Who can do justice to this name? Beautiful for situation, magnificent in architecture, a haven for the stranger and a mecca for the student of art, literature and science, the home of the nation. Who but the noble man who won our liberty, formed our constitution and gave us our location could have believed that such results could be reached through a forest primeval? Let us for a moment study its early history.

The first white man authentically known to have set foot on the soil of the District of Columbia was Capt. Henry Fleet, an English mariner and trader. He made an expedition up the Potomac in 1632, to buy beaver furs from the Indians, whose language he knew, having been much among them in Virginia.

He anchored six miles below the falls of the Potomac, where he got 300 weight of beaver from the Nacostines, or Anastostian tribe, whose name is perpetuated in the Eastern Branch of the Potomac. Fleet thus describes the region:

“This place, beyond all question, is the most pleasant and healthful place in all this country, and most convenient for habitation; the air temperate in summer, and not violent in winter. It aboundeth with all manner of fish. And as for deer, bears, buffaloes, turkeys, the woods do swarm with them, and the soil is exceedingly fertile. * * * On the 27th of June I manned my shallop and went up with the flood, the tide rising about four feet in height at this place. We had not rowed above three miles, when one might hear the falls roar, about six miles distant, by which it appears that the river is separated with rocks, but only in that one place, for beyond is a fair river.”

This Henry Fleet was a member of the Maryland house of assembly in 1638 and the Virginia house of burgesses in 1652. He lived for a time at the mouth of the Potomac, at a place still known as Fleet's Point.
In 1804 the Irish poet Thomas Moore writes of the District of Columbia:

"This embryo capital, where fancy sees
Squares in morasses, obelisks in trees;
Which second-sighted seer's, c'en now,
adorn
With shrines unbuilt, and heroes yet un-born,
Though naught but woods and Jefferson they see,
Where streets should run and sages ought to be."

On Mar. 29th, 1791. Washington met the chief landholders in the District at Georgetown, who agreed by deed attested Mar. 30, to convey to the President and Commissioners all their lands in fee simple, retaining an undivided one-half interest in the lots that might be sold, giving outright all spaces occupied by streets and avenues, and receiving £25 Colonial, about $66.67 per acre for all taken for public buildings or improvements.

Washington designated throughout his life the capital city as "the Federal City." The Commissioners, however, on Sept. 9, 1791, in a letter to L'Enfant, determined to call it "the City of Washington" and they gave the district the title of the Territory of Columbia.

It was in the power of Washington, under the provisions of the act of Congress, to have founded the National Capital at Harper's Ferry, 50 miles west of Baltimore, instead of 40 miles south of it. Indeed a contemporary letter of Oliver Wolcott says: "In 1800 we go to the Indian place with the long name (meaning Conococheague) on the Potomac.

Washington, however, with that consummate judgment which distinguished his character, selected the only spot in the limits prescribed by Congress which united the advantages of tidewater navigation to the sea, easy access from Baltimore and other cities, and the finest natural sites both for public buildings and the future wants of a thronging population. The "magnificent distances" which were long the theme of almost world-wide ridicule, have been discovered to be not too spacious since the city has grown from a straggling village into a well-built and finely paved emporium for nearly 300,000 inhabitants.

On the 13th of May, 1800, Congress provided by law that its next regular session should be held at the city of Washington.

President Adams himself left Philadelphia May 27, 1800, traveling by way of Lancaster, Pa., and Fredericktown, Md., a circuitous route.

The "Sentinel of Liberty, or Georgetown and Washington Advertiser" of June 6, 1800, had this paragraph:

"The President of the United States arrived at this place (Georgetown) on Tuesday last (June 3). He was met by a large crowd of respectable citizens on horseback and escorted into town, where he was received with pleasure and veneration. The military of the city of Washington and the marines stationed here manifested their respect by 16 discharges of musketry and artillery. There were but 16 states in the Union at that time.

The removal of the various Department offices, their clerks, archives, etc., to the new capital was promptly entered upon. There were about 136 clerks then employed in the various executive departments and the entire cost of moving the government offices and archives was about $64,000.

Only one department building was erected, the old Treasury edifice, on the site of the present south front of that department, a plain two-story brick building of only 30 rooms.

The War Department went into lodgings (a practice of which the present day shows many survivals) on Pennsylvania Ave., above 21st St., and the Post Office was opened in a leased house near Blodget's hotel, at the corner of 8th and E St., N. W.

So far as the records of the Departments now show, the first official paper
dated at Washington was a note from J. Wagner, chief clerk of the Department of State, to Evan Jones dated 7th of June, 1800, Dept. of State, city of Washington.

In the war department all papers were destroyed by fire on Nov. 8, 1800, and the Treasury department has no records of letters sent or received in 1800, which were probably also destroyed by one of two fires which visited that office.

Congress, assembled in the capitol building (the north wing only being yet completed) on Nov. 17, 1800, the third Monday, fixed by its own act.

No quorum, however, appeared in either house that day; but on the 18th the House of Representatives had a quorum and the Senate on the 21st of November, and a joint committee was sent to the President notifying him that Congress was in session.

He addressed both houses on Nov. 22. The first session of the Supreme Court was held Wednesday, Feb. 4, 1801.

In more modern days church observances appear to have been general but not, as of old, compulsory.

In Georgetown, which was founded in 1751, a Presbyterian church was built in 1792, and enlarged by subscription in 1802, when President Jefferson contributed $75 to that object. The first Catholic church in Georgetown was founded in 1792 (now Trinity). The first Presbyterian church in Washington was founded as early as 1795, with Rev. John Breckenridge as pastor. It first met in a carpenter shop, used for building the President’s house. As illustrating the liberal tendency of the time, it is recorded that at Georgetown the Bridge Street Presbyterian church was occupied together by Baptists, Methodists and Episcopalians, who celebrat-
Nicholson, which those gentlemen celebrated by treating 200 architects and workmen to a barbeque.

Blodget's Hotel and his lotteries were the butt of many gibes.

In addition to this hotel there was the Capitol Hill Tavern, owned by Wm. Tunnecliff which was at the corner of 9th and Pennsylvania Ave., N. E.

The first dramatic performances in Washington were held in 1801 in Blodget's unfinished hotel, near the site of the former Post Office Department, 7th caught fish; it was called Tiber creek and all around it was marsh and low ground, and where the Baltimore and Ohio depot stands I have killed many a reed bird, blackbird and robin, and where I now reside was a cornfield within one square of the Capitol, and between the Capitol and the White House there were but few houses and no sidewalks or lamps.”

For the first 69 years of the city's life a mayoralty government existed here of a type that in a general way was not dissimilar to those which were established in other cities at that time. Succeeding this was a system which was based on that provided for the Territories of the U. S., and this in turn gave way to the present form of government by commissioners.

The question of who was the first mayor has arisen in the Historic Committee and I will here give the list of mayors and governors:

Mayors.

1. Robert Brent, 1802 to 1812.
2. Daniel Rapine, 1812 to 1813.

Pennsylvania Avenue in 1834.
3. James H. Blake, 1813 to 1817.
5. Samuel N. Smallwood, 1819 to 1822 and June, 1824 to Sept. 30, 1824.
7. Roger G. Weightman, 1824 to 1827.
8. John Gales, 1827 to 1830.
10. Wm. Bradley, 1834 to 1836.
11. Peter Force, 1836 to 1840.
12. Wm. W. Seaton, 1840 to 1850.
13. Walter Lenox, 1850 to 1852.
15. John T. Towers, 1854 to 1856.
16. Wm. Magruder, 1856 to 1858.
17. James G. Berret, 1858 to 1861.
19. Sayles J. Bowen, 1868 to 1870.

Territorial Government.
Governor Henry D. Cooke of Georgetown, Feb. 28, 1871 to Sept. 13, 1873.
Alexander R. Shepard, Washington, Sept. 13, 1873 to June 20, 1874.

It is impossible to give a complete history of the wonderful development of the District in a short article, but I have endeavored to give in as brief a way as possible the salient points taken from a vast amount of valuable and interesting matter which I have in my own home, my own family having been here since the early part of 1800.

To every American there must come a feeling of pride in our beautiful city, but to the native Washingtonian there is no spot on earth so dear, no city so wonderful, no Capitol so grand. Let us bend every effort to add in every way to its beauty, its cleanliness, its intellect and its moral uplift, that it may indeed stand as a city set upon a hill from which shall radiate only the best that the greatest nation on earth can produce.

References: Papers by Ainsworth R. Spofford, W. B. Bryan, read before the Historical Soc.
"District of Col.," by Wm. Tindall.

State Conferences

Michigan

The fall Conference of the Michigan Daughters of the American Revolution, was entertained by the ladies of Ottawa Chapter, Port Huron, in October.

The beautiful autumn day conspired with the gracious hostesses in making the meeting long to be remembered.

Thirty-one chapters were represented by twenty-one regents, thirty-five delegates and seven alternates.

The social features of the Conference were all delightful.

The luncheon at the home of Miss Edith Runnels, regent of the hostess chapter, was given to the State officers and State chairman. Artistic and appropriate decorations in the National colors, added to the beauty of the well-appointed tables.

The evening reception at the Hotel Harrington, included all local and visiting Daughters as well as other guests, and enabled the delegates to become acquainted before the business of the following day should be taken up.

Between the business sessions of the second day, a luncheon was served to the entire Conference body at Grace Church House.

The State regent, Mrs. Arthur Maxwell Parker, who was enthusiastically endorsed for re-election, gave a very encouraging report of the year's work.

There have been two hundred and sixty-four admissions in the past year, swelling the figures of last year to 2752 members in Michigan.

There are now forty-one chapters, the youngest one at Ludington, Michigan, having been organized just in time to be announced to the Conference by the State regent.

Two other chapters were established earlier in the year. "Fort St. Joseph,"
The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: State vice-regent, Mrs. Harvey Jones Campbell, Benton Harbor State secretary, Mrs. A. M. Miller, Bay City; State treasurer, Mrs. James Darrah, Big Rapids; State historian, Mrs. Victor C. Vaughan, Ann Arbor; Members of State Board, Miss Edith Runnels, Port Huron, and Miss Alice McDuffee, Kalamazoo.

Several amendments to the by-laws were recommended by the Executive Board and adopted by the Conference.

Among other resolutions adopted was one offered by Mrs. Jason McIlwain of Hastings, relative to a uniform set of Flag Days for the State of Michigan, and one endorsing the proposed Filipino Scholarship fund. The purpose of this fund is the practical education of young Filipino women in schools of the U. S. in the highest American ideals, that they may go back home and teach their needy Filipino sisters the proper care of children and higher moral sanitary living.

The entire business of the Conference was transacted expeditiously and smoothly. The general consensus of opinion was that never had the Daughters of Michigan separated with a heartier feeling of good-fellowship and cooperation.—MINERVA S. MILLER, State secretary.
organized during the past year. Two chapters C. A. R. sent in fine reports of work accomplished, one new chapter is about ready to organize. Chapters as well as individuals are contributing liberally to the Continental Hall debt. The reports of the State committees as well as the chapter reports show that Alabama Daughters are active in patriotic endeavor; many Revolutionary relics have been located, Revolutionary soldiers' graves marked, and conservation in the broadest acceptance of that term is receiving renewed attention.

The boulder at the Mississippi-Alabama state line of the Natchez Trace, has been unveiled, markers have been placed along the Jackson Trace for some distance, the 100th anniversary of the battles of Talladega and Tallassee have been observed and tablets and boulders placed.

Mrs. Rhett Goode was elected honorary regent for Alabama, and with Mrs. J. Morgan Smith and Mrs. Robert McClellan the other honorary regents added to the pleasure of the Conference.

The address by Dr. Phillips of Birmingham was an earnest plea for the education of the poor whites at our door. Mrs. Allen made a plea for compulsory education.

Between business sessions the visitors were entertained at dinners, teas and luncheons, with a beautiful progressive dinner as a fitting climax to the social festivities.

The Conference adjourned after accepting an invitation to meet next December in Mobile.—Mrs. William Gray, State secretary.

Louis Joliet Chapter, (Joliet, Ill.)—
This chapter has seventy-four members, with seven papers pending.

We studied colonial history the past year, and had three lectures. "Washington the Cavalier, Lincoln the Puritan," was given by our city superintendent of schools, R. A. Stoops; F. M. Muhlig lectured on Acadia and exhibited a number of rare curios that he collected on a recent visit to the land of Evangeline. "The Cavaliers of Virginia" was the subject of an interesting lecture by Miss Baldwin, of our High School faculty.

We observed our second birthday by entertaining Mrs. John C. Ames, our godmother, who gave us a fine talk on the penny-a-day movement. Also at this meeting Miss Lyra Brown gave a memorial address in loving remembrance of that sweet-souled, loyal leader, Mrs. La Verne Noyes.

One of our members, Mrs. Martin Westphal, has set aside a room in her spacious colonial home for our library and relics.

On May 6, we presented to the Joliet Township High School a large flag in replica of the original Betsey Ross flag. The presentation was made by our regent, Mrs. J. F. Courtney, in words well chosen. Mrs. A. M. Storm gave the historical setting of just one hundred forty-seven years ago, when news of the repeal of the Stamp Act reached America. Superintendent J. Stanley Brown, voicing sentiments of deep appreciation of so significant and valued a gift, accepted the flag on behalf of the school. It was a thrilling sight. As six young people, sons and daughters of the D. A. R., unfurled Old Glory, the whole student body, numbering nearly twelve hundred, rose and sang "Star Spangled Banner." Later the flag was placed between the statues of Washington and Lincoln, where it will ever speak eloquently of love of country.

On Flag Day, June 14, thirty-eight of our members, in a special car, decorated with our national colors, journeyed to Starved Rock. There we assisted in selecting the site for the 100-foot steel shaft that since September 6th has floated the loved flag presented to our State by the Daughters of Illinois.
Our chapter has added to the State list of Revolutionary soldiers four more names.

A bouquet of pink roses and two silk flags were placed on LaFayette's grave, Fourth of July, by one of our members, Mrs. C. W. Brown, in the name of Louis Joliet Chapter.

Our contribution towards the debt on Memorial Continental Hall last April was $154.00.

We have sent a box to the Salola Mountain School at Horace, N. C.

For so young a chapter, we have been signally honored in having our founder and former regent, Miss Lyra Brown, selected as State treasurer for the past two years.

We were happy to bestow upon our first bride, Mrs. Mabel Cheesebro Churchill, a D. A. R. pin as a fitting gift for so highly esteemed a member.

Our offering for the Caroline Scott Harrison bust was $5.00. We have a large number of subscribers to the D. A. R. Magazine. Each year we have been well represented at the Continental Congress at Washington. Mrs. A. M. Storm, historian.

Oberlin Chapter, (Oberlin, Ohio)—On May 27, 1911, a local chapter of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was organized at Oberlin, Lorain County, Ohio, with a charter membership of 25. Mrs. E. A. Sherrill was the organizing regent, and it was mainly through her efforts and enthusiastic interest in the work that a chapter was formed in this section. She served as regent until May of this year, when she resigned, and Mrs. L. E. Burgner was elected regent.

During this time our membership has steadily increased, until it now numbers 58 members. We have had most interesting and instructive meetings, also have had several guest meetings, when some stirring patriotic addresses have been given. Dr. Henry Churchill King, president of Oberlin College, gave us a splendid address at our last Washington Birthday party, and at our last guest meeting we had the pleasure of hearing a most interesting address by Prof. G. Frederick Wright, of Oberlin, president of Ohio State Archeological Society and noted geologist, on "Oberlin's Connection with Harrison's Campaign of 1813."

Mention must also be made of the most delightful outing given by Mrs. Sherrill last summer for some twenty little children from the slums of Cleveland. These children were members of Mrs. Neff's "Little Housekeeper's Club" at the Friendly Inn in Cleveland, which work is in charge of the Daughters of Western Reserve Chapter of Cleveland. The day was a most decided treat to the children, who enjoyed to the full a day in the country and the pleasure of a romp on the grass in God's great out-of-doors — something previously unknown to many of them.

An effort has been made by the proper committee to locate all Revolutionary graves in this section, and at the present time four have been located, which will be marked later. With the help of Prof. Wright, an attempt is being made to locate the "arm" of the old Harrison Trail which runs very near Oberlin, and over which the men from Northern Ohio marched to join Gen. Harrison, that it may be marked by our chapter.

The general subject of study for the coming year is the Development of the Colonies in Preparation for Independence covering the period 1720-1770. We are looking forward to a most enjoyable and instructive year.—Dorris Wolcott Strong, historian.

Stone Castle Chapter, (Dawson, Ga.)—November 14, 1912, was a memorable day for this chapter, the occasion being marking the historic battle ground of Echoway-notchaway, a site on the western border of Terrell county, with a magnificent boulder.

The battle of Echoway-notchaway was an engagement between the Creek Indians and the white men, and connected with it is much interesting history and Indian tradition. On this spot July 25,
1836, Major Jernigan, at the head of State troops, had a sharp contest with the Indians. The engagement only lasted fifty minutes. The Indians fought desperately, but were completely routed; this was their last resistance on Georgia soil; from this point they retreated into Florida. Among the names of those who were in the engagement was that of George W. Prescott, who was the grandfather of Miss Helen Prescott, a State officer of the Georgia D. A. R. Around the boulder, during the unveiling ceremonies, were gathered the descendants for three generations of Clement Bryant, Obidiah Cheatham and H. J. Adams, who were in the engagement. Mrs. P. C. Chambless, the granddaughter of Mr. Adams, exhibited to the company the old flint lock gun which was used by her grandfather in this engagement.

The boulder, which is of Georgia marble and the gift of the Tate Marble Co., bears the following inscription:

"This boulder marks the site of the battle of Echoway-notchaway Swamp between State troops and Creek Indians, July 25, 1836.

"Erected by Stone Castle Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution of Dawson, Georgia. 1912.

"Site donated by Mrs. J. B. Perry and Mrs. J. R. Mercer."

When the hour for the program arrived the bugle was sounded, the members of the chapter gathered around the boulder which was veiled with the Stars and Stripes. The audience grouped themselves under the trees. Upon the speakers' stand were seated Mrs. J. S. Lowrey, regent of Stone Castle Chapter; Mrs. S. W. Foster, State regent; Mrs. Oscar McKenzie, State secretary; Mrs. Mary Fricker, regent Americus Chapter; Rev. C. A. Jackson, Mr. T. A. McWilliams, and Hon. A. P. Stovall.

Mrs. Lowrey had charge of the program and presided over the ceremonies with dignity and grace. Rev. C. A. Jackson delivered the invocation.

Mrs. Lowrey spoke beautiful words of welcome to the visitors and explained the significance of the gathering, after which she presented the deed to the battle ground to the Commissioners of Terrell County.

It was fitting that Mr. T. A. McWilliams, a gentleman of the old school, and a veteran who bears battle scars, should call the roll. The roster was incomplete, yet gave an enrollment of more than two hundred names. As Miss Mamie Dean, who was color bearer, unfurled the stars and stripes, the Salute to the Flag was given by the Daughters of the American Revolution. While "America" was being sung by the audience Mrs. J. R. Mercer stepped forward and lifted the flag from the boulder.

Mrs. Foster, in her address, gave a brief history of the organization of the National Society, D. A. R., emphasizing the fact that it was not for forming an aristocracy, nor merely to honor ancestry, but was broad in its purpose to promote good works, to keep burning in the hearts of Americans the patriotic fire.

Hon. P. A. Stovall, the orator of the day, delivered an address full of facts pertaining to the history of Georgia.—Miss Belle Cheatham, historian.

Priscilla Alden Chapter, (Carroll, Iowa)—The meetings for the year 1912-13 were full of interest, taking up the study of the War of 1812. This is a small chapter, having thirteen resident members, about one-half living in Carroll and the others in Glidden, an adjoining town, and the meetings are held alternately between the members of each town. One of the delightful meetings was held at the home of Mrs. Quinn on Washington's Birthday and celebrated by each member inviting a guest. A special program of papers, readings and music was enjoyed, followed by delectable refreshments. Flag day was observed with an appropriate program. We were represented at the Continental Congress by our regent, Mrs. Russell. On November 12th a special meeting was called at the home of our regent to meet our State regent,
Mrs. Howell, who gave us a brief report of the State Conference held at Keokuk and a delightful talk on the work in Iowa. Our meetings are held the first Saturday in each month from October to June inclusive.—ELIZABETH M. LEFFINGWELL.

Mary Isham Keith Chapter, (Ft. Worth, Texas).—This Chapter has in the year 1912-13 closed a progressive profitable year. That the members have been active in upholding the standards of the organization is shown by the interest taken in the different lines of work. In financial contributions ten dollars have been sent to the Southern Industrial Association Fund. Twenty-five to the Memorial Continental Hall. Through personal subscription of the members, three hundred and fifty-one dollars were paid to the State University Scholarship Fund. The historical program has been the study of the Statesmen of the Early American Republic. This delightful series added much to the charm and interest of the year. The younger element of the chapter have a special program under their own direction in which they are responsible for one afternoon’s entertainment. On this occasion during the past winter they gave a number of “living pictures” representing women famous in early American annals. Personalities of Colonial and Revolutionary periods were vividly portrayed by the Daughters of today. Washington’s Birthday was observed with an open meeting. A special feature of the entertainment was the relic room in which were exhibited many rare and valuable heirlooms.

The usual awards have been made for the two best papers on Colonial History by high school students.

That our boys and girls may learn the real value of the D. A. R. as an organized patriotic work, the D. A. R. Magazine has been placed in Ft. Worth High School.—MRS. DAVID UMBENHOUR, acting historian.

Schoharie Chapter, (Schoharie, N.Y.)—This chapter was organized in 1910, with 31 charter members. The membership now numbers 70. The years 1912 and 1913 have indeed proved successful both socially and financially. Our chapter received from the U. S. Government 25 markers which have been placed on the unmarked graves of Revolutionary soldiers. On September 20th, the chapter entertained the veterans of the 134th Regiment, New York Volunteers; nearly 100 survivors were present. Many old acquaintances were renewed and the day was thoroughly enjoyed by all. Last year the chapter presented the High School with a flag 8x12 feet, also gave an essay prize of $5 to the eighth-grade, and this year an illustrated lecture, “Schoharie in History,” was given the High School by Dr. Sherman Williams, Chief of Libraries, Division of N. Y. State Educational Department.

On Feb. 21, 1913, a play entitled, “The Girls of 1776,” was given by the
Chapter, the chairman of the entertainment committee, Miss Florence K. Snyder, deserves much credit for the success of this play, by which over $100 was added to the treasury.

The annual Chapter Day exercises were held at the home of Mrs. Daniel D. Frisbie at Middleburg, N. Y., June 6, at which time Mrs. Willard Augsbury, State regent, was present and the occasion was indeed the social event of the year. At a special meeting held June 12, 1913, the chapter became incorporated. In September, 1913, the chapter was given the deeds of the "Old Laselle Homestead," by the heirs of the Laselle estate, also a piano by Mrs. Helen Lansing Hilds of Gloversville, N. Y. Mrs. Hilds is also an heir of the Laselle estate. The house is a large old-fashioned two-story house, with a large lawn surrounded by fine old shade trees, situated on Main Street in the village of Schoharie.

To say that we are grateful to the people whose kindness and generosity have made it possible for us to have a "home" is but a faint expression of our gratitude, we are now devising ways and means to repair the house, the first efforts to that effect was a tag day, held one day during our County Fair, when $115 was added to the treasury, and also a progressive card party held at the home of Mrs. Jane L. Baker at Middlebury, N. Y., at which time $26 was realized.

And last but not least, on Friday afternoon, October 17, 1913, the monument erected to the memory of Colonel Peter Vrooman was unveiled, on the lawn, in front of the Old Stone Fort, at Schoharie, with appropriate exercises. The monument is of Barre granite and weighs nine tons, it is 8 ft. 2 in. high, 4 ft. 6 in. broad, 2 ft. thick, bearing a bronze tablet with the following inscription: "In Memory of Colonel Peter Vrooman, Commander of the 15th Regiment Albany County Militia, 1735-1793. Erected by the Schoharie Chapter Daughters of the American Revolution." Much praise is due the originator of this testimonial, Mrs. D. J. Vrooman, our regent.

We feel that we have just cause to be proud of our achievements of the past year and as interest and activity increases we look forward to even more fruitful results in the future.—(Mrs. H. W.) Anna Schaeffer Wright, historian.

Manitou Chapter, (Rochester, Indiana.)—The chapter's first meeting for the year 1913, was held June 20th with a good attendance and interesting program.

Washington's Birthday was celebrated in a very appropriate manner.

At the March meeting the regular program was set aside and the society was addressed by Mrs. Frances Haberley-Robertson, State regent, who honored the chapter with a visit.

The April meeting was of unusual interest. An original Colonial story of four chapters was read and much enjoyed by all.

At the May meeting a full account of the Continental Congress held in April was given by the delegate.

At the June meeting, the prizes were given to the grammar grades of the South school and the meetings were then adjourned until September.

The first meeting after the summer vacation was held at the home of one of the out-of-town members. A very interesting program was rendered and a delegate chosen to attend the State convention to be held at Crawfordsville in October.

One of the most pleasureable meetings of the year was held at the home of Mrs. Ida Brundige, at Akron. The subjects were Colonial and much enjoyed by members and visitors. Mrs. Brundige's great-grandfather lies buried near the Brundige home. His grave and that of the writer's great-grandfather are the only graves of Revolutionary soldiers in Fulton county. The
home was made picturesque by Old Glory being unfurled at early dawn and waving gloriously in October's beautiful sun. Mrs. Brundige has in her possession many relics of olden days which she prizes very highly.

At the November meeting the society voted to place seventy-five dollars in the bank to be used for charity purposes at Woodlawn Hospital, which was much appreciated by the management.

At the December meeting Mrs. Madge Montgomery and Mrs. Emma Bitters entertained the chapter at the home of Mrs. Montgomery. Being the last meeting of the year it was one of goodly interest and was much enjoyed by those present. A short program and discussion on the work of the year was followed by luncheon and the year closed with the thought that it had been productive of much good.

This year marks the fifth anniversary of the chapter. Interesting historical papers have been prepared and read at each meeting during the year and Responses to roll call embraced many beautiful quotations.

—Emma E. Shelton Bitters, historian.

Little Rock Chapter, (Little Rock, Arkansas).—This chapter, organized December 19, 1893, was the first in the state, its national number being sixty-two.

From its earliest inception the chapter bought good genealogical books, and at this date possesses a most excellent reference library, occupying an alcove in the Carnegie city library. Its constant use shows that it is duly appreciated by the public. This fall, we have bought a sixty-dollar set of books entitled "American Genealogy" and expect from time to time to make further important additions to our collection. We also subscribe for the "Journal of American History."

Flag day, with Mrs. Logan H. Roots as chairman, was appropriately celebrated in the city park. Patriotic addresses, greetings from the patriotic societies, a band playing patriotic airs, boy scouts and school children marching and singing patriotic songs and the raising of a handsome and historical flag was the order of the day.

This year our main work is educative in character, and takes the form of two scholarships in the Helen Dunlap school at Winslow, Arkansas. As we were fortunate enough to find two girls of Revolutionary ancestry as our beneficiaries each and every member of the chapter feels a very warm personal interest in the progress of the little maids, from whom we receive monthly reports.

In December, Mrs. Roots entertained with a reception in honor of the chapter, and a splendid musical and literary program was rendered. Mr. Hinemon, superintendent of the state school for the Blind, gave an address on "Industrial Schools" and asked the cooperation of the chapter in securing state legislation to that end.

The meetings of the chapter are well attended and very delightful in every way. The subject for the year's study is "Wives of the Signers of the Declaration of Independence." The local chapter of Little Rock will entertain the Arkansas Daughters of the American Revolution at the sixth State Conference in February, 1914.—Mrs. Samuel Preston Davis, regent.

Martha Pitkin Chapter. (Sandusky, Ohio).—The year 1913 will be a memorable one in the annals of Martha Pitkin Chapter.

It was our privilege to participate in the celebration of the Centennial of Perry's Victory, held in our city September 8th and 9th. We were invited to join the official party which escorted the good ship "Niagara" from the entrance of Sandusky Bay to its mooring-place in the harbor with clanging of bells, roll of drums and strains of "Auld Lang Syne." The regent, Mrs. John T. Mack, in behalf of the chapter, presented the "Niagara" with a solid silver loving cup in words fitting and elo-
At the October meeting held at the home of Mrs. Charles W. Richardson, State regent of the District of Columbia, Mrs. John T. Huddle, the State chaplain, in her remarks said: I want to take the liberty to suggest to this Society a new project. It must needs be in so large a body as this that there are some here and there who have met with misfortune and are in reduced circumstances. For the comfort of such lonely daughters, I would suggest that we build a National D. A. R. Home. I do not mean a home spelled with a big “H” as little Mary Cary said of the Orphan Asylum where she lived, but a real haven of rest with all the disagreeable institutional features left out.

We have a Memorial Continental Hall which is the pride and joy of our hearts and the debt will soon be paid. We are planning a chapter house for the District of Columbia. Along with these two buildings we should have a National Home for the Aged, where lonely daughters by paying a few hundred dollars could always be well cared for. Located in Washington, it would be at the center of national life where our Daughters would keep young by being in constant touch with our memories and problems.

Here is an opportunity for some of our members, who are well supplied with this world’s goods to immortalize their names and render to their needy sisters a perpetual ministry of helpfulness.—(Mrs. J. J.) Virginia O. N. Huddle, State chaplain D. C., D. A. R.

A National Home for the Aged

Betty Alden Chapter, of Northampton, Mass., celebrated the anniversary of Betty’s wedding day, on November 22, by an entertainment, which proved so charming that other chapters may like to enjoy the same program.

Miss Alice Warren Pope of Newton Highlands has written a delightful essay on “Colonial and Revolutionary Music,” the result of much careful research, which on this occasion was appreciatively read by Margaret Crandall Miller.

The Colonial idea was carried out in dress, music and quaint customs through the evening. The interesting paper was illustrated by a skilled quartet, who sang in chronological order psalms, ballads and stirring patriotic songs of ye olden tyme, thus giving a clear presentation of the development of American music from earliest Colonial days to the close of the Revolution.

After the paper, Mistress Miller stepped a dainty minuet to accompaniment of viol and harpsichord, with such grace and dignity that many of the audience were heard to sigh for the good old days “when Grandma danced.”

Old tyme fashions were also carried out in the refreshments, and the Colonial evening ended with the annual ceremony of the cutting of Betty Alden’s great round wedding cake.

Helen C. Sargent, Chairman entertainment committee.
GENEALOGICAL DEPARTMENT

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor, Kendall Green, Washington, D. C.

1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, provided they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements of other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Especial care should be taken to write names and dates plainly.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All Letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to questions. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

NOTICE.

As the limited space allowed the Genealogical Department will not admit the publishing of the rest of the S. C. Revolutionary Soldiers which had been copied and prepared for publication by the Genealogical Editor, she wishes to announce that anyone desiring to ascertain if a certain man's name is found on her list (which begins with Matthew Abbot and ends with Benjamin Gerrett) can do so by writing her, enclosing a self-addressed stamped envelope, or a self-addressed postal card. A letter of inquiry, not enclosing such postage, will be placed with the queries, and responded to in its turn.

ANSWERS

2513. BELL-DUPLIN. In the valuable new book, issued this fall, "Virginia Militia in the Revolution," by J. T. McAllister, is an abstract of the pension declaration of Joseph Bell of Augusta Co. 1832. He was b in Augusta, Feb. 1755; drafted in 1776, rendezvoused at Lexington ab. July 15, and marched under Capt. John Lyle of Col. Russell's regiment to the Great Island in Holston River, where the troops came under the command of Col. Wm. Christian and proceeded against the Cherokees. The next year was made a first sergeant, serving from Sept. to Dec. 1777. In 1779 served again under Capt. James Trimble against the Indians; was ordered out in 1781 to go to Rockfish Gap, to guard the prisoners taken by Gen. Morgan at Cowpens. His last service was as an ensign in 1781. This book is of great value as it gives not only the names of the militia in forty of the fifty-eight counties of Va. at the time of the Revolution; it gives also the declarations of 250 of the men, in their applications for pensions; a list of the pensioners residing in Va. in 1835 (which of course included at that time West Va.) but also a list of those living outside the state, who were pensioned for service as Va. Militia men, as well as other important information in regard to Va. It can be bought of the compiler, Mr. J. T. McAllister, Hot Springs, Va., for five dollars; or of the McAllister Publishing Co. same address. As it deals entirely with the militia it contains many names not to be found in Va. Rev. Soldiers, or even in the War Department. Gen. Ed.

2517. HAMILTON. There were two men by the name of Robert Hamilton who served in the Rev. from Va. and whose names are given in the List of Va. Rev. Soldiers published by the State Librarian, 1912; and one other Robert Hamilton (or Hambleton) is mentioned in the Supplement published by same persons in 1913. Further particulars can be obtained by addressing the State Librarian Richmond, Va. enclosing a dollar.—Gen. Ed.

2785. CARTER. In the fine new genealogy of the Carters, recently published by Dr. J. L. Miller, Thomas, West Va. (price $6.50 postpaid) called "The Descendants of Capt. Thomas Carter of 'Barford,' Lancaster Co. Va." there is mentioned a John Carter of Halifax Co. who may be the one desired. George Carter settled in Caroline Co. married Miss Neale, and had a large family: Charles Ed.
ward, John, Richard Alexander, Thompson, Spencer, George, Presley, Betsey, Peggy and Sally. In 1766 he had a grant of land in Hali-
fax Co. and he evidently died there about 1787. John Carter was married about 1749 and went
to Caroline Co. to live, where he kept a tavern. He is supposed to have been the father of
Thompson, Spencer, Charles and George Car-
ter, and was the brother of Presley Carter of Halifox Co. who m Anne Waddell in 1789, and
of Spencer Carter who m Miss Lucas, dau. of
James Lucas, Rev. soldier under Col. Price.
This genealogy is a book of about 400 pages,
clear type, well edited, and filled with valuable
material not only about the Carters, but also
about the other families of the South with
whom the Carters were more or less connected,
once hundred of them being traced to the
eminent ancestor.—Gen. Ed.

2884 (3) MERRILL. Roger Merrill, a Rev.
soldier and pensioner son of Nathaniel and
Mary (Sargent) Merrill of Nottingham, N. H.
was b in Newburyport, Mass. Feb. 1, 1761; m
in New Gloucester Feb. 2, 1785, Dorothy Cushing
dau. of Hon. John Cushing, then of Roy-
alsborough, later of Freeport.) They lived in
Durham Maine until 1802, then moved to Port-
land and Litchfield, but returned to Durham,
where Roger died June 15, 1852, aged 91 years.
His widow died at Litchfield Dec. 28, 1863.
They had 13 ch. as follows: Orlando, b June
30, 1786, m Sarah Wagg of Liston; Dolly, b.
Sept. 30, 1788 m in 1806 Wm. Bartlett; John,
b 1790, d at sea; Jonathan Cushing, b Feb. 21,
1792, m Sarah Joy; Polly, b 1795, d unm.;
Betsey, b Dec. 8, 1797, m Mr. Robinson; Ed-
ward, b July 24, 1800, m Mary Converse and
lived at New Bedford, Mass.; Caleb, Wm. and
Jesse, all of whom d. y.;—Mary S. b Sept. 20,
1809, m 1830 Aaron True of Litchfield, Me. and
other two who d. inf. Roger served from
with the ancestry of Betsey Madison who m John
Pitzer. John and Elizabeth Pitzer of Bote-
tourt Co. deed some property to Sebastian Stege-
ner Sept. 25, 1792, which was recorded in Shen-
andoah. (Vol. II, p. 65.) This is the only
reference to anyone by name of Pitzer in the
three volumes of Records.—Gen. Ed.

3001. (10) MADISON. A search in the in-
dices of that vast store-house of information
"Augusta Co. Records," fails to give any clue to
the ancestry of Betsey Madison who m John
Pitzer. John and Elizabeth Pitzer of Bote-
tourt Co. deed some property to Sebastian Stege-
ner Sept. 25, 1792, which was recorded in Shen-
andoah. (Vol. II, p. 65.) This is the only
reference to anyone by name of Pitzer in the
three volumes of Records.—Gen. Ed.

3003. CARTER. In the fine Carter Geneal-
ology, referred to in Answer to 2785, on page
212, mention is made of Capt. Benjamin Carter
of the N. C. Line, who was b ab. 1789, and
after the war received a grant of 5000 acres of
land in Williamson Co. Tenn. He was a member
of the Society of the Cincinnati, which
honor is now held by his grand-nephew, Mr.
Benjamin F. Carter of Pulaski, Tenn. Capt.
Benjamin Carter d unm. He was the son of
Robert Carter of S. C. who was a member of
the Provincial Congress at Charleston, S. C. in
1775, and made his will in 1791, mentioning
his sons, Robert, James, Benjamin, Daniel, and
daughters, Margaret Alexander and Susan Mor-
rey.—Gen. Ed.

3014. (7) ROLLINS-CARSON. John Carson
of Westmoreland Co. Pa. m Miss Cummings and
their dau. Jane Carson, was b July 10, 1755 in
Westmoreland Co. Pa. There were at least two
other daughters, Betty, who m Mr. Reed; be-
ing one of them. Jane Carson m Randall Lee,
and the other sister may be the one desired.
John Carson served as a Ranger in Westmore-
land Co. Militia, and there is a tradition that
he lived near the "Old Reed Stone Fort" on
the streams that form the Ohio, and saw Brad-
dock's army march proudly by his cabin, on
their way to the terrible fight "Braddock's De-
feat." Miss Emma A. Donnell, Regent Lone
Tree Chapter, Greensburg, Ind. and one of the
editors of the "Donnell Family" which is soon
to be published.

3042. (2) HOYT. According to the Hoyt
Genealogy there was a Samuel Hoyt who had
a son, Uriah, who married in 1773, Jane Hoyt
(or Hait). Uriah was born in 1750 and d in
Stamford, Conn. in 1810, and his wid. d in
1845, aged 90 yrs. Jane was the daughter of
Joseph and Jane Hoyt (Hait) and all of them
were Tories. Uriah and Jane Hoyt had: Uriah,
b 1774, living in 1811; Hannah, b 1779, who
m Mr. Stephens, and was living in 1811; Sa-
lome, b 1781, unm. in 1811; and Sarah, b July
4, 1783, who m Mr. Bostwick; and Samuel, b
1794, who m Sally (who d in 1860 aged 65 yrs.)
and d in 1864. As many of the Tories were
Elizabeth Sargent and d Hudson, N. H. signed
the Association Test from Nottingham West
as well as William, John, Abel and Isaac Mer-
rill. (See Hudson's History.) This act en-
titles his descendants to recognition in the
also imprisoned on Long Island during the Rev. it is possible that this may be the family desired. No other reference is given in the Hoyt Genealogy to a Hoyt that married a Bostwick, that could by any possibility be the one desired.

—Gen. Ed.

3057. WENZELL. In the Index to the Fifth Series Pa. Archives, mention is made of Frederick and John Wensel, Philip Wensil, Michael Wentzel; and Conrad, George, John and Philip Wentzel as having served. These are undoubtedly different spellings of the same name; but one other spelling is of interest,—George Wentzel spelled it sometimes Wentzlel.—Gen. Ed.

3058. (2) LOUNSBURY. A careful examination of the indices to 'New York in the Revolution' by Roberts, and the Supplement, fails to discover any reference to Isaac Lounsbury, although a great many men of that surname served.—Gen. Ed.

3061. (2) SCHAEFFER (SHAFFER). No mention is made of Francis Schaeffer, under any spelling of the word in the Index to the Fifth Series, Pa. Archives.—Gen. Ed.

3073. BALL. In the same comprehensive genealogy which I have already referred to, 'The Carter Family,' by Dr. J. L. Miller, mention is made of George Ball, who was the eldest son of Capt. David Ball (1737-1811) and his wife, Hannah Haynie. This David Ball was of the same family as Mary Ball, the mother of Washington; but I can find no evidence in the List of Va. Soldiers or its supplement that David was a Capt. during the Revolution.—Gen. Ed.

3074. DOZIER. While I do not find any one by the name of Dozier who is mentioned as coming over to this country, I find the name Pierre (Peter) Dozien of Rouen, who was wounded July 4, 1779, in the list of French Allies. (See Les Combattants Francais de la Guerre Americaine, 1778-1783, p 120.)—Gen. Ed.

3080. HALL. There is no mention of a Rev. soldier by name of Randolph or Randall Hall; and the only man by name Nathan that I could find, is recorded in "Va. Militia in the Rev." by J. T. McAllister, p 176, as serving from Albemarle Co. and that his name was found among the papers of George Gilmer.—Gen. Ed.

3080. (3) WOODSON-WATKINS. Mr. H. M. Woodson, 742 Bredlove St. Memphis, Tenn. is preparing and has nearly completed a History of the Woodson Family of Va. W. J. Gammon, 231 West Broadway, Louisville, Ky.

3080. (4) NICOLDS-GREEN. There was a Thomas Nichols who is mentioned in the List of Va. Rev. Soldiers, as having received a Bounty Land Warrant; and a John Nichols or Nickols who is mentioned in the Supplement (pub. by State Librarian in 1913) who is mentioned as having served in the third and fifth Va. State regiments.—Gen. Ed.

3081. (2) SMITH. There was a Charles Smith from Louisa Co. who was a Rev. patriot, and signed a petition Dec. 8, 1777. (See Va. Rev. Soldiers p 405.)—Gen. Ed.

3801. (3) BAYLOR-GWATHMEY. There was a Robert Baylor mentioned in Historic Shepherdstown, pub. in Charleston, in 1910 and quoted in the Supplement to Va. Rev. Soldiers.—Gen. Ed.

3802. (2) WILSON. William Wilson, grand uncle of Wm. Wilson Corcoran, one of the most prominent persons in Washington, D. C. fifty years ago, was born ab. 1750 near Limerick, Ireland; came to this country and established in Baltimore, Md. an extensive shipping trade, importing foreign goods, and in 1802 took his sons, James and Thomas into the firm. He was one of the founders of the First Baptist Church in Baltimore; and in 1814, when no funds could be obtained from Washington to meet the obligations of the Government, he tendered the Navy Agent, James Beatty, $50,000, and then refused to accept any interest saying 'he did not wish to profit by the necessities of his country.' He died in Baltimore Mech. 20, 1824, leaving a large family. (See The Monumental City, by Geo. W. Howard, pub. 1873, pp 470 & 581.) It is possible that Elijah was one of his children. A letter addressed to the Md. Historical Society, Baltimore, Md. enclosing the usual fee, asking the Librarian to look in the list of baptisms, marriages, etc., of Baltimore First Baptist church, might bring the desired result.—Gen. Ed.

3100. (2) BOWER. There was a Sam Bower, in the Sixth Pa. Battalion under Col. Wm. Irvine, who is recorded as in need of a coat, jacket and pr. of drawers, Mech. 14, 1776. (See Pa. Archives, Fifth Series, Vol. II, p 241.) This Battalion consisted of eight companies, two of which were raised in York Co. and the rest in Cumberland Co.—Gen. Ed.

3104. (14) DILLARD-STARK. Mr. S. Judson Stark, 11 Luzerne St. Pittston, Pa. is authority on the Stark Family, and may be able to assist F. T. C.—Gen. Ed.

3108. HOVEY-DUNN-VICORY. Joel Musell's Sons, Albany, N. Y. advertise a genealogy of the Hovey family for five dollars. They do not describe it. There is no such genealogy in the Congressional Library list of genealogies.—Gen. Ed.

Miss E. May Christy, Silver Creek, N. Y. writes that a Hovey Genealogy is now in the process of being printed at Salem, Mass. Sidney Perley, Editor. The price is to be ten dollars, probably. Information could doubtless be obtained from Rev. Horace C. Hovey, Newburyport, Mass. President of the Hovey Family Ass.

3117. (2) SWEARINGEN. There was a Van Swearingen in Berkeley Co. Va. who was appointed County Liet. (same rank as Col.) in 1777. His name is mentioned in McAllister's Va. Militia in the Revolution. There is also
a Van Swearingen mentioned in the List of Va. Rev. Soldiers, as having served in the Ill. Division, and being mentioned in the "Conquest of the Northwest." I doubt if the latter is the one born in 1700; and there is a question about the service of the former being given a man b ab. 1700. But that there was an old man who was a patriot, of that name, and whose house was frequently used as a meeting place for Rev. patriots, is a matter of record.—Gen. Ed.

3123. Booker. There was a John Booker who was an assistant Commissary during the Rev. and whose name is mentioned in List of Va. Rev. Soldiers, pub. by State Librarian. That may be the one desired.—Gen. Ed.

3126. (2) Button-Butts. In the October magazine in answering this query reference is had to the Lineage Book, Vol. XXVI, where the dates of birth and death of Matthias Button are given as 1730-1814. Having been appointed one of a committee to locate Rev. soldiers’ graves in our town (Wells, Vt.) I found the grave-stone of Matthias Button, which is marked "Capt. Button, died in 1811, aged 79 years." That would make the date of his birth, 1732 in stead of 1730. The history of the town of Wells states that he married for his second wife, the widow of Joshua Howe. It must have been after 1800, for that was the date of death of Joshua Howe. Matthias Button came to Wells with his son, Joseph, whom Sarah Glass, and their children and many grand-children are recorded in the above-mentioned history. I will be glad to furnish them to M. L. B. if she desires. Miss Genevieve Lewis, Registrar Lake St. Catherine Chapter, Wells, Vt.

3138. Brink-Van Keuren. This query which was terribly mutilated in the printing (owing to the constant changes during the past summer, which are happily settled now) refers to the Rev. services of Abraham Van Keuren and Cornelius Brink of Ulster or Orange Co. N. Y. Cornelius Brink and Cornelius Brink Jr. are mentioned as having served in the Levies during the Revolution; and later Cornelius and Cornelius C. Brink served in the fourth regiment of Ulster Co. Militia. Abraham Van Keuren served in the third regiment of Ulster Co. Militia; but when he went to get his land bounty right he was of Dutchess Co. (Just adjoining Ulster Co. and south-east of it.) For reference see Roberts’ New York in the Revolution.—Gen. Ed.

3144. Van Metre (Meter). There were two men by that name that served in the Rev. and are mentioned in Va. Rev. Soldiers, pub. by State Librarian. Jacob Van Meter, an ensign, and Jacob Van Metre, a Lieut. Possibly both refer to the same man at different periods of the war.—Gen. Ed.

3144. (3) Hugh Cunningham. There was a Hugh Cunningham from Lancaster Co. who served in Capt. Jas. Collier’s Co. in 1778; in Capt. Samuel Cochran’s Co. in April, 1781; and in Capt. Alex McIlvain’s Co. in July, 1781; all being Lancaster Co. Militia. (See Pa. Arch. Fifth Series, Vol. VII, pp 374, 516 & 1008.)—Gen. Ed.

3146. Dabney. There was a William Dabney whose name is mentioned in the List of Va. Rev. Soldiers, but whether he was the father of Wm. Quarles Dabney, would have to be determined.—Gen. Ed.

3148. (5) Muse-Fauntleroy-Jones. In the genealogy of the Jones Family, called Captain Roger Jones of London and Va. there is a sketch of the Fauntleroy Family; and Joel Munsell Sons of Albany, N. Y. advertise the Fauntleroy Genealogy for $3.00 and the Muse Family for $1.00. They may or may not contain the information desired.—Gen. Ed.

3153. Fitch-Avery. In "Genealogy" for 1912, edited by Wm. Clemens, New York City, there is a sketch of the Fitch Family, traced back to the emigrant ancestor. The Fitch papers can be bought for 75 cents. Miss Katherine Gottschalk, Rolla, Mo.

3159. Harrison-Tallman. In Augusta Co. Records, copied by Judge Lyman Chalkley, and published by Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Vol. III, p 68, in the record of William Craven’s will, dated Oct. 2, 1761, he gives his grandsons, Zebulon and Robert Harrison, 200 acres on the east side of Linville’s creek; and to his dau. Margaret Harrison, a bequest. Later the father, Zebulon, qualifies as guardian for his two sons. In will of John Harrison Jr. dated Aug. 23, 1758, and proved Nov. 15, 1763, he gives to his brother, Zebulon, eldest son of John Harrison, 400 acres on Smith’s Creek; to Phel Harrison, eldest dau. of Zebulon, to sister, Phoebe Moore and her daughter; to Ann Davison and her daughters; to Phoebe Davison; and to brother, Reuben Harrison, bequests. He appoints his brothers Zebulon and Reuben his executors. (p 82.) On p 118 is given the abstract of the will of John Harrison, cord-winder—who wills to his wife, Phoebe, son Zebulon, son Reuben; daughter Phedy Moore; daughter Ann Langdon; and appoints his sons, Zebulon and Reuben as executors. (p 82.) On p 118 is given the abstract of the will of John Harrison, cord-winder—who wills to his wife, Phoebe, son Zebulon, son Reuben; daughter Phedy Moore; daughter Ann Langdon; and appoints his sons, Zebulon and Reuben as executors. The will was probated May 21, 1771, and it is to be hoped that his request that "a Baptist minister preach his funeral sermon" was gratified. No reference to any Rev. service performed by Zebulon Harrison is given, although I find that the elder Zebulon was in Capt. Peter Shoull’s list in the Muster of 1742. (Vol. II, p. 509.)—Gen. Ed.

3161. Alston. An answer to this question can be found on page 604 "Allston's of North and South Carolina."—Gen. Ed.

3163. Belding. Well’s History of Whately, Mass. contains the genealogy of many of the descendants of Richard Belding, the progenitor of the Mass. branch. It can be obtained for
five dollars, by writing Mr. Wells, Hatfield, Mass. Mrs Herbert Backus, 280 East State St. Columbus, Ohio.

3174. TRIGG. If Stephen Trigg is mentioned in the account of the organization of Botetourt Co. Va. Feb. 18, 1770, as having been present, he must have been old enough to have served during the Rev. His death-date would show if he was living during the Rev. and young enough to have served.—Gen. Ed.


3181. LAWRENCE-PARMENTER. No mention is made of anyone by the name of Parmenter in the History of Troy, N. H. written by A. M. Caverly in 1859, and no Josiah Lawrence.—Gen. Ed.

3184 (2). RISH-HOLMAN. I find no record of the name Rish, in the Giessendanner Record; but Conrad Holman and Mary Ann his wife, are god parents to a great many children; and Sunday, June 17, 1753, “in Amelia, Giessendanner baptized Mary Ann, daughter of Conrad and Mary Ann Holman, born May 14, 1753.” The god parents were Caspar Brown, Maria, wife of Joseph Festner; and Regina, wife or John Willis. (p. 138, Hist. Orangeburg Co. S. C.)—Gen. Ed.

3189. MEDLEY. My grandmother, Harriet Medley, had a brother, Reuben Medley, and I may be able to assist G. S. W. Mrs. J. F. F. Cassell, Staunton, Va. 

3204. EDMONDSON (EDMISTON) -MONTGOMERY. Col. Wm. Edmondson (or Edmiston) b 1734, d 1822, is the ancestor of a number of persons who have entered the D. A. R. For a full record of their lines of ancestry, See Lineage Books D. A. R. Vols. VIII, IX, XII, XIV, XXI, XXII, XXIX. He had a dau. Esther, who m Robert C. Kennedy; a dau. Martha, who m James Gillespie; a dau. Mary, who m Ebenezer McEwen; a son, John Montgomery, who m Margaret Robinson, and a son, Thomas, who m Martha Buchanan.

In an account of the Battle of King’s Mountain, the statement is made that eight relatives, by name of Edmondson served in the battle. —Gen. Ed.

3210. HILLS. If Crumrine mentions the tract of land, as specified in Query 3210, then the proper way to find out the location of the tract is to write to the County Clerk of Washington Co. Pa. at Greensburg. It is possible, also, that his will may be found in Greensburg. For that, write to the Register of Probate, Greensburg, Pa.—Gen. Ed.

3218. WILSON-RAYMOND. Benjamin Wilson is probably the name of the ancestor desired. He was m (1) to Ann Ruddell, Sept. 4, 1770; and m (2) Phoebe Davidson, Dec. 15, 1795. He had 29 children by the two wives, 24 of whom survived him. Their names are as follows: Mary B. m. John Haymond; Wm. B.; Stephen; Benjamin; Sarah; Ann; John; Archibald B.; Josiah D.; David; Edith; Elizabeth; Thomas W.; Margaret, m. Hiram Haymond; Deborah; James P. m Rowena Haymond; Daniel; Phoebe D.; Martha M. m Calder Haymond; Philip M.; Noah; Julia Ann; Harriet B. b Nov. 18, 1818, m Jonathan Haymond and had a dau. Louisa; and Rachel, b July 20, 1820, m Lewis Haymond, and d July 1906. The others d inf. Rachel was the last survivor of her family. Gen. Ed.

3219. MARSHALL-MORRIS According to the Descendants of Col. Thomas White, pp 56 & 66, there were two Mary Morris Marshalls, both of whom were descendants of Robert Morris, the Signer, although in a little different way. One was b 1823, and was the granddaughter of Hetty Morris, (b July 30, 1774, m April 10, 1795, Hon. James Markham Marshall, of Va. and d Apr. 18, 1817). Hetty was the dau. of Robert Morris, the Signer, and had sixteen children by James Markham Marshall, her husband, who was the younger brother of Chief Justice Marshall and was the third son of Col. Thomas Marshall and Mary Isham Keith. Col. Thomas Marshall was the eldest son of John Marshall and Elizabeth Markham. Both Col. Thomas Marshall and his son, John, were in the Revolution (the latter being a Rev. pensioner). After the Rev. James M. Marshall was Judge for the Dist. of Columbia under President John Adams; resigned when Jefferson became President and retired to his estates in Fauquier Co. Va. where he died in March, 1843, aged 85 yrs. His oldest ch. Thomas, b Feb. 6, 1796, m June 1832, Katharine Innes Thornton, and had a dau. Mary, who was b 1823. Judge Marshall and his wife, Hetty Morris, had another son, Henry Morris Marshall, b June 13, 1811, who m May 15, 1834, Elizabeth Brook. Their oldest child was Mary Morris Marshall who was b Mch. 6, 1835, and m in 1856 James E. Marshall.—Gen. Ed.

3220. STEVENS. In the History of Charlestown, N. H., pub. in 1876, for the town of Charlestown by the Claremont Manufacturing Co., Claremont, N. H., and edited by Rev. H. H. Sanderson, there is a long account of Capt. Phineas Stevens. He died however Apr. 6, 1756, aged 51 yrs. and could not have served in the Rev. He had ten ch. as follows: Samuel, b July 4, 1735, and Willard, his twin brother; Simon, b Sep. 3, 1737; Enos, b Oct. 1739; Mary, b Mar. 28, 1742; Phineas, b July 31, 1774; Catherine, b Nov. 20, 1747; Prudence, b Nov. 6, 1750; James, b Sept. 9, 1753, and Dorothy, b 1755 and d. y. Samuel, who was b Rutland, Mass., m Tabitha Bingham (who d Jan. 22, 1803, aged 47 yrs) and d Nov. 23, 1825. While he held many town offices before the Rev. and after 1784, there is no mention of any
patriotic service for him during the Rev. war. He left seven ch. Willard, twin brother of Samuel, m Olive Willard in 1773, moved to Barnet, Vt., in 1776, but returned to Charlestown where he died in 1789. Simon, the third ch., left Charlestown, and was in the Rev. but not in a N. H. regiment, and should not be confounded with Capt. Simon Stevens of Springfield, Vt. an entirely different person. Enos, the fourth ch. m Mch. 4, 1791, Sophia Grout (b 1765) and was a Tory. He fought under the British flag; went to Nova Scotia during the Rev. and then moved to Barnet, Vt. where he died, leaving 10 ch. Mary, the oldest dau. m Elijah King, who was Jail keeper in Charlestown in 1773. As he moved to Barnet, Vt. with the others, it is probable that he also sympathized with the Tories, if he remained outwardly neutral. Phineas, the next ch. studied medicine and settled in Sar- net, Vt. Catherine, the second dau. m (1) David Stone, and lived in Windsor, Vt. m (2) Capt. Jonathan Willard of Charlestown, (who d Aug. 29, 1832, aged 88 yrs.) and d May 26, 1824. Prudence, the next ch. m Hon. John Hubbard, and left issue; Solomon, the youngest son, settled at Barnet, Vt. He surveyed the town in 1774; was a student at Harvard Col- lege when the Rev. broke out, and left without completing the course.—Gen. Ed.

3220 (2). HUNT-STEVENS. Martha Hunt, b May 4, 1792, was the dau. of Roswell and Mary (Willard) Hunt and m 1811 Enos Stevens (b 1780) second son of Samuel and Tabitha (Bingham) Stevens, mentioned above. Roswell was b Oct. 28, 1772 and was the son of Col. Samuel and Esther (Strong) Hunt. He d Aug. 25, 1853. Samuel Hunt was b Sept. 29, 1754 m Dec. 2, 1760, Esther Strong (b Feb. 12, 1749, m. Joseph Sherburne (b. Portsmouth, N. H.) was in Gen. Wooster’s command. Later Jonas be- came Captain, serving for several years, but not until the end of the war.—Gen. Ed.

NOTE

There has recently come into my pos- session a commission signed by Major Gen- eral David Wooster, appointing Jonas Prentice of the first regiment in the Colony of Conn. Adjutant. Unfortunately the year is torn off; but otherwise the commission is in good condi- tion. I would be glad to turn it over to one of the descendants, if one can be found; otherwise to Memorial Continental Hall. Mrs. Joseph J. Foraker, Grandin Road, Cincinnati, Ohio.

In Vol. VIII of the Conn. Hist. Society Col- lection, p. 20, mention is made of Jonas Prent- tice, of New Haven, who was in 1775 adjutant in Gen. Wooster’s command. Later Jonas be- came Captain, serving for several years, but not until the end of the war.—Gen. Ed.

CORRECTION.

Through an inexcusable error of the printer (made after the page proof went back to him) most remarkable statements are made to appear on pages 23 and 24 of the January issue. They should appear as follows:

3042. (4) WEBSTER-BACHELDER. If James Webster was a first cousin of Daniel Webster, then he also was a grandson of Ebenezer Web- ster, Rev. soldier, whose service is given in answer to 3044 (3) WEBSTER. (This is one of the two answers furnished by Mrs. Addie W. Crawford, Canton, Penna.

3082. (3) BLACK. As I am a descendant of Edward Black, it is possible that if A. W. S. will write to me, we may be of mutual assistance to each other. Mrs. Wells Thompson, Bay City, Texas.

QUERIES.

3206. PARKER-BROOKS. Deborah Parker b. Groton, Mass. Aug. 29, 1762, m. 1780, Wm. Brooks Jr. of Hollis, N. H. Wanted, marriage and death dates of her father, Robert Parker of Groton. He was b. Jan. 20, 1720. Wanted, name of wife also. Was he a Rev. soldier?

(2) BAKER-WHEELER. Benjamin Baker of Gloucester, R. I. m. Dinah Wheeler Nov. 4, 1757 at Bolton, Mass. Was he a Rev. soldier? Who were his parents?


(4) PITMAN-SHERBURNE. Olive Pitman b. 1749, m. Joseph Sherburne (b. Portsmouth, N. H. 1745, and they settled at Epsom, N. H.)
Who were Olive's parents? Did they render any Rev. service?—E. A. P.

3207. CAPEN-FITCH. Mary Capen m. Dr. Frederick Fitch of LeRoy, N. Y. in 1807. They had: Dr. Graham; Mary; Henrietta; Egbert Benson. Who were Mary Capen's parents? Is there a Rev. ancestor in this line?

(2) SATTERLEE-RICHARDSON. Elisha or Henry Satterlee m. Martha Richardson in 1808 in N. Y. She was b 1784 in N. Y. and d Genesee Co. N. Y. 1826. Wanted, parentage of Elisha or Henry Satterlee.

(2) HIVER-KEIFER. Margaret Hivner m. 1799 George Keifer Jr. both of Washington Co. Md. She was b July 24, 1772; he was b Oct. 27, 1769. They lived in Washington Co. Md. until 1812. Did George Keifer Jr. or his father, George Keifer Sen. render service in the Rev. war? Who was Margaret Hivner's father? Was he a Rev. soldier?

(4) WALLER-BAKER. John Waller, soldier in War of 1812, from Va. m. Frances Baker. Was the father of either of these in the Rev. war? If so, necessary data, desired.—H. C. F.

3208. STEIGEL (STEGELL)-CONGER. Byrd (or Bird Steigell (or Stegall) married Abigail Conger and had: Rachel, Richard, Milly, Frank, Susan, Nancy & Narcissa; all born in South Carolina. Milly married a Mr. Stapp, and is still living near Guntown, Miss. and is nearly one hundred years old. Official proof of service by Byrd Steigell desired, with all genealogical data.—J. E. J.

3209. HAY. Lieut. John Ray son of John and Sarah Ray, was b. 1732. He was First Lieut. in Md. Militia in 1777; and d. Montgomery Co. (Prince George Parish) Sept. 2, 1811. Where can I find information in regard to his wife and children? His wife is said to be Martha Wood, and that he had a son, Alexander, who m. Martha Wood Ray, a cousin. Alexander and Martha Wood Ray were my ancestors; Alexander died in Montgomery Co. Md. in 1795, and Martha his wife, b. in 1759. Information greatly desired.—E. R. S.

3210. HILLIS. Where shall I write to find out in what part of Va. Matthew Hillis owned land? Boyd Crumrine in his History of Washington Co. Pa. (p. 809) states that Matthew Hillis was a settler in Washington Co. prior to 1784; had taken up a tract of land on a Va. certificate 130 acres of which he sold Dec. 3, 1803 to John McKibbon. Would there be any reference to Matthew Hillis and his family in the Chalkley MSS? In 1763 and 64 he was Penna. Militia Artillery, in City of Phila. 1783. Taxed in Chester Co. Pa. What was the name of his wife? Their dau. Anna Sutter, m Samuel Grice in 1809.

(2) FOX. Wanted data of John Fox of Phila. What was the name of his wife? Was he a Rev. soldier? His son, John, m Margaret Miller in 1817.—M. G. B.

3212. WALKER-AXLEY. John Walker of N. C. m. Mary Cocke Alexander and lived either in Caswell, Person or Granville Co. Can you tell me what Rev. service he performed? His dau. Ann, m. Ralph Williams, a Lieut. then Capt. in the Rev, and they are my great grand-parents.—C. T. T.

3213. SEARS-CATON. Information bearing on the family history and Rev. service of the following families, is desired: Charles Lee Sears, whose son, Presley Wooster, m. Harriet Caton (dau. of Moses Caton, in Va. probably in Fairfax Co. in 1827 or 8. Presley Wooster Sears was b. ab. 1805 or 6.

(2) CATON. Also of Moses Caton, whose dau. Harriet m. Presley Wooster Sears.

(3) PARRISH. Also of Jasper Parrish, Capt. in army, whose son, Jasper m. Joanna Parish of Cazenovia, N. Y. As I am not a subscriber to the D. A. R. Magazine, I will appreciate your advising me in some way if any answer to these queries are received.—W. J. H.

3214. BOLTON. John Bolton of Hertford Co. N. C. served in the Rev. war. What was his record? Desire also the maiden name of his wife. I have the Rev. record of Richard Bolton of Edgecomb Co. N. C. but do not know the Christian name of his wife. Can you supply it?

(2) WHEATLEY. Seth Wheatley of N. C. (do not know the County) is an ancestor of mine. Can you tell me his Rev. record, his wife's name and the names of all of his children?

(3) VAUGH. Wanted, official record of Thomas Vaughn of Mecklenburg Co. Va. as well as the name of his wife and the names of all his children.—M. C. D. S.

3215. BYERS. Information of the family of John Byers, b. Ireland, 1715, d. Carlisle, Pa. Feb. 13. 1788. He is buried in the Presbyterian Cemetery at Carlisle. He settled in Donegal, Pa. in 1749, and later moved to Carlisle; was a Capt. in the French and Indian war, and held many offices of trust.

(2) MILLER-BYERS. Information also desired of Matthew Miller who m. Catherine Byers. He came from Ireland in 1730 and purchased a tract of land from the heirs of Penn in Cumberland Co. His son, Matthew Jr. served in the Rev. Did Matthew Sen. render any patriotic service?—C. A. T.

3216. TURNER-CASEY. Mary Casey, my great, great grandmother, m. Zachariah Turner of Va. It is supposed also that she came from Va. They had: John, Wm., Daniel Wright, Rice, Asa & Robert (my ancestor) and a dau. Nancy. Is she related to the Casey family, mentioned in the August issue, Query 80141—A. F.
3217. SANDERS. Robert Sanders of Fauquier Co. Va. had a son, Britton Sanders, b Fairfax Co. June 26, 1773, and m. Mary Love Gill Feb. 2, 1798. Their dau. Mary Ann Love, was m. to Fenton Van Deventer Dec. 9, 1834. She was my grandmother. Is she related to the Sanders family of N. C. mentioned in Query 30411—R. M. Vand.

3218. WILSON-HAYMOND. Can you tell me the first name of the Rev. soldier by name of Wilson, whose dau. married Calder Haymond? One of his children lived until a few years ago, the last survivor of a large family.—R. P.

3219. MARSHALL-MORRIS. Can you tell me if Mary Morris Marshall was a descendant of the first name of the Rev. soldier by name of his family of N. C. mentioned in Query 30411—R. M. VanD.

3220. STEVENS. Did Capt. Phinnes S’Evans of Claremont, N. H. one of the first settlers of the town, have any Rev. service? (2) HUNT-STEVENS. Ancestry, with all genealogical data, and Rev. service if any, of Martha Hunt, whose maiden name was Stevens of N. H. and who m. Enos Stevens of N. H. and had the following brothers and sisters: Solon, b. 1778; Polly, b. 1782 m. 1808 James Hervey Bingham, and d. 1818 at Alstead, N. H. Samuel Bingham, b 1783; Elizabeth, Tabitha, Prudence, b 1794, and m. 1817 Hiram Bingham.—M. B.

3221. REEVE. Benjamin Reeves (or Reeve) emigrated to Ky. from Penna. in the early days of the settlement of that state. The name of his (1) wife, was, I think, Ham. He had the following ch.: George, Benjamin, Austin, and Annie. He m. (2) Jane Ralston, a widow, whose maiden name was Jane Crawford, and they had: Elizabeth, James C. (my father) Bibby Ann, Wm., and Ignatius. Benjamin, was a slave holder; but at his death he freed all his slaves. He was b. in 1767, according to the family record. Wanted, ancestry, with all genealogical data, and Rev. service, if any.—M. J. H.

3222. BRADLEY. Joseph Bradley, b. Norwich, Conn. Meb. 20, 1742 d. Dec. 29, 1809. He m. Dec. 27, 1762, Mabel Goodyer (who d. Sept. 12, 1835). It is said that he took part at the invasion of New Haven. Wanted, official proof of the service. (2) GOODYER. What is the date of birth of Mabel Goodyer, mentioned above? Was she the daughter of Nathaniel, and granddaughter of John Goodyer? Her dau. Bede Bradley, m. Samuel Gill (son of John) b. Feb. 22, 1758. Wanted her birth and marriage dates, also.—M. E. W.

3223. JOHNSON-LEWIS. Wanted, dates and places of birth and marriage of John Johnson and Nemina Lewis. They were from Va. and Miss Lewis was related to the explorer, Lewis (of Lewis and Clark.) These names have been carried down to this generation. After marriage they emigrated to Breckenridge Co. Ky. ab. 1800. Both are buried near Irvington, Ky. Did John Johnson or the ancestor of either of them have Rev. service?—N. J. S.

3224. DANIELS-TILLOTSON. Ancestry of Mary Ann Daniels, who m. Samuel Tilloston, Sept. 15, 1833, desired. He was b at Farmington, Conn. but I do not know the place of his marriage. He emigrated to Liberty, Miss. with his bride. Any information of either family will be appreciated.—D. C. L.

3225. HURST-LATTIMORE. Who were the parents of Richard Hurst, and his wife, Alice (called Ailcey) Lattimore, who were m. ab. 1760 or a little earlier and emigrated to Miss. They owned property in Norfolk, Vn. at that time, and I am under the impression that they were born and married there. At any rate both of them were Virginians. Alice had two brothers, Wm., and David. All genealogical data concerning either family desired. Richard Hurst was said to have been a sea captain.—A. L.

3226. TOMPKINS-PIERCE. Joseph Tompkins of R. I. was b. in 1712, and m. Martha Pierce in 1741. Did he render any Rev. service? (2) BROWNELL-BRIGGS. Samuel Brownell, b. 1738 in R. I. m. Ruth Briggs. Did he render any Rev. service? (3) BROWNELL-BAILEY. George Brownell, b. 1711 in R. I. m. Sarah Bailey, and was the father of the above Samuel Brownell. Did George render any Rev. service? (4) WARD-LEE. Samuel Ward, b. Middletown, Conn. 1743, m. Hannah Lee. Did he have Rev. service? (5) HORNADAY. Nathan Hornaday was b. 1766 in N. C. and in 1806 he moved to Gratis township, Ohio, but was then living with his second wife. Can anyone tell me the name of his first wife, and of his parents, with all genealogical data, and Rev. service, if any.—G. W. C.

3227. GRANT-METCALF. According to the Grant Family History, Levi Metcalf m. Lucy Grant (who was bapt. Lyme, N. H. May 12, 1782, and was the dau. of Reuben and Martha (Skinner Grant) and had three children Marinda (or Mary) Philander, b. June 7, 1807; and Levi. They lived in Herkimer (or Dodgeville?) N. Y. but whether they came from Mass. or N. H. I do not know. In the Dept. of Vital Statistics at Concord, N. H. there is the record of a Levi Metcalf b. Dec. 13, 1767, son of Nathan and Mary Metcalf, at Chesterfield, N. H. and also the record of one, b. Nov. 7, 1794, son of Samuel and Pheby Metcalf of Groton, N. H. It is tradition that Levi’s father served with the Green Mountain Boys. Official proof desired. On p. 253 of the magazine for May, 1911, I note, Deacon James Metcalf, d July 18, 1843 at Franklin, Mass. aged 86 yrs. a Rev. pensioner. Could he have been the father of Levi.—O. M. M.

3228. PASTEUR. William Pasteur, a surgeon on Washington’s staff, married and left descendants, none of whom had any genealogical data, and official proof of service. Would like names of grandchildren also.—E. B. W.
Tribute to Mrs. John R. Walker
Honorary Vice President General N. S., D. A. R.

Mrs. Alice Brevard Ewing Walker of Missouri, one of the thirteen Honorary Vice Presidents General of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, died suddenly at her home in Kansas City, Saturday morning, January 10, 1914.

She was the widow of a former prominent attorney of Kansas City, John R. Walker, and the daughter of Judge Ephriam Brevard Ewing, of Saint Louis, and his wife Elizabeth Ann Allen.

Her interests in the Society began, as a member of Elizabeth Benton Chapter of which she was the third regent.

She was actively interested in the furnishing of the Missouri Room. While a member of this chapter she served two terms as Vice President General, 1903 to 1907, receiving at both elections the highest vote cast.

When the Kansas City Chapter was organized she became a charter member.

Members of the Kansas City Chapter, Daughters and friends, presented the beautiful portrait of Mrs. Walker to Continental Hall, which hangs in the Missouri Room.

She was invited to respond to the address of Welcome by Mrs. Fairbanks and Mrs. McLean at the D. A. R. Congress in Washington. On "Daughters Day," at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, she delivered an address, and at the Jamestown Exposition she was selected to respond for Missouri. She was one of four responding at the 19th Congress, to the Welcome, being introduced by the President General Mrs. Matthews T. Scott saying, "A rarely gifted and brilliant Daughter of Missouri whose silvery tongue has so often charmed and stirred our patriotic assemblages brings us a word of cheer from the region that plays the role of keeper of the gate to the Rocky Mountains."

Missouri was also honored by Mrs. Walker making the address of presentation, when the portrait of Mrs. Donald McLean was unveiled, and presented to Continental Hall at the 19th Congress.
As a member of the National Committee on Real Daughters, introduced by Mrs. Peel, chairman of the committee, Mrs. Walker delivered an address at the 21st Congress, at the unveiling of "the bust of our first Real Daughter, Mary Hammond Washington," who was born in Saint Louis. At this Congress Mrs. Walker was elected Honorary Vice President General. In words of patriotic spirit and admiration, at the 22nd Congress Mrs. Walker seconded the nomination of Mrs. Horton.

Mrs. Walker was one, to welcome our President General Mrs. Story, with true Missouri loyalty, to our State Conference held in Lexington, October 28, 1913.

Missouri and the National Society have lost a rarely gifted member, and her sudden death was a great shock to her many friends.

MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD—Ex Vice President General.

MRS. BEN F. GRAY JR.—Vice President General.

One of Our Real Daughters

MRS. SARAH STRINGER was born January 28, 1821, the daughter of John Andrew Smith, a soldier of the Revolution. Her father was born April 7, 1754, and died in Lawrence County, Indiana, on November 22, 1836. In August 1777 he enlisted as a private soldier under Captain Elias Edmunds in Colonel Thomas Marshall's Virginia regiment of Artillery and served until August 27, 1780, when he was discharged by Captain Spiller at Richmond, Va.

In 1835 Mrs. Stringer was married to George Stringer. She is the mother of twelve children, two of whom are now living,—Mrs. Mary A. Langdon with whom she makes her home at Elvins, Mo. and Mrs. Hattie Clifton of De Soto, Mo.

Notwithstanding her advanced age of 92 years, Mrs. Stringer is remarkably preserved both mentally and physically. She is proud of her lineage and delights to repeat stories she has heard her father relate of the terrible hardships undergone by the soldiers during that terrible winter at Valley Forge. At one time her father became detached from a corps of soldiers with whom he was doing duty and lost his way. Before he found his way back to camp he suffered severely with the cold and was so badly frost-bitten that he lost three of his fingers and all the toes of his left foot.

Mrs. Stringer was admitted to membership in the Nancy Hunter Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. October 4, 1911.
The monthly meeting of the Board of Management National Society Children of the American Revolution was held Jan. 8, 1914, at Continental Hall.

In the absence of the President and Vice President presiding the meeting was called to order by Mrs. Marsh and the Chaplain led in the Lord’s Prayer.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and accepted, and personal report of the Vice President for January, 1913 to January, 1914, was read and accepted, and the Corresponding Secretary’s report was read and accepted.

The Registrar reported eighty-two candidates, and the Secretary was instructed to cast the ballot constituting them members.

The Treasurer reported a current balance of $410.62, a current disbursement of $20.70 and a total balance of $4603.79.

The Secretary read a report from the
REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

THE LAST SURVIVORS OF THE WAR FOR INDEPENDENCE.

By the Rev. Anson Titus,


Shaw, John, d. Plainfield, Mass., February 15, 1841, aged 78 yrs.


Sherburne, Benj., Lieut., d. at Schodack, N. Y., about June -, 1826, aged yrs. A freer in the Revolution, formerly of Rhode Island.


Simonton, John, d. (Athens Co.) Ohio, September 29, 1828, aged 74 yrs.

Simonds, —, Doctor, d. Pittsfield, Me., March 14, 1847, aged yrs. A pensioner.

Skaggs, William, d. Bureh Creek, Green Co., Ky., August 20, 1849, aged 100 yrs. A pioneer of "the Dark and Bloody Ground."


Smith, Hope, d. Clinton, N. Y., April —, 1823, aged 64 yrs. A Captain in Connecticut Line; served as Revolutionary officer much of the time. b. in Scituate, R.

Smith, Isaac, d. Lexington, Mass., about December —, 1840, aged 77 yrs.


Smith, John, Major, d. Hadley, Mass., August 11, 1840, aged 88 yrs. An officer in Massachusetts Line.


Smith, Jonah, Lieut., d. Wareham, Mass., July 20, 1848, aged 92 yrs. Served during the War; was a member of the Society of Cincinnati. Buried with military honors.

Smith, Joseph, d. Hadley, Mass., September 13, 1842, aged 91 yrs. A pensioner.

Marriage Record Exchange 1777-1850
Through the National Committee on Historical Research
Mrs Charles Wesley Bassett, Historian General, Chairman

Second hundred Marriage Licenses of Stepherson County, Illinois, in Book A. Recorded in the local Court House.
Copied by Mrs. Jessie Sunderland Munn, Elder William Brewster Chapter.
Verified by Miss Adrianna P. Corning.
September 19, 1913.

101. John Pickard to Margret Allen Philip Fowler, J. P. .......... Nov. 4, 1841
105. Davis Robb to Lucinda Makepeace Josiah Clingman, J. P. ......... Jan. 20, 1842
106. William Bower to Will Fulke Julius Smith, J. P. ........ Feb. 3, 1842
107. Birt Nelson to Gora Cley Philip Fowler, J. P. .......... March 10, 1842
108. Charles W. Tanna to Drusilla Tuttle F. E. Hoolestad, J. P. .......... March 22, 1842
109. Cyrus Minor to Sarah Pay Samuel Howe .......... March 10, 1842
110. Samuel Chambers to Elizabeth Ann Moreor ................ Rollon Brown, Preach, M. E. Church. May 13, 1842
111. Eldridge Fairwell to Hannah Colvin T. J. Turner, J. P. .......... April 10, 1842
113. John Rockey to Catherine Falyatte Josiah Clingman, J. P. .......... April 24, 1842
114. William Hays to Catherine Hatheway Philip Fowler, J. P. .......... April 21, 1842
115. Benjamin Snyder to Mary Styres Josiah Clingman, J. P. .......... May 3, 1842
116. Luther H. Bowen to Elizabeth D. Chamberlin A. Kent .......... May 24, 1842
117. John Quens to Lydia Fox Anson Andrews, J. P. .......... June 13, 1842
120. Solon Beaman to June Snyder Horis Barber, J. P. .......... July 3, 1842
121. Ransom Misner to Mariah Oydon Lewis Gibler, J. P. .......... July 24, 1842
123. Henry H. Ribolt to Elizabeth J. M. Moor Lewis Gibler, J. P. .......... Aug. 8, 1842
124. Michael Gift to Anna克莱nor Levi Hiess, .......... Sept. 8, 1842
126. Oscar P. Snow to Florilla Fork R. A. Blanchard, there is two certificates, Ret. Sept. 20, 1842
128. Edward Pratt to Pheebe Wright E. J. Marsh, J. P. .......... Nov. 7, 1842
129. Henry S. Barber to Mary Fisher John Wolworth, Min. of the Gospel. Sept. 27, 1842

(To be continued.)
Preliminary Announcement by the Publication Committee

Your Committee on Publication in order to reach each State Regent, addresses the letter given below, and asks them to note it carefully and take immediate action and give hearty cooperation, as outlined by the letter.

Washington, D. C., January 20, 1914.

Dear Madam Regent:

As Chairman of the Publication Committee of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, I was authorized at the last Board meeting to begin a campaign for clean and sane publicity in the press.

With this end in view I was instructed to call upon the State Regents and other prominent Daughters, and solicit their interest and cooperation in this important matter.

An organization which has accomplished so much that is good, and has worked along such ideal lines should have all that is best relating to its methods, members and activities generally, brought to the attention of the public, thereby creating greater interest and enthusiasm and increasing membership and efficiency.

The plan, as outlined, is to appoint State regents as State chairmen of the Publication Committee, they, in turn, to appoint sub-committees in every Daughter of the American Revolution centre. These chairmen and sub-committees to collect all legitimate news of the Society, more particularly of an historical or national interest, pictures of delegates to Congress or of women of prominence in the organization and any good information of work done, and forward these items, without any attempt to write these notes as finished articles for the newspapers, simply facts with all detail possible in a terse manner and forward this news to the Chairman in Woodbury, New Jersey.

This will be forwarded to the central news distributing agencies in Washington and given to the press associations that center there as authentic information. The newspapers will receive this news from headquarters. In this manner a censorship on the press will be maintained, and the papers will gladly use this information in preference to the vague rumor that so often disfigured their columns in the past. Will you join us in this effort for a saner publicity of the affairs of this great organization?

If you cannot act as Chairman for your State, will you send name of person you appoint to act in your place.

I might suggest that your State Committee could make good use of strictly local matter by inducing local newspapers to give space for items of interest.

We will furnish them through the news associations and special services and the Washington correspondents with national news, but it will be your province to furnish local newspapers strictly local or State news.

We hope through the earnest efforts of the Publication Committee to bring to our beloved organization increased membership and great good for the future of the Society.

Very sincerely yours,

(MRS. G. D.) EMMA L. CHENOwETH, Chairman Publication Committee, Woodbury, N. J.

You will please arrange to send all news items and nominations of persons to act for you to the Chairman of Publication Committee, Mrs. G. D. Chenoweth, Woodbury, N. J., at earliest possible date.

For Transportation Committee Announcement, see page 126.
In Memoriam

MRS. MARIA PURDY PECK died at her home in Davenport, Iowa, January 2, 1914. She was born November 16, 1840, in West Butler, N. Y., and was a direct descendant of Stephen Hopkins, who came over in the Mayflower. Mrs. Peck had been State regent, and for the past ten years had been regent of the Hannah Caldwell Chapter. During that entire period she never missed a meeting and was never late. She was a woman of rare ability, a veritable genius, a natural leader who was always prominent in all work pertaining to the public good.

Buffalo Chapter, Buffalo, N. Y., regrets the loss of the following members by death:
- MRS. STEPHEN CLARK, on October 8, 1913.
- MISS HARRIET TROWBRIDGE, on October 3, 1913.
- MRS. GEORGE F. WESTCOTT, on January 8, 1914.
- MRS. HARRIET C. HAMLIN MACNIEL, on January 18, 1914.

MRS. CATHERINE S. CARHART, wife of the late James L. Carhart, a devoted and greatly venerated member of Quaker City Chapter, Philadelphia, of which she was honorary vice-regent, died at her home in Landsdown, Pa., on January 19, 1914, aged 83 years.

MRS. HARRIET R. GEORGE, a member of General Knox Chapter, Thomaston, Me., died on December 19, 1913, of cancer. Mrs. George was born in Thomaston, March 21, 1855.

MRS. CORA BAGLEY WHITE, wife of Frederick W. White, died at her home in Worcester, Mass., on January 9, 1914. Mrs. White was a member of Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter and at the time of her death was treasurer. She was deeply interested in the work of the chapter and will be sadly missed by the members and a host of other friends.

MRS. HANNAH CHADBOURNE MALLIN, wife of the late Franklin B. Mallin, died at her home in Grand Rapids, Mich., on January 14, 1914. Mrs. Mallin was regent of Sophie De Marsac Campau Chapter from 1902 to 1905, and was deeply interested in its work at all times.

Irondequoit Chapter, Rochester, N. Y., announces with regret the loss by death of the following members:
- MISS ÉTHEL M. BROOKS, on April 16, 1913.
- MRS. MORTIMER H. GREEN (Ellen Minerva Flynn), on April, 1913.
- MRS. FRANK C. Cady (Mary Louise Eddy) on May 18, 1913.
- MRS. CHARLES STRONG (Marion Sherman), on June 6, 1913.
- MRS. GEORGE W. CROUCH (Melinda Baker), on August 14, 1913.
- MRS. ARTHUR J. FISHER (Mary E. Fowler), on September 17, 1913.
- MRS. JAMES H. FISHER (Harriet S. Munger), on September 18, 1913.
- MRS. JAMES L. NEWCOMB (Frances Tompkins), on September 25, 1913.

Baltimore Chapter, Baltimore, Md., reports with regret the loss by death of the following members:
- MRS. ALICE WALKER CLIFT, wife of Josiah Clift, Jr., on June 15, 1913.
- MRS. EDITH BARRY WOMBLE, wife of Robert B. Womble of Catonsville, Md., on October 4, 1913.
- MRS. EVELYN SUPPLEE MEGRAW, wife of the late William Adams Megraw, on September 15, 1913. At the time of her death Mrs. Megraw was a member of the board of management of the chapter.
- MRS. SARAH BERRY HURST MORGAN, wife of the late De Witt Clinton Morgan, on October 22, 1913.
- MRS. FLORENCE BLANCHE CHESNEY, wife of Charles S. Chesney, on December 9, 1913.

Campbell Chapter, Nashville, Tenn., regrets the loss of three of its most valued members during the year of 1913.
- MRS. MARTHA STOKES LINDSAY, wife of Daniel L. Lindsay, died March 20, 1913. She was a daughter of Jordan Stokes and his wife Mary Whitworth, and among her ancestors were Col. Green Hill of South Carolina and Governor Mumford Stokes.
- MRS. DAISY WALTON DISMUKES, wife of Miller Dismukes, died April 5, 1913. She was a descendant of John Donaldson, one of the founders of Nashville, and of the Waltons, of North Carolina.
- MRS. MARY BELLE CLOKEY WISE, wife of Charles B. Wise, died September 8, 1913. Mrs. Wise formerly lived in Decatur, Ill., where her mother, MRS. J. M. Clokey was much interested in D. A. R. work.
PORTRAIT OF THE LATE MRS. ADLAI E. STEVENSON
Honorary President General, in place of honor in Memorial Continental Hall.
OFFICIAL

The National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution

Headquarters Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management 1913-1914

President General
MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,
237 West End Ave., New York, N. Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters
MRS. HENRY L. MANN,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General
(Term of office expires 1914.)
MRS. CHARLES H. BOND,
128 Commonwealth Ave., Boston, Mass.
MRS. JOHN C. AMES,
3133 Calumet Ave., Chicago, Ill.
MRS. GEORGE S. SHACKELFORD,
MRS. WILLIAM LIBBET,
Princeton, N. J.
MRS. CHARLES F. JOHNSON,
62 Silver St., Waterville, Me.

MRS. ANDREW K. GAULT,
3802 N. 24th St., Omaha, Nebr.
MRS. WILLIAM LAWSON PEEL,
469 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.
MRS. R. M. BRATTON,
Guthrieville, S. C.
MRS. CHALMERS M. WILLIAMSON,
714 N. State St., Jackson, Miss.
MRS. WILLIAM H. CROSBY,
1042 Main St., Racine, Wis.

MRS. JOHN VAN LANDINGHAM,
500 East Ave., Charlotte, N. C.
MRS. R. H. CUNNINGHAM,
138 S. Main St., Henderson, Ky.
MRS. THOMAS DAY,
580 Poplar St., Memphis, Tenn.
MRS. THOMAS KITE,
Chelsea Place, Cincinnati, O.
MRS. RHETT GOODE,
60 Saint Emanuel St., Mobile, Ala.

(Term of office expires 1915.)
MRS. ALLEN PUTNAM PERLEY,
MRS. BEN F. GRAY, JR.,
5955 Clemens Ave., St. Louis, Mo.
MISS HARRIET I. LAKE,
Independence, Iowa.
MRS. JOHN LEE DOWDIE,
Fowler, Ind.
MRS. JOHN F. SWIFT,
2715 Bevenue Ave., Berkeley, Cal.

Chaplain General
MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
The Columbia, Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General
MRS. WILLIAM C. BOYLE,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Registrar General
MRS. GALES M. BAUMBAUGH,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Historian General
MRS. CHARLES WESLEY BASSETT,
2847 St. Paul St., Baltimore, Md.

Corresponding Secretary General
MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General
MRS. JOSEPH E. RANDALL,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Assistant Historian General
MRS. GEORGE M. STERNBERG,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Librarian General
MRS. GEORGE M. STERNBERG,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.
State Regents and State Vice-Regents—1913-14

ALABAMA
MRS. JOSEPH V. ALLEN, 1006 Crescent Ave., Birmingham.
MRS. JOHN G. WINTER, Montgomery.

ARIZONA
MRS. WILL C. BARNES, 844 N. 4th Ave., Phoenix.

ARKANSAS
MRS. SAMUEL S. WASSELL, 719 Scott St., Little Rock.
MISS STELLA PICKETT HARDY, Batesville.

CALIFORNIA
MRS. ISAAC NEWTON CHAPMAN, 2225 Pacific Ave., Alameda.
MRS. MAYNARD FORBES THAYER, 651 S. Pasadena Ave., Pasadena.

COLORADO
MRS. WINFIELD S. TARBELL, 1645 Vine St., Denver.

CONNECTICUT
MRS. JOHN LAIDLAW BURL, Litchfield.
MRS. GEORGE MAYNARD MINOR, Waterford.

DELAWARE
MRS. GEORGE C. HALL, St. John’s Rectory, 2300 Boulevard, Wilmington.
MRS. JOSEPH WILKINS WOOL, Newark.

DIST. OF COLUMBIA
MRS. CHARLES W. RICHARDSON, 1317 Conn. Ave., Washington.
MRS. WOODBURY PULIFER, 231 The Portner, Washington.

FLORIDA
MRS. GLENVILLE C. FRISSELL, Box 204, Miami.
MRS. M. W. CARRUTH, 412 W. Lafayette St., Tampa.

GEORGIA
MRS. SHEFFERD W. FOSTER, 711 Peachtree St., Atlanta.
MRS. WILLIAM H. DE VOS, 1308 Union St., Brunswick.

IDAHO
MRS. CHARLES W. PURSELL, 916 Hays St., Boise.
MRS. ADOLPH BLITZ, 1303 Hays St., Boise.

ILLINOIS
MRS. GEORGE A. LAWRENCE, 590 N. Prairie St., Galesburg.

INDIANA
MRS. FRANCES HABERLY-ROBERTSON, Spy Run Road, Ft. Wayne.
MRS. WILLIAM A. CULLOP, Vincennes.

IOWA
MRS. HAROLD R. HOWELL, 630 41st St., Des Moines.
MRS. DAVID A. CRAWFORD, Guthrie Center.

KANSAS
MRS. GEORGE THATCHER GUERNSEY, Ridgwood, Independence.
MRS. WILLIAM H. VAN TUYL, 310 5th Ave., Leavenworth.

KENTUCKY
MRS. WILLIAM H. THOMPSON, E. Maxwell St., Lexington.
MRS. JAMES W. CAVENDISH, Richmond.

LOUISIANA
MRS. PETER YOUREE, Youreeka Place, Shreveport.
MRS. L. MEREDITH WADE, 1420 6th St., Alexandria.

MAINE
MRS. WILLIAM C. ROBINSON, North Anson.
MRS. CHARLES W. STEELE, Farmington.

MARYLAND
MRS. ROBERT G. HOGAN, Catonsville.
MRS. FRANCIS H. MARKELL, Boxwood Lodge, Araby P. O.
MRS. GEORGE O. JENKINS, 28 Warren Ave., Whitman.
MRS. CHARLES G. CHICK, 212 West River St., Hyde Park.
MRS. ARTHUR MAXWELL PARKER, 1691 Jefferson Ave., Detroit.
MRS. HARVEY J. CAMPBELL, 529 Pipestone St., Benton Harbor.
MRS. GEORGE C. SQUIRES, 698 Oakland Ave., St. Paul.
MRS. SAMUEL M. DICK, 302 Grove St., Minneapolis.
MRS. THOMAS FRANKLIN, 1018 3rd Ave., W., Columbus.
MRS. GEORGE B. MACFARLANE, Hotel Athens, Columbia.
MRS. EDWARD A. NORRIS, 304 Moffat Ave., Joplin.
MRS. CHARLES A. BLACKBURN, 804 W. Silver St., Butte.
MRS. WARREN PERRY, 815 4th St., Fairbury.
MRS. C. H. AULL, 3120 Woolworth Ave., Omaha.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. ANNIE WALLACE, Rochester.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
MRS. CHARLES C. GOSS, 10 Lexington St., Dover.
MRS. WILLARD S. AUGSBURY, Antwerp.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Official Person</th>
<th>Address</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>MRS. W. N. REDWINE</td>
<td>McAlester</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>MRS. JOHN F. BEAUMONT</td>
<td>427 W. 9th St., Oklahoma City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>MISS HELEN E. C. OVERTON</td>
<td>Bellefonte</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rhode Island</td>
<td>MRS. ANTHONY WAYNE COOK</td>
<td>Hotel Schenley, Pittsburgh, Pa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Carolina</td>
<td>MRS. F. LOUISE MAYES</td>
<td>118 Manly St., Greenville</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Dakota</td>
<td>MRS. EDWARD B. KEATOS</td>
<td>907 Park St., Watertown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennessee</td>
<td>MISS MARY N. MURFREE</td>
<td>408 N. High St., Murfreesboro</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texas</td>
<td>MRS. HARRY HYMAN</td>
<td>309 W. Magnolia Ave., San Antonio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Utah</td>
<td>MRS. MARY M. F. ALLEN</td>
<td>P. O. Box A, Park City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vermont</td>
<td>MRS. JOSEPH A. DE BOER</td>
<td>1 Western Ave., Montpelier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virginia</td>
<td>MRS. J. F. MAUPIN</td>
<td>42 N. Court St., Portsmouth</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington</td>
<td>MRS. WILLIAM A. SMOOT</td>
<td>1111 Orinoco St., Alexandria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>West Virginia</td>
<td>MRS. W. H. BELL</td>
<td>802 San Antonio St., Austin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wisconsin</td>
<td>MRS. MARY M. F. ALLEN</td>
<td>P. O. Box A, Park City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wyoming</td>
<td>MRS. WILLIAM H. SMITH</td>
<td>The Snuggery, Parkersburg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Honorary Officers Elected for Life

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Honorary Presidents General</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. DANIEL MANNING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. DONALD MCLEAN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Honorary Vice-Presidents General</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MRS. ELLEN HARDIN WALWORTH, 1894.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GREE, 1896.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. MILDRED S. MATTHE, 1899.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. E. GAYLORD FUTMAN, 1915.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. HELM N. BOYNTON, 1906.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, 1911.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, 1913.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

STATEMENT OF OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., OF DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE.

Published once each month at New York, N. Y., required by the Act of August 24, 1912.

Editor, MISS ELIZA O. DENNISTON, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Chairman of Magazine Committee, MISS FLORENCE G. FINCH, 237 West End Avenue, N. Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Business Managers, DAUGHTERS AMERICAN REVOLUTION MAGAZINE COMMITTEE.

Publishers, NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS AMERICAN REVOLUTION, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Owners, NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS AMERICAN REVOLUTION, Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Known bond holders, mortgagees, and other security holders, NONE.

(Signed) FLORENCE G. FINCH, Chairman of Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine Committee.

Sworn to and subscribed to before me this 9th day of October, 1913.

M. RITTERBUSCH,
Notary Public, Kings County.
Certificate filed in New York County.

My commission expires March 30, 1915.
A regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order at 10.30 a.m., by the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story.

The Chaplain General opened with a reading from the Scriptures and prayer, after which the Board united with her in the Lord's Prayer.

The Recording Secretary General being absent on account of illness, the Corresponding Secretary General kindly served pro tem.

The President General requested that the regular order of business be waived on account of illness in the family of the State Regent of the District of Columbia, and permission be given her, as Chairman of the Building & Grounds Committee, to read her report at that time. It was, therefore, moved by Mrs. Basset, seconded by Mrs. Maupin, and carried, that we waive the order of the Day and permit the Chairman of Building & Grounds Committee to read her Report first.

Report of Building and Grounds Committee.

Madam President General, and Ladies of the National Board of Management,

We wish to report that upon seeing in the morning paper of December 27, 1913, the death of Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson, this Committee ordered the flag at half mast for thirty days, and the only picture that could be found of Mrs. Stevenson was draped the same as was done for Mrs. Fairbanks only last month. A photograph was taken by the editor of the Magazine, that will be published later.

We also regret to have to report the death of Mrs. John R. Walker of Missouri, one of our Honorary Vice-Presidents General. You will see that we have had the portrait of Mrs. Walker that hangs in the Missouri room draped also.

Another of our former National Officers, Mrs. Elizabeth Towson Bulloch, passed away only last week.

We are compelled, by reason of numerous recent requests, to ask the National Board of Management to rule regarding the placing of photographs of ex-officers or prominent members of our Society in the various rooms of Memorial Continental Hall. If this Committee admits one, they will have to admit all, and in a few years the walls will be covered to the exclusion of works of art that may come later. We, therefore, recommend that no photograph be permitted to be placed in the building, and only such pictures, portraits, watercolors or prints be permitted a place that are approved of by the Art Committee.

In connection with this, we wish to state that the present Building and Grounds Committee are in no way responsible for the return of a picture of the late Mrs. La Verne Noyes, which was presented at the last Congress, passed on unfavorable by the then Art Committee and returned through Mrs. Fessenden of Illinois to Mr. Noyes. All this happened before the Congress had adjourned.

This Committee respectfully suggests to the members of the Board that they impress upon their chapters the desirability, and in some cases necessity, of consulting with the Building & Grounds Committee before presenting gifts to the Hall.

At the December meeting of this body, you authorized the expenditure of $50.00 a month or less for a stenographer to take the minutes of the various Committees when necessary. We respectfully request that motion be rescinded and we be permitted to employ a stenographer for the Business Office, and to do Committee work when necessary.

We wish to report that we have had the lawn around the Hall looked after and put into condition to save the grass and add to its beauty next spring.

The State Regent of the District of Columbia has presented privet enough to plant a hedge, dividing our grounds from the vacant lots back of us.

This Committee have ordered this privet planted and the trash cleaned off of the lots beyond it.

We ask the consent of this Board for Miss Barlow, of the Building & Grounds Committee, to be permitted to ask of each State the presentation of a State flag of uniform size, in order
to make our collection of flags the more complete and valuable.

As there is not a copy of the Declaration of Independence on exhibition in this building, we ask authorization of this body to pay ten dollars for a copy which has been favorably passed upon by the Art Committee.

For the past year or two many District Chapters and District Committees have been in the habit of holding meetings in Memorial Continental Hall in the Assembly room. This room, by reason of its construction, is so dark at all times, and especially on a cloudy day that the use of the electric lights is absolutely necessary. Our right to permit the use of this assembly room or any other with use of electric lights and elevator service has been questioned. As it had been permitted by the former Building & Grounds Committee, we did not wish to refuse when applied to. We therefore, ask the Board to rule as to whether we shall permit District Chapters and Committees to use it with electric light and elevator service or not.

We wish to report that a large mahogany drop leaf table has been received through the American Security and Trust Company as a gift from the late Mr. Homer Lockwood. The table is of historic value, and is considered by this Committee as an appropriate piece of furniture for this building.

This Committee is experiencing a little trouble in having the rule regarding people remaining in the building after office hours carried out. We asked that no clerk be permitted to remain after 4:30 without a permit. We find it necessary to ask that no one but National Officers or members of this Committee, who may have business here be permitted to remain after 4:30 without permission.

The Building & Grounds Committee ask the approval of the Board to the appointment of Miss Katie V. Grimes, a stenographer on the temporary roll in the office of the Treasurer General, at a salary of $50.00 per month, to take effect January 2, 1914. Miss Grimes has worked one month on trial at $30.00 per month, and her services as a temporary employee are requested by the Treasurer General. The Building and Grounds Committee approve, and ask permission of the Board to her employment.

At the request of the Registrar General, the Building & Grounds Committee ask the approval of the Board to the appointment of Miss E. M. Melton, a clerk in the office of the Registrar General on the temporary roll at a salary of $50.00 per month to take effect from December 4, 1913.

We are most happy to report that Miss Alice Finckel, who has been a faithful and efficient clerk of this Society for the past sixteen years was married Jan. 6th. Her resignation was presented January 3d in the following letter:

My dear Mrs. Richardson:

Owing to a sudden change of plans, it becomes necessary for me to send through you to the National Board of Management my resignation as a clerk in the D. A. R. office, said resignation to take effect at once.

Please convey to the Board for me, my appreciation of the interest and kindness of its members, and accept my thanks for your help at all times.

Sincerely yours,

Alice Finckel

Miss Finckel realizing that the work upon which she was employed would in a degree be crippled unless carried on by some one familiar with it, asked the consent of the Historian General and the Building & Grounds Committee to her sister, Miss Jane Finckel who was more familiar with her work than anyone else, taking her position.

The Historian General, being consulted by Miss Finckel, gave her consent to Miss Jane Finckel's employment—temporarily. Consequently, at the meeting of this Committee January 6th, the following letter was authorized. Written Jan. 7th.

Mrs. Charles Wesley Bassett, Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Madam Historian General:

We are in receipt of the resignation of Miss Alice Finckel, a clerk in your office, who has given up the position because of her sudden and unexpected marriage.

We are, also, in receipt of the application of her sister, Miss Jane Finckel, for the position made vacant in your office. We understand from Miss Finckel that her appointment as a temporary clerk meets with your approval. The Building & Grounds Committee agreed to this arrangement.

Very truly yours,

Drury C. Ludlow

Secretary, Building & Grounds Comm.

To that letter this Committee received no response.

Inasmuch as the clerk reported a conversation which took place between the Historian General and Miss Jane Finckel as follow.

The Historian General informed Miss Finckel, when she met her in the office for the first time, January 5th, "that she must understand that her employment was merely that of a temporary clerk, that what she wanted in the office was a trained genealogist; that she had two or three such specialists in mind for the position but that Miss Finckel could consider herself on trial too for this technical work."

The Building and Grounds Committee are willing to
waive the point that Miss Finekel was not "a stenographer," knowing that Miss Weedon, recently transferred to the office of the Historian General, was a stenographer, and had expressed a desire to do stenographic work principally, and that Miss Finekel had been doing special work and realizing that the work would be crippled unless carried on by someone in a degree familiar with the work of that office, we more readily consented to Miss Jane Finekel's appointment.

January 13th the following letter was received from the Historian General:

Drury C. Ludlow,

Madam Secretary:

The services of Miss Jane Finekel, as clerk in the office of the Historian General, will not be needed after Thursday, January fifteenth, 1914.

MARY C. BASSETT,
Historian General.

Baltimore, Jan. 12, 1914.

Simultaneously with the receipt of this letter, the Building & Grounds Committee was informed of a telephone message which preceded the writing of the above letter to the effect that the office should be cleared by Thursday, and that Miss Jane Finekel would not be needed after Thursday. The Building & Grounds Committee had the telephone message sent to the President General, and the following telegram was received from her:

Mrs. Chas. W. Richardson, Chairman Building & Grounds.

Kindly instruct Miss Finekel to remain in the service of the National Society and continue with the work on Lineage Books.

MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,
President General.

A copy of the above telegram was sent to the Historian General's home in Baltimore, and another copy was sent to her office.

Friday morning, January 16th, the Chairman of this Committee being in the country, was called by 'phone and informed that a strange young lady had appeared saying that she was to go to work in the office of the Historian General; and that there was also a message—-not in the office of the Building & Grounds Committee, or the Historian General's office—but in the office of the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, that the Historian General would be there later.

As Chairman of the Building & Grounds Committee, I asked that the Historian General call me on the 'phone when she arrived, which she refused to do. I then called up her office and asked if she would come to the 'phone and speak to me, which she also refused to do. I then dictated the following over the 'phone, saying that I would be in later to repeat it in person.

My dear Mrs. Bassett:

As you refuse to speak to me over the 'phone, I now send word by the clerk in the Business Office that you cannot install a clerk in the office of the Historian General without your application going through the Building & Grounds Committee, and being passed upon by that Committee.

If you insist upon doing this, I will be obliged, no matter how unpleasant it is, to come to the building and say to the clerk that you have not the authority to engage her because there has been no application for her services passing through the Building & Grounds Committee.

I would dislike exceedingly to place a National Officer in such a position before a clerk whom she wishes to engage. All this is unnecessary had you followed the rulings of the National Board under which the Building & Grounds Committee are working.

Very respectfully,

(Mrs. Charles W.) AMY S. RICHARDSON,
Building and Grounds Chairman.

Under the circumstances, I can see no way of paying this young lady even for coming here for the day.

As soon as I arrived at the building, accompanied by the Secretary of the Building & Grounds Committee, I presented myself at the door of the office of the Historian General, and as the Historian General had refused to speak to me over the 'phone, I asked to be invited into the office; or would she come into the office of the Building & Grounds Committee? She then invited us in. A young lady was sitting at a typewriter, whom she introduced, and whom we took to be the person about whom she had spoken to her clerks. I stated that I regretted exceedingly the necessity which compels me as Chairman of the Building & Grounds Committee, to have to read rulings of the National Board under which the Building & Grounds Committee are acting, and being a clerk whom you wish to employ. This ruling was read by the Secretary:

That no clerk be placed on either the permanent or temporary roll or change made in salaries until the matter has been brought to the Committee on Building & Grounds to be presented to the National Board for approval.

Furthermore that all temporary clerks (except those engaged to do special work—passed at October Meeting) be employed for one month at $30.00 per month; that all clerks taken on for promotion be paid $50.00 after the first month, but still be considered temporary clerks for the first six months (six months is changed to four months on motion of Mrs. Bramleigh).
I then called the attention of the Historian General to the fact that neither she nor the Chairman of the Building & Grounds Committee had the right to employ a clerk without going through the regular procedure.

I then said to the young lady, I tell you this for your special benefit to let you know that you cannot look to the National Society, D. A. R. for pay, and if you stay here after hearing the ruling, you stay at the request of the Historian General, to do personal work for her and not to work for the National Society; and that you will look to the Historian General for your pay. They both answered that they understood.

The Historian General making some remark about the employment having been made in the proper way, the Secretary of the Building & Grounds Committee stated that no application had been received from the Historian General for another clerk.

The Historian General replied that such request would be received. This was Friday, January 16th, and on Saturday morning, January 17th, the Chairman of the Building & Grounds Committee received the following letter, which was dated Jan. 15th, and postmarked Baltimore, January 16th, eleven o'clock, and received by the Building & Grounds Chairman January 17th:

Mrs. Charles Richardson,
Chairman, Com. Building & Grounds,

Dear Madam:

Having officially notified Miss Jane Finckel, a clerk on the temporary roll in the Historian General's office, that her services would not be needed after Thursday, January 15, 1914, I respectfully ask you to place the name of Miss — — on the temporary roll, as clerk in the office of the Historian General. Miss — — work will begin Friday morning, January sixteenth, 1914.

Sincerely,

MARY C. BASSETT,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

In the course of the interview that we had with the Historian General January 16th, I asked "Why do away with Miss Finckel's services before the end of the month, for which she was engaged?" Her reply was "For the good of my office."

Miss Jane Finckel has had training in this work I wish you to understand.

I, as Chairman of the Building & Grounds Committee, asked Miss Jane Finckel to give a detailed account of everything that transpired in regard to her employment. As it had been over the 'phone and through personal interviews, I submit the following:

1626 Swann Street, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Charles W. Richardson,
Chairman, Building and Grounds Committee,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington,
D. C.

January 17, 1914.

Dear Madam:

Following a suggestion made to me, I beg leave to lay before your Committee the facts relating to my service as temporary clerk in the office of the Historian General assisting in the work on the lineage book.

On the 1st of January, 1914, my sister, Miss Alice Finckel, informed the Historian General at Baltimore, over the long distance telephone, that her marriage and consequent resignation of her clerkship would take place within the week, explaining that her fiancé, then in Washington, would not be able to return again from his home in Texas until midsummer; that her health made it desirable not to begin her life in that climate during the hot season, and that after full consideration, she had determined upon an immediate marriage. She then asked that I be employed in her place in view of the fact that I had long been familiar with her work. The Historian General replied acquiescing in this arrangement, although pointing out that the failure of longer notice would work some inconvenience to her. This conversation was supplemented by my sister’s letter to the Historian General, dated, I think, the 28th of December, 1913, but delayed in delivery.

The Historian, in her turn, confirmed her assent to my employment as a temporary clerk by letter dated at Baltimore, January 1, 1914, of which the following is a copy:

"January 1, 1914.

"My dear Miss Finckel:

"Your news was quite a surprise to me and very disconcerting as to planned work. But your arrangements are far more important than office work, and I am glad happiness has come to you. You have always seemed interested in the work of my office, and for all you did for me I am personally grateful.

"I am willing, temporarily at least, to abide by the arrangements you have made for your sister, as she knows something of your methods. I am not prepared to say what finality there may be to the arrangement, as you know my work planned for my office is enlarging by leaps and bounds.

"I was, of course, never in such an office before and the workings of it are entirely new to me. For all you did to aid me I am grateful. It will be necessary for me to give the office more of my personal attention, though I believe no officer could give its work more constant and conscientious effort in development.

"Wherever you may go I trust your fidelity and trustworthiness in every field
of activity may bring you their own blessed reward.

"You tried to serve me, and I have nothing in my heart but well wishing and an earnest hope that you may be a happy woman as you take up your new life work.

"Very cordially,

"MARY C. BASSETT."

The foregoing arrangement was duly reported to the Building and Grounds Committee by my sister, and my employment as temporary clerk in the office of the Historian General was thereupon approved in writing by that committee, copy of which approval having been forwarded to the Historian General. From information given me at the time, it is my understanding that such temporary clerkships are for thirty days only and carry a salary of $30.00 per month.

On the 2d of January, 1914, I reported for duty at the office of the Historian General and was more fully instructed in my work by my sister, who accompanied me and remained with me for half the day.

On the 5th of January, I met the Historian General at the office for the first time, and was informed by her that I must understand that my employment was merely that of a temporary clerk; that what she wanted in the office was a trained genealogist; that she had two or three such specialists in mind for the position, but that I could consider myself on trial, too, for this technical work.

She then informed me that she wished me to take a message to my sister telling her that she must write a detailed and exact account of the Darwin index episode from beginning to end, and that she would not be required in her office after the 15th of January. The following day I received from the Historian General the following letter, dated at Baltimore:

"Baltimore, Md., January 12, 1914.

"Miss Jane Finckel.

"Dear Madam:

"I beg leave to inform you that your services as clerk in the office of Historian General will not be needed after Thursday, January 15, 1914.

"Sincerely,

"MARY C. BASSETT."

This action on the part of the Historian General was immediately brought to the attention of the Buildings and Grounds Committee and later, I am informed, to the attention of the President General. On January 13th, I am informed, the following telegram was received from the President General: "Mrs. Charles W. Richardson, Chairman Buildings and Grounds Committee, etc. Kindly instruct Miss Finckel to remain in the service of the National Society and continue with the work on lineage books. Mrs. William Cumming Story, President General." These instructions were delivered to me and I continued to report for duty and to discharge the duties of my clerkship at my regular desk in the office of the Historian General, until Friday, the 16th of January, when shortly before nine in the morning a strange young lady appeared at this office and presented a telegram from the Historian General from which it appeared that she was to take my place in the office. Shortly afterwards the Historian General arrived at the office and demanded my desk. I then asked her if she had received a copy of the above quoted telegram from the President General, and she replied that she had, repeating her demand for my desk. I thereupon, following instructions from the Committee..."
on Buildings and Grounds, retired and was given a desk in the Business Office adjoining, where, in obedience to those instructions, I continued my regular work on the lineage book. I am still engaged in this work and located in the Business office.

Later in the same day, the Historian sent for me and informed me that her action was in no way personal to myself, but that she must, as a National Officer, have authority in her own room. She then went on to say that she would recommend my employment in the office of the Registrar General, but that the request for such employment must come from me and be made to her. Thanking the Historian General, I retired without comment.

Very respectfully,

JANE MORTON FINCKEL.

We wish to call the attention of the Board to the following from the President General's report, made at the meeting of the National Board of Management, June 12, 1913, and was adopted:

"I would recommend on the part of our officers and the members of the Board an active co-operation for this Committee, (Building & Grounds) and that this Committee be not only empowered, as it has been in the past, to regulate the salaries and disposition of the clerks, but to encourage a spirit of mutual co-operation between the different departments."

This was unanimously carried.

As the President General in her telegram sustained the ruling of The National Board in regard to the engaging of clerks, we ask that Miss Finckel who was engaged as temporary clerk in the office of the Historian General with the consent of the Historian General be given the desk in that office, she the Historian General had her leave and work was given to the clerk not engaged by the National Society, D. A. R.

Furthermore that the name of the clerk shall not at any time, present or future be considered as an applicant for a position as she defied the authority of the National Board of Management by staying and taking the seat belonging to another after the rules had been read to her and as a matter of discipline to others who may try to follow in her footsteps.

We recommend that Miss Jane Finckel be appointed a temporary clerk in the Historian General's office to fill the vacancy existing there.

Respectfully submitted,

(Mrs. Charles W.) AMY S. RICHARDSON,
Chairman.

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Guernsey, and carried, that the report of the Chairman of Building & Grounds Committee be accepted without recommendations and they be considered ad seriatim.

The recommendations were then taken up and disposed of as follows:

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Augsberry, and carried, the adoption of the recommendation of Building & Grounds Committee that no photographs be permitted to be placed in the Building, and only such pictures, portraits, water colors, or prints be permitted a place that are approved of by the Art Committee.

That the suggestion from the Building & Grounds Committee that chapters, before presenting gifts, consult with the Building & Grounds Committee, be accepted. Mrs. Hall; Mrs. Brumbaugh. Carried.

That No. 3 of the recommendations of the Chairman of Building & Grounds Committee be adopted. (That Miss Barlow of that Committee be permitted to ask of each State the presentation of a State flag of uniform size.) Mrs. Guernsey; Mrs. Brumbaugh. Carried.

That recommendation No. 4 in the Building & Grounds Committee report be adopted. (Authorization to purchase copy of Declaration of Independence that had been favorably passed upon by the Art Committee.) Mrs. Sternberg; Mrs. Augsberry. Amended by Mrs. Brumbaugh and Mrs. Hall that "and chapters having descendants of signers among their members be given an opportunity to contribute toward its expense." Carried.

Mrs. Maupin, State Regent from Virginia, stated that as a descendant of one of the signers, she wished to be allowed to contribute to Continental Hall the copy of the Declaration of Independence referred to. Moved by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Mann, and carried, that the gracious gift of the State Regent of Virginia, of the Declaration of Independence, in memory of her ancestor, Carter Braxton, a signer, be accepted with thanks.

The State Regents of Delaware and New Jersey expressed the desire on behalf of the descendants of signers in their respective states, to contribute the cost of framing the copy of the Declaration of Independence, and it was moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Johnson, that the gifts of the State Regents of Virginia, Delaware and New Jersey be accepted with thanks.

Moved by Mrs. Mann, seconded by Mrs. Ames, and carried, that the District Chapters be granted the use of the Assembly Room for their meetings with the use of electric light and elevator service.

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Hogan, and carried, that Recommendation No. 6 (that no one but National Officers or members of this Committee who may have business here be permitted to remain after 4:30 without permission) be accepted omitting words "or members of this Committee."

The acceptance of Building & Grounds Com-
mittee recommendation No. 7 (the appointment of Miss Grimes on temporary roll at $50 per month from January 2, 1914), was moved by Mrs. Cullop, seconded by Mrs. Hamilton, and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Mann, seconded by Mrs. Hall, and carried, that the recommendation be accepted (appointment of Miss Melton on temporary roll at $50 per month, from December 4, 1913).

It was moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Guernsey, and carried to amend recommendation No. 9 (for the appointment of Miss Jane Finckel as temporary clerk in the Historian General’s office to fill the vacancy existing there) to omit words “in the office of Historian General.”

Mrs. Minor moved to rescind the action on the amendment of resolution No. 9. This was seconded by Mrs. Sternberg and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Lockwood, seconded by Mrs. Ransdell and carried, that this vote be taken by roll call. Mrs. Brumbaugh made the motion, seconded by Mrs. Mann, that Recommendation No. 9 (appointment of Miss Jane Finckel as temporary clerk in the Historian General’s office to fill the vacancy existing there) be amended by striking out all words after “temporary clerk.” Carried. It was moved by Mrs. Yardley, seconded by Mrs. Brumbaugh, and carried, that the amended report of the Building & Grounds Committee No. 9 be adopted.

The Building & Grounds Committee asked to be allowed to incorporate in their report Recommendation No. 10, which had been prepared for the report but overlooked on the table, as follows: We recommend that when there is a request for the use of the Auditorium for more than one day or one evening, that we be permitted to ask a deposit of $75.00 for each day or evening; but to still ask $100.00 deposit where it is for one performance only. This was desired by the Committee inasmuch as it seemed to work a hardship on those making use of the Auditorium for several days and evenings to be compelled to deposit $100 for each day. Moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Barnes, and carried, that the chairman of Building & Grounds No. 10 recommendation be incorporated in her report (that $75 only be required as a deposit for each day or evening where the use of the Auditorium is requested for more than one day or evening). The further motion of Mrs. Guernsey, that the Chairman of Building & Grounds recommendation No. 10 be adopted, was seconded by Mrs. Brumbaugh and carried.

The President General announced that the daughter of the donor of the Darwin papers was in the Hall, and asked that she be requested to come before the Board. It was, therefore, moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Cook, and carried, that Miss Darwin be invited to appear before the Board. Miss Darwin said that in the absence of her father she desired to tell the members of the National Board of her mother’s work on the index cards, of how her father helped with the work. “Mother did the work not as a Daughter of the Society at all, but at home because it was of interest to her personally—the thing was that she loved to do it because genealogy was interesting to her. Of course, her duties at the Society did not allow her to do this during office hours—she naturally did this thing at home at night and during her vacation in summer in the country, and while she was ill just before she died father did a great deal of it with her, and her understanding always was that the thing should be used by the Society if the Society appreciated it as a genealogical thing to use and for reference by genealogical searchers, and if the misunderstanding is—if there are one or two places for it, I think where it would be of most use to genealogists, possibly where it would not be accessible to every one.” It was moved by Mrs. Guernsey that questions be asked but no discussion take place until after Miss Darwin leaves the room—then proceed in the proper manner. This was seconded by Mrs. Barnes and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Ransdell, and carried, that we take a recess for lunch. Mrs. Samuel Spencer being introduced stated that the announcement had been made at the meeting of the Memorial Continental Hall the night before of her luncheon invitation to the members of the National Board, but since some of the members might not have been present or not have received their personal cards, she desired to repeat the invitation at this time. Recess taken at 2:15 for luncheon.

The afternoon session was called to order by the President General at 3:15. The President General referred to the absence of the Recording Secretary General, who, though her bag packed and ready to take the train, was not able to attend the meeting on account of illness. Mrs. Burrows presented a resolution that the sympathy of the Board be extended to Mrs. Boyle with the earnest hope for a speedy recovery. On motion of Mrs. Cullop, seconded by Mrs. Ransdell, it was carried that Mrs. Burrows’s resolution that the sympathy of the Board be extended to our Recording Secretary General, Mrs. Boyle, whose sickness prevents her from being with us to-day, with the earnest hope for a speedy recovery, be accepted.

Mrs. Maupin referred to the action taken by the Virginia Legislature in the effort to secure the return of the Martha Washington will and to the work that had been done in connection with this matter by one of the Virginia chapters; that that chapter would be very glad indeed if the National Society saw fit to take up the ques-
tion and endeavor as a National body to secure the return of this will through some friendly measure. Mrs. Maupin therefore moved that the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, by concerted action recover the will of Martha Washington now in possession of the estate of J. Pierpont Morgan, and it be restored to the records of Fairfax County, Virginia. This was seconded by Mrs. Brumbaugh and carried.

Mrs. Ames referred to the death of Mrs. Stevenson as follows:

Madam President General:

Members of the National Board:

It is with profound sorrow that Illinois records another visitation of the Grim Reaper into the ranks of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Again we are bereft of one of our most brilliant and best loved members, Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson.

On December twenty-fifth, when the whole Christian world was filled with happiness, celebrating the birth of our Saviour, after an illness of several months, our beloved Honorary President General quietly entered "that undiscovered country," and joined the choir invisible in singing the glad hosannahs to Christ, whom she so conscientiously followed all her life.

Mrs. Stevenson has held a warm place in the hearts of the Daughters of the American Revolution since the organization of the Society. She was elected three times to the office of President General, being the second and fourth woman to occupy that position. In the years which have intervened between the organization and the day of her passing away she was at all times our "Guide, Philosopher and Friend."

Her last work for the Daughters was putting into book form her personal knowledge of the early history of the National Society, a valuable book, prized not only as a reference book but as the work of the heart, head and hand of our much beloved Honorary President General.

A summary of Mrs. Stevenson's life is in itself the finest eulogy that could be written of and woman. She was a Christian gentlewoman, and whether abroad or standing at the side of her illustrious husband receiving the homage of the people of our own Nation, or quietly teaching her Sunday School class in her home church, she was always the same sweet, gracious, womanly woman.

Everywhere Mrs. Stevenson has been known her loss will be felt. But our loss is her gain, and can be no better expressed than by the little verse with which Mrs. Stevenson closes the chapter recording the death of our first President General, Mrs. Caroline Scott Harrison,

"Death is another life. We bow our heads at going out, we think and enter straight another golden chamber of the King's larger than this we leave, and lovelier."

MINERVA ROSS AMES,
Vice President General,
Illinois.

Chicago, January 18, 1914.

Moved by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Johnson, and carried by a rising vote, that the tribute paid by the Vice President General of Illinois to the life and service of our beloved Honorary President General, Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson, be spread upon the minutes of the National Board and printed in the Magazine.

As State Regent of Illinois Mrs. Lawrence presented the following:

As State Regent of Illinois I desire to pay tribute to our ex-President General and co-worker, Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson. She was a leader among our leaders by rare mental endowment, personal charm, and, by that other and higher quality devotion and unselfish consecration of self to the great cause she undertook to serve.

She was strong in love; a warm, true-hearted friend. She was strong in faith—ever trusting the victory of good over evil; undaunted by seeming defeat. She looked beyond the mists and clouds of time into the clear shining of the Eternal Life. She turned her will to vibrate in harmony with her Master's will.

I shall never forget the deep impression left upon my own mind as I sat at her funeral service three Sabbaths ago. A great audience room was filled to the doors with sincere mourners representing her city and her state, and as I listened to the deserved words of eulogy from her pastor, and clergy, and came within the sacred spell of sympathy and appreciation that filled the very air about us I felt that in her death was indeed the triumph of a heroic, successful, devoted life.

We who had the privilege of knowing Mrs. Stevenson could but love her.

Over five thousand Daughters in Illinois knew her as honorable and true; as brave and courageous; as loving and kind and will remember her with deepest gratitude. She was an inspiration and a benediction.

GEORGE A. LAWRENCE,
State Regent of Illinois.

January 21, 1914.

Mrs. Johnson moved that the tribute to our ex-President General, Mrs. Stevenson, by the State Regent of Illinois, Mrs. Lawrence, be spread upon the records. This was seconded by Mrs. Bassett and carried. Mrs. Sternberg supplemented this motion by moving that these beautiful resolutions in regard to our loss in the death of our Honorary President General be spread upon the minutes,
published in the magazine, and sent to the family. Seconded by Mrs. Minor and carried.

The President General called on the official stenographer to read from the verbatim report of the last Board meeting, and then presented the following communication bearing on the proceedings.

January 21, 1914.

Madam President General and members of the National Board of Management N. S. D. A. R.

Ladies:

We respectfully request the privilege of appearing before the National Board of Management in order that our names may be cleared of a charge made against us by Mrs. Mann at the last Board meeting, which is part of the minutes to be accepted today. On account of which charge it has been reported outside that we were guilty of opening the mail of the Vice President General in Charge of the Organization of Chapters; a charge of so serious a nature that we respectfully request the privilege of appearing before your body prior to the adoption of the minutes.

Respectfully,

Florence G. Finch,
Drury Conway Ludlow.

On motion of Mrs. Ransdell, seconded by Mrs. Mann, it was carried, that Mrs. Ludlow and Miss Finch be requested to appear before the National Board of Management. Since there was much business yet to be transacted, Mrs. Guernsey moved that we take a recess at six o'clock and reconvene at nine a. m. Thursday, January 22. This was seconded by Mrs. Sternberg and carried. On request of Mrs. Mann, the chief clerk in her office was given permission to be present.

Mrs. Ludlow presented the following statement:

Madam President General and Ladies of the National Board of Management:

At the last meeting of this Body the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters said, 'I do object to two women not members of this Board. I came into the office and found them with my mail, with my letters and Mrs. Ludlow taking data—I should come into the office when I am there and investigate any mail or letters, anything, if you so desire but I do not stand for.

That statement made by the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters has gone out in the community to the effect that 'Miss Finch and Mrs. Ludlow went into Mrs. Mann's office and opened her mail.' A crime in the eyes of the law and punishable by law, and, as one of the repeaters of this slander stated, something that the Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution would not stand for.

The word mail means letters, papers, etc., under conveyance of the proper postal authorities and continues mail until opened by the person for whom intended. So when one speaks of her mail, the impression left is her unopened correspondence or letters.

We wish to most positively deny that we examined any mail, or went through any correspondence, or investigated any mail.

The President General handed us a letter herewith presented, the request of six members of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution:

'Baltimore, Maryland, Nov. 5, 1913.

To the President General and to the National Board, Daughters American Revolution: Ladies—

As Maryland Daughters American Revolution we write to ask a ruling from the National Board as to the authority under which Mrs. Calvin F. Troupe represented the Genl. Smallwood Chapter and voted at the 22nd Congress as Regent, when on March 12th 1913 Mrs. Robert C. Barry, Regent for several years resigned and the new Regent Mrs. Calvin F. Barry was not elected until the 14th of May. As Delegates and Alternates were not elected until March 12th of course there could be no legal representation of the Chapter at Congress, and in the proceedings of the 22nd Congress page 606 there is no one mentioned as entitled to vote from that Chapter and on page 8 in the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters report she states, The Vice Regent cannot represent her Chapter in place of the Regent unless she is duly elected Regent's alternate on or before March 1st preceding the Congress. By what authority did Mrs. Troupe vote and if she voted illegally upon whom does the responsibility rest.

Ellen S. Sterling (Mrs. Yates), 209 West Lanvale St.

Sarah H. Custis, 2109 N. Charles St., (Mrs.)

Lara C. Hill, (Mrs. Norman F., Jr.)

Mrs. George Leiper Carey, 115 West Lanvale St.

Kate Fauntleroy Miller (Mrs. H. Clay)

1217 Cathedral

Lucy S. Bergland, 1116 N. Charles St.

The President General took us to the Illinois
Room asking for Mrs. Mann as she entered the door. Upon being told that she was not in, the President General said "I have appointed Miss Finch and Mrs. Ludlow to look into some matters bearing upon the representation of the General William Smallwood Chapter of Maryland at the last Congress. Please give them what assistance you can." Which assistance was given us by the three clerks in that room.

We were under the impression we were going into a room belonging to the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution and that we were to have access to records belonging to the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution. We never for one moment thought we were going through any records or correspondence belonging to a National Officer or Mrs. Mann.

"COPY"

Received in the Vice President General's Office April 11, 1913.

2514 Madison Ave.,

My Dear Mrs. Mann:—

At a meeting of the General William Smallwood Chapter today Mrs. Robert C. Barry, resigned as Regent and Mrs. Calvin Ferris Troupe, Relay, Maryland, was elected in her place. Will you kindly see that the credentials are changed and that Mrs. Troupe is notified as soon as possible.

Very sincerely,

(Signed) Harriet Marine,

(Mrs. Charles E. C. Smith, Sec. Pro tem)

We wish to state most positively we did not put our hands on one paper or document that was not first gotten out and handed us by some one of the clerks in the office.

As a matter of fact there is no personal correspondence of Mrs. Mann in the office of Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters so far as we are aware—for the reason that when we asked for any correspondence between the State Regent of Maryland and the Chairman of Credentials Committee bearing on the General William Smallwood Chapter (we having been informed by some of the Maryland Daughters asking for this investigation that there should be such a letter or letters bearing on the situation) we were read a copy of a letter from the Credentials Committee to the State Regent something like this—We cannot understand why the blanks sent the General William Smallwood Chapter have not been received. We are sending others by this mail—and your letter is being referred to Mrs. Mann for her personal answer. The clerk then stated that the reason that letter was not in the files was that Mrs. Mann's personal correspondence was sent out to her home, and that evidently that was a personal letter or it would have been in the files.

A few days or a week before the meeting of the Board we returned to the Illinois room and asked the chief clerk to let us again see the letter on file in the Credentials Committee records from the Secretary of the General William Smallwood Chapter stating that Mrs. Barry resigned today (No date to letter but stamped received in the Vice President General's Office April 11, 1913) and Mrs. Troupe elected—as that letter was so absolutely at variance with written statements presented by officers of the chapter that we thought possibly we were mistaken. Mrs. Ludlow was reading that letter, a part of the files of the Credentials Committee, when Mrs. Mann came into the room, and, by reason of which she stated before this Board "I came into the office and found them with my mail, with my letters out and Mrs. Ludlow taking data from these letters, asking for copies of these letters.''

As a matter of fact when I asked Mrs. Mann for a copy of the letter, in a most decided manner of displeasure she stated we could have the letter, she didn't care, but the chief clerk spoke up and said, No, we could not have the letter as it was a part of the records of the office—whereupon copy was furnished us.

We wish to repeat and to state emphatically that we were only requesting to see from the Credentials Committee records just how much truth there was in the statement contained in the letter handed us and signed by six members of the Society; to state equally as emphatically that was our conscientious purpose and endeavor. We therefore again repeat we did not even see any mail, we did not go through, investigate or handle any mail, nor did we handle, go through, read or investigate any correspondence, only read and took copies of three letters or papers handed us by the clerks in the office and all bearing directly on the record of the General William Smallwood's representation in the 22nd Congress of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution.

As Mrs. Mann made the statement before the National Board we request that she withdraw the statement that we investigated her mail.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) Drury C. Ludlow,
(Signed) Florence G. Finch.

After considerable discussion it was moved by Mrs. Hall, seconded by Mrs. Augsbury, and carried, that this Board go on record as understanding from the explanation that has been given this afternoon that Mrs. Mann intended the usual significance for the records where she used the word "mail." Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Johnson, and carried, that any question requiring the investigation of the conduct of any officer in the organization be referred to the officer in charge, who if she refuses to furnish the adequate information shall
then have her office investigated by a committee appointed from this Board.

The President General having stated that an application had come to her requesting to present a project to the Board which would only take a short time, it was moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Ransdell, and carried, that Mrs. Henderson be given five minutes to appear before the Board. Mrs. Henderson presented the following proposition:

As one object of your Society is to encourage the study of the history of our country, and also to help perpetuate the memory of our patriots of old, by suitable memorials. I am suggesting a new idea along this line of work which I hope will appeal to you.

I hasten to say at the beginning that this work would cost the D. A. R. organization absolutely nothing.

The idea is for a double line of bust bronze statues (equal size) of all the Presidents and Vice Presidents of the United States, to border the sides of the Avenue of the Presidents, i.e., to alternate in chronological order at semi-distances apart, along the line of the tree boxes.

The reasons for this new feature in Washington are as follows:

1st. This line of bust statues would be educational, unique and decorative.

2nd. Avenue of the Presidents faces the White House where all our Presidents, but one, have, from their front windows, looked for two miles up its wide expanse. It is 160 feet wide and seven miles long, reaching to the District line. It is also lined, each side, with a double row of trees and 40 feet of parking; this latter being rapidly converted into garden effects.

This space would be too small for large, full length statues, but it is the ideal size for the bust statues. This grand avenue, running in an absolutely straight line, is also long enough to accommodate the Presidents and Vice Presidents of the future.

3rd. The material for the busts would be of bronze, with pedestals of granite, repeating the materials used for Washington's Generals in Lafayette Park, they, with the White House, heading the line of the Presidential busts.

4th. A man's dress does not lend itself too well for full length statues, bust likeness for them are even more desirable.

5th. In Washington, very few statues have heretofore been placed of statesmen, the choice having been for military men. This encourages youth to feel that the means of attaining glory and renown is to go to war.

6th. The expense of carrying out the project would not fall on Congress. A committee formed of members of the D. A. R. Organization and residents of Avenue of the Presidents would attend to all that; their idea being to appeal to different states to provide the means for their own sons; also in several cases, to relatives and friends. The expense need not be great, as practically all might be replicas, the originals being generally satisfactory.

In order to be sure of a proper selection of the busts as commendable works of art, etc., this (by law of Congress) would most fortunately be left to the judgment of the Art Commission.

The idea is to have places assigned for each bust, they to be filled out, from time to time, as first class busts are obtained.

With one exception, I think nothing could be more modestly conspicuous or more generally appreciated than the carrying out of the suggested attention to all the Presidents and Vice Presidents of the United States.

The one exception, I need hardly say, would be the memorial as indicated in this splendid building that so much helps for the embellishment and indeed the importance of our National Capitol.

On motion of Mrs. Ames, seconded by Mrs. Bassett, it was carried that the President General be appointed to confer with the Art Commission and ask that a committee be appointed to take up this matter (Busts of Presidents to be placed along the Avenue of the Presidents).

The President General read her report as follows:

Report of President General.

My dear Members of the National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution,

I am grieved that we again have cause to deplore the loss of beloved and valued members of our organization and since we last met several sad bereavements have occurred.

When the news of the death of Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson, Honorary President General came to our National headquarters, our faithful Building and Grounds Committee at once acquainted me with the sad fact and I immediately telegraphed officially the sorrowful words of sympathy that I felt you would wish to speak from this great organization that has honored her as its head, and also personally expressed my sorrow in the following telegrams:

December 26, 1913.

Mr. Adlai E. Stevenson, Bloomington, Illinois. The National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, as well as I personally extend to you and yours the deepest sympathy in the great bereavement that has come to both you and the Society.

(Signed) DAISY ALLEN STORY,
President General, N. S. D. A. E.
Mrs. Ernest Mammen,
303 E. Chestnut St.,
Bloomington, Illinois.

Will you kindly order appropriate flowers or wreath for Mrs. Stevenson’s funeral, in the name of our National Society, and also kindly convey to the Letitia Green Stevenson Chapter my sincere sympathy in their great loss.

(Signed) DAISY ALLEN STORY,
President General, N. S. D. A. R.
December 26, 1913.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott,
Bloomington, Illinois.

In the name of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, and also personally, I extend to you the deepest sympathy in your great sorrow.

(Signed) DAISY ALLEN STORY,
President General, N. S. D. A. R.
December 26, 1913.

The National Society Daughters of the American Revolution feel deeply the loss of Mrs. Stevenson, and with such distinction served our great Society.

Although one can do little to comfort the afflicted ones at such a time our loving impulse is strong to express our sympathy and I at once sent to the family of Mrs. Stevenson a copy of the visiting card from Mr. Stevenson.

Mr. Adlai E. Stevenson and Family, wish to assure you of their deep appreciation of your expressions of sympathy in their bereavement.

Every mark of respect and sorrow has been observed in our Flag at half mast and the portrait of Mrs. Stevenson draped and placed with flowers upon the platform.

The sad news of the death of Mrs. John R. Walker of Missouri, has also come to us recently. Mrs. Walker served this organization with great distinction and ability and was one of our Honorary Vice Presidents General.

Although one can do little to comfort the afflicted ones at such a time our loving impulse is strong to express our sympathy and I at once sent to the family of Mrs. Walker the following telegram:

The National Society Daughters of the American Revolution feel deeply the loss of their esteemed and gifted officer, Mrs. John R. Walker and I wish to express my personal and heartfelt sympathy for the loss of the gracious woman who so faithfully and with such distinction served our great Society.

To the Regent of Mrs. Walker’s Chapter, I telegraphed expressing sorrow and asking her to order appropriate flowers.

I have very recently learned of the death of Mrs. Elizabeth Towson Bulloch, a member distinguished for long and faithful service to our society and I deeply regret that I did not know of this sad event in time to send expressions of sorrow from our Society.

Have you observed, my dear Daughters, that when anything is very dear to us we continually associate what we hear and see, with this thing that is near to our heart. I find that our Society is so dear to me that it is continually in my thoughts and I am drawing similes and making applications, almost unconsciously always with the Society, the pivot on which other things turn.

I heard a sermon last Sunday which taught a wonderful lesson of obedience and this I applied to our own lives in this organization.

If we love our Society as we should we will be obedient to its laws. A Ruler who can obey is the ruler who will make obedient subjects and will thus give and enjoy the greatest liberty, for liberty is only obedience to law—the law of justice and right.

May we not enjoy an altogether proper pride in the fact that we are Daughters of the American Revolution and lovers of liberty, because to us, liberty means obedience to the laws of justice, equity and unselfishness. May we not fill our souls with the feeling that we have a great work to do, a great duty to perform and we meet this duty in the humble and commonplace routine of work so that we will love to obey our best impulses and give to our Society the obedience to its laws that alone can bring us peace and harmony! I am sure we may.

It gives me pleasure to report to you a gracious courtesy on the part of the Mayor of Baltimore as expressed in the following letter and to which I shall, of course, respond.

Mayor’s Office. Baltimore, Md.

Joseph H. Preston, Mayor.

Mrs. William Cumming Story,
President General of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

My dear Mrs. Story:

You will recall that at the last session of the National body of the Daughters of the American Revolution, there was a resolution adopted approving the idea and plans of a National Star Spangled Banner Centennial in Baltimore, September 6-13, 1914.

You will remember that in that resolution the D. A. R. pledged themselves to be active and not passive factors in making this celebration a success.

I feel perfectly sure that nothing could minister more towards enliting the active cooperation of your entire organization than your own personal leadership. That being true I am going to ask you to become one of the national representatives on our Star Spangled Banner Committee. If I can get your consent thereto I feel satisfied that it will add greatly to the promotion and success of our plans.

I shall be very glad at any time to discuss the whole proposition with you, so that you will have enough of detail at your command to be able to act intelligently.

Very sincerely,

(Signed) JAMES H. PRESTON, Mayor.
I wish to also report to this Board the fact that the distinguished and able men who have consented to serve as the Advisory Committee of this Society have given us generously of their time and valued counsel.

With the sincere hope that this New Year may be one of many blessings and great progress, I am,

Faithfully yours,

DAISY ALLEN STORY,
President General, N. S. D. A. R.

The following recommendation was presented by the President General:

At a meeting of the Advisory Board of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, held at Continental Hall on the 18th day of December, A. D., 1913, the Honorable the Secretary of the Treasury, Chairman of said Board, presiding, the following motion was offered, duly seconded, put and unanimously carried:

"Moved: That it is the judgment of the Advisory Board that an examination be made into the business methods employed in the various departments of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution with a view of ascertaining whether the methods now prevailing may not be improved upon in the interest of more efficient and more economical administration; such examination to include the methods hitherto employed in publishing the magazine of the Organization; and the methods and cost of auditing the books and accounts of the organization."

On motion of Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Ransdell, it was carried that the report of the President General and its recommendations be accepted.

The report of the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters was then read by Mrs. Mann.

Report of Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

January 21, 1914.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management.

Through their respective State Regents the following members at large are presented for confirmation as Organizing Regents:

Mrs. Mabel L. Humphries Barham, of Nacogdoches, Texas.
Mrs. Katherine Cook Gregg, of Okmulgee, Okla.
Mrs. Lizzie A. Ingram Boylin, of Wadesboro, N. C.
Mrs. Effie Shelton Campbell, of Colorado Springs, Colo.
Miss Chattie Coleman, of Stromburg, Neb.
Mrs. Corrine Mann Clibert, of Perry, Ga.
Dr. Mary Matthews Ewing Murray, of Clinton, Ind.

Mrs. May Hughes Painter, of La Grange, Mo.
Mrs. Mittie Callahan Wells, of Platte City, Mo.
Miss Jane Jackson, of Florence, Ala.
Miss Mary N. Shaw, of Rockland, Me.

To be appointed Organizing Regent after being admitted to the National Society, Mrs. Hattie L. Alley of Vasselboro, Me. and Mrs. Emma Robertson Gentry of Independence, Mo.

Through their respective State Regents the following Organizing Regents are reappointed: Mrs. Lucy Jackman Dana, of New Haven, Vt. Mrs. Charlotte Rebeca Foster, of Lancaster, S. C.

The Organizing Regency of Mrs. Ruth Dickinson Berry of Bentville, Arkansas, has expired by time limitation.

The Board is asked to authorize the formation of a chapter at Phelps, New York.

The National Board is asked to rescind their former action granting the use of the title Col. to the William Overton Callis chapter of the District of Columbia, and to grant them the use of Major which rank is correct. The Regent of the chapter having been mistaken in the rank to which William Overton Callis was entitled.

The Barrett White chapter of Nashville, Tenn., asks the Board permission to change their name to "Martha Bratton" in order to bring peace and harmony in the chapter.

The "Moline" chapter of Moline, Ill., wishes to honor the founder of their chapter, therefore petitions the Board to grant them the use of the name Mary Little Deere.

Organizing Regents Commissions 10
Charters 3
Letters received 180
Letters written 201

The leaflet "Instructions to State Regents" which the December Board authorized me to prepare and send out has been printed and sent to every State and State Vice Regent in the National Society, with a short letter accompanying each blank.

Catalogue Report

Officers lists written for 50
Officers lists received 96
Changes 204
Deaths 147
Dropped 48
Dropped at own request 9
Resigned 58
Reinstated 13
Marriages 38
New members cards filed 728
Admitted membership Dec. 17, 1913 105,395
Actual membership December 17, 1913 80,483

The two chapters authorized by the National Board in June, the John Me Knitt Alexander at Houston, Texas, and the Gilbert Marshall at Little Rock, Arkansas, are officially recorded.
in the office of the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters. The John Mc Knitt Alexander January 10, 1914, and the Gilbert Marshall, was organized December 17, 1913.

The John Mc Knitt Alexander Chapter have had meetings since May, and thought they were an organized chapter, although they were not authorized to form until the June Board Meeting. Some of the supposed members were not yet admitted to the National Society. The eight new members required to organize this chapter were not admitted until the November and December Board Meetings, consequently I advised that their date of Organization be after December 17th the date of the last Board Meeting when the eighth new member was admitted to the National Society.

The Gilbert Marshall Chapter of Arkansas was recorded organized on December 17, 1913 in the Office of the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, the last of the eight new members necessary for organization having been admitted in October, 1913, although this chapter had met and thought they were organized on July 11, 1913, the December date was taken by the Chapter in order to include two more members admitted on that date.

This chapter was authorized without the knowledge of the State Regent who therefore was unable to guide them in their work of organization.

It is through the assistance of the State Regents that we accomplish the best results in the Organization of Chapters and I find that when Organizing Regents confer with the State Regent and keep the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, advised of their progress that mistakes and the misunderstandings arising therefrom are avoided and the Organization greatly facilitated and perfected in a manner satisfactory to all.

Extract from a letter of one of the State Regents.

"This chapter organization is like plowing, strenuous labor. I should think you would have all kinds of nervous prostration. I get a new attack with each new chapter, and I often think how dreadful it must be for you to have the whole outfit on your hands."

Respectfully submitted,
FRANCES INGRAHAM MANN,
Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Johnson, and carried, that the report of the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, with recommendations, except for two regents not yet members, be accepted.

The Registrar General submitted her office report with the request that it be printed in the magazine, and read the list of names of new members.

Report of Registrar General.

January 21, 1914.

Madam President General: Members of the National Board of Management, I have the honour to report the following:

Applications presented to the board 775
Supplemental applications verified 302
Original papers returned unverified 13
Supplemental papers returned unverified 23
Permits for the insigna issued 326
Permits for the ancestral bars issued 112
Permits for the Recognition Pins issued 162
Applications of real Daughters presented 0
Number of letters, including duplicate papers, issued 1,478
Number of cards issued 1,087
Original papers examined and not yet verified 458
Supplemental papers examined and not yet verified 763
New records verified 151
Original papers awaiting notary's seal 9
Supplemental papers awaiting notary's seal 8
Total number of papers verified 1,094
Number of applications copied ...90—$22.50

Respectfully submitted,
CATHERIN E. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

It was moved by Mrs. Lockwood, seconded by Mrs. Barnes and carried, that the Secretary cast the ballot for the 775 names reported by the Registrar General, which was done.

On motion of Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Hall, it was carried, that Mrs. Hattie Alley and Mrs. Emma R. Gentry be authorized as Organizing Regents, having been properly recommended by their respective State Regents.

The Treasurer General in giving her report desired to know if the Board wished all the items read, since the members had copies of the report before them. It was moved by Mrs. Sternberg that owing to the lateness of the hour we waive the reading of the statement of work done in the office of the Treasurer General, as this is a summary of the work usually done in the office. This was seconded by Mrs. Minor and carried.
Report of Treasurer General.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from December 1st to 31st, 1913.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in Bank at last report, November 30, 1913 .............................................. $11,765.43

RECEIPTS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual dues $1,627.00 less $139.00 refunded</td>
<td>$1,488.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initiation fees $709.00 less $15.00 refunded</td>
<td>694.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificate</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Interest</td>
<td>24.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution</td>
<td>.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directory</td>
<td>4.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplicate Papers and Lists</td>
<td>22.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early History</td>
<td>.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hand Books</td>
<td>4.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insignia</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lineage Books</td>
<td>22.29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magazine</td>
<td>.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Proceedings&quot; Twenty-second Congress</td>
<td>.89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ribbon</td>
<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slot Machine</td>
<td>.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stationery</td>
<td>.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statute Book</td>
<td>.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>3.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auditorium Deposit, &quot;'1913 Buckeye Corn Special Tour, O.'&quot; (An additional $100.00 shown on November report)</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auditorium Deposit Anti-Saloon League</td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auditorium Deposit National Popular Government League</td>
<td>150.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Receipts</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,628.82</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General ...................................................... $60.00

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>$60.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office of Vice-President General, Charge of Organization of Chapters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical Service</td>
<td>185.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 cloth lined envelopes</td>
<td>4.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams</td>
<td>1.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rubber stamp</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expressage on lists</td>
<td>.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Expenses Office of Vice-President General</strong></td>
<td>193.15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office of Recording Secretary General ....................................... 175.00

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000 &quot;General Information&quot;</td>
<td>14.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,000 printed transfer cards</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairing stamp</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegram</td>
<td>.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Expenses Office of Recording Secretary General</strong></td>
<td>97.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office of Corresponding Secretary General .................................. 535.00

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>535.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra clerical service</td>
<td>48.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating stamp</td>
<td>9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjusting typewriter</td>
<td>1.45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Binding 5 vols. Registrar's Records</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5000 Cards</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Expenses Office of Corresponding Secretary General</strong></td>
<td>618.31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office of Registrar General .................................................. 550.65

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Expenses Office ofRegistrar General</strong></td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office of Treasurer General .................................................. 565.65

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>565.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra clerical service</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Office of Historian General.

Clerical service ........................................... 215.00
Cleaning and adjusting typewriter ..................... 2.00
Expressage ................................................. .30
Half-tone, inserts and art work .......................... 9.62
2,000 Manila envelopes, Historical Research ........... 3.60
5,000 Cards, Historical Research ......................... 9.00
Postage, Historical Research ............................. 14.00 253.52

Office of Librarian General.

Clerical service ........................................... 75.00
Postage and expressage .................................... 1.50
Clerical service, Genealogical Research Department .. 75.00 151.50

General Office.

Clerical service ........................................... 75.00
Extra clerical service ..................................... 4.50
Messenger boy's salary ................................... 38.80
Supplies ..................................................... 33.52
Postage ...................................................... 2.03
Overdue postage ............................................ 5.00
Telegrams .................................................... 3.11
Leaves, flowers and bunting—Mrs. Fairbank's Portrait . 1.20
Committee, Continental Hall, expressage ................. .90
Eugenia Washington, Founder Memorial, postage ......... 1.00
Finance, postals .......................................... .20
Interchangeable Bureau Lectures, etc., expressage and
              telegrams ...................................... 4.46
Welfare Women and Children, postage ..................... 5.00 174.72

Expense Continental Hall.

Superintendent ............................................ 100.00
Watchman ..................................................... 60.00
Mechanic ..................................................... 50.00
Guide ......................................................... 50.00
Telephone Operator ....................................... 51.80
Cleaners ..................................................... 98.64
Electric current .......................................... 67.00
20 tons coal ............................................... 122.00
Ice ........................................................... 4.50
Towel service .............................................. 4.56
Sockets, fuses and plugs .................................. 9.84
Repairing door check ..................................... 1.00
Wire and hooks ............................................ 6.30
Tube cleaner ............................................... 1.45
Packing and chamois ...................................... 3.44
Glass pitcher ............................................... 5.55
2 dusters and broom ....................................... 2.95
Soap powder and polish ................................... 17.17
10 gallons aromatic mist .................................. 20.00
Paint, alcohol and liquid wax ............................ 2.55
Machine oil and can ..................................... .55
Fertilizer .................................................... .50
Repairing driveway ...................................... 245.00 914.80

Printing Machine.

Ratchet gear, type and clips .............................. 1.20 1.20

Magazine.

Postage and stamped envelopes, Chairman ............... 15.71
Telegram, Chairman ....................................... .52
Clerical service, Chairman ................................ 22.50
Salary—Editor .............................................. 83.33
Clerical service for Editor ............................... 16.67
Telegrams and postage—Editor ........................... 4.55
Expense "Notes and Queries" .............................. 30.00
Expressage ................................................... 1.56
Postage, October and November numbers ............... 50.05 22.86
9 Half-tones—November .................................... 898.90
Printing and mailing December number ................. 898.90
List ........................................................ 2.50 1,149.15

Support Real Daughters.

Support 1 Real Daughter, November ....................... 8.00
Support 44 Real Daughters, December ............... 352.00 360.00
NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S., D. A. R.

STATIONERY—NATIONAL OFFICERS, GENERAL OFFICE AND COMMITTEES.
Vice President General, C. O. C. 6.25
Registrar General 21.50
Treasurer General 35.50
General Office 17.00
Committee—Welfare Women and Children 5.40 85.65

STATIONERY—STATE REGENTS.
State Regent, Colorado 4.15
" " Maryland 1.00
" " New Jersey 4.40
" " Ohio .50
" " Tennessee 4.80
" " Texas 2.80
" " Virginia 2.00 19.65

TELEPHONE.
Telephone Service 60.76 60.76

D. A. R. REPORT TO SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.
25 copies Vol. 15 7.50 7.50

LINEAGE.
Postage and expressage 10.82 10.82

FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND EQUIPMENT.
File case, Vice President General, C. O. C. 50.00
Typewriters—Registrar and Historian General 150.50
Waste baler 40.50 241.00

TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS.
Telegram, Credential Committee 48 .48

AUDITORIUM EVENTS.
Refund Anti-Saloon League 41.82
" " 1913 Buckeye Corn Special Tour, Ohio 104.04
" " National Popular Government League 83.85
Labor 39.86
Electric Current 27.26 296.63

Total Disbursements $5,512.19

Balance on hand December 31, 1913 $8,883.06

EMILY NELSON RITCHIE MCLEAN HISTORICAL FUND.
As at last report, November 30, 1913 $1,425.50 $1,425.50

FRANCO-AMERICAN FUND.
As at last report, November 30, 1913 $206.55 $206.55

OGLETHORPE MEMORIAL SCHOOL FUND.
As at last report, November 30, 1913 $329.61 $329.61

PHILIPPINE SCHOLARSHIP FUND.
As at last report, November 30, 1913 $127.00

RECEIPTS.
Ann Gridley Chapter, Mich. $10.00
Mrs. Bascal R. Brill, Nathan Hale Chapter, Minn. 1.00
Patterson Chapter, N. Y. 10.00
Presque Isle Chapter, Pa. 20.00
Mrs. J. E. McWilliams, Philippines Chapter, P. I. 25.00
Bonny Kate Chapter, Tenn. 5.00 71.00 $198.00

On deposit in National Metropolitan Bank, December 31, 1913 $11,042.72

Petty Cash Fund $500.00 $500.00

PATRIOTIC EDUCATION FUND.

RECEIPTS.
Sarah Riggs Humphreys Chapter, Conn. $35.00
Stamford Chapter, Conn. 50.00
Mrs. George A. Lawrence, through Rebecca Park Chapter and State of Illinois, Ill. 600.00
Pawnee Chapter, Neb. 5.00
Matthew Thornton Chapter, N. H. 50.00
Gansevoort Chapter, N. Y. 5.00
Ohio Chapters, Ohio 2.00
Mrs. A. W. Cook, Regent, Brookville Chapter, Pa. ........................................ 10.00
Chester County Chapter, Pa. ............................................................. 33.00
Montrose Chapter, Pa. ........................................................................ 25.00
Mrs. K. D. B. Nuttal, Regent Moshannon Chapter, Pa. ...................... 2.00
Susquehanna Chapter, Pa. ................................................................ 35.00
Tunkhannock Chapter, Pa. .............................................................. 25.00
Valley Forge Chapter, Pa. .................................................................. 5.00
Mrs. Thomas Polk, Jackson-Madison Chapter, Tenn. ......................... 5.00  $877.00

DISBURSEMENTS.
Berry School, Ga. ............................................................... $75.00
W. C. T. U. Settlement School, Hindman, Ky. ................................ 600.00
Maryville College, Tenn. ............................................................ 190.00
Tennessee D. A. R. School, Tenn. ................................................... 5.00
Mrs. Ida V. Woodbury, Field Secretary ............................................. 7.00  $877.00

PERMANENT FUND.
Balance in Bank at last report, November 30, 1913 ...................... $5,348.65

RECEIPTS.
Charter Fees ................................................................. $30.00
Life Membership Fees .................................................................. 512.50

CONTINENTAL HALL CONTRIBUTIONS.
Miss Bessie M. Carter, Sale of Coat-of-Arms, D. C. ......................... $5.00
George Walton Chapter, Ga. ......................................................... 2.00
Mrs. Frances W. McIntyre, Chicago Chapter, Ill. ......................... 1.00
Old Colony Chapter, Mass. ......................................................... 5.00
Susannah Tufts Chapter, Mass. .................................................... 5.00
Olean Chapter, N. Y. ................................................................. 50.00
Molly Chittenden Chapter, Ohio .................................................. 5.00
Rhode Island Chapters—marking Column, R. I. ......................... 6.38  82.38
Commission on Recognition Pins ............................................... 25.00

Total Receipts ............................................................................... $649.88

DISBURSEMENTS.
Interest on Bills Payable ........................................................... $3,000.00

Balance on hand December 1, 1913 ........................................... $2,998.53

On Deposit In
American Security & Trust Company Bank .................................. $2,998.53
Cash balance on deposit in Bank, December 31, 1913 .................... $2,998.53
Permanent Investment, Chicago & Alton Bonds ......................... 2,314.84

Total Permanent Fund, Cash and Investment .............................. $5,313.37

Below is a statement of the important work done in my office:
Addresses changed ............................................................... 52
Application papers marked paid .............................................. 1,674
Applicants' cards made ......................................................... 701
Checks drawn and disbursements posted .................................. 247
Deaths recorded ................................................................. 147
Dropped notices mailed ......................................................... 110
Dropped from Chapters recorded ............................................ 36
Dropped from Society recorded ............................................... 67
Letters received ................................................................. 572
Letters written ................................................................. 1,132
Letters referred from other offices ....................................... 236
Lists Compiled ......................................................................... 8
Lists received and compared .................................................. 10
Marriages recorded ............................................................. 76
Members marked paid .......................................................... 686
New Chapters recorded ....................................................... 11
New Members recorded ....................................................... 737
Rebates issued .................................................................... 56
Receipts entered, issued and posted ....................................... 827
Reinstatements to Chapters and Society .................................. 27
Remittance Blanks mailed .................................................... 1,101
Remittance blanks received ................................................ 478
Report blanks mailed ............................................................ 671
Reports received .................................................................... 245
Reports returned and acknowledged ..................................... 444
Resigned notices mailed ....................................................... 59
Resignations from Chapters recorded .................................... 59
Resignations from Society recorded ....................................... 58
Transfer cards issued and transfers recorded ......................... 295

Respectfully
OLIVE POWELL RANSDELL,
Treasurer General,
N. S. D. A. R.

The Treasurer General stated that Senator Ransdell regrets to report it is impossible to obtain free of cost the copies of the Daughters of American Revolution Report to the Smithsonian Institution.

On motion of Mrs. Mann, seconded by Mrs. Minor, Mrs. Augsburg, and Mrs. Johnson, it was carried that the Treasurer General be empowered to pay $50 for plates (1 doz.) for Kansas upon delivery of china.

It was moved by Mrs. Yardley, seconded by Mrs. Libbey, and carried, that the Treasurer General's report be accepted.

The following letter was read by Mrs. Ransdell:

President and Members of the National D. A. R. Board, Washington, D. C.

Dear Fellow Workers:

Your assistance is most urgently needed at the present time to secure the passage of a bill now in Congress on the pollution of the navigable streams and waterways of the United States.

The needless pollution of streams is an increasing menace to health and in some instances to life itself. The pollution of the waters of any navigable stream or interstate stream or lake should be deemed an offense against the public and subject to penalties adequate in amount to prevent its repetition.

Will you draw up resolutions endorsing this bill and urging its passage and send same to the chairman of the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce, also a copy to Mr. John T. Watkins, House of Representatives.

If you could get your State Regents to write or wire their Congressmen, urging the passage of this bill, it will be of great assistance. Prompt action will greatly increase the effectiveness of your work. Will you not help us in our efforts for conservation of the health and life of the people of the United States?

Sincerely yours,

MRS. A. B. AVERY.

Moved by Mrs. Hamilton, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg, Mrs. Johnson, and Mrs. Bassett, and carried, that this letter be referred to Committee on Legislation in United States Congress.

The matter of the Oglethorpe School Fund was brought up in the following letter from the State Regent of Georgia, read by the Treasurer General:

Mrs. J. E. Ransdell, Washington, D. C., Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.

Dear Madam:

I regret to be compelled to tell you that owing to legal complications the Georgia Daughters are compelled to withdraw their efforts in behalf of the Oglethorpe Memorial School. So I am writing you to remit amounts sent you for this fund to various chapters, but please be sure and itemize the checks as to parties giving same as on page 764 December Magazine, please make out checks to chapters and individuals and send all to me as State Regent. Send these checks to reach me by February 1st. Do not send to chapters but send to me because as State Executive Board took action I want to return to chapters at State Conference. I hope you understand, make checks out as itemized, but enclose all of them to me for delivery.

You don't know what a disappointment to me this is, but there are other schools it can be given to just the same—and no doubt will be done.

Best wishes, sincerely,

SOPHIE LEE FOSTER.

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Hall and carried, that on request of State Regent of Georgia, the Treasurer General return the Oglethorpe Memorial money.

The President General presented the appli-
statement, and it was moved by Mrs. Guernsey that the application of the member No. 23, asking for reinstatement, be referred to the Treasurer General with power to act. Seconded by Mrs. Barnes and carried.

Mrs. Block, being invited by the Board to appear, said that she was leaving for Philadelphia in the morning, and wished to know if it was the pleasure of the Board to pass upon the recommendation of the Memorial Continental Hall Committee, permitting her to pay the $729.39 cash on hand for the liquidation of our debt to Caldwell as second payment on their bill. It was moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Lawrence and carried, that the recommendation of Continental Hall Committee be approved. (That whatever balance in cash is now held by Mrs. Block from the sale of certificates be paid to Caldwell on account of his bill.)

It being now six o'clock, recess was taken until the following day.

The adjourned meeting of the Board was called to order by the President General at 9.25 a.m., Thursday, January 22.

The President General spoke of the loss sustained by Mrs. J. Charles Linthicum in the death of two of her sisters within three weeks of each other, of the death of the mother of Mrs. William H. Wanamaker, and of the father of Mrs. L. B. Swormstedt. The Secretary was instructed to convey the sincere sympathy of the National Board to these members who had suffered bereavement.

The report of the Recording Secretary General was then read.

Report of Recording Secretary General.

January 21, 1914.

Madame President General, Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report that all the necessary routine work has been performed—notices of Board meeting, elections to membership into our National Society, 728: answering various letters and cards, signing charters and preparing minutes of the Board meeting for the magazine; reading of the proof with the editor; getting out copies of the rulings passed at the last Board meeting for each National officer, notifying chairmen of committees and others of the action of the Board, and writing letters of sympathy and condolence.

Regrets for this meeting from those unable to attend have been received and filed.

Year books are received from Fort Antes Chapter of Jersey Shore, Penna., and Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, Indianapolis.

There has also been received by the Recording Secretary General the announcement from the Bronx Chapter, Mt. Vernon, N. Y. present-
Foster, Atlanta, Byrd Printing Co., 1913. Presented by the compiler for the Emily Hendree Park Memorial.


Massachusetts Society Sons of the American Revolution—Register of Members and Proceedings. Published by the Society, 1913.


Pamphlets:

In Memoriam: An appreciation of Cornelia Cole Fairbanks, Honorary President General, N. S. D. A. R. By the Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter. Presented by Mrs. C. E. Kregelo.


Periodicals:

Illinois State Historical Society Journal, October.

New England Historical and Genealogical Register, January.


Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly, October.

Somerset County, N. J., Historical Quarterly, January.

Virginia Magazine of History and Biography, January.

The above list comprises nineteen accessions, of which eight are books, five pamphlets and six periodicals. Seven books were presented, one received in exchange. Five pamphlets were presented.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. George M.) M. L. STERNBERG,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.


Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management N. S. D. A. R.

I have the honor to report the following work accomplished in the Genealogical Research Department since the last meeting of the Board.

Arranged alphabetically and placed in permanent form two years files of The Norwalk Hour.


Alphabetized and arranged for future filing all available 1913 numbers of The Bradford Star.

Making copies of inscriptions from the oldest part of the cemetery in South Coventry, Conn.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. George M.) M. L. STERNBERG,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

January 21, 1914.

Mrs. Sternberg reported that she had had offered her for the Genealogical Research Department copies of old tombstones in the old cemeteries in Pennsylvania—that they had not yet been accepted as they were not turned over yet. It was moved by Mrs. Hall, seconded by Mrs. Brumbaugh, and carried that the Librarian General’s report be accepted and printed in full in the Magazine. Mrs. Hall stated that she had at home a book on the Birds of Pennsylvania which was now very rare and which she would be pleased to give to the library. The Librarian General spoke also of her need for an extensive shelf of books that referred to District matters, and thought it might be possible that many of the members had books of this kind at their homes that were of no particular value to them and would be especially valuable in the library. Mrs. Hall referred to a book relating to the District which she had at home and which she would be happy to present to the Library. The President General said if the Library had not a copy of “The Nation’s Capital,” that really exquisite book written by Ambassador Bryce, and read before the Committee of One Hundred on the Future Development of Washington, D. C., she, as a member of the Committee of One Hundred would take great pleasure in presenting a copy to the Library. Mrs. Bassett presented the book of the families Durand, Whalley, Barnes, Yale
with the compliments of Francis Bailey Hewitt. The Librarian General expressed her appreciation of all these donations.

The President General read the following message from the chairman of the Genealogical Research Department:

"Will be in New York 26th to 28th, Washington 29 en route to Florida. Records coming splendidly and most enthusiastic over them but rather keep report until later.—Anna B. YATES."

Report of Historian General then read by Mrs. Bassett.


Madam President General, Members of National Board of Management.

In planning the development and extension of the Department of the Historian General entrusted for a brief time to me, I have given my best thought to its meaning and to its scope. It must be and offer an avenue or channel by which and through which the real will and purposes of the National body may be made effectual. As an Historical Department it must be so organized as to be in touch with past and present opinion, responsive to the currents of feeling, "that run this way and that and are recorded on the swiftly turned pages of daily life." It isn't the office nor the officer that counts in our great organization, it's the function and service that count! We try to express and conserve some fraction of the tremendous sum of life. "We grasp its import, now in one direction, now in another." When told it all goes into the make-up of that book we call History.

In presenting my report today including as it does the proposed avenues of work opening up to us by co-operation with the U. S. Government in its departments of War and Navy, I am presenting the first of a series of constructive measures by which our National Society will show again that it knows how to serve the whole country. The best reply to a question as to the worth of a department is the service it performs and the number whom it benefits. In the organization of our National Committee of Historical Research and Preservation of Revolutionary Records, we have written barely the first chapter head line, but it is the beginning of our reply. Generally speaking the Historian General's Department in all its branches is meant to be in the interest of all Daughters friendly to all not hostile but to be serviceable.

As the duly elected representative delegate of the N. S., D. A. R. to the American Historical Association meeting held in Charleston, S. C., December 29, 1913, I wish to report that many ties bind me to that beautiful city, beautiful in its age and in its modernization. I was fully conscious of a land of courtesies, a country where a stranger is only an excuse for special attentions. The local Daughters paid me every kindness, and it was a rare privilege to be in so delightful a place. The Association had a very large attendance and its programme marked a departure out of the boundaries of what I had called the study of my neighbor.

The programme provided with finest speakers gave entertainment of the highest order, while a visit to Fort Sumter, sightseeing in the quaint old place, driving, dining, took all my time, save one evening devoted to a visit to the Public Library.

I was fortunate enough to secure the promise from one of the gifted Daughters of Charleston to write for the Historian General's Department a story of Old Charleston. In the public Library upon asking to see the choicest treasures there, I was shown and had the pleasure of copying myself some of the oldest marriage bonds in South Carolina. These will be placed in the Historical Research & Preservation of Records Committee files, when completed by me.

I am convinced by the results daily showing in my correspondence with historians of chapters throughout the country that no work has been so refreshingly real and vital to the chapters as this search for and copying of old records for our National Committee, and nothing has been more encouraging to me as your National Officer in charge of this department of our Society's work than to feel the closer bonds between the chapters and the office of the Historian General which has been brought about by this vital work together.

We are beginning to realize better now and listen more intelligently to the oft-repeated call to the Superintendent of Public Schools that the study of history should begin with the history of the pupil's own state and locality and not with that of ancient Greece or Rome, as is often the case. History to us grows into something vital when we see its relations to the surroundings of our daily lives, and many are the choice bits of a forgotten Past which our Daughters are bringing to light through the National Committee of Preservation of Revolutionary Records.

It is a great honor to me to present to the Librarian General of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, a book of the families Durand, Whalley, Barnes, Yale; compiled and presented by Francis Bailey Hewitt.

Mary C. Bassett, Historian General.

Mrs. Sternberg made the request that Miss Solomons, who is painting the portrait of Miss Desha, be permitted to borrow Miss Desha's medal—now in Museum. Moved, therefore, by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg.
and carried, that Miss Solomons's request be granted to borrow for a few days Miss Desha's medal now in museum, to use in painting Miss Desha's portrait.

The statement having been made by Mrs. Lockwood that, desiring to be free from further responsibility in the matter, she had returned the Darwin papers to Mr. Darwin, the following motion was made by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Guernsey, and carried: I ask that my report as Historian General be accepted excluding that portion dealing with the Darwin papers. I ask it on the sole ground and with the express understanding that these papers are not in possession of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

The report of the Corresponding Secretary General was then read by Mrs. Burrows:

**Report of Corresponding Secretary General.**

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

During the month of December, 1913, 367 letters were received by this office and 372 written. The following supplies were mailed to chapters and individuals:

- Application blanks .................... 3730
- Transfer Cards ........................ 346
- Officers Lists ........................... 300
- Leaflets on "How to Become a Member" ...................... 291
- Miniature blanks ........................ 286

Fifteen letters were written to the Congressmen representing the State of Michigan in reference to securing through their courtesy copies of the D. A. R. Report to the Smithsonian Institution. Acknowledgments were received from ten of the fifteen written to. Five copies of the Report have been received and the promise of at least four more, as a result of the letters. Respectfully submitted,

FRANCES D. BURROWS,
Corresponding Secretary General,
N. S. D. A. R.

Moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Cullop and carried, that the Corresponding Secretary General's report be approved.

Mrs. Burrows referred to a letter received from Mrs. Fred P. Laird, Regent of the Lewis Clark Chapter, Fremont, Nebraska, regarding the project of the Rev. W. Herbert Burk of Valley Forge, Penna., for a Patriots Hall at Valley Forge, and to letters from Miss Overton and Miss Crowell in the matter. On the statement of Mrs. Cook that she had been instructed to say to the National Board that Pennsylvania is to support the project, it was moved by Mrs. Cook seconded by Mrs. Hall and carried, that the project pertaining to the building of a "Patriot's Hall" at Valley Forge as proposed by Rev. W. Herbert Burk be endorsed by the Board of Management.

Mrs. Burrows also read the newspaper announcement of the death of Mr. Charles Boker Godfrey, father of Mrs. L. B. Swormstedt. This had already been brought to the attention of the Board and the Secretary instructed to convey the sympathy of the members.

Mrs. Ransdell asked the Board to authorize the Treasurer General to furnish the amount of money required to arrange the plates properly on the chairs and tables in the banquet hall, as there seemed to be some question as to just who was responsible. Mrs. Bassett requesting that the matter be referred to the Chairman of Banquet Hall Committee, it was moved by Mrs. Ransdell, seconded by Mrs. Minor, and carried, that the matter of correcting plates on furniture in Banquet Hall be left in hands of Chairman of Banquet Hall Committee.

Mrs. Brumbaugh read at the request of the Treasurer General the list of members desiring reinstatement, and on motion of Mrs. Brumbaugh seconded by Mrs. Guernsey, it was carried that the members listed by the Treasurer General be reinstated, as they have complied with all requirements.

Mrs. Brumbaugh presented to the Library a little history of the historic Sullivan Bridge at Valley Forge, for which the Librarian General expressed her gratitude.

The report of the Finance Committee was read by Mrs. Sternberg:

**Report of Finance Committee.**

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management N. S., D. A. R.

The Finance Committee met on January 19th and the following business was transacted after the matters had been thoroughly discussed. The following letter was read to the Committee:

Lincoln, Neb.,
January 13, 1914.

Mrs. George M. Sternberg,
Memorial Continental Hall.

Dear Madam:

I wish to acquaint you with the facts connected with a sum of fifty dollars sent by the Deborah Avery Chapter and accepted by the Treasurer General, Mrs. Lulu Reeve Hoover, in the last week of November, 1910. This sum the Deborah Avery Chapter has endeavored and is still endeavoring to recover.

The money referred to was contributed by twenty-four friends of Miss Mary M. A. Stevens of Lincoln, as a token of affection and for the express purpose of placing her name on the original Roll of Honor. In February of 1911, Mrs. Hoover returned the same sum at the request of the friends of Miss Stevens, who until after the February meeting of the National Board of Management, were ignorant of the fact that the Roll of Honor had been closed at the Continental Congress in 1910, six months before the receipt and acceptance of the fifty dollars by the Treasurer General. In
returning this sum the Treasurer General clearly recognized that it was not a gift, and that in accepting the sum she had incurred an obligation which she could not perform.

During the Continental Congress of 1911, Mrs. C. B. Letton, then delegate from the Deborah Avery Chapter, telegraphed that the National Society would open a new book called a Book of Remembrance, and asked if the friends of Miss Stevens would accept this as a substitute for the original Roll of Honor. The substitution was accepted, and a second time the money was sent to the Treasurer General in the name of the chapter. An inscription was provided by Mrs. Letton before leaving Washington. Now—after the lapse of four years—the chapter learns for the first time of the Vermont Book of Remembrance of which it had no previous knowledge and which it justly refuses to accept as a substitute for that promised in the Continental Congress of 1911. The Deborah Avery Chapter by this time feels that it has no guarantee of future performance, and that it prefers to expend the money for some more certain and lasting memorial, in the city which Miss Stevens loved so well.

We ask for a second recognition of our claim for the return of the money, denying that it is or ever was intended as a gift to the national organization; and we also request that, if necessary, you kindly bring this matter up before the National Board of Management at the February meeting. In the fairness of the National Board of Management we have much confidence.

Since the money has never been expended for the purpose for which it was sent, we wish to recover it in order ourselves to dedicate it to the object for which it was originally contributed. Four years have elapsed, and we hope that the friends of Miss Stevens will not have to wait many years more for their memorial.

Yours very sincerely,
LAURA B. POUND,
Chairman Memorial Committee.

After considerable discussion the following motion was made and carried:

"I move that the $50 in question be returned to the Deborah Avery Chapter of Lincoln, Nebraska, provided they are not willing to have the name inserted in space found to be available in the original Book of Remembrance."

Motion by Mrs. Will C. Barnes;
Seconded by Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.

During the discussion which led up to the above motion Mrs. Richardson, Chairman of Building and Grounds Committee, explained that the matter referred to was all transacted previous to her taking office and that she knew nothing of it until she came into office. She had ascertained from the Treasurer General that the money was in the treasury. The difficulty seems to arise from calling the book the "Vermont Book of Remembrance." At the last Congress the State of Vermont gave the money necessary to purchase the book. Recently the book (which has been in charge of the Building and Grounds Committee) was ordered turned over to the Librarian General by the Board, but she has not yet accepted it as she does not think the best interests of the Society will be served by the transfer to the Library, a request is hereby made that this work may be continued by the Building and Grounds Committee, as the clerk for that Committee is familiar with all the previous correspondence.

Mrs. Randsell made a statement in regard to the finances of the Society in order that the Committee might have an intelligent knowledge of the amount on hand. She also presented the matter of a voucher from the Historian General for printing which had come to her without the proper authorization, both the Chairman and Vice Chairman of Printing Committee being out of town. The Treasurer General asked for advice as she could find no Board ruling to cover it. A motion was made by Mrs. Samuel Spencer, seconded by Mrs. Randsell, and carried:

"That the bill for printing the circulars for the Office of Historian General be returned to the Printing Committee to be accompanied by the authority for ordering this printing and asking for explanation as to number of circulars."

Mrs. Ludlow spoke of an order from the same office (Historian General's) for 10,000 index cards, large size, when 5,000 cards had been ordered but a short time previous, and did not appear to be in use. It was found that there was no receptacle for the cards and as they were not being used she could not conscientiously sign an order for the 10,000. She asked that this Committee sustain her in refusing to purchase these cards which were to cost $27. It was moved, seconded and carried:

"That the Building and Grounds Committee be sustained in its objection to the extra expense of $27 for ten thousand cards for the office of Historian General—which does not seem to be absolutely necessary."

Motion by Mrs. C. R. Davis,
Seconded by Mrs. Olive Powell Randsell.

Mrs. M. E. S. Davis presented the matter of some bonds of the Chicago and Alton Railroad, which the Society holds as an investment, and which to her mind was not a good one. She asked if it would not be better to sell them as they are depreciating in value. The question was fully discussed and the following motion was made and carried:

Motion made by Mrs. C. R. Davis, seconded by Mrs. Samuel Spencer.
Patriotic Education.

Real Daughters' Support $350.00
Office Supplies $310.27

Postage, including stamped envelopes for National Officers, State Regents and Committees $116.73

I recommend that the action of the Finance Committee, as shown by the motions made and carried, be confirmed by the National Board of Management.

Respectfully submitted,

(MRS. GEORGE M.) M. L. STEMNBERG,
Chairman.

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Guernsey, and carried, that report of Finance Committee be accepted.

The fact being brought out that it was not generally understood that the book donated by the Vermont Daughters was equally as handsome as the first Remembrance book and should be called by the same name, it was moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Ames and Mrs. Lockwood and carried, that unless there is some good reason for not doing so that the book presented by the State of Vermont be known as the Second Book of Remembrance of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

The report of the Auditing Committee was read by Mrs. M. E. S. Davis, secretary of that Committee, as follows:

Report of Auditing Committee.

The Auditor for the N. S. D. A. R. submits the following report to the Auditing Committee:

Mrs. George C. Hall, Chairman Auditing Committee, N. S. D. A. R.

Dear Madam:

We have audited the accounts and vouchers of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution for the month of December 1, 1913, and submit our report, including Exhibits and Schedule, as follows:

A. Statement of receipts and disbursements for the month of December 1913.

B. Statement of receipts and disbursements—Permanent fund for the month of December, 1913.

C. Reconciliation of Bank Balances—As at December 31, 1913.

Schedule 1.

Outstanding checks National Metropolitan Bank as at December 31, 1913.

We counted the petty cash funds of the Treasurer General's office and the Business office on January 16, 1914, finding in each instance cash check and vouchers to the entire amount of the funds.

The inventory of stamped envelopes taken January 15, 1914 was found to be short one package (25) Number 8, two-cent envelopes, according to the stamped envelope record reconciled as at the above date.

All moneys received, according to the records by the Business office from the sale of Lineage Books, Directories, etc., had been turned over to the Treasurer General's office.

The Finance book was reconciled with the records of the Treasurer General's office.

Respectfully submitted,

The American Audit Company.

By Otto Leubkert,
Resident Vice President.

The Committee has carefully considered the Auditor's report and recommends that it be received by the Board of Management and placed on file.

They note in the inventory of the stamped envelopes taken January 15, 1914 a shortage of one package (25) of envelopes of Number 8—two-cent—is reported. These envelopes have been accounted for to the committee by the Treasurer General's office, having been found after diligent search of that office, as will appear in the next Auditor's report.

The Treasurer General's report has been received and recommended to be approved by the Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

(MRS.) SOPHIE C. HALL,
Chairman Auditing Committee.

M. E. S. DAVIS,
Secretary to the Committee.

January 21, 1914.

The acceptance of the report of the Auditing Committee was moved by Mrs. Hall, seconded by Mrs. Yardley, and carried.

The President General read the following statement:

Ladies:

I feel it incumbent upon me to record my attitude in the matter of obedience to the laws of this organization. When laws are made by this Board it is the duty of the members to
obey these laws, and in violating the law that an application for the position of clerk in this society shall be presented by the officer who desires to have her engaged, and the clerk herself, to the Committee whose duty it is to present this application to our National Board, or in discharging a clerk who has been engaged as temporary clerk before the time has expired for which she was engaged, and removing her from the work she has been properly engaged to perform by a vote of this Board, you are not only breaking the laws you have yourself made, but you are establishing a precedent that will ruin the discipline of the organization, in that the best class of clerks will not apply for a position where they know that the rules are not upheld, and by the vote of a temporary majority the laws are broken and the term for which they have been engaged may be cut off, notwithstanding that the rule is, that they shall fill the full term of one month when they have been properly engaged for one month.

DAISY ALLEN STORY,

President General N. S. D. A. R.

Mrs. Sternberg referred to a little history of the organization written by Mrs. Ransdell published in a Louisiana paper, which she and other members had read and enjoyed very much, and which she felt might be revised and shortened somewhat and published in the magazine, especially just before Congress when it would be convenient to have to give to seekers after information. It was, therefore, moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Hamilton, and carried, that the request of the Librarian General to have the sketch of the history of the organization of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, written by Mrs. Ransdell, be printed in the Magazine when convenient.

Mrs. Brumbaugh told of the primer gotten up by a member of the Board and moved that we endorse the Revolutionary Reader published by Mrs. Sophie Foster, State Regent of Georgia, and recommend its use wherever such a book may be used. This motion was seconded by Mrs. Ransdell, Mrs. Bassett and Mrs. Mann, and carried.

The President General read from a communication from the Committee of One Hundred to Celebrate One Hundred Years of Peace Between Great Britain and United States requesting her to serve on the Sub Committee on Art and Historic Exhibitions, to which she had replied accepting the appointment as the representative of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

The following letter from Mrs. Mark S. Salisbury, Regent of the Elizabeth Benton Chapter, Kansas City, Mo., was read by the President General:

"My dear Mrs. Story:

Mrs. R. A. Wilson, a member of the Lexington-Lafayette Chapter has asked me to write to you and ask you if you think it the proper thing, to please send Christmas greetings to the soldiers encampment along the Mexican border.

When she brought the matter to my attention I suggested that the Daughters of the American Revolution throughout the United States might get up Christmas boxes and send to the soldiers encamped along the border but Mrs. Wilson did not think we would have time to do this. She suggested we raise money and pay for moving picture show for them, but I told her that would reach a very small per cent. of them—a box with cake, candy, etc., would reach all. Then too, the Daughters of the American Revolution might get up boxes where they would not contribute money for moving picture show."

The President General stated that as it was too late to carry into effect these suggestions, she wrote to the Secretary of War extending on behalf of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, Christmas greetings to the soldiers and received the following letter:

"My dear Mrs. Story:

I cannot tell you how pleased I am at the interest your letter of the 23d evinced on the part of the Daughters of the American Revolution in the welfare of the men of the Army and Navy. The high and patriotic sentiments you express are peculiarly becoming to such an order as you represent. Allow me for the Army to express a very sincere gratitude. I have taken steps to have your message of greetings disseminated throughout the service with as little delay as possible.

Very truly yours,

LINDLEY M. GARRISON,

Secretary of War.

Report of Magazine Committee.

Miss Finch, Chairman of the Magazine Committee reported that she had with her the papers relating to the contract between Mr. F. W. Wilson and the R. R. Bowker Company, and the endorsement by the former Chairman of the Magazine Committee of said contract or agreement, which papers she desired to read to the Board in accordance with the discussion that arose at the last Board meeting, which papers she then read. Miss Finch also reported regarding the great amount of work involved in bringing the subscription list up to date and systematized—the list referred to being the one finally handed over by Mr. Wilson. The Chairman stated that there are many subscriptions on this list that have no date of expiration, many have dates of expiration that are not correct, as she had sent notices to many that their subscription expires on such and such a date, and had received word in reply that their
subscription did not expire on date named, as they had renewed, etc., and had Mr. Wilson's receipt for same. Others replied that they had receipts but had never had a magazine, or, had had just one, or two, or three numbers—as the case might be. The Chairman added that these things were very disconcerting and confusing, as well as requiring much correspondence and detail work, which had of necessity made her very much behind in her correspondence and in the work of bringing the subscription list up to date, and made it impossible to arrive at any accurate idea of where we stand regarding subscribers—the number of subscribers, that is—or the amount of renewals really due. Owing to certain conditions found to exist relating to the magazine the Chairman brought to the Board the following recommendation of the Magazine Committee under date of Jan. 20, 1914: It is moved, seconded and carried that the Chairman of the Magazine Committee go before the National Board and ask that she be authorized to consult the Advisory Board for immediate action in regard to the status of the magazine. Miss Finch also reported that Mr. Wilson had communicated with the Friedman Print in December stating that he would turn over to us the back numbers of the magazine then in his possession for the sum of $50.00, that if we did not take them he would sell them to a junk man for $25.00, and that upon hearing this she had felt that, while the magazines referred to were the property of the National Society, it would cost considerable to endeavor to compel Mr. Wilson to hand them over through legal measures, and also cause much inconvenience in the delay of getting possession of the back numbers, and she had therefore authorized the Friedman Print to say to Mr. Wilson that we would pay him the same amount that he claimed he could get from a junk-man, $25.00, and, that for this $25.00 Mr. Wilson had turned the back numbers over to the Society. The Chairman also reported that up to date the minutes of the previous Magazine Committee had not been handed over to the present Committee, although efforts had been made to get them. The Chairman added that as these minutes were the property of the National Society and should be turned over to Miss Ford, Secretary of the Magazine Committee, she hoped the Board would now take the matter up and have the minutes of the previous Committee turned over to the present one.

Moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Bassett, and carried, that the recommendation presented by the Chairman of Magazine Committee and passed at the Magazine Committee meeting Jan. 20 be sustained by the Board.

It was further moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Mann, and carried, that Mrs. Lacey, secretary of the former Magazine Committee be requested by the National Board to turn over to Miss Ford, secretary of the present Magazine Committee, all minutes and all papers pertaining to that office at once.

Moved by Mrs. Hall, seconded by Mrs. Cook, and carried, that the report of the Chairman of the Magazine Committee be received, also on motion of Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Cook, it was carried that a rising vote be given expressing our appreciation of the services of the Chairman of the Magazine Committee.

The report of the Committee on Readjustment of Clerks' Salaries was then read by Mrs. Ludlow, Vice Chairman of that Committee.

Report of Committee on Readjustment of Clerk's Salaries.

We, your special Committee on the Readjustment of Clerks' Salaries beg leave to submit the following unanimous report:

We have given much time and thought to the business intrusted to us and the recommendations herein made represent the mature, deliberate judgment of your committee and we earnestly ask the approval of the National Board of Management to our solution of the problem.

We recommend:

First: The creation of the following positions or clerkships:

**Treasurer General's Office.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Per Mo.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bookkeeper</td>
<td>$100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assistant bookkeeper</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief Clerk</td>
<td>80.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stenographer (Asst to Chief Clerk)</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stenographers (each)</td>
<td>65.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerks (each)</td>
<td>55.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9 Clerks at a total of $925.00

**Registrar General's Office.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Per Mo.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Genealogist</td>
<td>$ 85.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief Clerk</td>
<td>80.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stenographer</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stenographers (each)</td>
<td>70.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stenographers (each)</td>
<td>65.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerks (each)</td>
<td>60.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerks (each)</td>
<td>55.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

9 Clerks at a total of $600.00

**Librarian General's Office.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Per Mo.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Librarian</td>
<td>$ 80.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genealogical Research Department.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerk</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2 Clerks at a total of $155.00

Report of Committee on Readjustment of Clerk's Salaries.
Historian General's Office.
Per Mo.
1 Compiler of Lineage Books $ 85.00
1 Clerk (Indexer and Proofreader) 75.00
1 Stenographer 65.00
3 Clerks at a total of $225.00

Business Office.
Per Mo.
1 Chief Clerk $100.00
1 Stenographer 75.00
2 Clerks at a total of $175.00

Vice President General's Office.
Per Mo.
1 Chief Clerk $ 75.00
1 Stenographer 65.00
1 55.00
3 Clerks at a total of $195.00

Recording Secretary General's Office.
Per Mo.
1 Official Stenographer $100.00
1 Stenographer 75.00
Certificate Division.
1 Clerk 75.00
3 Clerks at a total of $250.00

Corresponding Secretary General's Office.
Per Mo.
1 Stenographer $ 75.00

A total of 32 clerkships carrying salaries in the sum of $2,310.00 per month.

Second: That the clerkships herein created and designated as "Stenographer" must be filled by a stenographer already in the employ of the Society or by any other clerk now employed by the Society who shall qualify as a Stenographer within one year from the date this ruling goes into effect; provided, that this rule shall not operate to prevent the filling of any vacancy in the force of clerks that may be created by death, dismissal or resignation of one or more clerks—such appointment to be made in accordance with the rules and regulations of the N. S. D. A. R. heretofore or hereafter adopted.

Third: Hereafter, save in the case of clerks employed for a special line of work demanding unusual qualifications, every appointment shall be temporary only, and the clerk so appointed shall receive $30.00 per month for the first month, $50.00 per month for the next three months; and after the four months' probation she may be placed on the permanent roll, upon the approval of the Committee on Building and Grounds, to fill the existing vacancy and shall receive the salary of such clerkship; provided that no clerk be placed on either the temporary or permanent roll, nor any changes made in salaries until such appointment, promotion or change shall have been approved by the Committee on Building and Grounds which Committee shall submit its action to the succeeding meeting of the National Board of Management for confirmation.

Fourth: That when a vacancy occurs in any grade that a clerk of the next lower grade be promoted to fill the vacancy, if capable and qualified to perform the duties of the position to which she is to be promoted.

Fifth: That in the employment of new clerks, all else being equal, preference be given to applicants who may be members of the Society in good standing.

Sixth: That the Chief Clerk in the Business Office shall have direct supervision of all the clerks in the building, in whatever office employed, and she (the Chief Clerk) shall be responsible to the Committee on Building and Grounds, which Committee from time to time, as occasion may require, shall define the duties of her position.

Seventh: That the stenographer in the Business Office shall not only attend to the correspondence of that office but when instructed to do so by the Committee on Building and Grounds shall report the proceedings of any D. A. R. Committee meeting held in Memorial Continental Hall.

Eighth: Upon recommendation of the National Officer in whose office a clerk is employed, such clerk may be suspended until the next meeting of the National Board of Management, which Board shall determine whether or not she is to be dismissed, provided nothing in this ruling shall interfere with the authority of the President General to remove a clerk at any time.

Your committee feels that the Clerkships created herein provides for a rather heavy pay roll when considered in connection with our income, but our recommendation was made with a view to making the salaries paid by the Society conform to those of similar positions under the National government and to the establishment of uniformity of salaries in all offices.

While we have recommended clerkships that will result in the increase of the salaries of some of the present employees, it has only been done with a view to meeting the frequent and repeated requests recently made for increases of salaries by the National Officers on whom great pressure has been brought to bear not only by the clerks themselves but by friends on the outside. By creating these specific clerkships and salaries it will relieve the pressure brought to bear upon National Officers and create a spirit of contentment among the clerks.

We believe this system will promote loyalty
to the Society and greater interest in their work on the part of the clerks, while the promotion provided for will enable the Board to show their appreciation of long and faithful service and efficient work.

Your attention is respectfully invited to the fact that while the total increase of salaries herein provided is $2,120.00 per annum, $1,200.00 of this is necessary to conform to the previous ruling of the Board creating a chief clerkship for the Business Office. The actual salary increase provided is but $820.00 per annum. In our judgment further economy should be provided for by the employment of fewer clerks rather than by the reduction of the salaries of the clerks on the permanent roll.

Respectfully submitted,

Sophie C. Hall,
Chairman.

Drury C. Ludlow,
Eleanor S. W. Howard,
Olive Powell Ransdell.

January 21, 1914.

A motion for the acceptance of the Report of the Committee of Readjustment of Salaries and that the recommendations be taken up seriatim was made by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Lawrence, and carried.

The Treasurer General asked for special authorization to pay the $5.00 for the engraving in the Remembrance Book, and it was therefore moved by Mrs. Yardley, seconded by Mrs. Libbey, and carried, that the Treasurer General be empowered to pay the money to engrave the names on the memory book.

The recommendations contained in the report were taken up and disposed of as follows:

Moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg, and carried, that measure No. 1 recommended by the Re-adjustment of Salaries Committee be approved.

That we accept the third recommendation of the Committee on Revision of Salaries. Moved by Mrs. Hamilton, seconded by Mrs. Minor, and carried.

That the recommendation which relates to the employment of the clerk next in rank when a vacancy occurs, if she is competent and capable to fill the position, be approved. Mrs. Sternberg; Mrs. Hamilton. Carried.

The adoption of No. 5 Recommendation (that in the employment of new clerks, all else being equal, preference be given to applicants who may be members of the Society in good standing). Moved by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Johnson, and carried.

Moved by Mrs. Minor, seconded by Mrs. Ransdell, and carried, that recommendation No. 6 of the Readjustment of Salaries Committee be approved.
Chapter enclosing a letter from Mr. McGillcuddy in which he suggested that since the local chapter did not care to go to the expense of incorporating in order to hold the site, a bill might be introduced transferring the site to the National Society which could then designate the local chapter of Thomaston to care for the property. The question being raised as to the right of the National Society to hold property outside of the District of Columbia, it was moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Yardley, and carried, that the General Knox Chapter of Thomaston, Maine, be authorized to incorporate and hold the place known as "old St. George's site" in Maine.

The President General read the following report from the Chairman of the Transportation Committee:

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT
of the

The Trunk Line Association, embracing the following Railroads; the Baltimore & Ohio; Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg; Central Railroad of New Jersey; Chesapeake & Ohio; Delaware & Hudson; Delaware, Lackawanna & Western; Erie; Lehigh Valley; New York Central Lines; and the West Shore; the New England Passenger Association, with the territory east of New York State; and the Central Passenger Association, which embraces the territory west of Buffalo, N. Y., Pittsburgh, Pa., down to Huntington, W. Va., to including Chicago, Ill., St. Louis, Mo., and north of the Ohio River, including Cincinnati, Ohio; Louisville, Ky.; and Cairo, Ill.; all have agreed to authorize the usual concession of non-transferable, signature, round trip tickets, which do not require viseing, (only validation by Agent of Terminal line in Washington when ready to leave) for two cents per mile. This is a lesser rate than the usual "fare and three-fifths," and does away with all the trouble of depositing tickets, having them "vised, at a charge of twenty-five cents, and then calling for them later."

The South Eastern Association will probably give the same rates, and the South Western Association we hope will.

The Western Association, with territory west of Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis, to and including Denver, Colo., and Cheyenne, Wyo., states that the fares in that territory are mostly based on the two cents per mile rate.

The Trans-Continental Association has not yet decided.

The usual hotel arrangements, also boarding houses, will be made, and given later to all State and Chapter Regents.

ELEANORA G. GOLDSBOROUGH,
(Mrs. Charles B.) Chairman.

Moved by Mrs. Mann, seconded by Mrs. Bassett, that the Chairman on Transportation be thanked for her splendid arrangements. Carried.

The President General read the announcement of the State of New York that the unanimous choice of the state for candidate for the office of Vice President General was Mrs. Joseph S. Wood, and also stated that Mrs. Minor, who was now acting as Vice State Regent had consented to accept the nomination of her state as candidate for Vice President General.

Mrs. Ames announced that the unanimous choice of Illinois was Mrs. George A. Lawrence of Galesburg; Mrs. Yardley, that the unanimous choice of New Jersey was Mrs. William Libbey. Mrs. Bassett announced the candidacy of Mrs. Drayton Bushnell of Iowa for Honorary Vice President General.

The President General presented the request of Mrs. Ammon for the circulation of certain documents to be enclosed with matter going to local chapters from Memorial Continental Hall, stating that Pennsylvania had agreed to pay for the printing. It was moved by Mrs. Cook, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg, and carried, that the President General be authorized to take up the matter of the request of the Chairman of Pennsylvania State Committee on Patriotic Education for the mailing of circulars.

On motion of Mrs. Hall, seconded by Mrs. Johnson, it was carried that a note of appreciation be sent by the Secretary to the Sons of the Revolution of the District of Columbia for their invitation to this Board to attend their "Ladies Night," held on the evening of Jan. 21.

It was further moved that this Board thank Mrs. Spencer for her gracious hospitality on January 21 extended to the Board. Mrs. Hamilton; Mrs. Ransdell. Carried.

Moved by Mrs. Ransdell, seconded by Mrs. Hamilton, and carried, that in addition to the usual Bible reading and prayer that we sing, Daughters of Patriots, or other song at the opening of Board meetings.

The President General asked the endorsement of the following appeal forwarded through Mrs. Baird of the Army & Navy Chapter:


Honorable Henry Breckenridge,
Acting Secretary of War,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your letter of September 30, with all due regard for the Commission of Fine Arts, and so long as you say it appears impracticable to comply with my request, but do not refuse it definitely, I beg further consideration of this matter.
Until the Havana Chapter Daughters of the American Revolution observed the anniversary of that fatal catastrophe which hurled to eternity 266 men, peacefully slumbering on the night of February 15, 1898, in a friendly port, no one had thought to have prayers said at the wreck. Under the auspices of the chapter, four successive years, Bishop Albion Knight said prayers for our countrymen, whose bones were entombed under the blue waters of Havana harbor, until the wreck was uncovered and they were taken to their final resting place in Arlington.

The bronze tablet is hallowed for its connection with the ‘Maine,’ and as the mast will be incorporated in the monument,—no doubt an artistic memorial,—we beg that the tablet shall be re-attached to its rightful place. To separate it from the mast, seems like defacing a tomb or removing a grave stone.

Do not cast aside this evidence of their countrywomen’s remembrance, which like a beacon shone on the mast in tropic sunlight, and dark tempestuous days, while the ill fated wreck was lashed by the waves and shaken by tropical tempests,—there the tablet marked the watery graves of our countrymen,—a living evidence that the ‘Maine’ was not forgotten.

Very sincerely yours,

MARY ELIZABETH SPRINGER,
Regent Havana Chapter Daughters American Revolution.

Moved by Mrs. Barnes, seconded by Mrs. Lawrence, and carried, that the Board give the necessary endorsement asked by the Army & Navy Chapter regarding the placing of the Maine memorial.

The President General presented the communication of a Mr. Thos. T. Fryer, representing the estate owning the painting by the French artist Revey called ‘First in Peace,’ showing the arrival of General George Washington at the Battery, New York, April 23, 1789. Moved by Mrs. Hamilton, seconded by Mrs. Richardson, and carried, that the letter on painting be referred to Art Committee.

The President General referred to a letter received from the Debedeavon Branch of the Association for the Preservation of Virginia Antiquities asking the assistance of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, in their fight to restore the old Court House, in Northampton County, Virginia, the oldest Court House in the United States. Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Johnson, and carried, that the letter from Debedeavon Branch of the Association of Virginia Antiquities asking the assistance of the N. S. D. A. R., in their fight to restore the old court house in Northampton County, Virginia, be referred to Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots.

A newspaper clipping from the New York American referring to the children of a South-western school whose teacher wrote to Secretary Lane that they had never seen an American flag, and the statement that the American would undertake to provide these children with one, was brought to the attention of the Board by the President General. The Secretary was requested to ascertain the state in which this school was located and refer the matter to the State Regent of that State.

The President General read extracts from a letter from Mrs. Draper, Chairman of the Committee of the Descendants of Signers to cooperate with the War and Navy Departments, in regard to some discoveries made by her among the papers in the Departments, and on motion of Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Brumbaugh, it was carried, to lay the matter contained in communication from Mrs. Draper on the table.

The following letter from the president of the National Congress of Mothers and Parent-Teacher Associations was read by the President General:

My dear Mrs. Story:

Your letter consenting to be a member of the International Committee for the Third International Congress on Child Welfare is at hand.

The duty which we shall ask of you is simply to interest as many of your friends as possible in this important Congress and to secure their co-operation whenever possible in making it a success.

I am sorry that the Congress comes at the same time that the Daughters of the American Revolution meet. The Board, in fixing the date, considered the annual convention of the D. A. R. and felt that it had always been held during the week of April 17. It was our intention to have it the week following your convention. We cannot change as your invitations to foreign countries were sent out over a year ago and have in many cases been accepted.

I wish to extend an official invitation to the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution to attend this convention, and to you I extend an invitation to speak at one of our meetings. Our Congress continues until the 27th, so that I hope you may be able to do this. If you could spare us ten minutes the opening evening for a greeting, we should be glad to have it.

We are having splendid co-operation from many of the chapters. This I feel is an important move for all of us.

Very cordially yours,

(Mrs. F.) H. K. Schoff,
President.
Story; the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Henry L. Mann; Vice Presidents General, Mrs. John C. Ames, Mrs. George S. Shackelford, Mrs. William Libbey, and Mrs. Charles F. Johnson; Chaplain General, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood; Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. Julius C. Burrows; Registrar General, Mrs. Gaius M. Brumbaugh; Treasurer General, Mrs. Joseph E. Ransdell; Historian General, Mrs. Charles Wesley Bassett; Librarian General, Mrs. George M. Sternberg. State Regents; Mrs. George C. Hall, Delaware; Mrs. Charles W. Richardson, District of Columbia; Mrs. George A. Lawrence, Illinois; Mrs. George T. Guernsey, Kansas; Mrs. Robert G. Hogan, Maryland; Mrs. Charles B. Yariley, New Jersey; Mrs. Willard E. Augsburg, New York; Mrs. Kent Hamilton, Ohio; Mrs. J. F. Maupin, Virginia. State Vice Regents; Mrs. Will C. Barnes, Arizona; Mrs. George Maynard Minor, Connecticut; Mrs. Woodbury Pulsifer, District of Columbia; Mrs. William A. Cullop, Indiana; Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Frank W. Mondell, Wyoming.

Respectfully submitted,

(MRS. WM. C.) ABBIE WILLIAMS R. BOYLE, Recording Secretary General, N. E. D. A. R.

---

"THE PIONEER MOTHERS OF AMERICA"

BY

H. C. GREEN and MARY WOLCOTT GREEN*

(*Regent Staten Island Chapter D. A. R.)

Three sumptuous octavo volumes; scores of full-page illustrations, all interesting, many rare; handsomely and substantially bound in varying styles.

An interesting and important phase of American history never before adequately presented. The life stories, by pen and picture, of the famous women of Colonial and Revolutionary days. Their great part in founding and building the Republic.

"The sharpest challenge which American women of to-day must meet is that of the women of 1776."—Ida M. Tarbell.

A famous toast at a famous dinner: "Here is to the Pilgrim Mothers. They endured all that the Pilgrim Fathers endured, and they endured the Pilgrim Fathers besides."

A liberal discount for cash, or settlement in convenient monthly payments. Ready for immediate delivery. Returnable if not satisfactory. Express charges prepaid.

Full Particulars and Free Descriptive Brochure on Application.

SEND COUPON

G. P. PUTNAM'S SONS, PUBLISHERS,

2, 4 and 6 West 45th Street, New York