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Miss Lilian Lockwood.
Miss Lilian Lockwood
Tender, and Brave, and True.

March 12, 1909.

Large, in the light of all Infinitude
In lucent potency, the onward way
Lies, wonderful, before her.
Lies still untrod, the while her eager hands
In swift beseeching part the shimmering Veil.
And lo, strong Son of Light, Eospheros,
New-girt with glory, open the doors of Day.
MISS LILIAN LOCKWOOD

From the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean, has come a telegram of loving memories and deepest sympathies; loving memories of Miss Lockwood, and deepest sympathies for those still left outside the portals of celestial life. Her deep sympathies go out to her mother, to him who had hoped to spend life at her side, to the National Board who knew her so well, to the seventy thousand Daughters who were indebted to her for unstinted service.

A beautiful spray of Miss Lockwood’s name flower was sent by the President General with tender love to express the thought of all the Daughters.

“We shall meet, but we shall miss her.”
MISS LILIAN LOCKWOOD

Gone to life eternal; fallen asleep to awake in a happier world. Loving hearts mourn that they shall see her no more, our own Daughter, Lilian Lockwood. Sweet, pure and innocent, she grew among us like a white lily. Year by year our love grew as her gentle spirit unfolded before us. Born of a line of heroic ancestors who marched to battle with brave and undaunted souls, she loved all human-kind and was at peace with the world. No unkind words passed her lips; calm, serene, lovable, she left her impress on all our lives.

To the noble mother, waiting for the veil to be lifted that she may see her daughter's face in the abode of the blessed, our tenderest love and sympathy go out. Mother and daughter, inseparably connected in our minds, God is with them both.

To him who was so soon to take her to his own home as he had taken her to his heart, may the thought of the beautiful life and the beautiful love she gave him be an inspiration in all the years to come. When the final word is spoken on earth may he say “good morning” to her in a happier sphere. Life is short but eternity is long.
THE HAMPSHIRE GRANTS

By Elizabeth Gadsby, Historian General

When Vermont was admitted into the Union, March 4, 1791, as the fourteenth state, by the representatives in congress of the thirteen original states, it foreshadowed the great development of the country, not only in population, but in wealth and the gradual addition of other states, inevitably seeking admission to the rights and privileges of the constitution of the new government. It was an important epoch in the history of the United States. The first to enter the federal union, and the precedent of all those to follow. It also settled a disputed question of boundary line of forty year’s standing. No other colony had ever thus stood alone, fought its own battles, in strife, and bitterness unknown to other states, holding its own against New York, New Hampshire and Massachusetts, each claiming territory in Vermont.

Vermont geographically was but a slice, uncertainly portioned by the king. Her wild conditions, rugged mountains, made her true value unknown, until the race for homesteads began, which made the struggle all the more violent, for what was so well worth having, was worth striving for.

The maps were incorrect and the imaginary lines far out of plumb, displaying gross ignorance of the new country. Massachusetts Bay Colony claimed jurisdiction westward to the Pacific ocean, New York, Connecticut, New Jersey and Delaware were all in the conflict for boundary lines. Vermont, so little known in the initial stages of the struggle, was not considered so desirable, thus its boundaries were deferred until its importance began to be known.

In the meantime hardy settlers had maintained their rights and continued to fight for them against New York, Massachusetts and New Hampshire.

In 1740 the king fixed the boundary between Massachusetts and New Hampshire as parallel with and three miles north of the Merrimack river to the falls at Lowell, thence west to his Majesty’s own dominions. Thus Massachusetts was limited
to its northern boundary and New York to its twenty miles east of the Hudson. New Hampshire thinking her claim was impregnable, Governor Wentworth issued a charter to a company of speculators for a town to be named Bennington after himself, in the southwest corner of the debatable land. It was not settled for some years, but was to assume a prominent place in history, as the centre of defiance to New York, as the scene of a great battle which practically drove the enemy from the north.

Before issuing this charter Governor Wentworth wrote to Governor George Clinton, of New York, apprising him of the pending grant on November 11, 1749, which letter was not received until April of the next year. Governor Wentworth received the reply of Clinton April 25, but the charter had already been granted. Shrewd diplomacy had been employed in this delay.

At the close of the French wars, there were about two thousand people on the grants. The decision in 1764 by King George as regard to the boundary lines made inextricable confusion. New York claimed not only the titles to the lands but all the property built thereon, consequently the people rose in their might and all allegiance to New York was thrown off. They stood as one man to fight for their own. When the Albany courts issued writs of ejectment they refused to quit and the sheriff's posse whom they termed the Yorkers, after given fair warning were caught and whipped. In 1772, Ethan Allen was declared an outlaw by the New York government and a bounty offered for his capture. He and a Mr. Eli Roberts of Vergennes, called at the house of a Mr. Richards. In the evening six soldiers from Crown Point stopped also for the night. Mrs. Richards overheard their plans for capturing Allen. Mrs. Richards on lighting Allen and Roberts to bed, raised a window out of which they silently escaped. Seth Warner, Remember Baker and others were also outlawed. Their firmness often intimidated the sheriff and prevented bloodshed. The shooting of John French by the sheriff's posse is the only record of bloodshed during the long inter-struggle. Kentucky which was admitted a year later, 1792, was not so fortunate. The conditions of these two
states were very similar,—one in the far north of New England,—one south of the Ohio. Brave men were needed to settle these far away lands where internal struggle for supremacy and constant fighting with Indians in sparse settlements made life at its hardest. Vermont endured even greater dangers during the French wars, its territory being hotly disputed for strategic reasons. The Canadian waters were the pathway of Canadian Indians, who descended again and again on the helpless frontier villages. Yet a few fearless men had held to their abodes in the region until the close of the French wars, when others joined them.

The American revolution broke out and the Vermonter offered their services to fight the king, whom they cordially hated as the chief of land grabbers.

Six months after the Declaration of Independence at Philadelphia, they declared their own independence as a free state and formed their own constitution which though somewhat faulty, stood out in its moral courage and prohibition of slavery. Other states made their declarations of loyalty to the American cause. They seemed driven to declare for themselves alone.

**Vermont Declaration of Independence.**

“This Convention, whose members are duly chosen by the free voice of their constituents in the several towns on the New Hampshire grants, in public meeting assembled, in our own names, and in behalf of our constituents, do hereby proclaim and publicly declare that the district of territory comprehended and usually known by the name and description of the New Hampshire grants, of right ought to be and is hereby declared, forever hereafter to be a free and independent jurisdiction or state; to be forever hereafter called, known and distinguished by the name of New Connecticut, alias Vermont. Furthermore, that the inhabitants who at present are or who may hereafter become residents either by birth or emigration within said territory, shall be entitled to the same privileges, immunities and franchises as are allowed, or may hereafter at any time, be allowed to the inhabitants of any of the free and independent states of America, and that such privileges and immunities shall be regulated in a bill of rights and by a form of government to be established at the next session of this convention.”

This declaration and petition was brought before Congress
praying that they could be a free, independent state, assuming their full proportion of maintaining the war with Great Britain as a common cause. They prayed that the Congress acknowledge their declaration and admit their delegates to seats in that august body, signed by Jonathan Fay, Thomas Chittenden, Herman Allen, Reuben Jones.

With marked firmness these men carried out their plans which eventually led to a union with the federated states and delivered them from the oppression they had endured for years. New Hampshire and Massachusetts applauded their boldness and were ready to welcome them into the federal union. New York considered it the open act of treason against that state's authority and so presented the case to Congress, as the act of designing men, not the general desire of the inhabitants to renounce their allegiance to New York.

Congress took up the matter and the petitions of the two states were referred to a committee of the whole which resolved, "That the New Hampshire grants cannot be justified in their Declaration of Independence by the example of the United Colonies or the Act of Congress."

Vermont still hoping and believing in the rights of self government began to prepare a constitution. They met at Windsor. While constructing phrase by phrase with deliberation, they were rudely interrupted by a messenger with the news of the evacuation of Ticonderoga by the American troops which left the whole western border exposed to the enemy. "In this awful crisis" writes Allen, "the convention were for leaving at once but a fearful storm arose and they continued making the constitution." They formed a Council of Safety and sent despatches to Massachusetts and New Hampshire, of the exposed position. New Hampshire sent a body of troops at once under command of General Stark and assisted by the "Green Mountain Boys" gained the great victory of Bennington which decided the fate of the enemy in the north. The capture of Ticonderoga and Crown Point, their valor at Bennington caused the defeat of General Burgoyne and brought them into great prominence.

Still New York opposed the admission of the state and Congress again affirmed their decision.
In 1780 Col. Beverly Robinson made overtures to Ethan Allen toward the alliance with Great Britain. Allen’s hot-headed speech under great provocation “That he would retire to his mountain fastnesses and wage relentless war against all mankind,” were words spoken in heat and resentment. At heart he was loyal to his country and loved every rock and hill of Green Mount, Vermont. They thought it wise to keep up the illusion of the British and Ira Allen proved himself a keener diplomat than Gen. Haldeman, the one chosen by England to negotiate.

Governor Chittenden, Ira Allen, Safford, the Fays and others kept well the secret, with a skill equal to Ethan’s dauntless courage. Some are born warriors, some diplomats. The surrender of Cornwallis, in 1781, practically settled any further attempt of the English. These negotiations had, however, a great influence on the country and the people of New York state urged their representatives to no longer oppose the admission of Vermont.

Then began the second conflict with New York. Governor Clinton sent his commissioned officers whom they scouted and refused to accept as rulers over them. They acted on their own constitution. This was called the Windham County rebellion and Ethan Allen was ordered to quell it. He resisted them and was then commanded by Congress and threatened with an invading arm. They stood dauntless alone!

Governor Clinton gave up his efforts. Vermont regulated her own state; had a coinage and post office department and remodelled her laws to insure the validity of titles. But fate was decreeing this long tried and fearless people should reap the reward of courage, and firmness and the irony of that fate was, New York, for political reasons was the most desirous of admitting the old foe and gaining added influence for the north. The negotiations were long and complicated, but ended peacefully in the admission of a loyal people, a state rich in her statesmen, grand in her principles,—the one state which can proudly claim has never held a human being in bondage.

Vermont paid $30,000 as the price of final abandonment of all claims to her territory. Congress ratified this agreement. After forty years of bitter strife and fourteen after her own Declaration of Independence, she was admitted to the Union.
The following beautiful legend of Kik-the-we-nund, Chief of the Delawares, known to the whites as Anderson, was written by Miss Nellie Lovett, the accomplished daughter of the Hon. John W. Lovett, now the wife of Earle Reeve, of Chicago, and is reproduced by special permission of the writer:

"Early in the present century, Indiana territory stretched from the Ohio river to the great lakes, and embraced within its borders what is now the prosperous and populous state. It had never been subdivided by the surveyor's lines, and, with the exception of a few rude settlements of hardy pioneers and trading posts along the principal streams, it was inhabited only by the untutored children of the forest, members of the several tribes of the "Great Algonquin Nation," of which the Delawares formed a conspicuous part. It was a country beautiful to look upon, and lay just as the hand of nature had left it. There was no monotonous stretch of level prairie to weary the eye, but hill and valley, undulating upland and fertile river bottoms made up an ever changing landscape that was beautiful to behold, always pleasing and diversified. Near the center of the great territory in a bend of the river, then known in the Indian tongue as "Watseca", or "White river", was the village of the Delawares, ruled over and governed by that noble chieftain, "Kik-the-we-nund," or "Anderson". At the time our story opens Anderson was a splendid specimen of the Indian race. In the very prime of life, standing six feet in his moccasins, straight as an arrow, of powerful frame and dignified bearing, he seemed a born leader of men, worthy to wave the scepter of authority over the important tribe to which he belonged. He had listened to the Moravian missionary, had heard the wonderful story of the cross, and ever since he had been a steadfast friend of the whites. The hardy hunter, trapper or trader, courageous enough to penetrate the unbroken forest and reach his village, was sure of a welcome at his wigwam. The forests abounded in game of every variety known to the zone. The river teemed with the best of the finny tribe, and in the fertile
bottoms grew, in luxuriant abundance, the fields of Indian maize.

Thus in peace and plenty dwelt Anderson and his tribe, keeping inviolate the early treaties with the pale face race. Years before, the chieftain’s squaw had been stricken by the fatal fever, and had been called by the Great Spirit to the happy hunting grounds, leaving to Anderson a little daughter, “Oneahye”, or “Dancing Feather”. She had grown to early womanhood, the pet of the tribe, tall and lithe of figure, swift of foot as the red deer, yet gentle and loving of disposition; this Indian maiden graced her father’s wigwam, as the wild flowers decked the sloping hillside that stretched from its doorway to the margin of the beautiful river. The young braves of her own and neighboring tribes, the Miamis and Pottawattamies, paid tribute to her beauty, and cast the trophies of the chase at her feet; but thus far her heart remained untouched and her fancy as free as the breeze that sported in the tree-tops, or the wild birds that were her daily companions. But one day there came to the village a stalwart young hunter of the pale-face race. Brave and fearless, the wild life of the woods and prairies had a charm for Charley Stanley that had won him from the haunts of civilized life and had caused him to seek as his companions the dusky, untutored children of the forest. He was accorded a warm welcome at the chieftain’s wigwam, and at her father’s bidding “Oneahye” spread for him, under the shade of the old oak, a mat of soft and fragrant rushes, woven by her own deft fingers. To the young and susceptible hunter, this Indian princess was a vision of loveliness. He had never seen a form so graceful, or a face so expressive. The days glided by, and still he tarried, the guest of the tribe. By day the hunter and the maiden wandered through leafy bowers, and at evening under silvery moonbeams, or the silent stars, the two floated on the bosom of the river in the light birch canoe. It was the old, old story; and when the beautiful Indian summer came and cast its mellow haze over hill and valley, the two were made one after the Indian custom, and thus another tie was formed to bind “Chief Anderson” to the whites.

* * * * *
The years grew green and grew brown; the moons waxed and waned, and time rolled on. The splendid country had attracted widespread attention, and each year saw new settlements of the ever restless Anglo-Saxons; saw the hand of civilization leaving its mark on the face of nature, and writing the doom of the red children whose heritage was coveted by the superior race. Already a trading station had been located at the village of the Delawares, and the log-cabin of the pioneer stood within arrow shot of the wigwam of the “Aboriginal”. Anderson recognized the hand of fate; saw the writing on the wall, and knew that the red man must soon move toward the setting sun. With the other chieftains of the Algonquin nation he signed the treaty of St. Marys, in 1818, ceding to the United States the remaining interests of the Delawares in the splendid Indiana territory, whereby it was agreed that within three years from the signing of the same, his tribe would leave its ancestral territory, removing to a reservation west of the Mississippi. In accordance with the stipulations of the treaty, the 20th day of September, 1821, saw the exodus of the Delawares from the lands of their fathers.

The day was a beautiful one. The woodlands were robed in gorgeous hues of the Frost King and were flying the flaming banners of autumn. Fifty canoes floated on the river, while a herd of ponies and pack horses, bearing the camp equipage of the tribe, stood ready for the journey.

The young braves and squaws were to go overland, while the chiefs and aged members of the band were to travel by water. The white residents turned out to witness their departure, and there were many touching scenes at the parting. Charles Stanley and Oneahye, his Indian wife, had decided to remain at the settlement. At a given signal the canoes were filled with their burden of swarthy beings, and the cavalcade took up its line of march. Anderson was the last to move. When all was in readiness he laid his hand on the head of his daughter. A hush fell upon the assembled multitude as he spoke in the expressive and figurative language of the Delawares a father’s parting blessing and benediction. The eagle feather in his plume quivered slightly, but beyond this there was no outward sign of the deep feeling that stirred the bosom
of the noble chief. This simple ceremony over, he stepped into the canoe and stood erect, while the fleet, responsive to the strokes of the paddles, shot out into the current, and thus the long and tedious journey to the new hunting grounds was commenced. The people on the river bank stood silently watching the departing canoes until a bend in the river hid them from view.

* * * * *

Twenty years had passed since the departure of the Delawares. Hard years they had been on the tribe. Pestilence and war, disease and death had played sad havoc, and but few remained of that goodly band of warriors. Anderson still lived, but broken by age, hardships and disappointments, he felt the future had little in store for him, and his thoughts continually turned back to the days of his early manhood, and a longing, unconquerable desire to see once again with his own eyes his dearly loved daughter, and revisit the old scenes, filled his heart.

Gathering about him a few trusty companions, he turned his face eastward, and by easy stages and frequent rests he made the journey. Charles Stanley had built for himself and family a log cabin, somewhat more pretentious than most of his neighbors, and here the old chieftain received a warm and tender welcome; but the days of rest and enjoyment, which he had anticipated, were not to be. The fever was raging in his veins and pain racked his frame. On the evening after his arrival he became delirious, and from his incoherent words it could easily be told he was living over again the old, old days. At times he was engaged in counsel with the neighboring Sachems. Again, he gave the directions for the journey westward, and then he seemed to imagine himself in the old wig-wam, and gently stroked the hair of his little granddaughter as he had her mother's many years before. On the third day he died and was sorrowfully laid to rest under the spreading branches of an old oak not far from the cabin where he died.

* * * * *

Fifty years have passed. Where the village of the Delawares stood stands a vigorous, growing, young city, just feeling the
impulse of new life, caused by the wonderful discovery of natural gas. On every hand are evidences of rapid growth and substantial prosperity. The place where the old oak stood abuts on one of the leading thoroughfares, is marked for a splendid hostelry, and the work of its construction has commenced. In excavating for the basement and cellars of the building the workmen came upon a human skeleton. It was the remains of "Anderson", the Delaware. By direction of the owners, the skeleton was buried in the crypt of the building, where it now rests. Over it was erected the noble structure, and it was eminently right and proper that in honor of the noble chieftain the hotel should be called "The Anderson."

It is said that on the night of the 21st day of September, 1891, the seventieth anniversary of the exodus of the Delaware, just as the clock in the tower of the court house struck the hour of midnight, the ghostly form of an Indian, clad in the full habiliments of a Delaware chieftain, might have been seen standing erect on the highest crest of the unfinished building, with folded arms, looking towards the east, just as the chieftain had stood on the morning of his departure, seventy years before. It remained thus for a moment and faded out in a cloud of mist.

The second annual report of the state historian of Pennsylvania has come to hand. It contains a very comprehensive account of the work of the magnificent Keystone State. The frontispiece is the ever welcome picture of the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean. The picture of Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, vice-president general, carries out the claim of the state as to her beauty and attractiveness. The smiling and sympathetic face of the state regent completes the trio. Two state songs complete the report.

The report of the settlement committee of the Louisa St. Clair Chapter, of Detroit, will be of interest to all loyal Daughters. They have given twenty-one entertainments, some with the stereopticon and all of great value. Loyalty and patriotism have been taught. Maude Van Sycle is chairman of this important committee.
REAL DAUGHTERS

MRS. CATHERINE SERGEANT.

The Sarah Bradlee Fulton Chapter, Medford, Massachusetts, has lost its honored “Real Daughter,” Mrs. Catherine Sergeant, who entered life eternal on the morning of December 20, 1908. She was born in Sheepscot, Maine, July 14, 1810, and died there at the age of ninety-eight years, five months, after a long and useful life. She was broad minded, clear headed, patriotic, and proud of her connection with the Daughters of the American Revolution. Her father, Thomas Fair-service, was a Revolutionary soldier, and enlisted at Boston at the age of sixteen, volunteering to take the place of a married man who was drafted. Mrs. Sergeant made two contributions to Continental Hall, using money which she earned making rugs and patchwork quilts, in which work she was very skillful. In her home she was the center around which all the aims, hopes and lives of her children circled. Her life affords one of the highest examples of true womanhood, Christian piety and devotion to humanity, family and God. She was interested in church, school and community, in progress of science, and welfare of nations. Her presence was a benediction as her life was an inspiration to all who knew her.—E. W. Goodwin, Registrar.

MARIA WILDER RAGAN.

Maria Wilder Ragan was born in Woodstock, Vermont, August 3, 1817, coming west in 1837. She married Lucius G. Green who lived only a few months. 1886 she married John G. Ragan who lived about a year. 1906 Mrs. Ragan visited her native town during Old Home Week when the Woodstock Chapter gave a reception and tea in her honor. At Plymouth, where her father was the first settler, there was a celebration on “Old Home Day.” The exercises were held on a platform
REAL DAUGHTERS.

built under an elm which was planted by Mrs. Ragan's father over one hundred years ago. At Plymouth another reception was held in her honor.

Mrs. Ragan's father, Jacob Wilder, was born in 1757, in Lancaster, Massachusetts, and served during the entire war of

Mrs. Maria Wilder Ragan.

the Revolution. On the 19th of April, when the British were marching towards Concord, Mr. Ragan's grandfather went to the field where his sons were ploughing, told them to turn out the oxen—and they marched to Concord. At Bunker Hill, Captain Wilder was picket guard. At Dorchester Heights, General Prescott was in command.

The North Shore Chapter, of Highland Park, Illinois, is
very proud to claim Mrs. Ragan as a member and has honored itself in planning little surprises for her on her birthday and Christmas.—A. P. Cummings, Historian.

It was my pleasure to meet at Woodstock, Mrs. Ragan, carrying her ninety-one years with elastic step, (walking miles each day) with a beaming, unruffled face it was a delight to look upon. With no relative to care for her in life’s evening twilight, coming to her native town to round out her beautiful life and to sleep with her kindred when the good Lord calls, which call came December 29, 1908.—Emily P. Smith Moor, Historian.

Mrs. Catherine Alden Gardner.

Mrs. Catherine Alden Gardner, a “Real Daughter,” died December 5, 1908, after a brief illness. Mrs. Gardner became a member of Chicago Chapter, October 7, 1907, and had received the golden spoon from the National Society. By her death Chicago Chapter loses her last “Real Daughter”—the “living link that connected the present with the historic past.”

Mrs. Gardner was born in North Adams, Mass., November 9, 1815, and was therefore 93 years, 26 days old at the time of her death. Her father Ebenezer Alden, joined the American Army at the Lexington Alarm in 1775, when sixteen years old. He afterward enlisted for three years. He served with Washington at Valley Forge and was among those reported sick from the terrible privations. In 1801 he married Catherine Elizabeth Pratt who died in 1841. He was in receipt of a pension till his death in 1835, which was continued to his widow. Mrs. Gardner was twice married, first to Mr. George Pratt and second to Mr. Lewis Gardner, who died twenty years ago. Her home since then has been with her daughter and grandchildren and everything that love and wealth could devise has been done to render her declining years happy.

“Liberty is your birthright.”
Mrs. Catherine Alden Gardner.
REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

NAMES OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS BURIED AT SPRINGFIELD, NEW JERSEY.

Ball, Uzal.
Denman, Isaac; Denman, Mathias; Denman, Philip; Denman, Stephen.
Edwards, Nathaniel.
Horton, Joseph, Capt.; Halsey, Isaac; Halsey, David.
Little, Eliakim, Capt.
Meeker, Benjamin; Meeker, John; Miller, Samuel; Miller, Timothy.
Morehouse, Benjamin.
Reeve, Isaac, Capt.
Shipman, Aaron; Smith, John.
Taylor, Thomas.

(Furnished by Mrs. J. R. Pierson, Morristown, N. J.)

COMPLETE LIST OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS' GRAVES MARKED BY MARGERY SULLIVAN CHAPTER, 1907, DOVER, N. H.


Immediately after the battle of Bunker Hill reinforcements went forward. Dr. Belknap's diary shows that on the second day after the battle, Benj. Titcomb's Co. marched from Dover. This was that Benja., brother of Col. John, who afterwards became lieutenant colonel. He served through the war, and ended his days here at his home by Dunn's bridge. (Quint's Oration, July 4, 1876, at Dover and "New Hampshire As It Is," page 74.)

Col. JOSUA WINGATE, buried at Pine Hill, Dover. Born in Stratham. Died February 9, 1796. Lieutenant in Captain Paul Ger-
rish's company—Col. Peter Gilman's regiment of reinforcement in 1755. July 4, 1776, he was appointed colonel of the second regiment raised for the expedition against Canada, but which joined the northern army in New York. (See N. H. Adj. Gen. Report, Vol. 2, 1866, pages 150, 289, 290.)

Surgeon Ezra Green, buried at Pine Hill, Dover. Born Malden, Mass., June 17, 1746; died Dover, July 25, 1847. Harvard College, 1765. Began practice in Dover about 1768; joined the army as surgeon in June, 1775; was in the expedition to Canada; was surgeon in the sloop-of-war "Ranger", under Paul Jones; continued in the Revolutionary War until 1781, when he engaged in trade at Dover. (See Drake's Dictionary of American Biography.)

Major John Demeritt, buried on Demeritt farm, Madbury. Born December 29, 1728, died January 7, 1826. Four months before battle of Lexington, the royal "Fort William and Mary" was captured by armed patriots. Ninety-seven barrels of powder were taken away. This John Demeritt hauled an ox-cart load to Cambridge.

Ensign Joseph Richardson, buried in town cemetery at Durham. Born in Boston, Mass., December 25, 1756; died in Durham, N. H., November 22, 1824. He married Sarah (Burnham) Hanson of Dover, who was born December 22, 1762, and died December 19, 1831. They were married by Rev. Jeremy Belknap, December 14, 1783. They had eight children.

In the spring of 1775 enlisted in Capt. Benjamin Titcomb's company in the 2d N. H. Regiment, commanded by Col. Poor, for the term of 8 months, during which he was present at an affair with the enemy at Charlestown Neck. Enlisted again in same company for 12 months, being present at the retreat of the American army from Canada and wounded by a party of Indians. Near the end of this term of service was present at the capture of the Hessians at Trenton in December, 1776, having volunteered the additional term of six weeks. Also present at the affair at Princeton. Afterward enlisted in the same company and regiment (then commanded by Col. Hale) for a term of three years, was present and wounded at Hubbardston; was at surrender of Burgoyne in the autumn of same year, and then marched into winter quarters at Valley Forge. In 1778 was at Monmouth and spent the season with the main army at White Plain. In 1779 marched with Maj. Gen. Sullivan into the Indian Country, and was in the engagement at Newton. January, 1780, honorably discharged at Danbury, Conn. (See "Revolutionary Pension Declarations," Strafford County 1820-1832, on file at office of Superior Court.)

John Griffin, buried on Woodman Farm, Durham. Born in Gloucester, 1740; died in Durham, 1788. Married Hannah Gerrish. He was of the Durham party in the expedition against Fort William and Mary. First lieutenant in Capt. Winborn Adam's Company, 2d Reg., Col. Poor commanding. This regiment was one of three voted in the
convention of the "Friends of Liberty", which met at Exeter, May 13, 1775.

ELEAZER BENNET, buried on Tuttle Farm, Durham. Born in Durham, June 17, 1750, died in Durham, December 25, 1851. He was one of the rebels who captured Fort William and Mary, and later did service in the army.

JAMES LEIGHTON, buried in town cemetery at Durham. Died February 22, 1824, aged 75. Sailor on "Ranger" and the "Bon Homme Richard"— in all, 3 years.

ENSIGN JOHN STARMBIRD, buried in town cemetery at Durham. Died October 17, 1811, aged 87 years.


JOHN TRICKETT, buried on Dame farm, Dover. Died January 11, 1840, aged 87 years. Private in Col. Waldron's Co., N. H. Mil.

JOHN TIBBETTS, buried on Page farm, Dover. Died March 28, 1818, aged 54 years, 20 days. The slate headstone is marked "A soldier in the Revolution."

ANDREW TOTT, buried on Torr farm, Dover. Died March 8, 1817, aged 71 years. Aided by official votes in establishing American Independence.—LYDIA A. STEVENS, Chairman Research Committee.

"Keep the jewel of liberty in the family of freedom."

"No man is good enough to govern another man without that other's consent."

"This country, with all its institutions, belongs to the people who inhabit it."

"Gold is good in its place; but living, brave, and patriotic men are better than gold."

"This government is expressly charged with the duty of providing for the general welfare."

"I have made it a rule of my life," said the old parson, "not to cross Fox River until I get to it."
WORK OF THE CHAPTERS

Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter (Killingly, Conn.).—

The year just drawn to a close, has been an unusually active and social one in the Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. Aside from the regular meetings held on the third Thursday in each month, when we have been favored with literary and musical programs of much interest, there have been a number of delightful social events.

For six consecutive years, our chapter has held a colonial ball to commemorate the birthday of the "Father of our Country," but on February 22, 1908, history failed to repeat itself. As a substitute, a colonial whist was given. The national colors were attractively displayed.

A pleasing feature of the March meeting, was the presentation to the chapter of an oak gavel, made from a section of the beam in the attic of the house in which Sarah Williams Danielson resided. It bears the following inscription "(S. W. D.) Chapter (D. A. R.) from Danielson House, 1786-1908." Miss Dora Smith, presented it to the chapter in behalf of our honorary member, Miss Kate E. Danielson, great-granddaughter of Sarah Williams Danielson for whom the chapter is named and in whose house she now resides.

An attractive May whist was given, the subscription being twenty-five cents.

Ghostly forms gliding about mysteriously in the weird light of jack-o'-lanterns, ushering guests into a darkened hall where yellow chrysanthemums, red berries and black cats were barely discernible in the fitful light, a witch receiving their cards, the muffled strains of Tam-o' Shanter being heard as the shadowy figures distributed the tiny Japanese lanterns for favors,—all combined to make the Hallowe'en whist given by the chapter, an evening of rare enjoyment. Pumpkin pie, cheese and coffee were served. The Virginia reel was the closing feature of one of the pleasantest social events in the history of the chapter.
In November a successful colonial bazaar was held. Bric-a-brac, fancy work, flowers, food and popcorn found a ready sale, as did also mystery packages dispensed from two finely decorated Christmas trees.

The most delightful literary event of the year was the lecture by Mrs. Margaret Leland upon "The value of happiness."

The "Beneficiary Committee," Mrs. Charles Russell, chairman, with an appropriation of ten dollars from the treasury, together with donations, was enabled to forward a box of books, toys, fruit and confectionery to the Windham County Home for children situated at Putnam, Conn., thus bringing Christmas joy to the fifty-six little ones sheltered there.

The chapter has this year contributed fifty dollars, toward the completion of the education of a boy at the Connecticut Literary Institution at Suffield. There are fifteen chapters of the Connecticut Daughters of the American Revolution thus working along patriotic educational lines in Connecticut this year. In an appreciative letter of acknowledgment, Rev. R. Maplesden, field secretary, writes that our "Wm. Vivian" has successfully completed his studies at Suffield and is doing excellent work in the medical department of Dartmouth College.

The second break in the ranks of the Sarah Williams Danielson Chapter occurred when on March 15, 1908, Miss Almira Westcott was called home after an illness of nearly three years. The traditions of her family were very dear to her and upon the organization of the chapter, she became one of its charter members. Appropriate resolutions were adopted by the chapter.—Agnes C. Wood, Historian.

**Stars and Stripes Chapter** (Burlington, Iowa).—Stars and Stripes Chapter, held a most inspiring celebration of Washington's birthday from three to six o'clock p. m., at the home of the regent, Dr. Nanny R. B. Baughman. Old Glory over the entrance waved a welcome to the guests and its colors combined with the Continental colors adorned the house, throughout. Mrs. Baughman belongs to the Washington family, which with her family pictures of George Washington, Mary Ball, Charles Washington, and George Washington Ball, father
of the regent, and the reading by Mrs. Giles Cook Lane of a fac-simile letter of condolence addressed by George Washington to George Washington Ball, upon the death of his brother, seemed almost to bring those present into the very presence of Washington. The following program was given:

Prayer, .................................................. Dr. William Salter
Song—“America,” .................................................. By Chapter
Reading—“Washington as Father and Lincoln as Son of Country, .................................................. By Regent
Reading—“Early Celebrations of Washington’s Birthday, .................................................. By Mrs. C. L. Alexander
Piano Solo—Minuet from “Wagner’s Sonata,” .................................................. By Mrs. W. F. Gilman
Paper—“Washington and the Flag,” .................................................. By Mrs. Giles Cook Lane
Vocal Solo—“The Birthday of Washington,” .................................................. By Miss Elsie Swiler
Reading—“Thackery’s Estimate of Washington” and “The Indian Prophecy,” .................................................. By Miss Harriet Lane
Piano Solo—Minuet from “Mozarts Symphony E Flat,” .................................................. By Mrs. W. F. Gilman
Reading—“The Lincoln Centenary,” .................................................. By Mrs. Ed. Bernard
Vocal Solo—“Ben Bolt” and “Dreamy Days,” .................................................. By Miss Olive Martin
Song—“Columbia the Gem of the Ocean,” .................................................. By Chapter

An artistic finish was given to the program by Mr. and Mrs. William Leander Sheetz, in the singing of two songs as duetts, “Mississippi, Oh Beloved” and a “Lullaby.” The “Mississippi, Oh Beloved” is one of Prof. Sheetz’s latest compositions and appeals to all lovers of the “Father of waters.” After the program the guests were ushered into the dining room where the table decorations consisted of a miniature cherry tree and hatchet. Dr. R. G. Jones made a few appropriate remarks upon the story of the “Cherry Tree,” and the “Democratic Spirit of Washington.” During the ensuing year our chapter has held the regular monthly meetings, which have been principally devoted to the study of Parliamentary Law, and “American Artists During Colonial Times.” At the November meeting which was held at the home of Mrs. C. L. Alexander, her talented daughter, Miss Josephine Alexander contributed a piano solo to the program. After the program, refreshments were served by the hostess. A social hour was also
enjoyed at the December meeting, which was held at the home of the regent and refreshments were served. During the year, two new members have been added to our chapter and six lost leaving a total membership of fifty-three. The chapter has suffered the loss of two by death, Mrs. Eliza Hesster McConnell, September 12, 1908, and Mrs. Ruth Stewart Smith, January 15, 1909.—Julia H. Orton Jordan, Historian.

Council Bluffs Chapter (Council Bluffs, Iowa).—The past year has been one of continued progress and harmony. The chapter has now ninety-two members.

We are fortunate in having for our regent, Mrs. Eva Canfield Metcalf, a woman of broad culture, and possessing unusual ability and tact.

We are also fortunate in having as a member of our chapter, Mrs. Bushnell, vice-president general who is an inspiration in all chapter work.

Located in the middle west, we have no Revolutionary graves nor places to mark. And Council Bluffs Chapter, while keeping ever in memory the founders of our liberty, does honor to those of a later date, and hopes to aid and inspire those of the coming generation.

With this in view, the chapter aided by the Historical Society of the city, arranged for and carried out a program in celebration of Lincoln's birth. The address was by Gen. Grenville M. Dodge who spoke of his personal recollection of Lincoln. There were other short addresses, recitations of "My Captain," and "The Perfect Tribute" and patriotic songs.

The chapter also has a plan, in connection with the Historical Society, to erect a boulder, marked with a tablet in memory of Lincoln, on a bluff overlooking the valley and a part of this city and Omaha, which spot Lincoln visited when in Council Bluffs in 1859.

At the last chapter meeting the regent was instructed to appoint a committee to request that more attention be given, in the public schools to the learning of "The Star Spangled Banner," and "The Battle Hymn of the Republic," "America" being already sung daily in the schools.
In previous years our chapter has given generously to Continental Memorial Hall. Since our last report, $25.00, the proceeds from the sale of a silk quilt made by Mrs. Hartford, one of our “Real Daughters,” has been turned into this fund. Also $125.00 from the sale of cook books published by the chapter.

The furnishing of a Daughters of the American Revolution room in the Jennie Edmundson memorial hospital has been continued. It is to be furnished as far as possible with Colonial furniture. The chapter has met several times to sew rags for the rugs, to be woven in blue and white.

A pleasant social feature of the year was the chapter banquet January 17th, in celebration of the wedding day of George and Martha Washington. The dinner was followed by an entertaining program of toasts in which Mrs. Metcalf, Mrs. Bushnell, General Dodge and others took part. The banquet is to be a permanent yearly affair. Mrs. Bushnell, on Washington’s birthday, entertained the chapter.

The annual chapter picnic was held at Mrs. Metcalf’s country home, on Flag day.

Three of our members have been married during the past year. Miss Cora Warle, becoming Mrs. H. E. Haltenhauer; Miss Ada Sargent, Mrs. H. L. Van Brunt, both of Council Bluffs. And Mrs. Francis Moore Duffey, now Mrs. J. H. Arthur, of Denver.

One member has been taken from us by death: Mrs. Ellen K. Denny, who passed on from this life in October last, leaving behind her the memory of a consecrated life. At the time of her death Mrs. Denny had been for ten years, chaplain in the Christian Home, an orphanage founded by her brother Doctor Leneen. For years she had been prominent in W. C. T. U. work—at one time she was national superintendent of jail and prison work for that organization. For years she was a National W. C. T. U. organizer, and in that capacity traveled and lectured nearly all over this country. She was a woman of strong character, and a leader in any work with which she was connected.—ELIZABETH L. M. MORRISON, Historian.
Baltimore Chapter (Baltimore, Maryland).—The Baltimore Chapter observed its usual custom and celebrated Washington's wedding day on January 17th, as its annual festive occasion.

A most interesting and instructive paper was read by Mrs. Thomas Hill, the guest of honor, entitled “Madam Martha Washington,” in which she brought to light many pleasing, though little known, incidents in the life of that noble woman and graphically portrayed the types of an earlier day. The chapter regent, Mrs. Charles Wesley Bassett, made a telling address in which her plea was for the spirit of true patriotism as an actuating motive in all affairs and concerns of the chapters, and that minor interests and problems should never be allowed to obscure for a moment this primary object of the society's existence.

It was agreed by all present that such a forceful, earnest and eloquent presentation of the aims of patriotic societies was most timely and suggestive, as a precedent.

The chapter historian presented the topic of Washington as “Lover, Husband and Genial Host,” in which the Lowland Beauty, Betsy Fauntleroy, Frances Alexander, Mary Cary and Mary Phillipse figured as earlier loves than the charming widow Custis and the amenities and economies of Mt. Vernon showed a well poised and rational life.

The glee club of the Polytechnic school, a stringed band, played delightfully during the afternoon and a great wedding cake, ornamented with the old fashioned hundred-leaf rose and containing the prophetic symbols of matrimony, spinsterhood, riches and luck was cut by the regent—this ceremony forming an essential feature of the program.

Delegates and alternates were also elected to represent the chapter at the Continental Congress, in April.—MARIAN V. DORSEY, Historian.

Thomas Johnson Chapter (Baltimore, Maryland). Annual Report.—The last annual chapter meeting was held December 16, at the home of Mrs. Pare, who in spite of illness, entertained the chapter with charming hospitality.

The following ladies have acted as hostesses during the
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year: Miss Duvall, Mrs. B. F. Smith, Mrs. James Mercer Garnett, Mrs. John Thompson Mason, Mrs. Eric Bergland, Miss M. A. Camak, and Mrs. Frank P. Clark.

Contributions from the chapter have been $50 to Continental Hall, $10 to the Southern Industrial Educational Association, $10 for memorial window in Fredericksburg, $10 for a “Real Daughter” of 1812, grand-daughter of William Batchelor who carried the flag at Cowpens under John Eager Howard.

It was decided to give $50 for a scholarship in the Southern Industrial Educational Association. At the February meeting, 1908, $50 was sent to Continental Hall through the state regent, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom.

At this meeting the chapter regent read an interesting account of Mt. Vernon and congratulated Maryland on its room there. She distributed some beautiful views of Mt. Vernon, as mementos of February 22. Interesting papers have been read at each chapter meeting, one being contributed by Judge Stockbridge on May 21, on immigration. There are now present on the roll forty-eight members, the number being limited to about sixty. During the following year members will be asked to contribute papers on their ancestors, the first being on Colonel William Powell, Sixteenth Virginia Regiment, by his great-great-granddaughter, Mrs. James Mercer Garnett, of Virginia. It is said that “to no other one agency, harmonizing the sections, does our country owe more than to patriotic societies.”

In 1866, Mrs. Avery states, in her interesting book, “Dixie after the War,” northern and southern women found their first bond of union in the Mt. Vernon Association which began in 1853 as a southern movement, when the home and tomb of Washington were for sale, and Anne Pamela Cunningham, of South Carolina, called upon American women to save Mt. Vernon, won Edward Everett to lecture for the cause, coaxed legislators, congressmen, and John Washington to terms, and rested not until Mt. Vernon belonged to the nation. It is stated that during the war, it was the one spot where men of both armies met as brothers, stacking arms without the gates.

Mrs. Cunningham held her regency, and Mrs. Eve, of
Georgia, Madame Le Vert, and the other southern vice-regents continued on the Board with northern women. In 1889, when the tomb of Washington's mother was advertised for sale, Margaret Hetzel, of Virginia, appealed successfully through the "Washington Post" to her country-women to save it to the nation.

The founders, in 1890, of the Daughters of the American Revolution were Eugenia Washington, of Virginia; Mary Desha, of Kentucky; Ellen Hardin Walworth, of Virginia and Kentucky ancestry. A most active officer was Mary Virginia Ellett Cabell, of Virginia. The first vice-regent of the New York Chapter was a Virginian, Mrs. Roger A. Pryor, so well known as an authoress.

Flora Adams Darling, the widow of a Confederate officer, had a large hand in originating the order, and founded that of the Daughters of the Revolution, and of the Daughters of the War of 1812. The daughters of the secession governor of South Carolina, Mrs. Rebecca Calhoun Pickens Bacon, started the Daughters of the American Revolution in her state, delivering seven flourishing chapters to the national society.

The daughter of General Cook, confederate states army, Mrs. Lawson Peele, of Atlanta, Georgia, is a power in Daughters of the American Revolution work. The present National Regent, Mrs. Donald McLean, is a Marylander, in whom the whole country feels a pride. Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson, one of her predecessors, avowed herself to be a southerner, in part, if her Virginia and Kentucky ancestry counted. Our state regent of Maryland, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, who has done fine work, is a Kentuckian by birth and a Marylander by long residence. Among the present vice-president generals, Mrs. J. Morgan Smith is from Alabama, Mrs. Spilman from West Virginia, Mrs. W. A. Smoot, and Mrs. S. W. Jamison, Virginians, well and favorably known everywhere.

In no movement of patriotism, in no measure promoting good feeling, has the south ever been unrepresented.

We have cause for pride in our southern women as we have in our southern men, from the earliest colonial days to the present time. There are many unrecorded deeds of bravery
and patriotism in the south that should be embraced in our histories. Let the southern Daughters record them.

Poor is the nation that boasts no heroes, but beggared is that country that having them, forgets!—Mrs. James Mercer Garnett, Historian.

December 15, 1908.

Deborah Sampson Chapter (Brockton, Massachusetts).—Since the last report written for the American Monthly Magazine the annual meeting has been held and Mrs. Clara L. Atwood elected regent. She at once appointed several new committees thus enlarging the influence of the chapter along the lines of local work, respect for the flag and patriotic education. The program committee of which Mrs. George A. Beal is chairman, has given excellent service and each meeting has been full of interest and instruction. The subjects of the papers and addresses have been “Our Heritage” by Rev. Melvin Nash, senator from the Plymouth district; “Life in Ceylon” by Mrs. Robina Allen, who was a president of the island for eighteen years, and “Hospitality in Housekeeping,” by Mrs. Henry C. Coulson.

The hospitality committee have made the social hour very attractive to the members.

At the September meeting a beautiful flag nine feet by twelve was presented by Mrs. D. S. Whittemore to the chapter as a gift from Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker, of Providence, who for her kindness and interest in this organization had been made an honorary member.

The mid-summer outing was to historic Boston and was a delightful occasion. The ladies visited many places of interest, among them Paul Revere’s house and the frigate Constitution at the navy yard.

The anniversary exercises were varied this year by making them a chapter of memories. Few afternoons have been more enjoyed. To the memory of the first regent, Mrs. Adlaide Spurr, who has passed on, was paid a tribute, members standing with bowed heads at the mention of her name. Mrs. Hettie Littlefield was absent and a letter of regret from her was read.
Mrs. Leonard B. Hatch, whose administration of four years saw the chapter at high tide numerically and financially, Mrs. Lysander Gurney, whose regency was marked by great literary excellence and Mrs. George O. Jenkins, whose two years held many social functions and dedications of memorials to Deborah Sampson gave a review of their terms of service. Mrs. Rebecca C. Boomer, who named the chapter and was one of the founders, spoke of the early struggles and the rich fruitage. Mrs. S. Agnes Parker a leading woman in the ranks of the Woman's Relief Corps and one of the speakers at its organization, again addressed the chapter. Mrs. Lucy Howland, the chaplain for eleven years, made a few remarks and thanked the chapter for the courtesies shown her mother who was its first "Real Daughter." Mrs. O. W. Charles, the historian, recounted the events of the five years she has held the office, in a rhyme which met with some favor.

The chapter has lost by death three of its "Real Daughters": Mrs. Salome Sellers, of Deere Isle, Maine, aged 108; Mrs. Rebecca Hall, of Warren, Maine, aged 96, and Mary J. Stockbridge, of Haverhill, Massachusetts, aged 95. Two "Real Daughters" have been added to the membership, Mrs. Rebecca C. Keene and Mrs. Laura A. Stewart Sherman, of Pauling, New York, making in all fifteen the chapter has had on the roll, five of whom are living.

Seven of these valued members have been secured by Mrs. Alice W. Keyes, the treasurer of the Society.

The regent, Mrs. Clara L. Atwood, has served the chapter for eight years as secretary and two years as vice-regent and has comprehensive parliamentary knowledge with great executive ability. She is descended from Pilgrim stock and is entitled to wear ten service bars for revolutionary ancestors. She is a life member of the Old Bridgewater and Old Colony Historical societies and the Alden Kindred of America. She is a prominent officer in the order of Eastern Star and founder of the chapter in Brockton.—MARY E. CHARLES, Historian Deborah Sampson Chapter.

Old Shirley Chapter (Shirley, Massachusetts), held their second annual meeting March first. Reports of officers
showed a pleasant and helpful year. One drama and two lectures have been given. Flag day was celebrated with public exercises. We were assigned a part in the program celebrating Lincoln’s centennial, and arranged two tableaux, “The flag that Betsey made” and “Tenting on the old camp ground.” —ABBIE J. WELLS.

Menominee Chapter (Menominee, Michigan).—The history of Menominee Chapter for the year ending February 2, 1909, has not been eventful with one exception. We held the usual number of meetings and made the usual contribution to Memorial Hall. We were also privileged to contribute to the fund for the purchase of a flag for the battleship Michigan, and a loving-cup for Mrs. Emma Brayton, state regent, in commemoration of her twenty-fifth wedding anniversary; our membership being small, only thirteen, our offerings were necessarily limited. At a meeting held in September we had the pleasure of listening to an interesting report by Mrs. L. S. Patrick, delegate to the national convention.

The bright event of the year was a visit by the state regent, Mrs. Emma S. Brayton, on November 10th. The Daughters entertained her at a luncheon at the home of the chapter regent, Mrs. J. D. Crawford. The house was appropriately decorated with the national colors, large flags forming the portieres and other draperies. After luncheon Mrs. Brayton and the chapter members held a reception for all the ladies of Menominee and Marinette (Wisconsin) who were eligible to membership in the Daughters of the American Revolution. About forty responded, after a very pleasant musical entertainment by Mrs. William Campbell and Miss Carol Hicks and a patriotic recitation by Mrs. Frank Seidl. Mrs. Brayton gave an entertaining and instructive talk upon the reasons for the existence and the work of the Society.—JOSEPHINE S. I. SAWYER, Historian.

Ot-si-ke-ta Chapter (St. Clair, Michigan).—Greeting from Otsiketa Chapter, at St. Clair, Michigan. The month of February, 1909, has been one of unusual interest to our chapter.

We were visited by our state regent, Mrs. James P. Brayton, of Grand Rapids, the fourth of the month. The meeting was
held at the home of Mrs. T. W. Bacon, whose two daughters are members.

The house was fittingly decorated for the occasion with flags and flowers. An informal reception to meet our regent preceded the six o'clock dinner. The company adjourned to the parlors where the meeting was opened by our new regent, Mrs. Geo. J. Ward.

A ladies' quartet, consisting of Mesdames James Lightbody, Reuben Moore, Hugh Hart and Will Chamberlain, delighted the audience with a lullaby.

Miss May Coppernoll read an interesting paper on "Immigration." Mrs. Hugh Hart sang in a charming manner "Just like Love is the Rose." So well was this received that Mrs. Hart responded to an encore.

Mrs. Ward called for Mrs. Brayton, by stating her pleasure in being with us, and gave a brief account of the work in other Michigan chapters, twenty-seven in number with a membership of fifteen hundred.

She said the chapter in St. Clair was the banner one thus far in that it had the largest charter membership in the state. She returned thanks to the chapter for our share in the loving-cup presented to her by the chapters of the state, on the occasion of her twenty-fifth wedding anniversary, and also acknowledged the contribution of ten dollars from Otsiketa Chapter toward the colors of the battleship Michigan, presented by the Michigan Daughters.

The following day, the chapter was invited to the meeting of Ottawawa Chapter in Port Huron.

The meeting was held at the spacious home of Mrs. Albert Stevenson and the house was beautifully decorated for the occasion. After a short reception, the ladies were invited to find their names at the tables where place cards were painted with a miniature flag and name of each guest.

The most cordial relations were expressed between the two chapters, which are regarded in the position of mother and daughter as the chapter in Port Huron was the offspring of the one in St. Clair.

The meeting was opened by the regent, Mrs. Chas. B. Waterloo and an interesting program prepared which was
much appreciated by the visiting chapter and all enjoyed the remarks by Mrs. Brayton. The evening of February twenty-second the chapter here met in the hospitable home of the sisters, Mrs. Eva Pomery and Miss May Coppernoll. The house was decorated with flags and bunting.

Roll call was responded to with items of interest concerning our National Capitol. Historical questions were handed to members rolled in a green leaf as a salad. These being disposed of, a tea suitable to the birthday of the father of our country, was enjoyed.

The members joined in singing “Mt. Vernon Bells,” and the regent, Mrs. Ward, read a most enlightening paper on Ellis Island, giving a clear idea of what rigid inspection the stranger, coming to our shore has to undergo.

The chapter hopes to make a more liberal donation to the fund for Continental Hall, than last year, when the members were engaged in getting up a Home Coming week in St. Clair.

—EMELINE JENKS CRAMPTON, Secretary.

Ann Haynes Chapter (Kirksville, Missouri), gave a colonial tea the afternoon of February the 22nd. The invitations read as follows:

“Ye are now Asked Right Heartily by the Ann Haynes Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution to Drink Tea with them at the Goody Home of Madam Cockrell in South High street from Half after Two to Half after Five by the Town Clock, on Monday, the 22nd inst., it being the Birthday of His Excellency, General Washington.”

The hostesses were costumed in colonial style and the home was artistically decorated with the national colors; tea and old-fashioned cakes were served and cherries were used as favors.

Over two hundred and fifty guests were entertained.

On Monday evening, February 22nd, Mrs. M. D. Campbell, vice-regent of the Ann Haynes Chapter of Daughters of the American Revolution, was at home to the members of the chapter. Mrs. Hunter Meriweather, regent of Elizabeth Benton Chapter, Kansas City, Missouri, and Miss Blackburn,
regent of the Samuel Davis Chapter, of Kentucky, were guests of honor.

Elizabeth Benton Chapter (Kansas City, Missouri)—This chapter, November 20, 1894, starting with a membership of nineteen, the charter members, at the close of the year 1908, a period of fourteen years, have over two hundred and ten names enrolled.

Our first meeting held in the new year of 1908 was well attended. It was the day for election of officers. Our regent, Mrs. Hunter M. Meriwether, conducted that meeting as though inspired. She was unanimously reelected. Mrs. Geo. W. Fuller was elected vice-regent; Mrs. Jno. J. Green, secretary; Mrs. Howard F. Lea, reelected treasurer, and she makes a good one, holding us within bounds, when our enthusiasm might play havoc with our funds. Mrs. J. H. Kitchen, re-elected registrar, which office she fills with great credit to herself and our chapter, and Mrs. Mark Salisbury was elected historian.

The celebration of the birthday of the father of our country was given at length in the October number of the 1908 American Monthly Magazine. The money cleared on this occasion going towards Continental Hall and the Benton Memorial, which when completed will be an honor and a credit to our home town.

February 29th we had a meeting to elect delegates and alternates to represent our chapter at the national conference held in Washington in April.

At our meeting held in March, beside the regular business, our regent gave us an interesting talk on Thomas H. Benton, it being the one hundred and twenty-sixth anniversary of his birth.

Our regent, one delegate, three alternates and one member, represented us at the National Congress. Miss Carrie Lewis, our baby member, was appointed page, receiving favorable notice in the Washington papers.

Our May meeting was largely taken up with the good reports from our representatives to the Congress. They gave
such glowing accounts that one and all we found ourselves wishing we, too, had been in Washington on this occasion.

June 14th, Flag day, we planned to celebrate at Fort Leavenworth, having been invited by the state regent of Kansas to join with the Captain Jesse Leavenworth, Atchison and Topeka Chapters in a celebration at Fort Leavenworth on this day. Alas! for the best laid plans of mice and men. Man proposes, but the weather disposes; rather disposed and deposed. On this particular day the heavens opened up, the waters descended, it was literally the opening of the flood gates. The rivers overflowed their banks. The parts of Kansas City, lying below the bluffs, were flooded. In this locality the business houses moved into their second stories, going to and from their business in row boats. Not being able to make the trip to Fort Leavenworth, memory took us on a short journey backward, back to the days of our childhood, when our mothers either read to us or told us the story of the Biblical flood. We wake up from this backward dream to a realization of the present and are glad to feel that we have outgrown these childish fears. In the mean time it still rains. We begin to think of the lunch so nicely packed, when ting-a-ling-a-ling went the 'phone, “Hello! Who is it?” “Mrs. Meriwether, how shall we pass the day? Tell stories of the revolutionary times.” No answer, still it rings. At last I understand. The goddess having charge of Flag day wishes to impersonate the different members of our chapter and tell stories of things that really happened, things the brave mothers, daughters, sisters, aunts and cousins did.

What more appropriate than that she should tell the following as though coming from our regent. Our regent, being the first lady of our chapter, tells us of an incident in the life of the first lady at that time—Martha Washington. The winter of 1779 and 80 Washington was encamped at Morristown. The British were getting rather too near Mount Vernon for Martha's safety, so it was deemed advisable to have her spend the winter with her husband at Morristown; thus frustrating any plan the British might have of kidnapping her from Mount Vernon and holding her for ransom. Washington's headquarters were at the house of a widow Ford, her husband
having been killed in this war. Whenever a shot was heard Washington's body guard rushed to the house, barricaded the doors, opened all the windows and five soldiers were stationed at each window with loaded guns awaiting the coming of the enemy. On these occasions Martha Washington and Mrs. Ford had to go to bed and remain behind drawn curtains until the alarm passed.

Quiet reigned. Again I heard the fluttering of the wings. This time the goddess was Mrs. Fuller, our vice-regent. She took us back to Fort Griswold, September 6, 1781, when the British burned the town of New London, on the west side of the Thames river. Benedict Arnold, the traitor, who commanded one division of the British Army on this occasion, seemed as much pleased as was Nero when Rome burned. Fort Trumbull on the same side of the river as New London, but nearer the sea coast, was taken. At last Fort Griswold, on the opposite side of the river, was compelled to surrender. Our patriots laid down their arms. Major Bromfield, a New Jersey loyalist, entered the Fort and shouted, "Who commands this garrison?" Col. Wm. Ledyard who had been in command, replied, "I did, sir! but you do now," at the same time handing his sword to Major Bromfield, who immediately ran the surrendered sword through Colonel Ledyard's body. The British then murdered seventy of our men, mortally and dangerously wounding thirty-five more. Thirty-five were paroled, put in a house where they passed the night longing and begging for water, but not a drop could they get. At early dawn Fanny Ledyard, a niece of the murdered Col. Wm. Ledyard, came with wine, water and chocolate, stealthily she approached, for fear the enemy might still be at hand. But the enemy had sailed during the night, taking about forty of the inhabitants with them as prisoners. And thus this angel of mercy and bravery, Fanny Ledyard, ministered to the brave men who had been so ignominiously wounded at this surrender.

Again the voice of the goddess whispered in my ear, she said, "This is Mrs. Green I represent this time." She told the dear old story of Lydia Darrah.

Silence once more. Again the sweet voice of the goddess
sounded in my ear. "Now this is Mrs. Lea." The story of brave Elizabeth Zane was told.

Silence again. Once more the voice comes to me, this time it is Mrs. Kitchen. Dicey Langston, of Lauren District, is the theme. (An account of her deeds and a picture of her home were given in the American Monthly Magazine a few months ago.)

This dear old story teller talked on till the first faint streaks of early dawn appeared in the east. Some two hundred stories completed the list, this is but a few I give, for she told one for each member of our chapter.

October 10th we held our last business meeting. At this meeting we elected delegates and alternates to attend our state conference held at Columbia.

For seven years our chapter has given medals to the three high schools of Kansas City. The pupil in each school passing the best examination on American history receiving a medal. In 1908 ninety-six students took this examination. The professor of history at the Missouri State University in Columbia preparing the questions.

This summer our chapter devoted ten dollars to the Salvation Army penny ice fund.

We paid our state tax and the Ozark scholarship fund, and have added quite a nice sum to the Thos. H. Benton memorial fund.

We sent our mite towards the bridal present of our state secretary, sent five dollars to Continental Hall in memory of our "Real Daughter," the only one of seven left enrolled on our books. We have sent floral offerings to those members in whose families deaths have occurred. We sent ten dollars to "Mercy Hospital."

October 5, 1908, Mrs. Ada Elkins, one of our members, passed through the portals of the Great Unknown, gone to join the great majority, entering into that bourne from whence no traveler has ever returned.

In the past year we have had but one visit from the stork.

The crowning social event of our chapter was that given by the chapter at the beautiful home of our regent, Mrs. Hunter M. Meriwether in honor of our state regent, Mrs. Samuel
McKnight Green, of St. Louis, assisted by the regent and vice-regent of the Kansas City Chapter, Mrs. B. F. Whipple and Mrs. Welsh, Miss Johns, the state regent of Kansas, the regent of the chapter at Kirksville, and the regent of our new chapter at Liberty, and Miss Todhunter of the Lexington Chapter. Our regent's beautiful home is situated in about the center of the northern part of the city, with Scarritt Point as a background, at the top of a gentle slope, giving one a commanding view of Kansas City, west, south, and east, monarch of all you survey, as it were. This home, patterned after the German Nouveau at the St. Louis Exposition, its wood work finished in grey bird's eye maple, formed a fitting background for our charming hostess and regent, who is never happier than when making others happy and seeing that they have a good time. A large number of our chapter assembled at this home to pay their respects to our state regent. We had heard our regent say so many nice things about her that our curiosity was aroused. Our state regent was not only great expectations realized, but exceeded. In her own sweet, unaffected way she gave us a speech of greeting standing on the broad stair case with the moonlight room at her back, looking down upon the eager, smiling faces gathered around her. In fact it seemed a misfortune not to have known her before. In the dining room the young ladies presided, and it was hard to tell which was the more tempting, the viands or the young ladies. We managed to take in both. Miss Maud Swentzel gave us a recitation, she did it so well that we imagined ourselves school girls again, riding or walking to and from school. It awakened memories in the past we thought we had forgotten. Miss Todhunter, of Lexington, gave us a dialect piece; again we took a trip into the past, the days of the old timey colored woman, the darkey of reverence, superstition and child-like tastes.

We had such a good time we were loathe to leave—it was with regret we said farewell.

In December we had a meeting of the entertainment committee. In fact we took a trip into the clouds. We planned a grand entertainment and we all but had it, but as the good old poet says, "There is many a slip 'twixt the cup and the lip."
To close our New Year's eve, our baby member took unto herself a better half and so we have the pleasure of announcing a wedding in our chapter as well as a birth.

And thus we say farewell to a very pleasant year.—Mrs. Mark S. Salisbury, Historian.

Jemima Alexander Sharp Chapter (Boonville, Missouri), is in short dresses and three candles, red, white and blue, will be lighted on her cake June 17, 1909.

During the last year we have gained two new members.

We have given to the public school and Kemper military school each a copy of Trumbull's "Signing of the Declaration of Independence."

We have four regular subscribers to American Monthly Magazine and contributed $2.75 to Missouri (April) edition, also ordered ten extra copies of same.

We have a social and business meeting each month.

Sent to W. C. T. U. Settlement school, Hindman, Kentucky, fifty dollars for a scholarship for 1908 and 1909. Each member of our chapter was to make $5.00 for that purpose and at a stated meeting bring the money and tell how she had made it; all told save one and she—well—she looked guilty.

We acted as caterers to the Woman's Club district meeting, serving seventy plates, thereby raising funds for the 1909 and 1910 scholarships.

Our tireless regent, Mrs. Andrews, assisted by her daughter, gave a tea to "The Daughters" and eligible friends at her spacious home and after a most impressive program, Miss Andrews was seen to slip from the room and in a moment came through the doorway carrying a beautiful silk flag which she charmingly presented in a low, clear voice, while her fine dark eyes were bright with the thought that prompted her words.

Our regent, Mrs. Andrews, graciously accepted the flag in behalf of our chapter.

This flag was a gift from Hon. John Sharp Williams, and was upon this occasion formally presented to the chapter.
Refreshments were served carrying out the red, white and blue color scheme.

We presented to Miss Bertha Johnston, upon her marriage to Captain Hitch, a Daughters of the American Revolution spoon.

Our colors are the colonial buff and blue.

Our motto is from Shakespeare, via Cardinal Wolsey: “Let all the ends thou aim’st at be thy country’s.” —IGIE PULLIAM WETTENDORF, Historian.

Matthew Thornton Chapter (Nashua, New Hampshire), celebrated January 6th, the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the marriage of General George and Mrs. Martha Washington. As that event occurred on “Twelfth Day,” each year afterward upon the recurrence of the day they always observed some of the festivities of “Twelfth Night,” so Matthew Thornton Chapter also combined the old English custom of that time with the reception. The following was the program:

Reception of General George and Mrs. Martha Washington; twelfth night defined by the Beadle; entrance of King Christmas and the twelve candle bearers; distribution of the magic cake by King Christmas; crowning of the king and queen of twelfth night; drinking to the health of the king and queen at the “Wassail Bowl.” The one finding the bean was to be king of the evening and the one finding the pea to be the queen. This was an old, old custom and was one of the essential features of the fete. After the king and queen have been chosen they were escorted by attendants to the throne and from thenceforth held undisputed sway. This was followed by character studies in costumes given by Miss Wilson, of New York. First, types of Americans of ye olden time, consisting of the “Spinning Wheel Song”—a study in colonial courting; an “Impersonation of Samuel Adams;” second, types of Americans of to-day,—“Preliminaries to a Little Informal Tea” and a “Bootblack’s description of a Play.” Miss Wilson was a fine reader and impersonator and charmed everyone in the audience. These selections were interspersed with patriotic songs given by Mrs. Danforth and Mrs. Simpson, accompanied by Mrs. Tolles. These last three are members of
the chapter and are very fine singers and players. One of Mrs. Simpson’s songs was “The American Toast” which has been engaged to be sung at the Continental Congress next April. All present enjoyed the unique party and pronounced it an unqualified success.—KATHARINE M. THAYER, Regent.

**Annis Stockton Chapter** (Burlington County, New Jersey).—Regular monthly meetings are held at the homes of the members in the various towns, namely, Palmyra, Riverton, Burlington and Mount Holly.

The members of our department of patriotic education are very active in trying to instruct the school children in the history of the flag. A set of flags “facsimile” of those used at various times since Columbus started out on his voyage of discovery to the present time have been made and painted by the regent, to be used in the work, and for a small sum can be rented by chapters who desire to use them in connection with the dialogue presented last year at our regent’s meeting, by the state chairman, Mrs. Steelman. This committee conducted patriotic exercises on Lincoln’s birthday at the colored school in Mount Holly. There has been a school of domestic science organized in connection with this school.

The report on patriotic education furnished by Miss Ellen Mecum, our national chairman in this department, was read with much interest and our committee have under consideration the adoption of some of the plans therein mentioned for the furtherance of this work.

The regent of Annis Stockton Chapter having been appointed a committee of one to look up the descendants of the New Jersey signers of the Declaration of Independence (on account, no doubt, of this being the only chapter in the state having a name which has any connection with either of the signers) has spent much time, labor and money in securing a list of the names and addresses which will, we trust, in the near future materialize into a definite plan for securing portraits of the five signers, to be placed in the historical panels of the beautiful New Jersey room in Continental Hall.

At the February meeting, we had the honor of entertaining our state regent, Miss Mecum, Mrs. William Sherrard, regent
of Haddonfield Chapter, Miss Reeve, regent of Nassau Chapter, Camden, New Jersey, and Mrs. May, also of Camden, a descendant of John Hart. A very social half hour was spent while ice cream and cake were being served. The state regent relating of course all the wonderful things about Continental Hall and particularly the beauty of the New Jersey room.

She suggested that this chapter present the handsome plate glass in the lectern which will be used to indicate who were the donors of the various beautiful pieces of furniture made from the wood of the British ship Augusta; this was done.

At this meeting a vote was taken whether we should undertake the state meeting at Burlington in May and it was unanimously agreed that we extend an invitation to the regents at the March meeting in Trenton.

Our annual election in February resulted in the re-election of all the officers except the historian, who declined to retain the office. Several of our members subscribe to the American Monthly Magazine and often quote from its pages.

The regent has attended through invitation several functions given by different chapters and each and every one has been a source of pleasure and profit.

On the twenty-second of February a delightful day was spent at Princeton. The work of this chapter grows as it ever should, with increasing interest and we know that our meetings in the future will be more full of patriotic interest than ever before.

Camp Middlebrook Chapter (Bound Brook, New Jersey).—At the annual meeting of the chapter, October, 1908, at the home of the secretary, Miss Todd, the motion for a luncheon was carried by a good majority, and a committee appointed at once to make all arrangements.

The result was, that on Wednesday, February 3rd, the anniversary of no less than four battles of the Revolution—in 1777 that of Fort McIntosh, Georgia; in 1779 one in Beaufort, South Carolina, and another in Port Royal, South Carolina; in 1780 a battle at Four Corners, New York, the chapter assembled in the beautiful chapel of the historic Presbyterian
church of Bound Brook, New Jersey, where amid a profusion of flags and flowers, a bountiful repast was served.

The ladies aid society of the church undertook the task of serving the luncheon, and in every detail they excelled themselves. The Presbyterian ladies’ aid received a rising vote of thanks, for the pains they had taken, and the pleasure they had given the chapter.

After the feast, the regent, Mrs. W. B. R. Mason, as toast mistress introduced the “flow of soul.”

First the wisest member of our chapter was called upon for her opinion of the “Early Settlers and our Chapter.”

The response by Mrs. E. C. Wise made us much wiser than we ever were before regarding this subject.

Miss Olendorf delighted the audience with “Patriotic Airs” which rang out from the pianoforte under her skillful performance.

Mrs. W. J. Taylor, past regent, and one of the most enthusiastic members of Camp Middlebrook Chapter, gave a charming account of the Daughters of the American Revolution Congress, and concluded her remarks with an invitation to “Solitude,” High Bridge, New Jersey, the ancestral home of the Taylors—where the old Taylor iron works are still to be seen in active operation.

Miss Todd as chapter poetess, was next called upon, and gave an original and clever poem, in her usual happy manner.

Mrs. MacClymont gave a brief sketch of “Washington from Day to Day.”

He was the same, “yesterday, to-day and forever—immutable.”

Miss Dietrick and Mrs. Vail, of Continental Chapter, spoke of work done by that chapter.

Miss Herbert (late a resident of Washington, District of Columbia), expressed her pleasure at being once more among us, in old Bound Brook, and remarked upon the rapid growth, the enthusiasm of the members, and excellent work done by the chapter in the past few years. Miss Herbert is a charter member.

Mrs. Thomas, historian, being called upon, gave a brief outline of the chapter’s history.
Organized in 1893 by Mrs. John Olendorf, with fourteen members it has never failed in its appointments or undertakings.

There have been regular monthly meetings during ten months of each year. There are upward of fifty members, and the activity and usefulness of Camp Middlebrook Chapter are well known as an incentive to others who are perhaps less progressive, to “go and do likewise.”—(Mrs.) Mary Craven Thomas, Historian.

**Kanestio Valley Chapter** (Hornellsville, New York).—
The chapter is passing through a prosperous year. We already have eighty-four members, and are hoping to reach the one hundred mark.

The meetings are well attended, a good feeling prevails, and we have had several fine addresses by the clergymen of Hornell and Canisteo.

Chapter day was celebrated by a pleasant reception at the residence of Dr. Eli Sweet.

The dining room was beautiful with the national colors, smilax and carnations. The orchestra gave delightful music.

Washington's birthday was observed in a social and patriotic manner at Christ church parish house, the guild furnishing a fine luncheon to over one hundred guests. The tables were handsomely decorated with ferns, palms, and smilax as well as carnations, and the orchestra again gave patriotic music.

The regent, Mrs. A. A. Van Orsdale, presided as toast mistress and responded to her own toast, “The Kanestio Valley Chapter.”

There was an appropriate toast to “Our Guests” by Mrs. Leon L. Hough, of Canisteo. Mrs. George O'Connor responded to “Our Flag.”

The Reverend E. A. Rogers gave an interesting talk on “Old Landmarks,” and the Reverend L. D. Boyton made a patriotic address very suitable to the occasion.

At the close America was sung, the Daughters consecrating themselves anew to the Kanestio Valley Chapter and its best interests.
Charlotte Chapter (Charlotte, North Carolina).—Since my last report as historian of the Mecklenburg Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, four additional chapters have been formed in the city of Charlotte; their membership, being partly drawn from the mother chapter. This step became necessary as on account of the increased interest taken, and the rapid growth of the city the Mecklenburg Chapter was fast becoming too bulky and cumbersome for practical working purposes.

Of the list of new chapters ours was the first to organize, taking Charlotte, as its chapter name, the old chapter retaining its name.

At a called meeting, November 9, 1908, by Mrs. John Van Landingham, at her home in this city, Miss Laura Orr was by her appointed regent of our chapter and the organization was perfected by the election of the following officers: Mrs. H. L. Adams, vice-regent; Mrs. J. P. Caldwell, recording secretary; Mrs. H. M. Wade, corresponding secretary; Miss Madeline Orr, treasurer; Mrs. I. W. Faison, registrar; Mrs. H. L. Hunter, historian.

The first regular monthly meeting of the series in course was held on February 22nd, of the present year in commemoration of Washington's birthday, at the home of Mrs. H. L. Adams. The newly made regent presided, with dignity, and evinced perfect familiarity with parliamentary rules.

One of the interesting subjects coming before the chapter at this meeting was the selection of a chapter day. Of the several historic dates suggested, December 3rd, the transfer of the command of the Southern army from Gates to Green, was unanimously chosen.

It was decided at this meeting to give a silver tea in April, the proceeds to go towards the erection of a boulder, commemorative of the battle of Charlotte, at a site already selected for that purpose.

Alternates to the regent were appointed as delegates to the Congress in April.

Before the close of the meeting, an interesting program for the year was drawn up, assigning historical subjects to certain members of the chapter and fixing dates for the meetings,
which are to be held in alphabetical order at the homes of the members.—MRS. H. L. HUNTER, Historian.

**Merion Chapter** (Bala, Pennsylvania).—Merion Chapter gave a reception to Mrs. Donald McLean, president general of the national society, February 5th, at Hamilton Court. The guests were received by Mrs. John F. Develin, regent of Merion Chapter, in the colonial parlor.

Mrs. McLean made an address that captivated her hearers. Miss Beatrice Walden, the possessor of a rich contralto voice, sang two songs. Miss Emilie K. Norris gave two charming recitations.

Many prominent “Daughters” were present, among them being Mrs. Allen P. Perley, of Williamsport, state regent; Miss Mary I. Stille, of West Chester, state historian; Mrs. Emma L. Crowell, state secretary, and regent of Quaker City Chapter.

Refreshments were served in the Morris room and the green parlor, both of which were decorated with potted plants and flags. An orchestra played during the reception.

**James Wood Chapter** (Parkersburg, West Virginia) has had a busy summer, although the business meetings closed May 1st, to be resumed October 1st.

Early in May, under the auspices of the chapter, the “Ben Greet Players” presented two plays. It was the intention of the chapter to have pastoral plays at the beautiful Tenopin Park, but owing to unsettled weather the places had to be changed and the plays were given in Camden Theater. “As You Like It” was presented in the afternoon and “She Stoops to Conquer” at night to cultivated and delighted audiences.

For several years past the work of the chapter has been towards erecting a memorial to the Revolutionary soldiers buried in Wood county. This has been accomplished and on July 10th the memorial was unveiled.

A beautiful location for it was chosen at the intersection of Murdoch avenue, Ann and Eighth streets.

On a circular foundation of concrete, fifteen feet in diameter,
and raised six inches above the level of the street, rests a huge piece of rugged granite, weighing about eight tons.

On its south face is a handsome bronze tablet made by Messrs. Paul Cabaret & Co., of New York, bearing the following inscription:

"To the memory of the Revolutionary Soldiers, who are buried in Wood County. Captain James Neal, Captain John James, Lieutenant Samuel Bell, Orderly Sergeant Francis Langfitt, Bailey Rice, Matthew Maddox, Richard Mayhew, Spencer Sharp.

"These men freely offered on the altar of their country their lives, their fortunes, and their sacred honor.

"Erected by James Wood Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. 1908."

The whole is surrounded by a substantial iron fence to protect it from injury.

On the evening of July 10th, amid auspicious surroundings, just as the sun was setting, the ceremonies attending the unveiling began.

Invitations to the mayor and city council, the Chamber of Commerce, Sons of the Revolution, Daughters of American Pioneers, Daughters of the Confederacy, descendants of Revolutionary soldiers and the public generally had been extended, and an immense crowd gathered. The James Wood Chapter were grouped around the boulder.

A fine band rendered a beautiful selection of patriotic airs, which seemed to arouse a spirit of patriotism in the crowd.

Rt. Rev. Bishop G. W. Peterkin then offered an impressive prayer. At its conclusion while the music of "My Country, 'Tis of Thee" floated softly on the summer air, two lovely little maids, Annie Shattuck Neal and Elizabeth Lewis Neal Lawrence, both great-great-great-granddaughters of one of the heroes honored, pulled the ribbons and the flag enveloping the boulder fell in graceful folds to its base.

Judge L. N. Tavenner in an eloquent address then presented the memorial to the city. Hon. W. B. Pedigo, mayor of Parkersburg, in a scholarly and graceful response accepted it for the city.—ANNE O. JACKSON, Historian.
Havana Chapter (Havana, Cuba).—The first business meeting of the chapter after its organization was held November 19th.

Mrs. Crenshaw entertained the members at a tea on December 16th.

A souvenir spoon was presented to Mrs. Thomas Harris, January 17th, and a graceful acknowledgment was voiced by her for this mark of esteem intended for her little son, and Mrs. Harris expressed the desire that in time he may become a Son of the American Revolution and uphold the principles which are maintained by the Daughters of the American Revolution, as descendants of the creators of the republic.

Mrs. Adelaide Kean entertained the chapter on February 6th, and read an interesting paper on silk culture in America. Miss Mary Elizabeth Springer read a chapter from her book, "Elizabeth Schuyler, A Story of Old New York."

Tea was served at five o'clock, and among the heirlooms used belonging to Mrs. Kean is a handsome cake plate, inherited from Thomas Jefferson, an ancestor of the family.

It is a sacred duty of the Daughters to honor the memory of American heroes. In order to render a tribute of remembrance from the living to the dead, the regent and chapter visited the historic wreck of the Maine on the tenth anniversary of that fatal night, February 15, 1898.

Captain Roosevelt sent a marine from Camp Columbia to place upon the wreck a memorial wreath and a flag contributed by the Daughters, and they were accompanied in their historical pilgrimage by Mr. Edwin Morgan, American minister to Cuba, Admiral and Mrs. Baird and General Reid.

Osage Chapter, Sedalia, Missouri, sends a very pleasing year book. "Republics are made of the spirit," they quote and show that they intend to live up to the word. Happy Missouri with her loyal and united chapters.

"Let the people know the truth, and the country is safe."
STATE CONFERENCES

NEW JERSEY.

October ninth, nineteen hundred and eight, the New Jersey state meeting of the Daughters of the American Revolution was held in New Brunswick at Christ Church parish house.

The day dawned bright and clear and boded well for the ladies who had charge of affairs.

The aspect of the interior of the house had changed its character for the nonce. Its clerical attire concealed, it became the home of the stars and stripes. When Betsey Ross fashioned the flag, that floats over the land of our birth, she could not look with the vision of a soothsayer into the future; but had the privilege been given her, Dame Ross would have found the twentieth century Daughters of the American Revolution viewing the work of her hands, with the same admiring gaze, as did General Washington, over a century ago. Since that memorable day, it has taken on many added glories. Its red seems of a deeper hue; has it not been dyed with the blood of many heroes since that day? Its blue is more azure; has it not defended truth, save a country's honor and rescued a suffering race? The white is purer, because for over a century, a government founded on the principles of "Do unto others, as you would be done by," has existed, and the nations of the world have learned somewhat and profited thereby. So it was with reverent hands, "Old Glory" was hung into space in old Christ Church parish house. From every pillar, in almost every conceivable space, it greeted the eye. While great banks of golden-rod finished the color scheme, no decorative committee ever wrought with happier results.

About one hundred and eighty Daughters were present, with Miss Ellen Mecum, state regent, in the chair. In a few well chosen words, she greeted the delegates and bade them welcome, at the same time expressing her deep regret at being unable to be present at the Congress of 1908, and the necessity for resigning the chairmanship of the "Committee of Patriotic
Education.” This was listened to with regret. Mrs. Vail, regent of the Jersey Blue Chapter, spoke in behalf of the ladies and said in part: New Brunswick has no great battle-fields to which we may point with pride, but she played an honorable part during the Revolutionary war, and many of her sons gave up their lives in the cause of liberty. Christ Church, in whose parish house we are now assembled, is one of the oldest parishes in the state, and much to its credit be it said, that during the one hundred and more than fifty years of its existence, its doors have never been closed for service not even during the troublesome days of the Revolution. In its church-yard are buried many Revolutionary soldiers, to one of whom we will do especial service later in the day.

Miss Mecum then asked the regents of chapters for an account of their work during the year.

Luncheon was served,—after which the delegates adjourned to the grave-yard adjoining the church, and then began the ceremonies connected with the unveiling of a bronze tablet, by “Cabaret and Company,” on the tomb of General Anthony Walton White.

Our President General, Mrs. Donald McLean, arrived in time for these ceremonies. She brought with her an atmosphere of warmth and sunshine. Those who have heard her bright, pithy speeches on other occasions, were agreed that on this occasion she was at her best.

In a tender womanly fashion she spoke of the soldier so long in dust. “A zealous patriot” zealous in the service of his country, one who had borne the heat of the fray, and offered his best to his country. Then came home to die surrounded by his wife and loved ones. It was our beloved President General who stood among us. Nay, it was more. It was the fond wife, the devoted mother, who spake these feeling words. Tears were in her eyes.

Doctor Demarest, President of Rutgers College, spoke in behalf of the townspeople—Doctor Joyce for the church. The ceremony ended, taps were sounded, and the crowd dispersed, the delegates going back into the church. The monument bears these simple words:
“General Anthony Walton White, who departed this life on the tenth of February, 1803, in the fifty-third year of his life. He was an affectionate father, a tender parent, a true and generous friend, a zealous and inflexible patriot, and an active and gallant officer in the Army of the United States, through the Revolutionary War.”

The tablet which is of bronze, reads as follows:

“In memory of Brigadier General Anthony White, an officer in the American Army of the Revolution, a member of General Washington's staff. Washington, Lafayette and Kosciusko, called him friend. This tablet is placed by the Jersey Blue Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, New Brunswick, New Jersey, 1908.”

Mrs. McLean addressed the delegates, explaining in a lucid manner the advisability of raising the money necessary to finish Continental Hall, by bonding the building. Mrs. Vail in a few well chosen words bade the delegates a God speed. The privilege and honor of being hosts for the state meeting was fully appreciated by the members of the Jersey Blue Chapter. The full attendance, the spirit of cordiality that marked the meeting, indeed the entire day, was one of unalloyed pleasure, and mutual enjoyment.

VERMONT.

The ninth annual conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Vermont, was held at Montpelier, November 21st, by invitation of the Marquis de Lafayette Chapter, Mrs. Sarah L. Heaton, regent. There were forty-six regents and delegates present. It being “Ladies Week” of the Legislative Session, the Colonial Dames, Daughters of 1812 and the Daughters of the American Revolution held meetings in turn, each one day, in the beautiful Wood art gallery. An informal reception was tendered to regents and delegates from 9.30 to 10 o'clock, when the state regent, Mrs. C. N. North, of Shoreham, called the meeting to order. Mrs. L. B. Lord, state chaplain, offered prayer and America was sung by the convention standing. The roll call of state officers and chapters followed, nineteen out of twenty-two chapters answering in two minute
reports of the past year’s work. Mrs. Sarah L. Heaton delivered the address of welcome and the response was given by Mrs. Mary E. McKinnon, regent of St. John de Crevecoeur Chapter of St. Johnsbury.

The state regent read her report in which she stated that 604 letters and 474 postals and circular letters had been written; two new chapters had been formed,—Bellows Falls and Springfield, and two more are planning to organize in Ludlow and Cornwall. It was recommended that the grave of John Clark Bingham, a Revolutionary soldier, and that of his daughter, Sarah Clark Bingham, who died March 5, 1908, be marked and Mrs. Lord spoke of the advisability of marking the site of Fort Cassin, a spot of historic interest in the war of 1812, with a cairn. Mention was made of two old military roads that crossed Vermont, one from Crown Point to Charlestown, New Hampshire, called the Amherst Road, completed in 1760, and the other from Mount Independence in Orwell, to Bennington.

It was stated that $172 had been contributed by Vermont for Continental Hall in the past year.

A rising vote of thanks was given Mrs. North in recognition of the work she has accomplished.

The regent appointed a committee on resolutions consisting of Mrs. L. B. Lord, Mrs. A. N. Swain, Mrs. J. C. Hinds, and also a committee of Miss Mabel Davis of Springfield and Mrs. J. J. Estey, of Brattleboro, to mark the graves of John Clark Bingham and his daughter, Sarah Clark Bingham.

Invitations were extended to all members of the conference and visiting daughters to attend the reception given by Mrs. Julius J. Estey at her residence, and to be present at the unveiling of the memorial tablet by the Daughters of 1812 at the state house that evening.

Miss Edith Brooks and Mrs. Horace Crosby Cook each gave a solo with fine effect. Miss Carrie E. Deavitt presented in behalf of the National Society, the official token, a gold spoon, to Mrs. Harriet Buell Dodge, a “Real Daughter,” now a member of the Marquis de Lafayette Chapter.

Mrs. John Miller Horton, our guest of honor, brought greetings from the Buffalo Chapter, numbering over six hundred, with its fame for great achievements, and spoke enthusi-
Mrs. Lewis, teacher of parliamentary law at Chatauqua, was introduced as a member of the Buffalo Chapter. Mr. Walter H. Crockett, state secretary of Vermont Sons of the American Revolution, member of the ter-centenary celebration committee, brought greetings and said that his special message was an appeal that the Daughters of the American Revolution join in the celebration in July, 1909. He stated with pride that his society has a real son of the American Revolution, Doctor Crosby A. Perry, of Readsboro, who is a member of the present legislature.

Dr. William Cummings of Ticonderoga, president of the historical society, spoke also of the coming three hundredth anniversary, urging that the Daughters give their aid and influence to make it worthy the importance of this discovery of the northern gateway to our country. A petition to Vermont's general assembly to contribute $25,000 was signed by fifty Daughters. Mrs. North and Mrs. Horton were among those who spoke at the hearing.

Mrs. Dyer, chairman of the Isle LaMotte Memorial Committee, reported $303.38 on hand,—enough to cover expenses. It was voted, on motion of Mrs. Stranahan, that the Daughters of 1812 be invited to join in placing this marker. Mrs. Estey and Mrs. Buxton were added to the committee.

The state officers of 1907 were reelected as follows: Vice-regent, Mrs. Julius J. Estey; secretary, Mrs. Frederick I. Swift; treasurer, Mrs. J. G. Hinds; historian, Mrs. E. P. S. Moor; chaplain, Mrs. Lorin B. Lord; number of chapters, 22; number of members, 1,050; members at large, 13; number of "Real Daughters," 3; "Real Daughters" deceased, 2. Treasurer's report, balance to date, $189.55. Mrs. Clayton Nelson North was nominated as state regent, to be elected by the delegates to the National Congress.

It was voted that a directory of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Vermont be prepared.
Of the splendid work of the chapters, owing to lack of space, only a little can be said.

The Bennington Chapter entertained the State Conference of 1907 most royally. No more historic town could have welcomed a patriotic society nor could have exceeded them in hospitality.

Hands Cove Chapter, Shoreham. Completion and dedication, August 20, of a marker on Mount Independence, a shaft of granite fourteen feet high, and inscribed on the face as follows: "Mount Independence, named by troops here when they first received word of the Declaration of Independence, July 18, 1776." On next face, "Memorial to the brave soldiers buried here from 1775 to 1784 in unmarked graves, and to the military importance of this mount in the war of the revolution." On third face, "Erected by Hands Cove Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, 1908." A deed of the plot of ground on which it stands was a gift from Mr. and Mrs. Addison Kimball.

William French Chapter, Bellows Falls. Organized November 20, 1907. Members sixty, limited to fifty resident. Regent and vice-regent represented at national congress, and gave ten dollars to Continental Hall. "A word as to our name,
our town lies near the boundary line of that historic town of Westminster only four miles from the Court House, made memorable by being the place where the first blood of the Revolution was shed. This brave young man, history says, 'was animated by that liberty-loving spirit whose smouldering fires were ready to burst forth in general uprising throughout the colonies.

"Five bullets pierced brain and body. The first martyr, William French."

General Lewis Morris Chapter, Springfield. Organized June, 1908, with forty-seven charter members, now fifty. The name was given because of the prominence of General Lewis Morris in town, county and state, and what he accomplished in the admission of Vermont into the union. The old Crown Point Road from Old Fort No. 4 runs through Springfield and has been traced by temporary markers. Invitation extended to the state conference to meet with this youngest chapter in 1909.

Ottauquechee Chapter, Woodstock. No report, but they have won our hearts by their generous, unobtrusive way of caring for their own "Real Daughter," Miss Lucy Skinner, who died early this year.

We have been saddened by the death of three "Real Daughters" the past year,—Miss Lucy Skinner, of Woodstock; Mrs. Sarah Clark Bingham, of Brattleboro, and Mrs. Maria Wilder Hagan, of Woodstock, but we still have with us two "Real Daughters," Mrs. Laura H. Chase, of Brattleboro Chapter, and Mrs. Harriett Buell Dodge, of Marquis de Lafayette Chapter, Montpelier.

In appropriate words the state regent closed the business session and the ninth annual conference was adjourned.

At the conclusion of the convention the Daughters repaired to the Pavilion where Mrs. Prouty's tea was in progress. They also attended the official reception at the state house.—

E. P. S. Moor, Historian.

MRS. JESSE BURDETT.

Mrs. Jesse Burdett (Cornelia C. Lathrop) has passed to her eternal reward. She was the second state regent of Vermont.
Under her administration the society grew apace. She was a descendant of Major Gideon Brownson, a "Green Mountain Boy," who saw service at Hubbardston and Bennington; was taken prisoner with Ethan Allen. Those who attended the congresses of the early days will remember her efficient service in the cause of patriotism.

**ARKANSAS.**

Mrs. John Barrow, of Little Rock, was nominated for state regent to succeed Mrs. John McClure, also of Little Rock, at the first state conference of the Arkansas Daughters of the American Revolution held at Little Rock, February 22. Mem-

*Mrs. Jesse Burdett.*
bers from the four chapters of the state, which are the Little Rock Chapter, the Pine Bluff Chapter of Pine Bluff, the John McAlmont Chapter, also of Pine Bluff, and the Mary Fuller Percival Chapter of Van Buren, were present.

The officers elected at the meeting were: Mrs. Noel, of John McAlmont Chapter, vice regent; Mrs. Edgar Moss, of Little Rock, recording secretary; Mrs. D. L. Trimble, of Pine Bluff Chapter, treasurer; Mrs. Georgia L. Faber, of the Mary Fuller Percival Chapter, of Van Buren, registrar; Mrs. L. W. Coy of Little Rock, state historian; Mrs. G. A. Leiper, of Little Rock, chaplain; Mrs. M. Haislip, of Pine Bluff Chapter, Pine Bluff, parliamentarian.

The various delegates selected Pine Bluff as the place for the next annual meeting, which will be held at some time in 1910.

Following the election of officers and other official business, the delegates and their friends were entertained by the members of the Little Rock chapter. A luncheon was given to them at the Hotel Marion at 1 o'clock and an elaborate program was presented:

"The Visiting Delegates," ........................................ Mrs. Robert J. Lea
"Historic Grounds," ........................................ Mrs. Lucien Coy
"Washington, the Patriot," ................................. Mrs. Clarke, of Pine Bluff
"Washington's Friends," .................................. Mrs. Sam Wassell, of Little Rock
"Washington, the President," ............... Mrs. John Barrow, of Little Rock
"Martha Washington," ................................. Mrs. V. Cozart, of Van Buren
"Father of His Country," ......................... Mrs. George Leiper, of Little Rock

Several vocal selections were rendered by Miss Laura Longley. One of these was the "New National Hymn," in which she was accompanied by Mrs. Dill Phillips.

The banquet hall was appropriately decorated in honor of the occasion. Among the various articles commemorative of the Revolutionary war were two swords, one of which was carried by "Mad Anthony" Wayne, and the other by a young soldier named Olmstead. These swords were used with striking effect to illustrate the toast of Mrs. Wassell, "Washington's Friends."
Two state meetings have been held in New Hampshire during 1908.

At the conference in March, the beautiful stand of colors which was afterward presented to the United States battleship *New Hampshire*, was on exhibition and the flags were much admired.

The principal work of this conference was a vote to pension by contributions from the chapters, the two needy "Real Daughters" in the state—and a vote to change the time of the annual state conference to the month of October.

At the second conference held in Concord, October 14th, eighteen of the twenty-one chapters were represented, and the other three sent their reports. The chapter reports were especially interesting and encouraging.

The state regent reported regents appointed to form new chapters at Litchfield and Antrim.

The secretary gave a report of the New Hampshire delegation at the Seventeenth Continental Congress and made an eloquent appeal for help for Miss Berry's school in Georgia. A state badge was adopted. The question of a state organization was reported by a committee and fully discussed. It was finally decided that New Hampshire would have no organization.

The state regent was authorized to appoint such committees as she needed to assist her in the work of the state.

The chairman of committee on patriotic education, reported a club of Children of the Republic organized at Concord and another forming at Hollis.

The committees on child labor, "Real Daughters," and the magazine, gave encouraging reports.

A nomination of state officers resulted as follows: for state regent, Mrs. Clara B. Abbott, of Keene; for state vice-regent, Mrs. Sarah G. Dearborn, of Pembroke.

A large number were present at both meetings and greater enthusiasm than ever before seemed to be manifest throughout the state.
The ninth annual state conference of the Texas Daughters of the American Revolution was held in Gainesville, December 7th and 8th, 1908.

The Rebecca Crockett Chapter proved itself a royal hostess, entertaining many of the delegates in the lovely homes and others in the "Turner," where "Mine Host" Turner left nothing undone that could have added to the comfort or pleasure of his guests, who felt that the limit was reached when he placed a telephone on their breakfast table in order that they might be in touch with their friends while enjoying waffles and coffee.

Monday was given up to visits and drives over the city—the sun shone brightly on the frost and icicles which added novelty to the pleasure of the ladies from South Texas, who left roses in bloom on green lawns, at their homes.

At 8.00 p.m. the first session was held in the Elks club rooms, Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor, state regent, presiding. Invocation by Rev. R. L. Lowry; song by Mrs. Huling P. Robertson; then Judge C. C. Potter welcomed the Daughters in most eloquent and cordial terms to the city. Mrs. A. D. Potts, of Belton, responded in her easy and charming manner, and was followed by R. Ewing Thomason, exalted ruler, with a much appreciated welcome from the Elks, which was responded to by Mrs. Jno. F. Swayne, vice state regent.

Mrs. Thomas M. Bosson, regent of the Rebecca Crockett Chapter, gave a welcome from her chapter in such cordial and gracious words that the guests were all delighted at being there. Mrs. L. A. Scott brought greetings in response. "Praise God from whom all Blessings Flow" was sung by the assembly, after which Miss Mary Pettus Thomas, of Belton, made a beautiful and touching memorial address. This completed the program and was followed by an informal reception.

Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock the meeting was called to order by the state regent and opened with the "Star-Spangled Banner," sung by Mrs. A. V. Lane; invocation by Rev. J. V. McCall.

Roll call by chapters brought responses from thirteen chap-
ters, leaving only three not represented. The reports of state officers, of the Continental Hall, patriotic education and other committees were received and disposed of.

Mrs. A. R. Howard gave a very interesting account of the Seventeenth Continental Congress which she attended as regent of the William Finley Chapter.

Messages of sympathy were wired Miss Yocum, whose mother had recently passed away and to Mrs. Florence Anderson Clark, honorary state regent, whose husband, Judge James B. Clark, a highly esteemed member of the faculty of the Texas University, had died, while, apparently in good health.

Adjourned, to meet at 1.30 p. m.

Afternoon session was opened promptly. Mrs. E. B. Blanton sang "Red, White and Blue" very acceptably. Invocation by Rev. A. J. Harris.

Chapter reports showed an increasing interest in the Daughters of the American Revolution work in this state.

The election of officers resulted in the nomination of Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor for reelection at Washington, and in the election of Mrs. Huling P. Robertson, of Temple, state vice-regent; Miss Harriet R. Spalding, of Dallas, state recording secretary; Miss Anne E. Yocum, of Houston, state corresponding secretary; Miss Florence Stratton, of Beaumont, registrar; Mrs. Mary Hunt Affleck, of Brenham, historian; Mrs. Robert Ewing Thomason, of Gainesville, treasurer, and Mrs. John M. Bennett, of San Antonio, chaplain.

Mrs. Sydnor and Miss Yocum have continuously held their offices since first elected in 1904.

Belton, Dallas and San Antonio submitted invitations for the 1909 conference. The votes decided in favor of San Antonio and then this very interesting conference adjourned.

At 4.30 the Daughters of the American Revolution attended a reception given them by the Lou Dougherty Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy in the parlors of the Elks Club. This proved to be another evidence of the beautiful hospitality shown by the Gainesville ladies.

The Daughters of the American Revolution banquet given by the hostess chapter to their guests and friends at "The Turner," 9.00 p. m., was a fitting ending to all the pleasure
that had gone before. It was unique, being a woman's banquet and as charming as possible, with beautiful women in Paris gowns, speaking to toasts in words sparkling and crisp with wit and humor.

No better toast mistress ever presided than Mrs. Bosson, as this appended list will show.

TOASTS.

MRS. THOS. M. BOSSON

Toastmistress

"From Over the Hills and Far Away"
Mrs. C. Newcomb Stevens, Rebecca Crockett Chapter

"Our Texas Daughters"
Mrs. S. K. Hohes, William Findley Chapter

"The Fightin' Blood that's in Us"
Mrs. Huling P. Robertson, Bettye Martin Chapter

"The Women of '76"
Mrs. George W. Foster, Jane Douglass Chapter

"From a Delegate's Standpoint"
Mrs. E. A. Holland, Lady Washington Chapter

"When the Bugle Sounds Taps"
Mrs. Seabrook W. Sydnor, Lady Washington Chapter

And thus ended the ninth Texas conference.—ANNE E. YOCUM, Corresponding Secretary

——

"Learn the laws and obey them."

——

"I am nothing, but truth is everything."

——

"If I can learn God's will, I will do it."

——

"Trust to the good sense of the American people."

——

"If our sense of duty forbids, then let us stand by our sense of duty."
GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

Inquiries are requested to observe the following suggestions:

1. Write plainly, especially proper names.
2. Give, when possible, dates or approximate dates, localities, or some clue to the state in which the ancestors lived.
3. **Inquirers for ancestors who lived during or near the Revolutionary period will be inserted in preference to those of an earlier period.**
4. Enclose stamp for each query.
5. Give full name and address that correspondence when necessary may be had with inquiries.
6. Queries will be inserted as early as possible after they are received, but the dates of reception determine the order of their insertion.
7. Answers, partial answers or any information regarding queries are urgently requested and all answers will be used as soon as possible after they are received.
8. The Editor assumes no responsibility for any statement in these Notes and Queries which does not bear her signature.

*Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Editor*
*Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,*
*902 F Street, Washington, D. C.*

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4.

**ANSWERS.**

1251. (4) The "Catalogue of the Descendants of Thomas Watkins of Chickahomony," Va., by Francis N. Watkins, of Prince Edward Co., can be obtained from N. D. Morton, Townesville, Vance Co., N. C., cost 50 cts. The "Manual of Brievy Church" containing list of members with many dates of age, and death, can be obtained from Mrs. R. B. Oliver, 740 North St., Cape Girardean. Also a copy of "Venable Genealogy." The Woodson Genealogy can be obtained from Prout, the Printer, Charlottesville, Va.

1259. If 1259 will communicate with Mrs. John N. Booth, 4012 Delmar Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., she may be able to learn something of interest to the Garrison Family.

1230. If 1230 would write to Miss Belle Branch, of Webster Groves, Missouri she might learn of the Bates-Cary-Bell.

1264. If 1264 would write to Miss Belle Branch of Webster Groves, Missouri, she might learn of the Bates-Cary-Bell.
1271. MARTIN.—If Mrs. W. J. T. will correspond with Miss Anna D. Elmore, 644 So. Lawrence St., Montgomery, Alabama, she may be able to get all the information desired.

1297. (6) ALMOND.—If 1297 will write to either James Madison Hudson, Langston, Georgia, Wilkes Co., or Stockton Cobb Hudson, Elberton, Ga., Elbert Co., R. F. D., she will probably find out something to her interest with regard to the Almond family.

1312. HAMPTON.—By corresponding with Mrs. C. W. Pettigrew, 519 W. 5th Ave., Pine Bluff, Arkansas, 1312 will probably receive interesting information concerning her ancestor, Gen. Wade Hampton. Mrs. Thos. L. Robinson, Anniston, Alabama, can also furnish information with regard to the Hampton Family.

COZART.—Some time ago there was an inquiry concerning the Cozart family.

I enclose the following data that may be of use to many as it is a widely scattered family and has many ways of spelling the name. This family possessed a residence at Bound Brook, New Jersey that suffered greatly at the hands of the British during the Revolution.

So greatly did the family suffer for the cause of Liberty, that one of the family caused to be inscribed on his monument at Bound Brook:

"Few and evil, here on ye stage,
Hath been ye Days of my Pilgrimage.
Our Life is short; come here and see;
Prepare for Death and follow me.
That ye may join the Heavenly Throng and Sing
And praise the Name of Christ our King."

This was the grave of Jacob Cossart, son of Anthony Cossart and his wife Elizabeth Valentine. Elizabeth was daughter of John Valentine, who moved from the old family home "Valentine Hill," Yonkers, N. Y. (See Boltere's Hist. of Haarlam), to Schenectady, N. Y.

Anthony and Elizabeth lived in Cripple Bush, Brooklyn, until 1703; they then went to Somerset Co., New Jersey to live, where the aforesaid Jacob was born.

Jacob had a brother Anthony, Jr., who married Wilhelmina ...... and lived at Raritan, New Jersey until 1755, when he went to Granville Co., N. Carolina to live.

Here, in 1771 Anthony and his sons took part in the Regulator movement that terminated in the Battle of Alamance. But, unlike so many who accepted the situation and were Tories during the real war, these Cossarts—Cozarts—were true to American interests and their name is on North Carolina's Honor Roll of soldiers, as well as that of New Jersey and New York.

Owing to the moving of the family, the surnames of Anthony Jr.'s wife has been lost. Help is wanted, through these columns to find her
name. Who was she? "Wilhelmina"—who? All records accessible simply say, "Anthony Cossart (or Cozart) and wife Wilhelmina."

This Anthony had a son Anthony', born and baptized at Raritan, New Jersey; also a son Jacob—but no record has been found at Raritan of this Jacob, yet he accompanied his father to North Carolina and lived and died there. Help is wanted here, too.

The name as pronounced by the Dutch of New Amsterdam, was Cossart, Cousaert, Cossard, Cozart. In France, it was both Cossart and Crozat. In official records of both New York and New Jersey, it is spelled Cozart, Crozart, Cossart, Cosart, Cosat. In Pennsylvania it is Cassatt. In Ohio it is Cozard. In Illinois it is Cossart or Cassard. In Arkansas it is Cazor. In North Carolina it is Cozart.

But wherever they went they fought Indians and British and made good settlers and citizens.

(Signed) ToccOA COZART,
Historian Peter Forney Chapter, D. A. R. (Alabama.)

QUERIES.

1333. (1) BURKS-MilNer.—Wanted, the Revolutionary record of Samuel Burks who lived in Amherst Co., Va., in 1783. He had one son, Samuel W. Burks, who married Sarah Ann Milner. He died in Pike Co., Mo., about 1865. He had a brother Alfred.


(4) THORNTON-Savage.—Francis Thornton, who married Alice Savage lived near Port Conway, Rappahanoak Co., Va. One of their daughters Margaret married William Strother. Wanted, date of birth and death of each and date of their marriage. Also names of their children and anything of interest.—J. A. S.


(2) ECKLES.—Information is desired of services of Jesse Eckles of Delaware, who married Sarah Smith and Mary Morris.—M. A. B.
1335. (1) WATERS.—Who was the father of Landy Waters of Rappahannock Co., Va., born in 1769 and married Margaret Farrar in 1794? (2) FARRAR.—Who was the father of Margaret Farrar? and did he serve in the Revolutionary War? (3) MADDox-CALVERN.—Would like to know the dates and places of birth, marriage and death of John Maddox, of Virginia, who married Mary Calvert, of Baltimore, Md. (4) FANT.—Would like to have any information about George Fant or his father, William Fant. George was born in Stafford Co., Va., and is supposed to have served in the Revolutionary War.—M. E. D.

1336. (1) REID.—Information is desired of the Reid family of New York and later of Georgia. When was George Reid born? and his parents’ names? In what regiment and in what capacity did he serve? Was the name of his father James or George?—W. J. C.

1337. (1) JONES-CLARK.—Wanted, the names of parents of Rufus Jones and his wife Prudence (Clark) Jones. Rufus Jones’ father was probably a sea captain and took part in Revolutionary War. Rufus Jones and family lived at or near N. Adams, Mass., and had six children. Prudence (Clark) Jones died at N. Adams, Mass., Feb. 8th, 1846, aged 71 years. (2) PRATT-SCOVIL or SCOVIL.—Peter Pratt and Lucy Scovil were married in Perch River Village, N. Y., in 1805; he was born in Saybrook, Conn., about 1772-75. Did his ancestors have any Revolutionary War record? (3) MALLORY.—Who were the parents of Nirum Mallory? They lived in Conn. Nirum Mallory married Hannah Richmond and lived in Buckland, Mass. He was born March 5, 1766, died May 31, 1856 in Buckland, Mass., and married in Aug. 1787. Nirum Mallory’s brother Truman Mallory was probably in the Revolutionary War. What was father’s name and war record, if any? (4) WOOD-FINNEY.—Wanted, the date of marriage of Ephram Wood to Phoebe Finney, of Westmoreland, N. H. Also the names of their children. One was Sally Wood who married Daniel Britton and lived in N. Y. Ephram Wood was of Westmoreland, N. H. What was the date of his birth and death? (5) BRITTON-LEONARD.—Wanted, the date of marriage of David Britton and his first wife Lydia Leonard (1744-1775). They lived in Raynham, Mass., and later in Westmoreland, N. H. She was probably the daughter of Philip4 and Lydia Chase Leonard, of Raynham. Has Philip4 Leonard of Raynham any Revolutionary War record?—T. J. M.

1338. (1) GOOCH and SNEAD.—Information is desired of the Gooch and Snead families of Virginia. Lavinia Snead married Rev. Sam’l Dunnwoody, of S. C. Her mother’s name was Gooch. (2) MOSELEY.—Would like to know the given name and Revolu-
tionary service, if any, of the father of Charles Moseley, of Princess Anne Co., Va., who married Charlotte Montague, of Augusta Co., Va., and moved to S. C. about 1808.

1339. (1) VAUGHAN.—Any information regarding the paternal ancestors of the Vaughan family, of Reuban V. Vaughan, of Mecklenburg County, Virginia, will be greatly appreciated.

1340. (1) TATE-PERKINS.—Mary Tate married in 1760 Charles Perkins, of Virginia, b. 1742, and lived in Guilford Co., N. C. Who was the father of Mary Tate and was he a Rev. Soldier? Was Charles Perkins a Rev. soldier?

1341. (1) SHERMAN.—Who were the parents and grandparents of Samuel Sherman, born in Rhode Island? Said to be the grandson of Roger Sherman, the Signer. His wife was Ruth Owens, and were living in Vt. in 1806. They had two children, Harriette, 1806, m. Whiting Hawkins, and Lewis, who m. Julia Uptigraff, of Vt.

(2) OWENS.—Had Ruth Owens, who m. Samuel Sherman any Rev. ancestors?

(3) UPTIGRAFF.—Information is desired of Julia Uptigraff’s lineage.
—S. M.

1342. (1) HARRINGTON.—One who lived and died in Washington Co., N. Y., and married a Manchester. They had six children, Caleb, Jesse, Henry, Daniel (a Baptist minister), Elias, and Maria. Would like to find out the Christian name of the above man and whether he served in the Rev. War.

(2) MANCHESTER.—Miss Manchester, who married a Harrington of Washington Co., N. Y., had brothers and sisters as follows: Elias, William, Mary. They lived in Cayuga Co., N. Y. Who were their ancestors and did they serve in the Rev.?

(3) FERRIS.—Ruth Ferris (probably b. in Norwich, Conn. 1755) m. in 1773 Wm. Jordan in Dutchess Co., N. Y., and had eleven children. Who was her father and was he a Rev. soldier?

1343. (1) SAXTON.—James Saxton, b. Sheffield, Mass., 1702, m. Abelena Gilbert. His son, Frederick, b. 1748, m. Rhoda Messenger and lived in Burlington, Vt. Their daughter Abelia m. a Barber. Any Revolutionary service in this line is desired.—A. L. B.

1344. (1) GRIER-BRITTON.—Wanted, ancestry of Mary Grier or Greer, who was from Georgetown, S. C., and married Henry Britton, of Sumter, S. C, ab. 1794. Tradition says she was a niece of Gen. Marion. Was her father in the Rev. War?

(2) BRITTON.—Would like dates of birth and ancestry of Henry Britton.—L. K.

1345. (1) HUNTER.—Information desired of the history of Captain Chas. Hunter, who married Rebecca Dumford within the stockade walls of Boone’s Station, where he is buried. He was the father of Nathaniel Hunter.—C. M. W.
JANUARY MEETING, 1909.

The National Board of Management, Children of the American Revolution, held its first meeting for the new year of 1909 on the 14th of January at the home of Mrs. Violet Blair Janin, 12 Lafayette Square, Washington, D. C.

Owing to the very inclement weather the attendance was small, but those who were present had the pleasure of greeting Mrs. Dubois, the national president, who had just arrived in the city, and who presided over the meeting.

The chaplain not being able to be present, the ladies united in repeating the Lord's Prayer.

The secretary's minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The corresponding secretary was not present. She sent a report of supplies issued and of postage received and used from November 9, 1908, to January 14, 1909, which was read by the recording secretary, and accepted by the board.

The vice-president in charge of organization submitted her report, and presented the following names for consideration:

**Resignation.**

Mrs. James Burton, Cooperstown, N. Y., president Lafayette Society.

**Reappointment.**

Miss Clara Louise Hale Rawdon, president Ft. Herkimer Society. Little Falls, New York.

**Appointments.**

Miss Emma Grace Fish, president Lafayette Society, Cooperstown, New York.

Mrs. Chas. A. H. Leys, president of society formed at Lynchburg, Virginia.

**Names for Local Societies.**

Nathan Beman, Plattsburg, New York.

Charles Lynch, Lynchburg, Virginia.
Thirteen notification cards sent out; 7 certificates of election; 22 letters received; 22 written.

The report to the Smithsonian Institution from October 11, 1907, to October 11, 1908, completed, and delivered to the proper officer of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Money received and on hand from November 12, 1908 to January 14, 1909, $12.45; expended, $3.17; Balance January 14, 1909, $9.28.

On motion the resignation was accepted, the names confirmed and the report accepted.

In connection with her report the vice-president of organization recommended that at each regular election one of the vice-presidents shall be nominated to take charge of the preparation of the society's part of the report to the Smithsonian Institution in order that the vice-president of organization may be free to devote her time to the regular duties of her office.

The recommendation was received with favor, but because of the small number present action was postponed.

The registrar was unable to be present on account of illness. She submitted the case of Mrs. Thos. W. Aldrich, president of the Joseph Bucklin Society of Providence, R. I., and asked for instruction thereon.

Mrs. Aldrich asked for a certificate of membership in the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution, although uncertain of her rights to it, as she had not entered the organization when of the proper age.

After some discussion the board decided Mrs. Aldrich to be entitled to a certificate ex officio and the registrar was instructed to issue one in her name.

The treasurer reported as follows:

Balance December 1, 1908, $149 68
Received to date, 48 25

Total, $197 93
Disbursed, 9 10

Balance, January 1, 1909, $188 83
Investments, $2,559 68
Continental Hall Fund, $1,505 00

The report was accepted.

The secretary reported the receipt of a booklet called "Leading Events of the American Revolution," issued and presented by the Schuyler Society, of Albany, New York. She was instructed to acknowledge the courtesy.

No further business being presented, the board adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

E. C. TULLOCH,
Secretary.
IN MEMORIAM

MRS. FRANCES LEBBY ALDRICH, Esther Marion Chapter, Aiken, South Carolina, died in Aiken, December 24th, 1908.

She was a lineal descendant of Nathaniel Lebby, a zealous patriot. He was one of the company of ninety-six men who met under the "Liberty Tree," 1776, after the repeal of the stamp act, and pledged themselves to resist British rule. Because of Nathaniel Lebby's active opposition to the British, he was imprisoned on one of their prison ships, Tarbay, in Charleston harbor, and later exiled to St. Augustine, Florida.

The members of the Esther Marion Chapter drew up resolutions of respect to Mrs. Frances Lebby Aldrich, noting her efficient work for the chapter.

MRS. ADELIA M. H. EVERTT, Deborah Avery Chapter, Lincoln, Nebraska, died November 5, 1908. She was a charter member and regent from 1900 to 1902; a faithful and energetic member.

MRS. W. A. LINDLEY, Deborah Avery Chapter, Lincoln, Nebraska, passed away January 2. The chapter mourns the loss of a devoted member.

MRS. LEVANDA HUFF DAVIDSON, Dorothy Q. Chapter, Crawfordsville, Indiana, died June 20, 1908. Beautiful in life and character she was a worthy daughter of a long line. She claimed as her ancestor brave Jansen Van Arsdalen of Holland.

MISS ELIZABETH DICKEY GRUBB, Dorothy Q. Chapter, died December 10, 1908, in the full glory of young womanhood.

MRS. ANGELINE CARPENTER GRANT, Martha Washington Chapter, Sioux City, Iowa, died February 4, 1909, at her home, Luverne, Minnesota.


Mrs. Harris was a lineal descendant of the Rev. John Elder, the "fighting parson" of the Paxton Valley, who was a commissioned colonel. Mrs. Harris married Dr. William Harris, a lineal descendant of John Harris, the founder of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania.

MRS. LYDIA W. NOYES, Fanny Ledyard Chapter. It is with sorrow we record her death.

"On her lips was the law of kindness,
And in her heart the law of love."

MRS. ADA H. ELKINS, Elizabeth Benton Chapter, Kansas City, Missouri, died October 5th, 1908, at her home in Kansas City, Missouri.

MISS HARRIET LOUISE SEYMOUR HASBROUCK, charter member Swe-
kat-si Chapter, Ogdensburg, New York, founder of the chapter, its well beloved first regent, passed into “Life Eternal” February 4, 1909, greatly mourned by the chapter.

Miss Hasbrouck was repeatedly elected regent, serving two terms of three years each, the constitutional limit; was a member of the “General Utility Committee;” her time, strength and interest being ever at the disposal of the good cause.

The loss of her bright and sunny presence is a profound grief to the chapter.

During the last two years Matthew Thornton Chapter, Nashua, New Hampshire, regrets the loss by death of four of its members:

Miss Mary E. Crombie passed from earth May 9, 1907.
Mrs. Emma Manning April 26, 1908.
They were charter members and greatly interested in the chapter and much beloved and regretted.

Mrs. Estelle M. Hall died November 8, 1908.
Mrs. Anna W. Burge, January 5, 1909.
Mrs. Horatio Loomis Wait (Chara Conant Long Wait). Born January 26, 1839. Died November 16, 1908. She was married to Mr. Wait May 7, 1860. For almost half a century she lived a life of “rare wedded happiness” with her husband. The sound of the golden wedding bells were almost in her ears intermingled with the heavenly music. Mrs. Wait had been an honored and beloved member of the Chicago Chapter for nearly eighteen years, one of the first members of her chapter, No. 17. The personality of Chara Wait was so fascinating, so vital we cannot realize it has ceased to exist. She simply radiated love, as the sun sheds its light on all around her.

During the year the Jamestown Chapter, Jamestown, N. Y., has been called to mourn the loss of four members:

Mrs. Evelyn Newlands Post, died February 12th. She was a loyal and faithful Daughter.
Mrs. Lucy Cobb Broadhead, mother of the regent, and charter member, died February 17th.
Mrs. Lillie Field Eastman, died March 16th. She was a loved and efficient secretary.
Mrs. Sophia Jeanette Burch, died October 8th, after great suffering. She was a charter member and registrar for eight years.

You must remember that some things legally right are not morally right.”
BOOK NOTES

A beautiful tribute is the book which contains the loving words and remembrances of many a friend and society. It is the tribute to Mary Love Stringfield Wilburn by the Doreas Bell Love Chapter, of Waynesville, North Carolina. She was the founder of this progressive chapter; later state regent, and for four years member of the Continental Hall Committee. She was the worthy descendant of a long line of illustrious revolutionary and colonial ancestors. The frontispiece is a beautiful picture of the beloved lady.

Among the beautiful year books is the one of the Ondawa-Cambridge Chapter, with the appropriate motto “Set up thy waymarks.” The list of Revolutionary ancestors makes it a valuable reference book.

Dial Rock Chapter, West Pittston, Pennsylvania, sends out a comprehensive program. The by-laws are printed separately, and thus will not require being printed each year.

A little folder from Ot-si-ke-ta Chapter seems to contain every thing that is essential for the well-being of the chapter. Their roll-call is unique.

Sophie De Marsac Campau Chapter has an attractive program, and very complete.

Rumford Chapter, Concord, New Hampshire, pays much attention to the doings of to-day. One of the subjects for discussion is “Work of the Nine Departments of the United States Government.” The year book abounds in beautiful quotations.

Louisa St. Clair Chapter, Detroit, is very complete. The arrangement is peculiarly attractive. The running side heads are a fine feature.
OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Daughters of the American Revolution
Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1909.

President General.
MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York City, and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.
MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C., and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.
(Term of office expires 1909.)

MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, Alabama, South Highlands, Birmingham, Ala.
MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, Missouri, 5028 Westminster Pl, St. Louis, Mo.
MRS. CHARLES H. TERRY, New York, 549 Washington Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.
MRS. A. A. KENDALL, Maine, 10 Henry Street, Portland, Maine.
MRS. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, D. C., 613 15th St., Washington, D. C.
MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tennessee, 237 East Terrace, Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. LINDSAY PATTERSON, N. C., Winston-Salem, North Carolina.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Address</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chaplain General</td>
<td>Mrs. Esther Frothingham Noble</td>
<td>1855 Mintwood Place, Washington, D. C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recording Secretary General</td>
<td>Miss Elizabeth F. Pierce</td>
<td>902 F Street, Washington, D. C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registrar General</td>
<td>Mrs. Amos G. Draper</td>
<td>902 F Street, Washington, D. C.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Historian General</td>
<td>Mrs. J. Eakin Gadsby</td>
<td>902 F Street, Washington, D. C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corresponding Secretary General</td>
<td>Mrs. John Paul Earnest</td>
<td>902 F Street, Washington, D. C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treasurer General</td>
<td>Mrs. Mabel G. Swormstedt</td>
<td>902 F Street, Washington, D. C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assistant Historian General</td>
<td>Mrs. Henry S. Bowden</td>
<td>Graham Ct., 1925 7th Ave., N. Y. City</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Librarian General</td>
<td>Mrs. H. V. Boynton</td>
<td>1321 R Street, Washington, D. C.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Regents and State Vice-Regents</td>
<td></td>
<td>(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)</td>
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**Alabama**
- Mrs. Robert Anderson McClellan, Athens
  - (Aurora Pryor)
  - Mrs. Rhett Gooden, 60 St. Emanuel Street, Mobile
    - (Mabel Hutton)

**Alaska**
- Mrs. Walter Talboy, 353 North 7th Avenue, Phoenix
  - (Henrietta Hubbard)
  - Mrs. Frederick C. Brown, 939 W. Washington St., Phoenix
    - (Elizabeth Caroline Seymour)

**Arkansas**
- Mrs. John McClure, 321 East 3rd St., Little Rock
  - (Rumina Aytes)
  - Mrs. Martha Knox Hayman, Van Buren

**California**
- Mrs. Frederick Jewell Laird, 2431 College Ave., Berkeley
  - (Caroline Lydia Kelley)
  - Mrs. Nathan Cole, Jr., 4012 Pasadena Ave., Los Angeles
    - (Mary Corbett)
   (Ella A.)
   Mrs. Edwin A. Sawyer, 708 E. Boulder St., Colorado Springs.
   (Lulu Wilcox)

Connecticut, ......Mrs. Sara Thomson Kinney, Hartford.
   Mrs. John Laddlaw Buel, Litchfield.
   (Elizabeth Barney)

Delaware, ......Mrs. Caroline E. C. Speakman, Belmont Hall, Smyrna.
   Mrs. Cornelius W. Taylor, 1109 Delaware Ave., Wilmington.
   (Juliana E.)

Dist. of Columbia, Mrs. Howard L. Hoddins, 1830 T St., Washington.
   (Marie Wilkinson)
   Mrs. George T. Smallwood, 2107 S St., Washington.
   (Della Graeme)

Florida, ......Mrs. John G. Christopher, Riverside Ave., Jacksonville.
   (Henrietta Shoemaker)

Miss Jean Van Keuren, P. O. Box 434, St. Augustine.

Georgia, ......Miss Anna C. Benning, 1420 Broad St., Columbus.
   Mrs. Edgar A. Ross, 211 Vine Ave., Macon.
   (Fanny Prescott)

Idaho, ......Mrs. David H. Tarr, Teton.
   (Mary Gridley)
   Mrs. Edgar C. Steele, Moscow.
   (Jessie Lee)

Illinois, ......Mrs. Chas. V. Hickox, 509 S. 6th St., Springfield.
   (Kate Josephine Chatterton)
   Mrs. Chas. W. Irion, 534 Congress St., Ottawa.
   (Sally Parr)

Indiana, ......Mrs. William A. Guthrie, Franklin.
   (Sarah Lewis)
   Mrs. John Lee Dinwiddie, Fowler.
   (Sarah A. Taylor)

Iowa, ......Miss Harriet Isadora Lake, Independence.
   Mrs. Merritt Greene, Marshalltown.
   (Martha Arey)

Kansas, ......Miss Grace R. Meeker, 709 S. Mulberry St., Ottawa, Kan.
   Mrs. Robert O. Deming, Oswego.
   (Christiana Elliott)

Kentucky, ......Mrs. C. D. Chenaught, 461 N. Limestone St., Lexington.
   (Sarah Gibson Humphreys)
   Mrs. Frederick Powell Wolcott, 641 Greenup St., Covington.
   (Sallie Bullock)

Louisiana, ......Mrs. C. Hamilton Tebault, 623 North St., New Orleans.
   (Sallie Bradford Bailey)
   Mrs. D. F. Clark, 1310 3rd St., Alexandria.
   (Alice F. Pendleton)

Maine, ......Mrs. Charles A. Creighton, Thomaston.
   (Lois McClellan)
   Mrs. Charles F. Johnson, 62 Silver St., Waterville.
   (Abbie W.)

Maryland, ......Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, 828 Park Ave., Baltimore.
   (Catherine Reynolds)
   Miss Eleanor Murdoch Johnson, Frederick.

Massachusetts, ......Mrs. Charles H. Masbury, 48 Elm St., Danvers.
   (Evelyn Fellows)
   Mrs. James G. Dunning, 211 Belmont Ave., Springfield.
   (Sarah L. Potter)
Michigan, .......... Mrs. JAMES P. BRAYTON, 328 S. College Ave., Grand Rapids. (Emma Sanford)
Mrs. RICHARD H. FYFE, 939 Woodward Ave., Detroit. (Abby Lucretia Rice)

Minnesota, .......... Mrs. EDGAR H. LOYHED, Faribault. (Frances Ames)
Mrs. HASCAL R. BRILL, 471 Laurel Ave., St. Paul. (Cora Gray)

Mississippi, .......... Mrs. CHALMERS M. WILLIAMSON, 714 N. State St., Jackson. (Mary Jane Robinson)
Mrs. SAMUEL WATTs WARcLLaw, Oxford. (Charlotte Kilgore)

Missouri, .......... Mrs. SAMUEL MCK. GREEN, 3815 Magnolia Ave., St. Louis. (Emma Lumpkin)
Mrs. ROBERT BURETT OLIVER, 740 North St., Cape Girardeau. (Marie Elizabeth Watkins)

Montana, .......... Mrs. CLINTON H. MOORE, 328 E. Broadway, Butte. (Jane Hutchins)
Mrs. A. K. PRESCOTT, 512 Harrison Ave., Helena. (Mary Bailey)

Nebraska, .......... Mrs. CHARLES B. LETTON, 1919 D St., Lincoln. (Althera Pike)
Mrs. SIDIvEY D. BARKALOW, 2416 Capitol Ave., Omaha. (Carrie Lawrence McNamara)

Nevada, .......... Mrs. CHAS. SIBLEY SPRAGUE, Goldfield. (Blanche Seaman)

New Hampshire, .Mrs. FREDERICK J. SHEPHERD, East Derry. (Annie Bartlett)
Mrs. CHAS. CLEMENCE ABBOTT, Washington St., Keene. (Clara Burnham)

New Jersey, .......... Miss ELLEN MECUM, Salem. (Margaret Tufts Swan)
Mrs. CHAS. B. YARDLEY, 332 William St., East Orange. (Mary Catherine B. B.)

New Mexico, .......... Mrs. L. BRADFORD PRINCE, 111 Palace Ave., Santa F6. (Fanny Ella Daisy Allen)

New York, .......... Mrs. WILLIAM GUMMINGS STORY, 307 W. 90th St., New York. (Susan Babcock)
Mrs. SAMUEL LYMAN MUNSON, 84 Lancaster St., Albany. (Mary Gates Spratt)

North Carolina, .......... Mrs. JOHN H. VAc LANDINGHAM, 500 East Ave., Charlotte. (Kate Bitting)
Mrs. WILLIAM M. REYNOLDS, 669 West 5th St., Winston-Salem.

North Dakota, ...... Mrs. EDWARD ORTON, JR., Lincoln Hotel, Columbus. (Mary Princess Anderson)
Miss FANNY HARPNT, 1217 Jefferson Ave., Toledo. (Carolyn Smith)

Ohio, .......... Mrs. ROBERT P. CARPENTER, 212 West 15th St., Oklahoma City. (Mary Wilson Elliott)

Oklahoma, .......... Mrs. WARREN E. THOMAS, 628 Salmon St., Portland. (Lalla D.)
Mrs. JAMES FRANCIS HUGHES, Salem. (Ruby Flint)

Pennsylvania, ........ Mrs. ALLEN P. PERLEY, “Greystone,” Vallamont, Williamsport. (Anne Higgins)
Mrs. SMYSER WILLIAMS, York. (Henrietta Charlotte Hirsh)
Rhode Island, ....MRS. CHAS. WARREN LIPPITT, 7 Young Orchard Ave.,
(Margaret Barbara Farnum) Providence
Mrs. GEORGE N. BURDICK, Potter Hill.
(Ada Langworthy)
South Carolina, ....MRS. ROBERT MOULTRIE BRATTON, Guthrivesville.
(Virginia Mason Bratton)
Mrs. THOMAS G. ROBERTSON, 1310 Senate St., Columbia.
(Annie Isabella)
South Dakota, ....MRS. JESSAMINE LEE FOX, Vermillion.
Tennessee, ....MRS. WILLIAM G. SPENCER, 509 Stevenson Ave., Nashville.
(Louise McCory)
Miss MARY BOYCE TEMPLE, 316 W. Cumberland St., Knoxville.
(Miss Margaret)
MRS. SEABROOK W. SYDNE, 1416 Franklin Ave., Houston.
(Ella Hutchins)
Mrs. JOHN F. SWAYNE, 503 East 1st Street, Forth Worth.
(May Hendricks)
Utah, ....MRS. MARY FERRY ALLEN, Park City.
Vermont, ....MRS. CLAYTON NELSON NORTH, Shoreham.
(Anne E. Bascom)
MRS. JULIUS J. ESTEY, Brattleboro.
(Florence Gray)
Virginia, ....MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON, 1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke.
(Alice P. Terry)
Mrs. WILLIAM W. HARDER, “Peliso,” Orange.
(Annie Williams Hill)
Washington, ....Mrs. ALBERT H. KUHN, Hoquiam,
(Ida Soule)
Mrs. CLARENCE J. LORD, 115 Union St., Olympia.
(Mary Elizabeth Reynolds)
West Virginia, ....Mrs. R. H. EDMONDSON, 487 High St, Morgantown.
(Harriet Francis Codwise)
Mrs. DOUGLAS E. NEWTON, Hartford.
(Jennie Nordock)
Wisconsin, ....Mrs. OGDEN H. FETHERS, 51 St. Lawrence Place, Janesville.
(Anna Conkey)
Mrs. EDWIN H. VAN OSDRAND, Antigo.
Wyoming, ....MRS. HENRY B. PATTEN, 314 East 18th St., Cheyenne.
(Emily A.)
MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL, New Castle.
(Ida Harris)

HONORARY OFFICERS
(Elected for Life)

Honorary Presidents General
Mrs. JOHN W. FOSTER,  MRS. ADLAIR E. STEVENSON,  MRS. DANIEL MANNING,
MRS. CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS.

Honorary President Presiding
MRS. MARY V. E. CABELL.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General

MRS. ROGER A. PEYTON, 1893.
MRS. A. LEO KNOTT, 1894.
MRS. ELLEN H. WALWORTH, 1894.
MRS. JOSHUA WILBOUR, 1895.
MRS. A. HOWARD CLARK, 1895.
MISS MARY DESHA, 1895.
MRS. A. C. GERH, 1896.
MRS. MILDRED S. MATHEW, 1899.
MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD, 1905.
MRS. JULIA K. HOGG, 1905.
MRS. WILLIAM LINDSAY, 1906.
MRS. HELEN M. BOYNTON, 1906.
HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the National Society, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the “Corresponding Secretary General” at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in duplicate, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be endorsed by at least one member of the Society. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to “Registrar General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.”

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances to whomsoever sent should be by a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution, the following motion was unanimously passed:

“Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: ‘Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of address and list of officers.’”
The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was held Wednesday, February 3, 1909.

The meeting was called to order Wednesday morning by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

After prayer by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Noble, the roll call was made. Members present: Mrs. McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs. Patton, Vice-President General, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Smoot, Virginia; Mrs. Mussey, District of Columbia; Mrs. Noble, Chaplain General; Mrs. Draper, Registrar General; Mrs. Earnest, Corresponding Secretary General: Mrs. Swormstedt, Treasurer General; Mrs. Gadsby, Historian General; Mrs. Bowron, Assistant Historian General; Mrs. Boynton, Librarian General; Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General. State Regents: Mrs. Perley, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Thom, Maryland, and Miss Mecum, New Jersey.

The President General announced a letter of regret from Mrs. Bates, Vice-President General of Massachusetts, with ten dollars enclosed for Continental Hall fund; also regrets from Mrs. Newberry, Vice-President General of Michigan.

Mrs. Draper announced that the State Regent of Michigan, Mrs. Brayton, had lost, by death, her only brother, and moved that an expression of condolence be sent her on the part of the Board. Motion carried.

The President General paid a tribute to the excellent work and character of the State Regent of Michigan, expressing her personal sorrow at her bereavement.

The Minutes of the previous meeting of January were read.

In regard to the motion made at the January meeting: That no person shall be considered a Charter member of a Chapter who is not a member of the Chapter at the date of issuance of the Charter, a long discussion ensued.

The following motion was then offered:

Resolved, To suspend action on this motion until a new plate for charters can be prepared.

(Signed) Bell Merrill Draper.

Seconded by Mabel G. Swormstedt. Motion carried.

The President General made the following statement:

"The Chair wishes to bring to the attention of the Board the matter of a certain resolution unanimously passed at the last meeting in regard to State organizations, requesting the Chair to send a letter to the Regents of the New York Chapters on this subject, giving a synopsis of the action of the Board at the December meeting. It was decided by the Board,—I will say for the benefit of those who were
not present at that meeting,—that State organizations are contrary to the Constitution of the National Society. The subject came up again at a State conference, and several of the States having made some errors in regard to forming State organizations, the Chair brought the matter to the Board in December. The Board took the action I have stated and requested that all interested should receive the resolution unanimously passed by the Board on the subject of State organizations. This resolution was issued. In spite of that, and almost immediately afterwards, a meeting was called and a State organization almost perfected. This was reported at the January meeting of the Board, the action on this having been read at the January Board, and the Board then requested the Chair to explain the matter to the Chapters, whom, the Chair felt sure had no intention of being disloyal, if they properly understood the matter.

The Chair acted in accordance with the request of the Board, and prepared the letter. At the request of the Board, the letter was read by the President General, and received with acclamation.

The President General announced that she had learned recently of the death of Mrs. Calkins, a former Regent of the Mercy Warren Chapter of Massachusetts, through the officers of that Chapter, who expressed deep sorrow at the loss of their former Regent.

Mrs. Mussey moved: That a resolution of condolence be sent the Mercy Warren Chapter on the loss they have sustained in the death of Mrs. Calkins, their former Chapter Regent. Motion carried.

The reports of officers were called.

Report of the Recording Secretary General: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: As usual, I have to report that all orders given in my department at the last meeting of the Board, January 13th, were promptly attended to. Notices of committee appointments have been issued as received from the President General, acknowledgements made of gifts to the Library, and letters of condolence written, as instructed, to our members in affliction.

One hundred and eight copies of the resolution relative to State organizations, offered by the Vice-President General of the District, Mrs. Mussey, have been type-written and sent to the Chapters as required. Correspondence has been had with the Chairmen of several of the recently appointed committees, looking up certain addresses, and referring certain papers in connection with the work of these respective committees.

Number of original applications signed, 751; notifications of election signed, 751; certificates of membership, 789. Letters and postals written, 210.

I have letters of regret for this meeting of the Board from the following: Mrs. Sage, Vice-President General, Georgia; Mrs. Bush-
nell, Iowa; Mrs. Deere, Illinois; Mrs. Delafield, Missouri; Mrs. Orton, State Regent of Ohio, and a telegram of regret from Mrs. Lippitt, State Regent of Rhode Island.

The matter of chief significance of the past month in National affairs, to which our work as Daughters of the American Revolution is related, was the conference called by our Chief Executive in the interest of Dependent Children.

In the perpetuation of the ideals of our forefathers we seek to join all organized effort to widen knowledge of the greatest natural resource of the Country, our children. Towards this end, the establishment of a Children's Bureau by our Government, is the aim of all workers for children.

We glory to have a part in working for a bill providing for this which is to be before Congress. We rejoice to perpetuate the ideals of a Government as suggested by the immortal Lincoln:

"A Government conceived in Liberty," and leave to our children a liberty which shall make them "free indeed."

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) ELISABETH F. PIERCE,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management:

I have to report the following supplies sent out during the month of January, 1909:

Application blanks, 3,331; supplemental blanks, 416; Constitutions, 387; circulars, "How to become a Member, 366; miniature blanks, 273; officers' lists, 277; transfer cards, 169.

Letters received, 165; letters written, 185.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) MRS. JOHN PAUL EARNEST,
Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

February 3, 1909.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL, N. S. D. A. R.: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Applications presented to the Board, 531; applications unverified, awaiting dues, 18; applications examined, but incomplete, 109; applications returned unverified, 121; supplemental applications verified, 123; supplemental applications examined, but not yet verified, 335. Applications received since January 25th, unexamined, 30. Total, 1,264. Applications of "Real Daughters" presented, 3;
OFFICIAL.

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Permits for Insignia, 218; Permits for Ancestral Bars issued, 168; Permits for Recognition Pins issued, 95. Certificates issued, 709.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)  
Bell Merrill Draper,  
(Mrs. Amos G. Draper)  
February 3, 1909.  
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Madam President General and Members of the Board of Management: Among the 531 names presented for application today are 3 "Real Daughters," also one lady, Mrs. Nancy Chaplin Royce, who is now in her ninety-sixth year, and after the Board has admitted her into membership, will make the fourth generation presented in one Chapter, the Agnes Pruyn Chapman Chapter, of Indiana.

Various questions have come up during the month and, as in several instances, the ruling of the Registrar General has been questioned, I wish to give the ruling, so that if desired the Board can reverse the decision.

One lady presented an application, giving as her claim for recognition the fact that her ancestor "being a Friend, was conscientiously opposed to fighting and kept in hiding when he thought there was danger of being drafted, but was finally found in hiding; still refusing to bear arms, a gun tied on his back and he taken between mounted cavalry and made to register."

I returned the paper with the remark that it did not seem to me this was sufficient proof of unfailing loyalty to warrant my verifying it. At the request of the applicant, I am referring the matter to the Board.

A lady writes that upon wearing her insignia at one time she was openly criticised by another Chapter member, who told her that it was illegal to wear the insignia except at a meeting of the Chapter, or of the National Society. I wrote her that there was nothing in the constitution prohibiting a member of the organization from wearing her insignia at any and all times.

A permit for ancestral bars was returned to this office by J. E. Caldwell & Co., as an additional name had been added to the names sent by this office. We found, upon investigation, that no paper had been verified for the applicant on the ancestor whose name had been added, nor, so far as I know, had any paper ever been filed requesting such verification. I therefore made the ruling, and notified Caldwell, that hereafter a permit for the ancestral bar would bear one name only. If a lady desired more than one ancestral bar, she should have as many permits as she desired bars, and I also stated that if any permit bearing a later date than January 15, 1909, had more than one name upon it, it should be considered that it had been tampered with, or that an error had been made in this office and should be referred to this office for correction.
Most strenuous objection has also been made, in various instances, to the titles given on the permits. The Registrar General has invariably ruled that no matter what rank a man bore before or after the Revolution, the permit could give only the title which he had for his service during the Revolution. For instance, a man who was Corporal in the Revolution, might afterwards have become a General in the war of 1812. The permit, however, could bear only the title of Corporal.

We received a note from Caldwell, informing us that one lady had asked for two pins, both to be plain, without jewels, and engraved with her name. As this was a point which had never been presented to this office, I was obliged to inform Caldwell that I should have to bring the matter before the Board for a ruling as to my authority in such cases.

As numerous inquiries have come in regard to the National numbers given members of the same Chapter who enter at the same time, I wish to state that there are three methods of numbering the persons whose names are presented to you each month. The method employed before I became Registrar General was to wait until after the meeting of the Board, then to take the application papers and arrange them alphabetically according to Chapters, and in the Chapters alphabetically according to names. This required time, and neither the Chapter Registrars nor the applicants were enabled to receive notification of election until ten days, or two weeks, after the meeting of the National Board. As every one is anxious to know the good news as quickly as possible, we felt that this method should be changed. The second method would be to refuse to present the names of any one whose papers had not been fully verified one week before the meeting of the Board, and then arrange the list and send out the cards, as is done now, on the day of the Board meeting. As an enforcement of this rule would be opposed by every State Regent, it has never been tried. The third method, and the one employed for the last year and a half in this office, is a compromise between the two. A week before the Board meeting a list is made of all those whose papers have been verified up to that time. They are numbered and notification cards to individuals and Chapters prepared and laid aside. Then another list is prepared of those whose papers have been verified in the interval, and the same process is repeated up to the day of the Board meeting, making as many lists as the occasion demands. This last method enables us to notify each individual and State Regent and Chapter Registrar the day of the Board meeting. It prevents, however, giving numbers in a sequence to all the members of the Chapter who may enter at the same meeting; for instance, a Chapter may send five papers at the same time. Three may be exactly like others on file. They can be readily verified and will be in the first list. One may be a new record. This may be verified later and may be found in
the second list. A third may have to be written about, and this cannot be verified until the answer is received, and yet may be found in a third list. All those papers were verified in time for the members to enter at the same Board meeting, and yet there may be a difference of three or four hundred between their National numbers.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)  
Bell, Merrill Draper,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

In regard to the ruling made by the Registrar General in this report and submitted to the Board for action, Mrs. Noble moved: That the Registrar General's ruling be approved. Motion carried.

Mrs. Perley moved: That the Registrar General be instructed to write to members requesting permit for duplicate pins, that the request cannot be granted without special permit from the Registrar General. Seconded by Mrs. Noble. Motion carried.

Mrs. Patton moved: That a vote of appreciation be extended to the friends who were interested enough in our Society to send valuable papers and works to the Registrar General. Seconded by Mrs. Thom. Motion carried.

Upon motion the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the 531 applicants and the Chair declared them duly elected members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution. Six names were also presented tentatively; there being simply a technicality in the preparation of their papers. These were approved.

REPORT OF VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Through their respective State Regents, the following Chapter Regents are presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Mary Eleanor Elliott Brown, of Washington, D. C.
Mrs. Louis Munford Peeples, of Cartersville, Ga.
Mrs. Ellen Vereen, of Moultrie, Ga.
Mrs. Irene P. Johnson, of Connersville, Ind.
Mrs. Helen Mar Hall, of Portland, Ind.
Mrs. Sarah Carson, of Charlotte, N. C.
Mrs. Emma Garrard Ford, of Middlesboro, Ky.

And the State Regent of Wisconsin asks the Board to authorize a Chapter at Shullsburg.

The following Regencies have expired by time limitation.
Mrs. Mary C. B. Bennett, of Ness City, Kansas.
Mrs. Emma P. Tracy, of Chillicothe, Missouri.

The resignation of the State Regent of Kansas having been presented to, and accepted by, the Board, the Chapters of Kansas presented the name of Miss Grace Meeker, of Ottawa, to fill the unexpired term, requesting the Board to make the appointment.

Nine of the thirteen Chapters have been heard from, and the advices
of the former State Regent, Mrs. Stanley, are that the selection is unanimous; though from some cause, the letters from the other Chapters have not been received.

Letters received, 116; letters written, 115. Officers' lists received, 31; officers' lists written for, 38. Regents' commissions engrossed, 8; regents' commissions issued, 8; charters engrossed, 2; charters issued, 8.

The Card Catalogue reports:
- Members' cards: 751
- Corrections: 417
- Marriages: 24
- Deaths: 80
- Resignations: 23
- Dropped: 15
- Reinstatements: 7
- Admitted membership January 13, 1909: 705
- Actual membership January 13, 1909: 56,705

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN.

Report accepted.

In regard to the appointment of the new State Regent of Kansas, to succeed Miss Ruth Johns, resigned, Mrs. Perley asked that the wording of the request from that State be changed, so that it may read: "The National Board is asked to make the appointment of Miss Grace Meeker, of Ottawa, to take the place of the former Regent, Miss Johns, resigned." It was so ordered, and Mrs. Main was requested to inform the Kansas members of the change in the wording of the request in regard to the appointing of the new State Regent.

The matter of the Sierra Chapter desiring a change of date of organization was presented, and the following motion was offered by Mrs. Swormstedt: That action on the request of the Sierra Chapter in regard to changing their date of organization be deferred until after receiving the report of the Committee on the wording of the Charter. Seconded by Miss Pierce. Motion carried.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.


CURRENT FUND.

Balance in banks at last report, December 31, 1908, .......... $2,466 38

Receipts.

Annual dues, $3,999, less $158 refunded, $3,841 00
Initiation fees, $595, less $65, ............ 529 00
### OFFICIAL.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Certificates, members,</td>
<td>1 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates, Life members,</td>
<td>5 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Interest,</td>
<td>22 95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D. A. R. Report,</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Directory,</td>
<td>4 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplicate papers,</td>
<td>10 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exchange,</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magazine,</td>
<td>534 07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ribbon,</td>
<td>1 05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone,</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent of benches, Continental Hall,</td>
<td>115 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guilford Battle Chapter, to cover protested check,</td>
<td>2 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$5,066 52</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### EXPENDITURES.

#### Office of President General

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams</td>
<td>$22 27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone (long and otherwise)</td>
<td>9 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 pair scissors</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Messenger service</td>
<td>3 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>65 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$99 77</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engrossing 16 Chapter Regents' Commissions</td>
<td>$1 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engrossing 6 Charters</td>
<td>3 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pounce</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tissue</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paraffin paper</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>103 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>108 28</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Office of Recording Secretary General

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Telephone calls</td>
<td>$ 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engrossing ink</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Car tickets</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expressage</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000 cards, membership</td>
<td>21 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 cards, appointment of committee</td>
<td>3 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000 cards, notice of Board meeting</td>
<td>4 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$7,532 90</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
500 cards, transfer, ............................. 3 50
Clerical service, stenographer, .......................... 83 33

**Office of Corresponding Secretary General.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postage on blanks and constitutions</td>
<td>$60 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000 application blanks</td>
<td>85 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000 supplemental application blanks</td>
<td>59 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000 officers lists</td>
<td>35 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,000 folders, General Information</td>
<td>10 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 blank book</td>
<td>5 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>37 50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Office of Registrar General.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,500 postals and printing</td>
<td>$17 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000 slips, papers and fee to Registrar General</td>
<td>3 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,050 white perforated cards, printed, 1 form</td>
<td>9 09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Car fare</td>
<td>1 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paste brush</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating stamp</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Binding 5 volumes, Registrar's Records</td>
<td>15 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Re-binding 4 volumes, Registrar's Records, new backs</td>
<td>9 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Re-binding 2 volumes, Registrar's Records, in case</td>
<td>3 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>251 67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra clerical service</td>
<td>238 90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Office of Treasurer General.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,000 corrected report slips</td>
<td>$3 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 rebate check slips</td>
<td>3 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>350 note circulars</td>
<td>3 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Car fare</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Money order</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>378 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Office of Librarian General.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expressage</td>
<td>$ 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subscription to July, 1909, William and Mary Quarterly</td>
<td>3 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>65 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Office of Librarian General.**
### Office of Historian General

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expressage,</td>
<td>$5 28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service,</td>
<td>112 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>117 78</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Office of Assistant Historian General

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expressage,</td>
<td>$2 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service,</td>
<td>50 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>52 70</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### General Office

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Spring water, December</td>
<td>$5 5 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Towel service, November</td>
<td>2 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice, December</td>
<td>2 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 reams typewriting paper</td>
<td>7 05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 quires gray blotters</td>
<td>2 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 wrappers,</td>
<td>2 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairing wheel</td>
<td>6 55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairing tables and chairs</td>
<td>2 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moving desk and boxes</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 pair scissors</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soap</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 gallons unscented soap</td>
<td>11 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 soap dispenser, leased</td>
<td>1 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disinfectant</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 memorandum books</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Weis scrap book</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Car fare</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent of P. O. Box</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bunch of American Beauty roses and expressage</td>
<td>20 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laurel wreath and ribbon for Key monument and expressage</td>
<td>10 55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15,000 stamped envelopes</td>
<td>227 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage for Office, President General,</td>
<td>28 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage for Office, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage for Office, Recording Secretary General,</td>
<td>3 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage for office, Registrar General,</td>
<td>3 08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage for Office, Librarian General,</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage for Office, Historian General,</td>
<td>2 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage for Office, Assistant Historian General,</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage for General Office</td>
<td>5 16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Messenger service</td>
<td>15 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>85 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Continental Hall.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moving chairs from and to Hall</td>
<td>$11 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Magazine.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publishing and mailing December number,</td>
<td>$437 49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office expenses, December 1-January 27,</td>
<td>12 48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4,000 advertising folders</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 oval half tone</td>
<td>1 85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 half tones</td>
<td>18 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 zinc etchings of views</td>
<td>4 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business manager's salary</td>
<td>75 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editor's salary</td>
<td>83 33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salary for clerk</td>
<td>16 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Certificates.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag for certificate case</td>
<td>$15 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 pair scissors</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engrossing 757 certificates</td>
<td>56 77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000 mailing tubes</td>
<td>40 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freight on 4 cases tubes</td>
<td>6 88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>30 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>70 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra clerical service</td>
<td>5 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rent of Offices.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent for December and January</td>
<td>$509 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rent of Telephone.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent for January</td>
<td>$13 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toll service, December</td>
<td>2 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>State Regent's Postage.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For State Regent, South Carolina</td>
<td>5 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total** 652.01
Official.

Support "Real Daughters."

Support, 2 "Real Daughters," December, $16 00
Support, 35 "Real Daughters," January, 280 00

Miscellaneous.

Clerical service, $12 00

Balance on hand January 31, 1909, $3,578 03

On deposit in National Metropolitan Bank, $2,504 08
On deposit in Washington Loan and Trust Company Bank, 1,073 35

$3,578 03

Fort Crailo Fund.

Balance in bank at last report December 31, 1908, $55 79
Interest, 56

$56 35

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS OF THE PERMANENT FUND.

Balance in banks at last report, December 31, 1908, $79,285 84

Receipts.

Charter Fees.

Council of Safety Chapter, Georgia, $5 00
Hoosier Elm Chapter, Indiana, 5 00
Capt. Robert Nichols Chapter, New York, 5 00
Lieut. Stephen Taft Chapter, New York, 5 00
Robert Morris Chapter, Pennsylvania, 5 00
Fairfax County Chapter, Virginia, 5 00
William Haymond Chapter, West Virginia, 5 00

$35 00
Life Membership Fees.

Mrs. Jessie S. Munn, of Elder William Brewster Chapter, Illinois, $12 50
Miss Mary Frances Chenery, of Springfield Chapter, Illinois, 12 50
Mrs. Jessie C. Frederic, of Springfield Chapter, Illinois, 12 50
Miss Carrie Galt, of Springfield Chapter, Illinois, 12 50
Mrs. Martha C. Herdman, of Springfield Chapter, Illinois, 12 50
Miss Evelyn L. Kinne, of Springfield Chapter, Illinois, 12 50
Mrs. Sallie S. Miller, of Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, Indiana, 12 50
Miss Addie Barnwell Robinson, of Ruth Heald Cragin Chapter, Maine, 12 50
Mrs. Lucella G. Gibney, of Baltimore Chapter, Maryland, 12 50
Mrs. Henrietta M. L. Chase, of Old Concord Chapter, Massachusetts, 12 50
Mrs. Helen Bent Curtis, of Old Concord Chapter, Massachusetts, 12 50
Miss Caroline R. Prentis, of Louisa St. Clair Chapter, Michigan, 12 50
Mrs. Kate Eliza Babcock Rust of Saginaw Chapter, Michigan, 12 50
Mrs. Florence W. Miller, of Anthony Wayne Chapter, Minnesota, 12 50
Mrs. Lucy V. L. Brown, of Jefferson Chapter, Maine, 12 50
Miss Nellie Webster, of Benjamin Prescott Chapter, New York, 12 50
Mrs. Minnie L. S. Lowe, of Buffalo Chapter, New York, 12 50
Mrs. Augusta Lydia Sawkey Austin, of Washington Heights Chapter, New York, 12 50
Miss Ellen M. Amidon, of Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio, 12 50
Mrs. Laura H. R. Pearson, of Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio, 12 50
Mrs. Grace Hiles Stanley, of Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio, 12 50
Miss Mary W. McCallan, of Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania, 12 50
Mrs. Jennie Boas Wood, of Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania, .......... 12 50
Mrs. Mary Moore Sheldon Morlock, of Flint Lock and Powder Horn Chapter, Rhode Island, .......... 12 50

Continental Hall Contributions.

Mrs. Helen P. Kane, District of Columbia, ........................................ 100 00
Mrs. LaVerne Noyes, of Chicago Chapter, Illinois, ............................ 10 00
Mrs. Charles H. Deere, of Moline Chapter, Illinois, .......................... 10 00
Mrs. Genevieve P. Laws, of Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter, Maryland, 10 00
Mrs. Theodore C. Bates, of Colonel Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Massachusetts, ........................................ 10 00
Orange County Chapter, New Jersey, ........................................... 10 00
New York State, through the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean, and Vice-President General, Mrs. Charles H. Terry, for New York Column, New York, ............................................. 2,000 00
Nathaniel Massie Chapter, Ohio, ...... 30 00
Mrs. Alfred G. Saeger, of Liberty Bell Chapter, Pennsylvania, ........... 20 00
Robert Morris Chapter, Pennsylvania, .......................................... 10 00
Mrs. Eliza H. L. Barker, of Gaspee Chapter, Rhode Island, ................ 5 00

Commission on Recognition Pins, ........ $1 90 $1 90
Continental Hall Committee Spoons, ........ $5 25 5 25

Interest.

American Security and Trust Company Bank, ........................................ $856 05
National Savings and Trust Company Bank, ........................................ 99 50
Union Trust Company Bank, .............................................. 51 08
Washington Loan & Trust Company Bank, ......................................... 82 34

$1,088 97

3,557 12

$32,842 96
Expenditures.

On account of contract, completion of Memorial Continental Hall, $17,100 00
Inspector of Works, 100 00

\[ \text{Total: } 17,200 \] 00

Balance on hand January 31, 1909, $65,642 96

On deposit in banks as follows:

- American Security and Trust Company, $33,534 45
- National Savings and Trust Company, 18,632 05
- Union Trust Company, 5,160 07
- Washington Loan and Trust Company, 8,316 39

\[ \text{Total: } 65,642 96 \]

Cash Balance on deposit in banks, January 31, 1909, $65,642 96

Permanent Investment.

\[ \text{Total Permanent Fund, cash and investments, } \quad 79,821 56 \]

Respectfully submitted,

MABEL G. SWORMASDIE, Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.

Upon the request of the Treasurer General for instructions in regard to certain points bearing on the life-membership fees, it was moved and carried that the Recording Secretary General be requested to communicate with the firm of Bailey, Banks & Biddle, to ascertain if that firm own the plate for the Daughters of the American Revolution life-membership certificates, and the cost of engraving these certificates. This information to be transmitted to the Registrar General, who was authorized to act in the matter.

Report of the Historian General: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I present to you to-day the Twenty-Seventh Volume of the Lineage Book.

The records in the Twenty-eighth Volume have been examined and
five hundred have been type-written and will go to the printer March 1st.
Number of letters written, 64; replies received, 29.
Respectfully submitted,
(Signed)  
Elizabeth Gadsby,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.
Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE HISTORIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: In this office "history repeats itself." With a few additions, the Smithsonian Report is about completed; a few Chapter reports are yet to be transcribed; all have been edited.
The section called Part First, being the statistical report of the work of the 17th Continental Congress, and the National Board of Management, from October 11, 1907 to October 11, 1908, has been prepared entirely by the Assistant Historian General; also Part Second, Continental Hall, and Part Third, the work of the National Committees. Part Fourth, Items of Historical Interest, is practically completed.
Since last report fourteen reports have been received; reports edited (total) 606; reports transcribed, 151.
Letters received, 29; letters sent, 41; cards sent, 3.
Every portion of the work, except the actual transcribing, has been personal work.
Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) Elizabeth M. Bowron,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.
February 3, 1909.
Report accepted.

REPORT OF LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following accessions received since the meeting of January 13th:

BOOKS.

History of Bedford, N. H. Published by the town. Concord, 1903.
Valuable assistant to every man; or, American clerk's magazine. By Samuel Freeman. Boston, 1805.
The above two volumes presented by Our Flag Chapter.


PAMPHLETS.

Genealogy and character of the Jenckes family transcribed by Esek Esten of Pawtucket, R. I., 1816. Typewritten copy presented by Mrs. Arnold Petrie through Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins. The two following were presented by Samuel A. Green.


Heroines of the Revolution, being sketches of noted women of the Revolution as given in several numbers of Godey's magazine. Presented by Miss Janet Cowing.

Year books were received from 2 chapters.
The above list comprises 35 accessions, viz: 16 books, 12 pamphlets, 7 periodicals. 6 books were presented, 7 received in exchange and 3 purchased; 12 pamphlets were presented.

Respectfully submitted,

HELEN M. BOYNTON,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

At half past one o'clock it was moved and carried to take a recess until three p. m.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, February 3, 1909.

The adjourned meeting was called to order Wednesday afternoon by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

Reports of Committees were considered.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE: Madam President General and members of the National Board of Management: Your Finance Committee has authorized bills during the month of January to the amount of $3,682.96, of which the largest items are:

Pay roll, $1,311 33
Rent, 254 65
Printing magazine, 426 80
Daughters of Revolutionary soldiers, 280 00
Stamped envelopes, 216 40

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Chairman Finance Committee, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

It was moved and carried that the Board authorize the Treasurer General to add forty dollars to the sum already in the hands of the Curator.

The Chair stated that in the absence of Mrs. Bates, Chairman of the Auditing Committee, and Mrs. Newberry, the second member of the Committee, no formal meeting of the Committee had been held at this time; but presented a recommendation from the Auditor in regard to allowing the Curator an additional sum for the expenses coming under her charge.
REPORT OF THE PRINTING COMMITTEE: Madam President General and members of the National Board of Management: As the Society increases in membership, the demand for printed supplies is proportionately greater, month after month, and all care is exercised that the printing of these supplies is made satisfactory. I am happy to report that such is the case.

All orders sent your committee from the various departments of the Office have been promptly transmitted, and quite recently the circular letter written by the President General, as requested by the unanimous action of the Board at its January meeting has been sent to the printer.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)  
ELISABETH F. PIERCE,  
Chairman Printing Committee, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

The Chairman of the Purchasing Committee, Mrs. Gadsby, reported verbally to the effect that all supplies needed in the offices have been bought, as requested. Report accepted.

Mrs. Draper recommended the purchase of a new machine for copying application papers and lists, according to the order of the Board at a previous meeting.

Mrs. Perley moved the adoption of this recommendation. Motion carried.

The President General requested a new machine for the use of the official stenographer.

It was moved and carried that a new machine be purchased for the official stenographer to the National Board.

Some matters in connection with the Continental Congress were brought to the attention of the Board, and the following motions were offered:

Moved, That nothing be sold in the lobby of Continental Hall during the Eighteenth Continental Congress. Elizabeth D. Earnest.
Accepted by Elisabeth F. Pierce. Motion carried.

Also, That a room on the second floor of Continental Hall be appropriated for sale of articles during the Congress. (Signed) Mrs. A. P. Perley.

Seconded by Miss Mecum. Motion carried.

Mrs. Hodgkins, Chairman of the Press Committee, was instructed to select a large room on the first floor of the Hall for the accommodation of the Press.

Mrs. Perley moved: That the Chairman of the Press Committee be allowed to use her very good judgment in permitting the Press a place for sale of papers.

Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.
The Chair presented an application from Miss Elizabeth Poe soliciting the photographic work of the Congress.

Mrs. Patton moved: That the offer of Miss Poe for photographing the Continental Congress of 1909 be accepted. Motion carried.

Mrs. Main moved: That Mrs. Bayly be engaged as accompanist for the Continental Congress of 1909. Motion carried.

Seconded by Mrs. Earnest and Miss Pierce.

The following letter was read by the President General to the Board:

504 West 143rd Street, N. Y. City,
January 26, 1909.

My dear Mrs. McLean:

I beg to express my pleasure at your acceptance, in behalf of the Daughters of the American Revolution, of the table and candlestick formerly owned by my ancestor, John Paulding, one of the captors of Major Andre, and by him passed down in my family, finally to my ownership.

As I believe the table and candlesticks are the only things in existence belonging to John Paulding, I shall be very glad when they are placed in the permanent keeping of the Daughters in Continental Hall.

In 1778 the silver candlesticks and yellow mahogany table were given by John Paulding to his sister, Euphemia Paulding Klyn, my great-grandmother. She left them to her son, John Bloodgood de Klyn, my grandfather, who, in turn, presented them to me in 1888.

John Paulding was the only one of the three captors of Major Andre who could read or write, and it makes it the more typical that this should have been his writing table. If you will let me know when the Continental Hall is ready to receive these gifts, I shall send them on immediately. The only favor I ask is that they be permanently labelled, so that their identity may never be lost.

Trusting you are in your usual good health and that I may have the pleasure of seeing you soon again, believe me,

Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) Nellie Garretson Gunther.

Mrs. Main moved: That a letter of thanks from the National Board be sent Mrs. Nellie Garretson Gunther, for the gift of her great-grandfather's (John Paulding's) table and candlesticks to the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.

The President General addressed the Board as follows:

It was my plan to endeavor to go to California this month, but I must lose that pleasure for the present, because I am to attend the Lincoln ceremonies in Illinois,—the centenary exercises, on the 12th instant, for which my engagements have been made for nearly a year.

At the last meeting, you will remember, we discussed the advisability of postponing the Board meeting, or holding it in inauguration week.
I wish the consensus of opinion of the Board as to the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, taking part in the inauguration ceremonies, that there may be some arrangements made for the official recognition of our Society. It seemed to me to be my duty to be here, instead of in California,—much as I desired to go there,—in case it should be decided that the National Society is to be represented during the inauguration. I have consulted with those in authority in this matter and have been informed that if the Daughters desire, it will be possible for them to obtain seats, in a body, in the Court of Honor, and Daughters of the American Revolution decorations.

The Chair is bringing this before you now, so that you may consider the question and advise her whether you think it is best to make arrangements for being represented in the ceremonies. I, myself, have decided to be present. I understand that several members of the Board have planned to attend the inauguration and Board meeting, the same week, and I wish this afternoon to secure some expression of opinion from the Board as to what part, if any, the Society will take, as a body. We cannot take positive action now, however, until we obtain further information as to seats, etc.

(Full information was given on this subject by Mrs. Draper before the Board adjourned, but no definite action taken.)

Directly following the January Board meeting your President General was most gracefully entertained here in Washington by the Sons of the American Revolution of the District, Judge Anderson, President. She addressed the Sons, and the next morning addressed the Forestry Association, convening in Washington, in the interests of conservation, and since our last meeting the Chair has had the pleasure of going to that delectable resort, New Jersey, and of being entertained by the Essex Chapter, one of the representative Chapters of the State. It was most interesting to your President General and a charming gathering. During the ensuing week she had the privilege of presenting charters to the Regents of two Chapters,—the Captain Roberts Nichols, and the Lieut. Stephen Taft Chapter, both of New York, formed entirely of the descendants of these two patriots, respectively. Mrs. Henry S. Bowron is godmother, so to speak, of the Captain Robert Nichols Chapter, and Mrs. Frederick L. Bradley is godmother of the Lieut. Stephen Taft Chapter.

The Chair has attended meetings of the New York City Chapter, where action was taken in relation to the celebration of February 22nd. During the last month your President General has passed her semicentenary; and she wishes the congratulations of the Board, to help her bear up under this load of years. Whatever her faults, she has made every effort to use to the very best effect her time and energies during the fifty years spent on earth. To speak more personally, I have given more than a full third of my life to the work of the
Daughters. It has, therefore, been a matter of the utmost happiness to me to complete my semi-centenary with the completion of my administration as your President General. The congratulations expressed by the Essex and the New York Chapters who knew of this birthday anniversary, when they entertained me, added greatly to my happiness.

I further report that I represented this Society at the Poe centenary memorial exercises in the New York University.

Edgar Allen Poe, as you know, was the son of General Poe, of Revolutionary fame. The tribute to the poet's genius, so widely recognized now, made the occasion most touching and beautiful.

I was also fortunate in attending, in Ascension Church, New York, the impressive Milton ter-centenary ceremonies. Now, I am celebrating my own semi-centenary, and the Lincoln centenary ceremonies are approaching, in Illinois. Thus am I impressed with the grateful thought: Though years pass, memory remains.

In relation to Continental Hall, I will simply state that the situation is much improved during the past three weeks. Soon after the Christmas holidays we received rather discouraging reports as to the lapse of the work; but I have received recently from the expert engineer, Professor Meclin, very favorable reports. Mr. Casey, our architect, who spent last week here, has informed us there is every indication that the workmen will live up to the contract.

As Chairman of the Continental Hall Committee, I asked the members of the Continental Hall Committee to write to Col. Norcross, urging the importance of filling his contract to the letter. The contractors are held through the architect, Mr. Casey, and we notified him that Norcross Bros. must be kept to the contract or suffer the penalty. The result is, a great improvement! Personally, officially, and through her legal representatives, your President General has been unremitting in her efforts to have the work accomplished.

The following was offered by Mrs. Main: In behalf of the National Board of Management, I wish to extend to our President General sincere congratulations in having passed her semi-centenary. Numerously seconded and unanimously carried.

Mrs. Gadsby and Miss Mecum made happy remarks in offering congratulations on this occasion.

REPORT OF CONSERVATION COMMITTEE: Madam President General and members of the National Board of Management: Since the last meeting of the Board, the Chairman has had the pleasure of hearing the address of the President General before the American Forestry Association. It would be impossible for me to attempt to give it in full, and I hope that it will be printed in the near future. Her closing thought, however, was, that inasmuch as the love of an adult is stronger and more enduring than that of a child, so we, through whose veins flows the blood of men and women who have loved their country from its
infancy, should have a deeper, stronger, more enduring love and patriotism, which should be manifested in practical as well as sentimental ways.

The following letter was received yesterday from the Chairman of the Conservation Commission:

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, Chairman,
Conservation Committee,
Daughters of the American Revolution.

DEAR MADAM:

The recent Conservation Conference in Washington, at which your organization was represented, authorized the appointment of a Joint Committee on Co-operation, to consist of six members of the State Conservation Commission and three members of the National Conservation Committee, together with the Chairman and the Secretary. I have invited the following gentlemen to serve on the Committee, all of whom have accepted:

Representing State Conservation Commission: Mr. J. N. Teal, Portland, Oregon; Hon. W. H. Milton, Marianna, Florida; Hon. Paris Gibson, Great Falls, Montana; Prof. Frank W. Rane, Boston, Massachusetts; Mr. W. K. Kavanaught, St. Louis, Missouri; Mr. O. J. Salisbury, Salt Lake City, Utah.


The duty of this Committee, as authorized by the Joint Conference, is “to prepare and to present to the State and National Commissions and through them to the Governors and the President a plan for united action by all organizations concerned with the Conservation of the natural resources.”

There are now thirty-six State and Territorial Commissions and forty-five Conservation Committees of national organizations. From those and others to be appointed, the Joint Committee should receive valuable assistance. The general plan is for the Committee to consider carefully suggestions made by the State and other Commissions, with a view to the closest co-operation possible in all desirable fields of action.

I would be exceedingly glad to have, as soon as practicable, for consideration by the Committee, suggestions as to how your Conservation Committee and the Conservation Committees of other national organizations can best join in the movement.

A bulletin will soon be sent you giving recent progress in Conservation work.

Very sincerely yours,

(Signed) GIFFORD PINCHOT, Chairman.

Letters have been sent to each member of the Committee, giving them the names of the Conservation Commission in their respective
States, and asking them to communicate with the Chairman for instructions, and then report to us, in order that we may act as a unit.

During the last month a bill has been presented in Congress, and as amended, has passed the Committee. I would recommend that this Board pass a resolution endorsing the Week's Bill, as amended, and that your Chairman be so authorized so to state.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) BELL MERRILL DRAPER (Mrs. Amos G. Draper),

Chairman.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Perley moved: That this bill be endorsed, and that the Chairman of the Committee be instructed to so notify the Commission.

Motion carried.

The names of the members resigning were read, and upon motion, the resignations were accepted. Also, the names of deceased and dropped members were presented to the Board and the usual action taken thereon.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE ON BUSINESS METHODS: Madam President and Members of the National Board of Management: Your Committee would call attention to No. xi in the General Information:

Resolved, That hereafter if a member enter a Chapter within six months after the payment of her dues to the National Society direct, the Treasurer General is directed to return one dollar to the Chapter on demand."

We would also call attention to Article 8, Section 3, of the Constitution:

"The local Chapters shall be entitled to retain one-half of the annual dues, and one-half of the life-membership fees paid to them, respectively, for their own use."

We, therefore, unanimously recommend that hereafter if a member enter a Chapter within six months after the payment of her life-membership fee, the Treasurer General is directed to return one-half to the Chapter on demand.

In the early days, when the Treasurer General was either not bonded at all, or had a very small bond, it was the understanding that any money paid into the permanent fund could not be drawn out for any purpose whatsoever, and therefore if a person entered the Society as a life member and within six months desired to join an organizing Chapter, the new Chapter was not allowed to receive any portion of that life-membership fee.

As the Treasurer General now deposits and draws from the permanent fund for various purposes, the object for which the former ruling was made no longer exists, and we feel that it is a hardship
to the Chapters, which they should not be required to bear. We, therefore, hope that this recommendation will be adopted.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)  
BELL MERRILL DRAPER, Chairman,  
MABEL G. SWORMSTEDT.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Draper, as a member of the Committee on Chalkley manuscripts, stated that the Librarian of the Division of Manuscripts at the Congressional Library, would be willing to receive these manuscripts as a loan from the Daughters and have them carefully preserved, where they would be accessible to any one authorized to examine them.

The Chair asked for an expression of opinion on the subject.

Mrs. Draper moved that this matter be referred to Mrs. Jamison, Chairman of Committee, with power to act. Motion carried.

It was also moved and carried that the Chalkley manuscripts be transferred to the Chairman of the Committee, and that she be requested to consult with Mrs. Draper,—the committee being empowered to act in the matter.

A request was made for a pension for a "Real Daughter."

Miss Mecum moved: *That a pension be granted Mrs. Helen Alla Sloan, "Real Daughter."* Seconded by Mrs. Earnest. Motion carried.

Miss Pierce moved that the amount of salary of five days lost by the affliction which came to Mrs. Cahoon be restored.

Seconded by Mrs. Swormstedt. Motion carried.

In regard to the floral tribute sent Mrs. Cahoon, Mrs. Draper moved: *That the thanks of the Board be given the Recording Secretary General for acting for us, and that the Treasurer General be authorized to pay the bill.*

At half past five o'clock it was moved and carried to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,  
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.
DIRECTORY.

Genealogist
MISS MINNIE F. MICKLEY,
Ex REGISTRAR GENERAL, N. S., D. A. R.
MICKLEY'S, R. R. D., Allentown, Pa.,
The Cecil, 15th and L Streets
Washington, D. C.

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