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AHROW ROCK (Mo.) TAVERN

Built in 1830 by Joseph Houston, revived in 1912 National Old Trails Road.

The Half-Way House where New York and San Francisco motorists sometimes eat fried chicken together and sleep in feather beds. (See National Old Trails Dept.)
The First Thanksgiving  
Mrs. Camille Benson Bird

The first formal occasion of Thanksgiving observed by English Colonists in America was a religious service held on the spot now called Fort Popham on the coast of Maine, August the 9th, 1607, to commemorate the safe landing of the Popham Colonists. But the modern Thanksgiving Day, a season of joyful reunion of families and friends, and the grateful realization of our blessings, has its prototype in the first Thanksgiving celebration of the Pilgrims, held at Plymouth in November, 1621. Let those who are wont to think of the Pilgrims as a morose, gloomy and pleasure-hating folk take note that this Thanksgiving week (not day) was set apart not for religious services, but for recreation. It seems to me that one of the finest human qualities is the ability to lift up the heart in the face of adversity, to preserve one's zest for the joys of life even through a long series of trials and hardships. Let us consider for a moment what these brave hearts had been through in their eleven months' residence in New England.

After a patient search of some four weeks along the bleak shore of Cape Cod, they had, on December 20th, 1620, selected what is now Plymouth to be the site for their colony, and at once began the preparation of their new home. Daylight hours are few and precious in New England at this Midwinter Season, and the work was often interrupted by storms of sleet and bitter cold, as well as by alarms from the Indians; so 'tis no wonder that the task of providing accommodations took all winter. The last of the colonists and their belongings were not removed from the ship until March. Meanwhile, scurvy and pneumonia, dreaded foes of those who live in cramped quarters with unsuitable food and undue exposure, came among the company and carried off half their number. During the "Great Sickness" in January and February there were sometimes as many as three deaths a day. At one time there were not more than seven well persons all told, and home-building must perforce be suspended while they tended the sick, fetched their wood, made their fires, cooked their food, made their beds, washed their bodies and clothing, and buried the dead.

In hours of desperate stress even time to mourn the dead is denied to the living. Soldiers on the battlefield close up the ranks as fast as their comrades drop out, and in Plymouth it was necessary for families to be made as com-
pact as possible that all might be pro-
vided for. Hence, we need not be sur-
prised to learn that one of the first
events after the sickness abated was the
marriage of Edward Winslow, a widow-
er of seven weeks, and Susanna White, a
widow of eleven weeks, the mother of
little Peregrine White, born on board the
Mayflower.

Pitifully reduced from the original es-

timate was the number of buildings nec-

essary to house the colonists. As far as
I can learn, the following were com-
pleted by the Fall of 1621: A store-
house, also available for public worship
and meetings, a hospital, a shed for the
company's goods, another for the year's
crop, and seven houses, each with its
garden plot. These were ranged along
Leyden Street, a thoroughfare leading
from the landing place at the water's
dge to the top of the hill, where the
cannon brought over in the Mayflower
had been mounted to keep guard over
the fifty-one graves on the slope of the
hill and the fifty-one survivors, living
in the village at its base. Such was the
stage setting for the first Thanksgiv-

Now for the cast.

Of the fifty-one survivors, four were
women, ten girls, fifteen boys and twen-
ty-one men.

Note the relatively small proportion
of wives and mothers who survived that
terrible first winter. Of eighteen who
accompanied their husbands and fami-
lies on the Mayflower, fourteen were al-
ready sleeping on the hillside. The re-

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of wives and mothers who survived that
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lies on the Mayflower, fourteen were al-
ready sleeping on the hillside. The re-

remaining four deserve special mention.
They were: Mary, wife of William
Brewster; Susanna, wife of Edward
Winslow; Elizabeth, wife of Stephen
Hopkins; and Eleanor, wife of John
Billington. All honor to the hostesses
of our first Feast Day.

The men and boys had toiled valiantly
all the season in field and garden, break-
ing all the ground by hand, as they had
neither horse nor cattle. Crops had
prospered, thanks to the Indian Squan-
to's teaching how to drop a fish into each
hill of corn as fertilizer. Finally the
precious harvest was safely gathered
and Governor Bradford detailed four
men to go a-fowling, "so we might after
a special manner rejoice together after
we had gathered the fruits of our la-
bors," writes Edward Winslow. Wild
ducks, geese and brandt were plentiful
along the shores of Cape Cod in the
Fall, the wood abounded in partridges,
and Governor Bradford specified that
during that Autumn "there was great
store of wild turkeys;" so we may
easily believe, as Winslow says, that the
four hunters "killed as much fowl as
with a little help besides served the
company for about a week."

Said "company" was greatly aug-
mented by a visit from the friendly In-
dian Chief, Massasoit, with ninety of his
followers, whom the colonists enter-
tained for three whole days. The In-
dian hunters contributed five deer to the
festival.

Much time was spent in recreation.
doubtless competitions in running, leap-
ing, jumping and throwing. Probably
the Indians exhibited some ceremonious
dancing; and in particular, Winslow
says, "we exercised our arms." The
doughty Captain Miles Standish was not
the man to suffer his little troop to grow
rusty for lack of constant practice in
drilling, and "training," as it was
called, continued to be the principal fea-
ture of all New England festival days.
For some years they had six trainings
a year, and thanks to this practice, the
Yankee farmers could turn into soldiers
at a minute's notice, as did the Minute
Men of '75.

Some strenuous recreations as I have
mentioned are known to furnish excel-

tent encouragement to the appetite.
The Seventeenth Century was an age of
meat and drink, especially in England
where vegetables were considered of rel-
atively small importance as an article of
diet. Besides the waterfowl, partridge,
turkeys and venison, doubtless the Pil-
grims' board was laden with fish, oys-
ters, clams, and eels, which they were
accustomed to use. Their "staff of life"
was maize, which the Indians had taught them how to raise. They ground the kernels by hand in stone mortars, and from the meal prepared bread, mush and puddings, a diet, as Roger Williams wrote, "exceedingly wholesome for English bodies." I think it likely that they had also a dish of pumpkins, or "pom-pions," which grew in abundance and were dried on strings by Indians for winter use; and surely the boys had not failed to find the cranberries, which grew wild all along Cape Cod.

Milk and cheese they had not, as no cattle had yet been imported. But the sharpest deprivation must have been the lack of beer and ale, a most important feature of an Englishman's daily fare. Bradford and other early chroniclers complain bitterly of their lack, and note the use of water as a beverage as an unusual hardship. Other mild fermented drinks, which could be prepared without the use of malt, were made and used by the Colonists. One such drink called metheglin, was long popular in both Old and New England. It was made of various savory herbs, water, honey, yeast and spices; and as these materials were within reach of the Pilgrims, we may assume that it formed the principal beverage of their feast. Though the ingredients sound innocent, we are told by Master Howel that "Metheglin does stupefy more than any other liquor if taken immoderately.

Probably most of us are content to quaff something less potent as we dwell in gratitude upon our mercies; but whatever beverage we may use, let us never forget on Thanksgiving Day to drink to the memory of those brave men and women who found courage to lift up their hearts and be of good cheer in that bleak little settlement on the shore of Cape Cod, in the year of our Lord, 1621.

Where Was Athens?

[The following announcement appeared in the columns of the Pennsylvania Packet and Daily Advertiser for Feb. 5, 1789. Can any of the readers of the magazine tell what became of Athens? Was the city ever built of brick and stone or did it exist merely on paper?
—Contributed by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.]

Pittsburgh, Jan. 17.

Description of the new City of Athens.

This city is intended to be laid out at the confluence of those two majestic rivers, the Mississippi and Missouri, between the 38th and 39th degree of north latitude, on perhaps the most desirable spot in the known world. Scarce any place, indeed, can boast such numerous favors conferred on it by the liberal hand of nature—a climate equal to that of Montpelier itself—a soil where almost every thing grows spontaneous, and in its fertility the curse inflicted on Adam "Thou shalt eat thy bread with the sweat of thy brow" is almost forgotten. On the one hand comes down, with swelling pride, the chrystal current of the Mississippi, bearing on its bounteous bosom an infinite variety of the finny race, in the greatest abundance, to please the pampered palate of the epicure, or supply the frugal table of the industrious citizen. On the other, the rapid torrent of the Missouri rolls along with course impetuous, lashing its flowery margin with its surge, and bearing on its foaming surface vast quantities of the most excellent peltry, furs of all kinds, superior to any that Russia ever furnished, which will one day bring more wealth into the coffers of the merchant than the mines of Peru or Mexico to the Spanish monarch. The face of the country is covered with the most useful kinds of trees; shrubs; plants and vegetables; corn, wine and oil are on its hills, and milk and honey in its valleys.

On a rising ground, about a mile to the northwest of the city, out of the middle of a beautiful grove of cyprus, issues a spring, whose water produces,
when evaporated, an immensity of salt, equal in quality to any ever made. Fresh water in abundance from an adjoining eminence can be conveyed into the city; stone coal and other fuel is equally as attainable; mines of lead, iron and copper, and quarries of excellent free stone and marble, are to be met with in the course of ten miles on the western bank of the Missouri, and can be conveyed in one hour to the heart of the city.

The point of land extending beyond the regular plan of the town towards the river, is superlatively beautiful, courts the fostering hand of improvement, and promises to excel, in elegance and taste, the boasted gardens of the great Semiramis. At the very point will be erected a building denominated Fort Solon, after the great Athenian law giver; not for the defence of Athens (its rivers and the harmony subsisting between his most Catholic majesty and the surrounding tribes of friendly Indians being a sufficient bulwark) but for the retirement of the governor from the busy scenes of public employment. The rapidity of the Missouri appears at the junction, at the point off Fort Solon, to spurn at the gentle current of its sister river, and force it to the opposite bank; the water of the Mississippi is rendered apparently stagnant for a considerable distance above the town, by which means trader-boats of all dimensions can lie along the wharfs, without any danger from the current, to be loaded with the varied produce of the western world, ready to be wafted through the free tide of Mississippi stream to the most distant ports. The luxury of both the Indies—all that Europe or any other quarter of the globe affords that is desirable, will, through this channel, find their way to Athens. Through the beneficent disposition of the Spanish monarch, every religious sect will there find refuge, protection, and even encouragement; under his auspices, the arts will flourish as in Athens of old; large premiums to every operator in the various branches of mechanics will be given, nor will the useful hand of the husbandman be without its reward, as the farmer will be accommodated with a sufficiency of land at a proper distance.

A certain portion of the city will be adopted for religious and other public uses, and a part reserved for the particular disposal of the governor; the remainder will be given to settlers, a town lot and five acres without the city to every master of a family, and stone, timber, lime and other building materials furnished at the public expense. The advantage of settling early is in this instance obvious, as the first applicant has the first choice, and though every foot is desirable, yet undoubtedly some must have the pre-eminence.

N. B. It is apprehended that printed proposals will be dispersed through the country early in the spring, and a time for commencing the operations appointed. The arrival of the governor from Old Spain is all that is now necessary.

Translated from the Spanish by Don Henrico Ignatius Ferdinando Cuspes, Secretary.

Death of a Real Daughter

MRS. HARRIET BUELL WOODS DODGE, a Real Daughter and member of Marquis de Lafayette Chapter of Montpelier, Vermont, died May 4, 1914. She was born in Fairlee, Vt., January 19, 1822, the only child of Samuel Woods and his second wife, Mary Peters. In 1839 she married Theodore A. Dodge. Samuel Woods had ten children by his first wife, and Mary Peters had ten Buell children by her first husband. Samuel Woods, the Revolutionary soldier, was born in Lancaster, Mass., January 2, 1759 and died in Fairlee, Vt., March 28, 1825. He enlisted at Lancaster, Mass., May 26, 1777, for 3 years as a private in Col. Gamaliel Bradford’s Regiment. Again he enlisted, July, 1781, in Col. Joseph Case’s Regiment, and for his service was granted a pension.
Work of the Chapters

Mochannon Chapter (Philipsburg, Pa.)—Has not missed a meeting since its organization six years ago. Nine meetings, together with the Charter Day celebration, Washington’s Birthday and Flag Day complete the year. Our program follows a definite plan which has been carefully worked out by the program committee. Our papers this year are on the government of our country, National, State, county and municipal. As our town is comparatively modern we have no graves of Revolutionary soldiers to mark, but we had here the first screw factory in the U. S. and we are about to set up in some commemorative way five stones left from the foundation. We give prizes in the public schools for the best work done in U. S. history and endeavor in every way to stimulate patriotism and reverence for the flag. We always have a representative at the National Congress and the State Conference and our forty-three members are deeply interested in the work.—Katherine DuBree Nuttall, regent.

Lake St. Catherine Chapter (Wells, Vt.)—In reviewing the work of Lake St. Catherine Chapter for the year 1913-14 the assertion that history is not all a man’s story has been verified when considering what our forty or more women have done along patriotic lines. With our persevering little regent, Mrs. Blanche Nelson, at the front, and loyal and faithful officers and committees whenever duty demanded, we have reason to feel flattered at the success of all undertakings. The year books were in the hands of the members promptly and have proved a veritable mine of good things. The by-laws have been rearranged, amended, accepted and printed in pamphlet form and distributed, a copy to each member. Forty-four Revolutionary soldiers’ graves have been located. Twenty-one have been appropriately marked. The rest will receive the same attention when the ways and means committee are able to report favorably. Valuable data has been sent to the Historian General, as also to the genealogical department of the Boston Evening Transcript. Our chapter was well represented at the 14th Vermont State Conference held at Brattleboro and at the Continental Congress. Meetings have been held according to schedule, always inspiring and helpful. Several papers on historical subjects have been deemed worthy and sent to the Reciprocity Bureau. The chain parties proved a great impetus to the chapter, both sociably and financially. We have entertained members from other chapters at several meetings and have also been entertained by those chapters in return. Our chapter was well represented at the unveiling of a marker by the Israel Harris Chapter. Honors we have received from the National Society when Mrs. Agnes Paul, past regent, was appointed on the Conservation of the Home Committee, and the historian, Mrs. Anna Denison, on the Preservation of Records and Historical Research Committee, and it was no small honor to have the State vice-regent (Mrs. E R. Pember, past regent) appointed from L. St. Catherine Chapter, of which she was the organizer. It was with sad hearts we laid to rest one more of our charter members, Jennie Lyons Francis, a dear, enthusiastic sister. We have donated our usual amount towards the support of the Kurn Hattin home. Despite the storms and sometimes almost impassable roads the meetings have been well sustained and a great deal of interest has been shown, by which we feel much encouraged. It is often the small things of this life that count most, but our motto should be—“press forward to greater
and grander things."—Anna Ostrander Denison, historian.

Moses Cleaveland Chapter (Cleveland, Ohio)—This chapter was organized March 5, 1913, with a membership of twenty-two, and it was voted to limit the membership to sixty.

Mrs. Mars E. Wager was the organizing regent, and it was mainly through her efforts and enthusiastic interest in the work that the chapter was formed. Mrs. William C. Boyle, now the honored Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R., was elected first vice-regent and Mrs. X. X. Crum second vice-regent.

Chapter meetings have been held every month with the exception of August, at the homes of its members. In October the chapter was honored by the presence of the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, and Miss Florence G. Finch, Chairman of the Magazine Committee.

A luncheon was given in their honor by Mrs. A. K. Hannen at the Colonial Club, and a large reception by Mrs. Boyle at her beautiful summer home, Nottingham.

The work of the chapter has been along patriotic and philanthropic lines.

At a business meeting called by our regent in November she stated that the Eagle School, which is considered the model school in the country, and situated in the Foreign District, needed a club room furnished for boys to keep them from the streets. The chapter voted one hundred dollars, and a committee was appointed to equip the room with chairs, tables, pictures, games and magazines, and one of the members presented a large American flag, others pictures, and when completed was most attractive.

Two hours each day the room is used by the girls for sewing, thus serving a double purpose. The boys of the club were organized as the "Moses Cleaveland Cadets."

Another line of work is "The Girl Homemakers." Mrs. A. K. Hannan was appointed chairman of a committee to teach a class of ten girls at "Hiram House," where they meet every Tuesday afternoon. Girls between the ages of eight and ten years are instructed in cooking, sewing and all that pertains to homemaking, and at the end of four years they will be given a diploma.

The members met during Lent and made for them the regulation uniforms, also at the same time sewed for Holy Cross House.

The chapter has also furnished a room in the Martha Washington Club for working girls, were for a nominal sum they may enjoy all the comforts of home, and be instructed in domestic science by a competent teacher.

The chapter arranged a fine musical on May Day for the girls and their friends.

The annual meeting of the chapter was held May 12th and the regent and officers were unanimously re-elected to serve another year.

The chapter has been represented at the Continental Congresses and State Conferences by the regent and delegates, and a generous sum contributed for Memorial Continental Hall.—Caroline S. Chamberlain, historian.

New Boston Chapter (New Boston, N. H.)—March 21st, 1911, eight women met at the home of one of their number, and, after a most interesting and instructive talk of two hours, by Mrs. C. C. Abbott, then State regent of New Hampshire, with her efficient help, organized the New Boston Chapter, with fourteen charter members. Within two years the number was increased to twenty resident, and two non-resident members. Florence A. D. Atwood was appointed regent by the National Society, and held the office two years. Mrs. Marian L. Martin is present regent.

The names of so many notable Revolutionary personages connected with the members were presented that it was finally decided to give our chapter the name of our town, being debarred from the name unanimously desired, "Molly Stark," already appropriated by the Manchester Chapter.
The members are intensely loyal to the Society, several having desired membership for years, but not realizing that a chapter could be sustained in our small town of less than a thousand inhabitants. We have never regretted following the advice of Mrs. Abbott to try it, and results have been quite satisfactory.

In 1912 we were represented in the Congress by the regent, and alternate, Mrs. Stevens. In 1913 Mrs. Stevens again attended. The first two years the chapter was represented in the State Conference.

Meetings are held in the homes of the members, with varied programs, including roll call responses; ritual; study of parliamentary usages; papers on historical and present day subjects; discussions; music; etc., etc.

Flag Day was observed in 1911 and 1914, the teachers and pupils of the public schools being entertained with appropriate exercises.

In January, 1913, Guest Night furnished a most delightful social occasion, Mrs. Dearborn, State regent, being present, and giving much information in an informal talk.

In September, 1913, Mrs. Abbott was present at the gathering on Ladies’ Afternoon, and imparted much information, in a most entertaining manner.

We have contributed to State work, support of Real Daughters, New Hampshire Orphan’s Home, Southern Schools for Mountaineers, and the debt on Continental Hall, four members having given the “penny-a-day” and the chapter contributing ten dollars from its treasury.

We have given prizes for essays on the flag, and distributed leaflets, furnished by the Molly Stark Chapter, on the use and abuse of the flag.

Have decorated the graves of Revolutionary soldiers with Betsy Ross flags on Memorial Days.

We are now attempting a systematic gathering together of the names of new Boston Revolutionary soldiers, hoping to get as complete sketches of their lives as possible for preservation.

The printed history of the Baptist Church has been forwarded to the Historical Department at Washington.

Our members are busy women, and as we look back we seem to have accomplished little, but—as each stroke of the painter’s brush helps to elaborate the picture, so our small efforts will add something to the uplifting and perfecting of humanity, in the great scheme of our Creator.—Florence A. D. Atwood, historian.

Capt. Job Knapp Chapter (East Douglas, Mass.)—Mrs. Mary E. Wallis, regent, was hostess for the first meeting after the summer recess, at which time the guest of honor was Mrs. James G. Dunning of Springfield, ex-State regent, who in a very pleasing manner gave a description of Continental Hall, Washington, and the Massachusetts room. On March 2nd, the 10th anniversary of the chapter, was observed at the home of Mrs. Louise S. Holbrook, where the chapter was organized. It was in charge of the Social Committee and the occasion very pleasant. Out of town invitations to visit chapters have been accepted; contributions made to Continental Hall, Martha Berry School, International College at Springfield, and to the State D. A. R. flag. Chapter Memorial Day in June was observed at the Douglas Center cemetery, when 40 graves of Revolutionary soldiers were decorated, including that of Capt. Job Knapp, the “patron saint” of the chapter. The year book contained interesting subjects for the meetings, which are held at the homes of the members. The Program Committee for the coming year is as follows: Miss Augusta B. Prentice, Mrs. Ella K. Jenckes, Miss Etta H. Johnson, Mrs. Rosalie F. A. Williams.

In August, the Outing Committee planned a picnic at Lake Nipmuc park, and August 24th, Mrs. Mary Mason, chaplain, was the recipient of a post card shower in honor of her birthday. There has been a gain in membership during
the year.—INEZ WHIPPLE BOWERS, historian.

Fairfax County Chapter (Fairfax, Va.)—On May 15, 1913, Mrs. William Smoot was re-elected regent of this chapter, which continues to grow, now having a membership of nearly sixty. The work is increasing and the chapter broadening under the able leadership of our regent.

Two scholarships have been established, one given by Mrs. Smoot through the chapter to William and Mary College in memory of her husband, William Southoron Smoot. The second scholarship, Caroline Sherman Scholarship, was created for the purpose of educating girls from the mountain region. The chapter desires to increase this loan scholarship to a sum sufficient to defray the expenses of a full normal course.

During the year, through the activities of the Falls Church Chapter, Va., efforts have been made to recover the will of Martha Washington.

Fairfax County Chapter sent a vote of thanks to Mr. Oliver and Mr. Thornton for bringing the matter before the Legislature. The chapter lost a valuable friend by the death of Dr. Everard Mead of Pohick Church. Dr. Mead always took a vital interest in the chapter work along educational lines.

Mr. Schutz presented through the chapter, to Memorial Continental Hall, ten volumes of Wisconsin Historical Paper, which fills a vacant place in the records. Mrs. Smoot has taken an active interest in the peace question by arbitration, which has stimulated interest in the rest of the members. A departure was made in our year book for 1913-14, as it included a list giving names, ancestors and national numbers of the chapter members. Through the generosity of the regent, the chapter has been much benefited by a course of lectures on Parliamentary Law, given by Mrs. Edith Town of Washington, D.C.

During the last month we have suffered a great loss by the death of one of our most beloved members, Mrs. Francis Blackburn Nourse.—Mrs. ELLA PIPIN JONES, historian.

Emily Virginia Mason Chapter (Hastings, Mich.)—During the years 1913 and 1914 our chapter held eight regular meetings. These were made most enjoyable; one or more interesting papers on revolutionary characteristics were read at each meeting, bringing the members in closer touch with "ye olden tymes," thereby inspiring us with a keener interest in all that our chapter stands for. The discussions at the social half hour, while the hostess serves dainty refreshments, are both beneficial and enjoyable. The attendance throughout the year was very good.

At the opening meeting in October it was decided to display our flag once during each month and twice during February.

Mrs. Jason McElwain, our past matron and enthusiastic worker, presented a resolution at the State Conference for the observance of uniform flag days for Michigan. They were as follows:

- Oct. 12th, Columbus Day.
- Nov. 26th, Thanksgiving Day.
- Dec. 2nd, 1814, Treaty with Ghent.
- Jan. 26th, Michigan Day.
- Feb. 12th, Lincoln's birthday.
- Feb. 22nd, Washington's birthday.
- March 17th, 1776, Evacuation of Boston.
- April 19th, 1776, Battle of Lexington.
- May 30th, Memorial Day.
- June 14th, Flag Day.
- July 4th, 1776, Declaration of Independence.
- Aug. 26th, 1817, Act passed to establish University of Michigan.

At the November meeting, Mrs. Marshall of Nashville gave a most interesting account of the California missions and the mission play, which she had seen presented only a short time before.

In April the chapter purchased two bronze tablets and had them inserted in the markers of our two real Daughters,
Mrs. Emily Welters and Mrs. Emeline Walton, whose graves are at Ovid and Maple Grove. They bear the words, "Real Daughter," and the insignia of the chapter in one corner.

A copy of the history of Barry County was sent to Memorial Continental Hall. We also pledged $5.00 for Memorial Hall.

Our fifth anniversary was held with Mrs. Chester Messer, February 16th, 1914, and was a most delightful meeting. A good program was given. Mrs. Van Auken, of Charlotte, the organizer of our chapter and first regent, gave pleasant reminiscences of the chapter.

Emily Virginia Mason Chapter has been honored by having its past regent, Mrs. Jason McEilwain, appointed a member of the National Committee, also Chairman of the State Committee to prevent desecration of our flag.

Our chapter was represented at the State Conference at Port Huron by our regent, Miss Goodyear, and Mrs. Potter. Memorial Day fund was paid. Seven subscriptions of the Daughters' magazine were taken in the chapter.

The annual essay contest, subject, "How Michigan Became a State," was held at Freeport this year. The prize each year consists of a framed copy of "the Declaration of Independence," which goes to the school, a metal plate, in one corner of the frame, bears the winner's name.

The last meeting of the year was held June 15th, at the home of our regent, Miss Goodyear, assisted by Mrs. Robinson. A most interesting flag day program was given and the hostesses were more than generous, serving a delicious buffet luncheon, thus bringing to a delightful end a very successful year.—Mrs. P. H. Hoeltzel, historian.

Virginia Cavalier Chapter (Mobile, Ala.) was organized October 11, 1912, at the home of the regent, Miss Thurber. Our charter contains the names of twenty verified lineal descendants of the cavaliers of Virginia. Our motto is, "We keep the traditions," and our flower the double rose of "York and Lancaster." We have now twenty-seven members, our number being limited to thirty.

We meet each month at the homes of the members, and after routine business is transacted, an historical paper is read by some one of the members and after discussion, refreshments are served and a social time enjoyed.

We have observed all the patriotic days, namely, Washington's Birthday, Flag Day, and 4th of July. Flag Day of 1914 by invitation of Mobile Chapter was celebrated jointly with them, the Continental Line, C. A. R., being present, proudly waving their flag. This chapter of the C. A. R. was organized by Miss Thurber, and has held its meetings regularly the past winter. We are deeply interested in seeing Memorial Continental Hall free of debt, and for that purpose individual members have contributed twelve dollars and seventy-five cents, to the "Penny-a-Day" fund, and the chapter has given $20.00, making a total of $32.75. Also near to our hearts is the education of the mountaineers of Alabama and to that cause we have contributed $5.00, and towards the expenses of Flag Day sent $5.00 to Mobile Chapter. We expect as soon as the necessary data is obtained, to mark the graves of two Revolutionary soldiers. The historian has sent on to the Historian General a list of the births, marriages and deaths in Mobile during the Colonial period and later, which no doubt unintentionally was credited to Mobile Chapter. Though not satisfied with our work, we feel that we have been progressing, and hope to continue doing so.—Mobilia Redwood Christian, historian.

Walter Bendick Chapter (Marshall, Ill.).—We have just closed the work for the year of 1913-14, as we consider the months of our meetings from October to June our working year, with a most successful gain in membership. At our December meeting our regent, Miss Emma Marvin, asked each member to make a Christmas present to the chapter of a member, and ten new members is the
result. We have held memorial services each year at the grave of a Revolutionary soldier and in February of this year gave a benefit for the local G. A. R. We were given fifty per cent. of the proceeds at the moving picture show for one evening and by selling tickets were successful in raising $26 for the old soldiers to purchase new star markers for the graves of old soldiers in our city cemetery. On Washington's Birthday we held patriotic exercises in the city schools and presented two cash prizes for the two best essays on any patriotic subject the pupils cared to choose.

At Christmas we have a committee appointed each year to do our charitable work and while we have never been able to respond with financial help to the many appeals we get from different schools, etc., we feel that we must live up to our motto, "Cultivate love of country on local soil," until our chapter is better off in a financial way. We made every effort possible to have an old covered bridge preserved on the old National road, but the commissioners preferred a concrete bridge and thus disappeared our oldest landmark, built in 1832. Our present work is trying to establish a local public library and the result will be reported in 1915.—Jane Bartlett Kerr, treasurer.

To Chapter Regents

My dear Chapter Regents:

Ever since becoming your Recording Secretary General I have felt a lack and need the Society has had no provision for. On bringing the subject to the attention of the National Board of Management, I received its unanimous sanction to change this condition. Three times this last year have close friends of mine set sail for the other world; Each time all the Society has known of their going was a magazine death notice containing a name which had no meaning, nor called to any retrospection. But to accomplish anything I must have the cooperation of every Chapter Regent, so from now on if each Regent will send to my office in Washington the address and name of the Daughter we have lost, also the date of her going away, a card of sympathy will be sent to her family and chapter.

(Mrs. William Smith—Mary Brown October 1st, 1914)

In this way the National Society may give recognition and pay tribute to those departed members whose lives have been spent in quiet homes in far away places, for they have been a part of the whole, and often as dearly beloved in their place as has a President General been in hers.

Most sincerely yours,

Abbie Williams R. Boyle.

If every woman's organization in America would declare in favor of universal peace and the abolition of militarism, might it not go a long way toward influencing public opinion and helping to bring about universal peace?

One small society, of which the writer is a member, soon after the declaration of war in Europe, went on record as favoring universal peace. We felt that our effort seemed very little."

It seemed to those who looked on as nothing more than

"An infant crying in the night,
An infant crying for the light
And with no language but a cry."

The sentiment among women to do what we can in favor of universal peace is growing. We do not in any way claim to have originated the idea of a women's movement to this end, but we are watching with interest their effort.

An effort will be made to have the Tennessee State Conference, N. S. D. A. R., which is to convene in Knoxville November 10, place itself on record as favoring universal peace. We wish that all Daughters of the American Revolution would take the same step.—Lucy Henderson Horton, Franklin, Tennessee.
GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D.C.

1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, provided they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements of other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Special care should be taken to write names and dates plainly.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All Letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to queries. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

ANSWERS

2591. (3) HARRIS. It is possible that the following account of one branch of the Harris Family may be of assistance. Mrs. G. W. Clardy, Liberty, Mo., writes that so many persons have sent to her for the record that she wishes it to be recorded in the pages of the DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE. Robert Harris m Mrs. Mary Rice, widow, dau. of Wm. Claiborne, first Colonial Secretary of Va. ab. 1660. Their son, Wm. Harris, m Temperance Overton, dau. of Wm. Overton of Glen Cairn, Hanover Co., Va., and had: Christopher, Major Robert, and Overton. Major Robert Harris m Mourning Glenn Jan. 30, 1720, lived in Hanover Co., his native county, until 1742, when he was appointed by the King Surveyor of the new county of Louisa. He resigned his office as Burgess from Hanover Co., settled in Louisa Co., and afterwards moved to Albemarle Co., where he d in 1765. His son, Christopher Harris, m (1) Mary Dabney; m (2) Agnes McChord (or McCord) and received large land grants on two Treasury Warrants, which papers are in the possession of Mrs. Clardy. These grants were mentioned in his will, but she has been unable to prove Rev. service from them. In an old book belonging formerly to Agnes (McCord) Harris, is found the following entry: Johannes McCord and Isabell his wife and family landed the 17th. day of August Anno Dom. 1734 at New Castle in Pennsylvania, and he himself being 49 years of age, and his wife Isabell 36. His son William was 5 years and 9 months. James was 2 years and 9 months Joseph born Sat. at 12 o'clock feb 8---


2771. DUDLEY-CRAWFORD. William Harris Crawford, who m a dau. of George Mortimer Dudley, was the son of Joel Crawford, and Frances Harris, b Jan. 27, 1746. Mrs. G. W. Clardy, Liberty, Mo.

2792. DOWNS. Those who were killed at the siege of Bryant's Station in 1782, are included among Rev. soldiers, according to action of the National Board of Management in 1907. If it can be proved, therefore, that Henry Downs was killed at that time, that will be accepted as service. All dates, etc. must be satisfactory, of course, before the paper could be accepted by the Registrar General in its entirety, however.

—Gen. Ed.

2802. TOMLINSON. If William Tomlinson came from England to N. C. early in 1700, or in 1680 or 1690, it is not at all probable that he would have been young enough to have rendered any service in the Revolution, even if he was alive at the time. Some of his descendants could have served, however, and I would suggest that M. T. P. search for an ancestor of a later date.—Gen. Ed.


2827. SPARROW. The names of Thomas nor of Smith Sparrow do not appear in above ref-
fere books. Henry and Richard Sparrow are the only men mentioned.—Gen. Ed.

3311. EDMONDSON. The name is spelled in a number of different ways, and in the History of Southwest Va. p 858, I find the following record of men by name of Edmundson who were at King's Mountain from Washington Co. Va. Capt Wm. Edomston, killed; Robert Jr. a Lieut. killed; Andrew, a captain, killed; Samuel, John, Thomas Edinston all served; and Robert was shot before the action began. There was also a Major Wm. Edmiston mentioned in the Washington Co. Militia Officers of 1777-80, and a Col. William Edmeston of the First Battalion. There was a James Edmonson who was the son of Archibald Jr. of Prince George Co. Md. He had a dau. Marjory, who m James Lackland. The Edmonson Family of Prince George Co. Md. are very prominent, dating back to the Seventeenth Century, when Col. Archibald Edmonston m Jane, sister of Col. Ninian Beall, and d 1733, leaving 9 children, all of whom married and had large families. Mrs. Milton Welsh, Kansas City, Mo.

3313. SCOTT-TANSILL. The name Tansill does not appear either in Va. Rev. Soldiers, its Supplement, or in McAllister's Virginia Militia. I note, however, that the latter states that he could find no order books, or lists of Rev. soldiers in Prince William Co. which may account for the absence. While there are several persons mentioned by name of James Scott, there is none mentioned as coming from Prince William Co.—Gen. Ed.

3316. HICK. There is no mention of Henry Rerick in the Index to the Fifth Series of Penna. Archives, although Andrew, Charles, George and Philip are mentioned as having served.—Gen. Ed.

3317. (2) HORNBACK. In Va. Rev. Soldiers compiled by the Va. State Librarian, mention is made of Abram, Benjamin, John, Littlebury and Michael Hornback. Benjamin was a soldier in Monongalia Co. Militia, but the places of residence of the others are not given.—Gen. Ed.

3318. EMBREE. The only man by name of Embree mentioned as serving in the Revolution from Va. was John Embry or Embree.—Gen. Ed.

3322. (2) TRAYLOR-ARCHER-DANCE-COX. Henrico and Chesterfield Counties were among those where nothing could be found by Mr. McAllister, while searching for material for his valuable work on the Virginia Militia; and a search through other official sources of information fails to throw any light on any of the men mentioned by K. C. G.—Gen. Ed.

3337. SMITH-GILLMORE. There was a James Gilmore who served in Capt. Ephraim Buel's Co. as a scout in 1779 to protect the Frontiers; and again in 1780. (See Vt. Rev. Rolls, pp 144-58.) Whether this refers to the father of Abigail (Gillmore) Smith, or not, could not be determined without study. There is no mention made of an Abial Smith in Vt. Rev. Rolls.—Gen. Ed.

3338. BARRE-WILLINGHAM-BOHANNON. There is no record of John Wesley Bohannon having served from Va. in any of the authorities I have access to; neither is there any record of any man by name of Willingham as having served from Va. There are several mentions of John Bohannon, under the various spellings of the name. Neither is there any record in the list of S. C. Soldiers of a man by the name of Samuel Barr.—Gen. Ed.

3339. BASS. While there were a number of men from Va. named Bass, who served in the Revolution, there is no mention of one named Jordan. Possibly that was the soldier's middle name; and that in his earlier days he used his first name, which was dropped, as he grew older.—Gen. Ed.

3348. HOLLAND. There is no record to be found of the Rev. service of a Capt. Richard Holland of Va.—Gen. Ed.

(2) TRENT. The name Thomas Trent appears on the list of Va. Rev. Soldiers, as having served some time, especially in the year 1779. He was a member of the regular Va. Line. As the list of Va. Soldiers of 1812 is not indexed, it would require the services of a genealogist to ascertain if the name of Thomas Trent Jr. was to be found among the lists.—Gen. Ed.

(3) TINSLEY. While there are a number of men by name of Tinsley mentioned as Rev. soldiers from Va. the names of Reuben, Wyatt or John Reuben Tinsley are not found. There are several references to John Tinsley.

(4) GOODE. The name of Benjamin Goode does not appear on the list of Va. Rev. Soldiers, although several others by name of Goode are recorded as having served.—Gen. Ed.

3350. JOHNSON. There is a genealogy of the Johnson Family of New Haven and Wallingford, Conn. by James Shepard, which appeared originally in the N. E. Gen. Register for April, 1902.—Gen. Ed.

3351. Peale. According to "Old Kent" Charles Willson (not Charles William) Peale was born April 16, 1741 in Chestertown, Maryland. He was married three times, and d in 1827, leaving the following children: Raphael, Angelia Kaufman, Rembrandt, Reuben, Sophonisba, Carrissa, Linnaeus, Franklin, Sabilla, Meriam, Elizabeth and Titian. I find
no Margaret Jane, nor any Stuart connection.
B. H. G. (The writer does not care to have
her name printed; but the facts are as stated in
"Old Kent, Maryland."—Gen. Ed.)
3352. (2) GARR. There is a Genealogy of
the Garr Family of 607 pages, by John Cal-
boun Garr, pub. in Cincinnati, in 1894, in the
Congressional Library. It gives an account of
the descendants of John Gar, and more particu-
larly of his son, Andreas Gaar, who emigrated
from Bavaria to America in 1732. It was
completed in 1844 by John Wesley Garr, and
completed by his son in 1904. For price con-

duct any good second hand bookstore.—Gen.

Ed.

3369. MATTHEWS. If Abigail Tuttle was
a sister of Constant Loyal Tuttle who was b
Bristol, Conn. 1775, and who m Chloe Mat-
thews (dau. of Caleb and Annah (Carrington)
Matthews) Joel Matthews may have been a
son of Caleb Matthews who was a Rev. soldier,
and was son of Capt. Caleb and Ruth (Mer-
riam) Matthews; grandson of Sergeant Caleb
and Eliz (Hotchkiss) Matthews; and great
grandson of Wm. Matthews who emigrated from
Wales to New Haven, Conn. in 1671. Marriage
and birth records of this Matthews family may
be obtained from the town clerk at Farming-

ton, Conn. Mrs. Victor F. Clark, Crete, Ne-
braska.

3385. ANDREWS. John Andrews, b Sussex
Co. Va. 1815, was the son of Joseph Andrews,
a soldier in the War of 1812 from Sussex Co.
Va. and he was the son of William Andrews a
Rev. soldier of Sussex Co. Va. William had
four sons, at least: Stephen, Joseph, John and
William. Mrs. Eliza Andrews Simmons, 123
Marshall Street, Allegan, Michigan. There were
28 different entries for men by name of An-
drews in Va. Rev. Soldiers, a fine record.—
Gen. Ed.

3404. (2) SLOCUM. According to the
"Short History of the Slocums, Slocumbs and
Slocombs of America, 1637-1831," by Charles
Elilku Slocum, pub. by the author at Syracuse,
N. Y. in 1882, the children of Samuel Slocum,
b Long Branch in 1745 were: Sarah, Peter,
Daniel, Catherine, Webley, Susannah and Rich-
ard. Mr. Slocum evidently did not know of the
children by the second wife, as given in the later,
large Slocum Genealogy. There are a number
of Samuel Slocums in the Genealogy, and I
may be able to assist still further if I have
more data. Mrs. Henry J. Carr, 919 Vine
Street, Scranton, Pa.

3409. ELIOT-AYRES. The following list of
ch. of Andrew Eliot and Jane Ayres descend-
ed to me from my great grandmother, Char-
ity Warner, who m Elias, youngest son of An-
drew Eliot, and his wife, Jane Ayres. I would
be very glad to have any information of the
Rev. service of Andrew Eliot, or his mar-
riage date. The children, given in the order
they were given to me are: Daniel, who m Han-
nah Carpenter; Lucretia, who m Stephen Giles;
Elisha, who d unm.; Andrew, who m Margaret
——; Jacob, who m Patience Tripp; George,
who m Jennie McCarthy; Mollie, who m Wm.
Seward; Peter, who m Jerusha McCarthy; Luke,
who m Betsy McCarthy; Hannah, who m Dan-
iel Hoyt; Betsy, who m Naom Thompson; and
Elias, b Mch. 1, 1794, m Dec. 12, 1813, Charity
Warner, and d May 11, 1841. Mrs. D. S. El-

3418. LAUGHTON. Samuel Laughton has an
accrued record for Rev. service, published in
Vol. XI, D. A. R. Lineage Book. He was of
Dummerston, Vt: and had a son, David,
who m Mary Spaulding (dau. of Leonard).
She was b Oct. 11, 1761, and d May 12, 1782.
The births of the ch. of David and Ruth in the
query begin in 1785 (three years after the
death of Mary) and continue to 1799. It is
possible that this is a second marriage, es-
specially as David went to New York state,
ear Hadley, but it is not mentioned in the
History of Dummerston. Mrs. Annie S. Tal-
bot, 123 Winchester Ave., New Haven, Conn.

David Laughton was a private in Capt. Jason
Duncan's Militia Company from Dummerston,
which marched to Brattleboro eauty times by
orders of Col. John Sargeant in order to sup-
press the disaffected party in said Regiment, in

3433. (3) BROOKING. The ch. of Col. Viv-
ian Brooking and Elis. Brodnax, his wife,
were: Wm. H. who m Eliz. Barrett; Robert
B., who m Lucy Delaney; Thomas Vivian, who
m Eliz. Sherwin; Henry, who m Rebecca Brod-
nax; Frank, who m Ann Smith; Edward, who
m R. S. Jackson; Bobin, who m Lucy Throek-
morton; Elisabeth, who m I. Holme; Francis
(killed); Ann who m W. E. Brodnax; and Sal-
lie who m James Claiborn. You will see,
therefore, that John was not the son of Col.
Vivian Brooking; whether he was the son of
Charles or not, I can not say. Mrs. Beissie R.
Kennedy, 602 Main St., Fort Scott, Kansas.

3445. PERKINS. As M. L. H. writes that
she has discovered that the father of Eliza-
abeth (Perkins) Stone was Nicholas Perkins
of Pittsylvania Co. Va. it is possible that the
Lieut. Nicholas Perkins who petitioned the
U. S. Congress for compensation for his Rev.
services, may be the one desired, although there
is no service recorded for a Nicholas Perkins
Congress, 2nd. session.) In the pension ap-
sal application of Thomas Harden Perkins of Va. (a
Lieut.) Nicholas Perkins testified, and stated
that he was a son in law of Thomas Harden
Perkins, he having married Mary Hardin Per-
kins, dau. of Thomas Hardin Perkins. This
man is probably a younger man, however, than
the one desired.—Gen. Ed.
3453. HOVEY-DELANO. If the Joanna Hovey mentioned in Query 3458 was b June 24, 1752, then she was the dau. of Nathaniel Hovey, who was b Mansfield, Conn. June 22, 1719 and was the son of James and Joanna (Bassett) Hovey. The Hovey Book does not give the maiden name of Abigail, wife of Nathaniel; neither does it ascribe any Rev. service to him. Other ch. of Nathaniel and Abigail Hovey were: Nathaniel, b 1746, and Ennise, bapt. Mch. 11, 1749/50. Miss E. May Christy, Regent Major Benjamin Bosworth Chapter, Silver Creek, N. Y.

3460. (3) TEMPLE. Jonas Temple was the son of Joseph Stratton Temple, b Shrewsbury, Mass. June 27, 1762. I have no record of his being in the service; but he was the son of Joseph Temple, b Grafton, Mass. Aug. 30, 1732, and this Joseph, the grandfather of Lieut. Jonas Temple, served in the Rev. one enlistment of at least three months. The record of his service is found in Hudson's History of Marlborough, p 173. I have the records of the Temple family quite complete. O. B. Clason, Attorney At Law, No. 2, Rogers Block, Gardiner, Maine.

3464. SILAS TALBOT (1751-1813) was b Dighton, Mass.; and when a boy was engaged in the coast trade. In June, 1775, he entered the American army as a Lieut. and became a Capt. of infantry in 1776, serving at and near Boston, Mass. At N. Y. in 1776, he attempted by means of a fire ship to destroy a part of the English squadron in the harbor, and was promoted to rank of Major for bravery Oct. 7, 1777. He served throughout 1777-8, and Oct. 28, 1778 captured the British blockading schooner, Pigot, with only a small sloop in his command. For this he was commissioned Lieut. Col. by Congress on Nov. 14. In Sept. 1779, he became a captain in U. S. Navy, and captured several British ships, but finally was taken prisoner in 1780, treated with the utmost barbarity by the British, both in the prison-ship, Jersey, and in the old “Sugar-house” prison, was finally taken to England and in 1781 was exchanged. After the Rev. he bought the confiscated estate of Sir Wm. Johnson, and was his flag ship in a cruise in the West Indies in 1789. Owing to a dispute with Truxtun about priority in rank, he resigned in 1801, and passed the rest of his life in New York. The above has been condensed from a sketch in the International Encyclopedia; for a fuller account, see Tuckerman’s “Life of Silas Talbot” pub. N. Y. 1850.—Gen. Ed.

3494. (2) ROBINSON. Abigail Robinson was the dau. of Capt. Jonathan Robinson of Stratham, N. H. (who was b in the adjoining town of Exeter, N. H. Aug. 22, 1741) and his wife, Abigail. They had twelve children: Mary, b June 20; Shadrach, b Feb. 21; Mennoch, b April 3; Abednego, b Jan. 7; Ebenezer, b Jan. 4; Abigail, b May 22; Mary, b Aug. 13; Jane, b Oct. 13; Jonathan Jr. b Dec. 25; Bradbury, b March 22; Noah, b June 7; Betty, b Oct. 12. The year of birth of all the children has been torn from the town records and was not therefore printed in the N. H. Gen. Record, Vol. 3, pp 11 and 12, where the rest of the above information was given. Capt. Jonathan Robinson was a soldier in the Rev. For official proof of his service, see N. H. Rev. Rolls.—Gen. Ed.

3494. (7) LINDLEY-DIX. Lettie Lindley m Thomas Camp in Georgia. Her father was Jonathan Lindley who m Nancy Blair. We think they were m in S. C. They went to Ga. soon after the Rev. and he is buried at Powder Springs, Ga. His grave is not marked, and so we have not the dates of birth and death. We know Mary Blair was the second wife of Jonathan Lindley; but it seemed possible that he may have had a first wife, Deborah Dix. Lettie Lindley was b in 1805. Mrs. John A. Alexander, 1910 North Augusta Street, Staunton, Va.

3549. GREENE-MCMULLIN. The ch. of George McMullin and Ruth Greene, his wife were: John, Mary, Hannah, Guilehma, Rosannah, Elizabeth, Daniel, William, Sophia, Amy, Lewis and James. I would like to know the children of George McMullin’s parents. Miss Edna M. Gregory, Morristown, N. Y.

3552. STRONG. Deacon Benajah Strong, b Coventry, Conn. Oct. 13, 1740, m (1) Mch. 9, 1769, Lucy Bishop (b Dec. 21, 1747 the dau. of Caleb and Keziah (Hebard) Bishop of Lisbon, Conn.) She d Nov. 27, 1783, and Benajah m (2) Apr. 28, 1784, Sarah Coleman, (b Mch. 4, 1749, dau. of Ebenezer and Sarah (Brown) Coleman of Coventry.) She d Aug. 12, 1837. He was a farmer at Coventry, Selectman, member of the General Assembly in 1781, Justice of Peace and Deacon of the first Congregational church at Coventry. (1782-1809.) He d Nov. 25, 1809. F. A. Strong, Bridgeport, Conn.

3555. ROGERS-CAMPBELL. Margaret Campbell who m James Rodgers was the youngest of eleven children of Judge David Campbell and Elizabeth Outlaw, his wife. Judge David Campbell (1750-1812) was a Major in Gen. Nathanael Greene’s Division. (Ramsay’s Annals of Tenn. p 402; Sumner’s History of Southwest Va. p 856; and Va. Rev. Soldiers, p. 81. David Campbell m in 1779, Elizabeth Outlaw in Washington Co. Va. She was the dau. of Alexander Outlaw (1738-1828) and Penelope Smith, his wife. Alexander Outlaw was also a Rev. soldier. See Ramsay’s Annals of Tenn. pp 227, 236, 299, 346, 343-6, 653-9, 669 & 704; and also Sumner’s Hist. Southwest Va. p 862. Miss Penelope Johnson Allen, Tate
Spring, Tenn., who can supply further information in regard to these families if desired.

3556. (10) Hewitt. Randal Hewitt is buried near Seneca Falls, N. Y. and his grave is marked with the Rev. soldier marker. Mrs. Janet McKay Cowing, 24 East Bayard St. Seneca Falls, N. Y.

3556. (11) Matthews. If person sending query will write to Mr. Orra E. Monette, 3101 Wilshire Building, Los Angeles, Calif. the entire Matthews line, as copied from the old Bible, can be obtained. Miss Janet McKay Cowing.

3586. According to the History of Descendants of Robert Ashley, by Francis Bacon Trowbridge, p 47, Miranda Ashley, b Dec. 18, 1758, m July 8, 1779, Bille Messenger of Becket, Mass. She had eleven brothers and sisters. Sarah, Jerusha, Moses, Lovisa, Azariah, Lovisa, Mary (Miranda) Lucy, Anne, Mercy, and a still-born child. Miranda was the dau. of Moses Ashley, b Oct. 9, 1703, in Westfield, Mass. d April 29, 1782 Washington, Mass. He m Sarah Taylor who was born Aug. 5, 1721 in Springfield, Mass. and d June 4, 1795, in Washington. She was the dau. of Samuel and Sarah (Munn) Taylor. Moses Ashley, Miranda’s father, served in the French and Indian War, but no Rev. service is given him. Her brother, Moses, was a Rev. soldier. The line is carried back in the genealogy to the emigrant, Robert Ashley. Miss Elizabeth Wight, Fairmont, Nebraska.

3586. (3) Greenman. Silas Greenman, b 1782, m (1) Esther Hardy, who d in Ohio in 1834. He d in Kankakee Co. Ill. in 1870, and may be the one who m Lucy (Russell) Smith. Miss Emily A. Greenman, La Grange, Indiana.

3588. Hooker-West. Gilbert Hooker lived and died at the home of his son, Zina, four miles from Clyde, N. Y. He was 100 yrs. old, or nearly so; had been blind and deaf for some years previous to his death; was a widower. Besides the clock you mention which was brought across the ocean, there was a cane which Asil Hooker had. Zina Hooker m Cor-"nely; Miranda’s father, served in the French and Indian War; but no Rev. service is given him. Her brother, Moses, was a Rev. soldier. The line is carried back in the genealogy to the emigrant, Robert Ashley. Miss Elizabeth Wight, Fairmont, Nebraska.

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3588. Hooker-West. Gilbert Hooker lived and died at the home of his son, Zina, four miles from Clyde, N. Y. He was 100 yrs. old, or nearly so; had been blind and deaf for some years previous to his death; was a widower. Besides the clock you mention which was brought across the ocean, there was a cane which Asil Hooker had. Zina Hooker m Cornelius Cordelia Wilson, (not Robinson) who was a sister of my grandmother. She was b Butler, N. Y. July 11, 1811, and was the dau. of Jeduthan and Tryphena (Moore) Will-son, who were among the early pioneers to Butler from New Hartford, Conn. in 1810. There was a sister, Henrietta Polly Willson, who m in 1837, Andrew Jackson Robinson. They lived in Michigan. James Hooker did not own packet boats, but canal boats known as “Big Line” carrying freight from N. Y. to Buffalo. Aunt Betsey Maynard was a Quakeress. From my West data I find that there was an Alonzo Minor West b Feb. 29, 1711 who was a son of Jonathan West and Elizabeth Hamilton. He married and probably lived in Mass. had a son, Alonzo, b 1794, who m and lived in N. Y. and was, I think, a sea-faring man. In 1844 he visited Aunt Betsey Maynard, which might indicate that his mother’s name was Andrews. The West families of Clyde and Marengo, Wayne Co. N. Y. were closely related and were among the first settlers from Mass. ab. 1800. There was an Abner West, of Lee, cousin to Jonathan, and father to my great grandmother, who had seven ch. married and living in and near Clyde. They were: Wm. b 1703 (wife’s name wanted) had three ch. one of whom, Augustine moved to Norwalk, Ohio; Mary, b 1707, m Abraham Hand; Submit, b 1709, m Samuel Southwick, and d 1802, the first death among the early settlers; Susannah, who m Pultitzer Pierce and had four ch. She was poisoned by mistake, and her ch. were brought up by the West relatives; Sarah, m Daniel Chamberlain; Parmelia, who m Curtis Stoddard; Betsey, who m Francis Chereyov. There was also a Sidney West living at Red Creek N. Y. ab. 1850, whose relationship to the other Wests is desired. Mrs. J. P. Marshall, 305 West 87th. Street, New York City.

3628. Hardin. Martin Hardin, and his brothers, William and Mark Hardin served in the Rev. from Va. and their names are to be found in the List of Va. Rev. Soldiers, p 201. They have been passed on by the N. S. D. A. R. and I entered the Society through Martin Har-din and his wife, Lydia Waters. Mrs. A. J. Carver, 363 Lee St. Dawson, Ga.

3716. Kenfield. Daniel Kenfield, and three of his sons, Daniel, Gad and Naphthali, served in the Rev. war, from Mass. There were also a number of other men by name of Kenfield who served from Mass. William, who enlisted at the first alarm, was one of them. Naphthali d at New Hope, Courtland Co. N. Y., I think. Wanted, any gen. information about any of the descendants of a Kenfield, who served in the Revolution.—W. F. X.

3717. House. Were any of the ancestors of John G. House, whose parents were John, and Nancy House in the Revolution? John, the husband of Nancy, was the son of Daniel House; and Daniel was the son of William House who lived to be 102 yrs. old. All of them lived in Maryland.

(2) Kennedy-Gordon. Thomas Kennedy was the son of Samuel Kennedy of Berkeley Co. West. Va. and his wife Ruth Gordon. Thomas was b ab 1787. Did Samuel or his parents serve in the Rev. war? Ruth Gordon was the dau. of William and Susan (Kennedy) Gordon; and their ch. were: Sue, Nancy, Jane,
Ruth, Kennedy, Aaron, James, Edward & Robert; any information of this family will be gratefully received.—E. E. H. F.

3718. Canfield-Beardsley. Ann Canfield, dau. of Samuel Canfield of New Milford, Conn. m Austin Beardsley. Was her father a Rev. soldier? I note that several Daughters have entered on the service of Samuel Canfield, and hope that one of them may be willing to assist me in proving up this line.—J. L. M.

3719. Griggs-Hatch. Ichabod Griggs Jr. m Mary Hatch. Was she a daughter of Major Jethro Hatch of Tolland, Connecticut? Jethro Hatch served as Major in Col. Increase Mosely’s regiment of Volunteers and was b 1722, and d 1817.—H. G. R.

3720. Johnson-Ward. Several men by name of Johnson served in the Rev. Was any of them the father of Anne, who m Samuel Ward? He was b 1743 and was a Rev. soldier, himself. Did Samuel Ward, b 1719, perform any patriotic service, civil or military, during the Revolution?


(3) Miller-Arnold. Several men by name of Miller served in the Rev. from Middletown, Conn. Was any of them the father of Anna Miller who m Ebenezer Arnold in 1758? Did Ebenezer Arnold serve in the Revolution?—E. M. W.

3721. Hall-Sampson. Who were the parents of Sylvia Hall, b ab. 1765, who lived on the boundary line between Conn. and Mass. and m Elisha Sampson? Their ch. were: Wm. Emeline and Sylvia; and she with her husband and ch. moved to Adams, N. Y. before 1829. Either she, or her husband, Elisha, had a brother, William. Who were Elisa Sampson’s parents? Did either of the above men serve in the Revolution?—M. I. M.

3722. Davis-Fields. Sydnie Olive Davis, b ab. 1766, m (1) David Fields near 1790; m (2) George Fields, and d in 1862. Her father was Benjamin Davis, and his wife's name was Mary Schomaker. Benjamin Davis had a dau. Rachel, who m Thomas Morris. What relation was Thomas to Robert Morris, Signer of the Declaration? Wanted, any information in regard to the Davis family.—F. A. C.

3723. Burton. In the Sept. 1912, magazine, in answer to Query 2600 (2) Burton-Medley, you state that J. Burton, Joseph Burton, John Burton, Major Burton, Major Burton Jr. and William Burton all signed the petition from Orange Co. Va., dated Mech. 14, 1781. Will you kindly advise me regarding this petition, and where full information in regard to it may be had? I should like to trace the Joseph Burton named, as I have an ancestor of that name, who lived in Virginia, and I would like to establish Rev. service if I can.—H. L. A.

3724. Gray-Kreider. Wanted, names, place of residence, also Rev. record, if any, of the parents of Peter Gray, and his wife, Eva Kreider. They moved to Half-Moon Valley, Fenna, in 1788 with the family from Hagerstown, Md. They had a son, John, b Hagerstown, Md. 1767, and were Germans.

(2) Where can I get a copy of ‘Delaware Wills, New Castle Co. (1682—1800)’ and what is the price?

(3) Gray. Please give me the history of all the men by name of Gray that served from Maryland, with names of wives, parents, brothers, sisters, and children, where lived, where died, with dates, also history of the wives’ families.—H. E. W.

3725. Mayhew. Information desired of the father of Mary, Nathaniel Washington, Aaron and Mehitable Mayhew, who were b near Farmington, Maine bet. 1796 and 1805, in what was then Kennebec Co. but subsequently was subdivided and is now Franklin Co. Maine. The father d while these ch. were small and some time between his death and 1820, the mother m (2) Mr. Inman, a Rev. pensioner, and all moved to Marietta, Ohio, ab. 1820.—K. H. E.

3726. Silvernail. Would be glad to receive data concerning Conrad Silvernail, who was born about 1752, and lived in Columbia Co. New York. He had a daughter Nancy who married Jeremiah Simmons. They lived in Kinderhook, Columbia Co. and had children, Henry (who married Eve Britton 1830), Nicholas, Conrad, William, Peter, Charity, Almyra, Hannah (married George Ham). Would like to know if this is the man whose record is given by ‘Roberts’ page 232. Conrad Silvernail—served as private in Capt. Conrad Clive’s Co.—Albany County Militia (Land Bounty Rights) Tenth regiment, N. Y.

Would also like to know the date of his death and his wife’s name.—V. F. C.

3727. Burton-Ford. Can any one give me the names and Rev. service of the parents or grandparents of William Burton or of his wife Sarah Ford both of Virginia ancestry, I think from Culpepper Co., and who lived in Madison Co. Ky. about 1800?

(2) Swift-Parkhurst-Hanks. John Swift was born near Nashville, Tenn., 1809. His father, John, Jonathan or Thomas Swift, was born in Ga. 1784, and married Eunice Parkhurst of Ky. Thomas (?) Swift’s father was Jonathan Swift, born in Ireland in or near 1750, and married Miss Hanks (of Va. I think), a kinswoman of Abraham Lincoln’s mother. Had any of these Rev. ancestry?

(3) Ford-Carpenter. Stephen Ford b in Va., married Annie Carpenter and came to Madison
Co., Ky., prior to 1800. Had either of these Rev. ancestry?—O. F. B.

3728. St. Julian. Rene de St. Julian came to this country about 1700, married and lived in Maryland, later moved to Winchester, Va., and died and is buried there. His son, Isaac Julian, married Borba White, daughter of Dr. Robert White and Margaret Hoge. They had two sons, Rene Julian and Isaac Julian. Was Rene Julian in the Rev. war? They were living in Randolph Co., N. C., during the Rev. war. Whom did Rene Julian marry? He was married about 1775-1780 and he may have married a De Valcotte. De Valcotte is a family name now. The Juliens are French Huguenots. The first emigrant was Rene de St. Julian. He was in the English army and was given a land grant here.

(2) White-Estes. My gr. gr. grandfather John White of Augusta Co., Va., married Elizabeth Estes 1799, in Va. I would like to know if Elizabeth Estes’ father was a grandson of Col. Lewis and Betty Washington. They had a daughter who married an Estes, so I have been told. Was Elizabeth Estes’ father in the Rev. war? What was his given name? He married a Miss Woodfork. Some of their children’s names were Jack, Woodfork, Mary and Elizabeth Estes.

(3) Cook-Nichols-Campbell. My gr. gr. grandfather, James Cook, married Nichols, in N. C. about 1790. What was James Cook’s wife’s father’s name and was he in Rev. war? Was James Cook or his father, Silas Cook, in Rev. war—N. C. or Va. Silas Cook had a land grant of 200 a. in Caldwell Co., Ky., about 1808. Did he receive the land for Rev. service? James Cook’s daughter Penelope Cook, married Duncan Campbell of N. C. Duncan Campbell was with the Ky. State Militia 1814. Was Duncan Campbell’s father, William Campbell, in the Rev. war?

(4) Connelly-Bosket. I would like to know if my gr. gr. grandfather, William Connelly, served in the Rev. war. He was always called “Captain Billy.” He may have been in the N. C. State Militia. He was born about 1765-68, in Va. or N. C. Who was William Connelly’s father and was he in Rev. war—Va. or N. C.? William Connelly married a Miss Bosket and they raised their family in Shelby Co. and Fulton Co., Ky. Would like any information I can get of either the Connelly or Bosket family. They are old Va. families.—L. S. C.

3729. Sweet-Vaughen. Thomas Sweet, b Warwick, R. I. 1727, had a son Benjamin and a dau. Abigail, who m Caleb Vaughn Jr. of Coventry, R. I. Wanted, name of his wife, and date and place of death.—O. P. N.

3730. Fort-Knight. Frederick Fort m Anna Knight and is said to have been a Lieut. in the Rev. from Virginia, or one of the Southern states. Wanted, official proof of service.

(2) Marion. Nathaniel Marion, said to have been the nephew of Francis Marion, m Miss Wickham. What was the name of Nathaniel’s father, and did he serve in the Revolution?—P. S. P.

3731. Collins. Information wanted of the Rev. service of Lewis Collins Sen. I have a copy of a will of said Lewis which was dated Sept. 1783, and probated in Granville Co. N. C. His wife was Elizabeth, and his ch. were: Lois Gaton, Betsy Robinson of Virginia, Edward, Lewis, Wiley, and Dianna Carter Collins. Colonial or Rev. service desired by C. K. W.

3732. Tillotson-Smith-Stearns. Elizabeth Smith, b May 5, 1784, m Samuel Stearns Nov. 21, 1783, son of Lieut. Ebenezer Stearns of Lanesboro, Mass. Her mother was said to have been Mary Tillotson before marriage. Can anyone give me the ancestry of this Elizabeth Smith, with all dates?—E. W. H. S.

3733. Willson. Jeduthan Willson and his wife Polly of Lebanon, Conn. in 1780, had: Jeduthan, b 1752; Hesekiah, Joseph, Horace, Polly and Betsey. Ancestry desired of both Jeduthan and Polly, with all gen. data.

(2) Kidder-Ticknor. Paul Kidder and wife, Sarah Ticknor, living in or near Vergennes, Vt. 1830, d before 1850, leaving one son. Ancestry with all gen. data of both Paul and Sarah desired.—F. M.

3734. Carmer. Abram Carmer d Clarence, N. Y. Sept. 11, 1848, aged 87 years, 8 months and 11 days. He was married more than once; but the name of his last wife was Sarah Carter. She had one or two brothers in the Tory army and after the Revolution, they (the brothers) were granted land in Canada, where Wind Mill Point is now situated. Abram Carmer was a Rev. soldier, and supposed to have been a pensioner. He is supposed to have lived in N. J. and in the valley of the Mohawk before coming to Clarence.

(2) De La Mater. Isaac De La Mater, a Rev. soldier, was the son of John De Le Mater, who being too old to go into the service loaned some $1600. to the Government. Would this be considered sufficient to entitle me to recognition for his service? The money was returned to him with interest. The De La Maters are descended from Anneke Jans through the daughter Sarah's first husband.—E. S. M.

3735. Thorn-Watson. Do the names of Thomas Thorn or Stephen Watson both from S. C. appear in any published lists of soldiers from that state?—A. R.

3736. Bar-B-McCune. Was John Barr Sen. of Shippensburg, Cumberland Co. Penna. afterwards of Letterkenny twp. Franklin Co. Penna. in the war of the American Revolution?
There is mention made of a John Barr in the list of Cumberland Co. Militia in 1776-83. He was first a private under Capt. John Lowe and in 1778 was first Lieut. of the Sixth Battalion under Capt. Wm. Huston. John Barr’s third wife was Susannah McCune, and were supporters of Middle Spring Church; and John d in 1806, in Letterkenny twp. being possessed of lands in Franklin and Cumberland Co. and one son owned land in Westmoreland Co. After his death his wid. went to Ohio with her son John Barr Jr. and d at his home and is buried near Columbus, Ohio. John Barr Sen. had four brothers, William Sen. of Chambersburg, Pa. Samuel Sen. (whose son, John lived in Baltimore) Andrew and Robert (who lived in Westmoreland Co. and d without issue). John Sen. also had two sisters: Jane who m Mr. McWhorter; and Mary who m Daniel Grafton and d in Natches, Miss. in 1803. Can I claim the service given in the archives for John Barr Senior?

(2) McCUNE. Did the father of Susannah (McCune) Barr, mentioned above serve in the Revolution? In the same volume of Penna Archives, mention is made of four men by name of McCune who served: Andrew, William, Samuel and Henry. Could have these been her brothers. Any information in regard to her ancestry is greatly desired.—H. McL. F.

3737. BARTLETT-HIX-KIMBALL. Samuel Bartlett, b 1754, New Meadow, Maine, m (1) 1778 Miss Hix; m (2) Eleanor Martin Kimball. He had Samuel, b 1778, d 1846, m Eliza. (or Betsey) Keating, who was a dau. of Deacon Richard Keating b 1751, Kittery, Maine, moved to Knox Co. and d Apr. 22, 1839. Richard Keating m Mirtia Bridges who d April 1830, aged 77 years. Samuel Bartlett and Richard Keating are both said to have served in the Revolution. Can anyone give official proof? S. N. MoK.

3738. GRANNIS. John Grannis, son of John and Mary (Bradley) Grannis, b at North Haven, Conn., Sept. 18 1739. Enlisted in French and Indian war in April, 1761. Revolutionary soldier, enlisting in Massachusetts June 25, 1775. On Jan. 1, 1776 he was commissioned captain of 3rd. Company for sea coast defence, stationed at Elizabeth Islands and Martha’s Vineyard. He removed, some time after 1777, to North Carolina. Census of 1790 gives him as living in the Edenton District, Currituck Co., N. C., there being in his family (including head) three males over sixteen years of age, two females and two slaves. Information desired as to name of his wife and children or any descendants.—F. A. S.

3739. SCOUT-GILBERT. Information wanted of the family of Elizabeth Scout, who married Nathan Gilbert of Bucks Co., Penn., Nov. 17, 1772. She married (2) John Smith about or prior to 1790 in Berkley Co. Va. and survived him also. She had a brother “Cobus” Scout who was with Gen. Wayne at the storming of Stony Point. She is supposed to have had a sister who married Elias Gilbert, a brother of Nathan.

(2) MOORE-DAVIDSON. Daniel Moore married Elizabeth Davidson. They moved from the Shenandoah Valley, Va., to Adams Co., Ohio, about 1800. Information wanted concerning their parentage and families.

(3) CRUZEN-HOUGH. Elizabeth Cruzen, a native of Maryland, married John Hough, a native of Penn., in Penn. about or prior to 1795 and about the year 1800 they moved to Ohio. It is probable that they were in Ky. some time before going to Ohio. Information wanted.—R. E. C.

3740. TAYLOR. George Taylor, born Aug. 1st, 1751, married Catharine Bacon, April 11th, 1805. She was the daughter of Michael Bacon and Isabel Bourland. Would like dates of birth, marriage and death of Michael Bacon and his wife, also their parentage.

(2) BOWLAND. George Taylor was son of Daniel Taylor, b Aug. 13, 1761, and his wife, Jane Rowland, married in Virginia in 1780, afterward lived in Tennessee. Want parentage of Jane Rowland.

(3) HUTCHINGS. John Hutchings was born in Culpepper Co., Virginia, in 1814. Who were his parents?

(4) BURNHAM. Job Burnham moved to Saco, Me., in 1720. He had a son, Daniel Burnham, whose daughter, Rebecca Burnham, married Jonathan Moulton in 1788. Did Daniel Burnham serve in the Rev. War? What were the dates of his birth, marriage, and death? His wife’s maiden name?

(5) MOULTON. Jonathan Moulton (1766-1845) and Rebecca Burnham had a daughter, Rebecca Moulton, who married John Andrews in Me. or N. H. in 1826. They moved to Ohio. Who were the parents of John Andrews (1795-1875)?

(6) WRIGHT. Dr. Elisha Wright, born and educated in Vermont died in Marion, N. Y. He was the son of John Wright and Hannah Covey. Hannah Covey Wright lived to be nearly ninety years old, was born about 1760. It is said that she cooked for the soldiers at Bennington, Vermont. Want parentage of John Wright, Hannah Covey, with dates of birth, marriage and death. Is there a Wright family book with this line in it?

(7) BARBER. Timothy Barber born in Onondaga Co., N. Y., moved to Plymouth, Ind., had children, viz., Levi Barber, Dan Barber, Sarah, m Wm. Grove Pomeroy and moved to Mo.,
GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Irene, m James Taylor about 1840. Can any one help trace the Barber line and give dates.

(8) HALE. Daniel Allen m 1788 Alathea Hale in Washington Co., Tenn. She was the daughter of Richard Hale. Did Richard Hale serve in the Rev. war? Where and when was he born? Married? His wife's maiden name?

(9) TYLER. Timothy Tyler married Lois and had a daughter Lois Tyler. Timothy Tyler d 1755 in Sharon, Conn. One Lois Tyler m Matthew Cole 1755-6, another Lois Taylor m William Wattles 1755, according to Sharon records. I believe from the will of Bezaleel Tyler, Lois Wattles is his gr. daugher, and the daughter of Timothy Tyler. What was the maiden name of the wife of Timothy Tyler?

(10) SUTHERLAND. Would like Rev. war record of Saunders Sutherland, lived in Caswell Co. N. C. at the beginning of the war. Afterwards lived in Fluvanna Co., Va., m 2nd time Sarah Davis.—K. G.

NOTES

Autobiographical Sketches of Citizens of Clay County, Mo.

(Through the courtesy of Mrs. G. W. Clardy, Liberty, Clay Co., Mo., the following declarations, which appeared in the "Tribune" of Liberty, Mo., during the years 1869 and 1870, have been copied for the Genealogical Department. They were made for the purpose of arousing public sentiment in favor of those whose ancestors had been American citizens for generations, and restoring to them the ballot of which they had been deprived during the Reconstruction period. They have been divided into two parts. Part I contains the narratives of those who mentioned ancestors who fought in the Revolution, and are arranged alphabetically according to the Rev. ancestor. Part II embraces those who did not mention Rev. ancestry, but whose lines extend far enough back to be of great value to their many descendants in other parts of the country.—Gen. Ed.)

PART I.

ANDERSON. My father was b N. J. 1775, and fought through the Rev. war; was in several of the hardest battles. Moved to Ky. soon after the close of the war; settled in Franklin Co. where I was b Oct. 1799, and cast my first vote for Monroe for President in 1820; . . . .moved to Clay Co. in 1852 with ab. $25,000 worth of property which was all taken from me during the late Civil war.

Spencer Anderson.

BAKER. I was b Lincoln Co. Ky. May 17, 1801. My father was a native of Prince Edward Co. Va. and emigrated to Ky. at a very early day. My grandfather, CALEB BAKER, late of Prince Edward Co. Va. was a Rev. soldier, and was in numerous battles against the British. I emigrated from Ky. and settled in Clay Co. in 1839. Caleb W. Baker.

BOONE. I was b Clarke Co. Ky. Oct. 2, 1800. My father was a native of Maryland, and my brother of Kentucky. My great grandfather on the maternal side, was a brother of DANIEL BOONE. My ancestors emigrated to Ky. with Daniel Boone, and my grandfather assisted in the recapture of Boone's daughter and Edmund Calloway's daughter when they were stolen by the Indians at Boonesborough. My grandfathers on the paternal and maternal side were both in the Continental army during the Revolution; my uncle Col. MICAH TAUL, and Capt THOMAS COFER were in the War of 1812. I settled in Clay Co. in 1850. Arthur T. Taul.

CURD. I was b Henry Co. Ky. Feb. 20, 1804. My father was a native of Goochland Co. Va. and emigrated to Ky. in 1790. My maternal uncle, JOHN CURD, now in Logan Co. Ky. if living, was a soldier in the Continental Army, and was wounded. My father died when I was so young I was unable to retain in memory any facts connected with the Rev. I came to Clay Co. in 1855. George M. Pryor.

DARBY. I was b Caswell Co. N. C. Feb. 28, 1808. Both grandfathers served under George Washington in the Rev. army. I emigrated to Clay Co. in the spring of 1830. A. L. Darby.
DUNCAN. I was b Jan. 13, 1807 in Bourbon Co., Ky., four miles due north of Paris; moved with my father to Clay Co. in 1825; have been a member of the Christian Church for 32 yrs. and an elder of the Smithville Church 26 years. served in the Black Hawk war under Col. Shubael Allen; and as Justice of the Peace six years. Grandfather was a captain in the Rev. war, and I had five uncles in the War of 1812. Alexander Brackenridge Duncan.

ESTES. I was b Cabell Co. Va. June 17, 1803. I am of pure old Virginia stock. My ancestors emigrated from England to Virginia more than 120 yrs. before my birth. My grandfather, JOEL ESTES, was a Rev. soldier in the Continental Army. My maternal grandfather, Jeremiah Ward, d. 1812 in Cabell Co. Va. at the age of 114 yrs. I came to Clay Co. in 1823. Littlebury Estes.

FLEMING. I was b Sept. 15, 1792 in Rockingham Co. Va. My father served in the Rev. war as an officer; was at Brandywine, Yorktown, and in numerous other battles; was a part of the time in the cavalry, in the legion commanded by Light Horse Harry Lee. He emigrated with his family to Fayette Co. Ky. in 1805. I was in the War of 1812 and served in the battle of Tippecanoe and two fights in Canada; emigrated to Mo. in 1820, and to Clay Co. July 4, 1822. James Fleming.

JEFFRIES. I was b Fauquier Co., Va., Sept. 14, 1809. My father was in the Rev. war, and also in the War of 1812. I moved to Mo. in 1850. William Jeffries.

McCORKLE. I was b Augusta Co. Va. six miles from Staunton, Mch. 2, 1798. My father was a Virginian and served throughout the entire Rev. war in the American army. He was at Yorktown, and saw Cornwallis's sword handed to Gen. Lincoln. I emigrated to K'y, with my father in 1800, came to Mo. in 1816, and settled on the Onion in what is now Lincoln Co.; came to Clay Co. in 1824. John McCorkle.

MATHEWS. I was b Augusta Co. Va. April 11, 1792. My forefathers were a stiff-necked, rebellious people when their rights and liberties were invaded. They fought against Great Britain seven years for their independence, in which my uncle GEORGE MATHEWS was conspicuous. He was in office during the Rev. war, and was taken prisoner. After the war he emigrated to Georgia where he was elected Governor, holding that office when the state ratified the Constitution of the U.S. and signed his name to that document. My father emigrated to Kentucky in 1782. He built the first water mill that was ever built in Madison Co. About this time he joined the Separate Baptists, and continued a member until the Union between them and the regular Baptists which took place in the log meeting-house in Madison Co. Ky. I was present and heard the terms of union agreed upon. He d in Howard Co. Mo. April 23, 1830. I have been the Clerk and Deacon of the United Baptist Church until the infirmities of old age forbade it. In 1824 I emigrated to Mo. lived in Howard Co. 18 yrs. then in Bay Co. from 1842 to 1860, where my wife died; then divided my property between my children and reside with my son in law, John McCorkle and my daughter, Elizabeth. Ebenezer Titus.

MILLER. I was b Stokes Co. North Carolina, Feb. 6, 1787; moved to Clay Co. Mo. in the spring of 1837; was a volunteer in the War of 1812, and my father was a soldier under George Washington in the Rev. war. Frederic Miller.

MOORE. I was b Madison Co. Ky. in 1805. My parents came to Ky. from Va. in 1803. My grandfather, DAVID MOORE served in the army under Washington in the struggle for Independence. I came to Clay Co. in 1821, and settled the place John U. Williams now lives on. When I first came to Liberty it was a brier and pawpaw patch. I have aided in all public improvements. I built the U. S. Arsenal at Baxter's Landing, before the war, and owned about 5000 acres of land. David M. Bevins.

MORRIS. I was b Mason Co. Ky. Jan. 3, 1810. My father was a native of Essex Co. N. J. My mother was a native of Stafford Co. Va. My grandfather on my mother's side was in the Continental Army, during the Rev. and was at the siege of Yorktown. His army encamped for some days earlier in the Rev. on the farm in Essex Co. N. J. of my grandfather on my father's side, DAVID MORRIS. My father was in the War of 1812, and was on the staff of Gen. Desha. I settled in Clay Co. in 1849. James M. Morris.

NALL. I was b Scott Co. Ky. June 18, 1802. My father and mother were both from Culpepper Co. Va. My grandfather, Col. WILLIAM NALL, was an officer in the American army during the Rev. war. My father served as a private in the War of 1812, and was in the Battle of the River Raisin. I came to Clay Co. in 1822. William Nall.

PIKETT. I was b Orange Co. North Carolina, Feb. 18, 1804. I am of Revolutionary stock. My grandfather, EDWARD PIKETT, served in the Continental Army the greater part of the war, and was at the battle of Guilford under Gen. Greene. My maternal grandfather was also in the Continental army. I came to Clay Co. in the fall of 1829, and have been a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church here for about 25 years. Edward Pickett.

"The magazine improves with each issue. Six persons joined my chapter last year through help obtained from the Genealogical Department."
The State Conferences of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri are taking place as this issue goes to press. Our Chairman in those States, Mrs. Mack, Mrs. Denny, Mrs. Bissell, Mrs. Kochitizky respectively, are reporting the work they have done in their States to promote the National Old Trails Road which we are urging as the National Ocean to Ocean Highway.

This road is the best transcontinental road for motorists to the Panama-Pacific Exposition. Our committee is at work now painting the road signs which will be finished by the time the roads are opened for spring travel. The route will be designated entirely across the continent by red, white and blue bands on the telephone poles. These colors must not be used by other roads. The historic roads in various parts of the country are being revived through the impetus of this committee. These are local state roads and should not be confused with the National Old Trails Road; a distinctive name and road sign should be adopted for each of these local roads.

The National Old Trails Road is a name coined by the national chairman and given to the route that, stretching across the continent, links together Boston, New York, Washington with Kansas City, Santa Fe and San Francisco. This road is composed of several famous old trails that together form a trunk line that reaches from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The President General, the national chairman, the state and chapter regents, have appointed members on this committee whose duty it is to promote this idea until we get our bill passed by Congress. Our bill provides that Congress build and maintain this road as a national highway.

Local roads that are of concern to each state must be taken care of as a state matter by the state committee; the National Old Trails Road is a national issue which claims the support not only of the national and state committees, but of every live member of our society. Its name and its road sign must be kept inviolable and not used on local roads.

The following address by Mrs. Matt Hall was made at Arrow Rock, Mo., (see frontispiece), on the occasion of the annual motor pilgrimage to an historic old town of Missouri; to this village of 150 people, 101 motor cars, carrying 500 people, arrived one bright summer day for a picnic to celebrate the revival of the old town from a half-century of desuetude. This revival is due solely to the activities of this committee in reopening and signing the National Old Trails Road, which runs through Arrow Rock.

Address of Mrs. Matt Hall, Regent, Patsy Gregg Chapter, Napolton, Missouri

Mr. Chairman and Friends of the Old Trail:

I am here today as a representative of the Patsy Gregg Chapter, D. A. R.

We love the Old Trail, and we believe that it should become a permanent and well-marked highway, and that the memory of the men and women who first blazed it for us, who first laid it like a fair ribbon across the virgin bosom of our State, should be perpetuated.

We would write the history of the Old Trail, the story of those pioneers, the incidents of their daily lives, their undertakings and their accomplishments, their failures and their successes, their joys.
and their sorrows, the memory of their blood and tears, the very inscriptions upon their forgotten tombs—we would write them all upon the very face of the Old Trail itself, so that all who run may read, and reading, prophesy for us and for our children a great and marvelous destiny.

We are proud that the idea of preserving the Pathway of the Pioneers across the continent, originated with a Missouri woman; someone has recently said: "Missouri is the Jamestown and the Plymouth of all the western states," and I say, Miss Gentry is making it the Cradle of the National Highway.

It is interesting to let our fancy follow and flit over the Old Trail; to wonder what might, or what might not have been, if our ancestors had feared too much its dangers and its difficulties; if they had feared to face pestilence and famine, wild beasts and wilder men.

If they had never unlocked these great doors to the West, Alaska's gold might still lie hidden in the dark bowels of the earth, and the eastern slopes of the Rockies might yet be unsealed; California's vast wheat fields might never yet have offered their nodding acres to the reapers' sickle, and our great western plains might still be an arid and unirrigated desert; Joaquin Miller might be an unknown name, and "The Luck of Roaring Camp" an untold story.

The Mighty West! "An empire gained without the guilt of studied battles!"

"Oh, Sires and mothers of our West, How shall we count your proud bequest?"

Honor the pioneers! Honor them in song and story, in permanent trail and granite marker! Honor them in speech and historic pilgrimage! Honor them for their own sakes—honor them for ours! For we have come fast and far within the last one hundred years; we have blazed many broad new trails into many fair and unimagined fields, since first our forefathers lifted their axes to the old.

We have accomplished much, and if our ancestors of a hundred years ago are with us in spirit today—if they today have made with us this historic pilgrimage to Old Arrow Rock, I believe they are proud of their progeny. I believe with the man who said: "This is the best hour of the best day of the best year of the best century that the world has ever known." I believe this, our pessimist to the contrary notwithstanding. For the pessimist we have always with us; the man who lauds the good old days, and the good old times, the good old men and women, and the good old ways; and who speaks in mournful cadence of the degeneracy of our own times; the man who draws invidious comparisons between the size of your family and that of your great grandfather, and who points the finger of scorn at your desire to own a motor car; forgetting—this pessimist—that, in the days of your great grandfather, children were assets in the business of life, whereas today children are liabilities in the business of life; forgetting that to be well equipped to meet the exigencies and complexities of modern life, the ownership of a motor car is to you as vital a necessity as the ownership of an oxcart was to your great grandfather.

It required far less to finance the Old Trail than does the New. Do you remember about the middle of the last century, when we were just beginning to realize the possibilities of our trade with Mexico and our Santa Fe Trail was being beaten into a well-marked road, that some adventurous spirit (ancestor, perhaps, of Cook or Peary), following this Santa Fe Trail to where it turned to the southwest, about one hundred miles west of Independence, looked with longing eyes toward the northwest, and straightway blazed a trail into that far country? And that some other enterprising individual (ancestor, perhaps, of Miss Gentry or Mrs. Van Brunt), thinking within herself that this new Trail should be marked, drove down at the spot where the new Trail branched off from the old, a little stake, and on the stake he nailed
a tiny board, bearing this legend: "The Road to Oregon?" Two minutes' thought and five minutes' work, to mark the trail into that land of inexhaustible resources, more than two thousand miles away!

Yes, we have come fast and far! We have blazed the way to great attainments; and if we have done well, if we have accomplished good, it is because our arms are nerved by the same force that nerved the arm of the pioneer. Did you ever stop to think that history records only our good deeds? Shakespeare to the contrary notwithstanding, it is the good men do that lives after them, and the evil is interred with their bones.

Except in rare instances of signally base turpitude, history does not record the evil that men do.

History asks of a man: "How many bridges did he build? How many oceans did he chart? How many continents did he discover? How many schools did he support? How many new trails did he blaze?"

It asks of a woman: "How much flax did she spin? How many yards of cloth did she weave? How many hurts did she heal? How many books did she write? How many children did she rear to a successful maturity? Along how many old trails did she revive the memory of forgotten deeds?"

It asks not of the evil.

Except the good a man does far overbalance the evil, History disdains to write his name upon her fair pages.

And this brings me inevitably to my conclusion: If we would have the names of this generation written in history beside those of former generations—if we would have the new trails which we are blazing become permanent and well-traveled highways—if we would have them lead into fair fields of good accomplished and fitly recorded, and to those heighth entitled "Notable Achievements," which lead to still greater heights yet unattained—then we must blaze these new trails with the same axe our grandsires used to blaze the old—"the axe upon whose helve is written "Honor and truth, courage, loyalty, patience, and hope; love of family, love of country, love of God, devotion to a cause!"

Thus equipped, he may explore the plains of Mars, and blaze a trail to Jupiter!

* * *

George Washington's Inaugural Journey

Described in despatches of April 22—May 5, 1789 to the Pennsylvania Gazette and Pennsylvania Packet from cities along the route.*

Thursday, April 16th, 1789.—"April 16th about 10 o'clock I bade adieu to Mr. Vernon, to private life, and to domestic felicity and with a mind pressed with more anxiety and painful sensations than I have words to express, set out for New York in company with Mr. Thompson and Colonel Humphreys, with the best disposition to render services to my country in obedience to its calls, but with less hope of answering its expectations.—Washington's Diary."

Alexandria, April 23d.—Last Thursday (April 16), the great and illustrious citizen of America, George Washington, Esq., passed through this town on his way to New York accompanied by Mr. Charles Thompson. He was met some miles out of town by a numerous escort of his friends and neighbors, whose attachment to him was such that, not satisfied with attending him to the verge of their own state, they crossed over in numerous crowds to Georgetown, where they surrendered him over to the arms of an affectionate sister state. In compliance with their wishes, we partook with them of an early dinner prepared at Mr. Wise's Tavern. At his departure, an affectionate address was presented to him by the citizens, to which he made a reply expressive of his feelings on the occasion.

Georgetown, April 23d.—Last Thursday (April 16) passed through this town on his way to New York, the most illustrious, the
President of the United States of America with Charles Thompson, Esq., Secretary to Congress. His Excellency arrived at about 2 o'clock, on the banks of the Potomac, escorted by a respectable corps of gentlemen from Alexandria, where the Georgetown ferry boats, perfectly equipped, received His Excellency and suite, and safely landed them, under the acclamations of a large crowd of very grateful fellow citizens—who beheld their Fabuis in the evening of his days bid adieu to the peaceful retreat of Mt. Vernon in order to save his country once more from confusion and anarchy. From this place His Excellency was escorted by the corps of gentlemen, commanded by Colonel William Dekins, Jr., to Mr. Spurrier’s Tavern, where the escort from Baltimore took charge of him.

Baltimore, April 21st.—The President of the United States arrived at this place on his way to Congress, on Friday afternoon, the 17th inst., with Charles Thompson, Esq., and Colonel Humphreys. This great man was met some miles from town by a large body of respectable citizens on horseback and conducted under a discharge of cannon, to Mr. Grant’s Tavern (Fountain Inn) through crowds of admiring spectators.

At 6 o’clock a committee chosen in consequence of the late notification to adjust the preliminaries for his reception, waited upon him with an address which he answered. A great number of the citizens were presented to him and very graciously received. Having arrived too late for a public dinner, he accepted an invitation to supper, from which he retired a little after 10 o’clock.

Baltimore, April 21st.—On Saturday morning (April 18th) he was in his carriage at half past five o’clock when he left town, under a discharge of cannon, by a body of citizens on horseback. These gentlemen accompanied him 7 miles, when, alighting from his carriage, he would not permit them to proceed any further; he took leave of them after thanking them in an affectionate and obliging manner for their politeness. We shall only add on this occasion that those who saw him before and those who never had, were equally anxious to see him. Such is the rare impression excited by his uncommon character and virtues.

Wilmington, April 25th.—On Sunday last (April 19), His Excellency, the President General, arrived in this Borough whither he was accompanied by a number of gentlemen of this state who also attended him next morning to the Pennsylvania line, on his way to New York. Upon his departure, the corporation of this Borough, attended by many of the inhabitants, waited upon His Excellency with an address of congratulation, which was most graciously received.

At Philadelphia, April 22d.—Monday last (April 20) His Excellency, George Washington, Esq., the President-elect of the United States, arrived in this city, about 1 o’clock, accompanied by the President of the State (Thomas Mifflin), Governor St. Clair, the Speaker of the Assembly (Richard Peters), the Chief Justice (Thomas McKean), Hon. Mr. Read, the Attorney General (William Gradford, Jr.), and Secretary Thompson, the two city troops of horse and the county troop and detachment of artillery, a body of light infantry and numerous concourse of citizens on horseback and on foot.

His Excellency rode in front of the procession on horseback; the number of spectators who filled the doors, windows and streets through which he passed, was greater than on any other occasion we ever remember.

The joy of the whole city upon this august spectacle cannot easily be described. Every countenance seemed to say “Long, long live George Washington, the Father of the people!” At 3 o’clock His Excellency sat down to an elegant entertainment of 250 covers, at the City Tavern prepared for him by the citizens of Philadelphia.

(Continued next month)
Marriage Record Exchange
Through the National Committee on Historical Research
Mrs. Charles Wesley Bassett, Historian General, Chairman

Marriages in Worcester Co., Maryland 1795-1797

Thomas Calhoun to Nancy Taylor.
Leonard Johnson to Aralanta Brittingham.
Philip Morris to Nancy Mumford, Sept. 18.
Robert Givans to Rosanna Butler, Oct. 22.
William Baynum to Betsy Carey, Nov. 30.
Angelor Atkinson to Sarah Hudson, Nov. 30.
John Baston to Piercy Gray, Dec. 1.
Milby Purnell to Amelia Parker, Dec. 8.
Abraham Wyatt to Nancy Pennnwell, Dec. 11.
James Taylor to Peggy Aydlett, Dec. 11.
James Tripp to Jane Purnell, Dec. 18.
Archibald Smith to Mary Hammond, Dec. 18.
Ezekiel Henderson to Hannah Timmins, Dec. 30.
McKimmey Hudson to Hannah Dymock, Dec. 30.

1796.
Abijah Davis to Catherine Pointer, Jan. 4.
Rouse Gray to Bridgett Cathell, Jan. 4.
William Porter to Naomi Sturges, Jan. 4.
Stephen Dryden to Catherine Dryden, Jan. 29.
Caleb Powell to Elizabeth Bethards, Feb. 1.
William Tingle to Sarah Long, Feb. 4.
George Hall to Hesse Bowen, Feb. 4.
Turpin to Betty Raciffe, May 27.
George Twilley to Rosetta Taylor, July 3.
Edward Burbage to Mary Smock, July 3.
Hezekiah Wright to Eliza Hudson, July 11.
Nehemiah Holland to Martha Richardson, July 19.
John K. Truitt to Mary Teague, March 1.
Thomas Harris to Sarah Mills, March 8.
Josiah Nelson to Margaret Smith, March 15.
Daniel Cottingham to Polly Tilghman, March 18.
Benjamin Hudson to Elizabeth Williams, March 25.
William S. White to Betsy S. Waggaman, April 11.
Elgate Drishale to Anna Dykes, April 15.
Zadock Marshall to Peggy Costen, Nov. 25.
Samuel Bishop to Mary Smith, Oct. 18.
John Jackson to Eliza Burbage, Oct. 18.
Ephraim Townsend to Rachel Caster, Oct. 20.
John Slocomb to Polly McCreddy, Oct. 25.
Jabez Brumby to Martha Tarr, Oct. 25.
Zadock Marshall to Peggy Costen, Nov. 25.
Zadock Wheeler to Martha B. Dixon, Nov. 25.
John Parker to Nancy Parker, Aug. 4.
John Gowtée to Polly Disharoon, Aug. 17.
Thomas White to Sarah Nution, Aug. 20.
Samuel Blades to Tabitha Jones, Aug. 26.
George Taylor to Polly Timmons, Sept. 5.
Isaack Brittingham to Betsy Townsend, Sept. 25.
Sylvester Uriah Roberts to Sarah Gillet, Oct. 1.
John Tunnel to Mary Selby, Oct. 6.
George Houston to Rhoda Bratton, Dec. 16.
Ephraim Timmons to Patty Holliday, Dec. 16.
Jonathan Miles to Leah Tull, Dec. 16.
Turner Dorris, Jr., to Mary Bowen, Dec. 21.
Warren Hudder to Polly Johnson, Dec. 21.
John Johnson to Sally Chapper, Dec. 21.
Jacob Teague to Ziporah Rounds, Dec. 21.
William Hughes to Mary Houston, Dec. 24.
Thomas Tindale to Agnus Melvin, Dec. 29.
Charles Parker to Talitha Johnson, Jan. 10.
John Purnell to Dolly Bennett, Jan. 10.
William Hammond to Betsy Gibbs, Jan. 11.
William C. Brown to Leah Wilson, Jan. 23.
John Sturges to Tabitha Brumby, Jan. 24.
John Sturges to Nancy Bishop, Jan. 25. (†)
Henry White to Sally Lister, Jan. 30.
William Nelson to Sally Sturges, Jan. 31.

John Farr to Peggy Allen, Jan. 31.
James Johnson to Patty Baker, Jan. 31.
William Bell to Polly Pitts, Feb. 1.
James Collins to Polly White, Feb. 8.
Jesse Mufford to Betsy Richardson, Feb. 10.

The General Assembly of Virginia passed an Act in October, 1780, for dividing Brunswick County into two distinct Counties, to take effect February 1, 1781; the new County to be called Greensville.

Below are extracts from the first Order Book of the newly erected County of Greensville, copied by Mrs. William Walter Robertson, of the Joseph Hedges Chapter, of Emporia, Virginia.

At a meeting of the Justices for the County of Greensville at Hicks’s Ford on Thursday the twenty-second day of February in the Year of our Lord Christ, one thousand seven hundred and eighty one, and in the Fifth year of the Commonwealth, in pursuance to an Act of Assembly passed at the last session for dividing the County of Brunswick into two distinct Counties. The said Act was produced and read, as also a Commission of the Peace and Oyer and Terminer for the County directed to James Watt, Douglas Wilkins, William Starke, Alexander Watson, James Mann, William Mason, Wm. Batte, John Turner, John Dawson, Thomas Cocke, Simon Turner, William Watson, Philip Person, Edmund Wilkins, Charles Lucas junior, William Stark junior, John Lucas, Richard Peete, Wm. Maclin, and Jordan Richardson, Gentlemen. Whereupon, the said William Starke and James Mann administered the oaths to the Commonwealth, the oath of a Judge at Common Law and Chancery, and of Oyer and Terminer to Douglas Wilkins, gent, according to Law, and the said Douglas Wilkins administered the said oaths to Wm. Stark, James Mason, Wm. Stark junior, John Lucas and Jordan Richardson, Gentlemen.

Present. The above named Qualified Justices.
Daniel Fisher, gent, is appointed by the Court to act as Attorney for the Commonwealth in this County Court, he having taken the oath to this Commonwealth, and of his Office, according to Law.

James Wall, gent, produced a Commission appointing him Sheriff of the County, having taken the oaths of his office according to Law and entered into Bond in the penalty of one hundred thousand pounds with James Mason his security, conditioned as the Law directs, which bond is ordered to be recorded.

Robert Mabry and Nathaniel Lucas are admitted and qualified as Deputy Sheriffs of the County according to Law.

A Bond from Robert Mabry and Nathaniel Lucas to James Wall was recorded.

The last Will and Testament of Nathaniel Malone deceased was partly proved by the oath of Thomas Morris—junior, a witness thereto.

Order Book I, page 1.

At a Court held for Greensville County on Thursday the twenty-second day of March in the Year of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and eighty one, and in the Fifth year of the Commonwealth.


Edmund Wilkins and William Maclin gent, named in the Commission of the Peace for the County took the Oaths to the Commonwealth and of Common Law Chancery and Oyer and Terminer according to Law and then took their seats accordingly.

On the motion of Peter Pelham gent he is appointed Clerk of this County Court, he having taken the oaths to the Commonwealth and of his office according to Law.

The last Will and Testament of Nathaniel Malone deceased was fully proved by the oath of Robert Powell a Witness thereto and is ordered to be recorded.


William Fanning, Daniel Sills, Timothy Redding and Richard Peete (they having first sworn) are appointed to appraise in current money the estate of Charles Lucas junior deceased according to Law and return the appraisement thereof to the Court.

Wilson Shehorn is appointed Surveyor of the Road in the room of Benjamin Sykes and the hands that belong to the said Road do attend and keep the same in repair according to Law.


At a Court for Greensville County on Thursday the twenty-sixth day of April in the year of our Lord Christ one thousand seven hundred and eighty one, in the Fifth year of the Commonwealth.


The last Will and Testament of Seymour Powell deceased was proved according to Law by the Oaths of Daniel Fisher, Thomas Hicks and Henry Bass Witnesses thereto, and ordered to be recorded. And on motion of James Bancome and John Rogers the Executors herein named who made oath thereto according to Law and together with James Mason, Benjamin Hicks, Francis Dancey their Securities entered into and acknowledged their Bond in the Penalty of two hundred thousand pounds, conditioned as the Law directs. Certificate is granted them for obtaining a probate thereof in due form.

In Memoriam

Mrs. Sarah Lay Selden died on April 14, 1914, at her home in Escanaba, Mich. She was born at Lyme, Conn., February 10, 1829, and was married to Samuel Hart Selden on June 17, 1853, moving to Escanaba in 1865, where the family has lived ever since. It was here Mrs. Selden organized and taught the first Sunday School class in Escanaba. She helped organize the first Literary Club, and its meetings were also held at her home.

Here also, on January 16, 1908, was founded the Lewis Cass Chapter, with Mrs. Selden as its first Regent, to which office she was unanimously re-elected each year.

Mrs. Anna Baurichter, nee Shaffner, a valued member of the Quaker City Chapter, died at her home in Philadelphia, on June 11, 1914. Mrs. Baurichter was also a member of the Stephen Decatur Chapter of the Daughters of 1812.

Mrs. Wealthy Merwin Ives, wife of John Ives, died at her home on March 6, 1914, in her 85th year. Mrs. Ives was an earnest worker in the City Mission Society, of which she was a former president. She was a charter member of Ruth Hart Chapter, and the Library Club. Mrs. Ives was the daughter of Harriet White and Squire Miles Merwin, the latter an officer in the War of 1812. She also descended from a long line of Revolutionary ancestors.

Mrs. Margaret Griswold Barker, a devoted member of Lake Dunmore Chapter, of Brandon, Vt., died on December 28, 1913, aged 71 years. She was a descendant of Jonathan Gale. She had represented the chapter many times in State Assembly and Continental Congress, and in her passing the chapter mourns a loved and honored member.

Mrs. Louise Lackland Bronaugh (Mrs. C. C.) died at her home in Battle Creek, Mich., June 13, 1913. She was a loyal member of the Mexico (Missouri) Chapter.

Miss Nancy Sherrard died at her home in Steubenville, Ohio, March 10, 1914, at the advanced age of 86 years.

Her childhood was spent near Steubenville and in 1850 she was graduated from the Steubenville Seminary, which was in its day one of the foremost schools in the country for the training of young women.

From 1851 to 1874, Miss Sherrard was principal of various schools in Penna., Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana, and in 1874 she was elected principal of the Washington Seminary, which position she held until 1897.

She was a charter member of Washington County Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, having affiliated with that institution in 1892.

Mrs. Amelia Forney Wyly, founder and honorary life-regent of the Peter Forney Chapter, Montgomery, Ala., died on April 27, 1914. A descendant of Gen. Peter Forney, a gallant Revolutionary soldier, for whom the chapter was named, she exemplified in her character and life that bravery, loyalty, and devotion to duty which was inherent in her ancestry.

Notwithstanding her advanced age, seventy-six years, her mind was clear and alert, and her zeal in all religious and patriotic work unfailing. Responsive to all calls of the Daughters of the American Revolution, the magazine was the special object of her solicitude and interest, and she never lost an opportunity to urge its claims.

Miss Catherine R. Swinnerton, a well beloved member of Cherry Valley Chapter, Cherry Valley, N. Y., died at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Md., on May 20, 1914.

Buffalo Chapter announces with regret the death of four members:

Miss Sarah H. Rockwood, on April 22, 1914.

Mrs. Charles Sumner Jones, on May 20, 1914.

Miss Mary Bailey Reyburn, on June 2, 1914.

Mrs. Sarah Bishop Carl, on July 19, 1914.

Mrs. Carl was the last of the four Real Daughters of the Buffalo Chapter and had she lived two days longer would have attained her ninetieth year, having been born July 21, 1824.

Mrs. Alma Felt McIntyre, wife of Dr. G. W. McIntyre of St. Peter, Minn., died on July 9, 1914. Mrs. McIntyre was a member of the Richard Somers Chapter, and was descended from a long line of New England ancestors. Her Revolutionary ancestor, Joseph Felt, served seven years in the war.

Mrs. Inez Lackey Park Smith, wife of Mr. George H. Smith, died on August 14, 1914. Mrs. Smith was born in Massachusetts and came of Revolutionary stock. She took an active part in patriotic societies, and her bright and affable nature drew to her a large circle of warm friends.

Mrs. Smith was a true friend, her keen mind and warm heart were always seeking ways to encourage her friends and invariably she sought and found the good in all. She was a member of Spirit of "76 Chapter and held office in the chapter several times in recent years. She served as State treasurer of the Louisiana D. A. R. from 1912 to 1914. She also served as vice-president of the United States Daughters of the War of 1812 and took an active interest in all patriotic work.
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Daughters of the American Revolution
Headquarters Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

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1914-1915

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MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER, 1896.

MRS. MILDRED S. MATHER, 1899.

MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.

MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.

MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.

MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.

MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, 1911.

MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, 1913.

MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 1913.

MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, 1914.

MRS. DRAYTON W. BUSHNELL, 1914.
The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall, at 10.30 a.m., Wednesday, October 7, 1914.

The President General welcomed the members and referred by name to many of them who had come from a distance to attend the meeting.

Mrs. Lockwood, Chaplain General, quoted from the proclamation of the President of the United States, setting aside Sunday, October 4, "as a day of prayer and supplication to Almighty God to restore once more that concord amongst men and nations without which there can be neither happiness nor true friendship nor any wholesome fruit of toil or thought in the world," and asked permission of the Board to read the following by Herman Bidder:

"If our prayers for peace are heard, a great burden will be lifted from the women of Europe. After all, they pay the greatest price. We men sacrifice so recklessly the life they create with so much loving care and desperate suffering. For each soldier who bleeds his life away prematurely, some woman has gone down into the valley of death to give him that life from which humanity has received so little in return.

The human body has been reared at a cost of suffering, expense, and experience; it is an investment of civilization resting on years of development; it embodies the results of centuries of evolution, and it is being wasted more helplessly than the maddest spendthrift squanders his patrimony. It is difficult for a man whose point of view toward living things is affected by countless generations, imbued with the desire to kill and the lust for battle, to look upon this frightful carnage and realize the waste from the point of view of a woman.

I confess to a belief that woman should have a direct voice in the control of affairs. The producer should have a say in the thing he or she produces. Woman produces human life and war destroys it. If woman had a large voice in the counsel of nations there would be no dictate, there would be no shibboleth, no war slogan, no dream or necessity of empire which could lead her into the sacrifice of that life of which she and she alone knows the real value."

After reading a verse from the Scriptures, the Chaplain General offered the following prayer:

"Father of the Universe, Father of the nations of the earth, Father of its people; we lift our hearts in thanks today for the loving care that has hovered over us since we have been separated and that has brought us together once more in the line of duty. Be a help to us in our deliberations to be just and true, not only to the better natures within us, but that we may be instrumental in the uplift of our nation, thereby a blessing and not a curse to those who are its citizens. As we look over the face of this fair earth and witness the strife, the struggle, and the discord that prevails—the murderous ravages of war that must leave desolation, famine, pestilence, over the face of this fair earth, may we as members of this organization lift our hearts in prayer with the thousands of our dear children beseeching Thee to control the hearts and minds of those responsible for this conflict, and bring peace and love once more over this fair earth. We thank Thee for the peace that reigns over our land! Help us to bear in mind and let it sink into our hearts how trivial are personal strifes, the individual heart hurts compared with the suffering of nations!

We pray that Thou wilt help us to hold up the hands of our leader in all her endeavors for our betterment, and may all redound to Thy honor and glory.

The Board then united in the Lord's Prayer, followed by the singing of America, led by Mrs. Ransdell.

Mrs. Smallwood rose to a question of personal privilege, and offered the motion: That in this period of world conflict and financial stringency the National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution, express their approval and co-operation in every effort to aid American producers and manufacturers; that they urge women all over the land to use cotton clothing and decoration, and to purchase American made goods wherever possible, which was seconded unanimously and carried.

The roll was called by the Recording Secretary General, the following members responding to their names:

The President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story; Vice Presidents General: Mrs. Van Landingham, North Carolina; Mrs. Minor,
Connecticut; Mrs. Wood, New York; Mrs. Abbott, New Hampshire; Mrs. Lane, Texas; Mrs. Smallwood, District of Columbia. Active Officers: Mrs. Lockwood, Chaplain General; Mrs. Boyle, Recording Secretary General; Mrs. Mann, Organizing Secretary General; Mrs. Brumbaugh, Registrar General; Mrs. Ransdell, Treasurer General; Mrs. Bassett, Historian General; Mrs. Orton, Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution; Mrs. Sternberg, Librarian General.

State Regents: Mrs. Buel, Connecticut; Mrs. Greenawalt, District of Columbia; Mrs. Page, Illinois; Mrs. Guernsey, Kansas; Mrs. Hogan, Maryland; Mrs. Salisbury, Missouri; Mrs. Gedney, New Jersey; Mrs. Augsburg, New York; Mrs. Baxter, Tennessee; Mrs. Maupin, Virginia; Mrs. Van Ostrand, Wisconsin. State Vice Regents: Mrs. Brant, Ohio; Mrs. Mondell, Wyoming.

Mrs. Sternberg moved that the Red Cross be requested to use the funds raised by the Daughters of the American Revolution for the suffering women and children. This led to a considerable discussion participated in by many of the members. The previous question was moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Brant, and carried.

The motion of Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Mann, that in consideration of the request from the Red Cross that we shall designate where we wish the money we contribute to the work of the Red Cross to be used, may wherever possible be given to aid women and children in the countries now suffering from war, was then carried.

The President General read her report:

**Report of President General**

Members of the National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution:

We meet after a period which I hope has been one of rest and happiness to each one of you, a recreation which will equip you well for the strenuous and useful season which I believe is before you.

I wish to mention, although unavoidably very briefly, the first official trip that I made after our Board adjourned last June. Mrs. Sanders Johnston, who has for so many years compiled our Lineage Book and given to our National Society generously of her rich store of knowledge, presented to the citizens of Cheshire, Massachusetts, a beautiful drinking fountain in memory of her distinguished ancestors. The event was full of interest and marks a fine achievement on the part of one of our valued members.

I joined in the interesting and educational pilgrimage which was planned by the Hon. Ballard Thruston, President General of the Sons of the American Revolution, in following the march made by Washington from Philadelphia through New Jersey and into New York. I was unable to make the entire trip, but I greatly enjoyed what I did make and I am very appreciative of the lavish entertainment and extreme courtesy shown to me, as your representative, by the Sons of the American Revolution.

I have made a trip to Chautauqua, having been previously most charmingly entertained by the Jamestown Chapter of the National Society. In Chautauqua I was privileged to meet the "Circle" at a beautiful luncheon, and later spoke in the Auditorium to the largest gathering of Daughters ever assembled there.

In September the Star Spangled Banner Celebration in Baltimore proved to be as brilliant, as national and as successful as was promised during that interesting evening we gave to the committee in charge of affairs when they outlined their plans to us last Congress. His Honor, the Mayor, James H. Preston, presided. A series of important unveilings, some of which I was privileged to participate in in speaking and nearly all of which I attended, was an interesting part of the celebration. There were historic pageants, military parades, Army and Navy balls, receptions and luncheons. The states were represented by many of the governors and distinguished representatives, and the whole celebration was one of great importance and national interest. During this week of great interest there came into existence The National Star Spangled Banner Association; Hon. James Preston was elected president, Miss Alice Key Blunt, vice-president, and Mr. James D. Iglesiat, secretary; a prominent business man of Chicago, treasurer. I commend to you this organization which promises to be of great interest and importance. The State Regent of Maryland is to be congratulated upon the very successful "Daughters of the American Revolution Day" held during the Centenary Celebration under her direction.

We have felt deeply the loss which the Nation has sustained in the death of Mrs. Wilson, and I have tried to voice your feeling in a memorial which has been printed in our official organ (August-September). We, of course, sent appropriate flowers, and the following letter will tell you how promptly and how well Mrs. Ludlow carried out my instructions:

**MADAM PRESIDENT GENERAL:**

Your telegram received. I have ordered a cluster of President Carnot roses from Small's, which will be tied with five yards of the ribbon of the Society, and sent with a card, of which the enclosed is a copy.

As soon as we heard of Mrs. Wilson's death yesterday I consulted with Mrs. Lockwood and ordered the flag at half mast.

Small told me that they were awaiting in-
The President deeply appreciates your message of sympathy and begs that you will express his sincere gratitude to those associated with you.

Naturally the hearts of our members have been stirred to their depths by the terrible war, and a strong desire has manifested itself to aid those sorely afflicted prisoners and wounded who have suffered in the different countries. Early in the conflict I realized that a national organization such as the Daughters of the American Revolution should not assume in any way a partisan attitude, and greatly as we might desire to manifest our personal sympathy with the allied armies or the Germans, we must not allow our great national organization to be led into any act that might result in embarrassing situations to our government. It has been very hard for me to refuse to respond to the fervent appeals of my Daughters, some who longed to reciprocate the loyalty expressed to our country during the Revolution by Lafayette, Rochambeau, or Von Steuben, Herkimer and others. I am very thankful, however, that our attitude, while intensely sympathetic, has been conservative and neutral. Especially I rejoiced when the President of the United States with farseeing wisdom sent out his message urging his people in public and in private to maintain neutrality. You, of course, know that the efforts for peace and arbitration have been widespread and of really great value in creating the public sentiment which brings results. We have been officially beset with entreaties to head different movements on these lines. Every thinking and even commonly human being wishes for peace and arbitration. Personally, I do not believe incrippling our army and navy or in disarmament until it is universal and the world has reached higher altitudes. The well-equipped army and navy that has the power to demand peace will, I think, bring more of real peace at present than anything else. This war is more, great as it is, than the winning or losing in battle—it is a great world crisis that must be met and settled. On Wednesday, September 9, the President granted me an interview and I deeply appreciate his extreme kindness and consideration in allowing me to submit to him the policy of our Society in as far as it related to our attitude in war relief work. The following circular is the result of this interview:

As President General of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, I have offered, in the name of the National Society, our services to the Government of the United States, and we are awaiting advice from the President as to how our services can be best utilized.

We are in sympathy with the President's message of neutrality and should refrain from everything that will, by any act of ours, increase the division and the war spirit. This terrible craze has reached such bounds that it will be necessary to counteract it by very calm judgment and self-restraint, and we feel that we should supplement the efforts of the President of the United States to maintain neutrality. This message of his in our understanding is only an expression of faith in arbitration.

No person can tell how far-reaching their influence may be, and I exhort every member of our great organization, every woman who stands for righteousness, every intelligent human being to exert to the fullest extent their personal influence in behalf of PEACE and ARBITRATION. If there could have been a doubt as to arbitration as an economic and humane method of settlement, the terrible sacrifice and slaughter should convince the most un-thinking that ARBITRATION is the only solution of differences.

As a National Society of PATRIOTIC WOMEN, we stand ready to be a vital part of some great Peace Arbitration movement that will alleviate the present tragic situation and forever forbid future wars. It is a pitiable condition to come upon the world in this century, when supposedly Christian nations are slaughtering each other as though they were the most ignorant of savages. Oh, for the time when the nations of this earth will be at peace forever.

The National Society Daughters of the American Revolution stand at attention under the standard-bearer in this great crisis, the PRINCE OF PEACE, awaiting word from the President and Government of the United States as to how we can best serve.

Faithfully yours,

DAISY ALLEN STORY,
President General, N. S. D. A. R.
Committee and ordered by our National Board of Management. Many suggestions of great value have been submitted by the Harvey S. Chase Company, expert accountants, and these suggestions will be submitted to you from time to time. This investigation and these suggestions were very necessary because the valuable suggestions given to my predecessors in office have never been turned over to me, and in order that succeeding Presidents General may have the benefit of this investigation and advice I would recommend that the National Board direct that in future each retiring President General, other National Officers and chairmen of committees, deposit with the Society all official correspondence at the expiration of her term of office.

You know that my appeal for donations to the Red Cross was in accordance with the advice of the President, and I know you will rejoice with me that our members are responding generously and promptly. The first gift recorded, I believe, is one from Hannah Benedict Carter Chapter of Connecticut. The first from a New York State Chapter, I believe, is from the Johnstown Chapter, Mrs. Alexander, Regent. I am profoundly impressed by the splendid strength and great good judgment of the President at this time, and I feel that it is our duty to loyally obey his will, not only in observing absolute neutrality; but we should refrain from action in peace and arbitration matters that may only hamper and thwart the policy of the government, that we, as the descendants of the Patriots, should loyally uphold.

It has been brought to my attention that a circular has been circulated with the words, "Endorsed by the President General, N. S. D. A. R.," and I wish it understood that when so many Daughters are genealogists I cannot "endorse" any special one. I am confident that if the word "endorsed" was used it was with no desire on the part of the author to imply that she was the specially endorsed genealogist of the Society.

I will not report at this time the very successful State conference held in Michigan, September 29-30, or the most interesting conference now in session in Pennsylvania, where I have enjoyed the privilege of being present, for I anticipate the pleasure of visiting many states during October, November and December.

If only our great Society can accomplish things worth while and fix the public gaze upon realities and facts overlooked in national history, upon present necessities of patriotic education, leading toward a sure future of Anglo-Saxon honor as belonging to this supreme race of the world, we may prove worthy of the noble men and women who died that we might live. My confidence in your love and loyalty to our great organization compels me to look forward to increasing usefulness, prosperity and happiness.

Faithfully yours,
DAISY ALLEN STORY,
President General N. S. D. A. R.

Moved by Mrs. Maupin, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried, that the President General's Report be accepted with recommendations.

The report of the Recording Secretary General was then read by Mrs. Boyle.

Report of Recording Secretary General.
Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Following the June Board meeting the minutes were gotten out for the magazine and proof read of all the official pages. Copies of the rulings were made and furnished to all offices. The correspondence is up to date, information on many subjects has been cheerfully given, and as usual a complete record has been kept of letters received and letters answered.

The notices to the members of the Board, of the approaching October 7th Board meeting, were mailed two weeks in advance of the meeting. The invitations to the Memorial Continental Hall Committee meeting, to be held on the evening of October 8th, were enclosed with the Board notices.

The notification cards to the 910 new members, admitted at the June 3 Board meeting, were promptly mailed. This is always a "labor of love" for there can never be too many Daughters! The new members, many of whom still have the advantage and enthusiasm of youth, represent the growing strength and life of the Society.

All documents requiring her signature have been signed by the Recording Secretary General.

One thousand and four hundred and fifty-nine certificates of membership have been issued from the office of the Recording Secretary General.

Acceptances and regrets for this meeting have been received and filed. Among the regrets is one from Mrs. Rhett Goode, Vice President General from Alabama, whose young daughter met with a severe accident during the summer, and from Mrs. Allan, State Regent of Alabama, whose husband has been seriously ill for several weeks, also from Mrs. Hall, State Regent of Delaware, whose husband still remains in a critical condition.

The following invitations to the Recording Secretary General have been received:

From Monroe Chapter, D. A. R., to attend unveiling of clock and tablet, erected in memory of soldiers of the American Revolution, Saturday, June 20, 1914, Brockport, N. Y.

Chautauqua Circle, D. A. R., to attend the Tenth Anniversary exercises, and luncheon and
reception, in honor of Mrs. William Cumming Story, President General, N. S. D. A. R., July 22, 1914, Chautauqua, N. Y.

From the State Regent of Maryland, to be present at the unveiling of their Memorial Tablet and Reception, Thursday, the tenth of September, 1914, 3.30 o’clock, at Fort McHenry, Baltimore, Md.

From the “Star Spangled Banner Society” of Prince Georges County, Md., to attend the celebration of the restoration of the tomb of William Beanes, Physican, Planter, Patriot; Upper Marlboro, Md., 11 o’clock, September 3, 1914.

To attend the 137th Anniversary of the Paoli Massacre, Saturday, September 19, 1914, Miss Mary I. Stille, West Chester, Penn., Director.

Also the announcement of Mrs. George Thacher Guernsey, of Kansas, as candidate for the office of President General, N. S. D. A. R., and a card containing platform of Mrs. Guernsey; and announcement of Mrs. Edward L. Harris, as candidate for the office of State Vice-Regent of Ohio, from the Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio.

The following Year Books have been received:
Quemahoning Chapter, 1914-1915; Lone Tree Chapter, of Greenburg, Ind.; George Clymer Chapter, of Towanda, Pa.; Rumford Chapter, of Concord, N. H.; Marshalltown Chapter, of Iowa; Jane Douglas Chapter, of Dallas, Tex.; Directory of the officers, chapters and committees of the Massachusetts D. A. R., and Year Book, 1914-1915; Western Reserve Chapter of Ohio; Kenosha Chapter, of Wisconsin; Melicent Porter Chapter, of Connecticut; Colonel George Croghan Chapter, Fremont, Ohio; Lebanon Chapter, Lebanon, Penn.

The following books and booklets deserve mention:
Announcement of book by Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Chaplain General, N. S. D. A. R., entitled, Yesterdays in Washington; Address by Delphine M. Delmas, delivered at the banquet of the Sons of the American Revolution in the City of Los Angeles on Wednesday evening, June 17, 1914, in answer to the toast, “A Memory of Bunker Hill”; from the Berry School, of Mount Berry, Ga.; of the State and Chapter Officers of the State of Nebraska; and twelfth annual address to the State Conference of Nebraska, by Mrs. Warren Perry; also from Mrs. N. Le-camp, Ohio State Chairman, of the Committee to Prevent Desecration of the Flag; her report in booklet form.

The following miscellaneous literature has been received:
A copy of bill introduced in the House of Representatives July 11, 1914, “For erecting a suitable memorial to Nathan Hale.”
Posters from Mrs. Gerald L. Schuyler, State Chairman Patriotic Education Committee of Colorado, “Prize contest on the Star Spangled Banner” to the school children of Colorado.
Copies of several circular letters have found their way to the office of the Recording Secretary General, their contents are not incorporated in this report, partly for the want of time and space, partly because through the medium of the mails most of them have already been brought to your attention.

An address by Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, on Flag Day, 1914, to the employees of the Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C., on “Makers of the Flag.”

This beautiful tribute I will not take time to read but will ask to have published in the Magazine, for every Daughter should have the privilege of seeing it.

Makers of the Flag.

This morning, as I passed into the Land Office, The Flag dropped me a most cordial salutation, and from its rippling folds I heard it say: “Good morning, Mr. Flag Maker.”

“I beg your pardon, Old Glory,” I said, “aren’t you mistaken? I am not the President of the United States, nor a member of Congress, nor even a general in the army. I am only a Government clerk.”

“I greet you again, Mr. Flag Maker,” replied the gay voice, “I know you well. You are the man who worked in the swelter of yesterday straightening out the tangle of that farmer’s homestead in Idaho, or perhaps you found the mistake in that Indian contract in Oklahoma, or helped to clear that patent for the hopeful inventor in New York, or pushed the opening of that new ditch in Colorado, or made that mine in Illinois more safe, or brought relief to the old soldier in Wyoming. No matter; whichever one of these beneficent individuals you may happen to be, I give you greeting, Mr. Flag Maker.”

It was about to pass on, when The Flag stopped me with these words:

“Yesterday the President spoke a word that made happier the future of ten million peons in Mexico, but that act looms no larger on the flag than the struggle which the boy in Georgia is making to win the Corn Club prize this summer.

Yesterday the Congress spoke a word which will open the door of Alaska; but that act looms no larger on the flag than the struggle which the boy in Georgia is making to win the Corn Club prize this summer.

Yesterday the Congress spoke a word which will open the door of Alaska; but that act looms no larger on the flag than the struggle which the boy in Georgia is making to win the Corn Club prize this summer.

“Yesterday we made a new law to prevent financial panics, and yesterday, maybe, a school teacher in Ohio taught his first letters to a boy who will one day write a song that will give cheer to the millions of our race. We are all making the flag.”

“But,” I said impatiently, “these people were only working!”

Then came a great shout from The Flag:
"The work that we do is the making of the flag.
"I am not the flag; not at all. I am but its shadow.
"I am whatever you make me, nothing more.
"I am your belief in yourself, your dream of what a People may become.
"I live a changing life, a life of moods and passions, of heart breaks and tired muscles.
"Sometimes I am strong with pride, when men do on honest work, fitting the rails together truly.
"Sometimes I droop, for then purpose has gone from me, and cynically I play the coward.
"Sometimes I am loud, garish, and full of that ego that blast judgment.
"But always, I am all that you hope to be, and have the courage to try for.
"I am song and fear, struggle and panic, and ennobling hope.
"I am the day's work of the weakest man, and the largest dream of the most daring.
"I am the Constitution and the courts, statutes and the statute makers, soldier and dreadnaught, drayman and street sweep, cook, counselor, and clerk.
"I am the battle of yesterday, and the mistake of tomorrow.
"I am the mystery of the men who do without knowing why.
"I am the clutch of an idea, and the reasoned purpose of resolution.
"I am no more than what you believe me to be and I am all that you believe I can be.
"I am what you make me, nothing more.
"I swing before your eyes as a bright gleam of color, a symbol of yourself, the pictured suggestion of that big thing which makes this nation. My stars and my stripes are your dream and your labors. They are bright with cheer, brilliant with courage, firm with faith, because you have made them so out of your hearts. For you are the makers of the flag and it is well that you glory in the making."


Clipping from the Ohio State Journal, Columbus, Ohio, September 12, telling of the fatal railroad accident to C. F. Anderson, brother of Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr.

Congress having voted that members at large were not eligible to serve on National Committees, it was necessary for the clerks in the office of the Recording Secretary General to look up the record of every member on the National Committees. This was a lengthy and tedious job, since the names as printed in the lists are given with the husband's initials, and our catalogue is arranged under the member's own name. It was only by putting aside all work that had been planned for the summer months that the appointments for the different committees were finally gotten out; the lists arranged for the printer; copies made and sent to the respective chairmen, and acceptances and regrets recorded.

Minutes for the June meeting of the Memorial Continental Hall Committee and for the Executive Committee meeting have also been transcribed.

Respectfully submitted,

Abbie Williams R. Boyle,
(Mrs. William C. Boyle),

Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

The acceptance of the report of the Recording Secretary General was moved by Mrs. Wood, seconded by Mrs. Van Landingham, and carried.

The Recording Secretary General was requested to express the sympathy of the Board to the members mentioned in the report and others, who were unable to be present because of illness or bereavement.

The President General requested the permission of the Board to interrupt the proceedings to invite the members of the Board to be her guests at luncheon in the Banquet Hall.

The report of the Corresponding Secretary General was read by Mrs. Lockwood in the absence of Mrs. Burrows:

Report of Corresponding Secretary General.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

During the past four months the following supplies have been mailed to chapters and prospective members:

Application blanks .................................. 10,794
Circular, "How to Become a Member" .................. 1,044
Miniature blanks ..................................... 920
Transfer cards ........................................ 376

One thousand one hundred and sixty letters have been received and recorded; 1,281 written, and 2,989 copies of the new Constitution mailed to National Officers, State and Chapter Regents and members.

Letters of appreciation and thanks were written at the suggestion of the Board to the Utility Commission of the District of Columbia for the service of the herdics and to the Railroad Associations for special rates granted during the Congress.

In addition to the above the mail has been assorted and distributed, and the clerical work of the Finance Committee has been done in this office, together with the reporting and transcribing of the minutes of the meeting of the Finance Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

Mary S. Lockwood,
For Mrs. J. C. Burrows,
Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, that the Corresponding Secretary General's report be accepted.

Mrs. Lockwood also presented for the Core-
sponding Secretary General the request of the World's Purity Federation that the National Society send delegates to the Eighth Purity Congress, to be held at Kansas City, Missouri, November 7-9. The President General stated she would ask the Board to empower the Missouri State Regent to appoint the delegates. On motion of Mrs. Hogan, seconded by Mrs. Boyle, it was carried, that the State Regent of Missouri be empowered to appoint delegates representing the Daughters of the American Revolution to attend the Eighth Special Purity Congress.

The report of the Organizing Secretary General was then presented by Mrs. Mann.

Report of Organizing Secretary General
Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Through their respective State Regents, the following members at large, ask for authorization to organize chapters:

Miss Anna Louise Chesney, Abingdon, Ill.
Mrs. Willie Erwin Daniel, Clarksville, Tenn.
Mrs. Grace Locke Davis, Redlands, Cal.
Mrs. May Thurber Farrell, Marionville, Mo.
Mrs. Mary Agnes S. Gardner, Decatur, Ohio.
Mrs. Jennie Mershon Hilt, Buckner, Mo.
Miss Jessie May Kellogg, Red Cloud, Neb.
Mrs. Elizabeth Wynkoop MacCracken, Bartlesville, Okla.

The following Organizing Regencies have expired by time limitation:

Miss Lottie S. Sammons, Cheboygan, Mich.
Mrs. Kathryn Stark Brodhead, Port Clinton, Ohio.

The following Organizing Regencies have expired by time limitation:

Miss Lottie S. Sammons, Cheboygan, Mich.

The reappointment of the following are requested by their State Regents:

Mrs. Elvira Phillipsbury Carter, Boscawen, N. H.

Miss Lottie S. Sammons, Cheboygan, Mich.

Through the State Regent of New York a request comes from the Israel Harris Chapter to add Captain to their chapter name, thus giving the ancestor of some of the members of the chapter his proper title.

The Garner Chapter, of Iowa, asks permission of the National Board to change their name to John Stanton, in honor of this Regent's ancestor.

Organizing Regent's commission issued
State Regent's commission
State Regent and State Vice Regent's reelection cards
Charters issued
Regents lists—made for distribution
Letters received
Letters written
Officers lists written for
Officers lists received

CARD CATALOGUE REPORTS.

Changes recorded
Deaths recorded
Marriages
Members cards filed
Members dropped
Members resigned
Members reinstated
Added membership, June 3, 1914
Actual membership

Respectfully submitted,
FRANCES INGRAHAM MANN,
Organizing Secretary General.

I have a request from Mrs. C. F. Taylor, of Goldeboro, N. C., to have the date of organization of their chapter, June 23, in honor of the birthday of her father who is dead. They intended organizing on this date and called a meeting feeling sure that all members would be admitted at the Board Meeting June 3, but four of their members did not come in, thus holding up the organization of their chapter, and since this date means so much to most of the members I wish to ask the National Board permission to obtain it.

The suggestion was made that the Organizing Secretary General write the Chapter that they organize now and call the date in June their Charter Day.

The Recording Secretary General read the following letter from the clerk in charge of certificates:

MY DEAR MRS. BOYLE:

I understand that the Udolphia Miller Dorman Chapter of Clinton, Mo., will request the National Board of Management to allow them to change their present name.

There are about nine certificates of membership engrossed for this Chapter with this name. Will you kindly ask the Board (if the change is made) whether we must have new certificates engrossed or will they be required to accept these as they stand.

Sincerely yours,
SUE M. YOUNG.
Certificate Division.

On motion by Mrs. Augsbury, seconded by Mrs. Wood, it was carried, that Mrs. Charles L. Seeley, of Afton, N. Y., be reappointed as Organizing Regent.

Moved by Mrs. Van Landingham, seconded
by Mrs. Bassett, and carried, that the report of the Organizing Secretary General be received, but the recommendations be considered ad seriatim.

Moved by Mrs. Salisbury, seconded by Mrs. Hogan, and carried, that the name of Udolpha Miller Dorman Chapter be retained and that chapters retain names as taken at time of organization. Should change be made no new certificate be issued.

Mrs. Mann presented a slip of instructions to State Regents which she asked the members of the Board to read and suggest such revisions as might occur to them. Mrs. Draper, as Acting Chairman of the Committee on Constitution, to carry out the ruling of Congress "to consider the relation of the newly adopted amendments to the parts of the old Constitution retained and to so arrange them that they will not conflict," was requested by the President General to appear before the Board and answer questions in regard to the leaflet sent out by the Committee. During the discussion, the following letter sent out from the office of the Recording Secretary General bearing on the question of State conferences was read by Mrs. Boyle:

MY DEAR MRS. AULL:

Since the Constitution prescribes the composition of State Conferences by stating that the State Conference must be a body of delegates elected by the chapters (Art. VI, Sec. 2), State Officers or Chairman of Committees cannot vote as such officers or chairmen at the conferences. When elected as delegates from their respective Chapters they have a vote, but then they vote as delegates and not as State Officers. A State may, if it chooses, after the election of their State Regent and nomination of a President General, resolve itself into a mass meeting and discuss and vote on any question it chooses, and grant the right to vote to any of its officers or Chairmen; but when it calls itself a State Conference, it must conform to the Constitution.

Very sincerely yours,

ABBE WILLIAMS R. BOYLE,
Recording Secretary General.

Mrs. Smallwood moved that Art. VI, Sections 2 and 3, be explained as follows: A State meeting may be called to discuss, vote, and decide on State affairs, according to its State By-Laws. A State Conference consisting of delegated members only be called immediately after the State meeting, or at a later date, according to Sec. 2, Art. VI, for the election of State Regent, State Vice Regent, and the nomination of Vice President General.

On motion of Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Buel, it was carried that Mrs. Smallwood's motion be laid upon the table.

Recess taken for luncheon at 1.40 p.m.

Afternoon session called to order by the President General at 3.20 p.m.

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Guernsey, and carried, that we go into the Committee of the Whole to consider an application.

The motion having been made that the Board rise from the Committee of the Whole, the President General announced that the report of the Registrar General was next in order.

Report of Registrar General

Madam President General, Members of the Board of Management, I have the honor to report the following:

Applications presented to the Board........1,846
Supplemental applications verified........455
Original papers returned unverified.......74
Supplemental papers returned unverified..219
Permits for the Insignia issued............452
Permits for the Ancestral Bars issued....324
Permits for the Recognition Pins issued...378
Applications of Real Daughters presented...2
Number of letters, including duplicate papers issued..........................3,846
Number of cards issued....................2,212
Original papers examined and not yet verified.................................658
Supplemental papers examined and not yet verified.............................1,662
New records verified........................403
Original papers awaiting Notary’s seal..27
Supplemental papers awaiting Notary’s seal........................................23
Total number of papers verified........1,701
Number of application papers copied......141
At 25 cents each............................$35.25

Respectfully submitted,

CATHERINE B. BRUMBAUGH,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

I wish to bring before the Board the matter of permits for Regents and Ex-Regent’s bars. The Registrar General deals only with individual members and has no way of ascertaining the names of Regents and Ex-Regents except from the rolls of the Organizing Secretary General.

A woman filed application for membership in Mohawk Valley Chapter, claiming to be the daughter of a certain man and his wife, and after she had been accepted by the Board I was informed that the applicant is only an adopted daughter.

Therefore, I ask that this woman be dropped from the rolls and that the Corresponding Secretary General so inform her. (The Chapter has already dropped her from its rolls.)

CATHERINE B. BRUMBAUGH.

The acceptance of the report of the Registrar General was moved by Mrs. Wood, seconded by Mrs. Van Landingham, and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Brant, and carried that the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot electing the candi-
The Recording Secretary General announced that she had cast the ballot for the 1,246 members.

Moved by Mrs. Lockwood, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried that the member referred to in report of Registrar General, be dropped from the rolls.

The Treasurer General presented the following:

The Committee in charge of the National Cotton Fashions Show invites the President General and National Board of Management to attend the Fashion Show, October 7 and 8, in the Red Parlor of the Willard Hotel.

I would like to recommend that all detailed accounts of work accomplished in the various offices be dispensed with entirely as so much time is consumed in reading these reports. In addition to this it takes a great deal of time for each clerk to get up the data each day.

By permission of the President General, I sent a letter to each member of the Board asking her opinion of a plan to have every member of our Society contribute twenty-five cents toward the debt. I now wish to have the Board vote on this. The sum asked is so small that most Chapter Daughters would gladly contribute, and members at large would feel it a pleasure to have this opportunity to help. Ladies, I ask your consideration of my plan, as the letters from the majority of the Board approve it.

Report of Treasurer General

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from June 1st to September 30th, 1914:

**CURRENT FUND.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance in Bank at last report, May 31, 1914</td>
<td>$31,015.57</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**RECEIPTS.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual Dues $11,088.00, less $615.00 refunded</td>
<td>$10,473.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initiation Fees $1,366.00, less $80.00 refunded</td>
<td>1,286.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Certificate</td>
<td>3.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Current Interest</td>
<td>279.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution</td>
<td>10.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Die of Insignia</td>
<td>1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directory</td>
<td>16.68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplicate Papers and Lists</td>
<td>45.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exchange</td>
<td>1.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand Book</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lineage Books</td>
<td>233.10</td>
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<tr>
<td>Magazine, through Chairman</td>
<td>1,200.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magazine, Sale of Single Copies</td>
<td>5.71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Proceedings,&quot; Twenty-first Congress</td>
<td>1.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Proceedings&quot; Twenty-second Congress</td>
<td>1.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Proceedings&quot; Twenty-third Congress</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ribbon</td>
<td>13.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale Waste Paper</td>
<td>5.32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slot Machine</td>
<td>.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stationery</td>
<td>4.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>7.76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use of Lantern Slides, Interchangeable Bureau</td>
<td>53.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auditorium Events: George Washington University</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Western High School</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Receipts</strong></td>
<td><strong>$13,837.15</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**EXPENDITURES.**

**OFFICE OF PRESIDENT GENERAL.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>$360.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>97.26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams and telephones</td>
<td>33.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mileage, State Conferences Michigan, Minnesota, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin</td>
<td>118.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autograph Stamp</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multigraphing Letters</td>
<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OFFICE OF ORGANIZING SECRETARY GENERAL.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>740.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage and Expressage</td>
<td>10.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams</td>
<td>1.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parchment for Commissions and Charters</td>
<td>51.16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<p>| <strong>Total Expenses</strong> | <strong>$44,852.72</strong> |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Seals</td>
<td>.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lithographing Commissions and Charters</td>
<td>44.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engrossing Cards, Commissions and Charters</td>
<td>39.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Recording Secretary General.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>700.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams</td>
<td>5.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>300.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engrossing 3,917 Certificates</td>
<td>391.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,013 Tubes</td>
<td>45.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage and Expressage</td>
<td>65.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Corresponding Secretary General.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>300.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>34.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postals to be printed</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50,000 Application blanks</td>
<td>442.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000 Fac-simile Blanks</td>
<td>17.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150 Committee Lists</td>
<td>132.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Officers' Lists</td>
<td>4.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Registrar General.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>2,401.67</td>
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<tr>
<td>3,000 Postals to be printed</td>
<td>30.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Repairing typewriter</td>
<td>6.75</td>
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<tr>
<td>Binding and re-binding 33 volumes</td>
<td>87.75</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Treasurer General.</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>2,389.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Extra Clerical Service</td>
<td>42.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and record books</td>
<td>28.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipt and bill books</td>
<td>34.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000 Cards</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sharpening eraser</td>
<td>.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Historian General.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salary of Editor, Lineage Books</td>
<td>340.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>220.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Extra Clerical Service</td>
<td>38.06</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10,000 Cards</td>
<td>15.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 Paper boxes</td>
<td>3.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Director General.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>31.95</td>
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<tr>
<td>Messenger</td>
<td>.15</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Librarian General.</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>300.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage and expressage</td>
<td>4.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000 Cards</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Binding 31 volumes</td>
<td>30.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Mayflower Descendant&quot;</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Annual Reports 1911, Virginia Secretary of State&quot;</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Morton's History of Pendleton County, West Virginia&quot;</td>
<td>2.63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Ninth Annual Report, Virginia State Library&quot;</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Roberts &amp; Knight, New York in the Revolution&quot;</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Riker's Revised History of Harlem&quot;</td>
<td>4.64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subscription &quot;Virginia Magazine of History and Biography&quot;</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Wayland's History of Rockingham County, Va.&quot;</td>
<td>1.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Roberts' Rules of Order&quot;</td>
<td>.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service, Genealogical Research Department</td>
<td>300.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Office.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>300.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra Clerical Service</td>
<td>22.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Messenger boy's salary</td>
<td>159.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra Messenger service</td>
<td>1.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overdue postage</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16,600 Stamped envelopes</td>
<td>375.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegram</td>
<td>.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drainage and expressage</td>
<td>2.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplies</td>
<td>187.23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rubber stamp</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sharpening erasers</td>
<td>.20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Dies for Insignia .................................................. .30
Repairing bicycle .................................................. 1.05
9,000 "Red Cross" circulars ...................................... 45.00
800 Treasurer General's Annual Report ......................... 111.00
125 Letters to National Officers, relative to purchase of
land ................................................................. 2.50
Special notices "Flag Day" ......................................... 2.70
Flowers, Mrs. Woodrow Wilson ................................. 10.00
Wreath, Barry Monument ......................................... 5.00
Committee, Auditing, postage and telegram ..................... 1.00
Committee, Continental Hall, 1,000 stamped envelopes ....... 21.28
Committee, Finance, postals ...................................... .20
Committee, Interchangeable Bureau of Lectures and
Slides, expressage and telegrams ............................... 1.12
Committee, Legislation in United States Congress, postals
to be printed ..................................................... .30
Committee, Publication, Professional service ................. 209.00
Committee, Revision of Constitution and By-Laws, Type-
writing copies of Statute Rulings .............................. 50.00
1,600 envelopes and addressing ................................ 19.85
2,500 four-page leaflet .......................................... 22.05
Telegrams and telephones ....................................... 3.90
Messenger service ................................................ 4.45
Postage and expressage .......................................... 3.43
4 trips, Stamford to New York ................................ 6.00
Professional service ............................................. 375.00 1,946.48

EXPENSE CONTINENTAL HALL.

Superintendent ..................................................... 400.00
Watchman ............................................................ 243.50
Mechanic ............................................................. 25.00
Guide ................................................................. 112.50
Telephone Operator ................................................ 183.33
Cleaners .............................................................. 675.75
Electric current .................................................... 38.68
Water rent ............................................................ 59.82
Towel service ....................................................... 12.27
Ice ..................................................................... 16.28
Three tons coal ..................................................... 18.15
Hauling Ashes ....................................................... 24.00
Soap and soap powder ............................................ 10.54
Eight gallons disinfectant ....................................... 13.25
Gasoline .............................................................. .54
Polish and wax ...................................................... 2.30
Oil and grease ...................................................... 1.25
Cement ................................................................. .60
Box toilet paper .................................................... 6.00
Four rolls tar paper ............................................... 1.80
Paints ................................................................. 5.40
132 yards cheese and canton cloth .............................. 9.58
Bundle bale ties .................................................... 1.25
Mops .................................................................... 15.10
Trowel ................................................................. .35
Hardware .............................................................. 1.60
Repairing desk—Library .......................................... 1.55
Expressage .......................................................... .21
25 feet hose, engine room ........................................ 12.50
Electric supplies .................................................. .84
Two shades ........................................................... 5.00
Laundering curtains and covers ................................. 35.25
Premium, Accident Policy ........................................ 214.90
Moving Busts to Lobby ............................................. 5.00
Repairs to stone and copper work on porticos .................. 654.00
Engrossing pages in Remembrance Book ......................... 75.00
Inspection of elevator ........................................... 1.25 2,392.04

PRINTING MACHINE AND MAINTENANCE.

Cards, Recording Secretary General .......................... 19.55
Paper, General Office ............................................ 6.45
Ink ................................................................. 2.25 28.25

MAGAZINE.

Clerical service, Chairman ...................................... 286.12
Postage, Chairman ................................................ 72.12
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams and telephones, Chairman</td>
<td>1.77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expressage, Chairman</td>
<td>.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Envelopes, carbon and typewriter ribbon, Chairman</td>
<td>2.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent typewriter, table and chair, Chairman</td>
<td>9.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mileage, Michigan, Minnesota, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin, Chairman</td>
<td>118.37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salary, Editor</td>
<td>400.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams, Editor</td>
<td>6.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage, Editor</td>
<td>11.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postals to be printed, Editor</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000 cards, Editor</td>
<td>1.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expense, “Notes and Queries”</td>
<td>180.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage, Genealogical Editor</td>
<td>2.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Postage, Secretary</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounts for screen</td>
<td>3.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>List</td>
<td>1.80</td>
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<tr>
<td>Old Magazines</td>
<td>10.20</td>
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<tr>
<td>Expressage</td>
<td>9.25</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bill heads and paper to be printed</td>
<td>7.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3,000 subscription postals</td>
<td>39.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing and mailing May number</td>
<td>864.72</td>
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<tr>
<td>Printing and mailing June number</td>
<td>713.25</td>
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<td>Printing and mailing July number</td>
<td>781.51</td>
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<tr>
<td>Advance for Post Office</td>
<td>165.36</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cuts</td>
<td>70.20</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>SUPPORT REAL DAUGHTERS.</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support 44 Real Daughters, June</td>
<td>352.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support 44 Real Daughters, July</td>
<td>352.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Support 43 Real Daughters, August</td>
<td>344.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Support 43 Real Daughters, September</td>
<td>344.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>STATE REGENTS’ POSTAGE.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For State Regent, Alabama</td>
<td>12.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For State Regent, Arkansas</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For State Regent, Connecticut</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>For State Regent, Massachusetts</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>For State Regent, Mississippi</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For State Regent, Missouri</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For State Regent, Nebraska</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For State Regent, Wisconsin</td>
<td>5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>STATIONERY, NATIONAL OFFICERS, ETC.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>President General</td>
<td>63.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registrar General</td>
<td>21.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Treasurer General</td>
<td>56.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Historian General</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director General in Charge of Report to Smithsonian Institution</td>
<td>7.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Librarian General</td>
<td>20.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Office</td>
<td>66.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genealogical Editor, Magazine</td>
<td>11.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Charity Officer</td>
<td>4.95</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>STATIONERY, STATE REGENTS.</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Alabama</td>
<td>12.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Arkansas</td>
<td>6.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, California</td>
<td>6.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Connecticut</td>
<td>3.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Kentucky</td>
<td>8.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Louisiana</td>
<td>11.20</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Regent, Maryland</td>
<td>10.15</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Regent, Missouri</td>
<td>16.60</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Regent, New Hampshire</td>
<td>5.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, New Jersey</td>
<td>4.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Ohio</td>
<td>6.80</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Regent, Oklahoma</td>
<td>10.35</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Regent, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>4.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, South Carolina</td>
<td>6.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Tennessee</td>
<td>4.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Vermont</td>
<td>10.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Virginia</td>
<td>14.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regent, Washington</td>
<td>8.30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Expenditure:** 3,695.57

**Support for Real Daughters:** 1,392.00

**Stationery, State Regents:** 243.80

**Total:** 5,331.37
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

TELEPHONE.

Service and toll ............................................. 109.23 109.23
RIBBON.
3 Bolts D. A. R. Ribbon ..................................... 9.00 9.00
SPOON.
Spoon for Real Daughter ...................................... 2.40 2.40
DAUGHTERS OF AMERICAN REVOLUTION REPORT.
Postage and expressage ...................................... 4.23 4.23
DIRECTORY.
Expressage .................................................. 83 .83
LINEAGE.
Refund, 6 volumes ........................................... 6.00
Postage, expressage and drayage ............................ 27.21 33.21
AUDITING ACCOUNTS.
Audits April, May, June, July and August ............... 312.50 312.50
FURNITURE.
Steel case—Registrar General ................................ 50.00 50.00
Committee, Credential, Voting labels ...................... 6.75
Committee, Credential, Pencils, paper, fasteners, etc. . 8.12
Committee, Credential, Telegram ........................... .88
Committee, Hospitality, Invitations ........................ 21.00
Committee, Hospitality, 300 tickets to Banquet .......... 1.75
Committee, House, Seat tickets and cards ................ 23.25
Committee, House, Information folders ................... 29.00
Committee, House, Paper cups, paper, pencils, hooks, tacks, checks, etc. .................................. 34.92
Rally Day envelopes ....................................... 1.90 127.57
Auditorium Events:
American Library Association, Labor, electric current, and ice .......... 51.86
American Library Association, refund ........................ 158.14
George Washington University, Labor, electric current and ice ............ 34.12
George Washington University, refund ........................ 43.38
Washington College of Law, Labor, electric current, ice and wire .......... 23.62
Washington College of Law, refund ........................ 53.88
Western High School, Labor, electric current and ice ........................ 9.70
Western High School, refund ................................ 442.50
TWENTY-FIRST "PROCEEDINGS."
Expressage .................................................. .32 .32
TWENTY-SECOND "PROCEEDINGS."
Expressage .................................................. .20 .20
TWENTY-THIRD "PROCEEDINGS."
Clerical service ......................................... 30.00
Postage and expressage .................................... 2.68 32.68

Total Disbursements ......................................... $21,819.46

Balance on hand September 30, 1914 ......................... $23,033.26

EMILY NELSON RITCHIE MCLEAN HISTORICAL FUND.
As at last report, May 31, 1914 ............................. $1,454.01 1,454.01

FRANCO-AMERICAN FUND.
As at last report, May 31, 1914 .............................. 210.68 210.68

PHILIPPINE SCHOLARSHIP FUND.
As at last report, May 31, 1914 .............................. 545.48

RECEIPTS.
Army and Navy Chapter, D. C. ................................ 10.00
Mrs. Robert M. Simms, Katherine Livingston Chapter, Fla. .............. 5.00
Miss J. M. Van Keuren, Maria Jefferson Chapter, Fla. .................. 1.00
Miss Carrie E. Van Keuren, Maria Jefferson Chapter, Fla. .............. 1.00
Mrs. William G. Adkins, Philippine Scholarship Committee, Ill. .... 5.10
Mrs. Edmund I. Ingersoll, Ill. ................................ 1.00
Mrs. Mary H. Stone, at-large, Mich. ................................ 1.00
Mrs. Rhena M. Holyoke, Patterson Chapter, N. Y. ....................... 1.00
Cincinnati Chapter, Ohio .................................... 23.00
Mrs. Mary E. Field, Moss Cleaveland Chapter, Ohio ...................... 2.00
Oklahoma City Chapter, Okla. ................................ 5.00
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter Name</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gen. Joseph Warren Chapter, Cowan-Abbott Scholarship</td>
<td>Pa</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shikelimo Chapter, Pa</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Kate Sevier, Hermitage Chapter, Tenn</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Shikelimo Chapter, Pa.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>10.00</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mrs. Kate Sevier, Hermitage Chapter, Tenn</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>1.00</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PATRIOT MEMORIAL D. A. R. FUND.**

As at last report, May 31, 1914

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter Name</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Little Rock Chapter, for Arkansas Nurse, Ark.</td>
<td></td>
<td>106.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Fuller Percival Chapter, Arkansas Nurse, Ark.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hannah Benedict Carter Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little John Boyden Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Princess Hirihiqua Chapter, Fla.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nelly Custis Chapter, Ill.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Shore Chapter, Ill.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quechee River Chapter, Mass.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marie Therese Cadillac Chapter, Mich.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reewaydin Chapter, Minn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caughnawaga Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherry Valley Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnstown Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Le Ray de Chaumont Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minisink Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patterson Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Dobbs Chapter, N. C.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jonathan Dayton Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., Ohio</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old Cheraws Chapter, S. C.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old Glory Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**RED CROSS FUND.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter Name</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Little Rock Chapter, for Arkansas Nurse, Ark.</td>
<td></td>
<td>106.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Fuller Percival Chapter, Arkansas Nurse, Ark.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hannah Benedict Carter Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little John Boyden Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Princess Hirihiqua Chapter, Fla.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nelly Custis Chapter, Ill.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Shore Chapter, Ill.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quechee River Chapter, Mass.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marie Therese Cadillac Chapter, Mich.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reewaydin Chapter, Minn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caughnawaga Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cherry Valley Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Johnstown Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Le Ray de Chaumont Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minisink Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patterson Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Dobbs Chapter, N. C.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jonathan Dayton Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., Ohio</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old Cheraws Chapter, S. C.</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old Glory Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PATRIOTIC EDUCATION FUND.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter Name</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Freelove Baldwin Stowe Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lucretia Shaw Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Floyd Tallmadge Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ruth Wylys Chapter, Conn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Bartlett Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wendell Wolfe Chapter, D. C.</td>
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<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>De Soto Chapter, Fla.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, Ind.</td>
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<td>60.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monmouth Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td></td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tuscarora Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td></td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumberland County Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td></td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scranton City Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. George J. Berlingof, Scranton City Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Susquehanna Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td></td>
<td>15.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Adam Dale Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>22.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Campbell Chapter, Tenn.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Chickamanga Chapter, Tenn.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Col. Hardy Murfree Chapter, Tenn.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Col. Thomas McCrory Chapter, Tenn.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Commodore Lawrence Chapter, Tenn.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Commodore Perry Chapter, Tenn.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cumberland Chapter, Tenn.</td>
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<td>18.50</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jackson-Madison Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Sevier Chapter, Tenn.</td>
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<td>26.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Margaret Gaston Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Martha Bratton Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ocoee Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old Glory Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>13.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelby Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>3.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Watauga Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>38.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Milling Means Society, C. A. R., Tenn.</td>
<td></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jane Douglas Chapter, Tex.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fort Nelson Chapter, Va.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hampton Chapter, Va.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Narcissa Whitman Chapter, Wash.</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**On deposit National Metropolitan Bank, September 30, 1914**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fund Name</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petty Cash Fund</td>
<td><strong>$500.00</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PATRIOTIC EDUCATION FUND.</td>
<td><strong>$500.00</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RED CROSS FUND</td>
<td>$36,248.88</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total:**

$36,248.88
## NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

### DISBURSEMENTS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Berry School, Ga.</td>
<td>$162.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W. C. T. U. Settlement School, Hindman, Ky.</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pine Mountain Settlement School, Ky.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asheville Normal and Industrial School, N. C.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Davenport College, N. C.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maryville College, Tenn.</td>
<td>215.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee D. A. R. School, Tenn.</td>
<td>205.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mountain Missions, Va.</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southern Industrial Educational Association</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$727.95</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in Bank at last report, May 31, 1914: $6,877.76

### RECEIPTS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Charter Fees</td>
<td>$82.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life Membership Fees</td>
<td>212.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continental Hall Contributions:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Mildred M. Taylor, at-large, Cal.</td>
<td>$ .25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecticut Chapters, marking doors, Conn.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dorothy Ripley Chapter, Bond, Conn.</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maj. L’Enfant Chap., Memorial to Major L’Enfant, D. C.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Washington Chapt., Memorial to Mrs. Dickens, D. C.</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thirteen Colonies Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospitality Committee, Twenty-third Congress, D. C.</td>
<td>75.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Washington Chapt., Memorial to Mrs. Dickens, D. C.</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thirteen Colonies Chapter, D. C.</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospitality Committee, Twenty-third Congress, D. C.</td>
<td>75.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Abbie F. Jenkins, State Regent, Purchase of Land, Mass.</td>
<td>21.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Mildred M. Taylor, at-large, Cal.</td>
<td>$ .25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecticut Chapters, marking doors, Conn.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dorothy Ripley Chapter, Bond, Conn.</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maj. L’Enfant Chap., Memorial to Major L’Enfant, D. C.</td>
<td>50.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Frances P. Burrows, Cor. Sec. Gen., Purchase of Land, Mich.</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Alice L. McDuffee, Lucinda Hinesdale Stone Chapter, Sale of Guide, Mich.</td>
<td>2.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Margaret Holmes Chapter, Neb.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Charles C. Abbott, Vice Pres. Gen., Purchase of Land, N. H.</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Frances P. Burrows, Cor. Sec. Gen., Purchase of Land, Mich.</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parsippanyong Chapter, N. J.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roswell Chapter, N. M.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Patrick Henry Society, C. A. R., N. M.</td>
<td>20.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mary Weed Marvin Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Philip Schuyler Chap., Plate for Mantel, Room, N. Y.</td>
<td>2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina Daughters, Purchase of Land, N. C.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lima Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molly Chittenden Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Donegal Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pittsburgh Chapter, Penny-a-day, Pa.</td>
<td>7.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Venango Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina Chapters, S. C.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Commodore Lawrence Chapter, Tenn.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>David Craig Chapter, Room, Tenn.</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Alvin V. Lane, Vice Pres. Gen., Tex.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Mrs. Alvin V. Lane, Vice Pres. Gen., Purchase of Land, W. Va.</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia Chapters, Marking Column, Va.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mrs. J. F. Maupin, State Regent, Room, Va.</td>
<td>25.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Alleghany Chapter, Room, Va.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Falls Church Chapter, Room, Va.</td>
<td>5.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hampton Chapter, Room, Va.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Northampton County Chapter, Room, Va.</td>
<td>7.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stuart Chapter, Room, Va.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Collie J. Smith, State Regent, Purchase of Land, W. Va.</td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,084.34</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Commission on Recognition Pins: 55.90
Interest on Bank Balance .............................................. 26.34

Total Receipts ........................................................................ $1,461.08

DISBURSEMENTS.

Life Membership Fee refunded, Rockford Chapter, Ill. .......... $ 25.00
Interest on Bills Payable .................................................. 2,125.00
Inscription on Bronze Doors, Conn. ................................. 97.00
State Spoon, Banquet Hall, La. ......................................... 15.00
Plate for Mantel, Room, N. Y. ......................................... 2.25
State Flag, Wis. ................................................................. 55.00

Total disbursements .......................................................... $2,319.25

Balance on hand September 30, 1914 ................................ $6,019.59

On deposit in American Security & Trust Co. Bank .......... $6,019.59
Cash balance on deposit in Bank September 30, 1914 ........ $6,019.59
Permanent Investment, Chicago & Alton Bonds ............. 2,314.84

Total Permanent Fund, Cash and Investment .................. $8,334.43

Below is a statement of the important work done in the Treasurer General's Office from June, 1914, to September, 1914:

Addresses changed .......................................................... 411
Application papers marked paid ........................................ 3,216
Applicants' cards made .................................................... 1,342
Bills to Members-at-large .................................................. 4,912
Checks drawn and disbursements posted ......................... 833
Deaths recorded .................................................................. 79
Dropped notices mailed .................................................... 996
Dropped from Chapters recorded ..................................... 518
Dropped from Society recorded ......................................... 33
Letters received ............................................................ 4,406
Letters written ..................................................................... 3,314
Letters referred from other offices .................................. 647
Lists compiled ..................................................................... 65
Lists received and verified ................................................ 195
Marriages recorded ........................................................... 7,176
Members marked paid ...................................................... 12
New chapters recorded ....................................................... 910
New members recorded ....................................................... 242
Rebates issued ................................................................... 4,447
Receipts entered, issued and posted ................................. 76
Reinstatements to chapters and Society .......................... 2,472
Remittance blanks mailed .................................................. 2,312
Remittance blanks received .............................................. 3,211
Report blanks mailed ........................................................ 1,481
Reports received .............................................................. 1,597
Reports returned and acknowledged ................................ 270
Resigned notices mailed ..................................................... 288
Resignations from chapters recorded ............................... 123
Resignations from Society recorded ................................. 810
Transfer cards issued and transfers recorded .................... 810

Respectfully,

OLIVE POWELL RANSDELL,
Treasurer General,
N. S. D. A. E.

I wish to submit a list of contributions to the Philippine Scholarship Fund which should have appeared in the February and March Report. This does not change the total of the amount contributed to the same fund.

Augusta Chapter, Ga. ....................................................... $10.00
Mrs. H. Gould Jeffries, Augusta Chapter, Ga. ................. 15.00
Mrs. Geo. A. Lawrence, Rebecca Park Chapter, Ill. ........... 30.00
Mrs. Robert H. Wiles, Philippine Scholarship Committee, Ill. 5.00
Conrad Weiser Chapter, Pa. ............................................ 5.00
Dial Rock Chapter, Pa. ..................................................... 5.00
George Clymer Chapter, Pa. ............................................ 10.00
Tidioute Chapter, Pa. ...................................................... 5.00
RED CROSS CONTRIBUTIONS.
(Received since the books closed Sept. 30)

Oct. 1. Nathan Hale Chapter, Minn. $5.00
Oct. 2. Israel Putnam Chapter, Ky. $5.00
Oct. 2. Putnam Hill Chapter, Conn. 25.00
Oct. 3. Betty Washington Chapter, Kans. 10.00
Oct. 3. Lafayette-Lexington Chapter, Mo. 5.00
Oct. 3. Schenecettada Chapter, N. Y. 10.00
Oct. 3. Stuart Chapter, Va. 10.00
Oct. 5. Martha Baker Thurman Chapter, Ark. 5.00
Oct. 5. Finecastle Chapter, Ky. 10.00
Oct. 5. Poage Chapter, Ky. 5.00
Oct. 5. Wenonah Chapter, Minn. 131.00
Oct. 5. Enid Chapter, Okla. 5.00
Oct. 5. Frances Hland Randolph Chapter, Va. 5.00
Oct. 5. Montpelier Chapter, Va. 5.00
Oct. 5. Aurora Chapter, Ill. 5.00
Oct. 6. Clinton Chapter, Ill. 151.50
Oct. 6. Washington-Custis Chapter, Md. 25.00
Oct. 6. Hannah Morrill Whitcher Chapter, N. H. 5.00
Oct. 6. Fort Stanwix Chapter, N. Y. 50.00
Oct. 6. Ondawa-Cambridge Chapter, N. Y. 10.00
Oct. 7. Esther Lowrey Chapter, Kans. 10.00
Oct. 7. Newton Chapter, Kans. 5.00
Oct. 7. Swekatsi Chapter, N. Y. 25.00
Oct. 7. Mecklenburg Chapter, N. C. 25.00
Oct. 7. Moses Cleaveland Chapter, Ohio 15.25

$565.75

Reported 362.35

Total $928.10

To whom shall this be sent, and when?

The President General advised Mrs. Ransdell to send word to Miss Boardman that she held the sum reported and ask her how she would like it sent in.

The Treasurer General’s report was received as read. Mrs. Ransdell also reported total reinstated, 18; dropped, 215; resigned, 203; deceased, 319.

Moved by Mrs. Boyle, seconded by Mrs. Lockwood, and carried, that the report of Treasurer General with its recommendations be accepted.

Moved by Mrs. Ransdell, seconded by Mrs. Maupin, and carried, that all detailed accounts of work accomplished in the various offices be dispensed with entirely, as so much time is consumed in reading these reports.

Mrs. Brant stated that the Canton Chapter raised for the Red Cross fund the sum of $35, contributing it through the Chamber of Commerce of Canton, having made the donation before the appeal of the President General to the Daughters was issued.

Moved by Mrs. Maupin, seconded by Mrs. Baxter, and carried that recommendation No. 2 of Treasurer General be accepted (that she be permitted to send out circulars asking each member of the Society to contribute 25 cents toward the debt).

Olive Powell Ransdell, Treasurer-General.

Referring to the matter of permits for the Regent and ex-Regent bars, Mrs. Brumbaugh moved that the Recording Secretary General write the former Chairman of Insignia Committee for her interpretation of the lines “to be furnished to Regents and ex-Regents under the same restrictions as the Insignia.” This was seconded by Mrs. Guernsey and carried.

The following supplemental report was read by the Organizing Secretary General and accepted:

Supplemental Report.

October 7, 1914.

After the following have been admitted their names are presented for confirmation as Organizing Regents:

Miss Sarah B. Easterly, Gunnison, Colo.
Mrs. Clara King Jones, Wayne, Neb.
Mrs. Frances Brooks Pittman, Commerce, Ga.
Mrs. Minnie Moore Willeon, Kissimmee, Fla.

The report of the Historian General was then read by Mrs. Bassett.


The civilized world will doubtless live more history, learn more history, and study more in the coming year than in any like period of recorded time. The signs of the times are the globe and the atlas. History is studied from...
documents. There is no substitute for documents, character traces left by the thoughts and actions of men in the study of history. "No documents no history" is the terse verdict of an eminent French scholar. The documents which this Society places in the custody of the Historian General under authority of Article VIII of its National By-Laws are, "all the historical and biographical collections of which the National Society may become possessed," thus insuring to the Historian the material bases on which its history shall be written. It becomes clearly evident as the plans for developing the historical research and preservation of records work of my Department adopted and set in motion by Chapters throughout the country, and the four divisions of the work are tried out and results reported, that no amplification of plans is needed for the present. The circulars on American History Course for study classes has been in such demand that the supply is now exhausted. Manuscript sources of town, church, Court and State have only just begun to be found out and studied. Circular letters embodying the Suggested Plans of Research work issued by State Officers for use in their respective States, show how widely the work is spreading and how deep the interest is growing. City and county papers in many localities are opening columns under D. A. R. auspices for the publication of bits of town and county history. Historical papers read before local Chapters, sketches of ancestry of Daughters' reminiscences of pioneer settlers, etc. The historical resources of States are being tabulated by libraries. Traditions within the States are being traced and their foundations verified by D. A. R. members. New readers are appearing in increased numbers in the State and city libraries, inquiring for genealogical data and reference books on Early History of the States. Family and other cemeteries are being cared for, restored and records made and kept as never before. Men, women, places, events identified with local, State or National history have taken on new interest under the impetus of an awakened civic pride and interest or the direct influence of Committees from Chapters, or the painstaking service of devoted historians. My attention has again been directed and held by the excellent work done in Georgia and published in Vols. 1, 2, 3, of Atlanta Constitution, later followed by Sarah McCalla's Genealogical Records, edited by Mrs. A. B. Gowens, Cameron, Texas. So many inquiries come as to the best method of compiling historical data that the tested and effectual plans of two States named are given for reference. The Marriage Record Bureau organized by the Historian as a division of the Historical Department work is receiving priceless gifts in the copied records of early marriages throughout the country. A systematic order in copying State records by counties, completing and filing same in order, has recently been inaugurated in several States, and within a brief time one State at least will have a report on the condition and number of county records, and a complete copy of every marriage record in every county of her State. This plan of work will be followed so far as possible in every State desiring to aid the National Committee. Historical Societies are looking at the stupendous labor undertaken in this branch of our work, and in several States are assisting materially in the furtherance of State-wide plans for preservation of all marriage records. The Cincinnati, Ohio, Chapter has notified the Historian General of the gift of her Department—of a Marriage Record Bureau, index and file case for the care and safeguarding of the valuable collection of marriage records. The gift is to be placed in the Ohio room as a memorial to the first Regent of the Cincinnati Chapter, Mrs. Brent Arnold, who was instrumental in establishing the first Chair of American History in the Cincinnati University. The State Historical Society, which has a complete set of our Lineage books, constantly used in genealogical research work makes inquiry as to the index to the Honor Roll and to the prospects of the National Society issuing a work of that kind in the near future. The Journal of American History, Vol. III, contains General Washington's order book in the War of the Revolution, and many facsimiles of rare American documents, as well as portraits of National heroes, well worthy of preservation by interested students of American history. The second clause in Article VIII of By-Laws states the duty of the Historian General is to write sketches of distinguished women of the Revolution. Desiring to grant the request frequently made for a list of names of distinguished women of that period, I respectfully submit the following partial list: Anne Hutchinson, Anna Bradstreet, Margaret Brent, Hannah Dustin, Lucy Knox, Betsy Hagar, Molly Pitcher (Mary Hays), Margaret Cochran Corbin, Sarah Bradley Fulton, Deborah Sampson, Nancy Hart, Cornelia Beckman, Dorothy G. Hancock, Abigail Adams, Eliza Lewis, Deborah Hart, Lucy Nelson, Mary Bartlett.

I submit in my report the suggestion of an interested member that the portraits of Signers of the Declaration be hung in our Hall, and that all the flags of our Nation be draped with the State flags. My only information on the subject of flags of our Nation is condensed as follows:

First flag to float over American soil (Red Cross of St. George, planted at Labrador, by Cabot, 1497).

First flag to float over permanent settlement in America (the flag of the Mayflower, 1620).
The flag of Cromwell and Charles Second.
The first flag of Colonial Secession.
The first flag of the American Republic.
The first flag of American Expansion (that to which two new States were added in 1795 for the first new States).

I have the honor to present through the Historian's Office the gift of two unusual and valuable contributions, from Maryland. One is the 4th Volume of Colonial Families in America presented by the author, Mr. George M. Mackenzie, who has generously given us the three preceding volumes for our National Library.

The second gift is unusual in its contents being the gift of several contributing Chapters in different counties of Maryland. Each separate contribution in the book being prepared by some flag of historical significance. The Volume is one more of the Unpublished Revolutionary Records of Maryland, and is unique in that it gives record of soldiers' widows and children on half-pay—those records of bounty land and such record service as rarely find their way into print. The book is costly as its predecessors and well worth careful study and appreciation for its beauty and value.

In conclusion I would like to add in the spirit of the words of Peletiah Webster, architect of our Federal Constitution that in the great work of my office, I shall have all the reward I wish or expect if in the organization of my Department I shall be able to throw any light on the great subjects of Research and Preservation of Records, through any of their avenues of approach! If I shall excite an emulation of wide spread inquiry, or animate abler and wiser minds to formulate plans of greater perfection and usefulness, my work will not be in vain.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. Charles W.) Mary C. Bassett,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. E.

Moved by Mrs. Van Landingham, seconded by Mrs. Mann, and carried, that the report of the Historian General be received with thanks.

Mrs. Hogan referred to the new quarterly publication undertaken by the Maryland Daughters entitled the Patriotic Marylander, which it was their intention to present to the National Society regularly, in which they hope to publish all of the unpublished data in Maryland.

Mrs. Orton said she had no formal report to present, but would state that the Sixteenth Report had been unavoidably delayed, but was now in the hands of the Public Printer, that the galley proof had been read, and the page proof was ready to go to the Smithsonian Institution, which had asked to make the index, that the blanks and the letters or personal communications to the Chapter Regents and State Regents for the Seventeenth Report had been sent out, and she had placed in the hands of the Recording Secretary General copies of the literature sent to State and Chapter Regents, and requested permission from the Board to have them included as part of her report in the minutes to be published in the Magazine, in order that the Regents might fully understand what was required of them. Mrs. Orton referred to the fact that so often these blanks were turned over to the Chapter Historian, whereas they properly should be made out by the Chapter Regent, and the reports sent to her and not to the Smithsonian Institution. If the instructions given so explicitly in the literature were followed out, Mrs. Orton felt sure there would be no delay in the Seventeenth Report. Mrs. Orton referred to other features of the Report, which she felt all the members would be interested in—a complete list of the Real Daughters, a list of the gifts to Continental Hall, a full account of the volumes presented to the Society furnished by the Librarian General, the marriage records and the gifts that have been presented to the Historical Research and Preservation of Records Committee.

The adoption of the recommendation of the Director General, and printed as part of her report, was moved by Mrs. Brant, seconded by Mrs. Boyle, and carried.

Form of Letters and Blanks.

Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr.
Director General
In Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution
National Society Daughters of the American Revolution
Columbus, Ohio

My Dear Madam State Regent:
With this I am enclosing the blank form for your report to the Smithsonian Institution. I am also at this time sending blank forms and a letter to the Chapter Regents of your state for their Chapter reports. Will you kindly aid me by writing to them yourself and urging them all to report and at once. Last year Alabama was the only State which sent in a report from every chapter. I had great difficulty in securing replies from many chapters of the country. I had to send again and again, and the publication of my report was much delayed thereby.

Cordially yours,
Mary Anderson Orton, Editor.
(Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr.)
Director General in Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution.

Return Blank to Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr., Director General in Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution, National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, Columbus, Ohio.
Seventeenth Annual Report of
the
National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution
to the
Smithsonian Institution
Washington, D. C.
(Printed by the Government as a Senate Document)
October 11, 1913, to October 11, 1914

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State Regent of</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Number of Chapters formed during year</th>
<th>Increase during year</th>
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<td>* * * Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr.</td>
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<td>National Society Daughters of the American Revolution</td>
<td>Columbus, Ohio</td>
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<td>1st October, 1914</td>
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My Dear Madam Regent:
With this I am enclosing the blank forms for your Chapter report to the Smithsonian Institution. I must ask you to return it properly filled out, and at once. By action of the Twenty-second Continental Congress this must be done in typewriting. This action was taken to avoid the errors due to the difficulty of reading handwriting. The report to be of value must be accurate.

Send with your report any photographs you may have of historic spots marked or those illustrating any of your work within the last year. Send the report to me, and not to the Smithsonian Institution, as was done a number of times last year. To do so causes delay because it is returned to me by the Smithsonian Institution.

If unmarried will you, kindly, and as an aid to me, place the title (Miss) in brackets before your name.

If your Chapter has given away any books during the year, give title, author, and to whom presented.

Cordially yours,

* * *

MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.
Director General

In Charge of the Report to the Smithsonian Institution National Society Daughters of the American Revolution Columbus, Ohio

1st October, 1914

Mrs. Sternberg presented the report of the Librarian General, reading the summary, and inquiring if the Board desired to hear all the titles of the books received. Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, that we dispense with the reading of titles of books received by Librarian General, and that the same be printed.

Report of Librarian General.
Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:
I have the honor to report the following accessions received since the June meeting:

**Contributions to Continental Hall**


**Note**—Under this head give any work your Chapter has done. If you have devoted yourselves to the study of history, state that fact. Send any account of local history that you may have. Give work in genealogy if any. Give work in connection with education. In giving to scholarships, state amount, where school is located, and its purpose; if a memorial, state to whom and give some account of the individual so honored. Avoid using expressions "Mountain Girl," "Mountain White." This is by order of the Smithsonian Institution. When an organization, building, memorial or other entity is mentioned, its location should be given, and what it really represents. By order of the 22d Continental Congress this report should be made in typewritten form.

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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Birth</th>
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<td>* * * Graves Located of Soldiers of the Revolution</td>
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<td><strong>Note</strong>—Place on this page the names, arranged alphabetically, of the graves located of Soldiers of the Revolution. Give in the proper column, name, birth, death, additional facts, name of your Chapter and of your Regent, following the name of the Chapter. Under the heading &quot;Additional Facts&quot; state where the soldier is buried and the name of his company and regiment if possible. By order of the 22d Continental Congress this must be filled in in typewriting.</td>
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Mrs. Sternberg presented the report of the Librarian General, reading the summary, and inquiring if the Board desired to hear all the titles of the books received. Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, that we dispense with the reading of titles of books received by Librarian General, and that the same be printed.

Report of Librarian General.
Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:
I have the honor to report the following accessions received since the June meeting:

**Books**


History and comprehensive description of Loudon County, Virginia. By James W. Head, 1908. Presented by Miss Virginia Miller.


Pamphlets:


The above seven pamphlets received from the publisher, William M. Clemens, New York.

The Harmons in the Revolution. Harmon soldiers of 1776, with genealogical notes on the first Harmon settlers and early colonial families. Compiled by Laura A. Madden. New York, 1913. Received from the author.


Year Book of the Massachusetts D. A. R., 1914-1915. Presented by the Massachusetts "Daughters."


Attempt at a list of the officers of the Georgia Continental Line, with list of original members of the Society of the Cincinnati. Compiled by F. Apthorp Foster and presented to the N. S. D. A. R., by Mr. George Francis Tennille, Secretary, Society of the Cincinnati in Georgia, through Mrs. Edgar A. Ross.

Love will find the way. The Marriage of John Rolfe and Pocahontas; his letter to Sir Thomas Dale containing the reasons moving him therunto. Copied and presented by Catherine Randolph Sheets.


PERIODICALS:


Kentucky State Historical Society Register, Sept.

Maryland Historical Magazine, Sept.

Patriotic Marylander, Sept.

Mayflower Descendants, July.


New England Historic and Genealogical Register, July.

New York Genealogical and Biographical Record, July.


North Carolina Booklet, July.

Pennsylvania Germania, Sept.

South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine, July.

Somerset County, New Jersey, Historical Quarterly, Oct.

William and Mary College Quarterly, July.

The above list comprises 46 books, 30 pamphlets, and 19 periodicals. 28 books were presented, 11 received in exchange and 7 purchased. 22 pamphlets were presented, 8 received in exchange.

Respectfully submitted,
(MRS. GEORGE M.) M. L. STERNBERG, Librarian General N. S. D. A. E.

On motion of Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Randsell, it was carried, that the report of the Librarian General be accepted.

The report of the Finance Committee was read by Mrs. Sternberg, as follows:


Madam President General and Members of the Board of Management:

The Finance Committee met on Monday, October 5, and was called to order at 11:10 a.m. The Chairman opened the meeting by speaking of her appreciation of the kindness of Mrs. M. E. S. Davis in attending to the business of the Committee during her absence from the city.

The first business of the Committee was the consideration of a bill which was presented from the Sudworth Printing Co., which had been paid upon the delivery of the printed matter. The amount of the bill was one hundred and eleven dollars ($111.00) for extra copies of the Treasurer General's report. The Chairman asked for the endorsement of the Committee for the payment of this bill, and the following motion was made and carried:

"I move that the Finance Committee endorse the payment of the bill for printing extra copies of the report of the Treasurer General."

The Chairman asked the Committee to approve the action of the Executive Committee in granting an advance of the salary to the clerk of the President General. Mrs. M. E. S. Davis made the following motion, which was seconded by Miss Virginia Miller, and carried,

"Moved that the action of the Executive Committee in advancing the four months' salary of Mrs. Story's clerk be endorsed by this Committee."

A letter was read from the R. R. Bowker Company in reference to an unpaid bill for expense of publication of Magazine over-matter, by that Company. After an informal discussion of the subject, the following motion was made and carried:

"I move that this matter of the R. R. Bowker bill for over-work on the Magazine be referred to the Magazine Committee, with the request that they make a report and recommendations to the Board for action."

The Chairman was asked to write the R. R. Bowker Company, saying the matter had been referred to the Magazine Committee.

At this time Miss Hilda Fletcher, of the Building and Grounds Committee, asked if she might present several matters which it was necessary to bring before the Finance Committee, and was referred to the Magazine Committee.

At this time Miss Hilda Fletcher, of the Building and Grounds Committee, asked if she might present several matters which it was necessary to bring before the Finance Committee. She therefore made the following motion, which was seconded and carried:

"I move that a floor polishing machine for use in the building be purchased at a cost of
one hundred and twenty-five dollars ($125)."

She also introduced the subject of securing paper drinking cups, and towels, for use in the building. She stated that the Building and Grounds Committee had thoroughly investigated the matter, the result being presented to the Finance Committee. The following motion was made and carried:

"I move that two paper cup vending machines, three patent paper cup holders, and three paper towel racks, with a supply of paper cups and towels, be purchased at a cost not to exceed fifty dollars ($50)."

It has been found necessary to purchase three new typewriting machines, and Miss Fletcher made the following motion, which was seconded and carried:

"I move that three new typewriting machines be purchased, giving two worn-out machines in part payment."

A bill from Harvey S. Chase Company for investigating business methods and making suggestions for improvement thereof was next brought to the attention of the Committee. As the bill was considered excessive, it has been held in order that it might be presented to the Committee for an opinion. Considerable correspondence has been carried on between Mr. Harvey S. Chase, the President General, the Treasurer General, and the Acting Chairman of the Finance Committee, all of which was read. It appears there was no written contract with Mr. Chase as to time of service, or expense. It was generally thought his services terminated with the expiration of the last Congress, about which time he made his report, but it seems he did not so consider it, and has made his charges for services since that time up to July the 1st. Every phase of the matter was discussed, and as a result it was decided the best thing to do would be to refer the whole matter to the Advisory Board, as that Board suggested an investigation of the business methods and named the Harvey S. Chase Company as the one best fitted for the work. A motion was made and carried, which reads as follows:

"As no itemized account, or vouchers, accompany the bill of the Harvey S. Chase Company, I move that this entire matter of the Caldwell bill for certificates be referred to Mrs. Block."

Respectfully submitted,

M. L. Sternberg,
Chairman, Finance Committee.

As a part of this report I will give below a statement of the expenses which have been approved since the June meeting:

Total amount of vouchers approved...$21,505.60

Pay Roll:

Clerical ..................$8,222.48
Stenographic services to President General, Committees, etc. 1,360.43 $9,582.91

Employees of Hall, including extra services for Auditorium events ................ 1,869.83

Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, salaries of Editors and expenses of publication 3,019.74

Real Daughters' Support. 1,392.00

Postage, including stamped envelopes for National Officers, State Regents and Committees ...... 914.67

Patriotic Education ................ 722.95

The approval of the Board of the action taken by the Finance Committee as shown by the motions adopted, and the acceptance of the report as read, on motion of Mrs. Maupin, seconded by Mrs. Salisbury, was carried.

Mrs. Greenawalt, Chairman of the Auditing Committee, explained that the Committee would like first presented the report of the Acting Chairman in regard to certain work transacted by the Committee before her appointment, and then here with recommendations to follow. While waiting for the Acting Chairman to appear, the following matters were presented to the Board.

Mrs. Hogan invited the President General and themembers of the Board to attend the Maryland State Conference, to be held on the 5th and 6th of November.

On motion of Mrs. Smallwood, seconded by Mrs. Bassett, it was carried, that the Circular of Information dated December 7, 1913, as it is not in conformity with the revised Constitution, be destroyed.

Mrs. Maupin announced that on the 27th and 28th of October, Virginia would hold her annual State Conference at Alexandria, and they would be pleased to see the President General and the other members of the Board.

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, that the Printing Committee be authorized to have printed blank permits for Regent and ex-Regent's badges.

Mrs. Brant invited the President General and the members of the Board to the
meeting of Ohio, which would take place on the 27th, 28th, and 29th of October.

Mrs. Gedney announced that the annual fall meeting of the New Jersey Daughters would be held October 15th, at Jersey City, to which all were invited.

Mrs. Buel extended a cordial invitation to attend the Connecticut fall meeting on November 30, at New Haven.

Mrs. Page invited the President General and the Board to attend the Illinois State Conference October 22 and 23.

Mrs. Baxter hoped that the President General and all the members of the Board who could attend, would be present at the meeting of Tennessee to be held in Knoxville, November 10.

Mrs. Draper, Acting Chairman of Auditing Committee, read the following:

Report of Auditing Committee.

Inasmuch as I was Acting Chairman of the Auditing Committee during the summer, the Committee requested me to present the report of their actions up to the time when the Chairman was appointed. At a meeting of the Auditing Committee, September 9, a letter written by the American Audit Company, and printed and sent out to the Chapters throughout the country, was discussed, and I was instructed to write to the American Audit Company in New York, as follows:

(COPY)

Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

September 9, 1914.

The President of the American Audit Company.

Dear Sir:

At the meeting of the Auditing Committee of the N. S. D. A. R. this morning, I was directed to write to you, sending the enclosed circular (which I must ask you to return to me) and ask you if you were aware of the use to which your name as a Society has been put. I have been at various times in my life Treasurer of different organizations, and a member of the Auditing Committee under three administrations of the D. A. R., yet this is the first time that I ever heard of an Audit Company of your standing would countenance such a thing. Not until I reported to them that the Resident Manager (whom I had given an opportunity to explain) declined "to put anything down in writing," although he was "anxious to talk the matter over with me," would they believe there was not some grave mistake.

They directed me, therefore, to give you this opportunity to express the regret that as President we know you must feel, and to request you instead of replying directly to me to write to the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, Lawrrence, Long Island, N. Y., in order that if possible the matter may be adjusted before the next meeting of the Committee, September 15th.

Very sincerely,

(Signed) BELL MERRILL DRAPER

Acting Chairman, Auditing Com., N. S. D. A. E.

New York, September 16, 1914.

Mrs. Amos G. Draper,

Acting Chairman, Auditing Committee, N. S. D. A. E.,

Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

Dear Mrs. Draper:

We have received your letter of September 9th concerning the letter written by our Washington office to Mrs. Scott under date of May 6th. We are returning herewith the enclosures sent us in that letter with our apologies for not having been able to comply with your request that we communicate with Mrs. Story before the 15th. It was necessary to correspond with our Washington office before we could write Mrs. Story intelligently, and we have now all the facts before us, and have written her today.

I trust that our explanation will be entirely
satisfactory, as our position has been clearly stated. For your information I am enclosing copy of our letter to Mrs. Story.

Very truly yours,

A. F. Lafrentz,
Secretary.

(Copy for Mrs. Amos G. Draper.)

September 16th, 1914.

Mrs. William Cuming Story,
President General, N. S. D. A. R.,
Lawrence, Long Island, N. Y.

Dear Mrs. Story:

We have received a letter from Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Acting Chairman of the Auditing Committee of the N. S. D. A. R., asking us to communicate with you concerning a letter written by our Washington office under date of May 6th, 1914, to Mrs. Matthew T. Scott in answer to a letter from her asking for information concerning the reduction of the debt of the Society for the fiscal year ended March 31st, 1914.

Mrs. Draper requested that, if possible, we communicate with you before the next meeting of the Committee, September 15th. Her letter was dated September 9th. As the details concerning this communication were entirely unfamiliar to us, it necessitated our communicating with the Washington office before we could make an intelligent reply. This required some little time, and, much as we regret it, made it impossible for us to comply with Mrs. Draper's request. However, we trust that this communication will be received in ample time, and will be entirely satisfactory to all parties concerned.

We deeply regret that Mrs. Draper should have formed so bad an opinion of our Company as she has, which is clearly expressed in the following quotation from her letter: "I have been at various times in my life Treasurer of different organization and a member of the Auditing Committee under three administrations of the Daughters of the American Revolution, yet this is the first time that I ever heard of an Audit Company taking part in an attack on a Treasurer whose books they had audited." Our action in this regard was entirely open and above board, and the furthest thing from our minds was an attack on anyone. As a matter of fact, during the many years of the existence of this Company, its policy has always been to avoid factional differences, and confine its activities to reports on fact. In that connection we saw no harm in answering the inquiry of a prominent member of the Society, particularly one who had been honored by the Society as a former President General, and we clearly stated in this letter that all information contained therein could be found in the published reports of the Society, and therefore we were committing no impropriety in answering the questions asked.

In order that you may have a better conception of the entire situation, we are enclosing herewith a copy of Mrs. Scott's letter to our Washington office; a copy of the reply; a copy of our Washington office letter to Mrs. Scott under date of September 3rd, asking permission to submit a copy of her request to you; and a copy of her reply thereto giving us the permission asked. It seems to me unnecessary to offer further evidence of our innocence of any intent to attack or injure anyone, than the copies of this correspondence.

In regard to that part of Mrs. Draper's communication in which she stated that our Resident Manager in Washington "declined to put anything down in writing, although he was anxious to talk the matter over with me," I find that when this matter was first brought to the attention of our Washington office, the Manager was out of the city. Immediately upon his return, he called Mrs. Draper on the 'phone and attempted to explain how the letter came to be written. There was no desire on the part of the Manager to antagonize Mrs. Draper, in fact, he was only too glad to write her a letter, but before doing so, he wished to secure Mrs. Scott's permission to use her letter to him in connection with his answer. This is clearly demonstrated by reason of recent events, as I am informed by our Washington Manager that since Mrs. Draper wrote her letter of September 9th, he has received Mrs. Scott's permission (see copy enclosed) and that he communicated with Mrs. Draper on the evening of the 11th asking her to come to his office, as he would like to review with her all the facts before the letter was prepared. He further informs us that Mrs. Draper assented to this procedure.

To sum up the entire situation, while we deeply regret having been drawn into any controversy between various factions in the Society, we are of the opinion that our acts have been dignified and courteous to all parties concerned, and that we have not violated any professional ethics, or lent ourselves to an attack on the present administration, as Mrs. Draper states.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) A. F. Lafrentz,
Secretary.

(Bloomington, Ill., May 4, 1914.)

Mr. Otto Luebker,
1804 R Street, Washington, D. C.

My dear Sir:

I was surprised to find in going over the report of the Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R., for the year ending March 31st, 1914, that the American Audit Company certified the report, although the Harvey S. Chase Co. certified the comparison of three years which appears in the first part of the report as printed for the Twenty-third Continental Congress. I would like to
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

know how this is, as I understood that the Board had changed Auditing Companies, and that you were not employed by the Society this year.

I have gone over this report very carefully, and I am very anxious to have a statement from you in regard to one point.

If my understanding of this report is correct, the Permanent Fund account for the year beginning March 31st, 1913, and ending March 31st, 1914, includes funds from my administration as follows:

Balance in bank March 31, 1913
Transfer from Current Fund, Order 22nd Congress
$7,694.27
15,000.00

There must also be included under Receipts to Permanent Fund (pp. 14 & 15) the contributions of the 22nd Congress, amounting to $9,500.00. I cannot verify this, as I haven’t the list of contributions, but presume they must be included by states in this account.

Now the point in regard to which I would like a statement from you is: Am I correct in thinking that the $35,000.00 which the present administration gets credit for paying in 1914, includes $25,000.00 ordered paid by the Twenty-second Continental Congress, out of the amounts referred to above?

You will note the comparison on p. 6, which states that the reduction of the debt in 1912 was $15,000; in 1913, $20,000; and in 1914, $35,000. I believe that my administration should have credit for $25,000 of this $35,000, as I can in no other way account for the disposition of that money. I am also inclined to think that another $5,000 of this $35,000 really belonged to our administration, as the balance in the Permanent Fund was over $7,000—besides the $25,000, which included the $15,000 transfer and the $10,000 contributions.

If you haven’t a copy of the printed report for this year, I wish you would obtain one and make a brief statement in regard to this as soon as possible. I am sure you can get one from Mrs. Hodgkins, 1830 T Street. I want this attended to at once, as I would like to have a statement to present to my chapter at its meeting next week. I am sending a copy of this letter to Mrs. L. B. Swormstedt, Mrs. William D. Hoover and Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins. Any of these ladies, I am sure, would be glad to confer with you in regard to this.

If my understanding of this report is wrong, I wish you would show me where the $25,000 ordered paid by the Twenty-second Continental Congress is accounted for.

Kindly give this matter your prompt attention, and I will reimburse you for any expense connected with it.

Very truly yours,
(Signed) JULIA G. SCOTT.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.
P. S. Please find out from Mrs. Hodgkins if in the Treasurer General’s reports during the past year there is any statement as to payment of any bonds by the Treasurer General before the Twenty-third Congress.

COPY
Mrs. Matthew T. Scott,
Bloomington, Ill.

Dear Mrs. Scott:

Mr. Luebkert has handed to the writer your letter to him of 4th inst. for reply.

You are correct in thinking that the $35,000.00 paid by the Society in reducing its debt for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914, included the $25,000.00 ordered paid by the Twenty-second Congress.

You also correctly state the balance to the credit of the Permanent Fund at March 31, 1913, viz.: $7,694.27. The contributions to Continental Hall at the Twenty-second Congress amounted to a large sum, although we do not know the exact amount.

We had the honor of serving the Society in the capacity of auditors for the fiscal year recently ended.

We do not think we have committed any impropriety in writing you as we have, for the reason that the information you asked to have confirmed is contained in the published reports of the Society, and can easily be verified by anyone.

Very truly yours,

THE AMERICAN AUDIT COMPANY,
(Signed) By C. R. CRANMER,
Resident Manager.

COPY
Mrs. Matthew T. Scott,
Bloomington, Ill.

Dear Madam:

It has been brought to our attention that our letter written you May 6, 1914, in reply to one from you dated May 6, 1914, addressed to Mr. Otto Leubkert, has been printed and copies distributed.

Our letter was written in the ordinary day’s work, and no further thought was given it, as we understood from your letter that you merely wished some figures confirmed that were already in the published reports of the Society; we would have been a little more particular in wording our letter had it occurred to us that it would be printed, as we found we wrote:

“You are correct in thinking that the $35,000.00 paid by the Society in reducing its debt for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1914, included the $25,000.00 ordered paid by the Twenty-second Congress.”

We should have written that

“It included the $25,000.00 paid during the session of the Twenty-second Congress.”

for the reason, as we understood it, the Congress did not order the payment of any amount;
but it did order the transfer of $15,000.00 from the Current Fund to the Permanent Fund.

It appears that we have been criticised for writing our letter to you, and in making an explanation we would like to have your permission to include a copy of your letter of May 4, 1914.

We trust you will grant this permission as promptly as possible, and greatly oblige

Very truly yours,

THE AMERICAN AUDIT COMPANY,
(Signed) By C. R. CRANMER,
Resident Manager.

(Charlyevoix, Mich., Sept. 8, 1914.

Mr. C. R. Cranmer, Resident Manager,
The American Audit Company,
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Cranmer:

Certainly you are at liberty to use my note to Mr. Luebkert and please use this note also, in justification of your truthful and prompt answer—without evasion—to a legitimate question of information. Your reply is corroborated by the statement of the former Treasurer General, Mrs. Hoover, and by the published records of the Society.

The motive for the attempt to discredit the American Audit Company on account of its straightforward course, I am unable to explain. I do not see why there should be any objection to, or any criticism of, your letter, giving me information which certainly every Daughter of the American Revolution is entitled to, and it seems to me that such criticism—if it comes from official sources—would arouse a very significant question.

Very truly yours,

(Signed) JULIA G. SCOTT.
Mrs. Matthew T. Scott.

P. S. Please send me a copy of your explanation when it is out.

(Kendall Green, Washington, D. C., Sept. 18, 1914.

Mr. A. F. Lafrentz,
Secretary American Audit Co.

Dear Sir:

Thank you for forwarding to me a copy of your letter to the President General, N. S. D. A. R., Mrs. Story. I was very much interested in reading the enclosures, and also hasten to correct a misunderstanding in two particulars.

First, the former letter was not my individual opinion; I was directed to write by the unanimous vote of the Auditing Committee and I think I so stated; if not, I should have done so.

Second, your Washington Manager could not have intended to inform you that I assented to his request to go to his office and "review all the facts before the letter was prepared." He asked me, it is true, not only once but five times; and each time I declined in as emphatic a manner as I knew how. He called me up over the phone, and when at first I declined to discuss the matter at all, he began to make such profuse apologies, stating that he did not realize his letter would be considered as reflecting on the report of the Treasurer General, but merely on the part prepared by Harvey S. Chase & Co.; that he merely repeated what was already embodied in the report, etc., etc., and—being a woman—I did not like to hang up the receiver in the midst of his speech. After I had declined the last time to go to his office, he asked if he might send a draft of the letter he was going to write the President General to me before mailing it. And I, seeing therein a way to cut off the conversation, assented; after telling him that his statement that he merely repeated what was already printed, reminded me of a sermon my father heard in ante-bellum days, from a colored preacher in Alabama. His text was: "Top not come down," and he told his auditors that the Bible objected to the massing of the hair on the top of the head, neglecting to give the whole sentence, which was "Let him that is on the house-top not come down."

I went out of town early the next morning; but on my return called him up and told him I preferred not even to see a draft of his letter, as I did not care to be in any way responsible for anything he might send, and he told me the entire matter had been referred to the New York office.

Will you kindly send a copy of this letter of mine to anyone aside from the President General, to whom you sent your letter, in which you quote your Washington Manager as to my assenting to go to his office. I have forwarded a carbon to Mrs. Story.

Very sincerely,

BELL MERRILL DRAPER,
Acting Chairman, Auditing Com.,
N. S. D. A. E.
(Mrs. Amos G. Draper.)

(Mrs. Greenawalt, as Chairman of the Auditing Committee, then presented her report:

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:
The Auditing Committee begs leave to report the following:

We have received the reports of the American Audit Company for the months of June, July, August and September, 1914, and have carefully examined the same, and find them correct. We therefore recommend the acceptance by the Board of Management of these reports.

We would further report that the Committee has carefully considered all replies to the requests for bids sent to twenty-seven audit firms and expert accountants during the months
of May and June, 1914, and report the unanimous selection of the National Accounting Company for Auditor of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution for the year beginning October 1, 1914, at the rate of six hundred dollars ($600) per year, which amount includes the annual audit. The National Accounting Company has offices in all the largest cities of the United States and Canada, including Washington, and the acceptance of their bid will result in a saving of two hundred and seventy-five dollars ($275) per year.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. Frank F.) MAUD L. GREENAWALT,
Chairman.

Moved by Mrs. Smallwood, seconded by Mrs. Salisbury, Mrs. Wood and Mrs. Buel, and carried, that the report of the Auditing Committee be accepted.

Before presenting the report of the Building and Grounds Committee, Miss Fletcher, Vice Chairman of that Committee, made the statement that Miss Barlow of the Building and Grounds Committee used the old flag pole, which had borne the flags since the building was dedicated, replaced before the last Congress by the large one donated by the Denver Chapter, for having gavels made, one of which was presented to the Board for its use. Miss Barlow thought the members would be very much interested to know of this—the gavels were sold for $1.00 each, the profit 75¢ each, to be used in buying new flags from time to time as long as the money lasted. Moved by Mrs. Hogan, seconded by Mrs. Van Landingham, and carried, that the gavel presented by Miss Barlow for the use of the Board be accepted with thanks.

Report of Building and Grounds Committee. Madam President General and Members of the Board:

The Building and Grounds Committee takes pleasure in reporting that the roof repairs, ordered by the Board at the June meeting, have been satisfactorily completed. The elevator has been overhauled and readjusted, and a searching inspection by this Committee on October 3 showed that the building was in good condition and order.

At the June meeting the Board referred to us the question of the increase of salary to the editor of the Lineage Book. Accordingly, we present:

RECOMMENDATION NO. 1.

That the salary of Mrs. Sarah H. Johnston, editor of the Lineage Book, be increased from eighty-five dollars ($85) to one hundred dollars ($100) per month, beginning October 1st.

At the same time the Board referred to us the request of the editor of the Lineage Book that the clerk at that time employed in the office of the Historian General, namely, Miss M. Louise Weedon, be detailed to work on the Lineage Book at a salary of seventy-five dollars ($75) per month. This Committee does not feel justified in recommending a larger increase than ten dollars to this clerk, who is at present receiving fifty-five dollars ($55) per month. Therefore we present:

RECOMMENDATION NO. 2.

That the salary of Miss M. Louise Weedon, now detailed to work on the Lineage Book in the Historian General’s Office, be increased from fifty-five dollars ($55) to sixty-five ($65) per month, beginning October 1st.

Following the assignment of Miss Weedon to work on the Lineage Book, at the request of the Historian General this Committee employed on the temporary payroll Miss Camilla H. Diggs. We therefore present:

RECOMMENDATION NO. 3.

That Miss Camilla H. Diggs be employed from month to month at the salary fixed by a former ruling of the Board governing temporary clerkships, until such time as the Historian General decides upon a permanent clerk.

We have to report at this time the resignation of Miss Jean C. Carter, formerly chief clerk in the office of the Registrar General, who was married on July 3rd. We therefore present:

RECOMMENDATION NO. 4.

That Miss Fay A. Sullivan be promoted to the position of chief clerk in the office of the Registrar General, at an increase of salary from seventy-five dollars ($75) to eighty dollars ($80) per month, as requested by the Registrar General.

As the resignation of Miss Carter and the promotion of Miss Sullivan does away with one seventy-five dollar clerkship in the office of the Registrar General, the Building and Grounds Committee makes the two following recommendations:

RECOMMENDATION NO. 5.

That he salary of Miss Lucy S. Black, of the Registrar General’s Office, be increased from fifty-five dollars ($55) to sixty-five dollars ($65) per month, as requested by the Registrar General.

RECOMMENDATION NO. 6.

That the salary of Miss Lilian R. Mix, clerk in the Registrar General’s Office, be increased from fifty-five dollars ($55) to sixty-five dollars ($65) per month, as requested by the Registrar General.

We present:

RECOMMENDATION NO. 7.

That the salary of Miss Alice Griggs, of the Librarian General’s Office, be increased from seventy-five dollars ($75) to eighty-five dollars ($85) per month, as requested by the Librarian General.

RECOMMENDATION NO. 8.

That the salary of Miss Lucie C. Inscoe, the assistant book-keeper in the office of the Treas-
Numerous requests having come to this Committee every month for a stenographer to be employed to help out in stress of work, and the Committee having acted under a former ruling of the Board that a stenographer be employed for the National Committees at a cost not to exceed fifty dollars ($50) per month, in the opinion of this Committee it would be an economy to employ a permanent clerk who could be available for any office and any National Committee, should emergency demand. We therefore present:

RECOMMENDATION NO. 9.

That a stenographer be placed on the temporary pay roll to do the correspondence of the Building and Grounds Committee, with the understanding that she may be available for other National Committees, and to substitute in the National Offices during temporary leaves of absence or congestion of work.

Inasmuch as George Hughes has satisfactorily filled the position of telephone operator since the resignation of Thomas Sperry, we present:

RECOMMENDATION NO. 10.

That George Hughes be employed as telephone operator at twenty dollars ($20) per month.

Respectfully submitted,

HILDA FLETCHER,
Vice Chairman, Building and Grounds Com.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Buel, and carried, that the report of the Building and Grounds Committee be accepted and the recommendations considered ad seriatim.

Mrs. Wood moved to amend first recommendation that the salary of Mrs. Sanders Johnston be raised to $100 per month beginning with July 1, 1914. This was seconded by Mrs. Minor and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Lockwood, seconded by Mrs. Ransdell, and carried, that the recommendations of $65 per month be the salary of Miss Weeden.

Moved by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Van Laudingham, and carried, that Recommendation No. 3 be accepted (Miss Diggs be employed from month to month at the salary fixed by a former ruling of the Board covering temporary clerkships, until such time as the Historian General decides upon a permanent clerk).

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Buel, and carried, that Recommendation No. 4 be accepted (that Miss Fay A. Sullivan be promoted to the position of chief clerk in office of Registrar General, at an increase of salary from $75 to $80 per month).

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, to adopt Recommendation No. 5 (salary of Miss Lucy S. Black, of Registrar General's Office, increased from $55 to $65 per month).

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, to adopt Recommendation No. 6 (that salary of Miss Lilian R. Mix, of Registrar General's Office, be increased from $55 to $65 per month).

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Brumbaugh, and carried, that Recommendation No. 7, increasing the salary of Miss Griggs, be adopted.

Moved by Mrs. Ransdell, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg, and carried, that Miss Lucie C. Inscoc's salary be increased to $75 per month.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Greenawalt, and carried, the adoption of Recommendation No. 9 of the Building and Grounds Committee (stenographer to be placed on temporary pay roll for correspondence of Building and Grounds Committee, to be available for other National Committees, and to substitute in National offices during temporary leaves of absence or congestion of work).

The adoption of Recommendation No. 10 (that George Hughes be employed as telephone operator at $20 per month), was moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Maupin, and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Wood, seconded by Mrs. Augsberry, and carried, that the matter of extra service in the Registrar General's Office be referred to the Building and Grounds Committee in connection with Mrs. Brumbaugh.

Mrs. Boyle read the following report of the Editor of the Lineage Book:

Report of Editor of Lineage Book.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Last June when you assigned me a competent clerk to assist me, it was fortunate that I made no promise. I expected to astonish you at this meeting with my progress. The unexpected has happened, for in June my clerk was taken from my room and sent to the Museum and I received notice from the Building and Grounds Committee that I must go to the Museum also the first of July, but could remain in my room until the clerk of the Historian General was installed. As she did not appear until the last of July, I had that month for research work and during that time was able to review complicated records and write important letters.

The last of July I left for my vacation and when I returned last of August, I found my room rearranged, my table so far from my card catalogue and records it was impossible for me to work there, even if I had been permitted.

The Historian's room, when originally selected, was on the south side of the building, but when it was decided the Library should be north, it was changed so that I should be
convenient to the Library as the Lineage Book was ordered by Congress and in the Historian Department. The room was furnished by Ohio for my work and all furniture except the desk was purchased for the Lineage Book. The old card catalogue was given me and Ohio furnished the case so as to save me going to the Registrar's room. Mrs. Lockwood, at my suggestion, presented her valuable chest which Ohio was pleased to accept. It seemed a fitting place, as she was our first Historian and compiled the Charter Members, that this chest should be used for the Lineage Book work.

During the month of September I have walked miles in this building unnecessarily. My clerk in the other end of the building, away from all references, needing to consult the original records when she is typewriting and I am using the original book in the Library, and when there is reference to my former decisions, I am obliged to go to my old cases that are filed, so you can well imagine the complication and will understand the little progress I have made. I cannot prepare these volumes with the present conditions; my table must be near my card catalogue and my clerk must be in my room where she can bring me books of reference and give me the help of an expert clerk. While she is waiting for me, she copies on the typewriter so as not to lose time.

Before I close, will say I have spent one week at the Pension Office, copied 70 records for the 39th volume and Miss Weedon will copy the originals and they will be bound for the Library.

Trust the Board will appreciate the difficulties I have labored under, I am,

Very respectfully,

SARAH HALL JOHNSTON,
Editor of Lineage Book.

On motion of Mrs. Smallwood, the question of the adjustment of condition for the work of the Editor of the Lineage Book be referred to the President General to carry out the ruling of Congress. This was seconded by Mrs. Boyle and carried.

The President General presented to the Board from Mrs. Ellen Hubbard Skinner of Los Angeles, California, a copy of the Hubbard Memorial, which she was sure the Board would receive with appreciation and thanks.

Miss Finch, Chairman of the Magazine Committee, stated she had not much of a report, inasmuch as the Magazine Committee had not met since June; that the Proceedings of Congress were before the Board, the indexing of which took a month to do; that subscriptions were coming in daily—she had sent a check the past week to the Treasurer General of $1,271—$1,100 more than the Committee had last year at this time.

A vote of thanks to Miss Finch for her arduous labor in the preparation of the Proceedings of the 23rd Congress, was moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Brant and Mrs. Mau-pin, and carried.

Mrs. Lockwood asked permission to have the following statement published in the magazine as a part of the minutes, that it had been read to the Board at a previous meeting but had not been published. Moved by Mrs. Ransdell, seconded by Mrs. Buel, and carried, that Mrs. Lockwood's statement regarding the Magazine be printed in the minutes.

Statement by Mrs. Lockwood.

Madam President General and Members of the Board of Management:

I have for some time been hoping some other member of our Board would present properly and with side lights, a statement made to our Congress, 1910, by Mrs. Mussey, who was then in charge of the Magazine, which statement was that our Magazine had cost our Society since May 7, 1892, to March 1, 1910, $64,234.97!!!

This statement was repeated the week of the last Congress in a document set out anonymously with several other statements. The one before me repeats the statement that during those years our Magazine cost the Society $64,234.97.

The first statement also said that from 1909 to 1910, our Magazine had cost $6,131.67, adding "that must be stopped." After such a statement without explanations, the Congress very readily consented to a new management!

Now let us look at the facts. From May, 1892, to March, 1910, was eighteen years; divide the cost, $64,234.97, by 18, and this includes the $6,131.67, you get the cost of publishing, which averaged $3,568.60 per year.

This, we must remember, included the printing of the Proceedings of the Continental Congress, which every subscriber to the Magazine received. Bear that in mind.

The first year after the new management, that is, from 1910 to 1911, the cost for printing the Magazine alone was $4,290.80. Add to that the printing of the Proceedings of Congress, which was included in the first eighteen years' estimate, you have $2,319.37, and you have $6,610.17!! Multiply that by eighteen years, $118,983.06, against the first eighteen years' $64,234.97. This would have been $54,548.89 more under the new management had they continued for the same length of time than under the former management.

In behalf of the earnest early workers in this organization who spent the years for what they believed the good of this Society, and I think their works follow them, I make this statement that no shadow can be reflected upon them, and while the figures prove that their management was far more economical, I do not do this in any sense except in fairness to all,
and I trust no more figures will be given to the public except by a balance sheet!

My honest conviction is that everyone who has tried to help on the publications of the Magazine has done it with a hope of helping conditions, and with an honesty of purpose, and if their efforts have not turned out as they expected, they were undoubtedly disappointed, but let us give to all the merit due them. The present manager has had a serious and tedious time in bringing order out of chaos. The Magazine is a necessity to our organization. Let us hold up her hands and second her efforts, for an opinion as to the power of the Board to ratify or to refuse to ratify the election of Mrs. Hume for the reasons above stated, and that until her election is so ratified or confirmed, it is not complete.

Until Mrs. Hume's election is ratified, I am of the opinion that the present incumbent of the office of State Regent of the State of Wisconsin holds over, as such, until her successor is duly elected and confirmed.

In order to investigate the matter of the legality of the election claimed to have been held in Wisconsin, it would, in my opinion, be necessary to take proofs as to the facts. This, it seems to me, would be at this time inexpedient and unnecessary.

The proper and legal procedure in this case, as it appears from the facts submitted by both parties, is to refer the matter back to the State Conference, where, if the election was duly held, a certificate in due form, signed by the State Regent and the Secretary of the meeting, could be forwarded to the Board for its action, or if necessary the matter of the legality of the election could be investigated or a new election could be held, and thus preclude any doubt as to the regularity of the election.

Very respectfully yours,
N. T. M. MELLISS.

The President General then ruled: The ruling of the Chair is that according to the recommendation and statement of the attorney engaged, who has examined the evidence very extensively, the present incumbent is the State Regent of Wisconsin, that her term terminates next April; that this month, or any month that the State elects, they may meet and elect a State Regent, and that her election will be confirmed if it meets the proper legal requirements of our Constitution.

Moved by Mrs. Buel, seconded by Mrs. Baxter, and carried, that the ruling of the Chair in the matter of the Wisconsin State election be sustained.

The following letter was next read by the Recording Secretary General:

NORMAN T. M. MELLISS
64 Wall Street
New York, October 5th, 1914.

MRS. WILLIAM C. BOYLE,
Recording Secretary General of the National Society of the D. A. R.
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Madam:

In the matter of the protested election of Mrs. John P. Hume, as State Regent of Wisconsin, which was referred to me by the National Board of Management of the Society, for an opinion as to the power of the Board to ratify or to refuse to ratify the election of Mrs. Hume, I have carefully examined all of the papers and records submitted to me, some of which consist of letters and ex-parte statements of various members of the Society and of certain proofs and statements submitted by and on behalf of Mrs. Hume.

In coming to a conclusion, I have necessarily confined myself to the facts as they appear from the official record of the proceedings of the Continental Congress and of the Board of General Management.

In my opinion, the National Congress, before ratifying the election of a State Regent or a State Vice Regent, must have before it the announcement, which shall consist of a copy of the proceedings of the meeting, certified to by the Chairman and Secretary of said meeting, and no election shall be complete until so announced at the annual meeting of the Continental Congress and ratified by said National Congress, as prescribed in Article VI, Section 1, paragraph 2 of the Constitution.

In the case under consideration this was not done. The certificate was not signed by Mrs. Van Ourstrand, the State Regent of Wisconsin and Chairman of the meeting, at which Mrs. Hume claims to have been elected State Regent, nor by the Secretary of said meeting.

I am of the opinion, therefore, that the National Board of Management, to which the matter has been referred by Congress, may refuse to confirm or ratify the election of Mrs. Hume for the reasons above stated, and that until her election is so ratified or confirmed, it is not complete.

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In the case under consideration this was not done. The certificate was not signed by Mrs. Van Ourstrand, the State Regent of Wisconsin and Chairman of the meeting, at which Mrs. Hume claims to have been elected State Regent, nor by the Secretary of said meeting.

I am of the opinion, therefore, that the National Board of Management, to which the matter has been referred by Congress, may refuse to confirm or ratify the election of Mrs. Hume for the reasons above stated, and that until her election is so ratified or confirmed, it is not complete.

Until Mrs. Hume's election is ratified, I am of the opinion that the present incumbent of the office of State Regent of the State of Wisconsin holds over, as such, until her successor is duly elected and confirmed.

In order to investigate the matter of the legality of the election claimed to have been held in Wisconsin, it would, in my opinion, be necessary to take proofs as to the facts. This, it seems to me, would be at this time inexpedient and unnecessary.

The proper and legal procedure in this case, as it appears from the facts submitted by both parties, is to refer the matter back to the State Conference, where, if the election was duly held, a certificate in due form, signed by the State Regent and the Secretary of the meeting, could be forwarded to the Board for its action, or if necessary the matter of the legality of the election could be investigated or a new election could be held, and thus preclude any doubt as to the regularity of the election.

Very respectfully yours,
N. T. M. MELLISS.

The President General then ruled: The ruling of the Chair is that according to the recommendation and statement of the attorney engaged, who has examined the evidence very extensively, the present incumbent is the State Regent of Wisconsin, that her term terminates next April; that this month, or any month that the State elects, they may meet and elect a State Regent, and that her election will be confirmed if it meets the proper legal requirements of our Constitution.

Moved by Mrs. Buel, seconded by Mrs. Baxter, and carried, that the ruling of the Chair in the matter of the Wisconsin State election be sustained.

The following letter was next read by the Recording Secretary General:

NORMAN T. M. MELLISS
64 Wall Street
New York, October 5th, 1914.

MRS. WILLIAM C. BOYLE,
Recording Secretary General of the National Society of the D. A. R.
In the matter of the protest against Mrs. Will C. Barnes, holding the office of State Vice-Regent of Arizona, because she is not an actual resident of that State, I have examined the papers submitted to me and copies of certain affidavits and letters which were filed in the matter on behalf of Mrs. Barnes, which, it is claimed, show that she is an actual resident of the State of Arizona.

The proofs show that Mrs. Barnes is a legal resident of Arizona, but do not, in my opinion, sustain the contention that she is and was, at the time of her election as Vice-Regent, an actual resident of that State.

The distinction between actual and legal residence is well defined in the law, but must, of course, be applied according to the facts in each particular case.

The question of actual residence is one of fact and is dependent largely upon the duration of time habitually spent by the person in question at the place claimed to be the actual residence. One may well have a legal residence, own real estate, have a home and vote at one place and be an actual resident of another. This must, as I have said, be determined largely by the time habitually, annually spent by the alleged actual resident at the place claimed to be his actual residence.

The intent of the National Congress of the D. A. R., when it inserted the word "actual," before the word "resident" (*) in an amendment to the Constitution is patent, namely, that anyone holding the office of State Regent or State Vice-Regent must, thereafter, be an actual and bona fide resident of the State in question, the purpose being to limit the holding of such offices to those spending the major part, if not all, of their time in such State, to the end that in the interests of the Society they may be close to and in touch with the residents thereof.

In my opinion, proof should be taken as to the actual residence of Mrs. Barnes and this, unless the facts were admitted as to the length and duration of her actual annual residence in Phoenix at the time of and since her election, could only be satisfactorily done by taking the testimony of witnesses, who would be subject to cross-examination.

The proofs submitted on behalf of Mrs. Barnes are not convincing and contain statements which are not inconsistent with Mrs. Barnes being an actual resident of Washington instead of an actual resident of Arizona. It is not disclosed in the papers submitted to her how much of Mrs. Barnes’ time has been habitually annually spent in Arizona at the time of and since her election as State Regent.

Very respectfully yours,

N. T. M. MELLIS.

(* Page 530, Proceedings of 23rd Congress. Mrs. Wiles: Madam President General, technically speaking, every one of us who is married is a resident of the State in which her husband votes. The people in the District of Columbia are residents of the State in which they vote. They are legal residents of those States, but they are actual residents of the District of Columbia. You are an actual resident of the State in which you live. We have had a great deal of trouble in past conferences, as the old members remember, and therefore we should put in the word "actual" so that it may not be used in the technical legal sense.)

The action of the Board taken at the June meeting, published in the July magazine, that we accept the verdict of the constitutional lawyer upon the matter of Mrs. Barnes as State Vice-Regent of Arizona, was read by Mrs. Boyle. There was some discussion, and on motion of Mrs. Maupin, seconded by Mrs. Salisbury, it was carried, that all further discussion on legal election of State Vice-Regent of Arizona be tabled.

The recording Secretary General referred to a letter received from the Chairman of the Exposition Committee, San Diego, Cal., stating that the San Diego Chapter wished permission to use the insignia on hand made (by their members) sofa pillows, wall pieces, etc., for decorative purposes at Exposition Headquarters—also to sell souvenirs bearing the lettering D. A. R., or other reference to the Society—by no way to infringe upon Caldwell’s rights, the money obtained from sale of these souvenirs to meet expenses of maintenance of headquarters—stating that the National Board at its meeting December 17, 1913, has already given the San Diego Chapter permission to sell cups, saucers, and plates having the insignia for the benefit of the Chapter. Moved by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Van Lordingham, and carried, that proposition to use insignia for general uses be laid on table.

Mrs. Boyle submitted the request of members of the Cornelia Cole Fairbanks Chapter for permission to have special medals made—(of which the three designs submitted were along the idea proposed)—for use in raising funds for the Philippine Scholarship Committee work; this pin or medal to be worn by those contributing $50 toward the fund, or worn by those in honor of whom a fund of $50 is raised for the work. They desire endorsement by the National Board, as the work will be National rather than purely local—Mrs. Carey, one of the promoters, being a member of the National Philippine Scholarship Committee, and the project having the approval and co-operation of the promoters.
of the National Chairman. Moved by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Brant, and carried, that Board approve of the pin submitted by Philippine Chapter provided it does not infringe upon National insignia.

The Recording Secretary General also presented the plea of the Chairman of the National Old Trails Road Committee pin—that every member of the National Board should wear one of the pins—which was received with much interest and approval by the Board.

The request for the appointment of delegates to the International Congress of Genealogy to be held in San Francisco July 26-31, 1915, was referred to the Executive Committee.

Mrs. Boyle spoke of the fact that the National Society did not recognize the death of any member of the Society, other than recording it, unless the member was or had been an officer, and she presented an idea which she had long had in mind—that of a card bearing the name and date of death of the member, and a suitable message from the Board to the family and the Chapter. Mrs. Boyle stated that she would be willing to send out those cards if the Regents of the Chapters would send in the information to her office, giving the name of the member and date of death, also name and address to whom card should be sent. On motion of Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Baxter, it was carried, that Recording Secretary General be empowered to prepare and send to families of deceased members a card of sympathy and condolence whenever Regent has received notice of death. (Should be "has sent notice of death and given date and name.")

The applications of the Captain Molly Pitcher Chapter and the Nordhoff Guild were referred to the Executive Committee.

A suggestion with regard to legislative action for peace and arbitration was referred to the Committee on Legislation.

Mrs. Augsbury announced for the Chairman of the Insignia Committee, that as the hour was late, and some of the designs that she wished of the Insignia Committee, that as the hour was late, and some of the designs that she wished to have the members of the Board inspect had not arrived, she would ask that the whole matter go over until the next meeting.

The President General stated a meeting of the Executive Committee would be held the following morning at 10 o'clock.

The Treasurer General requested that, as much as there was not time to read the letters regarding her report, which the Chair had ruled should be read to the Board, they be published in the Magazine as part of the minutes of the meeting. Moved by Mrs. Salisbury, seconded by Mrs. Maupin, and carried, that the letters regarding Treasurer General's report be published.

Bloomington, Ill., July 25, 1914.

Dear Madam:

Perhaps no more skilful and subtle handling of figures has emanated from a temple dedicated to the ideals of truth, than a statement which appeared, on Tuesday, April 21, 1914, in the columns of one of the Washington great dailies, purporting to be the "Report of the Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R." This was not a report, as the matter had not been submitted to the Society, and its appearance under the circumstances was a serious breach of the proprieties, and would have been, even had the conclusions implied been supported by facts.

This statement that had appeared in the newspaper was distributed to the members of the Twenty-third meeting of the Continental Congress, as the "Report of the Treasurer-General." Only the 16th page was read from the platform, although numerous requests were made that all of the report be read to the Congress. The impression made by this report upon the public, through the press, and upon the D. A. R., was that by its skilful management of the financial affairs of the Society, $35,000 had been paid upon the Continental Hall debt by the present administration during its first year in office, and the public was invited, through the press, to see the vouchers.

There was one small omission. The vouchers doubtless are in the Treasurer General's office, for "Notes payable $35,000 retired." The small omission is, that $30,000 of this $35,000 was paid on Continental Hall debt with funds collected during the late administration. The statement of the former Treasurer General, Mrs. Hoover, and the statement of the Secretary of the Audit Company, submitted herewith, prove that of the "$35,000 disbursed," "notes paid (total reduced) during the year 1914," $25,000 was money actually paid by the last administration, by order of the Twenty-second Congress. A balance of $7,694.27 remaining in the Permanent Fund, when I went out of office, April 19, 1913— as shown by the report of the Treasurer General—enabled Mrs. Story to pay off one $5,000 bond in May, 1913, immediately upon her accession to office. This $5,000 bond could also have been paid during my administration, but out of courtesy to the incoming administration it was left on deposit at the bank.

In addition to the $15,000 ordered by the Twenty-second Congress, to be transferred from the Current to the Permanent Fund, in order to pay off three bonds, two more bonds of $5,000 each were also paid off at the same time, from the $9,500 special contributions made upon the 15th of April, during the time that gifts for the debt were being made.

The misleading feature of the report of the Treasurer General was called to her attention during the Congress, to the attention of the President General, and also to the attention of the Chairman of the Finance Committee, all of
whom not only evaded, but persistently refused to recognize requests for an explanation, which would have corrected the false impression that had been made. The report of the Treasurer General was accepted by Congress—unsuspicous of the clever manipulation, and also forgetful of the fact, that the fiscal year began April 1st, thus giving the chance seized upon to create the impression that the $35,000 was paid during the first year of the present administration, which began April 21st, when it really included the payments made during the last week of my administration, including also the $5,000 bond paid out of the balance—$7,694.27—left by me in the treasury upon my retirement from office.

Correctly reported, the $18,000 generously contributed toward the debt, during the Twenty-third Congress, together with the annual increase of $5,000 from the prospective 5,000 new members, during the coming year, should, with the transfer of $20,000 from the Current to the Permanent Fund, enable the Treasurer General to report to the Congress of 1915, at least as large a sum as the $45,000 reduction of the debt in 1913—the last year of my administration—without resort to the methods referred to.

With the natural increase of membership approximating 5,000 a year, and the generous annual contributions of gifts to Continental Hall, the debt can be paid automatically, and the additional ground needed purchased. Conservative and loyal members of this organization cannot fail to regret the unfortunate impression—so foreign to the spirit of our Society—created by this misleading feature of the first report of the present Treasurer General.

The cold fact is, that the last administration reduced the debt by $75,000, an average of $18,750 a year, while the first year of the Story administration shows an actual reduction of the debt of only $5,000.

Of the $124,017.30—'statement of special features,' pages 17-24 in the Treasurer General's report, including furnishings, gifts, equipment, etc., since 1892—approximately one-half were made during the four years of my administration.

Insurance policies upon the building and furnishings, to the amount of $200,000, have been paid in full to 1916. Persistent efforts by the present administration, to cancel these policies of the past administration, have been thwarted as illegal.

In my anxiety to minimize the expense of the President General's office—during the crucial period of the debt—the total expense of the President General's office paid by the Society from 1908 to 1913, embracing the four years of my incumbency, was $1,813.30. For the year 1913-1914, the first year of Mrs. Story's incumbency, the total expense of the office of President General was $1,173.68—exclusive of traveling expenses, which upon the recommendation of the President General to the Twenty-third Congress, the Society has assumed.

I do not desire that this explanation shall be regarded in the nature of an attack upon the administration. It is simply a statement of facts, made primarily for the reason that a false impression, created by the report of the Treasurer General, has been made, and has gone out among the rank and file of the D. A. R., through delegates returning home from the Twenty-third Congress.

The statement that $30,000 of the $35,000 ("expended to reduce the debt, year ending March 31, 1914''), see page 6 Treasurer General's report, is a $30,000 misappropriation of credit due my administration, is not only due me officially, but is due the women who were so splendid a factor in the achievements of my administration. It is also due the high character and standing of our organization that a report so misleading should not be allowed to pass without protest.

Faithfully,
(Signed) JULIA G. SCOTT.

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
Honorary President General, N. S. D. A. R.


Mrs. Matthew T. Scott,
Honorary President General, N. S. D. A. R.

Bloomington, Ill.

My dear Mrs. Scott:

I have received your request for a statement as to the finances of the D. A. R. during my last year as Treasurer General.

From April 1, 1912, to March 31, 1913, I paid bonds to the amount of $20,000. (See page 7 of my Annual Report given at the 22d Continental Congress.) Immediately upon reading my report at the Congress, I recommended $15,000 to be transferred from the Current to the Permanent Fund. (See page 48 of the proceedings of the 22d Continental Congress.) This and the Continental Hall contributions, $9,500, enabled me on the 16th of April, 1913, to pay bonds to the amount of $35,000 (see page 98 of the proceedings of the 22d Congress), reducing the debt to $125,000. In other words, during the last year of your administration, $45,000 was paid on the debt.

It is a matter of record that although my official books were closed March 31st, in order to be audited and presented to the 22d Congress, I was still Treasurer General and I as Treasurer General took up these five bonds, and I also left a surplus in the Permanent Fund of $7,694.27.

Mrs. Story took up two bonds during her first
MY DEAR FELLOW-MEMBERS:

I deplore the necessity of a refutation of charges against the administration, but I am deeply appreciative of the splendid loyalty, the fine ability, and the absolute integrity of Mrs. Joseph E. Ransdell, Treasurer General, who has met this distressing situation with so much strength and dignity.

I rejoice that our Daughters are able to work for the interest of our beloved Society not crippled by party division, for, although Mrs. Ransdell was elected on the ticket which ran in opposition to the present administration, all party lines are forgotten and Mrs. Ransdell serves the Society, not a Party, and gives to her work such devotion that she compels the trust and admiration of all true women.

Please read this entire document, at your State Conferences and Chapter meetings.

I am, faithfully,

DAISY ALLEN STORY,
(Mrs. William Cumming Story)
President General, N. S. D. A. R.
MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL,
Washington, D. C., August 17, 1914.

MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,
President General, N. S. D. A. R.

MY DEAR MRS. STORY:

Replying to your letter of the 6th, calling my attention to the extraordinary circular of Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, former President General, dated July 25th, and asking my views and advice about it, I beg to say:

A copy of this circular was mailed to me addressed in the handwriting of Mrs. Scott, and it was my first intimation in regard to the subjects discussed therein. Mrs. Scott never asked me for an explanation of anything contained in my report as Treasurer General and I was not aware of any dissatisfaction on her part about it until the receipt of this circular.

To say I am surprised and amazed that a woman of Mrs. Scott's exalted position would attribute to me the unworthy actions she alleges in her circular in discussing my report, such as: "subtle handling of figures," "misleading feature of the report," "persistent refusal to recognize requests for an explanation which would have corrected the false impression that had been made," "clever manipulation," "a $30,000.00 misappropriation of credit due my administration," etc., etc., feebly conveys my feelings. I am justly indignant that the former President General of our great Society, upon whose insistent urging I consented to become a candidate for Treasurer General, should have so far forgotten the proprieties and the "ideals of truth" as to make these unjust and false charges which reflect so seriously upon me and your administration. I shall not attempt any recrimination, however, but content myself with a simple statement of facts.

A copy of my report, which speaks for itself, is enclosed herein. It was prepared by the bookkeepers in my office who have held their positions for more than seven years, and its...
correctness was certified to by the American Audit Company, which has made monthly audits of the Treasurer General’s books for nearly five years.

Relative to the report of the Treasurer General appearing in one of the Washington papers (which paper Mrs. Scott does not name), I wish to state emphatically that I did not give to any newspaper any data concerning the finances of the Society, therefore I have not been guilty, as she charges, of a “serious breach of the proprieties.”

By a vote of the Congress, the reading of the full report of the Treasurer General was postponed, and never called for.

A statement from the American Audit Company was read, certifying that the Treasurer General’s report was correct. The books of the Treasurer General are open for inspection by Daughters of the American Revolution.

Two thousand copies of this report were distributed. Each Delegate received one, and had four days of the Congress, after distribution, in which to present her complaint of the items of said report.

The only complaint about it to me was made privately by one person. My reply was that I was prepared to answer whenever called upon by any Delegate from the floor of the Congress, but no one asked for an explanation and it was therefore not made.

It is deplorable and incomprehensible that a woman of Mrs. Scott’s business ability, after four years’ service as President General, fails to grasp the fact that the Treasurer General’s annual report covers the period from April 1 to March 31 of every year, and not as she seems to think, from administration to administration.

The audited books and the Treasurer General’s report show that “Notes Payable, $35,000.00 retired” were paid within these dates, i.e., April 1, 1913, and March 31, 1914, and no one claimed they were paid by the present administration.

Had the former Treasurer General continued in office, her report would have been made exactly as the report of the present Treasurer General.

After the close of the year ending March 31, 1913, during Mrs. Scott’s administration, after the books for that year were closed, and during the sessions of the last Congress over which she presided, five bonds, amounting to $25,000.00, were paid on April 17, 1913, the former Treasurer General making announcement of same from the rostrum.

As the books of the Society were closed March 31, 1913, the above amount was necessarily included in the report of the Treasurer General to the next Congress, the Twenty-third, and this carrying forward has been the unvarying custom from the beginning of the Organization.

When Mrs. Scott speaks of the $7,694.27 left by her in the Permanent Fund “out of courtesy to the incoming administration,” she lost sight of the fact that her predecessor, Mrs. Donald McLean, doubtless “out of courtesy to her administration,” left $50,605.30 in the Permanent Fund.

The records of my office show the following balances left in the Permanent Fund of the Treasury by four former outgoing Presidents General to their successors:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cash</th>
<th>Bonds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Manning .  $6,828.24</td>
<td>$50,000.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Fairbanks.  25,743.38</td>
<td>. . . . . .</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. McLean ...  9,005.30</td>
<td>2,314.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Scott ....  7,694.27</td>
<td>2,314.84</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

From the beginning of your administration, April 21, 1913, to April 25, 1914, eight bonds were paid amounting to $40,000.00.

In addition to this $40,000.00, the Daughters of the American Revolution of Connecticut at the last Congress assumed payment of one $5,000.00 bond, and miscellaneous pledges on the bonded debt were made to the amount of $1,355.95.

The reduction of the debt should not be appropriated as a personal asset of any President General or her administration. The credit is due the Daughters of the American Revolution throughout the world, each doing her part and glad of the opportunity, no matter how exalted or humble her position in the Organization.

The members of the Society are pleased with the reduction of the debt by the former administration, and the friends of Mrs. Story would not detract from Mrs. Scott one iota of the credit due her.

To complete Memorial Continental Hall, the Society contracted a debt of $185,000.00, between April 1, 1908, and March 31, 1911, and it is a matter or rejoicing that the indebtedness today is only $85,000.00.

In conclusion, permit me to express my deep regret at Mrs. Scott’s unwarranted criticism of your expense account. In my opinion, the prevailing sentiment that our President General must be a woman of wealth is wrong. Many of our brightest and most patriotic members are women of very modest means who should not be debarred by that fact from aspiring to our highest office. I hope to see the day when the exalted position of President General may be filled by any worthy and capable Daughter, regardless of her worldly possessions. As the duties of this great office are onerous and exacting, the very least the Society should do is to defray all expenses connected with it.

Sincerely yours,

(MRS. JOSEPH E.) OLIVE POWELL RANSDELL,
Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.

The motions as carried were read; the Presi-
dent General stated, there being no objections, they would constitute the minutes of the meeting.

On motion of Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Brant, the meeting adjourned at 7.55 p.m.

Respectfully submitted,

(Mrs. Wm. C.) Abbie Williams R. Boyle,
Recording Secretary General.

National Committees and Their Officers
(List Revised to Date)

Memorial Continental Hall.
MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY, Chairman, 36 Gramercy Park, New York, N.Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D.C.

MRS. CHARLES B. BRYAN, Vice-Chairman, 564 Vance St., Memphis, Tenn.

MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Secretary, Antwerp, N.Y.

MRS. GEORGE T. SMALLWOOD, Resident Sec'y, 3520 16th St., Washington, D.C.

Banquet Hall or Chapter Memorial.
(Sub-Committee of Memorial Continental Hall.)

MRS. KATE KEARNEY HENRY, Chairman, 2021 I St., N.W., Washington, D.C.

MRS. WM. A. GUTHERIE, Vice-Chairman, Franklin, Ind.

MRS. GEORGE T. CLARKSON, Vice-Chairman, 1253 Shady Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Advisory Board.
HON. WILLIAM G. McGADDO, Chairman.

Art Critics.
MR. GLENN BROWN, Chairman, 807 17th St., Washington, D.C.

Liquidation and Endowment Fund of Memorial Continental Hall and Certificate.
Penny-a-Day Plan.

MRS. WILLIARD T. BLOCK, Chairman, 3123 Calumet Ave., Chicago, Ill.

MRS. JOHN C. AMES, Vice-Chairman, 3133 Calumet Ave., Chicago, Ill.

MRS. D. W. BUSHNELL, Vice-Chairman, 127 Bluff St., Council Bluffs, Iowa.

MRS. JOSEPH S. WOOD, Vice-Chairman, 135 S. 2d Ave., Mt. Vernon, N.Y.

Revolutionary Relics for Memorial Continental Hall.
MRS. JOHN L. BRITTON, Honorary Chairman, 2600 Troost Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

MRS. JOSEPH H. DEARBORN, Chairman, Suncook, N.H.

MISS GRACE M. PIERCE, Vice-Chairman, The Columbia, Washington, D.C.

Building and Grounds.
MRS. SAMUEL SPENCER, Chairman, 2012 Massachusetts Ave., Washington, D.C.

MISS HILDA FLETCHER, First Vice-Chairman, The Burlington, Washington, D.C.

MRS. FRANK F. GREENAWALT, Second Vice-Chairman, 1719 Lanier Place, Washington, D.C.

MRS. DRURY CONWAY LUDLOW, Secretary, The Concord, Washington, D.C.

Preservation of Historic Spots.

MRS. LUTHER DREWENT, Honorary Chairman, Rockford, Ill.

MRS. ROBERT T. REINMAN, Chairman, 715 Devonshire St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

MRS. JOSEPH E. KING, Vice-Chairman, Fort Edward, N.Y.

National Old Trails Road.
MISS ELIZABETH BUTLER GENTRY, Chairman, 2600 Troost Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

MRS. JOHN VAN BUREN, Vice-Chairman, Map Chairman, 3817 Baltimore Ave., Kansas City, Mo.

MRS. JOHN F. SWIFT, Vice-Chairman, 2715 Bonneville Ave., Berkeley, Cal.

MRS. EDWARD A. KNAPP, Publicity Chairman, Parkville, Mo.

MRS. MILTON WELSH, Chairman Committee Pin, 1514 Linwood, Kansas City, Mo.

MRS. CLARKE SALTER, Rock Hill Manor, Kansas City, Mo.

MRS. ROGER M. BASSETT, Secretary, 2414 Independence Blvd., Kansas City, Mo.

Memorial Highway to Mt. Vernon.
Department of Preservation of Historic Spots Committee.

MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER, Honorary Chairman, 1323 18th St., Washington, D.C.

MRS. WM. A. SMOOT, Chairman, 1111 Oronoco St., Alexandria, Va.

MRS. F. O. YOUNG, Vice-Chairman, Lexington, Ky.

Historical Research and Preservation of Records.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, Honorary Chairman, Frankfort, Ky.
MRS. CHARLES W. BASSETT, Chairman,
2947 St. Paul St., Baltimore, Md.

MRS. EDGAR A. ROSS, Vice-Chairman,
Idle Hour Park, R. No. 1, Macon, Ga.

To Petition U. S. Congress to Publish Revolu-
tionary War Pension Records.

MRS. CHAMP CLARK, Honorary Chairman,
2401 Mass. Ave., Washington, D. C.

MRS. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, Chairman,
Santa Fe, N. M.

Publication.

MRS. GEORGE D. CHENOWETH, Chairman,
Woodbury, N. J.

Daugthers of the American Revolution
Magazine.

MISS FLORENCE G. FINCH, Chairman,
36 Gramercy Park, New York City.

MRS. EUGENIA WASHINGTON MONCURE BROWN,
1st Vice-Chairman,
Lincoln Apartment, 121 12th St., S. E.,
Washington, D. C.

MRS. ERNEST A. ALLAN, 2nd Vice-Chairman,
Hotel Hamilton, Washington, D. C.

MRS. DOUGLAS B. THOMPSON, 3rd Vice-
Chairman,
1740 R St., Washington, D. C.

MISS HILDA FLETCHER, Secretary,
The Burlington, Washington, D. C.

Patriotic Education.

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