports of the Auditor for the months of June, July, August and September, 1915. An adjourned meeting was held Monday, October 11th, and the Treasurer General's Report from June 1st to September 30th, 1915, was verified.
All moneys received have been accounted for, the Petty Cash funds of the Treasurer General's office and the Business Office have been counted, and cash, checks and vouchers to the full amount of the funds were found.
The Stamped Envelope Account agreed with the inventory of envelopes, and the Finance Book was reconciled with the records of the Treasurer General's Office.
Respectfully submitted,
MAUD L. GREENAWALT,
Chairman.
Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Miss Crowell, and carried, that the report of the Auditing Committee be accepted.
Mrs. Greenawalt as Second Vice Chairman, and then Acting Chairman of Building and Grounds Committee, read the report of the Committee as follows:
Report of Building and Grounds Committee.
Madam President General and Members of the National Board:
The Building and Grounds Committee reports that at the time of the death of Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, one of the Founders, the President General was immediately notified by telegram of this sad event, and following her instructions everything possible was done to show our desire to honor the memory of Mrs. Walworth; that the flag was placed and kept at half mast until after the funeral services in Saratoga; that the portrait of Mrs. Walworth was placed on the platform in the auditorium and draped with crepe, where it remained for thirty days as a testimonial to her memory; that a representative of the Society was sent to the hospital in Washington, D. C., where the death of Mrs. Walworth took place, to convey the sympathy of the Society to the family and to suggest that the body be permitted to lie in state in Memorial Continental Hall, as had been done in the case of the passing away of Miss Desha, another Founder, but, owing to the arrangements that the body be taken out of the city at once the family did not accept; that flowers, ribbon of the National Society, and the Mary Desha Memorial Flag, known as the Obsequies Flag, were sent to Saratoga, New York, the place of interment, to be used at the funeral services; and that Memorial Continental Hall was closed on the day of the funeral in honor of her memory.
The Committee further reports that in accordance with instructions from the President General the Committee authorized the Superintendent to have the necessary brick work, re-lining of flues and overhauling of steam lines in the furnace done by Zellers and Company at a total cost of one hundred and thirty-five dollars ($135), this price having been obtained by competitive bids from several different companies, and that this work has been satisfactorily done.
In accordance with a request from the Treas-
urer General, dated June 5th, stating that “as Miss Mary-Louise Myers, employed in my office May first, 1915 at $30 per month, in place of Miss Powell, resigned, has proved herself satisfactory, I ask that her salary be raised to $50 beginning June first, 1915, and ‘I would like to have the authority from the June Board to place Miss Myers’ name on the permanent roll beginning September first, 1915, at a salary of $55 per month,” we present:

Recommendation No. 1
That Miss Mary-Louise Myers be placed on the temporary roll May first at a salary of $30 per month, that her salary be raised to $50 a month beginning June, first, 1915, and that she be placed on the permanent roll beginning September first, 1915, at a salary of $55 per month.

In accordance with a letter from the Registrar General, dated June 12, 1915, calling our attention to the fact that Miss Ruth Westergren of her office has been on the temporary roll since January 18th, a period of nearly five months, and asking for her transfer to the permanent roll of her office, we make:

Recommendation No. 2
That Miss Ruth Westergren be placed on the temporary roll January 18th at a salary of $30 per month, that her salary be raised to $50 a month beginning February 18th, 1915, and that she be placed on the permanent roll beginning May 18, 1915, at a salary of $55 per month.

The Committee further reports that in reply to a letter, dated June 12, 1915, received from the Registrar General, asking that “Miss Mary Fennell, who has been serving in her office on special work, be placed on the temporary roll with a view to her permanent employment in her office,” they had written to the Registrar General saying that they could not recommend the placing of Miss Fennell on the list inasmuch as there was not authorization by the National Board for a tenth clerkship in the Registrar General’s office, and also stating that the dismissal of Miss Fennell, the extra clerk doing temporary work in the Registrar General’s office, must be made at once by the Building and Grounds Committee in conformity with the ruling of the National Board of Management, April 26, 1915, regarding temporary clerks; but the Building and Grounds Committee, being anxious to aid the Registrar General’s office, transferred to her office temporarily Miss Camilla H. Diggs, third clerk in the Historian General’s office, the Committee having been previously notified by the Historian General that she would not need the further services of this clerk, and recommending her employment elsewhere in the building.

In accordance with a request from the Recording Secretary General “for assistance in the clerkship made vacant by the death of my valued and greatly beloved Alice B. Fishburne, who has just left us to enter the better life,” we present

Recommendation No. 3
That Miss Jean Jackson be placed on the permanent roll at $75 per month to fill the position left vacant by the death of Mrs. Fishburne, such appointment to date from October 6, 1915.

Respectfully submitted,

MAUD L. GREENAWALT,
Acting Chairman, Building and Grounds Committee.

Miss Pierce explained that not recognizing that the Genealogist of the Society had been included in the clerks in her office, she had supposed there was a vacant clerkship in her office, and had asked that Miss Fennell be assigned to her office, but having been informed that office already had its full quota, she could not, of course, make use of the services of Miss Diggs, and so replied to the Building and Grounds Committee.

On motion of Mrs. Goode, seconded by Mrs. Lobingier, it was carried that the report of the Building and Grounds Committee be accepted.

Mrs. Augsbury made an informal report for the Chairman of the Insignia Committee, who was not present, stating that there was to be a meeting of that Committee the next day, when Mrs. Cook and Mrs. Reynolds would be in Washington; that requests for designs for the pin for Charter members and the Vice-Presidents’ General bar had been sent out and the designs had been sent to the members of the Committee from the different jewelers, and that she had these designs with her to show to the members of the Board.

In this connection Mrs. Minor referred to the matter of the recommendation adopted at the last Congress for a wider ribbon for the Vice-Presidents General and moved that information be requested as to when the wider ribbon for the use of Vice Presidents General can be purchased. This was seconded by Mrs. Buel and carried.

Mrs. Greenslave asked to be permitted to make the following statement:

As Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements for the 25th Anniversary Celebration I am not ready to submit my formal report, but I wish to express at this time my appreciation of the efficient and cheerful rendering of assistance by the clerks in the various offices, especially those in the Business Office, in the arrangements for the celebration of the 25th Anniversary. I think we have excellent clerks, and I wish to take this opportunity to tell the Board that they willingly and cheerfully helped me in all the various details of the work. I wish to thank the clerks in the Organizing Secretary General’s office for their help; I had to obtain a list of charter members in order to send special seat tickets, and this meant much extra work in this office by-
cause they had to find out where these members were, and in some cases the relatives and friends had not reported the deaths of members, so should you hear of invitations having been received by the families of members who had passed away, you will understand that it was because the death had not been reported to the National Society, and not because of ignorance on the part of the Chairman of Invitations, Mrs. Clementson. I wish to mention the splendid help rendered by our Superintendent, Mr. Phillips, who has a personal love for this building—it was he who put up the electrical illumination at the back of the stage showing the figures 1890-1915, and borrowed palms from the Pan-American Building without expense to the Society—and I am most anxious that this appreciation be spread upon the minutes. This is all I have to report now. The Committee was formed by the President General of the members of the Executive Committee, who were requested by the President General to vote as to whether a medal should be struck off, as to the amount to be expended, and other matters in regard to the Celebration.

Mrs. Boyle read the following letter from one of the eighteen members present at the first meeting, of whom there are only four living. Through a misunderstanding, this was not read at the Anniversary exercises for which it was intended.

Mrs. Maud L. Greenawalt,
Chairman Committee of Arrangements,
25th Anniversary, D. A. R.
Washington, D. C.
Memorial Continental Hall.
My Dear Mrs. Greenawalt:

My keenest regrets and warmest greetings to all the dear Daughters assembled on this most notable and happy event. Thanking you heartily for the honor of the kind invitation to be present to participate in the exercises, I will, as one of the original signers, send a few reminiscences to be read:

Come with me, if you please, to the then pleasant parlors of Strathmore Arms, Washington, D. C., October 11, 1890, and see there gathered eighteen enthusiastic and patriotic women, with four Sons of the American Revolution, this having been chosen the permanent day for organization with Mary S. Lockwood. We had been residents of this old historic city for more than a year, and was almost a daily caller at this hospitable home for all Wisconsin people, especially, being an invited guest for the entire day nothing was lost sight of. The call to order came at 3 P. M., and I can now see, as in a mirror reflected, Flora Adams Darling, seated at the table, in her sombre garb of widowhood, in charge of organization. Eugenia Washington, serene and satisfied, signing the first formal draft, No. 1, now safely kept in the archives of our Society; Ellen H. Walworth, smiling and stately, Marie Hollowell, Amelia Mohl, Caroline Ransom, Susan R. Hetzel, sweet and dear, with her lovely mother, Margaret; Mary Desha, acting Secretary, active and alert. They are now sleeping in the Silent City, together with our beautiful and lamented Lilian Lockwood, who bade us welcome, with her mother, but did not sign. Of their eighteen, nine are left, to-wit: Mary V. Cabell, Honorary President Presiding, one of our most gracious and much beloved Daughters; Emily L. Ragan, official correspondent; Florida Cunningham; Harriet Coolidge; Alice Clark; Pauline McDowell; Ada P. Kimberley. Last, but to me, dearest and best, Mary S. Lockwood, my friend of many years, and pleasant memories, my guide and inspiration, our first Historian, our now Chaplain, our only remaining Founder. May she live to grace our gatherings for many years to come. This was the ending of a perfect day. At our second meeting, held with Mrs. Cabell, October 18th, the organization was perfected, the colors of Washington Staff, blue and white, were chosen for our rosette, and a seal and motto decided upon. February 22, 1891, the Daughters celebrated Washington's Natal Day, by inviting the Sons of the American Revolution to an entertainment at Prof. Cabell's, which you may imagine was of high order. Mrs. Cabell presided, and with our President General Mrs. Caroline Harrison, her daughter, Mrs. M. Kees, General Greely, and Prof. Cabell, assisted in receiving the guests. Large American flags were festooned wherever possible. In the spacious inner hall handsome young men, dressed in elegant Colonial costume—minute men—stood as sentinels. Choicest blossoms from the White House Conservatory had been furnished. Every detail of arrangement was perfect, and everyone radiant, happy and satisfied.

A writer of note has said: "Live in the future," "Bury the past." Shall we agree with this? I have said, "Ah, no, not upon such occasions as these." October 11, 1890—a quarter of a Century. A day of deeds, not words. What changes the years have wrought. Then, looking forward to a promising future, now, looking backward, with great rejoicing to wonderful achievements. When called upon to sign that little paper, No. nine (9), now so prized, I was then one of the youngest members, now the great-grand mother of two small children. The founders of our D. A. R. instituted a splendid service to America, and I am proud to be ever actively associated with it. I am, and ever shall be, intensely patriotic, our Starry Banner floats continuously in the breeze, from our porch, the wonder of passers-by. My reply as to why—"To show that we are true Americans."

My greatest pleasure in D. A. R. circles last year, was in welcoming, at our State Conference, in Wisconsin, our charming President
General, Daisy Allen Story, and for the first time in our history—23 years—a President General. She won all hearts by her gentle, unassuming manner, and made many new friends.

Florence Finch, bright, energetic, business manager of our magazine, also present, was much admired.

Cordially,

ADA P. KIMBERLEY,
Honorary State Regent, D. A. R., for 23 years.
Original charter member, N. S. No. 9.
Janesville, Wisconsin.

October 6, 1915.

The motion, duly seconded, was carried that this should be published in the Magazine.

Mrs. Sternberg requested that permission be given by the Board to the “Army League of the United States” to leave at the Hall for distribution the pamphlet entitled “Problem of National Defense,” issued by the “Army League,” containing information for the public such as extracts from speeches by distinguished men, President Wilson, Secretary Garrison, ex-President Taft, and others, asking an interest and the quiet consideration of the problems of national defense by the people, and moved that the “Army League of the United States” be given permission to place their booklet entitled “Problem of National Defense” in Continental Hall to be given to the public to give information in regard to our national defense. This was seconded by Mrs. Guernsey and carried.

It was also moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Augsberry, that twenty-five dollars be donated to each, the Army League and the Navy League, for postage and circulation of literature for the information of the general public in regard to the national defense of our country. The question was raised by the Record- ining Secretary General and others as to whether the National Board had the authority to vote money to other organizations or to initiate new expenditures. This constitutional question was discussed at considerable length. Mrs. Guernsey then moved that these amounts be given subject to the approval of the Executive Committee, and Mrs. Sternberg withdrew her motion. After some further discussion, Mrs. Guernsey also withdrew her motion, and Mrs. Sternberg stated that with the consent of her second she would prefer to offer again her original motion with the accepted amendment. The previous question having been moved, the motion of Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Augsberry, that twenty-five dollars be donated to each, the Army League and the Navy League, for postage and circulation of literature for the information of the general public in regard to the national defense of our country, with the amendment by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Augsberry, that this matter be referred to the Executive Committee with power to act if it is legal for us to give this donation, was carried.

At 2:10 a recess was moved for half an hour for luncheon.

The afternoon session was called to order by Mrs. Smallwood, Vice-President General, at 2:50.

Mrs. Brumbaugh, as Corresponding Secretary of the Children of the American Revolution, appeared before the Board in connection with the spoon of the C. A. R. which it was thought might fill the want set forth by Mrs. Boyle at the June Board meeting for a spoon suitable to be given to children and grandchildren of Daughters. The spoon shown by Mrs. Brumbaugh was much admired by the members present, though Mrs. Boyle stated that it could hardly take the place of the one that Caldwell had been asked to design, inasmuch as the C. A. R. spoon ought not to be given to any child who was not itself a C. A. R., whereas the other spoon authorized at the June Board meeting could be given by any Daughter to a child affiliated or not affiliated with the C. A. R. No formal action was taken by the Board, Mrs. Brumbaugh merely desiring to show the spoon and to give the prices of the different qualities.

Mrs. Sternberg stated that she had received a letter from Mrs. John A. Logan asking if the National Society would not make a contribution toward a tablet in memory of Mrs. Miranda B. Tulloch, which was to be put up in a conspicuous place in Garfield Hospital—that while Mrs. Tulloch was one of the early and faithful members and ex-officers of the National Society, she was also very much interested in the Garfield Hospital work, and it seemed fitting that the National Society should be represented in the movement to honor her memory.

Mrs. Wait, desiring to bring up one or two matters to the Board, and having to leave to make her train, Mrs. Sternberg yielded the floor in favor of Mrs. Wait.

Mrs. Wait requested that she might take from the Michigan Room the book given by Mrs. Benton Hanchett, recently deceased, who had desired that the book might be brought up to date, as it was not now historically correct. On motion of Miss Barlow, seconded by Mrs. Augsburry, the request of the State Regent of Michigan, asking the temporary removal of the Memorial Book was carried. Mrs. Wait also requested that Michigan be permitted to have a picture of its room, that it might be represented in the postal cards on sale at the building. It was stated by the Chair that the Board had given the privilege of making postcards of the rooms to the Mt. Vernon Chapter, and that there was no doubt Michigan’s request would be very willingly granted. It was, therefore, moved and carried that the request of Michigan be referred to the Mt. Vernon Chapter. It was also requested by Mrs. Wait for the State of Michigan that they be permitted to place in the Michigan Room a book containing pictures of the tablets and monuments that Michigan Daughters had erected, and on motion of Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Buel, it was carried, that the third
request of the State Regent of Michigan be granted, that a blue book containing monuments, tablets, etc., erected by Michigan Daughters be allowed to be placed in the Michigan Room. By courtesy of the Board, a letter was read from Miss McDuffee, State Vice Regent of Michigan, to Mrs. Smallwood, a copy of which had been sent to the other members of the Board, in which Miss McDuffee outlined her plan to try to secure in celebration of the 25th anniversary of the organization of the National Society $25,000 in multiples of 25. The State Regent of Michigan stated that this idea was not being put out as a State proposition, but was undertaken personally by Miss McDuffee, as the State Conference had already been held when the idea suggested itself to Miss McDuffee, and for the first time the State had adopted the budget plan, apportioning its money for certain purposes. After some discussion, it was carried that the Recording Secretary General be directed to write to Miss McDuffee that the Board had already subscribed to several plans and the official recommendation of the Board could not be given to another plan, but any personal effort she could make along the lines outlined in her letter would be much appreciated and the results received with many thanks.

Mrs. Sternberg now moved that ten dollars be appropriated as a subscription now being raised to place a bronze plaque in the memory of Mrs. Miranda B. TuIloch in the Garfield Hospital. This was seconded by Miss Barlow and carried.

Mrs. Sternberg referred to a letter received from Mrs. Macfarlane, National Chairman of Committee to Prevent the Desecration of the Flag, stating that she had asked the American Flag Association to send on their publication, and she desired the Printing Committee to copy the form of legislative Act approved by the American Flag Association and recommended by them, having had many requests for this kind of literature, and she desired 200 copies of this extract. Moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg, and carried, that the request of the Chairman To Prevent Desecration of the Flag be given to the Printing Committee for investigation and action.

At the request of Mrs. Smallwood, Mrs. Minor took the Chair and Mrs. Smallwood addressed the Board in regard to the proper reverence for the flag and the duty of mothers and women generally in inculcating that reverence, and asked that the Board recommend that its Daughters all over the land have the symbol of their country, the national flag, in a conspicuous place in their homes. This was unanimously seconded and carried.

Mrs. Smallwood, having resumed the Chair, stated that two papers had been left by the President General to present to the Board, two applications for the use of the auditorium—one from an association of Jewish women, who were endeavoring to bring forward a world-wide movement for the recovery of the Holy Land, and they desired to have Mr. Louis D. Brandeis and Dr. Stephen Wise to speak in favor of the proposition—the other application being from the Laymen's Missionary Movement, composed of men all over the country. After some discussion as to the wear and tear on the building by these meetings, and the statement by the Chair that the Building and Grounds Committee arrange the details and no meeting was permitted to be held in the Hall that would be roughly attended, as was evidenced by the distinguished gatherings that had been held in the auditorium, these applications were, with the approval of the Board, returned to the usual channel. It was also moved by Mrs. Goode, seconded by Mrs. Minor, and carried, that the request of the Laymen's Missionary Movement be granted, and referred to the usual channels.

Moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Minor, and carried, that all matters coming to the National offices referring to matter for adjustments between chapters and their members—or matters distinctly state interest—be communicated to the State Regents before action is taken.

Mrs. Smallwood brought up the question of the proper disposition of the duplicate of the original application papers, stating that there seemed to be some lack of knowledge and uniformity among the chapters, some chapters sending a copy of the paper to the member withdrawing from the chapter and retaining the original paper, others furnishing the original paper itself to the withdrawing member and retaining the copy of the paper in their files, and still others furnishing the original paper and leaving no copy for their files. The Registrar General and other members discussed the question, and it was the consensus of opinion that the duplicate of the original application paper must be retained in the archives of the first chapter to which the member belongs. Miss Crowell moved that Article 8 of pamphlet ‘General Information’ be interpreted to mean that the duplicate copy of the original application paper—placed on file in the chapter to which the applicant originally belongs—be considered the property of that chapter, and a copy only be given to the member withdrawing from that chapter. This was seconded by Mrs. Minor. Moved by Miss Barlow, that when printed, the interpretation of Article 8, leaflet General Information, shall be given the following heading, The attention of Chapter Officers is especially called to the following. Accepted by Miss Crowell as a heading for her motion and carried, and the motion of Miss Crowell also carried.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs.
Longley, and carried, that all money solicited from members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, for whatever purpose, be sent through the State Treasurer to the Treasurer General of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, to be reported by her to the Board and to the Congress.

Mrs. Guernsey moved that a vote of thanks be extended to Mrs. Smallwood, Vice-President General of the District, for the gracious manner in which she presided in the absence of the President General. At the request of Mrs. Smallwood, Mrs. Minor took the chair and put the motion, which was seconded by all and carried with a rising vote.

Mrs. Smallwood having resumed the chair, Mrs. Minor moved a rising vote of thanks to Mrs. Greenawalt for her devoted service as Chairman of the Silver Jubilee Committee. Mrs. Orton asked to be permitted to amend to include her unfailing grace and tact. This was unanimously seconded, was put and carried, and the motion as amended was carried by a rising vote.

Mrs. Sternberg referred to the little pamphlet on the history of the organization written by Mrs. La Verne Noyes, given out in the building to visitors, calling attention to the very ordinary quality of paper on which it was printed, contrasting so unfavorably with the beautiful building, and made the motion that the brochure written by Mrs. La Verne Noyes be printed on better paper. This was seconded by Mrs. Orton and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Longley, seconded unanimously, and carried by a rising vote, that the thanks of the National Board be extended to our President General for her courtesy in giving us a luncheon on Tuesday, October 12.

On motion of Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Boyle, it was carried, that a leave of absence, on full pay, of the remainder of the week, be given Mrs. Ezekiel, in recognition of her services, in place of a court reporter, in reporting the hearing on Tuesday.

An invitation was read from the Patriots Memorial Chapter for the unveiling of one of the boundary stones at Chevy Chase Circle for the next day at 3 o’clock, and it was requested that as many as possible of the members of the National Board would attend. The statement was made that the District Commissioners and those who had in charge the marking and restoring of the old milestones of the District would not be able to carry out the task if the Daughters did not attend the ceremonies of the unveiling of these stones marking the original ten-mile square.

The announcement was read of the marriage of Mrs. Katherine Braddock Barrow to Mr. Frederick McCausland Braddock, and the Recording Secretary General was instructed to send the best wishes of the Board to Mrs. Braddock.

In answering to the question as to the date of the next Board meeting, Mrs. Boyle stated that the President General had informed her that the next meeting would be on the third Wednesday in November, the 17th, and that it would be a regular meeting.

The motions as passed were then read and approved as the minutes of the Board.

On motion, the meeting adjourned at 4:30 p. m.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. Wm. C.) Abbie Williams R. Boyle
Recording Secretary General.
THE PROCEEDINGS

of the

Twenty-fourth Continental Congress

are now on sale

at the

BUSINESS OFFICE

Memorial Continental Hall

Washington, D. C.

PRICE PER COPY, FIFTY CENTS

Postage, Twenty-five Cents Extra
Newly Discovered Battles
of the
AMERICAN REVOLUTION

During the last five years a thorough search has been made in American and European archives which has brought to light so much new material on the Revolution as to substantially enlarge the historical perspective of our struggle for Independence. The archives in Edinburgh (Scotland), London, and in the Bahamas and Bermuda, were especially rich in new material.

This new material is being published by the American History League in a series of five 32-page pamphlets, illustrated by leading artists, and that it may be within the reach of the greatest number, the subscription price is placed below cost—namely, $1 for the complete series. Send $1 to the "Secretary's Office, American History League, Greenlawn, N. Y.," and the complete series will be mailed to you in the order of their publication.

A Few of the Many Important NEW Facts Recently Unearthed.

You knew that Ethan Allen captured 49 British soldiers at Ticonderoga, BUT DID YOU KNOW that the little Yankee cruiser "Tyrannicide," after a desperate three hours' sea fight, captured 63 Hessian chasseurs? Or that the cruiser "Massachusetts" fought and captured a company of British dragoons on the ocean?

You knew that "Mad" Anthony Wayne took fewer than 600 prisoners at Stony Point, BUT DID YOU KNOW that over 700 British troops were captured by our sea forces in an all-night battle in Nantasket Roads?

You knew that fewer than 1,000 Hessians were made prisoners by Washington's brilliant stroke at Trenton, BUT DID YOU KNOW that more than 1,700 British and Hessian soldiers were captured, after hard fighting, by our seamen at sea?

You knew that Burgoyne surrendered about 6,000 men after Saratoga, and Cornwallis fewer than 8,000 at Yorktown, BUT DID YOU KNOW that our sea forces in the Revolution made prisoners of more than 26,000 English sailors? England could afford to lose troops, BUT she could NOT afford to lose her seamen and 1,000 merchant ships.

You knew that we obtained loans from France aggregating $8,000,000, from Holland $1,000,000, and a smaller sum from Spain (very little of which reached the United States either in cash or purchased articles), BUT DID YOU KNOW that our sea forces brought safely into port more than $20,000,000 in hard cash or solid specie values?

You knew that our land forces fought about fifty battles, BUT DID YOU KNOW that our sea forces fought more than 200 battles at sea?