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THE MADONNA OF THE TRAIL. (See page 733.)
Marking of the Herkimer Route

Mrs. Delight Ransom Keller, New York State Chairman Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots.

Flag Day, June 14, 1912, an event which will be forever memorial in the history of New York State. On that day the Daughters of the American Revolution of the Mohawk Valley completed the most important patriotic and historical work ever done in the state, when they unveiled fourteen bronze tablets erected along the forty mile route taken by General Nicholas Herkimer on his famous march to Oriskany August 1777.

Never before has such a unique memorial service been held as when the people gathered all along the valley on that day to commemorate the brave deeds of this little band of patriots, who turned the tide of battle against the British and made our Nation possible.

Hundreds of the descendants of these Oriskany heroes were present to participate in the ceremonies of the day and repeat the tales told by their hardy pioneer ancestors of their fight for liberty and for home. These pioneers had fled from the land of their birth during the time that the religious wars were sweeping over Europe, for their religious faith they had suffered persecution, and to escape sufferings which they could endure no longer these homeless German Palatines, appealed to Queen Anne to send them to her colonies in New York where they might worship in their own religious faith.

Queen Anne after considering a report from her “Lords” in trade who vouched for the good character of these Palatines, and “humbly proposed” that they be sent to settle upon the Hudson and Mohawk rivers in the province of New York where they “may be useful in the production of naval stores and as a frontier against the French and their Indians,” all of which the Queen was “graciously pleased to order.”

For a time small bands of Palatines continued to arrive from England that they might find refuge under the English Government. They were granted the privileges, “To stand as a frontier
against the French, to be exposed to their Indians while slaving for the government in the production of Naval stores. So while the white man had occasionally traveled through the Mohawk Valley during the 17th century it was not until the first of the 18th century that we find these persecuted Germans making the first permanent settlement in the Mohawk Valley.

These men came to America that they might enjoy religious freedom, establish their families and secure land for their children. They were willing to endure toil and privations and after years of hardships the valley was filled with the homes of these sturdy German farmers.

For the protection of their government the English had purposely granted to these Palatines the district toward the head of the valley, that they might serve as a "human wall" against the invasion of the French and their Indians. And when the colonies were fighting for their freedom, it was the descendants of these Palatines, who still held that strong wall before their beloved homes and struck the death blow to England's cherished plan of crushing out the rebellious element of the valley. In 1777 England determined upon a plan to subdue New York and cut New England from the middle colonies, Burgoyne was to fight his way to Albany by way of Lake Champlain, St. Ledger by the way of St. Lawrence river to Oswego, sweep down the Mohawk Valley, subdue the rebels, and "stimulate an uprising of the tories" and cooperate with Burgoyne, Howe was to come up the Hudson and join the victorious forces.

When Nicholas Herkimer, Brigadier General of Tryon County Militia, was notified of the intended invasion, he in July 1777, issued a proclamation that "2,000 Christians and savages had assembled at Oswego for a descent upon the Mohawk Valley," and warning the people to be ready at a moment's notice to take the field in fighting order. The men from sixteen to sixty for active service, the aged and infirm to defend the women and children at points where they might gather for safety."
the war painted savages rang with the rifle bullet from a thousand unexpected coverts. Spears and hatchets fell upon the patriots. The brave band was cut in two and scattered. Appalled by the suddenness of the attack confusion prevailed in the ranks.

Roberts says, “in the ravine and just west of it Herkimer rallied those who stood with him. Back to back, shoulder to shoulder, they fought the foe. Where shelter could be had they stood together. Often the fight grew close and the knife or club ended the personal contest eye to eye, hand to hand. This was a fight of men, nerve and muscle was the price of life, rifle and knife, spear and tomahawk were the only weapons.”

The British had chosen their grounds two to one against the band which stood in that pass forever glorious.

Early in the battle Herkimer had been wounded by a ball which shattered his leg, and his horse was shot from under him. He directed his saddle to be placed under a beach tree and supporting himself upon it, he lighted his pipe and calmly directed the battle. He was urged to retire but said, “I will face the enemy;” after the battle which left Herkimer master of the field and victorious in the hard fought battle of Oriskany he was taken to his home where he died ten days later.

The importance of this battle has never been fully recognized in History. The situation was most discouraging. Gen. Washington had been driven from the state, Gen. Howe held New York, Long Island and the lower Hudson and the victorious advance of Burgoyne and St. Ledger threatening to overwhelm everything before it. The patriots became despondent, the people of the town took heart, but when the word came that St. Ledger was upon them they were filled with rage and the sturdy farmers from the fields met the enemy and the victory of Oriskany proved to the world that they were a match for the trained British soldiers. This victory encouraged the colonists and checked disloyalty to the American cause.

All honor to these men who in the darkest hour in the history of the Revolution stood firm when looking death in the face and fought until the valley was flowing with the blood of those who gave their lives for the victory.

It was to these heroes that the great tribute of gratitude was paid by the people, not only of the Mohawk Valley but throughout the whole state on Flag Day and the “Patriotic Demonstration”, extending along the forty miles was worthy of the event “Commemorated” and so to the D. A. R. and all who had worked with them in their long cherished plan, came the joy of realization at the close of that glorious day, when the fourteen tablets along the route had been dedicated to these heroes.
The bronze tablets are each set in a large granite marker. On each one is shown a map prepared by Pierrepont White of Utica, N. Y., showing the route, the Mohawk River, trials and historic spots. Below the map is a brief inscription telling the story of the four days' march.

Flag Day, June 14, dawned bright and beautiful, patriotism filled the air, Old Glory is everywhere. There was a scene of unusual interest at the Hotel Richmond, Little Falls, where the Sons and Daughters throughout the state had gathered to begin the pilgrimage in memory of General Herkimer, the "Hero of the Mohawk Valley."

Promptly at 8:30 A. M., the start was made by Mayor Frank Shall with Mrs. Delight E. R. Keller, state chairman of the Committee on Historic Spots, Mrs. Frances Roberts, honorary chairman, and Mrs. Charlotte Pitcher, vice-chairman, occupying the first automobile, followed by the bugler and Boy Scouts acting as advanced guards to the automobile cavalcade. Following in automobiles came the National and State officials of the D. A. R., invited guests from patriotic societies, Mohawk Valley Regents with their speaker and chapter members, visiting Daughters and citizens filling out the parade.

It was with a spirit of awe and reverence that the people gathered at the "shrine of patriotism", the Herkimer Homestead at Danube, for the inaugural ceremonies of the day. They stood within the shadow of the granite shaft that marks his grave, surrounded the home from which he went to meet his death, and the united voices of the Germans and Americans singing praises to God for freedom, floated into the room where General Herkimer lay as his life blood was ebbing away, reading from his German Bible to his household gathered about him.

The assemblage was called to order by the State chairman and assisted by Lieutenant Governor Thomas Conway, opened the dedicatory exercises and the program of the day.

Because of the German descent of Herkimer, and the deep interest taken by the German American Alliance Society in perpetuating his life work, it was fitting that they should erect the first marker which, standing in the northeast corner of the yard and facing the house, tells the story of his start to Oriskany.

The great crowd of German citizens who came by special train, auto and carriages, was filled with patriotic enthusiasm proclaiming the great love they had for "our country" and that they like the Germans of 1777—should the enemy appear—would stand like a "strong stone wall."

After the singing of the male chorus of the united Mannaechors of Herkimer and Oneida counties. Dr. Theodore Sutor, president of the German American Alliance, at the close of his address expressed in behalf of the state Germans, their appreciation of the privilege given them by the Daughters to show through this memorial bronze and stone their veneration for one of the greatest heroes of the American Revolution.

The marker placed by the German American Alliance of New York State bears this inscription:

"From this point Gen. Nicholas Herchheimer, known as Gen. Herkimer, started Aug. 3, 1777, to take command of the men assembled in answer to his call to fight in the defence of the Mohawk Valley."

After the unveiling the Utica Alliance placed a wreath of maple leaves upon the marker.

Having concluded the exercises at the Homestead the assemblage proceeded along the private road leading to the main road where a marker had been erected to the "Men from the Nearby Settlements."

Throughout Tryon County had sounded the command, "to arms men, the enemy are upon you". Fathers brought their sons from the fields and responded to the call, husbands took their wives and little children to this gathering place and then sent them down to the old home until the battle was won. Here they met their leader and marched on, some to death, others to return from a glorious victory. At the conclusion of the exercises Mrs. William Cumming Story gave a brief address.

A marker was placed by Caughnawaga
Chapter, Fonda; St. Johnsville Chapter, St. Johnsville; Henderson Chapter, Jordanville, with the following inscription:

"To the memory of the men who passed along this route, and fought with Gen. Nicholas Herkimer, on the battlefield of Oriskany, August 6, 1777."

Gen. Herkimer and the men from the nearby settlements proceeding on their way passed the place of his birth. Again the flag decked automobile halted to do honor to our beloved hero. Here whose ancestor, Abraham Swaitwert, was an officer at Ft. Stanwix and whose blue military coat was used to make the first American Flag that ever floated over a battlefield. Mr. Dennison wore the identical Master's Jewel which was worn by Sir William Johnson, Baronet, when Nicholas Herkimer received the Masonic degree, Thursday, April 7, 1768.

The Col. John W. Vrooman Camp of Spanish War Veterans acting as guard of honor at the marker assisted at the unveiling.

The marker placed by Col. William the Masons of New York State had gathered to pay a tribute of love to a member of their order. Col. John Vrooman, Past Grand Master of New York, and a direct descendant of Delia Herkimer, and Col. Peter Bellinger directed the program, he was assisted by Marshall Franklin W. Christman Herkimer Lodge, who carried the same sword used by Gen. Herkimer at the battle of Oriskany. Impressive was the reading of the 38th Psalm from the same old Bible used by General Herkimer just before his death.

An address was given by Alfred D. Dennison, Master of St. Patrick's Lodge, No. 4, F. & A. M., of Johnstown, N. Y., Feeter Chapter of Little Falls, bears the following inscription:

"Here was born Nicholas Herkimer, Eldest Son of Johan Jost Herchheimer. He became a General in the Revolutionary War and the Hero of Oriskany. The town and county of Herkimer were named in his honor."

Reaching Fort Herkimer at 11:25, the procession was greeted by the school children waving flags and singing America, and music by the band. Near this spot stood the old fort which was built by the Herkimer family. Near the old fort stood three stone buildings where the inhabitants would flee for protection from the invasion of the French and In-
It was the scene of many a conflict. The old stone church, which stood within the stockade, built in 1701, is still standing and of great interest to tourists. It is on the site of the first log church built in 1756.

A marker was placed by the Astenroghan Chapter of Little Falls, the inscription being:

"Near this spot was the site of Ft. Herkimer built in 1756 around the stone house of Johan Jost Herchheimer, father of General Nicholas Herkimer. Here Nicholas passed his boyhood and here he rested when returning wounded from the battle of Oriskany."

Nowhere along the route were the Daughters received with more enthusiasm than at the site of old Ft. Dayton. The village of Herkimer was in patriotic attire and all residents embraced the occasion to honor the memory of the Tryon County hero. Main street was a mass of flags, people, and automobiles, again the children’s greeting rang out in hearty welcome. The marker is placed west of the court house. To the right were grouped the village school children. To the left the Honorary Guard of Col. John W. Vrooman Camp, Spanish War Veterans, and behind the marker the Boy Scouts. Ft. Dayton was built in 1776 by Col. Elias Dayton for a refuge for the inhabitants from the Tories and Indians. In 1781 it was enlarged and became an important fort.

The marker placed by the Gen. Nicholas Herkimer and Kayahoora Chapters read as follows:

"At Ft. Dayton, near this site on Aug. 4th, 1777, Gen. Nicholas Herkimer took command of the Tryon County Militia, and began the eventful march which terminated in the Battle of Oriskany."

Colonel Herkimer had followed the road on the south side of the river until west of Ft. Herkimer, then forded the river on his way to Ft. Dayton on the north side. Early in the morning of the 4th he and his men and 400 oxcarts loaded with supplies slowly made their way through the dense forest over roads whose marshy bottom were filled with corduroy, making from 10 to 12 miles a day on these marches. The little army column was from 2 to 2 1/2 miles in length. Reaching a point west of Starrings creek, the first encampment was made.

The marker placed by the Mohawk Valley Chapter, Ilion, on the state road two miles from Deerfield, bears this inscription:

"Gen. Herkimer camped near this spot on the night of August 4, 1777. With him were 800 men and 400 oxcarts, filled with supplies for the relief of Ft. Stanwix."

In the early morning continuing on his march Herkimer came to the turn in the road opposite Old Ft. Schuyler. He knew that the better road on the north side lead direct to Ft. Stanwix but would require the oxcarts to be taken across the river in batteaux, to avoid the danger of facing the enemy; although the progress would be much slower, he directed his men to cross to the south side of the river to the rude Indian trail. Tradition says, "That a part of his men continued on the north side until near the present site of Marcy and then crossed the river and joined Herkimer."

A marker was placed by Col. Marinus Willett Chapter of Frankfort, the inscription reading:

"At this point on Aug. 5, 1777, Gen. Herkimer with the greater part of his men and wagon train turned southerly to ford the Mohawk."

The City of Utica gave a splendid welcome to the Daughters and their guests. When the automobile parade halted at the bridge, as far as the eye could see Genesee street was occupied by flags, decorated autos, and people. The first marker erected in the city is at the overhead crossing at Baggs Square and points out the fording place of the Mohawk by the Patriots. The Boy Scouts with a platoon of police as custodians. The ceremonies were opened by Mayor Frank Baker. He said that "It is fitting that the women, without whom there is no home, no country, no future, should be the ones to make and commemorate this historic event. After the unveiling he read a letter from Pierrepont White,
which reviewed the history of the march. From this site Fort Schuyler can be seen. A marker, placed here by Oneida Chapter, Utica, has the following inscription: "Fifteen thousand feet east of this spot was the great Ford protected in 1758 by the erection of old Fort Schuyler. General Herkimer used this ford August 5, 1777, on his march to the relief of Fort Stanwix."

At the sound of the bugle the parade quickly formed and passed down Main Street to the site of Old Fort Schuyler. On the embankment directly across from the marker, three thousand children were massed each with an American flag.

"The site of old Fort Schuyler, which though abandoned, at times sheltered the wounded General Herkimer during the night of Aug. 6, 1777, on his return journey after the battle of Oriskany."

At the close of the children's exercises the original tally-ho coach (over 100 years old) used by Capt. Lafayette Ames during the Civil War, was waiting to convey us to the Hotel Utica for luncheon.

The Committee on Historic Spots was invited to enter the coach and with a platoon of police and Boy Scouts as guard of honor, were taken to the Hotel Utica for luncheon.

HERKIMER HOMESTEAD.

It was the most beautiful of the triumphal march of Flag Day. The children sang the "Star Spangled Banner" and waving their flags made it a scene of beauty.

The Superintendent of Schools said "The years will come and go, the youth here will grow up and pass away but the marker you (children) have unveiled will remain as your link in the history of memory woven today by the series of markers unveiled along the Herkimer route."

The marker placed by the school children of Utica read as follows:

After luncheon the bugler sounded the call and again the autos were in line and soon reached Whitesboro Street on the Globe office lawn, where the Chamber of Commerce, "as a token of their civic pride, patriotism and veneration for the heroic General and his little army who passed by this spot 135 years ago, deem it an honor to place this marker, the inscription of which is as follows: "General Herkimer marched by this spot on his way to Fort Stanwix on Aug. 5, 1777. He was brought back wounded over the same road on the evening of the following day.\"
A beautiful tribute of love and honor was the presence of six Civil War veterans who stood at the back of the marker during the ceremonies. Standing back of the veterans was a company of Boy Scouts.

From Whitesboro Street to Spriggs Park where the "Boosters" marker is located, the members traveled in the Capt. Lafayette Ames coach. It was here that the army passed over a rude trail, little more than a rude path, passable for men but slow progress for the oxcarts. This trail dated back before the Revolutionary period.

The marker placed by the Boosters Club, Utica, bears this inscription:

"On Aug. 5, 1777, leading his army of men and oxcarts, Gen. Herkimer toiled past this spot. The present Whitesboro Street was then the only road south of the Mohawk river leading to Fort Stanwix.

After a hard day's march Herkimer and his men reached their final encampment. Different locations are pointed out as the exact encampment but when we consider that it was not a march of trained soldiers over broad roads but men fresh from the fields untrained in the arts of war and his column extending over two miles in length, all may be true. Research proves that which is now Whitesboro Green is the site of the encampment of the rear guard.

Here was a marker placed by the Ft. Schuyler Chapter, Sons of the Revolution, which read as follows: "On Aug. 5, 1777, the night before the battle, the rear guard of Gen. Herkimer's army encamped in the dense forecast which then covered this green highway."

At the west end of Oriskany Bluff we find encamped the advance guard of the army. It was from here that Herkimer planned his final march. Here he waited for the signal from Ft. Stanwix of the three guns. Here it was that he yielded to the demands of his men and gave the command "March on."

The Oneida Chapter of Utica, placed a marker inscribed as follows:

"Near this spot on the night of Aug. 5, 1777, General Herkimer at the head of his column made his final camp before the battle of Oriskany. From this point his envoys were dispatched to Ft. Stanwix."

Here on the sacred ground of the Battle of Oriskany the final stop was made. The honor of placing this marker was given to the societies who were organized to perpetuate the memory of the Battle of Oriskany, the Oriskany Chapter, of Oriskany, and the Sons of Oriskany, New York State. The inscription is as follows:

"Near this spot stood the beech tree, which during the Battle of Oriskany on Aug. 6, 1777, sheltered the wounded General Herkimer while he gave orders that made Saratoga possible and decided the fate of the nation."

At every marker historical addresses were given, but the most impressive ceremonies occurred at the Battlefield. Mr. Samuel Cambell and Peter Flint of the Sons of Oriskany directed the program. Lieut. Gov. Thomas F. Conway gave a brilliant address.

Mrs. Laura Meyers presented to the Sons of Oriskany a gavel carved from the wood taken from one of the logs which formed the corduroy road over which Herkimer marched.

Mrs. Charlotte Pitcher, vice State Chairman of Committee on Historic Spots, and Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, then State regent of the District of Columbia, gave brief addresses.

In nearly all instances the tablets were unveiled by descendants of John Jost Herkimer, father of General Herkimer.

At sunset Mrs. Keller closed the program which began at 9 o'clock A.M. and continued over the forty-mile route. After which the flag used at the centennial of the Battle of Oriskany was unfurled and saluted. The rest of the assemblage closed the ceremonies of the day by singing "Star Spangled Banner."
The Dress of Our Forefathers

Virginia Berkley Bowie, Historian of the Washington-Custis Chapter, Baltimore, Md.

In recalling the past, only its great events seem to stand out of the picture. We are apt to regard it as a time of stirring deeds in which life moved swiftly and whole-heartedly, with a romance which we find entirely lacking in the present. A little analysis, however, will show us, on the contrary, that the lives of our foremothers were filled with very much the same every-day detail which occupies our own,—tasks about the house, provision made for the family larder, a little happy junketing, shopping, and by no means least, the fashions, and the planning of a summer or a winter wardrobe. It is a little difficult to realize, and yet incontestably true, that a hundred and forty years ago, many lovely Mothers of the Revolution were probably far more interested in the mode of their new lutestring,s than in whether Benjamin Franklin or Thomas Jefferson would be called upon to write the Declaration of Independence!

The silhouette of today would probably have shocked our foremother to the point of swooning. In fact, it is almost the direct opposite of the one she must have presented herself,—though if she lived to be quite matronly, she must have seen some even more thrilling outlines when the new high-waisted Greek and Roman effects began to come in about the time of Napoleon. We can guess how she must have disapproved. At all events, she probably had her lutestring draped over a vast hoop, as we learn on good authority that just before the Revolution, “the ladies’ petticoats are now blown up into a huge concave,” and that over this, when they went to parties, they usually wore heavy, trailing gowns of the stiffest brocade which dragged behind them for yards, while their heads were overweighted by charming but decidedly towering plumes. When we unite to this bit of knowledge the fact that their gallant cavaliers had their coat-skirts stiffened with buckram, their dress-swords dangling between their knees, and their breeches of red plush or black satin so tight that they fitted without a wrinkle, we begin to see why they had to confine themselves to minuets and contra-dances, and why there were no bunnyhugs or tangos at that particular time. It is easy to imagine the disastrous results of the turkey trot under such unfavorable conditions.

There is a curious inventory still extant which shows the wardrobe a gentleman in the early colonizing times thought necessary to order before removing to the Provinces of Maryland or Virginia. The details read rather quaintly to those of us who are accustomed to assist in packing our brothers’ outing shirts and dinner coats and tennis clothes before starting them off on their summer vacation. “One dozen points, 1 suit of canvas, a Monmouth cap, 1 waste-coat, 3 falling bands, 3 shirts, 1 suite of frieze, 1 suit of cloth, 4 paire shoes, 3 paire Irish stockings, and 1 paire of garters,” and rather more startling, “1 Armor complete, light, a long peece, a sword, a belt, and a Bandelier.” Good Heavens, suppose we had to pack a suit of armor in Brother John’s top tray every time he went to Canada for a month!

Wigs were very popular in those early times; and while we are told that Queen Elizabeth had eighty fine varieties, Mary Queen of Scots is reported to have changed the color of her hair every time she decked herself out in a new dress, so they’d match—which must have been a great convenience, but a little confusing to people who had only met her once. While our ancestors plainly couldn’t afford such luxury as this, most of them had a fair assortment; though if you were very poor, you wore your wig to church on Sundays, and went as nature intended you the rest of the week.

The desire for fine clothes ran to such an extent among the colonists as to pro-
voke the disapproval of the Province Fathers, and cause the enactment of sumptuary laws, one of which directed that a man, if unmarried, should be taxed in accordance with the kind of clothes he wore to church on Sundays; and if married, according to his wife's apparel, and perhaps his own as well. This must have made many a pretty how-de-do, but further particulars are wanting. In Maryland, a statute proposed that people should only be allowed to wear two kinds of clothes, one for summer and one for winter; but this was going a little too far, and was never enacted.

Our nice grave young George Washington was most particular about the fashionableness of his attire, and in 1756, he wrote a long order to London in which he was especially careful to specify “1 fashionable gold-laced hat,” to be cocked, I believe, by “His Majesty's own hatter.” Later on, when he was a well-established husband of some years, we find him ordering rich coats and waistcoats for himself, and for Martha, a salmon tabby velvet, fine flowered lawn aprons, white callimanco shoes, perfumed powder, puckered petticoats, (whatever they were—they sound rather awful), and black velvet riding masks. Master Custis was to be fitted out with two hair bags and a whole piece of ribbon, and the servants were provided with fifty ells of osnaberg cloth.

One rather attractive side light on history we find in the postscript to a grave business letter on matters of state which George Mason once wrote to Washington. He says, “P. S. I shall take it as a particular favor if you'll be kind enough to get me two pairs of gold snaps made at Williamsburg for my little girls. They are small rings with a joint in them, to wear in the ears instead of earrings—also a pair of toupee tongs.” I think it's rather nice, don’t you, to imagine the Father of his Country suspending business and going out to buy a pair of curling tongs for George Mason’s little girls?

And on the very day of the Declaration of Independence, under the date July 4th, 1776, we find in Jefferson's private note-book the item, entered in his own hand, “For seven pairs of woman's gloves, twenty shillings.” Now what do you think of that?

State Conferences
Massachusetts

The fall conference of the Massachusetts State Society Daughters of the American Revolution was held in King’s Chapel, Boston, October 31, and was well attended, the roll-call showing 210 accredited delegates and alternates representing more than 70 chapters. There was deep interest in having as a guest of honor our President General Mrs. William Cumming Story and her arrival in the middle of the forenoon was a pleasant feature of the proceedings as she was escorted to the place of honor beside the State regent. The high old fashioned pulpit desk showed decorations of the American flag and the insignia of the Society.

The State regent, Mrs. George O. Jenkins, presided and called upon the State chaplain Mrs. Charles W. Sprague to open the devotional exercises. Mrs. Charles G. Chick vice-State regent extended cordial greetings to delegates and members which were responded to by Mrs. N. U. Appleton. An impressive memorial tribute to Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks, wife of the former vice-president of the United States was given by Mrs. Charles H. Bond, vice-president general of the National Society who spoke regarding Mrs. Fairbanks, her work, her influence, and her interesting personality.

Mrs. Charles H. Masury of Danvers, honorary State regent of Massachusetts, spoke very feelingly of her deep love and admiration for Mrs. Fairbanks. Minutes of the last State conference were read by Mrs. J. Frank Hodge, recording secretary, after which Mrs. Charles G. Goss, State regent of New Hampshire,
was introduced and extended cordial greetings from her State. Miss Blair, former Librarian General of the National Society spoke regarding that department of the organization. Mrs. Milton P. Higgins, of Worcester, chairman of the Massachusetts committee on the Welfare of Women and Children reported her work. Mrs. Willard T. Block of Chicago, originator of the "Penny-a-Day" project for raising among the D. A. R. funds to cancel the debt on Memorial Continental Hall spoke of this plan and urged cooperation. Mrs. Daniel Lathrop, of Concord, who has been active in promoting the Society of the Children of the American Revolution, gave an address on the work of the junior organization. A report upon the Massachusetts room in Continental Hall was given by Mrs. James G. Dunning of Springfield. Miss Florence G. Finch, of New York, chairman of the committee on publishing the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, spoke regarding that work. At the conclusion of the morning session Mrs. Story, Mrs. Bond, Mrs. Jenkins and other State officers were guests at a luncheon given at Hotel Bellevue by Mrs. George W. Pfeifer, of Allston, parliamentarian of the Massachusetts Society. An organ recital by Mrs. Lawrence A. Sprague, organist of St. Marks church in Brookline, opened the afternoon session, and America was sung by the assembly.

Mrs. Story as President-General gave a résumé of the place the Society is taking for the advancement of the peace movement and spoke of the favorable conditions she had found in a journey just taken through the middle West where she had visited many chapters all of which are doing splendid work.

There were greetings by Mrs. Grenville C. Frissell, State regent of Florida, and Mrs. Franklin Winter, of Wisconsin. Miss Ada Whitemore, of Brockton, rendered a violin solo and Mrs. Lester M. Bartlett sung "Barbara Frietchie," both of which were well received.

The chief address was by Mrs. Edwin D. Mead on "Common Fallacies about War and Peace." Mrs. Charles H. Bond entertained the delegates at a reception at her home in honor of Mrs. Story which was largely attended from 4.30 to 6.30. A banquet at the Vendome in the evening was attended by two hundred members and guests and was a fitting close to an inspiring and uplifting day.

Saturday morning, November 1, the closing session of the conference was held at the Society headquarters, 9 Ashburton Place. Money was appropriated to carve the word Massachusetts in the pillar of the Massachusetts Society in the portico of Continental Memorial Hall at Washington. Mrs. James G. Dunning, of Springfield, National chairman of Patriotic Education, reported the needs of the International College at Springfield and it was voted to ask each chapter in the State to contribute twenty-five cents per capita for this object. The session closed at 12.30 with a salute to the Flag.—Mrs. L. A. Cook, historian.

West Virginia

In response to the invitation of John Hart Chapter, the eighth annual conference of the West Virginia D. A. R. met at Elkins, October 7th and 8th.

Mrs. William Haines Smith, State regent, presided at the meetings. Mrs. George DeBolt, former State regent, acted as recording secretary.

Nine of the fifteen chapters of the State were represented and reports of chapter and National committee work were made showing a healthy interest and growth.
Under the direction of Mrs. Blain Taylor, regent of the hostess Chapter, ample plans for the social entertainment of the delegates as well as the business sessions were made and successfully carried out, including an automobile ride through the historic Tygart's Valley.—(Mrs. George) Mary M. DeBolt, recording secretary.

Work of the Chapters

Orange Mountain Chapter, (Orange, N. J.)—Our chapter has held monthly meetings at homes of members from October to May inclusive. Early in the season we purchased books of National Songs and the singing of a different one of these at every meeting has been a pleasing feature and has helped to keep the old songs alive. Another feature has been the exhibits—old china, pewter, antiques, etc., but more important than these have been the addresses to which we have listened on subjects of local or national importance.

Baskets made by the boys in the manual training class were sold early in the season. Last year the chapter paid the salary of the teacher and the work showed excellent training.

The annual church service was held in February commemorative of the birth of Washington at the Calvary Methodist Church, East Orange, when the pastor Rev. Dr. Fred Clare Baldwin made the address.

The April meeting was observed as Regents’ Day and the program was in charge of Mrs. James S. Holmes. The National song written by Henry Van Dyke was sung. We listened with pleasure to the words of Mrs. Libbey, Vice-President General and to Mrs. Charles B. Yardley, N. J. State regent, who congratulated our regent, it being her wedding anniversary. The address of the afternoon was made by Rev. Dr. J. Herman Randall of the Mt. Morris Baptist Church, N. Y. City, whose subject was—“The True Spirit of Patriotism.” Among the chapters represented were Nova Caesarea, of Newark, Montclair, Boudinot, Essex, Orange Daughters of the Revolution, Colonial Dames and The Mayflowers Society.

We have contributed $10 to the Boys’ Club and $5 to the Girls’ Club of Orange, both organizations composed of those who are worthy and in need of help. As in past years Orange Mountain Chapter gave the $5 gold prize to the pupil in the 8th grammar grade of the Orange schools who attained the highest mark in a competitive examination in United States history, the presentation being made at the closing exercises in June. It gave again the $5 gold prize to the pupil in the Orange High School having the highest record for the year in United States history.—Clara Veedor Kynor, historian.

Sarah Bradlee Fulton Chapter, (Medford, Mass.)—My last report was to the end of December. Since then we have held regular monthly meetings up to July. Each evening a short but interesting program was given and special attention was also given the social side of the entertainment.

We have contributed to the usual worthy causes brought to our notice; we were well represented at the Continental Congress and had a most excellent report of its doings given by our delegate at the May meeting.

We are receiving new members and our interest in local and general patriotic work does not flag.

In June we lent our energy and support and the outdoor entertainment given by the Visiting Nurse Association and the Royal House Ass’n on the grounds owned by the last named. This is now a well established yearly fete popular with our citizens and a great part of the success of the affair is due to the able and loyal work done in the spirit of love by the Daughters of our chapter for these worthy causes.—Eliza M. Gill, corresponding secretary.

Gen. Ebenezer Learned Chapter, (Oxford, Mass.)—The chapter held its annual meeting at the home of Mrs. Mary C. Phillips of Auburn, May 12,1913.
Reports of officers were read and accepted, and officers for the ensuing year elected as follows: regent, Miss Mary E. Lamprey; vice-regent, Mrs. Mary D. Stone; recording secretary, Miss Clara W. Phillips; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Lulu R. Fletcher; registrar, Mrs. Mary A. Clark; treasurer, Mrs. Emma A. Craig; historian and librarian, Mrs. Evelyn E. Perry; chaplain, Miss Georgianna M. Wheelock.

Mrs. Clara A. Fuller who had most faithfully and acceptably served as regent during the six years of its existence, and by her tact and fidelity contributed so largely to its prosperity, now declined re-election, and Miss Mary E. Lamprey was unanimously chosen to succeed her.

The chapter has passed a harmonious and successful year, holding monthly meetings generally at the homes of the members, where papers on local and genealogical subjects were read, followed by music and refreshments. We had one family night, when the friends and families of members were guests.

The chapter has been called to mourn the loss of two of its most valued and useful members, Mrs. May Willis Joslin and Mrs. Viola M. Shepherdson.

The memory of these members, so different, yet both so loyal and earnest, and of such marked individuality, will long be cherished by all who had the pleasure of knowing them.

Though this is called an Oxford chapter, it includes members from the adjoining towns of Leicester, Webster, Sutton and Auburn.

Fifty-seven revolutionary graves in the towns of Oxford and Auburn are marked.

On June 5, 1912, the chapter celebrated its fifth anniversary at the Congregational Church in Oxford.

An organization such as ours naturally appeals most to the middle-aged and elderly, still we have a few young members, and his year can record the first wedding—that of Miss Mary E. Craig, of Rochdale, and Mr. Nathaniel Bowditch, of Chicago.—Evelyn E. Perry, historian.

**Bradford Chapter, (Canton, Pa.)**—During the year 1912-13 Bradford Chapter has held nine regular meetings, with an average attendance of thirty-one members, one special meeting, April 30, for reports of delegates to Continental Congress, and a social meeting, January 6, celebrated the one hundred and fortieth anniversary of the wedding of George Washington and Martha Custis. This meeting was a brilliant social affair, at which about one hundred and fifty people were present including members of Bradford chapter, their husbands, and out of town guests.

Four new members have been verified during the year. There have been no deaths or resignations. One of our members Miss Jeanette Landon has been honored by appointment on two National Committees.

We have received as a gift from one of our members, Mrs. Charles Parsons, a fine engraving of George Washington, which will be placed, with our charter, on the walls of our new Public Library.

We have given two prizes of $5.00 each, to pupils excelling in the study of United States history; $25.00 to the Children's Home Society, of Pennsylvania; and $25.00 for the debt on Continental Memorial Hall.

On Flag Day we placed D. A. R. markers on the graves of the Revolutionary soldiers buried in Glenwood Cemetery, Troy. During the services the war records of these men were read: Laban Landon, Seth Adams, Elisha Rich, John Wibbur, Solomon Morse, Caleb Williams, Jabez Baldwin, Thomas Merritt, Eli Parsons, and William Furman.

We have placed in our library the following books: "The Honor Roll of Litchfield County, Connecticut," Haverly's "Bradford County Pioneer and Patriot Families," and a complete set of the "Smithsonian Reports." We have now all of the Lineage Books that have been published except four that are out of print.

We were represented at Continental Congress by our regent, Mrs. L. T. McFadden and our chaplain Mrs. Emeline Leavitt, the latter having the honor of being the oldest Daughter in Pennsylvania, and as such she received many compliments.
We have continued the study of Revolutionary history, polishing up our patriotism by recounting the many brave deeds of our ancestors. At the May meeting all but three of our officers were re-elected.—ZEEDIE INGOLDSBY TAYLOR, retiring secretary.

Old South Chapter, (Boston, Mass.), held eight meetings during the season 1912-1913, two of which were devoted entirely to business, and one to the celebration of the chapter's sixteenth birthday. Five meetings were of a musical and literary order, and were preceded by a business hour, and followed by tea and social greetings.

The chapter continues to hold its regular meetings at Chipman Hall, Tremont Temple.

Early in the year it was voted to extend the membership limit from 225 to 250. A special program was arranged by the regent, Mrs. Frank B. Endicott, for the birthday anniversary meeting, which included some very fine musical renditions and other interesting numbers. Refreshments were served and every one was presented with a dainty and appropriate souvenir.

Among the papers read before the chapter during the season were the following: "Gen. Wm. Hull" written by his grandson, James Freeman Clarke; "Old and New Boston," by Rev. C. L. D. Younken; "How Time Was Kept When We Lived Under a King," by Mr. John Albree, and "Historical and Veteran Trees," by Mrs. Henrietta Frost.

Many of the chapter members attended the "historical outings" at Hingham and at Danvers, where there are many points of interest; and a large number also enjoyed a "May Day luncheon" at Riverbank Court, Cambridge, and a basket picnic at Annisquam.

The chapter was represented by delegates and members at three regular and two special State Conferences which were held in Springfield, Worcester and Boston; and at the last Continental Congress by three delegates and sixteen alternates. Graphic and interesting reports were given by the delegates to Continental Congress at the May meeting.

Towards the furnishing of the Massa-chusetts Room, in Continental Hall, our chapter has given, in addition to other gifts, a very beautiful crystal chandelier, also a generous contribution for a rug for that room.

Fifty dollars was donated to the Martha Berry School, Rome, Ga., for a scholarship. The chapter has now paid for the education of three boys in this institution and will make its next donation for the education of a girl.

Our chapter is much interested in and has assisted in various ways its auxiliary, "The Sanctuary of Freedom Society," C. A. R. It certainly seems most fitting that the Daughters of the American Revolution should look well to the patriotic education of their children and keep ever before them the highest ideals of loyalty to their Flag and devotion to their country.

The Old South Chapter is in hearty sympathy with all lines of patriotic work and is much interested in the varied activities of the sister chapters.

In memoriam we record the following names: Mrs. Abbie M. Munroe, Mrs. Susanna L. Hyder, Mrs. Elizabeth Everett Rand, and Miss Rhoda E. Ferry.—(Mrs. Frederic A.) ELIZABETH PAINE WILLIAMS, historian.

Toledo Chapter, (Toledo, O.)—This year has been an epoch in this part of the country, and the occasion—the Centennial of Perry's Victory on Lake Erie—was improved by the Toledo Chapter for patriotic education. Our saying, "We stand for Toledo and her best interests," leads us to seize such moments as they occur to press home our national motto, "For Home and Country," and to emphasize some reasons for it.

At the call of Perry Centennial Committee, last October, our chapter was represented by Mrs. John N. Willys, Mrs. Helen W. Dimick and Mrs. Elizabeth Scott, who promised for the chapter enthusiastic support. At a later meeting Mrs. W. H. H. Smith, regent, was made chairman of a sub-committee to arrange two rooms at the Art Museum in the period of 1812. This suggestion came from the Toledo Chapter and resulted in the furnishing of two rooms, "a keeping-room" corresponding to the living-
room of to-day, and a kitchen. Under
the supervision of Mr. Almon Whiting,
curator, furniture, china, hand-made
utensils for the kitchen were collected
by members of the three chapters. The
Perry collection at the Museum of por-
traits and old prints was most remark-
able. Mr. Whiting writes that the two
rooms of 1812 formed a very interesting
feature of the Exhibit, and thanked the
Toledo Chapter for taking the initiative.
They hereby return thanks to the direc-
tors, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Stevens
and Mr. Whiting for so enthusiastically
carrying out our ideas. The little hand-
made fire-carrier told its story of pioneer
days, also the candle-moulds, the old
lanterns, and the "settle" with rockers,
with a rail in front of one end where the
baby could safely lie, while the mother
peeled potatoes or knit comfortably
seated in the other end of the settle, oc-
casionally rocking herself and the baby
if she chose. A sampler, a silhouette,
and a miniature of a Revolutionary hero
were among the appropriate decorations
of the keeping-room; every article was
in daily use a hundred years ago.

In January we arranged one of our
evenings with the gentlemen represented
in our chapter. Finding our program
quite too good for a small affair, it was
given at the Museum as a reception by
Toledo Chapter to other chapters and
all patriotic societies and members of the
Museum. The regent, Mrs. Smith with
Mr. Smith and Gen. and Mrs. J. Kent
Hamilton, State regent, received in the
beautiful central gallery, walled and pil-
lared in marble. Mr. William S.
Walbridge as chairman gave a short
address, introducing Judge John H.
Doyle, who repeated for us his address before the Ohio Society in New
York. "The Hundred Years of Peace."
Mr. George Stevens outlined what the
Museum intended to accomplish to aid
the Perry celebration. A sea-song "The
Rising of the Storm," by Paul Dunbar,
the music by David Stanley Smith was
sung with great success by Mr. Harry
Turvey, Mr. Herbert Sprague at the
piano. Other songs by Miss Elise Bar-
er, Mrs. Meagley at the piano, and the
"Star Spangled Banner" closed the pro-
gram.

During the year our historian has
given 13 lectures in our public school
halls on early Colonial history with les-
sions in patriotism illustrated by excel-

MUSKINGUM CHAPTER, (Zanesville,
Ohio.)—The inspiration resulting from
the Centennial Celebration of the Found-
ing of Columbus is yet abroad amongst
Ohioans.

Zanesville's connection therewith con-
sisted in its having been the temporary
capital of Ohio when an act was passed,
February 14, 1812, locating the present
one. Five of our members attended a
luncheon given by the Columbus Chap-

ter commemorating the same. By invita-
tion Muskingum County's citizens took
part in this demonstration, officially and
as guests; also sent some fifty articles to
the loan exhibit.

The year 1912-3, may be classed as en-
couraging in our history, notwithstand-
ing it closed during the depression suc-
ceeding March floods. Waters took a file
of American Monthlies we had filled out
in the John McIntyre Public Library.
Our subscriptions to this magazine in-
creased from two to eleven.

Washington's Birthday was observed
with a church concert for charitable pur-
poses. The newsboys of the city were
our guests.

Since 1904, an attractive Year-Book
has been issued annually. Last year's
programs touched in a general way the
lines of modern progressive thought and
nowaday's press discussion: topics of
vital public interest.

A section of the "Ocean to Ocean
Highway," the "Highway of Hope," is
the Main street of Zanesville.

A playground established by the Fed-
eration of Clubs of our city met with co-
operation from our organization, which
contributed $75, towards purchasing
suitable apparatus.

We donated $25 to the District Nurse
fund, and $23.60 for the benefit of local
flood sufferers.

Mrs. Fulton entertained our members
and guests at a social mid-winter meeting, when the program rendered honored, primarily, Sarah Zane-McIntyre-Young, wife of Zanesville's "Pioneer Patron."

Mrs. Fulton read the principal paper touching this couple. Mrs. McIntyre was the daughter of Ebenezer Zane, defender of Fort Henry (Wheeling, W. Va.), 1777, and a well educated frontiersman. His sister, Elizabeth, became a famous heroine, carrying powder.

Sarah's character-inheritance showed forth, 1789, in her marrying a handsome, itinerant, Crispin lover of thirty, at sixteen, in spite of opposition. As an aftermath the mother resorted to the use of her slipper over the shoulders of the young bride.

Ebenezer Zane's name is inseparably connected with the well-known "Zane Trace." For their assistance he gave his brother Jonathan and son-in-law, John McIntyre, a tract of land one mile square, located at the Falls of the Muskingum.

In time the latter became sole proprietor, and purchased much land adjoining, all within the city's corporate limits.

His helpmeet ferried up the Muskingum in dug-outs lashed together to join her husband.

His large estate became a trust to found a "poor school," represented in a Children's Home and the liberal income willed his widow largely built two of Zanesville's churches credited to Rev. David Young, whom she married in 1816.

Mrs. McIntyre was a notable housekeeper, accomplished cook, genial hostess, graceful dancer, model minister's wife, equal to any emergency, universally loved and respected. In these days of Woman's Rights she would not have been relegated to obscurity.

Laboring under the disadvantages of pioneer life, the McIntyres were obliged to shelter strangers. They entertained Louis Philippe, when a refugee. So impressed was he with the personality and surroundings of Mrs. McIntyre that after he became king of France he inquired after the lady who entertained him so royally in the forest of America.

It is said the wearer was never seen not attired in the sort of headdress shown in the accompanying picture. On this account it was retained as part of her burial attire, at the age of eighty-one.—Mary Josephine Roe, historian.

William French Chapter, (Bellows Falls, Vt.)—In October the chapter dedicated a marker consisting of a bronze tablet on a large granite boulder quarried 25 years ago. It rests upon solid rock at the junction of Bellows Falls and Rockingham road to Upper Meadows, and near the Rutland railroad. Wheeler's band rendered appropriate selections, the Invocation was read by Rev. A. C. Wilson, rector of Immanuel church.

The address of welcome was delivered by the regent of the chapter, Mrs. H. W. Mitchell, a descendant of one of the Deerfield captives. The unveiling ceremony was performed by Gertrude Nims Bolles, a Deerfield descendant and Lawrence Leonard, dressed in colonial attire, and Daniel F. Ryder as standard bearer in Boy Scout uniform. The State regent Mrs. J. A. DeBoer read the dedicatory address, after which Elizabeth Titus Mitchell placed a wreath of Deerfield laurel on the marker. The young people taking part were children of chapter members.

The address of the day was delivered by Rev. A. F. Pratt, Ph. D. pastor of the Congregational church, and member of the Massachusetts Society Sons of American Revolution.

The inscription reads:
“At the mouth of the Williams River
A few rods east of the place
Rev. John Williams
A Deerfield Captive
On Sunday, March 5, 1704
Preached the first Protestant Sermon
Delivered in the territory that later
Became the State of Vermont.
Erected by William French Chapter
D. A. R., 1912.”

One meeting was devoted to the children; an excellent Loan exhibit was held; a Chippewa Indian girl entertained with songs and traditions and one afternoon was spent sewing for district nurse work. At other meetings original papers of local history and families were read. Two prizes of $5 and $3 were given to grade scholars for the best historical essays and $10 to help educate a boy.—Mrs. Etta Whitney Howard, historian.

Atlanta Chapter, (Atlanta, Ga.)—was organized with twelve charter members, April 15, 1891, by Mrs. Martha Berrien Duncan and Miss Junia McKinley. It is the oldest and largest in this State and second oldest in the United States. The membership at present is 361, fifty-one of these being life members. The chapter claims the honor of having two of the State officers as members, Mrs. S. W. Foster, State regent, and Mrs. Howard McCall, State corresponding secretary. A beautiful chapter house is owned by our chapter and it is the only one in the country now, though other chapters are working to this end. Craigie House (our chapter house) was opened June 13, 1911, Mrs. Joseph H. Morgan, regent.

While Atlanta Chapter has done some educational work in the form of donations to mountain schools, scholarships, medals, etc., our greatest monumental work in recent years has been building of chapter house. A gavel presented to the chapter by Mrs. E. D. McDowell Wolf has a most interesting history and its value is enhanced because of its having been made from a piece of wood from a tree which grew by the grave of Patrick Henry.

It has been used at the Inauguration of Cleveland, at the first State Conference held in Georgia, by Mrs. Fairbanks as President-General at the Continental Congress in Washington, and by Mrs. McLean on a similar occasion.

It opened the first Conference held in Memorial Continental Hall in Washington, and its strokes opened to the world the Jamestown Exposition. It was recently used by Senator Bacon to announce the election of President Wilson.

Our meetings which are literary and social are held on the fifteenth of each month at Chapter House.

Many delightful gatherings have been held during the year, particularly the celebration of Washington’s birthday at Craigie House, and the chapter’s birthday at the beautiful home of the regent, Mrs. J. O. Wynn, where the gorgeously decorated birthday cake was cut with a distinguished revolutionary sword. Also the garden party at the country home of Governor and Mrs. Slaton (our member) was a most beautiful occasion as well as a remunerative one, enough money being raised to complete payment on the piano for Craigie House.

The amount raised from the Tea Room or “Sign of the Rose Tree,” almost canceled the small debt on Chapter House.

Papers for the Revolutionary Reader have been contributed by several members and a beautiful vocal composition, “Song of the Revolution,” was dedicated to this chapter.

Atlanta Chapter joined with the other D. A. R. of the city in a religious observance of Independence Day at St. Phillips Cathedral. Plans for our Fall work are well under way, our donation has been raised for Oglethorpe Memorial School, and we hope and expect to do larger things and more historical work in the future.—Mrs. Mary Venable T. Womble, historian.

Capt. Job Knapp Chapter, (East Douglas, Mass.)—The chapter is gaining in membership and very interesting meetings are held. Two gifts have been presented during the past year, one being an antique desk supposed to be the property of Capt. Job Knapp, the patron saint of the chapter, and the other an old flint lock musket, known to have seen service in the Revolutionary War. In June, about 40 graves of Revolutionary soldiers in the Douglas cemetery were dec-
orated. An outing was enjoyed by the members in August at Lake Nipinuc park, Mendon. The annual meeting was held May 20th at the home of Mrs. Effie E. Jones and the following officers elected: regent, Mrs. Mary E. Wallis; vice-regent, Mrs. Effie E. Jones; recording secretary, Mrs. Mary E. Pine; corresponding secretary, Miss Augusta B. Prentice; treasurer, Mrs. Julia Kendall; registrar, Mrs. Abbie P. Marsh; historian, Mrs. Inez Whipple Bowers; chaplain, Mrs. Mary Mason, auditor, Mrs. Hannah L. Young. A sale was held at the home of the regent, Mrs. Ella K. Jenckes in November, the proceeds being added to the tablet fund. Several members were guests of the Gen. Rufus Putnam Chapter at Sutton, when the State regent, Mrs. James G. Dunning of Springfield presented its charter.—Inez Whipple Bowers, historian.

Joseph Hedges Chapter, (Emporia, Va.)—This chapter was organized with 23 members on June 14, 1911, and was the crystallization of effort of Mrs. W. Samuel Goodwyn who, as founder and regent, has since outlined and directed every activity and accomplishment.

The auspicious circumstances of our chapter's birth are:—its distinction of organization on the anniversary of the day the National Flag was adopted, and its pledge under that unfurled emblem of Liberty to stand united; its patron saint, Capt. Joseph Hedges, of Virginia, one of those famous Minute-Men whom John Randolph said were "raised in a minute, and marched in a minute and conquered in a minute;" its motto: Honor thy Father and thy Mother, a veritable consecration and dedication; and its staff of officers, and members, rich guaranty of intelligent, well-directed executive efficiency.

Necessarily brief is the recital of our activities. We are offering annually a prize in the Greensville County High School for historical research and preparing for oral instruction, and our monthly study the past year has been confined to the issues which were confronted and heroically met by our Colonies, beginning with Virginia, their proud mother. We have contributed to Mountain Mission causes, to furnishings of the Virginia Room, to the publication of the Chalkley Manuscripts, and to the portrait of Mrs. Harrison. We have copied revolutionary and genealogical records from the First Order Book of Greensville County, dating from March, 1781. We have also issued a year book, created a sinking fund for building our chapter house. Just as our membership had reached 40, we lost by death one of our most lovable members.

While the chapter, named for her paternal grandfather, is manifestly nearest her heart, Mrs. Goodwyn's patriotism has expanded to other hereditary societies of which she is an honored member, notably, the American Clan Gregor, Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America, First Families of Virginia, Colonial Lords of Manors in America, Colonial Dames of Virginia, Americans of Royal Descent, and others. —Lucy Clare Robertson, recording secretary.

King's Mountain Messenger Chapter (Fayetteville, Tenn.) — Two years ago this chapter was organized with Mrs. Eleanor Gillespie as regent. We have twenty-five members and are a patriotic and enthusiastic chapter. On George Washington's birthday we contributed an interesting program to The City High School. We are now arranging to erect a boulder in Camp Blount to commemorate the spot where Jackson mobilized his army during his stay in our city. We have the rare privilege of having a real Son of the Revolution in an adjacent village, Thomas Greer, son of Joseph Greer, "The King's Mountain Messenger." His twin brother died last year. This chapter was represented by our regent who placed upon the bier a wreath with a fitting tribute of tenderness and love. (Mrs. Joe J.)—Mollie Goodrich Jones, historian.
1. Any one is allowed the privilege of sending queries to this department, provided they pertain to the Revolutionary period, or that following. Questions pertaining to the Colonial period must be excluded for want of space; also all queries in regard to the requirements of other societies.

2. Queries will be inserted in the order in which they are received. It will, necessarily, be some months between the sending and printing of a query.

3. Answers or partial answers are earnestly desired; and full credit will be given to the sender of the answer, by the Genealogical Editor. She is not responsible for any statements, however, except for those given over her own signature.

4. Write on one side of the paper only. Special care should be taken to write names and dates plainly.

5. Each separate query must be accompanied by a two-cent stamp. Do not use postal cards, or self-addressed envelopes.

6. All letters to be forwarded to contributors, must be unsealed, and sent in blank, stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and its signature.

7. In answering queries, please give the date of the magazine, the number of the query, and its signature.

8. It is impossible for the Genealogical Editor, as such, to send personal replies to queries. They must take their turn and be answered through the columns of the magazine.

NOTICE.

As the limited space allowed the Genealogical Department will not admit the publishing of the rest of the S. C. Revolutionary Soldiers which had been copied and prepared for publication by the Genealogical Editor, she wishes to announce that anyone desiring to ascertain if a certain man's name is found on her list (which begins with Matthew Abbot and ends with Benjamin Gerrett) can do so by writing her, enclosing a self-addressed stamped envelope, or a self-addressed postal card. A letter of inquiry, not enclosing such postage, will be placed with the queries, and responded to in its turn.

ANSWERS.

2511. WEBB-DAWSON. There was a John Dawson, who served in the Rev. from 1775 to 1781, and was allowed a pension June 1, 1833. He was b Stafford Co. Va. July 1755, and d 1839. He had a dau. Elizabeth; and further information about him can be obtained from 'The Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D. C.' The Dawson Family Records, published by Joel Munsell's Sons, of Albany, N. Y. (Dawson Genealogy, p 323) also gives more information. Mrs. Cordelia Dawson Brattain, Montrose, Colorado.

2512. PURDY. My great, great grandmother was Jemima Purdy of Westchester Co. N. Y., but I do not think she could have been the one mentioned in Ebenezer Purdy's will, as his daughter. She was b Jan. 1, 1765, and m John Noble, a Rev. soldier, and d at Calais, Maine, Jan. 14, 1859, aged 94 yrs. and 13 days, according to her tombstone, still standing. She was the oldest of six children, whose married names, taken in the order of their ages are: Jemima (Purdy) Noble; Mary (Purdy) Sullivan; Eunice (Purdy) Lane; Phoebe (Purdy) Burgess, who by a (2) marriage, became Phoebe (Purdy) Hadley; Sally (Purdy) Hoyt; and a brother, whose given name I do not know. These ch. were made orphans through the death of their father when Jemima was ab. 14 yrs old. E. A. C.

2713 (2) CROWELL—RABURN. While I have never been able to find Rev. service for Edward Crowell, who married Martha Raburn (Rayburn), if 2713 is descended from the son, Samuel, who married Tabitha Bradford, she is entitled to join the D. A. R. as I did, through the Rev. service of John Bradford, whose son, Henry, married Sarah Crowell, dau. of Edward and Martha Crowell. About a year ago, I noticed in Wheeler's History of N. C. that a Samuel Crowell was a major under Gen. Nathaniel Greene. Whether this was the brother or son of Edward, I do not know. Mrs. Wm. F. Robertson, Greenville, S. C.

2813 (4) MAISON—KIRBY. On page 130 of the Sampson Mason Genealogy by A. H. Mason, a Jonathan Mason is given, who probably is the one desired. Jonathan Mason, b Swansea Mass. Apr. 20, 1734 m Aug. 3, 1755 Patience Mason (dau. Charles and Keziah (Miller) Mason) his second cousin. They removed from Swansea to Cumberland, R. I. ab. 1759, and he d there Aug. 18, 1798. Patience d in 1821. Their ch. were: Jonathan, b Swansea, Jan. 3, 1755/6; Keziah, b 1757, m Ezra Tucker; Sarah, b 1760 m—Ward; Nancy, b 1761, m Wm. George; Lydia, b 1762, m Johnson Streeter; Patience, b 1764, m Mr. Pickering and d bef. 1798, leaving a son, Mason Pickering; Hannah,
b 1766, m Wm. Streeter; Molly, b 1770 m Ziba Ballou; Chad, b 1771; Sophia, b 1773, m 1801, Nathan Staples, and in 1833 probably m (2) Ezekiel Staples; George b 1776; Abraham, b 1779; Charles, b 1781, d inf. All the ch. with the exception of the first two, were born in Cumberland. In his will, Probated, Aug. 25, 1798, Jonathan Mason gives each of the ch. then living eighty-four cents; and the balance to his wife, whom he makes his sole executrix. Undoubtedly in copying, the Jan. has been written June, and this is the Jonathan referred to. For further information one must seek the records of Cumberland, R. I. The line is not carried out in the Genealogy. Gen. Ed.

2829 (2) WALKER. The History of Charlestown, N. H. gives practically no more about Matthew Walker than what is given by C. T. S. W. It makes no mention of a son, John, before Dyer; and as there was a second John, he must have died young, if there was one. Dyer was born Dec. 30, 1776. One can therefore, approximate with some degree of certainty the birth and death of Matthew Walker and he surely lived during the Rev. and was of a suitable age to have served.

Mrs. George W. Leaverton, Springfield, Ill. writes that her great grandmother was Nancy Walker; whom Jonathan Holton (Lieut.) in 1793, as his second wife. Lieut. Jonathan Holton was b 1743, and died Nov. 19, 1821. Nancy Walker died May 11, 1803 and Mrs. Leaverton is anxious to know if Nancy was the sister or daughter of Matthew Walker. Jonathan Holton was a soldier in the Rev. and was at the Battle of Bennington Vt. under Gen. Stark, where he was wounded also marched once, if not twice to the defense of Ticonderoga. William Holton, his ancestor, was one of the original proprietors of Hartford, Conn. and later moved to Northampton, Mass., and his descendants went to Charlestown, N. H. It is possible that Nancy may have been the oldest child, and born in Thompson, before Matthew emigrated. This could be ascertained by consulting the town records of Thompson. Gen. Ed.

2853 (3) VELVIN—KILGORE. The Kilgore Genealogy can be found in "Noted North Carolinians" by Ashe. Mrs. J. H. Hardwick, Cleveland, Tenn.

2953 (2) RAY. There was a Wm. Ray of Md. who enlisted Feb. 1776, in Capt. Bett's regiment. He was the son of John and Sarah Ray was b 1732, and in 1790 was still living in Montgomery Co Md. Miss Elma Bay Saul, 3453 Sixteenth St., Washington, D. C.
COCHRAN, THOMAS; Lieut. under Lieut. Col. George Hicks.

COCHRAN, THOMAS; Roebuck's regt.

COCHRAN, WILLIAM; Pickens' brigade.

COCKBURN, JOHN; Pickens' brigade.

COCKBURN, JOHN, Jr.; Capt. J. Dawson's Co.

COCKLEY, ISAAC; Pickens' brigade.

COCKRAIL, JEREMIAH; Capt. Edward Martin's Co. of Col. Winn's regt.

COFFEY, HENRY; Capt., under Maj. Robert Crawford at Hanging Rock; Lieut. Col. Henry Hampton at Blackstock; Capt. Wm. Nesbit, with Green at Camden; was at Sumter's defeat and on Stono expedition.

COFFEY, HENRY (Capt.) (or CAFFEY); lieutenant, etc. See Coffey.

COFFEY, HUGH; under Capt. Henry Coffey of Col. H. Hampton's regt. at Blackstock; Capt. Wm. Nesbit of Col. Fred Kimball's regt. at Camden; also under Lieut. Jno. Kirk, 1782.

COFFEY, JOHN; under Capt. Henry Coffey at Hanging Rock; under Col. Ely Kershaw on Stono expedition. Maj. Crawford certifies "that the enemy broke into his (COFFEY'S) house, carrying off his papers."

COFFEY, NATHAN; Capt. Anderson Thomas during 1778.

COGGIN, WILLIAM; Lieut. Capt. Starke's Co.

COIL, BARNEY; dead at close of Rev. Pickens' brigade.

COIL, JOHN; Capt. John Wilson's Co.; probably killed.

COIL, JOHN; Capt. Shannon's Co. of Col. Winn's regt. under Lieut. John Cameron.

COIL, JOSEPH.

COIL, THOMAS; Sergt. and Lieut. Pickens' brigade.

COILER, MOSES; Brandon's regt.

COKER, NATHAN; Marion.

COKER, THOMAS; Marion's brigade.

COKER, WILLIAM; Marion's brigade.

COLOOCLUGH, ALEXANDER; Capt. at siege of Charleston under Col. R. Richardson; was taken prisoner.

COLOOTE, JOHN.

COLDIN, JOHN; Lieut. Jacob Buxton.

COLDING, SAMUEL; Lieut. Jacob Buxton.

COLE, JAMES; Sergt., Marion's brigade.

COLE, JOHN; Capts. Jos. Pickens' and Wm. Strain of Pickens' brigade.

COLE, RICHARD; forage-master at Georgetown under Col. Lushington.

COLE, THOMAS; Roebuck's regt.

COLEMAN, ABNER; Brandon's regt.


COLEMAN, FRANCIS; Capt. Arramanus Liles' Co.; with Col. Winn at Russell's Ferry and with Col. Bratton at Four-Holes Bridge.

COLEMAN, JACOB; Sergt. Col. Hugh Horry's regt., Marion's brigade.

COLEMAN, JAMES; Marion's brigade.

COLEMAN, ROBERT; Sergt. Capt. Arramanus Liles' Co.; with Col. Taylor at Orangeburg and Col. Hopkins at Forks, at Edisto.

COLEMAN, ROBERT; Brandon's regt.

COLEMAN, WILLIAM; Pickens' brigade.

COLEMAN, WILLIAM, Jr.; Brandon's regt.

COLEMAN, WILLIAM, Sr.; Brandon's regt.

COLER, MOSES; Col. Brandon.

COLEY, JOHN.

COK, JAMES; Capt. Waters' Co., Sumter's brigade.

COLK, WILLIAM; Sergt. Capt. Waters' Co., Sumter's brigade; Col. Waters' regt.

COLLENDS, JOHN; Capt. Waters' Co., Sumter's brigade.

COLLEY, ANDREW; Roebuck's regt.

COLLEY, ANDREW.

COLLEY, JAMES.

COLLEY, JAMES; Sergt. Capt. McConnell, Bratton and Sergt. Hutcherson.

COLLICUT, THOMAS.

COLLIER, JOHN.

COLLINS, DANIEL; Capt. John Moffett's Co. of Col. Bratton's regt.

COLLINS, EDMUND; Marion's brigade.

COLLINS, JOHN; Capt. John Cowan's Co.

COLLINS, JOHN; Capt., Roebuck's regt.; with Pickens on tour to Augusta, prior to fall of Charleston; served as Capt. 350 days after fall of city.

COLLINS, JOSEPH.

COLLINS, LEVEN; Lieut. 1781.

COLLINS, LEWIS; lost mare while under Col. Hammond in 1781.

COLLINS, JONAH; Third Co.; Charleston Battalion of Artillery.

COLLINS, MOSES.


COLLINS, RICHARD; Capt. John Collin's Co. of Roebuck's regt.

COLLINS, ROBERT; Pickens' brigade.

COLLINS, SAMUEL.

COLLINS, WILLIAM; Capt. John Collin's Co.; of Roebuck's regt.; was taken prisoner.


COLTEN, THOMAS; served prior to fall of Charleston.

COLTON, THOMAS; served prior to fall of Charleston.

COLWELL, JAMES; Sergt. Col. Thomson.

COLWELL, JOSEPH; Col. Thomson.

COLWELL, WILLIAM; Capt. Jno. Barry and Samuel Nesbit's Co. of Roebuck's regt.

COMA, NICHOLAS; Waters' regt.

COMBER, DANIEL; Lieut. Brandon's regt.
COMBS, PHILIP; under Col. Winn at Orangeburg and Four-Holes with Maj. John Pearson, at Edisto.

COMMANDER, SAM; Capt. Armstrong and Lieut. Gordon's Co.; of Marion's brigade.

COMMR, JAMES; Quartermaster, Polk regt., Sumter's brigade.

CON, GEORGE; Capt. Robbins.

CONAWAY, JEREMIAH; dead at close of Rev.

CONAWAY, JEREMIAH; alive at close of Rev.; Capt. Anthony Coulter's Co., Roebeck's regt.

CONAWAY, PHILIP; Lieut. Jacob Buxton.

COOKE, BURRELL; Capt. Ross' Co., Sumter's brigade.

COOKE, DANIEL.

COOKE, DRURY.

COOKE, JOHN; Capt. Jacob Folmer's Co., under Lieut. Col. John Lindsay and Col. Waters.


CONNAWAY, WILLIAM; Capt. Ellison, Col. Baxter, Marion.

CONN, THOMAS; Capt. Pearson's Co., Col. Benton's regt.; Adj., Col. Benton's regt.

CONNAL, GEORGE; Capt. Robbins.

CONNAL, JESSE; Capt. Robbins.

CONNAL, WILLIAM; Capt. Ellison, Col. Baxter, Marion.

CONNELLY, PAT; lost horse at Sumter's defeat; also at Briar Creek.

CONNER, ISAAC; Marion's brigade; Lieut.

CONNELL, PAT; lost horse at Sumter's defeat; also at Briar Creek.

CONNOR, HENRY.


COOK, CORNELIUS; Capt. Walker's Co.; probably killed at Sumter's surprise.

COOK, REUBEN.

COOK, REUBEN, Jr.

COOK, ROBERT; before fall of Charleston in commands of Lieut. Col. Ely Kershaw and John Marshall, continuing in the command of the latter during the year 1781.

COOK, ROBERT; (Capt.) Marion's brigade.

COOK, THOMAS; Cols. Brandon's and Roebeck's regt.

COOK, WEST.

COOK, WILLIAM; Sergt. Col. Brandon's regt.

COOK, WILSON.

COOPER, EDWARD.

COOPER, EZEKIEL; Continental service.

COOPER, GEORGE; Lieut. in charge of detail of six men, with four British prisoners, taken by Col. Irwin (at Santee), Aug. 16, 1781.

COOPER, JAMES; Capt. Adams' Co., Laceys regt.

COOPER, JAMES; dead at close of Revolution.

COOPER, JAMES; special quartermaster, appointed by Gov. Rutledge to have charge of stores, etc., at Edisto; served also as private horseman and in foot service.

COOPER, JACOB; Capt. also served as private in Capt. George Neely's Co., under Maj. Adair and Gen. Sumter.

COOPER, JOHN; Roebeck's regt.; lost horse at Sumter's defeat; was under Capt. Pagan, John Mills and Robert Cooper.

COOPER, JOHN; Capt. McBee's Co., Roebeck's regt.; also Capt. Adam's Co., Laceys regt.; also prior to fall of Charleston under Capt. John James and Lieut. Samuel James; under Lieut. Wm. Dick and Col. McDonald.

COOPER, JOHN; Capt., 1779.

COOPER, JOSEPH.
COOPER, PETER.
COOPER, ROBERT; Capt. under Col. Lacey.
COOPER, RICHARD; Commissary to Marion's brigade.
COOPER, SAMUEL; Lieut. Maham's regt.
COOPER, STACEY.
COOPER, SYLVESTER; Quartermaster.
COOPER, WILLIAM; Capt., Mapp and Mc-
Bee's Co., Roebuck's regt.
COOPER, WILLIAM JAMES; captured by British.
COOPER, WILLIAM, Jr.
COOPER, WILLIAM, Sr.
COPELAND, JOHN; Bratton's regt.
COPELAND, JOHN; Pickens' regt.
COPELAND, JOHN; Bratton's regt.
COPPLEY, PATRICK; dead at close of Rev. Widow, Elizabeth.
CORAM, THOMAS; engraver for making money.
CORBETT, BRINKLEY.
CORBETT, DANIEL.
CORBETT, JAMES.
CORBYN, ARTHUR; wagon conductor for Greene's Army.
CORDER, JOHN.
CORK, JOHN.
COSBY, JAMES; Capt. Anderson.
COSBY, ROBERT; wounded.
COSTELLO, JAMES; Continental line.
COTTEY, HENRY; Capt., was at Hanging Rock, under Maj. R. Crawford.
COTTINGHAM, DANIEL; Lieut.
COTTINGHAM, DILL.
COUCH, MILLINGTON.
COUGHAN, ROBERT; Pickens' brigade; dead at close of Rev.
COUGHAN, WILLIAM; Pickens' brigade; Robert Coulter, Capt. John Turner, Col. Lacey.
COULLIETTE, THOMAS; Col. Richardson's regt. of Marion's brigade.
COULTER, ANTHONY; Lieut. 1781; Capt. 1782, Roebuck's regt.; sergeant under Lieut. James Lee at Georgia and Stono; lieutenant in Capt. Jeremiah Dixon's Co.
COULTER, ARCHIBALD; Capt. Turner, Winn's regt.
COUNCIL, WILLIAM.
COUNEY, SAMUEL; Riding express.
COUNTRYMAN, ANDREW.
COUPLIN, ALEXANDER; Roebuck's regt.
COURAIN, LAZARE; Capt. Jos. Bouchillon.
COURSEY, JAMES; Capt., killed; Pickens' brigade.
COURTNEY, JAMES; under Capt. Hugh Bratton; was at Briar Creek.
COURTNEY, ROBERT.
COUSART, ARCHIBALD.
COUSART, NATHAN; Capt. Coffey, Sumter; under William Nesbitt, with Gen. Greene, five days.
COUSART, NATHANIEL.
COUSART, THOMAS.
COUSARY, JAMES; Lieut. John Mac Murray, Maj. Thomas Thompson.
COUSER, JOHN.
COUNSINS, GEORGE; killed; widow, Mary.
COUTS, BENJAMIN; Roebuck's regt.
COUTS, JESSE; Roebuck's regt.
COUTS, JOHN; Roebuck's regt.
COUTS, MILLINGTON; Roebuck's regt.
COUTS, WILLIAM; Roebuck's regt.
COVE, NICHOLAS; Sergt., Col. Waters' regt.
COVENHOVER, BENJAMIN; Sergt., Col. Brandon's regt.
COVENHOVER; Sergt., Brandon's regt.
COVINGTON, JOHN; Pickens' brigade.
COVINGTON, WILLIAM; Lieut., Pickens' brigade; nurses by special direction of Gen. Pickens following men taken with smallpox while in camp before Augusta; Capts. Wm. Freeman and Barclay Martin; Thomas Jones, Jacob Grier (?), Joel Perdue, Jeremiah Wells.
COWAN, JAMES; Capt. John Cowan's Co.
COWAN, JOHN; Capt., served from Sept. 4, 1779, to Feb. 20, 1783, was in Pickens' brigade.
COWAN, THOMAS; Adjutant.
COWARD, WILLIAM.
COWDEN, ROBERT; Lieut., under Capt. Joseph Howe of Sumter's brigade; was at Sumter's defeat, Fishdam and Blackstock. Pickens' brigade.
COWDEY, JEREMIAH; Col. Hopkins' regt.
COWEN, ANDERSON; Pickens' brigade.
COWEN, JOHN; Capt. Norwood's Co.
COWLEY, ROBERT; Col. Hopkins' and Capt. Robbins' Co.
COWLEY, WILLIAM; Col. Brandon.
COX, CHRISTOPHER; Sergt., Col. Leroy Hammond's regt., Pickens' brigade.
COX, JAMES; Third Co., Charleston Battalion of Artillery.
Cox, James; Capt. McGraw’s Co.
Cox, John; Lieut. and Capt., Col. Waters’ regt.
Cox, Josiah.
Cox, Samuel; Lieut. Cochran’s Co.
Cox, William; Col. Leroy Hammond’s regt.
Cutting, George.
Cрафton, Ben; Adjt., upper and lower, ninety-six regts. from Sept. 1, 1778, to June 15, 1780; then taken prisoner by the British and paroled; in confinement part of the time. Gen. Pickens certifies “that Mr. Grafton, as soon as the general exchange took place, again entered the service of the State.”
Craig, George; under Capts. Ragan, Mills and Cooper and Lieut. Gill of Col. Lacey’s regt.
Craig, Henry; Capt. Jos. Howe’s Co., Sumter’s brigade, from June 1, 1780, to Nov. 10, 1780.
Craig, James; Lieut., Col. Henry Hampton; was at Hanging Rock, Blackstock, and Sumter’s defeat under Col. Jos. Howe and probably killed in service; widow, Rhoda.
Craig, James; of Waxhaws; Lieut., was in Capt. Coffey’s Co. at Hanging Rock; with Col. Henry Hampton at Blackstock; also served under Cols. Frederick Kimball and John Marshall.
Craig, James; on duty in Forks of Edisto under Col. Winn.
Craig, John; Capt. Jos. Howe’s Co., Sumter’s brigade, from June 1, 1780, to Nov. 10, 1780.
Craig, James; Capt., Col. Taylor’s regt.; served May and June, 1781; in July, 1781, in the expedition against Monck’s Corner; from Dec. 11, 1781, to Feb. 1, 1782; at Orangeburg during July and August, 1782; at South Edisto; was in service in Charleston in 1779 and was taken prisoner by Maj. Cunningham.
Craig, John; Col. Wm. Bratton’s regt.
Craig, John; dead at close of Rev.; widow, Eleanor.
Craig, John; Capt. John Turner of Col. Winn’s regt.
Craig, John; Sergt., Pickens’ brigade.
Taylor’s regt.; at Monck’s Corner, Orangeburg and Four-Holes.
Craig, Robert; Capt. James Craig’s Co., Taylor’s regt.
Craig, Samuel; dead at close of Rev.; widow, Ann; was at Briar Creek under Col. Neel, where he lost “one great coat, and one pair of saddlebags, one bell and one pair of stockings”; lost a “rifle gun” at Hanging Rock, was in Capt. Howe’s Co. of Col. Bratton’s regt. and probably killed there.
CRAIN, Charles; Putnam and Jolley’s Co., of Brandon’s regt.
Crane, Macfate; Capt. Waters’ Co., Sumter’s brigade.
Crane, Samuel; Col. Brandon.
Crane, William; Col. Brandon; Capt. Waters’ Co., Sumter’s brigade.
Craps, John; killed; S. C. Continental Artillery.
Craps, William; drummer, 2nd regt.
Craton, John; Col. 1779.
Rawford, Alexander; from July, 1780, with Sumter; 1781 with Capt. George Neely’s Co.; 1782 in Lacey’s regt.; lost horse while under Col. Winn.
Rawford, Bellamy; dead at close of Rev.; widow, Susannah; clerk and Quartermaster; also deputy purveyor to Continental hospital.
Crawford, enos.
Crawford, George; Capts. John and Wm. McGaw.
Crawford, Gilbert; wagoner, Col. Brandon’s regt.
Crawford, James; was captured by British while serving under Capt. Knox of Sumter’s brigade.
Crawford, James; Brandon’s regt.
Crawford, James, Sr.; dead at close of Rev.
Crawford, John; Capt., 1776; Maj. Commanding brigade at battle of Hanging Rock.
Crawford, Robert; private, Pickens’ brigade.
Crawford, Robert; Sergt.-Major of Col. Richardson’s regt. at siege of Charleston; Adj. of Marion’s brigade; later Lieut. in Capt. T. Elliott’s Co.
Crawford, Robert; Capt. Jos. Calhoun’s Co., Pickens’ brigade.
Crawford, Thomas; Marion’s brigade.
Crawford, Thomas; 1780 and 1781 with Sumter; was with Marion at battle of Eutaw; prior to fall of Charleston under Lieut. Jas. Crawford.
CRAWFORD, WILLIAM; under Sumter at Fishing Creek and Hanging Rock.

CREECH, RICHARD; Lieut. and Capt.

CREECH, RICHARD; 1779-80, Lieut., and in 1781-82 Capt. under Col. Harden; also in Col. Wm. Davis' regt.

CREECH, SEPHEN.

CREECH, SEPHEN; Harden.

CREECH, WILLIAM; Capt. Wm. Weekly's Co., Col. Garden's regt.; dead at close of Rev.

CREECH, WILLIAM; Col. Harden.

CREIGHTON, ELIZABETH; see Crittenden.

CREIGHTON, JOHN; Pickens' brigade.

CREIGHTON, JOHN; State Quarter-master Gen.; also with Col. Marshall and Col. Kimball.

CREIGHTON, THOMAS; Capt. Ballard's Co.; also in the regiments of Cols. Kershaw, Marshall and Kimball.

CREMER, WILLIAM; enlisted July 21, 1781, for one year; taken prisoner by British Jan. 3, 1782, and confined in prison nine months; served under Capt. Mee of Col. Marshall's regt.; also in Capt. Marshall Jones' Co., same regt.

CRENSHAW, ALLEN; Col. Hopkins' regt.

CRENSHAW, MICAJAH; Col. Kimball's regt.

CRESS, PHILL.; Capt. Martin's Co., Sumter's brigade.

CRESSWELL, HENRY; Lieut. in Capt. John Henderson's Co. under Bratton and Sumter; also served in Capt. Robert Thomson's and Benj. Garrison's Cos.


CRIM, PETER; Capt. Jas. Craig, Col. Taylor.

CRISWELL, SAMUEL.

CRITTENDEN (or CREIGHTINGTON), ELIZABETH; nursed 84 sick and wounded of Gen. Williamson's brigade and British prisoners, from Feb. 17 to Sept. 15, 1779.

CROCKATT, ELIJAH; Capt. George Dunlap's Co. and Capt. Geo. Mee's Co., Sumter's brigade; also under Lieut. Jas. Kennedy of Marion's brigade.

CROFT, ABIAH; (of Camden) Col. Taylor's regt.

CROFT, EDWARD; Capt. Hartridge and Gill; taken prisoner by British and died in prison.


CROFT, ABIAH; Col. Waters' regiment.

CROFT, JACOB; (dead at close of Rev.) Col. Taylor's regiment.

CROFT, ABIAH; Col. Waters' regiment.

CROFT, JACOB; (dead at close of Rev.) Col. Taylor's regiment.

CROFT, ABIAH; Col. Waters' regiment.

CROSS, SAMUEL; Aug., 1781, for 154 days in Capt. J. Gray's Co., and May, 1782, in Capt. Charnel Durham's Co. of Col. Richard Winn's regt.

CROSS, SAMUEL; riding express from Jan. 18, 1779, to May 12, 1780, for Gen. Lincoln and Col. Drayton; sent to Va. May, 1779.

CROSSBY, JAMES; served during the years 1779-81.

CROSSBY, JOHN; 1781-82, 32 days at Orangeburg, in Capt. Amos Davis' Co., Col. Winn's regt.; 42 days at Four-Holes in same Co.

CROSBY, THOMAS; Pickens' brigade.

CROSBY, WILLIAM; Sergt., from 1779 to 1783.

CROSBY, WILLIAM; from Feb., 1779, to July, 1783, in Capt. Wm. Baskin's Co., Pickens' brigade.


CROSSLING, SETH; Col. Hopkins' regt.

CROSS, SAMUEL; Aug., 1781, for 154 days in Capt. J. Gray's Co., and May, 1782, in Capt. Charnel Durham's Co. of Col. Richard Winn's regt.

CROSSTON, JOHN; certifies that he was "present when Hardy Miles enlisted in the service of the State, under Capt. John Moore in March, 1779; that he knows the said Miles to have done duty until the siege of Savannah, when this deponent was taken prisoner."

CROSSLIN, SETH; Nov. 1, 1780, to July 4, under Col. David Hopkins; Aug. 17 to Oct. 12, 1781, in the same command; also from July 8 to Sept. 8, 1782.
CROSSWELL, GILBERT; from May 12, 1780, to May 12, 1781, under Col. John Marshall. (It will be noted that this service covered a period during which it was claimed that no troops were in the field in S. C. to resist the British.—Secretary of State.)

CROUCH, JAMES.

CROUCH, MARY, & CO.; printing during years 1778-79.

CROW, ISAAC; Pickens' brigade.

CROW, JOHN; Pickens' brigade.

CROW, THOMAS; Roebuck's regiment.

CROW, WILLIAM; Pickens' brigade.

CROWDER, JAMES; Capt. Moses Wood's Co., Roebuck's regt.

CROWDER, THOMAS; from July 15, 1780, in Capt. Moses Wood's Co., Roebuck's regt.

CROWLEY, CHARLES; Capt. in the navy of S. C. during 1780-81-82-83; owned schooner "Sally" taken into the service.

CRUISE (CREWS), ISAAC; Roebuck's regt.

CRUISE, JESSE; in the Co. commanded successively by Capts. Joseph Johnston and Fred Womack.

CRUISE, THOMAS; Lieut., Pickens' brigade.

CRUMER, MARTIN; Col. Waters' regt.

CRUMMY, GEORGE; Col. Waters' regt.

CRUMPTON, THOMAS; Capt. Martin's Co., Sumter's brigade.

CUNNINGHAM, ARTHUR; Capt. Jos. Crawford's Co., Col. Brandon's regt.; also served as Lieut. same regt.

CUNNINGHAM, GEORGE; during 1779 with Maj. Ross in Georgia; from July 11, 1780, with Capt. Robert Thompson of Col. Nell, Jr.'s regt.; also under Lieut. Alexander Feris of Col. Lacey's regt.; lost horse at Fishing Creek.

CUNNINGHAM, JAMES; of Camden; probably in the Co. of Capt. Wallace; served as Lieut. under Capts. Anderson and Carithers of Pickens' brigade and Col. Kimball and Marshall of Sumter's.

CUNNINGHAM, JAMES; 1780, under Capt. Robert Thompson (Sumter), Col. Hill; and under Capt. Wm. McCulloch (with the latter on a command to Newbern); 1781 under Capt. Benj. Garrison; 1782 under Lieuts. Joseph Smith and Thomas Henderson; was at Sumter's surprise.

CUNNINGHAM, JOHN; Lieut. commanding Georgia Light Horse, at Patrick Calhoun's, Sept. 27, 1782.

CUNNINGHAM, JOHN; dead at close of the Rev.; widow, Ann; under Col. Bratton of Williamson's brigade prior to fall of Charleston; First Lieut. under Sumter from June 20, 1780, and later promoted to Capt.; in 1781 served as private in Sumter's reorganized brigade on the expedition to Monck's Corner and Orangeburg; was at Fishing Creek with Sumter.

CUNNINGHAM, ROBERT; Sergt., Capt. Martin's Co., Sumter's brigade.

CURLING, THOMAS; 2nd Lieut., State schooner, "Eagle"; piloted French ship "Adventure" and the Master Ship "Bris cote."

CURREY, JACOB; 1779 at Augusta in Capt. Wm. Kirkland's Co. of Col. Goodwyn's regt.; 1781 at Mc Cord's Ferry and Four-Holes in Capt. Jacob Frazer's Co. of Col. Thomas Taylor's regt.

CURREY, JOHN; Pickens' brigade.

CURREY, NICHOLAS; Col. Brandon's regt.

CURREY, ROBERT; Gen. Williamson.

CURREY, THOMAS; during 1778 with Col. Neal in Georgia under Lieut. Barry; 1781 under Capt. John Henderson, with Sumter "when he went down first"; under Lieut. Alexander Feris "at Ferguson's defeat"; 1781 under Capt. Garrison, with Sumter at the Quarter House.

CURREY, JACOB; 1778 at Augusta in Capt. Wm. Kirkland's Co. of Col. Goodwyn's regt.; 1781 at Mc Cord's Ferry and Four-Holes in Capt. Jacob Frazier's Co. of Col. Thomas Taylor's regt.

CURLING, THOMAS; 2nd Lieut., State schooner, "Eagle"; piloted French ship "Adventure" and the Master Ship "Bris cote."

CURITY, JUDY.

CURRIE, JOHN; during 1778 with Col. Neal in Georgia under Lieut. Barry; 1781 under Capt. John Henderson, with Sumter "when he went down first"; under Lieut. Alexander Feris "at Ferguson's defeat"; 1781 under Capt. Garrison, with Sumter at the Quarter House.

CURRY, JACOB; 1778 at Augusta in Capt. Wm. Kirkland's Co. of Col. Goodwyn's regt.; 1781 at Mc Cord's Ferry and Four-Holes in Capt. Jacob Frazier's Co. of Col. Thomas Taylor's regt.

CURRY, JOHN; Pickens' brigade.

CURRY, NICHOLAS; Col. Brandon's regt.

CURRY, PETER; Col. Taylor's regt.

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Message from Mrs. Joseph N. Ransdell

Treasurer General

I am in favor of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, giving careful attention to the organization of the Children of the American Revolution and encouraging its growth in all directions. Its members are destined to fill the places of those now at the helm and it is imperative that they be well trained to fill the important posts awaiting them. They should be encouraged to organize chapters and become familiar with the work of organization; to study American history thoroughly—not alone by the way of text books which is frequently a dry and dusty road, but by historic romances, of which there are many, setting forth historic facts in a way to hold the interest of the Young American mind. I think I am justified in giving entire at the end of this article, the list compiled for our National Committee on Patriotic Education, by the Children's Department at Carnegie Library, Pittsburgh, Pa., of stories to tell in connection with United States History. It contains so much that is helpful for use in the C. A. R. chapters; for schools, and what is also most important, for home use. They are for the most part short stories which "grown-ups" will find satisfying to inquiring minds which seem to demand special attention at bed-time. The list is the result of years of careful research, and the selection has been made with a view to providing entertainment together with instruction.

While mentioning stories of the Revolution, I should like to call attention to the "Revolutionary Reader" soon to be published by the compiler Mrs. Sheppard W. Foster, State regent of Georgia, and dedicated to the Georgia

Photo by Buck, Washington.

Mrs. Joseph N. Ransdell,
Treasurer General.
Daughters. It has been endorsed by well known historians and is filled with valuable information.

Our Genealogical Research work is another important feature and the new Genealogical Bureau will undoubtedly prove to be of great value. It is wonderful how the work has broadened in the last few years. Our beautiful Library is much in demand not only by Daughters but by genealogists and historians. So much is it used that one wonders why it is not larger, why its growth which is steady, should be so slow, but as the debt on Memorial Continental Hall grows smaller, it is probable that the Library will grow larger, and the records of our Revolutionary ancestors will be so complete and voluminous that we shall be the envy of historical societies the world over.

Last but not least in my affections is Patriotic Education. It is most fitting that we establish school and assist those already existing for the benefit of the Mountain children, descendants of the men and women who helped make this mighty Republic; that we teach the foreigner the rights of that citizenship he desires so much, and train his children as we train our own, to love and reverence the Flag and all it signifies.

This I consider one of the very best of the many good works of the National Society and I hope to see it grow and GROW. The list of stories I spoke of before is as follows:

**ANTHONY WAYNE AND STONY POINT.**
In Blaisdell & Ball’s “Hero stories from American history,” p. 77.
In Tappan’s “American hero stories,” p. 173.

**BELINDA** in the Fore Room.
In “Revolutionary stories,” p. 108.

**THE BULB OF THE CRIMSON TULIP.**
In “Revolutionary stories,” j. 58.

**CAPTURE OF FORT WILLIAM.**

**CORNWALLIS’S HUCKLES.**
In “Revolutionary stories,” p. 131.

**THE DARING OF PAUL JONES.**
In Johannot’s “Stories of heroic deeds,” p. 66.
In Morris “Heroes of the navy,” p. 22.

**DAUGHTERS OF THE REVOLUTION.**
In St. Nicholas v. 22 p. 707.

**HOW DOROTHY HANCOCK KEPT OPEN HOUSE.**
In Brook’s “Stories of the Old Bay State,” p. 144.

**HOW GRANDMOTHER MET THE MARQUIS DE LA FAYETTE.**
In “Revolutionary Stories,” p. 157.

**HOW MRS. SHERMAN’S PIG ALMOST UPSET THE GOVERNMENT.**
In Brook’s “Stories of the Old Bay State,” p. 69.

**HOW THE CODFISH CAME TO THE STATE HOUSE.**
In Brook’s “Stories of the Old Bay State,” p. 183.

**JEREMIAH O’BRIEN AND THE HAYMAKERS OF MACHIAS.**
In Morris’ “Heroes of the navy,” p. 9.

**LETITIA AND THE REDCOATS.**
In “Revolutionary stories,” p. 19.

**LIGHT HORSE HARRY.**
In Walton and Brumbaugh’s “Stories of Pennsylvania,” p. 205.

**THE LITTLE LORD OF THE MANOR.**
In “Revolutionary stories,” p. 195.

**MARION, THE SWAMP FOX.**

**NATHAN HALE THE PATRIOT SPY.**
In Blaisdell & Ball’s “Hero stories from American history,” p. 50.
In “Revolutionary stories,” p. 30.

**THE OLD LIBERTY BELL.**

**ONE OF THE DOAN BOYS.**

**PAUL REVERE’S RIDE.**
In Morris’ “Historical tales,” v. 1, p. 155.
“We yearn beyond the sky line where the strange roads go down.”

“Ever, as the advance guard of civilization, march the pioneers, whose eyes look beyond the horizon, whose footsteps are ever turned toward the great unknown. Whether it be as leaders of thought or developers of strange and undeveloped lands, they have been the farflung battle-line of progress. Hearing the call of the unknown, they answered it. Discouraged by no privations, held back by no fears, they opened the road to a greater heritage which all men may share.”

Through the courtesy of the Century Company, the “Madonna of the Prairies,” (see frontispiece) renamed the “Madonna of the Trail,” has been adopted by this Committee as its symbol.

At the front of a canvas covered prairie schooner is seen a mother and child, wrapped in a Paisley shawl; through the halo-like opening the strong arms of the father is seen driving toward the setting sun; a loaf of bread, a tin cup and a rifle finish the picture whose dramatic appeal grips the heart and fires the brain. Mrs. John Van Brunt discovered this picture and gave a colored copy of it to the chairman in January, 1912; its appeal was so strong that Mrs. Milton Welsh asked the Century Co. to give the Committee the right to use it, to further our work. The Century at first offered to sell us the right for $100—but Mrs. Welsh’s second appeal was so filled with patriotism that the rights were given to us in March, 1913.

The following are members of the Good Roads Committee of the House of Representatives to which all bills relating to the road question must be referred. Our bill—H. R. 2864—is before this Committee and will receive attention if the D. A. R. will write to these members, urging the practicality of our road and its historic and scenic value to the nation. Especially do I appeal to the women who are constituents of these members: Dorsey W. Shackleford, Chairman, Mo.; James B. Aswell, La.; J. F. Byrnes, S. C.; F. L. Dershem, Pa.; E. Keating, Colo.; M. W. Shreve, Pa.; J. S. B. Adwell, La.; J. F. Byrnes, S. C.; R. L. Doughton, N. C.; S. F. Pouty, Iowa; C. B. Slemp, Va.; Clyde H. Tavener, Ill.; R. O. Woodruff, Mich.; E. E. Browne, Wis.; J. S. Davenport, Okla.; T. B. Dunn, N. Y.; E. W. Saunders, Va.; H. D. Stephens, Miss.; P. G. Ten Eyck, N. Y. 

Mrs. William Cumming Story, President General, and Miss Florence G. Finch, Chairman, Magazine Committee, visited Missouri Conference at Lexington October 27th; they expressed keen interest in the Trail and were shown the red, white and blue road sign painted on the telephone poles, the Santa Fe Trail monument at Lexington, and heard the report of the National Chairman. After leaving Lexington, Mrs. Story and Miss Finch were in Kansas City and were given a reception at the Hotel Baltimore by the two local chapters and the Old Trails Road Committee.
Three of Missouri's Governors sleep in the cemetery nearby beneath the shade of the chestnut trees.

Dr. Sappington also rests there, and to him Missouri should erect a colossal monument. No man ever did more for his state. He first introduced quinine for the relief of malaria or asthma. He also brought blue grass seed to our fertile soil, and now we are the envy of Kentucky. A box of Sappington's pills was kept in every Grandfather clock in every household and was a cure-all for every malady. He left a bequest of $20,000 to educational purposes, the first man in Missouri to put such an estimate on education; this fund has now grown to $85,000. These are some of the people who made old Arrow Rock and such spirit still pervades the place.

The sentiment of the Arrow Rock people toward this Committee is epitomized in one man's overture: "Before the D. A. R. found us we were forgotten of the world; they have opened the road and the book of life for us."

Letters to the Chairman

Mrs. John A. Ewing.

From Mrs. John A. Ewing, Colorado, Chairman, Denver.

Nov. 3. I have a vice chairman in each of the 17 chapters of Colorado; have urged them to write to Colorado representatives in Washington asking them to vote for the Old Trails Road Bill.

Governor Ammon, Mr. Rutledge, President of the Chamber of Commerce, and Mr. Sommers, President Denver Motor Club have pledged us their hearty support.

I am pleased to number among my vice chairmen Mrs. John Campbell, former Vice President General; Mrs. W. W. Price, President Pioneer Society of Colorado Springs and composer of Colorado State Song. Mrs. Tarbell, Colorado State regent, is much interested in this work and will give me all the aid in her power. She has just returned from a visit to the 17 Colorado chapters, and reports active interest in the Old Trails Road. Mrs. McChesney of Trinidad is the only vice chairman who lives on the Road. Our State Conference will be held in March and I hope to accomplish much at that time.

The Pueblo Good Roads Convention passed a resolution to assist us in painting the D. A. R. Road sign on the telephone poles along the Santa Fe Trail in this state.

From Mrs. Willard Augsbury, State Regent, New York.

"October 7th. In June, I appointed as our State chairman on the National Old Trails Road Committee Mrs. C. F. Hess, regent of the Tuscarora Chapter, Binghamton, N. Y. She is an enthusiastic young woman and will take up any line of work you indicate. I asked the Corresponding Secretary General to send to Mrs. Hess your splendid report of last April.

"Will you please tell me what I can do to assist you further? Your report to our Congress was so fine and so full that I handed it over to my husband and he enjoyed it as much as I.

"Assuring you of my sincere cooperation, etc." 

From Mrs. Isaac Newton Chapman, State Regent, California.

"October 8th. I have appointed Mrs. W. W. Stilson of Los Angeles, formerly California State regent, our chairman on your committee, who will make every effort to accomplish your work in this state.

"I was disappointed in not meeting you in Washington last April. If I were free from some of the other duties now devolving upon me, I should certainly take pleasure in endeavoring to promote the interests of your work. My term of office expires April next; after that time I may be able to assist you."
Mrs. Edward George, Kansas City, is chairman of the Jackson County Committee which is the backbone of the National Committee and experiment station for the National Chairman. There are forty live members in this Committee who

"Attempt the end and never stand to doubt:
Nothing so hard but search will find it out."

The following article on Arrow Rock Tavern should be suggestive to the chairmen in the other Trail states to revive the historic old roadside inns and taverns to make of them social centers for the country-side; Arrow Rock Tavern has become a motor-mecca for Saline and Cooper counties; it is also a museum of local history that "he who motors may read." This idea has been submitted to the acid test: I pass it along with recommendations: this idea was developed fully in my article in April magazine.

* * * * * *

From Mrs. EDWARD GEORGE, Chairman, Jackson County, Mo., Old Trails Road Committee.

ARROW ROCK.

There is a romance in the very name, and to the Indians are we indebted for such euphony of sound. It was a favorite camping ground for them where they recuperated and renewed their supply of arrow points made from a superior flint found there by them.

Could you but see the little hamlet, its wonderful location overlooking the mighty Missouri and surrounding hills, wooded with a growth and variety of trees not excelled, and a wide expanse of most fertile fields, you could understand the enthusiasm and interest of the D. A. R. in their effort to restore Arrow Rock to its original and rightful place in the commercial world as well as the hearts and affections of Missouri’s people.

As early as 1830 it was a place of commercial importance—situated in Central Missouri, on the Santa Fe Trail over which traveled hordes of fortune-seekers to the far West—and a river landing too, when steam boats in great numbers plied up and down the Missouri with valuable cargos of freight, much of which was left at Arrow Rock. Its thrift and business attracted many merchants and many of our best known and influential citizens had their beginning there.

As time went on, that inexorable factor, steam, was to bring about a revolution in the conditions of the country. The railroads came as if by magic, sweeping across the boundless plains, thus diverting the finger of progress to a more direct and swifter route to the goal of fortune, leaving Arrow Rock "in the cold." It soon lapsed into a long Sunday of rest, but not of decay. The Old Trails Road Committee discovered this little town of Arrow Rock on the Santa Fe Trail with its population of 200 souls still hopeful, still eager to be the busy throbbing world, and was the factor in putting it back on the map of the State, in 1911.

The Arrow Rock tavern is a motor-mecca for the surrounding country-side. This tavern was built in 1830 by Judge Joseph Huston, of bricks burned on the place by negro slaves. It accommodated the early day travelers and was a favorite hostelry of Thomas H. Benton, Governor Marmaduke, Governor Jackson and others of note.

Since the Santa Fe Trail has become part of the State Highway in Missouri, motor travel has brought many visitors and has revived the life of this old place: at the suggestion of this Committee the ladies of Arrow Rock have made a museum of local history at this tavern which is open in order that tourists may read Missouri history at a glance. This Committee is furnishing one of the bedrooms with historic furnishings typical of the 1830 period. A 50-yard rag carpet has been made by the Committee for this bedroom.

Another bedroom is already furnished with articles formerly belonging to Governor Claiborne F. Jackson, who was at the helm of Missouri’s state affairs during the troublous times of the civil war.

It was in front of this tavern that the Count election took place and afforded Geo. G. Bingham the subject for one of his famous paintings, "The County Election."
We are expecting many people here in 1915, and opportunities for propaganda are many and varied. I trust the Old Trails Road movement will receive the attention it merits. Assuring you of my desire to assist you in every way possible, etc."


"October 21st. I am an old stage coach myself, and run at regular intervals across the Continent; touching at certain points upon the map as regularly as those old things did! I am an Old Thing myself, but how valuable I am to you or any one else remains to be proven; but command me if I can hold your cause. You have excellent ideas and I hope they can be worked out.

"I want to see your Old Tavern Inn, and in a way I am a judge of such things as I have done nothing else this summer but motor from one to the other of these old taverns and inns in New England."

From MRS. BEN. F. GRAY, St. Louis, Mo., Vice President General.

"October 15th. Again, congratulations! Your open letter in September issue was fine. It should bring help from farmer and congressman, who are becoming better friends to good roads.

"The Madonna of the Trail" expresses much in the untold tale that never may be heard; it is very suggestive. I suggest that the descendants of Pioneer Mothers should write to your department detailed accounts of the remarkable experiences of the pioneer women who helped to blaze the trail."

**DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA**

The constituent members of the Daughters of the American Revolution of the District of Columbia occupy a unique position, different from that of any of the states; being confined to such a small area hampers them in many ways. They have not the wide territory such as states have, from which to gather recruits, and yet the membership has grown steadily, until now it numbers over 1,300 members.

This small area of territory, while a handicap, makes possible frequent gatherings of regents, officers and members, and thus arouses enthusiasm in the various lines of work.

Instead of the usual fall patriotic meeting of the District members, the State regent, Mrs. Charles W. Richardson, conceived the idea of holding a series of five evening meetings at her beautiful house in Connecticut Avenue, the week of October 20th, to bring together the officers and members of the forty-six chapters in groups of 250 each evening.

This idea was carried out. The guests were received by the State regent, assisted by the other State officers. At 8:30 a regular program was given in the large drawing room, decorated with flags, old prints, maps and charts of the early history of the District of Columbia.

"America," "Star Spangled Banner" and the State song "Loyalty" were sung under the leadership of Mrs. Noble N. Potts, chairman of the Music Committee. Mrs. Bertha M. Robbins gave the history of the State song. Devotional exercises by the State chaplain, Mrs. John T. Huddle. The State vice-regent, Mrs. Woodbury Fulsifer, gave an interesting talk on "Harmony." The State secretary, Mrs. Clayton E. Emig read the treasurer's report, in her absence, which showed a goodly balance in the treasury. She then read her own report giving an account of the Fourth of July celebration at Continental Hall, and "The Ivy Planting" in September at the same place.

The corresponding secretary, Mrs. Vida Clemenson, read her report telling of preparation of the District Year Book which contains the name and date of the organization of the 46 chapters with the names and addresses of all their officers. Also the names and addresses of the chairmen and members of the various committees, which include the following:

The real object of the meeting was presented by the State regent, who read a carefully prepared and instructive paper on "The District of Columbia" from the time of its organization when the Federal Government was moved from Philadelphia to Washington, and the capital of the Nation, built on the banks of the Potomac. She laid great stress on the men of large vision of that day who had the foresight to plan so wisely for the needs of the future; and paid tribute to the men of later date, to whose judgment the city owes so much, notably Governor Alexander Shepherd, who graded and widened the streets, laid sewers, etc., and Senator McMillan, to whom we are indebted for our fine filtration plant.

At the conclusion of her paper, she gave a talk on the fine collection of old prints, maps and charts which adorned the walls, and displayed and referred briefly to a number of rare books on the history of the District. She desires that the study of this vastly interesting and opportune subject be made a part of the winter's work of all the District chapters. Regretting that there is a meagre collection of books in the library at Continental Hall, dealing with this important subject, she urges the Daughters of the District and in fact all of the Daughters of this great organization having in their possession any books, maps, charts, deeds, records, etc., dealing with the early history of the District of Columbia, to donate same to the D. A. R. library at Continental Hall through the State historian, Mrs. H. P. McIntosh, The Oakl and, Washington, D. C.

Following the State regent's paper, the State historian, Mrs. McIntosh, read an article on Old St. John's Episcopal church in Prince George Co., Md., telling of the great value of the records kept therein, and a plan to raise money in the District chapter to purchase and put in place a new pulpit for this church.

Miss Laura V. Walker, regent of Columbia Chapter gave a report of the festivities at Uniontown, Pa., at the dedication of the Braddock memorial which was an interesting and important event of last October.

With the singing of "The Star Spangled Banner," the meeting adjourned. During the social hour refreshments were served. This program was repeated on the four successive evenings until all of the 1,300 District Daughters had been entertained. With such a beginning, the District D. A. R. promises a profitable and successful year.

BERtha Frances Wolfe, Chairman Press Committee.
Revolutionary Records

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which record may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of Chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

The Last Survivors of the War for Independence.

By the Rev. Anson Titus, West Somerville, Mass.

(Second Series.)


Pierce, Thaddeus, d. Weston, Mass., July 9, 1848, aged 84 yrs. m. 1788, Susanna Smith, who d. December 22, 1851, aged 103 yrs.

Piper, John, d. Tuftonboro, N. H., April 20, 1830, aged 71 yrs. Had 21 children.


Pleaisted, Roger, d. Buxton, Me., October 9, 1848, aged 94 yrs. Was at Bunker Hill, and also the completion of the Monument June 17, 1843. A pensioner.

Phinney, Zenas, Capt., d. Hardwick, Mass. (where he settled 1797), March 4, 1848, aged 95 yrs. 5 mos. A pensioner, b. Brewster, Mass., m. 1780, Sarah Berry, who d. December 20, 1832, aged 76 yrs.

Paul, Giles, d. Rochester, Vt., August 28, 1840, aged 83 yrs. At Trenton; served from Connecticut. A pensioner.

Phinney, Samuel, Capt., of Lebanon, Vt., January 23, 1842, aged 80 yrs. Was at Bunker Hill; had two wives, Lucy Masury, 1781-1809, and Hannah Giddings, 1807—. Thirteen children by first wife.


Peggy, Captain, of Lebanon, Vt., January 23, 1842, aged 80 yrs. At Bunker Hill; had two wives, Lucy Masury, 1781-1809, and Hannah Giddings, 1807—. Thirteen children by first wife.

Perry, Isaac, Capt., d. Lowville, N. Y., November 19, 1840, aged 81 yrs.

Reed, Eben, d. Dighton, Mass., about February, 1840, aged 82 yrs. A pensioner.

Reed, Elnathan, d. Cavendish, Vt., August 15, 1841, aged 83 yrs. A pensioner.

Reed, Isaac d. Lexington Mass., April 20, 1848, aged 92 yrs. 3 mos. A pensioner.


Reed, Joshua, d. Stoddard, N. H., about January —, 1841, aged 78 yrs.

Reed, Peter, d. February —, 1759, Groton, Mass., October 24, 1835, Calais, Vt., aged 70 yrs. A pensioner; m. April 13, 1779, at Chelmsford, Hannah Martin, who received a pension after his death.

Reed, Stephen, d. Weathersfield, Vt., January 31, 1847, aged 93 yrs. A pensioner.

Rhodes, Zacheriah, Capt., d. Boston, Mass., October 12, 1859, aged 90 yrs. An officer in Revolution; m. 1778, Mary Coffin, who d. 1796, aged 43 yrs.

Pearson, Amos, d. Newburyport, Mass., October 12, 1859, aged 90 yrs. An officer in Revolution; m. 1778, Mary Coffin, who d. 1796, aged 43 yrs.


Perkins, Abraham, d. Ipswich, Mass., November 2, 1842, aged 96 yrs. A pensioner; m. 1770, Mary Spiller, who d. April 20, 1828, aged 75 yrs.


Perry, Isaac, Capt., d. Lovville, N. Y., November 19, 1840, aged 81 yrs.

Perry, Isaac, Capt., d. Lovville, N. Y., November 19, 1840, aged 81 yrs.


Randall, Eleazer, d. Jamaica, Vt., June 15, 1847 aged 94 yrs. A native of New Brain-tree, Mass. Was at Bunker Hill. Buried June 17, 1847, at the same hour of the day in which he was engaged in conflict.

Reed, Eben, d. Dighton, Mass., about February, 1840, aged 82 yrs. A pensioner.

Reed, Elnathan, d. Cavendish, Vt., August 15, 1841, aged 83 yrs. A pensioner.

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Reed, Stephen, d. Weathersfield, Vt., January 31, 1847, aged 93 yrs. A pensioner.

Rhodes, Zacheriah, Capt., d. Boston, Mass., October 12, 1859, aged 90 yrs. An officer in the Revolutionary War; formerly of Providence, R.I.


Rice, Josiah, d. Rutland, Vt., Nov. —, 1830, aged 72 yrs.
Ceremonies at Starved Rock
(Mrs. E. L.) Eda K. Pegram, State Historian,
Illinois D. A. R.

A glorious day, September the sixth, 1913, witnessed an inspiring scene on the summit of Starved Rock, one of the most important historic points of the middle West. On that day the Daughters of the American Revolution of Illinois dedicated and presented to their State a flag staff, five flags and pennant "in memory of the patriots, who gave their lives for their country, soldiers of the American Revolution, and soldiers and sailors of the war of 1812."

Starved Rock is on the south bank of the Illinois river opposite the village of Utica, Illinois. It is a perpendicular mass of sandstone rising abruptly from the prairies, one hundred and fifty-seven feet in height above the water. Its summit, which is a half acre in extent and commands a view which is unsurpassed, is accessible only from one side. It was here that Father Marquette established the first mission in the Illinois country. It is the site of Fort St. Louis, built by La Salle about 1682, and in 1770 was the scene of the last stand of the Illini Indians from whom the State of Illinois gets its name. The Pottawatomies were at war with the Illini. After a few days of furious fighting, the Illini, once a powerful tribe, were reduced to a few warriors and these with their women and children intrenched themselves on the summit of the Rock where they famished from hunger and thirst, in full view of the fields of ripe corn, with the Illinois river washing the base of their prison-fortress.

Starved Rock with its picturesque surroundings, consisting of about 1,000 acres, is now owned by the State and is one of the State parks. Two of the Illinois Daughters, Mrs. John C. Ames and Mrs. Frank B. Orr, were associated with the State Park commissioners and, with the hearty co-operation of the Illinois Daughters generally who gave much thought, time and earnest effort, did most effective work in inducing the legislative body of the State to appropriate the money for its purchase and maintenance. So it was eminently fitting that the Daughters of the American Revolution of Illinois should be granted the privilege of erecting a permanent flag-staff on the summit of this Rock which can be seen for miles away.

The beautiful idea was brought before the State Conference of October, 1912, by Mrs. Frederick K. Bowes, of Chicago—who was later made chairman of the committee of arrangements. The idea met with a hearty response, and a small per-capita tax was voted to defray expenses. Thus, every member of every chapter of the State has had a part in this memorial, and now from an iron staff one hundred (100) feet in height above the Rock there floats the flag of our own United States, the emblem of all that is noblest and best.

At the exercises of dedication and presentation all the available space about the platform which had been erected for the speakers was filled not only by many Daughters from all over the State but others interested in the event. Among the distinguished guests were our beloved and honored Honorary President General, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, and our Vice President General for Illinois, Mrs. John C. Ames.

The program—opened with an invocation by Mrs. B. F. Arnold—was one in which patriotism was the keynote. Mrs. George A. Lawrence, the State regent, presided. In the ceremony of granting the land for the staff from the State to the Illinois Daughters of the American Revolution, and the acceptance of the staff and flags by the State, Governor Edward F. Dunne was represented by the Hon. Charles F. Clyne. Hon. A. Richards, Secretary of the State Park Commission, gave a résumé of the State
Park movement and told of what was hoped for the future. An interesting sketch of the history of Starved Rock was related by the Hon. Eaton G. Osman. A patriotic and scholarly address was made by the Hon. Samuel Alscluler. Other speakers who gave brief greetings were Mrs. Scott and Mrs. Ames; Mr. La Verne Noyes, Vice President General, National Society Sons of the American Revolution; Rev. J. Timothy Stone, Chaplain State Society S. A. R. and former chaplain of the National Society;

Five large storm flags have already been presented to the State D. A. R. by the following ladies:—Mrs. Abby Farwell Ferry in loving memory of her father, Mr. Farwell, one of Chicago’s representative pioneers; Mrs. Walter C. Nelson, Chicago, in honor of her father, John Ira Bennett, an eminent judge and one of the Lincoln electors; Mrs. Ella E. Lane Bowes, Chairman of State committee on staff, flags and pennant for Starved Rock; and two Daughters who did not wish their names to be given.

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All of these flags were presented in turn to the State.

Mrs. Wm. Duff Haynie, of Chicago, loaned for the day her flag which floated over Manila Bay during the Spanish-American war, and it was impressively displayed from the platform.

When excavating for the foundation of the staff which had to be placed ten feet below the surface in solid concrete, several Indian relics were found, some of which were put in the box buried at the base of the staff. In her presentation address Mrs. Lawrence very aptly said: “At the base of this staff several feet under ground was found a calumet, or pipe of peace—the most sacred belonging of the savage race. At the top
CEREMONIES AT STARVED ROCK

of this staff will float the most sacred belonging of the American people, their symbol of peace, unity and justice—our flag.”

In the hearts of the more than 4,800 Daughters of Illinois (each one of whom rejoiced for the privilege of sharing in this undertaking) is echoed the wish expressed by our State Regent,—“As this our flag floats to the breezes may our hearts thrill with a loftier patriotism and a greater and more consecrated devotion to God, to Home, and to our Native Land.”

Mr. Eaton G. Osman’s address was as follows:

You are all familiar with the fact that Louis Jolliet, Father Marquette and their five companions were probably the first white men who saw this Rock, just 240 years ago this September; that in 1682, La Salle and Tonty fortified this spot and called it Fort St. Louis of the Illinois; and that until about the year 1700 the fort was occupied as a military post and trading station by Tonty, until La Salle’s death as his agent, and thereafter as commandant by specific royal appointment; and that about one hundred years later a few Peoria Indians met their deaths by starvation here, thus giving to the Rock its unique and expressive name.

All these things, however, are not what bring us here to-day, nor are they the things that give this day and this hour their significance.

What, then, is the meaning of this ceremonial?

We are here, as I take it, only because Starve Rock is a part of the scenery of the momentous struggle of the Anglo-Saxon and the Norman for supremacy on this continent—because here took place a part of the fighting that destroyed the absolutism of the Louis’ of France on American soil and gave it over to the genius of self-government, when the triumph of Wolf on the Plains of Abraham brought the dream of French empire in America to an end and the history of the United States began.

By right of exploration, the French came into possession of the interior of all North America. Their title to this vast territory was unquestioned. What France needed to hold this continent was colonists. But the French were not a colonizing race; and in the New France of the old regime, there were at no time more than three men who had the statesman’s genius to foresee the national grandeur yet to be in this great valley of the Mississippi. These were Talon the intendant, who was removed in 1671; Frontenac, the Governor, who also was removed at the critical hour; and La Salle, the explorer, with the second sight of the seer and the executive weaknesses of the enthusiast. Beyond all question, he was the one man of his age who saw the potentialities of empire in North America. Beyond all question, too, it was his one ambition to be the creator of the empire whose magnitude he assuredly foresaw, as he stood upon this spot 230 years ago and rested his eyes upon the beauty of the scene before him. La Salle did not come to America like the Virginia Cavaliers, to restore a broken fortune; nor did he come like the Puritans and the Pennsylvania Quakers, seeking an asylum for his religion. He came rather with the vision of empire glittering before his eyes, and, like Merlin, he followed the gleam to the end. He searched the continent for a capital where he would be free from the jealousies of churchmen, from the cupidity and corruption of public officials, and from the handicaps of a climate too inhospitable for a pioneer settlement.

So he placed his flag and pennant here, upon this rock, in the bosom of the richest valley on earth, and planted here the seed of a nation. What though the tares of official corruption, the bickerings of clerical enemies, the greed of rival traders and the apathy of court and peasantry choked out the seed he planted? It is yet due his memory to say that of all men of his time, La Salle alone saw, as he stood upon this rock, in 1682-83, the vision of what would be here, as surely as at this hour we see the substance, a great nation situated upon the richest heritage our God has bestowed upon his children.

The superb and generous Tonty—that dearest of all humankind, the single-
hearted and faithfulest of friends—did indeed grasp and sympathize with La Salle’s vast ambition; but more practical than he, Tonty yielded to the inevitable; and the gleam that led La Salle through thousands of miles of wintry wilderness and Southern swamp, tempted him not. He did indeed send a warning to Louis XIV, to guard well the passes of the Mississippi if he would save his American possessions, and that warning sent D’Iberville to intercept the English, then about to take possession of the river; and so it was that for over a hundred years, France held the guardianship of Louisiana, as the trustee for the infant nation by which it was at last inherited.

It was not until well into the 18th century that the French at Quebec began to understand La Salle’s dream and his scheme of empire. But this was after the old chain of forts in the far West, that might have held possession of the country, had been dismantled and the fur traders turned from the St. Lawrence to the new settlements on the Mississippi. The colony was thus divided, with one arm on the St. Lawrence at Quebec, and the other on the Mississippi in the far South. For a time to maintain the necessary connections between the two extremes of the colony, the Government maintained Starved Rock as a military post, as the key-stone of the colonial arch, to keep open for official travelers this waterway of the Illinois, then as now, the best route on the continent from the Lakes to the Gulf. But simultaneously with the abandonment of Starved Rock, the French by treachery and cruelty precipitated also a broil with the Fox Indians of Wisconsin, who never ceased thereafter to undermine French influence in the West. They occupied the portages of the Wisconsin River route, and by the fierceness and frequency of their attacks upon the Indians of the Illinois, allies of the French, who lived near Starved Rock, they held possession also of the Illinois River, thus breaking the colony in two and closing all routes against the French from the Lakes to the Gulf. Although unmercifully punished from time to time by the French, the intrepid Foxes never ceased to harass them, and so, for thirty years, these Indians kept the waterways closed.

During all of that time, Starved Rock was the scene of the most sanguinary of those awful fights between Indians and Indians, and between Indians and French. The Rock was, in fact, the great strategic point of the West, the citadel of the great valley; and it ceased to be that only when the power of France was destroyed in the West and the end of her dominion came with the surrender of Quebec. So that Starved Rock was, historically speaking, in all that contest of the 18th century, the vis-a-vis of Quebec, the two strategic points of the great military struggle then waging on this continent; and when the French ceased to control the Rock, and the West, then was seen the beginning of the end that came to the French control of Canada also.

In La Salle’s great scheme of empire the keystone of a vast political structure, the Rock became in a generation, as it were a wedge upon which the savages of the West beat as with a sledge, until they split that structure in twain and destroyed it. It is this part of the Rock’s history, in the era when our own nation was yet in the womb of Time, the part played by it in this contest of races and political ideas then being fought out upon this continent, that awakens the abiding national interest attaching to this spot. Here upon this Rock, the history of our nation in the West began as truly as the history of the nation itself can be said to have begun with the fall of Montcalm upon the Plains of Abraham.

Wanted—Two Flags!

At the time of the War of the Revolution the Flag had thirteen stars; in the War of 1812, fifteen stars; in the Mexican War, twenty-nine; in the Civil War thirty-five, and in the Spanish-American War forty-five. If any Daughter of the American Revolution having flags with the twenty-nine stars and the thirty-five stars, which she will present to Memorial Continental Hall, she will confer a favor by writing to Miss Catherine B. Barlow, D. A. R., 1364 Girard Street, Washington, D. C.
Page 21

City Records, Vol. 1st

Abraham Sanford of Westport to Betsey Church of Troy, Nov. 25th, 1804.

William Little of Peacham, State of Vermont, to Mary Cleaveland of Troy, Jan. 28th, 1805.

Joseph Sanders of Providence to Sally Wilbor of Troy, May 26th, 1805.

Paul Peckham of Westport to Zimroda Bar -roe, residing in Westport, Sept. 11th, 1805.

Olliver Read to Hannah Lawton, both of Troy, Sept. 12th, 1805.

James Brightman to Sarah Hathaway, both of Troy, Oct. 6th, 1805.

Isaac Jonnings of Teverton to Susan Cole of Rainham, Mass., Oct. 3d, 1805.

George Graves of Providence to Ann Chal linger of Troy, Nov. 3d, 1805.

David Gifford of Teverton to Cynthia Wilbor of Troy, Nov. 28th, 1805.

Richard Davis to Ann Terry, both of Troy, Nov. 3d, 1805.

Thomas Davis to Silvy Read, both of Troy, Jan. 16th, 1806.

David Davis to Phebe Read, both of Troy, March 2d, 1806.

William Barnobus Cannady to Susan Huse Luther, both of Troy, Oct. 12th, 1806.

William Davis Teverton to Ruth Borden, Nov. 6th, 1806.

Addum Borden to Susannah Borden, both of Troy, Nov. 7th, 1806.

Stephen Borden Teverton to Martha Evons of Troy, Nov. 16th, 1806.

Henry Brightman to Phebe Read, both of Troy, Feb. 8th, 1807.

The above persons were joined in marriage by Charles Durfee, Justice of the Peace.

BENZA BRIGHTMAN,

Town Clerk.

Bristol Twp., Troy, April 1st, 1808, in the preceding year, I hereby certify that I have joined the following persons in marriage:

Henry Gibbs of Sumerset to Betsy Bright man of Troy.

David Babet to Rhoda Bowen, both of Troy, Jan. 10th, 1808.
Wanton Hathaway was married to Lydia Borden Feb. 11th, 1808, daughter of George Borden.

Deaths and births of the children of Wanton Hathaway and his wife, Lydia:
4. George Hathaway, born March 1st, 1822.
5. Lydia, his wife, died Jan. 28th, 1829.

Thomas Borden was married to Ruth Borden Dec. 4th, 1802, daughter of Daniel Borden.

Children of Thomas Borden and wife Ruth:
1. born Dec. 4th, 1802.
3. Philander Borden, born March 11th, 1807.
4. Leander Borden, born March 11th, 1807.
6. Alonzo Borden, born April 16th, 1812.

James Brightman was married to Sarah Hathaway in 1808, daughter of Elisha Hathaway.

Hathaway Brightman, son of James Brightman and 1, Sarah, his wife, born Dec. 9th, 1809.
2. Corah Brightman, born Jan. 11th, 1811.
3. Martha Brightman, born May 7th, 1810.
4. Susannah Brightman, born March 8th, 1812.
5. Catharine Lawton Brightman, born Feb. 10th, 1815.
6. James Munroe Brightman, born May 2d, 1817.

Jonathan Brightman was married to Betsy Evans, daughter of Thomas Evans.

George Brightman, son of Jonathan Brightman and 1, Sarah, his wife, born Feb. 13th, 1796.
3. Lois Brightman, born April 2d, 1800.
4. Rebeckah Brightman, born Feb. 7th, 1802.

Jonathan Brightman died July 1st, 1827.

Howard Davis was married to Ruth Knight.

Thomas Davis, son of Howard Davis and Ruth, his wife, born, 1, Sept. 15th, 1810.
2. Dean Davis, born Aug. 25th, 1812.
4. Hannah Davis, born Dec. 5th, 1819.
5. Sarah Davis, born April 22d, 1822.

David Babbet was married to Rhoda Bowen, daughter of Nathan Bowen.
1. Nathaniel Bowen Babbet, born Oct. 18th, 1808.
2. Hannah Roberta Babbet, born July 29th, 1811.
3. David Babbet died April 16th, 1832.

Children of David and Hannah Babbet, 2d wife:
1. Rhoda Babbet, born Dec. 17th, 1819.
2. Furman Weaver Babbet, born June 28th, 1821.
5. Eveline Augusta Babbet, born July 23d, 1826.

Orman Elsbree was married to Lydia Rogers July, 1812.

Samuel Elsbree, son of Orman Elsbree and Lydia, his wife, born, 1, Dec. 11th, 1812.
5. *Hannah Elsbree, born May 6, 1823.

I hereby certify that I have joined the following persons in marriage:

Jeremiah Rogers was married to Susannah Borden, daughter of Stephen Borden.
1. Mary Rogers, daughter of Jeremiah Rogers and
2. Susan, has wife, born June 4th, 1787.
4. Peter Rogers, born in Tiverton May 18th, 1792, died.
5. Lydia Rogers, born in Troy May 3d, 1796.

Jeremiah R., died June 7th, 1827.

I hereby certify that I have joined the following persons in marriage:

Thomas Davis 2d, was married to Mary Hathaway, daughter of Robert Hathaway.

Robert Davis, son of Thomas 2d, and Mary, his wife:
2. Mary Davis, born July 7th, 1806.

I hereby certify that I have joined the following persons in marriage:

Seth Borden was married to Ruth Brown, daughter of Gideon Brown of Rhode Island.

Harriet Borden, daughter of Seth Borden and Ruth, his wife, born in Middletown, Rhode Island, Aug. 3d, 1795.
2. Arnold Borden, born Sept. 3d, 1797.
5. Abraham Borden, born Nov. 22d, 1805.

I hereby certify that I have joined the following persons in marriage:

Elihu Cook was married to Sarah Sherman Aug. 19th, 1798, by Elder Job Borden.

Sarah, daughter of Joseph Sherman.
IN MEMORIAM 745

5. Mary Gladding Cook, born Jan. 20th, 1813.
Elihu Cook died Dec. 24th, 1824. Page 67

I hereby certify that I have joined the following persons in marriage:
Silas Besse was married to Avis Borden, daughter of George Borden 2d.
1. Marion Besse was born Aug. 19th, 1810.
2. Deliah Besse was born Jan. 16th, 1813.
Silas Besse died Feb. 15th, 1824. Page 68

I hereby certify that I have joined the following persons in marriage:
Carlton Shuman was married to Sarah Braton, daughter of Francis Braton.
1. Benjamin B. Shuman, born Feb. 3d, 1805.
4. Sarah Shuman, born Feb. 18th, 1810.

Ezra Davol was married to Nancy Bead, daughter of William Read and Ruth, his wife.
Braddock Davol, son of Ezra and Nancy, born March 24th, 1810.
Nathan Davol, son of Ezra and Nancy, born Nov. 6th, 1811.
Eliza Wrightington Davol, son of Ezra and Nancy, born Dec. 24th, 1814.
John Read Davol, son of Ezra and Nancy, born Dec. 24th, 1816.

Robert Porter, son of Ezra and Nancy, born June 22d, 1824.

I hereby certify &.

Thomas D. Chaloner was married to Lucy Winslow in the year of our Lord 1814 Sept. 8 day.
Lucy Winslow Chaloner Born Aug 5th, 1815.
William Valentine Chaloner Born Feb 12th, 1817.
Ann Elizabeth Chaloner Born March 22d, 1821.
Jane Chaloner Born Jan 16th, 1824.
Thomas Walter Chaloner Born May 10th, 1826.
George Graves Chaloner Born April 21st, 1828.
Luther Winslow Chaloner Born March 5th, 1832.

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Verified by Lucy A. Allen.
1817

In Memoriam

Mr. Lanie Schermerhorn Hemenway, wife of the Hon. H. C. Hemenway, died at her home in Cedar Falls, Iowa, on January 22, 1913. Mrs. Hemenway was born in Schenectady, N. Y., in 1848. She was long a member of Cedar Falls Chapter, a former regent and always loyal to the interests of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Emma Stuart Parish, wife of the late Leonard W. Parish, member of the faculty of the Iowa State Teachers' College, died in Denver, Colo., on June 4, 1913. At the time of her death, Mrs. Parish was engaged in the preparation of a genealogical history of the Parish and Stuart families. Mrs. Parish was former regent of Cedar Falls Chapter and a much loved member.

Miss Fanny Bassett Allen, founder and first regent of Lucy Jackson Chapter, of Newton, Mass., died on October 14, 1913. Miss Allen served faithfully as regent for nine years and under her leadership the chapter prospered, increasing in membership and doing much in patriotic work. For several years she served on the Board of Management and always retained her deep interest in the welfare of the chapter.

Mrs. Caro Ordway Baker, wife of the late Rev. Enos P. Baker, died at her home in Los Angeles, Calif., on September 9, 1913. In 1906 she became a member of Waterloo Chapter, Iowa and in 1911 was transferred, and became charter member of Tierra Alta Chapter, Los Angeles. At the time of her death she was corresponding secretary of that chapter. Mrs. Baker was deeply interested in the work among Spanish speaking people of Los Angeles and during her long illness and at her funeral they showed appreciation of her work for them.

Mrs. Mary Manley Blow, a beloved member of Grinnell Chapter, Grinnell, Iowa, died October 15, 1913, her life having been crushed out in an automobile accident. She was a young woman with high hopes and ambitions, and will be sadly missed by the chapter and a host of other friends.

Mrs. Margaret E. Beach, a loyal member of Dicey Langsten Chapter of Canton, Missouri, died October 15, 1913. She was an aunt of the chapter regent, Miss Christie Patee. Her ancestral state was New Jersey and she was a descendant of Captain Joseph Birch of the 13th Co., Eastern Battalion, Morristown, N. J. Militia in Cook's Regiment.
The monthly meeting of the Board of Management, C. A. R., was held November 13, 1913, at Continental Hall.

The President called the meeting to order and the Chaplain lead in the Lord’s Prayer. The Secretary’s minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved, and the Corresponding Secretary’s report was read and accepted.

The Registrar reported sixty-nine candidates, and the Secretary was instructed to cast the ballot constituting them members.

Mrs. Custis brought up the matter of a child who had been paying dues for three years and has just sent in her paper at the age of eighteen. The motion was made and carried that her paper be considered and if she is eligible accepted.

The case of a young man of twenty-one was brought before the Board, and the Registrar was instructed to suggest that he become an associated member.

The Treasurer’s report was read as follows:

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<td>$337.46</td>
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The Vice-President in charge of Organization of Local Societies reported as follows:

Resignations.

Mrs. Guirollo, President Capital Society, whose resignation I present with deep regret.

Mrs. Cain, President Emily Geiger Society, whose name was sent to me last month through a misunderstanding.

Names presented—Presidents.

Mrs. Elmer H. Whittaker (1814 Olive Avenue), to organize at Santa Barbara, California.

Mrs. Charles F. Weigle (Highland Park) for President of Fort Ouiatenon Society at Lafayette, Indiana.

Mrs. A. P. Chase, (8 Winthrop Street), to organize at Danvers, Massachusetts.

Mrs. Thomas J. Foster (338 Madison Avenue), to organize at Scranton, Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Charles F. Moore (904 Huey Street), to organize at McKeesport, Pennsylvania.

Miss Sadie C. Raysoe, to be President to organize Emily Geiger Society, Saint Mathews, South Carolina.

Names presented—Names of local societies.

“Virginia Continental Line” for Miss Thurber’s society at Mobile, Alabama.

“Old Glory” for the new society forming at Indianapolis, Indiana.

Note.—This name belonged to a society at Lake Mills, Wisconsin, which has fallen more than three years behind in payment of dues and so loses its name by Art. VIII, Section 11 of Constitution.

This society is under the care of Caro-lin Scott Harrison Chapter, D. A. R.

“Jeremiah Page” for the society forming at Danver, Massachusetts.

“Lewis Cass” for Mrs. Linton’s society at Saginaw, Michigan. Lewis Cass was the first governor of Michigan and he obtained the land grant from the Indians for Saginaw.

“Peter Sharpe” for Mrs. Krumrey’s society at Plymouth, Wisconsin. He was one of the early settlers of Sheboy-gan County, Wisconsin, having removed there from New York state before 1848. He was born in 1803. Seven great grandchildren are to be members of the society.

“Zadock Pratt” for the society to be formed under the care of Scranton City Chapter D. A. R.

Mrs. Lawrence Guirollo of the District was nominated and elected Vice-President of the National Society C. A. R.

Miss Custis reported that the work was being again carried forward on the card catalogue. There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

C. E. Custis, Secretary.

Mount Vernon, July 4th, 1773.

DEAR SIR

The Bond pass’d from Montjomerie and others to us has been due since the first of last month, but my not returning till the 8th from New York & the unhappy Event which has happened in this family since, put it out of my head till now. should we not immediately call upon these People for Payment. & what do you think of requiring them to meet us in Alexandria at our coming Court to adjust these matters finally? If you approve of the measure please to forward a Letter by this days Post to Montjomerie with this request, & contrive one to Stewart in George Town to the same purpose. Is not this about the time Moody was to pay for the Land by his last Solemn Engagement? Have you heard anything lately of the Suit against Sidney George? I am very anxious to get the affairs of the Estate brought to a conclusion.

I am Dr. Sir,
Yr. Most Obed.,

G. Washington.

Contributed by Katharine S. Layman, Historian, Quassaick Chapter, Newburgh, N. Y., through the Historian General.
Dear Fellow Members:

The atmosphere of the Christmas Season, with its tidings of peace and joy and good cheer, draws near, and with it my heart goes out to each one of you in loving greetings.

May the spirit of “Peace on earth, good will toward men” hover at the fire-side in the home of every member of our great Society. May happiness with you abide and the joyfulness of a blessed Christmas be yours, for

“The star that shone in Bethlehem
Shines still, and shall not cease,
And we listen still to the tidings,
Of Glory and of Peace.”

Faithfully yours,

Daisy Allen Story
A TRIBUTE TO THE MEMORY

Of

Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks
Honorary President General

By

Daisy Allen Story
President General

Mrs. Fairbanks measured up to the highest standard of American womanhood, and we all are better women for the beautiful example we have had in her. She met her trials so bravely, she bore her honors so modestly, and she shared her joys so generously and lovingly that all who knew her were enriched and blessed through her.

Nothing can teach us true beauty of character so well as the living expression of it in the life of a noble woman, and dear Mrs. Fairbanks simply by being herself has left for our guidance the memory of a pure and exalted soul.
Photo by G. V. Buck, Washington, D. C.

Portrait of the late Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, in place of honor on the Auditorium Platform, Memorial Continental Hall.
OFFICIAL
The National Society of the
Daughters of the American Revolution
Headquarters Memorial Continental Hall, Seventeenth and D Streets, N. W.,
Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1913-1914

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MRS. WILLIAM CUMMING STORY,
237 West End Ave., New York, N. Y., and Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters
MRS. HENRY L. MANN,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.

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(Term of office expires 1914.)
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128 Commonwealth Ave., Boston, Mass.
MRS. JOHN C. AMES,
3133 Calumet Ave., Chicago, Ill.
MRS. GEORGE S. SHACKELFORD,
MRS. WILLIAM LIBBEY,
Princeton, N. J.
MRS. CHARLES F. JOHNSON,
62 Silver St., Waterville, Me.

(Term of office expires 1915.)
MRS. JOHN VAN LANDINGHAM,
500 East Ave., Charlotte, N. C.
MRS. R. H. CUNNINGHAM,
139 S. Main St., Henderson, Ky.
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580 Poplar St., Memphis, Tenn.
MRS. THOMAS KITT,
Chelsea Place, Cincinnati, O.
MRS. RHETT GOODE,
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MRS. WILLIAM H. CROSBY,
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MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
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Recording Secretary General
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Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

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Treasurer General
MRS. JOSEPH E. RANSDELL,
Memorial Continental Hall,
Washington, D. C.

Assistant Historian General
MRS. EDWARD ORTON, JR.,
The Lincoln, Columbus, Ohio.

Librarian General
MRS. GEORGE M. STERNBERG,
Memorial Continental Hall, Washington, D. C.
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<tr>
<td>ALABAMA</td>
<td>Mrs. Joseph V. Allen</td>
<td>1006 Crescent Ave., Birmingham</td>
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<td>Mrs. John G. Winter</td>
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<td>Mrs. Will C. Barnes</td>
<td>844 N. 4th Ave., Phoenix</td>
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<td>710 Scott St., Little Rock</td>
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<td>Miss Stella Pickett Hardy</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Mrs. Isaac Newton Chapman</td>
<td>2225 Pacific Ave., Alameda</td>
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<tr>
<td>COLORADO</td>
<td>Mrs. Winfield S. Tarbell</td>
<td>1645 Vine St., Denver</td>
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<td>207 E. Platt Ave., Ft. Morgan</td>
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<td>Mrs. George Maynard Minor</td>
<td>Waterford</td>
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<td>DELAWARE</td>
<td>Mrs. George C. Hall</td>
<td>St. John’s Rectory, 2300 Boulevard, Wilmington</td>
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<td>Mrs. Joseph Wilkins Cooch</td>
<td>Newark</td>
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<td>DIST. OF COLUMBIA</td>
<td>Mrs. Charles W. Richardson</td>
<td>1317 Conn. Ave., Washington</td>
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<td>Mrs. Woodbury Pulsifer</td>
<td>221 The Porter, Washington</td>
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<td>FLORIDA</td>
<td>Miss Glenville C. Frissell</td>
<td>Box 264, Miami</td>
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<td>GEORGIA</td>
<td>Mrs. M. W. Carruth</td>
<td>412 W. Lafayette St., Tampa</td>
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<td>Mrs. Stephanie W. Foster</td>
<td>711 Peachtree St., Atlanta</td>
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<td>IDAHO</td>
<td>Mrs. Charles W. Pursell</td>
<td>916 Hays St., Boise</td>
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<td>Mrs. Adolph Blitz</td>
<td>1303 Hays St., Boise</td>
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<td>ILLINOIS</td>
<td>Mrs. George A. Lawrence</td>
<td>590 N. Prairie St., Galesburg</td>
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<td>Mrs. Luther Derwent</td>
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<td>INDIANA</td>
<td>Mrs. Frances Haberly-Robertson</td>
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<td>Mrs. William A. Culllop</td>
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<td>IOWA</td>
<td>Mrs. Harold R. Howell</td>
<td>630 41st St., Des Moines</td>
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<td>Mrs. David A. Crawford</td>
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<td>Mrs. William R. Van Tuyl</td>
<td>310 5th Ave., Leavenworth</td>
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<td>Mrs. William H. Thompson</td>
<td>E. Maxwell St., Lexington</td>
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<td>Mrs. James W. Caperton</td>
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<td>Mrs. Peter Youree</td>
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<td>Mrs. L. Meredith Wade</td>
<td>1420 6th St., Alexandria</td>
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<td>MAINE</td>
<td>Mrs. William C. Robinson</td>
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<td>MASSACHUSETTS</td>
<td>Mrs. George O. Jenkins</td>
<td>28 Warren Ave., Whitman</td>
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<td>Mrs. Charles G. Chick</td>
<td>212 West River St., Hyde Park</td>
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<td>MICHIGAN</td>
<td>Mrs. Arthur Maxwell Parker</td>
<td>1691 Jefferson Ave., Detroit</td>
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<td>Mrs. Harvey J. Campbell</td>
<td>559 Pipistone St., Benton Harbor</td>
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<td>MINNESOTA</td>
<td>Mrs. George C. Squires</td>
<td>698 Oakland Ave., St. Paul</td>
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<td>Mrs. Samuel M. Dick</td>
<td>302 Grove St., Minneapolis</td>
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<td>MISSISSIPPI</td>
<td>Mrs. Andrew Fuller Fox</td>
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<td>Mrs. Thomas Franklin</td>
<td>1018 3d Ave., W., Columbus</td>
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<td>Mrs. George B. Macfarlane</td>
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<td>Mrs. Edward A. Normis</td>
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<td>MONTANA</td>
<td>Mrs. Edward A. Morley</td>
<td>15 S. Benton Ave., Helena</td>
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<td>Mrs. Charles A. Blackburn</td>
<td>804 W. Silver St., Butte</td>
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<td>NEBRASKA</td>
<td>Mrs. Warren Perry</td>
<td>815 4th St., Fairbury</td>
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<td>Mrs. C. H. All, 3120 Woolworth Ave.</td>
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<td>NEVADA</td>
<td>Miss Bird M. Wilson</td>
<td>Goldfield</td>
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<td>NEW HAMPSHIRE</td>
<td>Mrs. Charles G. Goss</td>
<td>10 Lexington St., Dover</td>
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<td>Miss Annie Wallace</td>
<td>Rochester</td>
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<td>NEW JERSEY</td>
<td>Mrs. Charles Burleigh Yardley</td>
<td>332 Williams St., East Orange</td>
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<td>Miss Ellen Leaning Matlock</td>
<td>78 Broad St., Woodbury</td>
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<td>NEW MEXICO</td>
<td>Mrs. L. Bradford Prince</td>
<td>111 Palace Ave., Santa Fe</td>
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<td>Mrs. Singleton M. Ashenfelter</td>
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<td>Mrs. Willard S. Augsbury</td>
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<td>Mrs. Charles Fred Boshart</td>
<td>Orchard Place, Lowville</td>
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<td>NORTH CAROLINA</td>
<td>Mrs. William N. Reynolds</td>
<td>644 W. 5th St., Winston-Salem</td>
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<td>Mrs. Arthur Lillington Smith</td>
<td>700 N. Tryon St., Charlotte</td>
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<td>OHIO</td>
<td>Mrs. Kent Hamilton</td>
<td>2317 Scottwood Ave., Toledo</td>
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<td>Mrs. Austin C. Brant</td>
<td>848 N. Market St., Canton</td>
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OKLAHOMA .... Mrs. W. N. REDWINE, McAlester.
              Mrs. FRANCIS KEY BROOKE, 427 W. 9th St., Oklahoma City.
OREGON .... Mrs. JOHN F. BEAUMONT, 481 E. 50th St., N. Portland.
              Mrs. JAMES N. DAVIS, 861 Hawthorne Ave., Portland.
Pennsylvania .... Miss HELEN E. C. OVERTON, Bellefonte.
              Mrs. ANTHONY WAYNE COOK, Hotel Schenley, Pittsburgh, Pa.
RHODE ISLAND .... Mrs. CLOVIS H. BOWEN, 74 Walcott St., Pawtucket.
              Mrs. GEORGE J. ARNOLD, 45 Warwick Ave., Edgewood.
SOUTH CAROLINA .... Mrs. P. LOUISE MAYS, 118 Manly St., Greenville.
              Mrs. A. CLARENCE LIGON, 23 Sunny Side, Orangeburg.
SOUTH DAKOTA .... Mrs. EDWARD B. KEATOR, 907 Park St., Watertown.
              Mrs. E. ST. CLAIR SNYDER, 617 2d St., Watertown.
TENNESSEE .... Miss MARY N. MURFREE, 408 N. High St., Murfreesboro.
              Miss MARY E. TIMBERLAKE, 601 E. Main St., Jackson.
TEXAS .... Mrs. HARRY HYMAN, 309 W. Magnolia Ave., San Antonio.
           Mrs. W. H. BELL, 802 San Antonio St., Austin.
UTAH .... Mrs. MARY M. F. ALLEN, P. O. Box A, Park City.
VERMONT .... Mrs. JOSPEH A. DE BOFF, 1 Western Ave., Montpelier.
              Mrs. PERLEY HAZEN, 5 Highland Ave., St. Johnsbury.
VIRGINIA .... Mrs. J. F. MAUPIN, 42 N. Court St., Portsmouth.
              Mrs. WILLIAM A. SMOOT, 1111 Orinoco St., Alexandria.
WASHINGTON .... Mrs. HENRY McCLEARY, McCleary.
              Mrs. J. W. MACINTOSH, 1911 9th Ave., Spokane.
WEST VIRGINIA .... Mrs. WILLIAM H. SMITH, The Snuggery, Parkersburg.
              Mrs. CHARLES R. WILSON, 1400 5th Ave., Huntington.
WISCONSIN .... Mrs. EDWIN H. VAN OSTRAND, 139 Langdon St., Madison.
              Mrs. JOHN P. HUME, 358 Royal Place, Milwaukee.
WYOMING .... Mrs. HENRY B. PATTON, 314 E. 18th St., Cheyenne.
              Mrs. FRANK W. MONSELL, New Castle & 2011 Park Rd., Wash., D. C.

Honorary Officers Elected for Life

Honorary Presidents General

MRS. ADLAI E. STEVENSON,
MRS. JOHN W. FOSTER,
MRS. DANIEL MANNING,

MRS. CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS,
MRS. DONALD MCLean,
MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT.

Honorary President Presiding

MRS. MARY V. E. CABLE.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

MRS. ELLEN HARDIN WALWORTH, 1894.
MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.
MRS. AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER, 1896.
MRS. MILDRED S. MATHES, 1899.
MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.

MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.
MRS. SARA T. KINNEY, 1910.
MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, 1911.
MRS. JOHN R. WALKER, 1912.
MRS. THEODORE C. BATES, 1913.

MRS. E. GAYLORD PUTNAM, 1913.
A regular meeting of the National Board of Management was called to order by the President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, in the Board Room of Memorial Continental Hall, at 10:45 a.m., Wednesday, November 19, 1913.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain General, the Board uniting in the Lord's Prayer.

The President General stated that she desired the first action of the Board to be an expression of their profound sorrow in the irreparable loss sustained in the death of their beloved Honorary President General, Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks, and there followed a number of touching tributes expressive of the deep respect and love felt for their Honorary President General.

The President General then asked Mrs. Sternberg to bring in a resolution to that effect. Mrs. Sternberg said:

"No words can express our grief for the loss of one so dear to us. I have known Mrs. Fairbanks intimately for many years, and her death is a great personal sorrow to me, as well as an irreparable loss to the organization. I have known her as a devoted wife, as a loving mother, and as a broad-minded patriotic woman whose work and impulses in the interests of organization were always for the best. When I recall her visit to the Board when we were in session last month and the parting suggestions she gave us of the great work there was yet to be done by the Society, and how she strove to impress upon us that we should reach out and do all we could, her words now seem to me an echo from the other shore. By the sudden death of Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks, our Honorary President General, the organization has lost one of its greatest Presidents General, and we have also lost a true type of the woman we should all wish to represent. I would like to say more but my emotions make it painful for you to listen to me, and I will close by saying I hope the organization will do something in the near future that will be a monument to her memory—such as the founding of a scholarship in a college to be given to some ambitious girl that would enable her to obtain a privilege she could not otherwise have had, and to keep the memory of our loved Honorary President General ever revered by future members of our organization. We, who knew her intimately, shall treasure her kind words of encouragement, and strive to make the Society she loved so dearly a monument of usefulness and strength."

Mrs. Orton: I would like to add a word—it is a very feeble word because I cannot express all that I feel. I came to my first Congress in 1902 and I shall never forget the impression Mrs. Fairbanks made upon me, a new and most inexperienced member. She was an ideally gracious presiding officer, gifted with unusual beauty and dignity. She gave me immediate recognition by appointing me to membership on the famous Monmouth, Illinois, Committee. She won at once my unswerving loyalty and devotion and always held it.

Mrs. Lockwood: "My association with Mrs. Fairbanks has been very close, and if I had done nothing else in life the letter that I hold in my hand from Mr. Fairbanks would repay me for all the work and all the sorrows I have gone through since the organization of this Society. I shall never forget the morning Mrs. Fairbanks went with me to the Junior Republic. She then became the President of the Women's League of the Junior Republic, and on that trip we persuaded her to let her name be placed in nomination for President of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. This building speaks of the work she gave to our Society, and we shall always hold her memory in sweet remembrance as adviser, co-worker, and friend."

Mrs. Mann: "I wish to make a tribute to this beautiful woman. She was kind to me also in the early days of the work in the Daughters of the American Revolution, and when I came on the Board I was almost new in the work, and I shall never forget her kind Christian spirit towards me and to others. I am only too glad to bear this little tribute to this noble woman whom we all loved so well."

Mrs. Richardson: "I stood near the door as she went out, and almost the last thing she said as she passed me and took my hand was, 'Be brave.' She was so brave."
Mrs. Burrows: "Madam President General, I cannot let this opportunity pass without a word of tender tribute to the memory of one so dear to me. Not only was our association very close during the years of her administration as our President General, but, always since first we met, I have had in her a friend most lovable, loyal, and loving. It is hard to realize that death could claim one so radiant with life! If but a morning greeting, it was ever with a smile and a word of good cheer, and one's day was brighter, that 'she had passed that way.' It must have been this shining forth of the true spirit of the Master, that led the man of the Orient to exclaim (after meeting her as she was journeying with her distinguished husband around the world): 'It is easier for me to be a Christian since knowing her.' What more beautiful tribute could be paid to the sincerity, truth, and beauty of a life!"

Mrs. Hogan: "I also have some very sweet recollections of that same gracious spirit manifested toward the new and inexperienced member, but my happiest recollection of Mrs. Fairbanks was at the World's Fair in St. Louis, where as many entertainments were given for her, and she must have been under a constant strain, but nevertheless, though tired and weary many times, I am sure she was always the same gracious lady."

Mrs. Bassett: "I am sorry that I did not have the personal recollections that you nearer friends had of this beloved friend, but I think that there is an inheritance of the spirit, and I am glad that I can be a partaker of that. It is my humble tribute to a great soul."

Mrs. Yardley: "Our relations were so sweet and lovely. She came to New Jersey while I was Chapter Regent—I remember once she got there five o'clock in the morning with Mrs. Charles H. Terry, on a cold day, just to go with me for a little meeting over at Spring-field. She was perfectly lovely over there, all the ministers who were present said they never heard a woman so inspired. Once when I was here in Washington attending a meeting of the Colonial Dames, Mrs. Fairbanks saw my name at the Arlington and she came to see me and presented me with a picture of herself, a large picture on which she had written 'your affectionate friend,' which I have in my room and I look at it daily. When Mrs. Fairbanks was here at the October Board meeting I said to her in the hall that I looked at her picture every day, and she said, 'that is one of the great pleasures to me to know that you feel that way towards me,' and it seems as if she had left so suddenly after that—I did not know that she was not well—so that it was a very great shock to me. That picture has a double affection for me now."

President General: I joined the organization during Mrs. Harrison's administration—my chapter was formed during the administration of Mrs. Manning—but there was no chapter that was more devoted to Mrs. Fairbanks than the Manhattan Chapter. We had the pleasure of having her with us over and over again. Whenever she was in our neighborhood she would make an effort to come to a meeting of the Manhattan Chapter.

Immediately following these tributes to the friend who has passed into the larger life, the resolution which Mrs. Story had asked Mrs. Sternberg to prepare was presented.

RESOLVED, That in the death of our beloved Honorary President General, Cornelia Cole Fairbanks, the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution has lost one of its most useful and valued members who distinguished herself not alone in our society, but also in other patriotic, civic, educational and charitable organizations.

RESOLVED, That we perpetuate her memory by endowing a scholarship in some college.

RESOLVED, Further, that our deepest sympathy be extended to her bereaved family; that these resolutions be spread upon the minutes, and a copy of the same be transmitted to the family.

M. L. STERNBERG, Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Recording Secretary General proceeded with the roll call, the following members answering to their names:

The President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story; Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Henry L. Mann; Vice-President General, Mrs. Charles F. Johnson, Maine. Active Officers: Chaplain General, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood; Recording Secretary General, Mrs. William C. Boyle; Corresponding Secretary General, Mrs. Julius C. Burrows; Registrar General, Mrs. Gaius M. Brumbaugh; Treasurer General, Mrs. Joseph E. Ransdell; Historian General, Mrs. Charles Wesley Bassett; Assistant Historian General, Mrs. Edward Orton, Jr.; Librarian General, Mrs. George M. Sternberg; State Regents: Mrs. Charles W. Richardson, District of Columbia; Mrs. Glenville C. Frissell, Florida; Mrs. George A. Lawrence, Illinois; Mrs. George T. Guernsey, Kansas; Mrs. Robert G. Hogan, Maryland; Mrs. Charles B. Yardley, New Jersey; Mrs. J. F. Maupin, Virginia; State Vice-Regent, Mrs. Austin C. Brant, Ohio.

The President General then addressed the Board as follows:

The President General then addressed the Board as follows: National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution:

It is with peculiar pleasure that I greet you again, for since our last meeting I have visited some of you, my dear State Regents, in your own lovely homes, attended your splendidly conducted State Conferences, and have profited by the inspiration of that close personal contact with the great and good women of our dear States that must inevitably lead to a better knowledge of one another, and a more perfect establishing of a spirit of cooperation and harmony.

I have visited Ohio—going first to the beautiful home of our Recording Secretary General—a home full of the refinement and beauty.
that one would except to find in the home of Mrs. Boyle. In Cleveland I was impressed by the splendid work of the Western Reserve and the other chapters, and particularly by the exhibition given by our National Chairman of Home Makers, Mrs. Neff. There is in active working order a club of these little home makers numbering about 600 little girls who represent some twenty-seven different nationalities. These children are taught and in turn teach to their families all the domestic arts and are made proficient in the most advanced methods of home making. The songs they are taught to sing to tunes of real beauty, are full of the spirit that work is honorable and beautiful and to be respected and enjoyed—it is difficult to overestimate the great good that is being done in thus reaching the immigrant in his home life.

My visits to Columbus and Toledo were full of interest as was my first visit at the State Conference in Canton, where the remains of our Nation's beloved President, William McKinley, are entombed, and where one feels the profound and undying love that endures for a great and good man.

It was my privilege to be the guest of the Chicago Chapter, and I must make special mention of the gracious welcome accorded me. The Banner of the Chapter hung in my room—the big and generous heart of splendidest of all our splendid chapters seemed to say "Welcome." I was deeply impressed by the interesting State Conference of Illinois held in Quincy. Iowa held its State Conference in Keokuk and I was fortunate in being able to attend the unveiling of the noble monument to that great peace-loving Chief, Keokuk. One feels a deepened sense of the great achievements of Americans in the presence of the great dam and power-house planned by a great American engineer, which controls the broad Mississippi, and is said to be the second greatest dam in the world and to exceed the Panama Canal in operative qualities.

I am particularly appreciative of my visit to St. Louis. The Daughters of 1812, the Colonial Dames, and the Honorary President of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, expressed their cordiality to our organization by separate and beautiful entertainment, while the chapters of the City and County held a magnificent reception in the splendid Jefferson Memorial, opening the really magnificent Hall for the first time for this occasion.

My next visit was short and to lovely Sedalia in Missouri en route for Lexington, where a really fine State Conference was held. Later I went to Kansas City, Missouri, and met the two fine chapters there. The work of your National Old Trails Road Committee under Miss Gentry, Mrs. Van Brunt, Mrs. Salisbury, and others, is well worthy of your support. Mrs. Walker was particularly eloquent and clever in her address to the State Conference and the State Regent's report showed a remarkable growth of chapters.

I hurried East after this to Massachusetts to attend the State Conference held in Old King's Chapel, and found it as fine as Massachusetts always gives, which is all that need be said. The trip I made from there to lovely North Carolina was well worth the effort, and I cannot tell you how greatly I was pleased and inspired by the historic surroundings. The presentation of the sun dial on the spot from whence came the patriots who framed the first Declaration of Independence, Mecklenburg, was intensely inspiring. My loving appreciation of the welcome accorded me by the State is great, and I am glad to pay my tribute to the women of North Carolina, not only as earnest workers in our great organization but women of remarkably oratorical power and great charm and grace. My journey from North Carolina to Northern New York, where the State Conference was held in Watertown, was long, but the Conference was exceedingly fine. The spirit of harmony was so marked that every candidate named for office was unanimously elected. The dedication of an important tablet, and an iron fence surrounding an ancient burying ground, the dedication was conducted with great dignity, with a military escort, etc., was an important feature.

I traveled directly from Watertown to Connecticut to celebrate the 21st anniversary of the organization of chapters in that great state. The celebration was really wonderful in beauty and dignity, and the record of 21 years of work in Connecticut is something for every loyal Daughter to delight in. I went from Connecticut to lovely Virginia and greatly enjoyed a really fine State Conference in Richmond where the sessions were held in the Senate Chamber of their beautiful Capitol, where stands the original "Houdon" Washington. I left Richmond to go back to an interesting meeting in Buffalo, New York, and then returned to dear Washington and our beloved Continental Hall.

In many of the conferences I was so fortunate as to be accompanied by one or two of our National officers and the National Chairman of our Magazine and our Liquidation Committees; on every occasion where these women spoke good work was done for our Society.

My heart was heavy on my visit to Indianapolis, Indiana, for I went to attend the funeral services of our beloved Honorary President General, Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks. There were thousands who grieved over her loss, and to us who have known her well as an able and high minded leader, a woman of generous heart, clear head, unfailing gentleness and high and pure ideals, the loss is irreparable. We all are better women for having known and loved her. As one of the seven Bishops who officiated, said: "Something beautiful has passed this way and we have seen it." Your gift, a broad wreath of dark bay leaves, tied with a wide white ribbon which bore the name dear to us all, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, in gold letters, was laid with two beautiful silk flags on her casket. One of these precious flags has been returned to our Memorial Continental Hall and now hangs near her portrait, and the other is with her.
My Daughters, I want you to know that I have had in mind continually the great work we all may do, and that this trip, which has been really so happy an experience to me, will, I believe, make all better known to each other and will strengthen the ties of friendship.

Faithfully yours,

DAISY ALLEN STORY, President General, N. S. D. A. R.

(Mrs. William Cumming Story)

It was moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Bassett, that the report of the President General be accepted. Carried.

A recommendation was offered by the President General that in the future all portraits to be given to Memorial Continental Hall, especially those of the ex-President General, as far as possible be of uniform size and shape.

Moved that the recommendations of the President General in regard to the portraits of ex-Presidents General be adopted. Mrs. Sternberg: Mrs. Guernsey. Carried.

Following the discussion regarding dates for holding State Conferences, it was moved that the reports of the officers and the committees be made the regular business of the day. Mrs. Sternberg; Mrs. Guernsey. Carried.

Report of the Recording Secretary General,

From October 1 to November 19.

Madam President General, and members of the National Board of Management:

During the interval since the last Board meeting, of October 1, until now, correspondence by letter and card has been attended to. Acceptances and regrets duly noted on the lists and all other matters demanding the attention of the Recording Secretary General, have been referred to her decision.

Letters of Condolence in cases of bereavement, have been personally written by the Recording Secretary General, as follows—

Mr. George H. Shields, (on the death of his wife).

Mrs. Henry F. Blount (on the death of her son).

Mrs. Julius J. Estey (on the death of her sister).

Miss Alice Finckel (on the death of her sister).

Letters of sympathy to those who have been ill, or had illness in their families, have also been personally written by the Recording Secretary General.

The following members of the Society, have suffered serious accidents, from severe falls: Mrs. George C. Hall, State Regent of Delaware, is unable to attend this Board meeting, on that account. Mrs. Sarah Hall Johnston, has sustained a fractured shoulder, and severe injury to her arm. Mrs. E. Washington Bellamy, of Macon, Georgia, has also suffered from a severe fall.

The Recording Secretary General, has also answered various invitations to attend interesting events, and has given information on various D. A. R. subjects.

Invitations have been received for the November 19th Board meeting, as follows:

Mrs. Sheppard W. Foster, State Regent of Georgia; Mrs. William H. Crosby, Vice-President General, Wisconsin; Mrs. Joseph A. De Boer, State Regent, Vermont; Mrs. George C. Hall, State Regent, of Delaware; Mrs. George O. Jenkins, State Regent, Massachusetts; Mrs. C. C. Goss, State Regent, New Hampshire; Mrs. Edwin H. Van Ostrand, State Regent, Wisconsin; Mrs. R. H. Cunningham, Vice-President General, Kentucky; Mrs. Thomas Kite, Vice-President General, Ohio, Mrs. Joseph V. Allen, State Regent, Alabama; Mrs. Arthur Maxwell Parker, State Regent, of Michigan; Mrs. Winfield S. Tarbell, State Regent, Colorado; Mrs. Harold R. Howell, State Regent, Iowa; Mrs. W. H. Thompson, State Regent, Ky.; Mrs. Harry Hyman, State Regent, Texas; Mrs. C. M. Williamson, Vice-President General, of Miss.; Mrs. Clovia H. Bowen, State Regent, Rhode Island; Mrs. Ben. F. Gray, Jr., Vice-President General, Mo.; Mrs. Thomas Day, Vice-President General, from Tenn.; Mrs. I. N. Chapman, State Regent, of California.

On October 18, the invitation to attend the National Conversation Congress to be held in Washington, D. C., November 18-19-20, was received, and a response written by the Recording Secretary General.

Invitation to attend the Seventeenth Annual State Conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Wisconsin, held in La Crosse, Wisconsin, October 14-15, 1913.

Invitation to attend a celebration in honor of their Twenty-first anniversary as Organized Chapters, of the National Society in Hartford, Conn., has been received from the Daughters of the American Revolution, in the State of Connecticut.

An Historical Register of Officers of the Continental Army, During the War of the Revolution, by Francis B. Heitman, has been received.

At the October meeting, the Board authorized the Recording Secretary General, to send a letter to Miss Mary E. Springer, Regent of the Havana Chapter, advising her that Mrs. William Libbey, Vice-President General from New Jersey, would soon pay a visit to Havana, and would be pleased to meet some of the Daughters living there. In response the Recording Secretary General has received a letter from Miss Springer, which is here given in part:

70 Linea Vedado,
Habana, Cuba.

"My Dear Mrs. Boyle:

"I have appointed November 21 for our first social meeting at my residence, we shall be glad to have Mrs. William Libbey as our guest of honor on that occasion. With cordial greetings to you, as well as to our President General, Mrs. William Cumming Story, and the National Board."

"Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) "M. E. SPRINGER.

"Regent, Havana Chapter, D. A. R., Cuba."

Received from Mrs. (Thomas H.) Charlotte S. Boorman a Song set to music, "America the Beautiful" (music by William C. MacFarlane, words by Katharine Lee Bates). The song is beautiful in every way, and Mrs. Boorman hopes it may be sung at the next Conti-
nental Congress. It certainly is worthy to be

given this distinction.

A circular letter and leaflet, from Sophie

Lee Foster, State Regent, of Georgia, regarding

a book she has just compiled, entitled, "Revolutionary Reader," has been received. The in-
dex of the "Reader," gives promise that the

storiettes between the covers, will be instruc-
tive and interesting to all patriotic Americans,

whether young or old.

A program has been received the title of which is,

"American Songs of Yesterday and To-
day" these songs were sung by Bessie Wil-

liams, (Mrs. Guy Bevier Williams) in Berlin,

Germany, last April, at a meeting of the

American Woman's Club.

Year Books have been received from the fol-

lowing Chapters:

"Columbus Chapter," D. A. R., of Ohio.

"Jane Randolph Jefferson Chapter." of Jeff-

erson City, Mo.


"Wenonah" Chapter, Winona, Wisconsin.

"Mohawk Valley" Chapter, Ilion, New York.

"John Eager Howard" Chapter, Baltimore, Md.

"Colorado Chapter," of Denver, Colo.

"Santa Fe Trail," of Trinidad, Colo.

Year Book, of District of Columbia, D. A. R.

The Daughters of Iowa, and the Regent of

"Council Bluffs" Chapter, Iowa, present the

Charters signed

liams, (Mrs. Guy Bevier Williams) in Berlin,

office 113

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tionary Reader," has been received. The in-

volved in the "Reader," gives promise that the

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Charters signed

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office 113

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tionary Reader," has been received. The in-

}
and I desire through the Magazine to thank the chapters sending same.

Respectfully submitted,

MRS. JULIUS C. BURROWS,
Corresponding Secretary General,
N. S. D. A. R.

Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Brant, that the report of the Corresponding Secretary General be accepted. Carried.

It was then moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Brumbaugh, and carried that the letters received by the Corresponding Secretary General in regard to the formation of a second chapter in San Antonio, Texas, be referred to the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Recommendations presented by the Registrar General were referred upon. The matter of transfer of Certificate clerk was referred to the Building & Grounds Committee. The action of the Registrar General in refusing to give a permit for a bar bearing a civilian title, was sustained. It was also recommended by the Registrar General that copies of papers for the completion of chapter files be granted to the chapter registrars, or upon their order. Moved by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Yardley, and carried, that the recommendation of the Registrar General be adopted, regarding completing of Chapter files of Registrars in Chapters.

Report of the Registrar General, N. S.

D. A. R., November 19, 1913.

Madam President General, Members of the National Board of Management, I have the honor to report the following:

Applications presented to the board... 1,204
Supplemental applications verified ... 263
Original papers returned unverified... 12
Supplemental papers returned unverified 56
Permits for the Insignia issued .... 348
Permits for the Ancestral Bars issued 233
Applications of Real Daughters presented 0
Number of Letters, including Duplicate Papers issued ... 2,241
Number of Cards issued ... 1,802
Original Papers examined, and not yet verified ... 409
Supplemental Papers examined and not yet verified ... 705
New Records voted ... 206
Certificates issued ... 0
Original Papers awaiting Notary’s Seal ... 7
Supplemental Papers awaiting Notary’s Seal ... 5
Total number of Papers verified ... 1,479
Number of Applications copied... 90—$22.50
Number of Lists copied ... 0

Respectfully submitted.

CATHERINE E. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Brant, that the Recording Secretary General be empowered to cast the ballot for the new members presented by Registrar General. Mrs. Orton: Mrs. Brant. Carried.

On motion it was voted at 1.30 p. m. to take a recess for luncheon. Mrs. Sternberg, as hostess, made the announcement that if any of the ladies present had not received their invitations for her luncheon, about to be served in Banquet Hall, it was the fault of the postman, as invitations had been sent to all the members of the National Board.

The afternoon session was called to order by the President General at 3 p.m.

Report of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management.

I ask for the confirmation of Mrs. Anthony Wayne Cook, of Brookfield, Penna., who was elected State Vice Regent to fill the vacancy in that office caused by the death of the State Regent and consequent promotion to that office of the then Vice Regent, Miss Overton.

Through their respective State Regents the following chapter Regents are presented for confirmation.

Mrs. Mabel Hempstead Curtis, of Covina, Cal.
Mrs. Martha Fan Purdon, of Los Angeles, Cal.
Mrs. Louise Tyrrell Fogle, of Bourbon, Ind.
Mrs. Sallie McCullers Stedman Hearn, of Eaton- ton, Ga.
Miss Harriette A. Person, of Fort Gibson, Miss.
Mrs. Mary Watts Bradley, of Elmerry, Mo.
Mrs. Jessie White Bradshaw, of Edina, Mo.
Miss Georgia Richards, of Troy, Mo.
Mrs. Martha Hampton Revis Tinsdale, of Sweet Springs, Mo.
Mrs. Lela Martin Wright, of La Belle, Mo.
Mrs. Emma Page Tracy, of Albany, Ora.
Mrs. Janet Davis Tripp, of Yankton, S. D.
Mrs. Dickie Lee Wright Shipp, of Casper, Wyo.
Mrs. Mollie Price Brosius, of Gallatin, Mo.
Mrs. Elizabeth Wooten Cline, of Wharton, Tex.
Mrs. Lida Eastman Torbet, of Chicago, Ill.
Also the reappointment as Organizing Regents of:
Mrs. Harriet West Bragg, La Junta, Colo.
Mrs. Gertrude Robinson, of Monte Vista, Colo.
Mrs. Caroline Mallett Hooper Moorehead, of Ocala, Fla.
Mrs. Mae E. Jackson, of Wendell, Id.
Mrs. Mallie Bowling Glenn, of Norman, Okla.

The Board is asked to authorize the formation of chapters at:
Missoula, Montana.

The "Barnard" Chapter at New York City, New York, through their State Regent wishes to be officially disbanded by the National Board.

The following Regencies have expired by time limitation:

Mrs. Minnie L. A. Walker Wilcox, of Abiline, Kans.
MRS. CORA KEITH, of Timmonsville, S. C.

The "Frederick William Gray" Chapter, of Anniston, Alabama, asks permission of the Board to change their name to the "Fort Strother" Chapter, because of its historic significance.

The "Indianapolis" Chapter, of Indianapolis, Indiana, asks permission of the Board for the use of the name "Cornelia Cole Fairbanks." She was the warm personal friend of all the members of this Chapter and they wish to honor her memory by naming the chapter for her.
Organizing Regents Commissions issued 12
Charters issued 12
Letters received 238
Letters written 276
Catalogue Report
Officers lists received 241
Officers lists written for 214
Members cards filed 1410
Changes 1059
Deaths 225
Dropped for non-payment of dues 156
Dropped by own request 39
Resigned 147
Reinstated 17
Marriages 212
Actual membership 70079
Admitted membership 103481
Respectfully submitted,
FRANCES INGRAHAM MANN.

Mrs. Lawrence requested the consideration of the appointment as organizing regent at Mason, Illinois, of Mrs. Sarah Wharton of Edgewood, Illinois, and Mrs. Guernsey asked for the appointment of Mrs. Victoria O. Philips of Pittsburg, Kansas, and Mrs. Josephine P. Wickwire of Larned, Kansas, as organizing regents.

Moved, that report of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters with recommendations be accepted. Mrs. Brumbaugh: Mrs. Guernsey. Carried.

REPORT OF TREASURER GENERAL.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to submit the following report of receipts and disbursements from October 1st to 31st, 1913.

CURRENT FUND.
Balance in Bank at last report, September 30th, 1913 $16,975.54
RECEIPTS.
Annual dues $2,317.00 less $122.00 refunded $2,195.00
Initiation Fees $887.00 less $17.00 refunded 870.00
Current Interest 31.23
D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution 1.65
Directory 5.14
Duplicate Papers and Lists 24.60
Early History 6.58
Exchange .64
Hand Books 31.05
Lineage Books .10
Magazine .90
"Proceedings," 22nd Congress 6.87
Ribbon 6.27
Slot Machine 36.80
Statute Book .15
Telephone 1.95
Total Receipts 3,217.67
$20,193.31

EXPENDITURES.
OFFICE OF PRESIDENT GENERAL,
Clerical service $90.00
Postage 14.30
Telegrams 2.86 107.16

OFFICE OF VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL,
Clerical service 185.00
Postal scale 3.25
Repairing typewriter 4.50 192.75

OFFICE OF RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL.
Clerical service 175.00
Reporting Board Meeting June 4th 65.00
Reporting Continental Hall Committee Meeting—June 10.00 250.00

OFFICE OF CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL.
Clerical service 75.00
Postage 20.00 95.00

OFFICE OF REGISTRAR GENERAL.
Clerical service $590.00
Premium on bonds—three clerks 4.38 594.38

CERTIFICATE.
Clerical service 75.00
10,000 Seals 18.67 93.67

OFFICE OF TREASURER GENERAL.
Clerical service 595.00
30,000 Transmittal blanks 124.00 719.00
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Department/Office</th>
<th>Expenses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Clerical service</strong></td>
<td>160.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Typewriting</strong></td>
<td>1.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Clerical service</strong></td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Genealogical Department&quot;</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subscription &quot;The Record&quot;</strong></td>
<td>4.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Clerical service</strong></td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Extra clerical service</strong></td>
<td>21.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Messenger boy’s salary</strong></td>
<td>22.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>16,000 stamped envelopes</strong></td>
<td>368.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Supplies</strong></td>
<td>43.06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Committee, Revolutionary Relics, Postage</strong></td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Welfare Women and Children, Postage&quot;</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expense Continental Hall</strong></td>
<td>537.21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Superintendent</strong></td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mechanic</strong></td>
<td>63.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Watchman</strong></td>
<td>61.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Guide</strong></td>
<td>54.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Telephone Operator</strong></td>
<td>35.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cleaners</strong></td>
<td>191.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Electric Current</strong></td>
<td>60.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>15 tons coal</strong></td>
<td>91.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Water rent</strong></td>
<td>9.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total service</strong></td>
<td>6.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ice</strong></td>
<td>7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rubber boots</strong></td>
<td>5.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Linoleum and packing</strong></td>
<td>9.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Connections for telephone</strong></td>
<td>1.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Pains, oils, alcohol and wax</strong></td>
<td>20.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Repairing roof</strong></td>
<td>58.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Repairing portrait of John Marshall</strong></td>
<td>10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Printing Machine</strong></td>
<td>780.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ink</strong></td>
<td>2.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Type</strong></td>
<td>2.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cards, electro and composition, Recording Secretary</strong></td>
<td>14.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cards, General Office</strong></td>
<td>6.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>List</strong></td>
<td>2.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cards and guides, Editor.</strong></td>
<td>1.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Telegram, Editor</strong></td>
<td>2.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Salary—Editor and Clerk</strong></td>
<td>100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expense &quot;Notes and Queries&quot;</strong></td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Printing and mailing September number</strong></td>
<td>640.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Support Real Daughters</strong></td>
<td>328.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment</strong></td>
<td>328.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Typewriters, Vice President General, Recording Secre-</strong></td>
<td>217.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>tary, Treasurer General, and General Office</strong></td>
<td>217.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>State Regent, Georgia</strong></td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Missouri&quot;</td>
<td>55.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Virginia&quot;</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>State Regent, Georgia</strong></td>
<td>65.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>STATIONERY—NATIONAL OFFICERS AND GENERAL OFFICE.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>President General</strong></td>
<td>9.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>General Office</strong></td>
<td>24.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>STATIONERY—STATE REGENTS.</strong></td>
<td>34.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>State Regent, Georgia</strong></td>
<td>6.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Missouri&quot;</td>
<td>4.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;New Hampshire&quot;</td>
<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&quot;Oregon&quot;</td>
<td>3.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Telephone</strong></td>
<td>18.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Telephone service and toll</strong></td>
<td>26.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>RIBBON</strong></td>
<td>26.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>3 bolts D. A. R. Ribbon</strong></td>
<td>9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TWENTY-SECOND CONGRESS.</strong></td>
<td>9.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>1,600 Copies Historian General’s Annual Report</strong></td>
<td>52.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TWENTY-SECOND CONGRESS.</strong></td>
<td>52.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
TWENTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

Postage and printing 250 envelopes (Transportation Committee) ........................................ 6.00

Total Disbursements ........................................................................................................ 6.00

Balance on hand October 31, 1913 ................................................................................. $14,947.19

EMILY NELSON RITCHIE MCLEAN HISTORICAL FUND.

As at last report, September 30, 1913 ........................................................................ 1,425.50

FRANCO-AMERICAN FUND

As at last report, September 30, 1913 ........................................................................ 206.55

oglethorpe Memorial School Fund.

RECEIPTS.

State Conference, Ga ......................................................... $50.00
Mrs. Sheppard W. Foster, State Regent, Ga ................................ 10.00
Augusta Chapter, Ga ......................................................... 5.00
Brunswick Chapter, Ga .................................................... 185.11
Council of Safety Chapter, Ga ........................................... 2.00
Mrs. William B. Short, Council of Safety Chapter, Ga ................. 1.00
Elijah Clark Chapter, Ga .................................................... 5.00
John Houston Chapter, Ga ................................................ 5.00
Lyman Hall Chapter, Ga ................................................... 6.50
Mary Hammond Washington Chapter, Ga ............................... 5.00
Mrs. William L. Ellis, Mary Hammond Washington Chapter, Georgia ... 25.00
Savannah Chapter, Ga ....................................................... 5.00
Mrs. J. C. Redding, Ga ...................................................... 20.00

PHILIPPINE SCHOLARSHIP FUND.

As at last report, September 30, 1913 ........................................................................ 67.00

On deposit in National Metropolitan Bank ........................................................................ $16,975.85

PETRIOTIC EDUCATION FUND.

RECEIPTS.

Miss Edna Woodruff, Hannah Woodruff Chapter, Conn ...................... $50.00
Fielding Lewis Chapter, Ga .................................................. 28.00
Port Armstrong Chapter, Ill .................................................. 5.00
Greyson du Lhut Chapter, Minn .............................................. 10.00
Montana Chapters, Mont .................................................... 50.00
Gen. Frelinghuyseh Chapter, N. J ........................................... 20.00
Nova Caesarea Chapter, N. J .................................................. 50.00
Salamanca Chapter, N. Y ..................................................... 5.00
Ohio Chapters, Ohio ............................................................ 11.00
Chester County Chapter, Pa .................................................. 52.00
Cumberland County Chapter, Pa ............................................ 30.00
Donegal Chapter, Pa ............................................................ 10.00
Col. Thomas McCrory Chapter, Tenn ....................................... 5.00
Mary Isham Keith Chapter, Tex ............................................ 10.00
Fort Nelson Chapter, Va ...................................................... 10.00

DISBURSEMENTS.

Berry School, Ga ............................................................... $93.00
W. C. T. U. Settlement School, Ky .......................................... 30.00
Pine Mountain School, Ky .................................................... 10.00
Maryville College, Tenn ...................................................... 152.00
Tennessee D. A. E. School, Tenn ............................................... 5.00
Mountain Missions, Va ....................................................... 10.00
Southern Industrial Educational Association............................... 30.00
Mrs. Ida V. Woodbury, Field Secretary .................................... 16.00

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in Bank at last report September 30, 1913 ......................... $4,747.52

RECEIPTS.

Charter Fees ........................................................................... $22.00
Life Membership Fees ................................................................ 487.50
### CONTINENTAL HALL CONTRIBUTIONS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Francis Marion Chapter, Ala.</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Georgia Chapters, Ga.</td>
<td>$7.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fielding Lewis Chapter, Ga.</td>
<td>$8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Benning Chapter, Ga.</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stephen Decatur Chapter, Ill.</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gen. Francis Marion Chapter, Ind.</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Massachusetts Chapters—marking Column Mas.</td>
<td>$7.54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mercy Hathaway White Chapter, N. H.</td>
<td>$6.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parsippanong Chapter—Penny a day, N. J.</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benjamin Prescott Chapter—Penny a day, N.Y.</td>
<td>$7.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lowville Chapter, N. Y.</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Elizabeth Montfort Asle Chapter, N. C.</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington Court House Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canonsburg Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mohannon Chapter, Pa.</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esther McCrory Chapter, Tex.</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Palestrello Chapter, Vt</td>
<td>$26.69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dorothea Henry Chapter—act. Bust, Va.</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$263.33</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Commission on

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Insignia</td>
<td>$42.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recognition Pins</td>
<td>$14.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shields</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spoons</td>
<td>$39.72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest on Bonds</td>
<td>$45.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Receipts</strong></td>
<td><strong>$915.55</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### EXPENDITURES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Caroline Scott Harrison Scholarship (Berry School—Ga.)</td>
<td>$862.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance on hand October 31, 1913</td>
<td>$4,800.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On deposit in American Security &amp; Trust Company Bank</td>
<td>$4,800.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash balance on deposit in Bank October 31, 1913</td>
<td>$4,800.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Permanent Investment, Chicago &amp; Alton Bonds</td>
<td>$2,314.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Permanent Fund, Cash and Investment</strong></td>
<td><strong>$7,115.81</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Ladies, the following statement is an innovation and a little out of the ordinary, but the Treasurer General desires that you know the work of this office aside from money matters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Work performed</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accounts posted</td>
<td>1080</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Addresses changed</td>
<td>139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Application papers marked paid</td>
<td>12,069</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Applicants' cards made</td>
<td>875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chapter records transferred</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Checks drawn</td>
<td>163</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deaths recorded</td>
<td>225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dropped notices mailed</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dropped from Chapters recorded</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dropped from Society recorded</td>
<td>395</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letters received</td>
<td>1,012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letters written</td>
<td>618</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letters referred from other offices</td>
<td>285</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lists compiled</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marriages recorded</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Members marked paid</td>
<td>941</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Chapters recorded</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Members recorded</td>
<td>1,410</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts issued</td>
<td>1,049</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reinstatements to Chapters and Society</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remittance blanks mailed</td>
<td>1,520</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Dr. Johnson's familiar words,—"That among the ruins of Iona.

I have felt in traversing so many historical States, of late, and hearing so much of the past made glorious by the lives and deeds of our forefathers, that it would indeed be a poor American whose patriotism would not gain force on the plains of Bunker Hill or whose piety would not grow warmer among the ruins of old Jamestown.

After returning from a trip to the New Jersey, Illinois and North Carolina State Conferences and being in constant touch with the work of Maryland, I am more than ever thankful for all the germs of suggestions, practical ideas, aids to development and encouragements to continuance in our lines of research and preservation of American records, that are coming to me day by day in increasing volume. To be Historian General, among so many active helpers is not to tramp the commonplace treadmill of an average charge, where there is nothing to evoke strenuous thinking. It is, too, an inspiring office in its potentiality, to rally a thousand Chapter Historians and perhaps many others to the call of historic research.

In every State visited, I found the great work of our Society entered upon in no more earnest, conscientious, intelligent and productive way than in the realm of research and preservation of historical data. If I asked many questions in my sojourning, as a Yankee should do, I always drew upon a store of popular information not always set down in guide books, and shared many times the enjoyment that came from lively anecdotes of "folks" and times and customs of early eastern, western and southern towns. Many good suggestions have come into my office and are embodied in the circular which should have been out in October,

Moved, that the report of the Treasurer General be accepted as read. Mrs. Brant: Mrs. Orton. Carried.

Report of the Auditing Committee.
Madam President General and Members of the Board:
The Reports of the American Audit Company for the months of September and October, 1913, have been received by the Auditing Committee. The Auditor states that the Cash, Checks, and Vouchers, to the full amount of the fund were found, and that the Finance Book was reconciled with the records of the Treasurer General's Office.

Respectfully submitted,
A. LEUBERT,
Vice-President.

The Chairman of the Auditing Committee being unavoidably absent, the Vice-Chairman makes this Report.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. W. H.) EILEEN F. WANAMAKER,
Vice-Chairman for Auditing Committee.

Moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Richardson, and carried, that the report of the Audit Committee be accepted.

Historian General's Report.
National Board of Management, November 19, 1913.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

Before I give my regular report, I want to make special mention of the gifts that have come to me from Georgia in the presentation of nine volumes of most valuable records of that State. I consider these books one of the choicest presents we have had and beg that they be placed in our library for reference works.

The next great gift is in the remarkable work done by Fall River Chapter, Massachusetts, in the copying of the earliest Intentions or Marriage Records, which work has been done for the National Committee on Historical Research. I also wish to thank the President General for her most complimentary tribute to my addresses made at the various State Conferences where we met as National Officers.

"To survey mankind from China to Peru" with one's own eyes is certainly the cultural equivalent for a great many college courses or other formal endeavors to gain an education. To quote Dr. Johnson's familiar words,—"That man is little to be envied whose patriotism would not gain force upon the plain of Marathon, or whose piety would not grow warmer among the ruins of Iona."

The Treasurer General reported total deceased, 149; resigned, 81; dropped, 68; reinstated, 19.

Respectfully submitted,
OLIVE POWELL RANSDELL,
Treasurer General,
N. S. D. A. R.
after valuable of other kinds. It is perhaps no secret now, that the government is entering more actively into co-operating with us in the revivifying of ancient records of naval bases and urging a search for more complete records of the services of our naval heroes. Again the history of the people and towns which marked the old trails would make a most valuable and unique series of stories for our Magazine and furnish adequate study for our keenest researchers.

I should like to see a series of articles written in our Chapters from a careful analysis of Year Books in great new States like Colorado and Oregon, or great old States like New York or Ohio. How great a work it would be to tell the story of pioneering and civilization brought out in Texas, Alabama, Kansas and the part played in it by the frontier preachers.

After the public school which is well nigh swamped by increasing demand, the churches are doing most to get through the maze and jungle of misery, ignorance, and sin given us by a million a year, by modern immigration and the growth of the modern city.

This new spirit stirring throughout our Society for conserving America's past, as well as doing our full duty toward enriching her present, calls upon us today with clear voice to grow together as States, to preserve the Union now by mutual understanding and cooperation,—a Union that was formed, constituted and cemented at so great a price.

This Society which seeks to know the history not only of its country's defenders, but to what purpose and for what country they laid down their lives, needs give special attention to the study of history and to aid this office of its Historian General in the broadening of its services as a suggestive agency in Chapter work along historic lines. The hope is to have clear cut constructive policies set forth whereby research work in its manifold forms may be successfully carried out by trained experts as well as by the generous contributions of time and toil in the more prosaic and less showy, but magnificent service of copying accurately the fast fading and crumbling records in church and court house.

It is also possible for each chapter or through its historian to present to the law-makers of the State, the formulated appeal for the saving of the County, and State Records. When an expert is necessary to copy records, the chapter might give support to one of the greatest works, not of our Society alone, but of the day we live in, by joining forces with other chapters of but little means and pay an expert to translate or copy valuable records.

In Frederick County, Maryland, there is a list of Patriots signed by the hand of Thomas Johnson, John Ross Key, Thomas Gaunt, Jr., with handwriting still perfect and capable still of photographing. In another county I know of, the Marriage Records of some of the oldest families of the State, 1771-83, are just rolled together and placed under a desk and yet might be copied by any willing Daughter in a few days time. The records of the militia, of marriage licenses, the indexing of wills, I still call for, and for all the United States Records crying out for preservation. Delaware records are not in good shape; Virginia records are near ruin for a little attention, North Carolina is beginning a great work; other States are arousing to work right here in our midst, at our door.

I firmly believe that the heart of our activities is the historical significance of our organization. The heart is away in the interior of the organization. If the veins and arteries lie idle the circulation stagnates and the heart suffers. As the nation must conserve the stream it is equally necessary for the States to supplement the work of the nation and cities and their inhabitants must co-operate. So with us, we must conserve American ideals; the State must supplement and the chapters cooperate. From our slumbering inattention and phlegmatic ignorance and unconcern about our own American history, we must be brought to realize how necessary it is for the truly equipped American to know his country in a fuller way than by outline knowledge and a smattering of dates.

In Georgia the Historic Post Card Committee is bringing the historical places of the State to the notice of the people and familiarizing the youth of Georgia with the names of distinguished men and women who made history live.

The institution of State Editors who are requesting of State Daughters contributions which lay stress on the unwritten history of the State and who give importance to story and incident of the Revolution, are agents of great good not only in the States, but in a wider realm and this one development of historical research work alone is a magnificent contribution to the accumulating worth of our Society as an historical investigating committee.

Many projects are in the making for our advancing needs and claims for workers and on workers. Some of them will involve special training and the elaboration of organization that comes with growth.

The evidence of practical application, of a supply to a demand, comes to us in the most courteous proffer of the Program on United States History, presented by the Literature Committee of the General Federation of Woman's Clubs and the Pennsylvania State College outline of "American History in American Literature" which makes a combination course of attractive and general reading in American History that will be available to all who care to follow it. The courses will be published in the November circular already referred to. Later programs will follow as prepared by distinguished scholars.

All gifts of copied manuscript, originals and photographs are finding their proper file and place in the historical archives and public acknowledgement of each will be made when a list shall be published.

In conclusion I would ask your leader in this one specific line of work, recall to my own thought as to yours, the plea of Webster for de-
votion to those great objects that are fit for our consideration, and our action, "I would raise my conception to the magnitude and the importance of the duties that devolve upon me,—hoping that my comprehension might be as broad as the country, for which I act and my aspiration as high as its certain destiny."

MARY COOLEY BASSETT,
Historian General,
N. S. D. A. R.

November 19, 1913.

Moved by Mrs. Mann, seconded by Mrs. Johnson, and carried, that report of Historian General be accepted.

Mrs. Brumbaugh also presented seven volumes for the Library.

Report of Assistant Historian General.

November 19, 1913.

I have no formal report to give, but I have two statements to make. Early in October I sent out 1,380 blanks to Chapter Regents and State Regents asking for reports from the States and from the chapters for the Smithsonian Report. I have only received in all a little over 600 answers, and I want to emphasize the fact right here that the Assistant Historian General is calling for the balance of the blanks—that they are to be returned to me at once with information required, as they are needed.

Having just discovered that through some oversight the usual order for 200 copies of the last Report had not been placed when the copy was sent to the printer, I have been doing everything in my power to secure as many copies as possible for the use of our Business Office. It has been stated that even with 200 copies we never had as many as we needed, and if it is not possible to get this number many files will be left incomplete. With the assistance of Senator Pomerene of Ohio, I am hoping we may be able to get some of the copies allotted to Senators and Representatives. Daughters can help in this effort by writing to their representatives in Congress and asking for one or more copies, asking that they be sent to the Business Office of Memorial Continental Hall.

Respectfully submitted,
MARY ANDERSON ORTON,
Assistant Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

On motion of Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Brumbaugh, it was carried that the report of Assistant Historian General be accepted.

Report of Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

November 19, 1913.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to report the following accessions since the Board Meeting of October 1:

BOOKS.


William Wells and his descendants 1755-1909. By Frederick Howard Wells. F. H. Wells, Albany, N. Y.


The last three received in exchange from the New York Genealogical and Biographical Society.


Obituary notices of Revolutionary soldiers found in various newspapers from 1844-1854.

Names of Revolutionary soldiers at one time residents of Seneca County, N. Y. The last two presented by Miss Janet McK. Cowing.


Side-light on Maryland history with sketches of early Maryland families. By Hester Dorsey Howard Chapter.


The last two presented by Mrs. Eleanor Seldon Washington Howard.

Pamphlets.

Descendants of Thomas Beach of Milford, Conn. By Mary E. Beach. Cass, Lockwood & Brainard Co., Hartford, 1912.


The above three received from the New York Genealogical & Biographical Society in exchange.


Bulletin of the Public Library of the city of Boston, June, 1913.

Maine Genealogical Society Reports, January, 1911. The last two presented by Mrs. Amos G. Draper.


Periodicals.

Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine. October.

Mayflower Descendants. July, October.

Medford Historical Register. July, October.

National Genealogical Society Quarterly.


Somerset County, N. J., Historical Quarterly. October.

Southwestern Historical Quarterly. October.

Virginia Magazine of History & Biography. October.

William and Mary College Quarterly. October.

The above list comprises 37 books, pamphlets and 12 periodicals; 20 books were presented, 13 received in exchange and 5 purchased, 5 pamphlets were presented, 3 received in exchange.

Respectfully submitted,

Mrs. M. L. Sternberg,
Librarian General.

November 19, 1913.

Moved by Mrs. Mann, seconded by Mrs. Lawrence, and carried that report of Librarian General be accepted and printed in Magazine.

Mrs. Sternberg then read her report of the Genealogical Research Department, as follows:

Report of Genealogical Research Department.

November 19, 1913.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have the honor to make the first report of the work accomplished in our new Genealogical Research Department since its inception.

Copied tombstone inscriptions from cemetery in Mansfield Centre, Conn.

Copied tombstone inscriptions from cemetery in North Mansfield, Conn.

Copied tombstone inscriptions from cemetery in Columbus, Conn.

Copied tombstone inscriptions from cemetery in Gurley Burying Ground.

Made copy of the Transcript of the Marriage and Baptismal Records of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the Boght Colonie, N. Y.

Copied Genealogical Tables and Biographical Notes of the Witherspoon Family.

Under supervision of Mrs. Smoot made and verified complete inventory of the furniture and all detachable articles in Memorial Continental Hall.
Assisted the official stenographer for four weeks (one week until six p. m., and for three Saturdays until five thirty p. m.) in alphabetizing, copying and verifying names and addresses on the President General’s committee lists.

Addressed envelopes for four days for personal notifications sent out by the Recording Secretary General, to newly elected members.

Acted as substitute for ten days in the Corresponding Secretary General’s office, sending out supplies, and in addition mailing amendments to all Chapter Regents.

Clerical service for Building and Grounds Committee.

Clerical service for President General.

Arranged ancestors’ cards, which were made by Mrs. Gertrude Bascom Darwin, and presented to this department by her husband.

Copied pension records.

Addressed envelopes for notices of meeting of Magazine Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

M. L. STERNBERG,

Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

November 19, 1913.

On motion of Mrs. Burrows, seconded by Mrs. Richardson, it was carried that Mrs. Sternber’s report on the new Genealogical Research Department be accepted.

Report of Finance Committee, N. S. D. A. R.

Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

In order to comply with a motion passed at the last Board meeting, relating to the suggestions of the Auditor, published in the July magazine, the Chairman of the Finance Committee met the Auditor, Mr. Luethke, for a conference the day after the Board meeting. He frankly acknowledged that the report in the Magazine had been quite mystifying to him. I informed him of the action of the Board and asked him to send one of his auditors to the Committee the day of our meeting in order that he might explain such points as were not easily grasped by the members of the Committee, who were to take action on the suggestions. He said he hoped his suggestions would be favorably considered and after a short talk he expressed his willingness to comply with my request, and, I remarked to him that I hoped we would be able to settle all questions satisfactorily and install a system that would be in the interest of the organization for saving time and money.

As the Treasurer General was prevented by illness from being present it was thought advisable to have the Bookkeeper and the Chief Clerk (Miss Marshall) from the Treasurer General’s office appear before the Committee in order to learn from them what good would be accomplished for their offices by the adoption of certain numbers of these suggestions.

The Committee gave time and close attention to the work and the results are as follows:

1. “Change of date of meetings of National Board of Management. (Previously disposed of at the Board meeting by the President General.)

2. “That the Assets and Liabilities be placed on the books in order that the same might at all times reflect what the Society owns as well as owes.”

This was carried.

The discussion of this measure brought out the facts that such a record would show the total value of real estate and personal property, but would not show liabilities for bills and rebates.

3. “That a Suspense account and a Suspense bank account be opened to provide for proper recording of monies received of which immediate disposition cannot be made.”

This was not adopted.

This money scarcely ever amounts to more than ten dollars, which is held for fees and dues and permission for copying application papers.

4. “That receipt blanks, one for Chapters, one for members-at-large and one for general use be provided whereby duplication in recording of receipts of Chapters and members, and individuals, will be eliminated and considerable time and space be saved.”

This was adopted.

5. “That a loose leaf ledger be adopted for Chapter accounts.” Action at the first meeting postponed.

At a later meeting, November 15, this was again taken up and discussed at great length. It was the opinion of the Bookkeeper and Miss Marshall, from the Treasurer General’s office, that such a system would save the time generally given to indexing a new ledger every year, and in time give more room in the shelving space in the vault. The Auditor was asked numberless questions in regard to the backing of the loose leaf ledger and the possibility of leaves being lost or abstracted. He said that loss of leaf or abstraction of leaf was rare, and that loss of leaf would doubtless lead to a great deal of work, but that leaves could be reproduced from original records. The Chairman had previously learned from Mr. Charles J. Bell that the key to the loose leaf ledger is usually kept by a confidential clerk and not confided to the keeping of the bookkeeper. Enquiry developed that the present system employed in the Treasurer General’s office had been examined by expert auditors and their opinion had been that our present system could not be improved upon, as much of our system has been developed by long experience in the work of our organization.

After an exhaustive discussion it was moved and carried that the Chairman should report that the Committee was not sufficiently advised in regard to the benefit of the loose leaf ledger and that we recommend the system now in use be continued.

6. “That a more appropriate voucher for payment of bills be devised and put in use.”
Was not adopted.  
This would almost double the work to face the voucher as proposed.  
Of the suggestions which had been post-poned No. 7 was then taken up.  
7. "That a standard book be specially de-vised to take care of Chanter accounts and ordered used by Chapter Treasurers."

After a lively discussion by the Chapter Regents present it was the consensus of opinion that it would be a good thing, but it would be practically impossible to get chapters to conform to the use of it.

Aid is now given Chapter Treasurers through a model sent in paying from the Treasurer General's office.

This suggestion was not adopted.

8. "That the National Board determine whether or not the present check of the receipts of the Society be sufficient and assume responsibility therefor."

In reply to this the following motion was made and carried.

"That having employed competent au-ditors the National Board should not be held responsible for the sufficiency of the present check on the receipts of the Society."

At present five record clerks check accurately all money received from Chapter work, and members-at-large. Further checking is done by the Credentia Committee before each Congress, this, count agreeing with reports sent by the chapters. Extra checking would, it was stated, retard work as the record books are in constant use.

The Auditor suggested that April 1, 1914, would be the best date to place Assets and Liabilities upon the books. In the meantime a ledger and journal should be provided and the furnishing and equipment, Lineage Books on figures will be available in April.

zine. The following motion was made by Mrs. E. W. God-ward, awarded in the recent membership contest, full value of Memorial Continental Hall, grounds, would be the best date to place Assets and Auditors had made enquiry as to what hand, etc., etc., should be arrived at so that the money should be used in paying the prizes in the page announcement of which was made in the March number of the American Monthly Maga-

nism. The Finance Committee congrat-

ululated the President General upon this happy thought.  
Mrs. Ludlow, of the Building and Grounds Committee, presented a request that the gift of money to Mr. Lewis be withheld as it was necessary to have action or amendment of the motion in order to deal properly with it. Mrs. Ludlow also read a report in which she stated that there had been a request to the Building and Grounds Committee for an increase of Clerk's salaries, and in this connection pre-sented a most interesting table of figures showing the ratio of clerks to our membership and their cost to the Society from the Year 1900. A motion was made and discussion had which resulted in the adoption of the follow-

ing:

"I move that a Committee be appointed by the President General to devise a fixed system of equalization as to number and salaries of all clerks employed by the Society."

I recommend that the Board take favor-

able action on this matter.

At the meeting of the Finance Committee, held on October 1, the following motion was made and passed:

"That all moneys paid out by the So-

ciety be paid by check and drawn by the Treasurer General. Such checks to be drawn payable to the order of the person or persons rendering the service or supplies to the society—that is all checks for clerical service shall be drawn to the indi

vidual clerk rendering the service and that bills incurred for supplies of the society be drawn to the firm or firms that supply the same."  
I recommend the adoption of this motion.

As the matter relating to the consider-

ing of the suggestions of the Auditor was re-

ferred to the Finance Committee with power to act I report the action of the Committee to the Board for its information, and not for further action.

During the month of October the Finance Committee has approved bills to the amount of $5,747.91, the principal item being:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Payroll, Clerical</th>
<th>$2,910.00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Employee's House</td>
<td>$27.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Stenographic Services</td>
<td>$3,926.80</td>
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<td>Total</td>
<td>$6,721.00</td>
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In looking over the minutes I find that in July instructions were given to have our ex-
hibit go to the San Francisco-Panama Exposi-
tion. Our exhibit has gone to many expositions and the Smithsonian Institution has al-
ways included it with their exhibit free of cost to us. I presume this has already been at-
tended to by the proper person. I mention it in order to make it a matter of record before the Board. At the same meeting our Presi-
dent General told us she had ordered our Peace Flag sent to Panama in order that it might be the first flag to go through the Canal at the formal opening. The flag to be returned to us bearing with it this additional bit of interest-
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Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, Salaries of Editors, and expense of publication ............. 778.00
Postage, including stamped envelopes, for National Officers, State Regents and Committees .................. 480.63
Office supplies, including purchase of four Underwood Typewriters ........... 432.43
Patriotic Education ......................... 346.00
Real Daughters' Support ....................... 328.00
Respectfully submitted,
M. L. STERNBERG, Chairman.

November 19, 1913.

Moved by Mrs. Rausell, seconded by Mrs. Burrows, and carried that Mrs. Sternberg's report, as Chairman of Finance Committee be accepted with recommendations.

On motion of Mrs. Mann, seconded by Mrs. Lawrence, it was carried that the letters be read of the Building and Grounds Committee.

Report of Building and Grounds Committee.
Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

The Building and Grounds Committee state that since our last report the following work has been accomplished:

The repairs to the roof have been completed. (This does not include the glass roof over the auditorium.) Drainage of water from fresh air chamber and furnace room; and the purchase of a machine for baling waste paper. The repairs to the driveway will be made within the next two weeks, the contract having been let to the lowest bidder, as per our former statement.

We wish further to report that almost all the woodwork in this entire building has been touched up with paint. The elevator and the elevator doors on all three floors, the outside windows and auditorium doors, telephone booth, storm doors, glass doors in auditorium galleries, doors to storage and auditorium, back steps, kitchen, superintendent's apartment, and pipes in the furnace room have been painted.

The matter of the skylight was thoroughly considered by the Building and Grounds Committee at the October Board meeting, and it was the unanimous opinion of those present that the third plan suggested—that of taking off the entire roof and putting on one that was guaranteed, of the style that is used on buildings of the value of ours, be adopted. The Committee was however unable to let the contract for this work, the action of the Board being informal, no motion being written. We would therefore request that a motion be made at this meeting. This transfer was made at the request of the Historian General, with the full sanction and approval of the Registrar General.

This committee suggests that in the future only stenographers be employed as clerks, unless the clerk is desired for some special line of work. This would apply to those now on trial for position.

We ask authority to have a flag pole erected tall enough to carry this large flag properly. According to bids submitted this can be done for about $100.00. All the flags are now in possession of the Society, in the building; and are starred up-to-date.

We ask the Board's approval to the transfer of Miss Weeden, a clerk in the Registrar General's office, to the Historian General's office to fill the position of extra clerk in that office, as authorized by this body at its last meeting. This transfer was made at the request of the Historian General, with the full sanction and approval of the Registrar General.

We ask the Board's approval of the following changes in salaries of the help, to date from Oct. 15, 1913:

That the salary of the guide be increased from $10.00 per week to $50.00 per month; the telephone operator from $35.00 to $43.00 per month; the messenger from $6.00 to $8.00 per week; one janitor from $9.00 to $10.50 a week; and that the salary of the mechanic be reduced from $60.00 to $50.00 per month.

These increases of pay have been effected without extra tax on the treasury, as Mr. Phillips, the superintendent, by readjustment of the work, giving a little more to each man, has been able to dispense with the services of one janitor, the money formerly paid him cov-
erating this increase to the other men. This plan has been under trial and seems to be working satisfactorily.

The Superintendent looks after the building and furnace personally on Sundays; thereby saving the expense of janitor's services for this work.

We ask that the Board rule as to telegrams sent from Continental Hall over the telephone, "collect" or "charged to the Society." We recommend that it be required that the lady sending the telegram leave her name and address, with designation of telegram in the Business Office, that it may be known who is responsible for these telegrams when the bill is presented to the Society.

We ask authority to have the Congressional Proceedings sent to each National Committee Chairman without charge, except for postage.

There have been numerous requests for these proceedings, each chairman feeling she is entitled to a copy by virtue of her office.

In our June report to this body we asked approval to close the second and third floors of this building to tourists, excepting members of the National Society. You did not think it advisable. We now come to ask the opinion of the Board in regard to tourists being shown through the building during the Board meetings. There were several complaints made to this committee during the October Board meeting, and the two days previous when so many committees were in session. Tourists looking in at the doors and thronging the passageways not only distracted, but interrupted the business of the committees.

When this committee came into office, it was brought to our attention that the enrollments in the Remembrance Book had been neglected for more than two years. In looking into the matter we find about thirty memorials awaiting enrollment. In writing to the donors for the data they wished enrolled, also to ascertain whether they wished it engrossed or simply written in; we received numerous letters showing not only a misunderstanding, but grave displeasure. Some of these letters are here if you wish to hear them.

To most of them we sent the following reply: "Your letter in regard to the enrollment of the name of Mrs. Blank in the Book of Remembrance is received.

"We have in our keeping two books only for the enrollment of names. They are the original Roll of Honor Book presented by Mrs. Lothrop in 1910, and which was declared closed at the Congress of 1911; and the Book of Remembrance opened in 1911. See 'Proceedings of Twentieth Continental Congress,' page 52. Also see pages 122 and 123 for enrollment of the name of Mrs. Blank in said Remembrance Book.

"While the Book of Remembrance to carry forward the idea of the original Roll of Honor Book, was officially opened at the 1911 Congress the volume itself—made by Tiffany and paid for by the Vermont Daughters—was not actually opened until the Congress of 1912.

"Because the Vermont Daughters presented this Book it has been called the Vermont Book of Remembrance. See 'Proceedings of Twenty-first Continental Congress,' page 72. This book is in no way limited to the inscription of names of Vermont Daughters.

"There has been some delay in having inscriptions placed in this book as there is present no appropriation available for the actual expense of engrossing names.

"We intend to bring this matter up at the Board meeting November 19 and will let you hear from us after that date.

"Yours very sincerely,

"BUILDING AND GROUNDS COMMITTEE."

This Remembrance Book when presented by the Vermont Daughters had been gotten up by Tiffany, and there were a number of names already enrolled, which were engrossed. The Art Committee of that time thought it such a work of art that all the names should be engrossed. We present these facts, and ask for instructions as to whether these enrollments shall be engrossed or not, and who shall pay for them, if engrossed?

But we also wish to ask if the Board does not think the entire matter should come under the Librarian General, rather than the Building and Grounds Committee.

At the Board meeting held October 3 the following motion was passed: "That Mr. Lewis receive the month's salary and the small amount that he has paid of $4.00." Following this action the committee on Building and Grounds registered a protest against the payment of this amount to Mr. Lewis.

First, because this Society was not indebted to Mr. Lewis for "one month's salary," or any other amount on account of his services, he having been paid in full for all services rendered up to and including August 12, the day he left the building. Emphasis should be laid upon the fact that thirty days holiday was granted to Mr. Lewis prior to his dismissal, namely, July 12 to August 12, for which he was paid.

Second, there being no salary due Mr. Lewis, any payment to him must be in the nature of a gift or bonus, and we protested against the payment to him because such action would be in direct violation of Section VI, Article VIII, of the Constitution, which provides: "that no project or plan requiring the expenditure of money shall be entered into for which the National Society shall be responsible, except by three-fourths vote of the Board of Management."

It should here be noted that this money could not legally be expended save upon three-fourths vote of the Board of Management, not three-fourths of those present at the meeting. In as much as three-fourths of the Board of Management did not vote in favor of the payment to Mr. Lewis, the committee on Building and Grounds had no other alternative than to protest to the Chairman of the Finance Committee against the illegal payment.

Third, the committee are well aware that the person who presented this claim through Mrs. Mann, by her statement has put the past administration in the position of owing this money.
Although diligent investigation has been made by this committee, we have been unable to find any grounds whatsoever to sustain Mr. Lewis' claim for $404.50, and the payment to him of $125.00 of this amount, which the person presenting the claim through Mrs. Mann characterized as 'a partial payment' would be an acknowledgement of the debt, rendering this Society liable for the whole amount of his claim.

In this connection we respectfully submit that the previous administration has never reported that the Society was in debt to Mr. Lewis in the sum claimed by him, nor was the debt ever acknowledged as just. On the contrary, it is reported that the former Building and Grounds Committee took the position that the superintendent's salary of $125.00 per month, together with free apartment, heat and light, were payment in full for all services rendered by him.

The committee protests that the motion called for the small amount he has paid out of $4,400 7/" when the statement of the person presented by Mrs. Mann, claimed $4.50. In regard to this, $4.50, or $3.00 was for a carriage caller and maid for the Fourth of July celebration, under the auspices of the District of Columbia D. A. R., we instructed Mr. Lewis to send his bill to Miss Duncanson, Treasurer of the District. This committee could not, and still cannot see that the National Society should pay for State entertainment. As to the item of $1.00 for stamped envelopes for the Corresponding Secretary of the Continental Hall Committee, Mr. Lewis in printing the envelopes ruined twenty-five, value fifty cents. He knew the red tape of this Society in order to recover same, we understand, but in a burst of temper, before this committee came into office, refused the usual method, and later, through the person presenting the claim through Mrs. Mann, claims $1.00 in payment. The item of twenty-five cents for guide's lunch during the Congress, this committee O. K.'d. although that was previous to our regime, as was also the twenty-five cents he claims was paid to messenger for delivering tickets for the Flood Sufferers Benefit, April 4, the person's statement, presented by Mrs. Mann to the contrary that it occurred under the present administration.

The protest brought by Mrs. Mann against the right of the Building and Grounds Committee to discharge the superintendent was so unexpected, that this committee was unable to quote the ruling bearing upon our authority in the matter at that time. We, therefore, respectfully cite a motion presented by Mrs. Swormstedt to this Board June 1, 1910, and adopted to the effect "that the superintendent of the Society's grounds and buildings be made directly responsible to the President General and Supervision Committee, (now Building and Grounds Committee), "receiving orders from and reporting to them alone." This ruling according to your records has never been rescinded.

We, therefore, characterize the charge not only unjust, but not founded upon facts.

Respectfully submitted,
(Mrs. Charles W.) Amy S. Richardson.
Chairman Building and Grounds Committee.
Nov 19, 1913.

As each recommendation was reached it was voted on and carried as follows:

That the skylight over the auditorium be removed and a new one put on in accordance with specifications and cost presented by the Building and Grounds Committee. Mrs. Burrows; Mrs. Sternberg.

That the elevator be gone over and all necessary repairs made. Mrs. Brumbaugh; Mrs. Guernsey.

That the Building and Grounds Committee have a suitably engraved plate attached to the portrait of Mrs. Fairbanks. Mrs. Lockwood; Mrs. Orton.

That as soon as we have the money in the treasury to pay for it we have a sufficiently tall flag pole. Mrs. Yardley; Mrs. Guernsey.

That we approve of the transfer of Miss Weedon from the Registrar General's office to that of the Historian General. Mrs. Brumbaugh; Mrs. Guernsey.

That the recommendations of Chairman of Building and Grounds Committee relative to increase of salaries of named employees be adopted. Mrs. Mann; Mrs. Johnson.

The adoption of the recommendation of the Building and Grounds Committee, in regard to the employment of stenographers as clerks hereafter when not needed for special work. Mrs. Bassett; Mrs. Johnson.

The adoption of the recommendation of Chairman of Building and Grounds Committee in regard to the telegraphic charges. Mrs. Bassett; Mrs. Mann.

The adoption of the recommendation of the Building and Grounds Committee in regard to sending a copy of Proceedings to each Chairman of National Committees without charge. Mrs. Bassett; Mrs. Yardley.

That the Hall be closed two days before and during the day of the Board meetings except on first floor. Mrs. Brumbaugh; Mrs. Yardley.

That the entire matter of the Remembrance Book, referred to the Librarian, be brought up to date and the necessary amount, $5.00, for engraving be taken from the sum of $50. Mrs. Bassett; Mrs. Johnson.

It was also moved and carried that we accept the report of the Building and Grounds Committee with its recommendations. Mrs. Burrows; Mrs. Sternberg.

The Chairman of the Finance Committee presented the following Supplementary Report:

At the meeting of the Finance Committee on July 3, the Building and Grounds Committee stated that a number of typewriting machines were in bad condition, and there was a positive need for two new machines. Mrs. Lockwood moved and Mrs. Barnes seconded that the question of buying and repairing of typewriters be left to the Building and Grounds Committee. In the mass of material that I had to get into shape for my last report this escaped.
my reference to it. I therefore ask the authorization of this expenditure by the Board.

M. L. STERNBERG,  
Chairman Finance Committee.

Moved by Mrs. Ransdell, seconded by Mrs. Burrows and carried, that the amount of $217.50 for typewriters be paid.

On motion of Mrs. Yardley, seconded by Mesdames Brunbaugh, Lawrence and Mann, it was carried that Mrs. Bassett is requested to advance the money for payment for china instead of making it a gift.

Moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Brunbaugh, and carried, that the Board authorize the expenditure of the money by the Building and Grounds Committee for the purchase of two typewriters and repair of others.

The Chairman of the Transportation Committee submitted the following proposition: Madame President General and Members of the Board:

At the Congress of 1913, Mrs. Swift, Vice-President General of California, came as special envoy from that State and the city of San Francisco bearing an invitation to the Daughters of the American Revolution to visit the Panama Exposition in 1915, holding an adjourned meeting there. Believing in the old adage of "the early bird," I have, as Chairman of Transportation, already taken up the matter with several railroads, and have the honor to report that special Daughters of the American Revolution trains can be secured with most favorable rates, which will include every expense, sleepers, meals, etc., going one route and returning another, with stops at points of interest. I desire the endorsement and authority of this Board to make definite arrangements.

ELEONORA G. GOLDSBOROUGH.  
Chairman Transportation Committee.

Moved by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Mann and Mrs. Lawrence and carried, that the Chairman of Transportation be authorized to make all arrangements as to transportation to San Francisco Panama Canal Exposition of Daughters and families, and report to next Board.

It was then moved and carried that we continue in session until the completion of the business. Mrs. Bassett; Mrs. Johnson.

Moved by Mrs. Sternberg, seconded by Mrs. Brunbaugh, and carried, that the matter of having an auditor for the Magazine Committee be left to the President General.

Miss Finch, Chairman of the Magazine Committee, reported as follows: That after repeated efforts covering a period of nearly four months to get Mr. Wilson or the R. R. Bowker Company to deliver the subscription list to her, she had been informed that the list would be handed over to the Friedman Print not later than the coming Monday, and so, while she could not at present be certain that the list had been delivered, she hoped to find upon her return to New York that it was. The Chairman called the Board's attention to the cover of the November number, stating this shade is the shade she had had in mind from the first, but which had not been secured heretofore owing to the difficulty printers seem to have in mixing ink that will produce our shade of blue. The Chairman reported regarding the matter of arbitration between Mr. Wilson and the National Society in reference to how much, if any, the magazine had increased in value through the former's efforts, that, although Mr. Wilson had seemed very anxious the latter part of last August to have the Chairman of the Magazine Committee appoint a representative for the National Society, in accordance with the clause in the contract between Mr. Wilson and the Society that the Chairman should appoint someone to represent the Society to meet with someone appointed by him to represent his interests, the two arbitrators appointed had not yet gotten together to the point where any real work had been accomplished, owing to the fact that most of the time since they had been appointed either Mr. Wilson or his representative had been away, ill or the like, therefore there was nothing to report from the arbitrators at this time. The Chairman reported that the matter of the bill for printing last February, March, April and May's issue of the magazine, which had been presented to her by an attorney, and which matter she had reported at the last Board meeting, had been turned over to an attorney, in accordance with the action of the Board at the October meeting that this item with several others should be left in the hands of the Chairman to take whatever action is in accordance with the protection and best interests of the magazine, and, that, while she could not state at this time whether the effort would be made to collect the amount of the bill from the National Society, or from Mr. Wilson, she expected to have something definite to report at the next meeting. The Chairman expressed regret over the confusion and work entailed in the matter of filling subscriptions when she had no subscription list, or knowledge as to how many copies of the magazine should be printed each month — she added that she felt distressed that so many hundreds of copies had to be printed each month, for which subscriptions not one penny had come in to the National Society — that, while it could not be avoided, it was none the less deplorable.

Moved by Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Brant, and carried, that the matter of the distribution of material in the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine be left to the Editor of the Magazine and the Chairman of the Magazine Committee.

On motion of Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Yardley, it was carried that the report of the Chairman of the Magazine Committee be accepted with thanks for her devoted service.

On request of Mrs. Lawrence, the President General ruled that each National Committee Chairman be asked to send each of the State Regents instructions and outline of the work desired by and for the National Committees, so work in each State may be intelligently carried on in National Society lines.

On motion of Mrs. Bassett, seconded by Mrs. Lawrence, it was carried that the minutes con-
sist of the motions made and reports of officers be given in the Daughters of the American Revolution Magazine, and the rest be on file.

The request of the State Regent of the State of Washington that the resolution endorsed at the 22nd Congress with respect to the salute to the Flag, be published in the Magazine, was on motion of Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Bassett, and carried, as follows, that the matter of Flag salute be referred to Magazine Committee.

The following motion, at the request of Mrs. Becket of the Oak Tree Chapter, of Salem, N. J., was presented by Mrs. Yardley, seconded by Mrs. Orton, and carried, that the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution ask the Government to reproduce Independence Hall and the Liberty Bell at the Panama Canal Exposition.

The President General read a letter from the Society of Kentucky Women of New York, and it was moved by Mrs. Yardley, seconded by Mrs. Brant, and carried, that the matter of the memorial the Kentucky Society wish to make in memory of Miss Desha be left to the President General.

A letter from the Governor of North Carolina requesting the co-operation of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, with respect to the proposed Appalachian Park, was read, and on motion of Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Guernsey, it was carried that the letter from the Governor of North Carolina be referred to Conservation Committee.

It was moved by Mrs. Brumbaugh, seconded by Mrs. Burrows, and carried, that the letter in regard to Daughters of the American Revolution Directory be referred to Printing Committee.

The President General also read a letter of Mrs. Ammon outlining plans for furthering the work of patriotic education, and on motion of Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Bassett, it was carried, that Mrs. Ammon’s plan for making slides of pictures and printed matter for moving pictures for patriotic education be approved.

Following the discussion on the work of various committees, it was moved by Mrs. Guernsey, seconded by Mrs. Sternberg, and carried, that the President General appoint a committee to ascertain what would be a fair sum as compared with other committees on patriotic education and the same be allowed to the various committees subject to the approval of the Finance Committee and Treasurer General.

The President General in presenting the following communication spoke of it as being a beautiful and generous offer.

My Dear Mrs. Story:

At the general convention of the Daughters of the American Revolution in May 1912, I presented to the Daughters of the American Revolution for Miss Bristol of Bristol School a one thousand dollar scholarship. It was accepted by the assembled Daughters. Lily Mason, of Louisville, Kentucky, was the first beneficiary of the scholarship and entered the school October 1912. On account of illness she did not return after Christmas. Lucy Chenault, of Lexington, was appointed by Mrs. Thompson, Regent of Kentucky, to fill the unexpired term.

No applicant has been announced or applied this fall.

The conditions are these. Each State is eligible once only. The applicant must be a graduate of a High School or some other school of equal merit. Must be eligible to membership to the Daughters of the American Revolution. Must be of good moral character and be recommended by three prominent people of her State, besides the D. A. R. Chapter in her home city or district. A board appointed by the organization of the Daughters of the American Revolution must decide the question of the best fitted applicant for the scholarship. The scholarship includes board and English and French, and all the privileges of the school. Of course, it does not include extras, as music, art, etc. The scholarship is of one year’s duration.

Our second term begins in January. We will accept a girl for the half year, but she, of course, will be ineligible next year, and the State from which she is sent will also be ineligible for another scholarship. Your Committee is asked to submit its report to me for the school.

I am, very respectfully,

Lu G. TARDIN.

MRS. JAMES PRYOR TARDIN,
1314 Connecticut Ave.,
Washington, D. C.
November 18, 1913.

Inasmuch as it was thought it would be difficult for regents in other States to make arrangements in time to suggest an applicant for the scholarship—besides being somewhat of a hardship for a young woman to take a possibly expensive trip for only half a year, it was moved by Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Guernsey, and carried, that the District of Columbia be empowered to fill this Bristol School offer of Mrs. Tardin.

On motion of Mrs. Orton, seconded by Mrs. Brant, it was carried, that we accept the motions as read, but that we include in the minutes as printed in the magazine a short explanatory paragraph before each motion.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned at 9.55 p. m.

Respectfully submitted,

ABBIE WILLIAMSON R. BOYLE,
Recording Secretary General.

Errata.—In the report of the Vice President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, National Board Minutes, October 1, 1913, published in the November Magazine, among Chapter Regents presented for confirmation, Mrs. Minnie Alice L. Pool should have been of Janeville, Iowa, and Mrs. Eleanor T. Nichols should have been of Farmington, Missouri.

ABBIE WILLIAMSON R. BOYLE,
Recording Secretary General.