ADDRESS OF WELCOME BY THE PRESIDENT GENERAL,
MRS. DONALD McLEAN, TO THE SIXTEENTH
CONTINENTAL CONGRESS.

Daughters of the American Revolution, assembled from
every state in this union; distinguished Sons of the American
Revolution, and those guests whose presence lends distinction
to this gathering: I bid you warmly, welcome.

One year ago I stood before you at the opening of the Fif-
teenth Continental Congress, known to you as your confrère
on the floor, but unknown to you, as you to me, from the plat-
form. When that Congress adjourned, a year ago, I felt that
the unknown had first become acquaintances, then friends, then
loyal and beloved daughters. So, this morning I think of you
as loyal and beloved daughters. Enter into your own home
in this Hall, and also enter into your nearer home, the heart
of your president general.

And not only do I greet you as "Daughters," but as I look
out upon this assembled mass of American femininity I know
too that we are sisters born of that precious parentage of love
and liberty, born of that pure passion of the soul for justice,
and the fruit of a new union, a new body politic in the nations
of the world. So, you are my daughters and my sisters; and
(turning to the Sons of the American Revolution) so many
times have I been a "sister" to the "Sons" that this morning I
am going to be their mother. You know, however proud we
are of our daughters there is a little special pang of pride when
a man-child comes into the world. So, while unwilling to
qualify my devotion to the Daughters, it is a little comfort to
have a few men with us to-day!

There is so much to say to you that I shall say very little,
because there is no middle stream between great discursiveness of detail to such a gathering, and a brief, succinct statement of those things that I believe best to bring to your attention this morning.

This, as you know, is not our business session. Many details will come before you during the ensuing week, upon which I shall not dwell now. I merely wish to bring before you the important features of the past year's work, as your president general has seen that work, has engaged in it, and has strained her every nerve to do you honor, and to bring back to you rewards.

First, your Continental Hall speaks for itself. You left it with four uncompleted pavilions, two nearly finished, two not begun. To-day they are completed. You see the full square of your own hall before you. There is much work that has been completed on this hall which you cannot see, because it is underground, in those hidden chambers of mystery of which no human being save the most expert architect can have the faintest comprehension! That is the installation of the heating plant. Nobody knows how much more wisdom I now possess on heating plants and kindred matters than when I became president general, and that widest form of wisdom which teaches you how little you really know. When I undertook to go on with the work of Continental Hall, I had all that daring courage which comes of ignorance. Now I stand in trepidation before every step, so afraid am I that the main conduit will not take the steam in the right direction, or that the elbow of this pipe does not properly fit the joint of the other. But it is all there, and those of you who prefer the catacombs to the outside world of Washington, may explore its mysteries at any time. It is there with a fell purpose. It is there to help us move our offices, so that we may hereafter install them with due pride, and have our home where our heart is, so that we may be freed from the expense of renting the offices and also may gratify a most commendable sentiment by having them located in our own house.

When I spoke to you, a year ago, I had hoped to report that
as “au fait accompli” this morning, but the builders and contractors and other causes have conspired to make a little delay. But now our heating plant is actually installed, and we intend to use it within six months in heating the building. Of course, that is a matter of congratulation to one who is undertaking to carry on an economical administration because of the saving of office rent. I do not suppose that any one in the world ever assumed an administration, without intending to make it a model of the strictest economy. We have striven to do that; and I assure you that heart’s blood is sometimes spilled in the effort; but I am proud to report to you this morning that although it is a happy fact that we have had born eight thousand new “Daughters” within the past two years, we have not increased the expenses of your organization one dollar.

It seems but a little while ago since we stood here preparing for our trip over to Annapolis to attend the memorial services to John Paul Jones, where the Daughters gathered in a great body at that most impressive assemblage and saw the shaft of light shooting down from heaven, resting upon the laurel and the sword of that flag-drapped coffin, making the “light perpetual” upon that laurel and that sword, in the eternal rest of immortal fame.

From such a gathering we turn to the next great historical event, the Jamestown Exposition, and these our Daughters will be proudly represented there as they were at the historical assembling in Annapolis. Your building is proceeding so well on Jamestown Island that I would not be heartless enough to take from the chairman of that committee the pleasure of telling you just what she has accomplished. I only desire at this opening session of our congress, and in this public manner, to pay tribute to the tireless and unceasing work which has been undertaken and accomplished by the chairman of the Jamestown Exposition committee, Mrs. Purcell. Your relics will be gathered in the exposition grounds themselves, which are somewhat separated from the island where is your building. You will have two points of interest, and I trust you will include a third in the New York state building, where your president general will assume a dual personality, and as a
commissioner from New York State will welcome there the Daughters of the American Revolution, and then go up to your Daughters of the American Revolution building and beg you to make welcome the New York State commissioner among the Daughters of the American Revolution. You know, no president general could ever head this organization for two years without the ability to assume twenty personalities, so what is it to me to take on two? I shall expect, then, to see you all during the exposition and to give further details of this work, or have them given to you later on in our session. Those are two historical points of assemblage—in Annapolis and in Virginia. We seem to stretch as a beautiful arch from the consummation of the last Continental Congress to the consummation of this, for the Jamestown Exposition opens next week.

In the interval of the months which have passed since I left you here, a year ago, I have traveled more miles than I can count, and I trace them in memory with the milestones of happiness in the enthusiastic greetings which have come to me, in the states almost to the borders of our country. From here I went, as you know, to Annapolis, and almost immediately thereafter on a delightful trip through the state of Pennsylvania, going over to Pittsburg where we celebrated Flag day, and where the Sons of the American Revolution signalized that event by a gift of $250 to our Continental Hall. (That is not said by way of intimation to the Sons of the American Revolution who are here with us to-day!) On through the state, to many points of interest, to which I cannot even allude for lack of time, but I should feel derelict to one of the most interesting trips if I did not mention my journey to Tidioute. I see that announcement awakens just as much interest in you as it did in me, when I was invited there, and I assure you that it is a most charming town up in the other end of Pennsylvania. It is the visits that we make to just such towns that bring to all of us a knowledge of our country, and of the great, real patriotism in it; and of the magnificent domain of the Daughters of the American Revolution. In that chapter in Tidioute, Pennsylvania, a stretch of sixty miles, embracing four counties, is covered by its membership.
ADDRESS OF WELCOME.

I shall not give the journey chronologically, because all of you know your history and will recognize the fact that Tea Party day could not follow Flag day so quickly; and yet in your hearts it does, for if there had been no Tea Party day, there could have been no Flag day!—and were there no Flag day, how could we celebrate Tea Party day?

Thus through Massachusetts and into New Hampshire, the grand old Granite State; and thence into Vermont, with its "Green Mountain Boys," and then on to that wonderful trip through the middle west, where I had the privilege of being with our past president general and vice-president general, Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson and Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, then to Chicago and its great chapter. Thence through Illinois, and up into Minnesota, where I had the experience of real western travel and real western vernacular, in whizzing over roads in a "buzz-wagon," as I was told (I thought it was an elegantly-appointed automobile). On over the wonderful rolling prairies, I was carried back into Wisconsin, where there was a magnificent demonstration by the Daughters in that state; thence up into Iowa, where for the first time in the history of the society, the representatives of all the Mississippi Valley were gathered together. I consider that was the greatest step forward ever taken in this organization since the time the organization had birth. We who live in the eastern part of the country know very little, and have not the faintest conception of the marvellous possibilities and attainments of that great and wonderful middle west. So wide and catholic is it in its interests, and so earnestly did your president general desire to respond to every one of those interests as it was brought before her, that she endeavored to ascend the heights of university classics on one evening, and talked to the football boys on the next! There I heard one of the best addresses on patriotic education to which it has ever been my privilege to listen, an address by the president of the Iowa State University. I had hoped to have him address us here at this Congress, but he, like many other distinguished men, is in New York attending a convention to which I shall allude specifically in a moment.
From Iowa I went on down to Nebraska, reaching my farthest western point at Lincoln, where I learned the magic secret of that lovely manna let down from heaven, requiring neither water nor care, nor aught else save the gathering in, that magnificent harvest of alfalfa. Alfalfa has become a byword to my friends, because it awakened such admiring interest in my own mind, and I felt that I had acquired such magnificent knowledge that I never dreamed anybody else in the world knew as much as your president general knew about alfalfa! but when I came back and went down to Virginia, the wife of the governor, a Daughter of most attractive personality, had delivered the loveliest little lecture on alfalfa just before I arrived.

From Nebraska with its warm welcome, and with heartfelt regrets that I did not reach Kansas, although I had the privilege of meeting some of the Kansas Daughters with their state regent, I entered Missouri where I experienced the warmth of that half-southern, half-western spirit, which when blended makes perfection in this nation, whether it be in hospitable, social circles, or whether it be in taking up the great political questions of the day.

From there a return home. I used to have but one pole-star (which is the brightest one, and I do not mean to say that it should not always be beyond all others to draw a woman to her home, but I have found one that is a very strong second. My pole-star has grown into the constellation of Gemini, and when I turn on the one hand to New York, I turn on the other to Washington). I came back from all that travel of thousands of miles to New York, and thence down here to our board meetings, having accomplished the entire trip under the divine help of Providence, without an accident, without missing a train, without missing an engagement and without losing my trunk key. From Washington down through Virginia, where the governor of the state received me with that warm-hearted hospitality, which alone could console me for learning that his wife, Mrs. Swanson, knew all about alfalfa. Then back to what is, perhaps, after all, the dearest, to Maryland. Apropos of that state, I wish to say this morning that there is
always an average preserved in everything. I was a little proud last year because we needed no gavel at our opening session, but this morning I have used two. This because Our Flag Chapter of this District, has presented me with one to be used here this morning, a gavel made from historic wood from the White House, and a lovely Daughter from Maryland came to me only a moment since with this rare gavel, from the wood of the old Peggy Stewart and presented by the Tea Party Chapter of Maryland, with the request that I use it. It seemed impossible, for the moment, to use them both, but inwardly came the thought: “I will use them both now, and then I will need none hereafter,” and I know that you will help me to need none.

In all these undertakings I have endeavored to stimulate interest in all your great objects and projects. Of course, first and primarily, it is our duty to complete this building. At our Continental Hall committee meeting on Saturday, the report of the finances showed, as you will be glad and interested to hear, that we have now here invested in the ground and in the building as it stands to-day, more than half of what it will cost when fully completed, exterior and interior. You have passed that milestone, that half of your journey is over. Certainly you will hasten to the completion of this great end for which we yearn.

Patriotic education is a matter which will be detailed so fully and so capably by the chairman of the committee on this subject, that I will not go into it other than to say that it has grown day by day, and month by month, in the interest it is awakening, and in the splendid work which it is accomplishing in every state in this union. There are divers methods of undertaking patriotic education, which I will leave to our chairman to describe, but there is one thing that I must mention. So far as I know, it is the first of its kind, and it is pregnant with large results. The governor of the state of New Jersey called together, for the first time in the history of this country, a special commission appointed by himself and the legislature, to look into the need for patriotic education, and to undertake consecutive legislative work to bring about results. Your
president general had the privilege of being present at a great gathering presided over by Governor Stokes and his coadjutors, and she was there taught much that she was happy to learn, as to the possibilities of this wide work. I felt it to be one of the greatest compliments that the Daughters of the American Revolution had received, when their president general was asked to stand hand-in-hand to forward the work of that commission, and to endeavor to induce other governors throughout this country to approve the same sort of work in connection with the legislatures, and in connection with the public-school systems, and with other great organized bodies, so that the work may tell in a way that it could not tell in little sporadic endeavors. I commend this to you, and I say to every governor in this country: "Take notice: appoint a commission for patriotic education, or the Daughters of the American Revolution will educate you."

The preservation of our historic spots is one of the greatest works that we have. That will also be brought before you by one of our ablest members. I would tell you this morning of one of the most notable achievements in that line, except that I am a little afraid to do so. (I tell you this in confidence. I spoke to the chairman of that committee yesterday about it, and she told me that if I mentioned its name she would not vote for me. I was so terrorized that I did not think that I would dare to speak of it! but now, in order to show my courageous nature, I will announce that Fort Massac has been acquired and preserved by the Daughters of the American Revolution and the state of Illinois, through Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, past vice-president general of our organization in that state.)

The Children of the Republic is a wonderful work that has been taken up in the line of patriotic education, but on a different principle. That will be explained to you by our Mrs. John A. Murphy, of Ohio, chairman of the committee.

Thus indefinitely could reference be made to the work that has been accomplished in various states; but there is one special thing that we have accomplished during the past year that I
feel, perhaps, more tenderly proud of than any other achievement, and that is the fact that for the first time in the history of the society regular provision has been made for the assistance of all "Real Daughters" who are in penury or poor circumstances. "Real Daughters," I will explain for the benefit of the public, are the actual living daughters of Revolutionary heroes. While, of course, they are very old, you would be surprised to know how many there are still living; we cannot tell you at this moment how many, because day by day we receive communications bringing to notice the claims of one and another. We are extremely careful in investigating these claims. We refer them to the chairman, who will report to you later. We ascertain whether or not the "Real Daughters" are in actual need, and if we find that they are, we, their younger sisters, hasten to their succor and I believe that to be one of the highest privileges of this organization.

So I have brought before you the gods that the Daughters worship the gods next to the great God under whose guidance we believe we exist. We endeavor to keep pure all our various channels of work. All of our activities we know are energetic; all of our achievements so far as we are able to make them so, are spotless of meanness, sordidness or undue calculation.

I come before you with a splendid report of our financial condition, though I must say that I did have a few qualms for the Daughters when I found that the first legislation in regard to two-cents-a-mile railroad fare was put into effect against our round-trip tickets. I was informed of that from the west, and we immediately sent a most supplicatory prayer to the railroad authorities and they relented.

This morning I have had a terrible intimation that Mr. Harriman has said something about our investments. I am very proud that he knows that we have $24,000 to invest! I think it must be a matter of great moment to Mr. Harriman!—and I am very glad that we are so much like the whole administration of the national government of the United States, that we are called upon to take up such questions and to grapple with Mr. Harriman.
Now, in order not to seem too warlike, I draw your attention to that wonderful convention which is, at almost this very hour, convening in New York City, the Peace Congress. Were it not that this Continental Congress is constitutionally required to meet this week, I should have advocated holding it either in the preceding or the succeeding week, because the Peace Congress now in session in New York City, is one of the most wonderful movements of the world. This Continental Congress has been invited to participate in its proceedings and your president general invited to speak there. Realizing that it would be impossible, to transfer this entire congress to theirs, and those members being foolish and inconsiderate enough not to remember that they could just as well have held their sessions here under the stimulating influence of the “Daughters,” we can now only join in their deliberations through that mental telepathy and cardiacal sympathy which, I am sure, the Daughters will send to them, in response to the numberless communications I, myself, have received from the officers of that Peace Congress! We, this morning, are gathered here together to bid one another welcome, and as we have not received the report of our committee on credentials, we are not an organized body, and cannot take formal action. Otherwise my request should be made at once, to have certain resolutions presented which I hope to see presented as a special order immediately after we go into our regular business session; resolutions in harmony with that surpassing peace movement which is being held in New York City, with Mr. Carnegie as its president; and participated in by every leading nation of the world, and by most of the leading men of this country (except those whom we have induced to stay with us here this morning). You will find that the Peace Congress is a mark in the history of the world, and I am very glad that we were so prescient and far-seeing that, years ago, on the floor of this congress, a resolution was passed at the time of Queen Victoria’s sixtieth anniversary, when we were speaking of the crowning of her work for arbitration, to the effect that this congress bring forward its own endorsement of the great principle of peace
by arbitration; and I am further proud to point to the fact (which was mentioned a year ago) that we offered the use of this great hall to the president of the United States, should he need it at the time of the negotiations looking toward the conclusion of the Russian-Japanese war. All of these things have put us absolutely in line with this great world movement. As I said then, so I say now, that it is not a paradox that the Daughters of the American Revolution should take part in a peace movement, because surely no one thinks that war has any excuse in the world except to produce peace. The production of a more permanent peace is the only thing for which war ought ever to be waged. As we produced peace with honor in our American Revolution, now let us preserve peace with honor in an American nation.

When I stood here, a year ago, I welcomed to our halls the public as well as our own organization, realizing, after all—What is a platform without the public? and what is the public without a platform?—and knowing that when I look at a great body of American women, I am looking at the most powerful promoters of American patriotism; because American women do so influence the American public that they make American patriotism. It is in that light that we welcome everyone that comes within our walls. Your president general stood here, then, and called upon the different states to reply for their various localities—she cannot say sections, because we recognize none. When I called upon these states then, I called upon them as the glowing stars in the lustrous constellation coming to set themselves in the midnight sky, and pointing the way to the weary traveler who wishes the light of liberty; but today I call to your mind that "Julian, the Apostate," as he was called, who after the reign of Christianity had commenced, thought on ascending his throne, that he would hark back to the days of the old rulers, that he would return to the worship of Juno and Jove and Venus and Cupid, the deities of mythology, and that he would bring back his people from this new and strange religion of the unknown Galilean to the marvelous, world-wide splendor of the mythological era; his own
people turned upon him and spurned him, with contempt for his apostasy; but he held to it; and the days became dark before him, and the night of infidelity and mistrust of his kind, settled down upon him, and only as death was closing his eyes did he suddenly exclaim, rising with faith in his face and on his lips: "The sun; the sun of righetousness." So I say to you, "Daughters no longer only, the lustrous stars of constellations, rise, shine; your light is come. The sun—the sun of peace through liberty."

A DAY WITH OTSEGO.

A. Elizabeth Burlingame.

In the radiance of the sunrise,
Otsego smiles adown,
And she whispers of a beauty
That lies far from street and town,
Hid within the forest fastness,
By a lake so pure and free,
That the mountain maidens play there,
Dimpling smiles at you and me.

In the glory of the noon-tide,
Otsego basks in sun,
In a golden, fulsome, splendor,
Which makes clear to every one,
That the morning thought of work-time,
Is a dream, a snare, a mood;
That to rest in woodland shadows,
This is life's supreme, one good.

In the glory of the sunset,
When'the waters on the lake
Softly dip to perfect silence,
Then we know 'tis for her sake
Old Otsego—we have toiled thro' day of doubt,
Till the golden glow in West
 Throws a gate awide toward somewhere,
Whence shines out the day's long quest,
Whispers rest.
A DAY WITH OTSEGO.

But a sudden fall the shadows,
And a sudden leaps the moon,
Just a slender bar of silver,
But the wavelets all in tune
Dance to music caught from skyward
Thro' the shining bars of light,
Which stream gently, purely downward
Cross the shadows of the night.

Then we know that morning's work mood,
Fresh with knowledge of the wood,
And the fulsome ease at noon-day,
When no work seems wholly good,
And the quiet heart at sunset,
When the eyes turn toward the west,
Each is true and each is fitting,
But the dream mood and the moonlight,
Yes, O surely, dreams are best.

Dedication.

A thought we give to those now passed away,
Yet living still,
As when on golden summer day,
They fought and died beneath yon vine-clad hill
Where old Otsego's voice arise
And mingles with the skies.

And may this Truth stay with us from the day,
Howe'er man work alone,
However far the service from the goal may lay,
The deed must find a home
At last, somewhere, in lives whose skies shall smile,
Because that man stood true to service for his little while.

May all the service pure and strong they gave
Inspire our will,
May all the Truth from them a heritage
Be with us still.
And e'en as they thro' mid wood darkness
Clave to light,
So may our lives reach onward towards the Right,
Forever leaving self behind us with the night,
Forever leading outward towards the light.
Once more Otsego's hills so bright, so fair, we praise.
Once more to her our eyes lit large with love, we raise.
And this our prayer,
That golden days may shine on her alway,
That Life and Love may bless her children's children,
So we pray.

The above poem was written on the occasion of the unveiling of the monument to General James Clinton, erected by the General James Clinton Chapter, of East Springfield, New York.

THE HONORARY VICE-PRESIDENTS GENERAL.

"Lest we forget."

Many of the Daughters of later days hardly know the names of those who did heroic work when we were young. Such will be glad to read brief sketches of the honorary vice-presidents general, who have been elevated to their high position through virtue of service rendered.

MRS. A. LEO KNOTT.

Mrs. A. Leo Knott is among the earliest members of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, being at the time of its formation a resident of Washington. She was elected a member of the society on January 19, 1891, having previously attended several preliminary meetings of the society at the residence of Mrs. Cabell. On the ninth of May in the same year she was elected one of the vice-presidents general.

Mrs. Knott claims membership in the society on account of the Revolutionary services rendered by Captain John Phelan, through her mother, Mary J. Keenan, nee Mary J. Phelan. Captain John Phelan joined the American army at Boston in 1776. On the first of January, 1777, he was promoted to the rank of lieutenant in the Continental army, Colonel Smith's regiment, and in the pay accounts of that regiment he is reported as entitled to pay for services as lieutenant from Janu-
ary 1, 1777, to December 31, 1779. Reported promoted January, 1778, serving twelve months as ensign, twenty-four months as lieutenant (*Revolutionary War Archives of Massachusetts*. Record Index, Vol. 18, page 185). Captain Phelan also appears with the rank of lieutenant on Continental army pay accounts of Colonel Smith's regiment for services from January 1, 1780, to December 31, 1780 (*Rev. Archives Mass.*, Vol. 19, Part I, page 104). In the *Army Register of the United States*, 1779-1879, on page 42, under date of September 30, 1783, Captain John Phelan's name is entered as of the third regiment Massachusetts Continental infantry.

Philip Phelan, brother of John, joined the army at the same time, Boston, Massachusetts, 1776; he was first ensign and appears with rank of lieutenant on muster roll of field and staff officers of the sixteenth Massachusetts regiment, Col. Henry Jackson, a distinguished officer of the Revolution, for 1777-1779, dated Boston, July 28, 1779; appointed June 20, 1777, residence, Boston; reported belonging to third company (*Revolutionary Archives Commonwealth of Massachusetts*, Vol. 10, page 370). He also appears with the rank of lieutenant on the Continental army pay accounts of Col. Henry Jackson's regiment for services from June 20, 1777, to December 31, 1780 (*Rev. Archives, Mass.*, Vol. 18, page 48, and Vol. 19, Part I, page 122).

The two brothers participated in the hard fought engagements of White Plains, Long Island, Trenton and Princeton, New Jersey, and took part in the southern campaigns under General Greene. Philip was killed at the battle of Eutaw Springs. Captain John Phelan survived the war, being promoted to the rank of captain for gallant services performed during the war, and was with the army until it was disbanded at Newburg in October, 1783. In December, 1785, he was elected a member of the Society of the Cincinnati of which he continued a member until his death in 1827. Mrs. Knott possesses and holds as precious relics Captain Phelan's certificate of membership in the Cincinnati Society, signed by General Washington as president, and General Knox as secretary, and his miniature decorated with its insignia.
After the war Captain Phelan engaged in mercantile business in the city of New York. He made a trip to Rio Janeiro in connection with his business. On his return he was shipwrecked, losing the vessel and cargo in which most of his fortune was invested. He removed to Baltimore and established a "Classical and Mathematical School" which enjoyed a high reputation for many years, and educated some of the first citizens of Baltimore. Captain Phelan died in Baltimore, September, 1827. His funeral was attended by the few surviving officers and soldiers of the Revolution then residing in Baltimore and the military of the city.

Mrs. Knott took an active part in the work of the early building up of the society. On the retirement of Mrs. Flora Adams Darling from the position which she filled of vice-president general in charge of the organization of chapters, and also from the society, Mrs. Knott, together with Mrs. John W. Foster and Mrs. H. V. Boynton, was appointed by the national board to take charge of that work. On her removing to Baltimore in the autumn of 1891, Mrs. Knott was requested and authorized by the national board to accept the position of state regent of Maryland, and to undertake the work of establishing chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution in that state. In accordance with this request, and authority, Mrs. Knott sent out invitations to ladies in the city of Baltimore whom she knew or learned were eligible to membership in the National Society to meet her at her residence, 919 North Charles street, on March 4, 1892. In response to this invitation a number of ladies attended at the time and place designated and the Baltimore Chapter was established. Mrs. Knott appointed Miss Alice Key Blunt regent of the chapter. In 1894 Mrs. Knott resigned the office of state regent of Maryland and at the succeeding congress was elected one of the honorary vice-presidents general for life. In 1897 at the urgent request of many of the members of the chapter, Mrs. Knott was elected to the office of regent of the Baltimore Chapter, a position which she has held continuously ever since.

During her incumbency of this office the Baltimore Chapter
has largely increased its membership and now numbers two hundred and twenty-five members and is the largest in the state. The chapter has done some excellent and patriotic work in carrying out the objects and purposes of the National Society as expressed in its constitution. In 1902 the chapter contributed fifty dollars towards erecting a monument to the memory of Gen. Philip Reed, a distinguished officer of Maryland in the Revolutionary army, and also commander of the Maryland troops at the battle of "Caulk's Field" in the war of 1812, in Kent county, Eastern Shore, Maryland, where the British were repulsed with the loss of Admiral Parker, the commander of the British fleet. This engagement took place after the destruction of the capitol at Washington by the British troops under Cockburn, and the British fleet and army were moving to the attack on Baltimore, where, as we know, both that fleet and army were signally and disastrously repulsed.

The Baltimore Chapter has taken a lively interest in the construction of Continental Hall since that important work was inaugurated. It has contributed $300 to the general fund and also $1,318 towards the payment of the cost of the Maryland column to be erected in the portico of that structure as a memorial of Maryland as one of the Thirteen Original States. As a member of the Continental Hall committee Mrs. Knott has been a warm advocate of the use of the celebrated Maryland white marble, on account of its excellence and durability for all the columns to be erected in the portico of Continental Hall.

In 1906 the Baltimore Chapter erected in the state house at Annapolis a handsome bronze tablet in commemoration of the celebrated ride of Lieutenant Colonel Tench Tilghman, of General Washington's staff, from Yorktown to Philadelphia, to announce to the Continental congress there assembled the news of the surrender of Cornwallis on the 19th of October, 1781, to the combined armies of France and America.

The chapter contributed one hundred dollars to the sufferers by the earthquake and fire at San Francisco in 1906. It has also presented to the Continental Hall a handsome gallery
clock to be hung in the auditorium at the cost of $250. The clock is now in course of construction by the firm of Caldwell & Co., Philadelphia.

MRS. JOSHUA WILBOUR.

Mrs. Joshua Wilbour, honorary vice-president general of Rhode Island, was the first member of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution from that state; was its first state regent, which was the third appointed in the United States by the National Society at Washington. She
organized the Rhode Island state society by reporting at the first congress that four chapters had been formed under her supervision; she appointed every first officer in each of these four chapters, obtained and signed their charters, and by gifts and service started each one on its successful way. These four were Bristol Chapter, Gaspee Chapter, Pawtucket Chapter and Woonsocket Chapter. Much work was done by all these chapters for the cause of patriotism under her fostering care; several exhibits of old fashioned times, as concerts, teas, fairs and musicals by Bristol Chapter enabled them to send for the building of the Continental Hall several hundred dollars. She greatly aided Gaspee Chapter in its exhibit of old Revolutionary and Colonial times by having a room in the Historical Society building set apart for her special use and furnishing.

Mrs. Wilbour was the first life member of the society, therefore was the first to pay any money toward the erection of the Continental Hall, as it was voted by the National Society that half of every life membership should go for this purpose.

She was instrumental in having many of the small liberty bells placed in the public schools throughout the state, as reminders of the days to be celebrated; was chairman of the national hymn committee of 1895; and one of the committee appointed on the portrait of the first president general of the society, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, to be painted and to be hung in the White House at Washington.

She was one of the committee appointed by Mrs. Adlai Stevenson for the building of Continental Hall, and was selected to read a paper on the Continental Hall at Chicago on May 18, 1893, this being the first address ever made for this purpose.

She was also invited to make an address at Atlanta, Georgia, during the fair, the theme to be “The Continental Hall.”

Mrs. Wilbour was invited by the national board of officers under the presidency of Mrs. Harrison to read a paper at the first congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution in February, 1892; she selected for a theme “The Destruction of the Gaspee.” At this congress she was elected state regent by the delegates from Rhode Island; and invited by the national board to respond to the address of welcome. Mrs. Wilbour re-
ported that she had resigned her office of state regent, when elected honorary state regent; this office she resigned but was immediately elected vice-president general by acclamation.

In the following year, 1894, she was again chosen vice-president; in 1895 was designated as one to nominate a candidate for the position of president of the society and during this congress received the compliment of being elected honorary vice-president for life. The following year, 1906, she was again invited to respond to the address of welcome, was one of a committee for Rhode Island and represented Bristol at the time of the World's Fair. She was chairman of the committee to select the medals awarded by the Daughters to Miss Washington, Mrs. Walworth, Miss Desha and Mrs. Lockwood.

Mrs. Wilbour is a member of the following societies in this country: Honorary vice-president, Daughters of the American Revolution; vice-president Mary Washington Memorial Association; member of the Rhode Island Society Colonial Dames of America; member of the Society of Colonial Governors; member of the Order of the Crown in America; charter member of the College Women's Club of New York City; member of the Washington Club, Washington, District of Columbia; member of the Rhode Island Historical Society; member of the Huguenot Society; member National Society Colonial Daughters of American Founders and Patriots.

The members of the Sixteenth Continental Congress were called to mourn the loss of many valued members, who since the last meeting, have passed to life eternal. The business was several times stopped while the Daughters stood in silent sorrow, as the name of some beloved and honored member was mentioned.

Mrs. McLean's address was received with much enthusiasm.
This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

In the report of the treasurer of the United States for 1791 appears the following item, "Toward discharging certain debts, contracted by Abraham Skinner, late Commissary of Prisoners, $38,683.13." Aside from a bill of about three hundred dollars of Dr. James J. Van Beuren, "for medicine and attendance on sundry officers of the late army, whilst in captivity on Long Island," the amount was "for subsistence" of the same persons. For the sake of reference, I have arranged the names alphabetically, and afterwards append a list of the agents to whom the money was paid, when their names do not appear in the first list.—MRS. AMOS G. DRAPER.

Ammerman, Willemitie; Antônidas, Peter; Barre, William; Bennem, John; Bennett, Wyant; Bergen, Geashe; Blake, John; Boerum, Garret; Boerum, Johannes; Boies, Daniel, Sr.; Boyce, John, Sen.; Boyce, Daniel, Jr.; Cornell, Margaret; Cornell, Peter; Cortelyou, Isaac; Cowenhoven, Garret (deceased); Cowenhoven, John, Executor; Cowenhoven, Johannes; Cozine, Jacob; Cropsey, Casper; Denyse, Anne; Denyse, Isaac; Denyse, Jacques; Ditmars, Johannes; Eldert, Femmetic; Eldert, Isaac; Eldert, Johannes; Ellison, Gabriel; Elsworth, Thomas; Emans, Mary; Emens, Cornelius; Emmens, Abraham; Emmens, John; Emmens, Sarah; Field, Jacob; Foorest, John; Garrison, Martha; Gerretson, Samuel; Glean, John; Gronendyck, Nicholas; Hageman, Adrian; Hageman, John A.; Hageman, Rem; Hageman, Sytie; Howard, Joseph; Hubbard, Elias; Hubbard, James, Hubbard, Samuel; Jansen, Court; Johnson, Barent; Johnson, Ferdinand; Johnson, Hendrick; Johnson, William;
Dr. Geo. D. Stanton, of Stonington, Connecticut, adds the name of Thomas\(^2\) Stanton (Daniel\(^4\), Daniel\(^6\), Joseph\(^2\), Thomas\(^3\)) to the list of those killed while serving under Paul Jones on board the Bon Homme Richard. He commanded the “round tops.”
REAL DAUGHTERS

MRS. MARY AUGUSTA (STEELE) CLEVELAND.


The eighty-nine years’ earthly pilgrimage of this chapter’s beloved “Real Daughter” ended Sunday morning, February 17, 1907.

Mary Augusta (Steel) Cleveland was a descendant in the seventh generation of George Steel, who came to Connecticut in 1635 where the name has since been continuously represented for more than two hundred and fifty years. Her father was John Steel, who served in the Revolutionary army as a musician; her mother was Lucy (Smith) Saxton. The youngest child, Mary, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, March 19, 1818. She married there in 1841, Charles M. Cleveland, of Winsted, Connecticut. Her married life was spent mostly in St. Louis where Mr. Cleveland died in 1861. She ultimately returned to Winsted, where the remainder of her life was passed in a home whose ways are ways of pleasantness and all whose paths are peace.

As a charter member of Green Woods Chapter she felt a great interest in the society and enjoyed the meetings until the last year of her life.

She was a true gentlewoman, charming in personality, dignified, yet gracious in manner, and of endearing character,—an inspiration to cheerfulness for all with whom she associated.

As a devoted member of the Episcopal Church she was faithful to all its observances and “given to good works” which follow her in the memory of many friends.

For eight successive years Green Woods Chapter had remembered her birthday with a gift, and out of respect to her memory a banquet which had been arranged by the chapter for February 22d was given up.—E. R.

MRS. LUCINDA DE ATLEY JACKSON.

The Elizabeth Benton Chapter, Kansas City, has lately sustained a loss which it feels very deeply. One of our “Real
Daughters,” of whom we at one time had three, has passed away, leaving us now with but one.

Lucinda Edwards de Atley was born in Westmoreland county, Virginia, in 1811. Her father, James de Atley, was born in 1750. He was married three times, Lucinda Edwards being the child of his third wife. In 1828, on the fourth of December, she married Richard Leadlow Jackson, of Fredericksburg, Virginia. A letter from her daughter, Mrs. Lucy Armstrong, of Mound City, Missouri, gives some interesting details which I quote:

My mother was raised in the historical part of Virginia which gave birth to the Lees and to the Washingtons, a short distance from Jamestown and old Stratford Hall.

The home of the Lees, built by Great Britain for the Colonial governor, Richard Lee, was close enough for Mrs. Lee and my grandmother to drive over for morning visits.

My mother, being the child of my grandfather’s old age, was indulged and badly spoiled. When about sixteen, being fond of dress, she wanted a black silk gown. Mrs. Lee, who was going to Baltimore, was commissioned to buy the goods, but on her return she had not the black silk but two patterns, one embroidered muslin and one of seersucker, saying that young girls did not wear silk.

My mother was not to be outdone. Her father was going to Port Conaway soon after and she asked to be taken along. He was delighted to have her with him and on their arrival in the town, took her to a shop telling the proprietor to let his baby have anything that she wanted. She bought the black silk. It was made in Fredericksburg and the first time that she wore it, to Shiloh Church, she met my father.

During the last seven years of her life my mother lived almost entirely in the past, entertaining me by the hour with things which had happened during her existence. She died the thirtieth of November, 1906, quietly, peacefully, like a candle burning out, with nothing to regret and with everything to hope.

—ADELA C. VAN HARR, Historian.

MRS. MEHITABLE HALL COREY.

Mrs. Mehitable Hall Corey, who was one of the few “Real Daughters” of the American Revolution, and a member of
General Knox Chapter of Thomaston, Maine, died at her home in Springfield, Massachusetts, on January 23, 1907, at the advanced age of eighty-seven. She was born in the town of Knox, Maine, on September 20, 1819, the only daughter of Isaac Hall and his second wife, Sarah (Sayward) Kellar. She was twice married; the first time to Joseph Melvin, a Baptist minister of Knox, who died soon after, and second, to Mr. Reuben H. Corey, of Chicopee Falls, Massachusetts.

Her father was born in Harpswell, Maine, the second son of Isaac and Joanna (Coombs) Hall, and the grandson of Isaac and Abigail Hall, who came to Boston in 1722, probably from Lincolnshire, England.

The first record of Mrs. Corey's father's enlistment was in July of 1775, when he served seven months on the muster and payroll of Capt. Nathaniel Larrabee's company, which, during that time was stationed along the coast in Cumberland county. In the fall of 1776 he enlisted for eight months as a private under Capt. Isaac Snow of Massachusetts, and in the summer of 1777 or 1778, for a period of four months under Capt. Thomas Berry, of Colonel Francis's regiment. In the fall of 1778 he enlisted for three months as a private under Capt. Stannard, of Col. Fogg's regiment, and in the spring of 1779, for nine months as corporal under Capt. Abraham Tyler, of Col. Poor's regiment.

Not only did Mrs. Corey's father serve the colonies throughout the five years of active fighting in the Revolution, but her grandfather, Isaac Hall, 2d, was one of the first to enlist as minute man at the Lexington alarm in April, 1775; was a soldier under General Washington at Dorchester Heights; was at King's Ferry and Fort Clinton, and first lieutenant of the disastrous Bagaduce expedition. He is also credited with having been a soldier under Colonel Pepperrell at the taking of Louisburg in 1745.

Mrs. Corey had always been a regular attendant of the First Baptist church, and was noted for her charitable and kindly characteristics among a wide circle of friends. She had possessed her golden spoon less than a year.—LAVINA GRANT ELLIOT, Corresponding Secretary, General Knox Chapter.
STATE CONFERENCES.

Kansas State Conference—Report of the Eighth Annual Conference of the Kansas chapters, held in Parsons, October 30 and 31, 1906.

Delegates and visitors to the eighth annual conference journeyed this year to Parsons to meet with that wonderful chapter whose numbers have grown in two years to sixty-one. The arriving guests were met at the station and escorted to the hotel, where they were all comfortably lodged and were able to visit each other and the chapter ladies "between times."

In the morning of October 30th, through the courtesy of the Commercial Club, the ladies were given a long drive about the city in order to better appreciate the growth and beauty of the city, which is said to have more paved streets than any other of its size in Kansas. After the drive the ladies were given a luncheon at the home of Mrs. Ella W. Ballard, regent of the chapter. Flags and the blue and white colors of the organization appeared everywhere in tasteful decoration combined with lovely flowers. Upon the table, about which the state officers and chapter regents sat, and seeming to float upon its mirror sea, was a large floral battle-ship Kansas. After the delicious course luncheon had been "discussed" the ladies adjourned to the home of Mrs. W. P. Talbot, Jr., where the business sessions were held.

The reports from chapters showed a satisfactory growth of members and of interest. The youngest chapter, Capt. Jesse Leavenworth, at Leavenworth, only just organized October 23d, was courageous enough to invite the next conference, the invitation being accepted amid hearty applause.

Mrs. A. H. Horton had represented the Daughters of the American Revolution at the Pawnee Village celebration and gave a short account of that event. In a few well-chosen words she gave the reasons for celebrating Pike's first raising of the flag on Kansas soil, with a word or two about Mrs. Johnson's fortunate discovery of the Pawnee Village and her
presentation of the land to the state of Kansas. Like all who attended this interesting and unique celebration, Mrs. Horton thought it an event in a lifetime.

The state regent, Mrs. Stanley, reported much work done, but only one new chapter really organized. A regent, Miss Dorrington, had lately been appointed at Chanute. The long needed directories are to be printed this year. The committee having the matter in charge was continued with full powers. The Santa Fe Trail work was reported upon and seemed to be progressing satisfactorily. Everywhere the citizens and officials have been prompt and hearty in cooperation. Two chapters, Topeka and Sterling, have placed special markers upon the trail. Betty Washington Chapter reports the state markers, four in number, set in Douglas county. Other counties are at work and in most places the stones are set with ceremonies, an educational feature of this great undertaking. A pamphlet, of which Mrs. Horton will be editor, will be printed, giving the story of the trail and the work of marking.

In the evening a delightful reception was given at the Masonic hall. A short program was rendered, Judge Madden giving a cordial and hearty address of welcome, being introduced in a very happy manner by the regent, Mrs. Ballard. To this Mrs. Stanley replied in her usual appreciative way. Mrs. Stanley, by special request, read her address before the Mississippi Valley conference, whose sessions had just closed and which she attended as regent from Kansas and told of our work in trail marking.

Mrs. Carr read and sang, much to the enjoyment of her hearers, who could scarce believe the 70 years when they heard the music of her wonderful voice. Mrs. T. A. Cordry gave a beautiful address, full of patriotic sentiment about “our Flag” and brought to our attention the two handsome banners comprising the stand of colors. At the close of her address all rose to salute Old Glory. Mrs. W. E. Stanley, state regent, whose suggestion of the presentation of the colors her loyal Daughters have found pleasure in helping to carry out, was chosen by conference to present the colors when the good battle ship, bearing the name of the state we love best, goes
SANTA FE TRAIL
1822-1872
MARKED BY THE
DAUGHTERS OF THE
AMERICAN REVOLUTION
AND THE
STATE OF KANSAS
1906
into commission. With more enjoyable music the program closed and a social hour was then enjoyed.

Wednesday morning another business session was held, reports of committees and various other matters were disposed of. The election of the officers was without opposing candidates and resulted in re-election of the old officers. Mrs. Stanley, state regent; Mrs. A. M. Harrey, state vice-regent; Mrs. Hall, state treasurer; Miss Zu Adams, state consulting registrar. The state regent reappointed Miss Grace Meeker, state secretary. During the morning session a telegram was received from Mrs. Donald McLean, president general, greeting her Kansas Daughters and expressing her regret at being unable to visit the conference.

The business being disposed of by the noon hour, the conference was declared adjourned and the delegates dispersed to their homes with memories of another helpful and inspiring conference.

A full account of the history of the Trail and its marking, written by Mrs. W. E. Stanley, state regent of Kansas, appeared in the February number of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, p. 138. A picture of the marker appears in this issue in connection with the above article.

Maryland State Conference.—The second annual state conference of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Maryland was held November the eighth at Annapolis. By special invitation of Governor and Mrs. Warfield the meeting took place at the Government house. Great interest was added to the conference by the announcement that the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, would be present at the afternoon session.

The morning session opened at 10.15 o'clock in the empire drawing-room, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, state regent, presiding. After prayer, by Rev. George Bell, Mrs. A. Leo Knott,
regent of the Baltimore Chapter, extended the following welcome:

"On behalf of the Baltimore Chapter, I take great pleasure in welcoming the delegates to the second annual state conference of the Maryland chapters. We are indebted to Governor and Mrs. Warfield for the honor of calling this meeting together in the executive mansion, for which privilege we beg to tender our thanks.

"We meet in this historic city of Annapolis, full of reminiscences of the glorious past of Maryland, both in the Colonial and Revolutionary era. Here assembled those patriotic men who resolved that Maryland, notwithstanding that under an article of the charter from Charles I to Cecilius Calvert, she enjoyed exemption from taxation by the British parliament, should cast her lot with the other colonies, and take her full share in the struggle for independence with all its dread responsibilities. Maryland statesmen, assembled during Revolution in this city, laid the solid and enduring foundation of our present Union by insisting single-handed and alone that the territory of the great northwest, which was won by the common expenditure of the blood and treasure of all the states, should be the common patrimony of all the states, in which all should have an equal share, to be held by the Continental congress as a trustee of all the states, and which was to become in time, to use the very language of the general assembly, 'free, convenient and independent common-wealths.' Historians now almost universally concur in the opinion that without this action on the part of Maryland the Union would never have been formed, or, if formed, on account of the conflicting claims of the states making pretensions to the ownership of this territory, it could not have endured long. I am glad to see so full an attendance of the representatives of the chapters. These conferences are, and can be made, most useful agencies in promoting the patriotic work of our society, in increasing the number of members and also the number of chapters. To this work we are especially invited. When we reflect upon the number of soldiers, officers and men which Maryland contributed to the army of the Revolution (which on good author-
ity is put as high as 20,000), who distinguished themselves by their heroic valor on nearly every battlefield of the war, with the number of the members of our society, and the number of chapters in our state, we are struck with the inadequacy of the representation of the descendants of those heroic men in our ranks here in Maryland."

This was followed by an address by his excellency, Governor Warfield. Then followed the report of the state regent, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, and of chapter regents. At twelve o'clock the conference adjourned for luncheon at Carvel Hall (formerly the home of Governor Paca, and one of the Maryland signers of the Declaration of Independence), the delegates being the guests of the Baltimore Chapter.

While the delegates were at luncheon, the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, arrived and was given an ovation by each one present, as every Daughter in Maryland felt honored to have their much-beloved president general present at the conference, doubly so as it was known that Mrs. McLean had just returned from her long western visitation and had put herself to inconvenience to be with the Daughters of her native state. Mrs. McLean's address was most entertaining and interesting and an inspiration to all present. The only regret was that every Daughter in Maryland could not be present to honor their much-esteemed president general and to be enthused by her enthusiasm of the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution.—AGNES M. WALTON, Recording Secretary, State Conference.

Minnesota State Conference.—A meeting of the state council, chapter regents, delegates and attendants was held at the home of the state regent, Mrs. J. E. Bell, No. 2401 Park avenue, Minneapolis, on Saturday, March 2d, at 2 p. m., state regent presiding. Minutes of May meeting were read and approved. There were twenty-six ladies present, nine chapters being represented.

A very interesting report was given by Mrs. J. C. Applegate, of the Josiah Edson Chapter, Northfield, of the Mississippi
Valley conference, which was held at Iowa City, October 25th and 26th, she being the delegate from Minnesota.

Resolutions were adopted for Mrs. McLean for president general for second term.

As it seems necessary to create a new office, that of state historian, an amendment made by Mrs. Grant Bronson, of Northfield, endorsed by those present, to be sent to each chapter, was discussed, the secretary to send such amendment.

Mrs. Harrison Foster, being introduced by the state regent, gave a most interesting account of the Origin and Aim of the Pocahontas Memorial Association.

The regents of the chapters gave a condensed report of the work being done in their chapters, showing great interest.

Two items of particular interest were then given—one an account of the clock and furniture to be placed in the Woman's Building at the Soldiers' Home, Josiah Edson Chapter, of Northfield, giving the chair; Charter Oak, of Fairbault, the settee. Many other chapters contributed toward the clock. The originator of this great effort in Minnesota was the Minneapolis Chapter, Minneapolis. The other item of interest was the Nathan Hale monument, which is to be erected by the Nathan Hale Chapter, St. Paul, in June, to be unveiled the 6th, unless something unforeseen should prevent. The name of Mrs. F. A. Rising, of the Wenonah Chapter, Winona, was proposed and by unanimous consent it was decided that she be made a candidate for vice-president general. A motion had been made and seconded to that effect.

As Mrs. J. E. Bell, present state regent, declined a renomination, Mrs. E. U. Loyhed, of the Charter Oak Chapter, of Fairbault, was chosen state regent; Mrs. A. T. Bigelow, of the St. Paul Chapter, St. Paul, state vice-regent; Mrs. J. C. Applegate, of the Josiah Edson Chapter, Northfield, treasurer.

The state regent having received a letter from Mrs. Delafield, of Missouri, asking for relics for an exhibit to be held at Jamestown, Va., she appointed the following committee: Mrs. Bronson, chairman, of Northfield; Miss Beaumont, of St. Paul; Mrs. Curran, of Mankato, to serve. After which
a letter being read from Mrs. Rudu in regard to historic spots in the state, the regent appointed the following committee: Mrs. Baird, of St. Paul; Mrs. Geo. M. Smith, of Duluth; Mrs. R. L. Goodwin, of Minneapolis; Mrs. L. A. Rising, of Winona; then the name of Mrs. J. E. Bell was proposed for chairman, which was strongly endorsed by all present. A social hour followed the adjournment of the business meeting. All were loth to say farewell to our retiring state regent.—Abbie Follett, State Secretary.

District of Columbia.—The state conference of the District Daughters was held at the New Willard, April 2d, 10.30 a.m., Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, the state regent, presiding. On the platform with her were Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, vice-regent; Mrs. Dorimer, chaplain, and Miss Wilcox, recording secretary. The chaplain offered a prayer on the duties of life, comparing life to forenoon, afternoon, and night. Miss Elisabeth Pierce sang “America,” in which all joined.

Mrs. Mussey gave her farewell address as state regent, speaking feelingly of the comfort and help the chapters have given her in the pleasant duties which devolved on the office, and of the harmony existing among her regents, and the great good done by those generous-spirited patriotic women, especially in the help extended to little children by the enforcement of the compulsory school law. Amid great applause Mrs. Mussey concluded her brief address, after which followed the reports of officers. Mrs. Ballinger, chairman of auditing committee, reported everything in perfect condition. Mrs. Barnard, chairman, marking historic spots, being out of town, sent her report. Mrs. Ballinger, as a member of this committee, gave an interesting talk of what had been done in the District. Next in order, roll call of chapters and regents, to which twenty regents responded with reports of the magnificent work done in the past year, each chapter choosing its own mode of raising funds for the District room for Continental Memorial Hall. All helped in unity in this and works to benefit the human race, and to raise to a higher standard the stranger who comes to our gates asking for freedom in
American citizenship. Mrs. Geo. T. Smallwood, of Constitution Chapter, offered a medal for an essay on “The Making of an American Citizen,” which was awarded to a young Russian of the Foreign Night School. It was an intelligent statement of why he desired American citizenship and how to secure it.

The Mary Washington Chapter gives every year a medal to the pupil of the high schools who writes the best essay on the American Revolution.

The District chapters give two medals every year to students of the George Washington University for historic essays. Mrs. Mussey presented the medal last year by request of the faculty.

After the chapter reports, a pleasant incident occurred in the presentation of a “Real Daughter,” Miss Smith, of Saratoga, N. Y., who spoke in a clear, strong voice, though 85 years of age.

The conference adjourned until 2 p. m. On reassembling, Mrs. Harry T. Guss, on behalf of the District, presented Mrs. Mussey with a huge box of roses. The “Star Spangled Banner” was then sung by Mrs. Lewis, after which the time was given to discussion.

Next in order was the complimentary nominations of national officers, after which the room was cleared of all but delegates and the nominations of state regent and state vice-regent took place. Mrs. Mussey, who has served for two years, declined a renomination. Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, present vice-regent, and Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, were nominated, Mrs. Hodgkins, receiving a majority, was elected. Mrs. Geo. T. Smallwood was unanimously elected vice-regent. Mrs. Mussey was then unanimously nominated for vice-president general of the District of Columbia.—ELIZABETH GADSBY.

Loyal members are willing to do anything for the good of the order. A striking example of this was shown when Mrs. Mildred S. Mathes, honorary vice-president of the National Society (there can be but thirteen) graciously accepted the position of teller and sat up all night counting votes for the Sixteenth Continental Congress.
WORK OF THE CHAPTERS

Thomas Johnson Chapter (Baltimore, Maryland).—This chapter, organized on the 15th day of December, 1905, now celebrates its first birthday. Beginning with a membership of eighteen, it has increased to forty in one year, with many applications for membership. The social meetings held each month at the homes of the different members have been an agreeable feature of the chapter.

One card party netted $100 for the Continental Hall. Articles on the work of the chapter and a sketch of Governor Thomas Johnson have been sent to the papers and to the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE by the historian, and appeals made to the members to subscribe to the magazine and thus keep themselves in touch with the general Daughters of the American Revolution work, and with the items of Revolutionary history often contained in the magazine. Our state history should be jealously guarded, and honor given to whom honor is due. It is rather surprising that a northern historian should claim that John Adams nominated Washington for commander-in-chief of the Continental army, as it has been long recognized that Thomas Johnson had this honor. In the “Life of General Washington,” by General Bradley T. Johnson (D. Appleton & Co., N. Y.), it is stated on page 104 that Johnson, better than any other man of his contemporaries, knew the breadth of view, the grasp of mind, the tenacity of purpose united with self-control, concentration and physical endurance of Colonel Washington. It may well have been, as John Adams claims, that he indicated the choice of Washington as commander-in-chief on account of his conspicuous position and the consideration of policy.

Johnson, however, took the initiative, and on June 15, 1775, moved in the congress that that body assume the responsibility for the army which the affair of Lexington had assembled before Boston, and that Col. George Washington, of Virginia, be appointed commander-in-chief.
Johnson says that on going into the hall on the morning of the 15th of June, he met Adams and proposed to him the nomination of Colonel Washington for the supreme command, and that Adams turned off impatiently, as if the subject were distasteful to him. Thereupon, the deputy from Maryland proceeded to make the motion which had been agreed upon.

As soon as Colonel Washington's name was mentioned, he withdrew from the hall, as was decorous and proper, and upon being informed of the passage of the resolution, he resumed his place, when he was informed by the president of the action of the body. He at once arose and thanked his colleagues for the confidence they had reposed in him, assured them of his unfeigned diffidence as to his ability to justify their action, for he thought there was another gentleman better fitted and more worthy of the great responsibility, and stated that, as no pecuniary inducement controlled him in the matter, he would receive no pay or allowance as attached to his place, but would keep an exact account of his expenditures, which he would rely on the justice of congress to reimburse.

The habit of the "plantation book," and the attention to detail of every kind, stood him in good stead in the business of governing an army of 10,000 men in the field, as it had done a body of 500 inferiors on a plantation, and after the war was over, the account of Washington's expenses, kept in his own handwriting, was submitted to congress, and the sum total reimbursed him. The autograph accounts may still be seen among the archives of the United States at Washington. He never received a shilling of pay. Immediately on his appointment, without a moment's delay, he began to prepare for the field. General Charles Lee was major-general in the Continental army, third in rank to the commander-in-chief; Ward, of Massachusetts, being second.

It is stated that Adams brought New England to Washington's support. This left a feeling of soreness. Complaint was made that Artemas Ward, their own commander-in-chief of their own army which they had raised, was superseded by a Virginia aristocrat! John Hancock, president of the congress, was affronted that he had not been selected, but many understood, even then, that Washington, of Virginia, combined as
did no other man the skill and experience, talent and character, essential for a leader of men. In the "Memoirs of John Adams" (Little & Brower, 1850), he speaks of paying a great tribute to Washington's character, when congress had assembled, and that he "had but one man in his mind for the important command, and that was a gentleman from Virginia, who commanded the approbation of all America;" "that the opposition of a few to Washington was not on account of any personal feeling or objection, but because the army was from New England, had a general of their own, and had proved themselves able to imprison the British army in Boston, which was all that was expected or desired." Adams adds: "But the voices were generally so clearly in favor of Washington that the dissentient members were persuaded to withdraw their opposition and Washington was nominated, I believe, by Mr. Johnson, of Maryland, unanimously elected, and the army adopted."

This statement from John Adams's own memoirs seems to be conclusive evidence that Thomas Johnson, of Maryland, did nominate Washington for commander-in-chief of the Continental army.—MRS. JAMES MERCER GARNETT, Historian.

Commodore Perry Chapter (Memphis, Tennessee).—It is the custom of Commodore Perry Chapter to entertain each year on the 22d of February, generally the most elaborate meeting of the year. This time was no exception to the rule. We met with two of our members, Mrs. T. C. Park and Mrs. Frances Eastland, at the home of the former, and the house was beautifully decorated, the hostesses arrayed in Colonial costumes, with powdered hair and patches. The program consisted of ten short talks on the most prominent events in Washington's life by ten of our members, and each was bright and enjoyable. After that the loving cup of the chapter was passed around and toasts given; then the doors of the dining-room were drawn and the guests beheld General and Mrs. Washington seated at a table, enjoying their five o'clock coffee. Mrs. Washington was represented by perhaps the nearest living relative, and with her snowy hair and Colonial dress looked very much the woman she intended to represent. The General
was personated by a fine artist in our chapter and very fine woman. The couple rose to greet the guests and called each woman by her ancestor’s name, showing a wonderful memory and rare acquaintance with the chapter members. We each enjoyed a cup of fine coffee from the identical silver coffee urn used at Mt. Vernon. When the shadows began to lengthen, we bade adieu to our charming hostesses, the General and Mrs. Washington, and carried with us one of the sweetest of pictures to hang on memory’s wall.—Mrs. Charles Carothers, Secretary.

The Gettysburg Chapter (Gettysburg, Pennsylvania) enters upon the third year of its existence with every evidence of growth and prosperous condition.

The organization for the ensuing year was effected at the regular monthly meeting in November, when Mrs. Walter H. O’Neal was elected regent.

As has been the custom annually a prize has been offered to the pupils of the Gettysburg high school for the best historical essay, this year the subject being “Minute Men.” From this feature of the chapter’s work a stimulating influence in the direction of historic research has resulted, extending not to the contestants alone but to the entire community.

For the third time the Daughters observed Washington’s birthday by serving a Colonial tea. The citizens of the town have begun to look forward to this annual function as unique and enjoyable, giving ready encouragement by their attendance. This year a central location was secured and decorated with bunting and other patriotic appointments. The ladies and their aids were dressed in the quaint costumes of the olden times. The earnest efforts of the regent, Mrs. O’Neal, and her efficient helpers were rewarded by a large attendance and by the appreciation of the guests. The excellent sum realized will be added to the Old Dobbin School fund.

The chapter is very hopeful that the time is not far distant when the interesting bit of property, the Dobbin School, will be in its possession. The purpose in securing it is to preserve its identity and at the same time establish a museum of Revolutionary relics, together with an historical library. It is
thought that by these means an interest in Colonial history will be awakened and a reverence for its heroes and their deeds.—HELEN L. COPE, Historian.

Menominee Chapter (Menominee, Michigan).—During the year the Menominee Chapter held two regular meetings and one special meeting. The reports of the officers were read at the regular meeting held February 6, 1906. After business had been transacted the regent, Mrs. Mills, gave a short but interesting address, in which she dwelt upon patriotism as one of the chief reasons for the existence of chapters and urged the members of Menominee Chapter to leave no means untouched that would further the objects of the organization, a matter for thought in a community where scarcely ten per cent. are American-born citizens.

The annual election of officers resulted in the reélection of the former officers, with Mrs. Willis N. Mills as regent. A meeting February 22, 1906, at the home of Mrs. Sawyer, was of a social nature, held to commemorate Washington's birthday. The guests amused themselves with conundrums from the place cards, some of which were historical and led to discussions. After dinner Mr. Sawyer read the account of Washington's death from a newspaper published at the time. A musical program followed participated in by Miss Peterson, Mr. Jones, Miss Darragh and Miss Belle Underwood. One of the features of the evening was the reading of an original poem by Professor German, entitled "Earth's Heroes" (I include a copy with this report). The rest of the evening was spent in examining old books, curios, etc. Much of the success of the evening was due to the regent, Mrs. Mills, who received the guests charmingly and was ready with answers to all questions concerning the chapter and its work.

A regular meeting was held November 6, 1906, at the home of Mrs. Trudel. The chapter appropriated $5 for Continental Hall, not a large sum, but we have only fourteen members, and the secretary was instructed to subscribe for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE for one year.

Report of annual meeting February 5, 1907. An adjourn-
ment of this meeting was held March 6th at the home of Mrs. Crawford. The secretary and historian gave their reports, these were followed with an address by the regent, in which, much to the regret of the chapter, she stated her intention of removing to Detroit. Mrs. J. D. Crawford was elected regent.

Eunice Stirling Chapter (Wichita, Kansas).—With Mrs. H. G. Rose as our regent, this has been a year of unbounded enthusiasm and unusual growth of the chapter membership, which is now eighty-two. At the beginning of the year our members were presented with an attractive year book. There was an anniversary day, a Vermont and Massachusetts day, Washington's birthday, a Connecticut and Virginia day and Flag day, interspersed by business meetings.

An event of interest was the “Colonial Festival and Loan Exhibit,” given in December, which was a great financial and social success. At an end of the hall, most artistically arranged for display, were the two beautiful silk flags, the stand of colors and the Flag of our navy, which the Kansas Daughters will present to the battleship Kansas. In one corner, under the supervision of Mrs. Parmenter, was reproduced “Ye Wayside Inn,” where motherly dames in caps, 'kerchiefs and aprons, presided while sweet “Priscilla” maidens served coffee and crullers to weary travelers on the “trail.” This was the Santa Fe Trail, over which our guests were permitted to travel around the hall, past numbers of interesting booths. The Trail came to an end at “Ye Old Curiosity Shop,” with Mrs. Evans in charge—a large room eloquent of the past, where many relics of Colonial and Revolutionary days and rare and valuable antiques were exhibited. Music and dancing added to the pleasures, while ladies in old-time costumes made pretty pictures.

To the zeal and faithful work of our state regent and chapter member, Mrs. W. E. Stanley, is due the honor and praise of so successfully planning and carrying on, through the Daughters, the work of restoring and marking the “Old Santa Fe Trail” through Kansas. This has been made the special work of the Daughters for the past year.

February 14th the chapter was entertained by Mrs. L. C.
Jackson and Mrs. Mark Cossitt at the home of Mrs. Jackson. At the last course, George Washington appeared, unannounced and unexpected, wearing the familiar white wig, a red coat and blue trousers, and carrying at his right side a tiny flag. After a short business meeting a musical program was given, Mrs. Cossitt singing the "Star Spangled Banner." Questions in American history, pertaining especially to George Washington, were answered, Miss Mills receiving the prize, an official Daughters of the American Revolution spoon. Miss Becker, in a lecture on Washington, exhibited maps drawn by herself, showing the location and extent of the Washington estate. The old house, rooms, church, etc., with interesting points of landscape in colored photographs were shown as the talk progressed. The afternoon ended by the entire society singing "America."—Mrs. C. W. Bitting, Corresponding Secretary.

**Harrisburg Chapter** (Harrisburg, Pennsylvania) met in March at the Young Men's Christian Association, the regent, Miss Caroline Pearson, presiding. The meeting was well attended by members and a few guests, and was in celebration of the anniversary of the battle of Guilford Court House in 1781.

The regent announced the recent death of a chapter member, Mrs. George Bergner, which occurred February 1st. After the reading of the minutes and the report of the governing board by Miss Clute, Miss Pearson stated that the chapter has, up to the present time, contributed $667.50 toward the Continental Memorial Hall.

Miss Clute then read a letter of thanks from Fredericksburg, Virginia, for a contribution toward a Mary Washington memorial window to be placed in a church in that town to perpetuate the memory of the mother of Washington.

The subject of nominations was then brought up and the chapter expressed pleasure at the consent of the regent, Miss Pearson, to continue in office.

The chapter was favored at this point of the program by the appearance of Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, of Curwensville, state regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The Harrisburg Chapter is loyal to Mrs. Patton as state regent, and has lately endorsed her as vice-president general.
Mrs. Roy G. Cox then sang the familiar ballad, "Blue Juniata." An enjoyable paper was read by Mrs. John Oenslager on the subject of Conrad Weiser, an Indian interpreter and one of Pennsylvania's heroes, a man at the foundation of Pennsylvania's prosperity. The chapter was honored by the presence of two lineal descendants of Conrad Weiser, Mrs. George Dock, of this city, and her daughter, Mrs. Hugh Hastings, of Plainfield, N. J. Pictures of Conrad Weiser and his wife were exhibited. A paper written several years ago by Dr. Harvey Bashore for the Dauphin county historical society on Shikellimo, the Indian chief, who was associated in his work with Conrad Weiser, was read by Mrs. George Keats Peay. Upon motion, the secretary was requested to send a vote of thanks from the chapter to Dr. Bashore for his interesting paper.

Current events were discussed by Miss Mary Harris Pearson, who gave a full account of Daughters of the American Revolution happenings and stated that the youngest Daughters of the American Revolution chapter has recently been formed in Cuba, with the former secretary of the New York chapter as regent.

**Ann Hayes Chapter** (Kirksville, Missouri) was organized by state regent, Mrs. Thomas O. Towles, Saturday, February the 9th, at the home of Mrs. R. M. Ringo.

Mrs. Towles, in a charming manner, told the objects of the society, and made many useful suggestions concerning the future work of this infant chapter. Officers elected were: Regent, Mrs. R. M. Ringo; first vice-regent, Miss Althea Ringo; second vice-regent, Mrs. George Laughlin; recording secretary, Mrs. M. D. Campbell; corresponding secretary, Miss Clara Spencer; registrar, Mrs. J. A. Cooley; treasurer, Mrs. L. VanH. Gerdine; historian, Miss Katherine Harrington; official reporter, Mrs. Sarah Hall.

The chapter bears the name of the great-grandmother of our first regent. Ann Hayes was the wife of a patriot, with whom she courageously shared the trials and hardships of border civilization. Mrs. Ellet, in her "Pioneer Women of the West," says that "this pious and exemplary matron, whose heart bled for the woes of her oppressed country, and who
encouraged her sons to struggle bravely in its defence, was little aware of the extent of the beneficent influence her noble character was to exercise on succeeding generations." After closing of business session, an informal reception was given by Mrs. Ringo and her daughters.—KATHERINE HARRINGTON, Historian.

San Antonio de Bexar Chapter (San Antonio, Texas) met at the residence of Mrs. J. J. Stevens, November 7, 1906, and elected officers for the year of 1907. Mrs. James H. French was elected regent. A new office was created in honor of our retiring president, Miss M. Eleanor Brackenridge—that of honorable founder. Miss Brackenridge was inducted into office with a rising vote of thanks for her untiring interest, energy and affectionate cooperation in all work of the past.

After the serving of refreshments a program was decided upon, and to celebrate the birthday of the Father of Our Country, which was duly carried out at the Woman’s club rooms, February 22d. Appropriate decorations of flags and bunting draped the suite of rooms. "America" was sung by the chapter, after which the Hon. J. H. Kirkpatrick delivered an eloquent discourse on the hero of the day. Ten little girls, in costume, rendered "Minnehaha" very cleverly, and the "Star Spangled Banner" was sung as solo and chorus, with Mrs. Curry as leader. Miss Rowalle, in an amusing and inimitable manner, gave two very enjoyable recitations. Mrs. Cory-Thompson and others contributed to the musical program. Mrs. Florida Tunstall, a most highly esteemed and revered member graced the occasion with her sweet presence. Some wore Colonial costumes. Jeweled miniatures, pendant earrings and handsome brocades revived pleasant memories of by-gone days. The guests were received by Mesdames J. H. French, J. Kendrick Collins, E. O. Eyans, Frank Smith, J. J. Stevens, Kight, Carr, Evans, Beck, Milburn, and Miss Julia Wilson. —MRS. J. KENDRICK COLLINS, Historian.

General James Clinton Chapter (Springfield, New York).—From the organization of this chapter it has been our object
to erect a monument to the memory of Gen. James Clinton and to mark the "Continental road."

The chapter's first effort in this direction was a loan exhibition, held at Hyde hall, the beautiful home of our regent, which was a success both artistically and financially. We next held a supper, and our last effort was a sale of fancy and useful articles.

On June 30, 1906, we unveiled our monument, a beautiful Barre granite, bearing a bronze tablet with the following inscription: "This monument is erected to the memory of Gen. James Clinton, born 1763, died 1812, and to mark a point on the line of march of his troops from the Mohawk River to Otsego Lake in June, 1779. Gen. James Clinton Chapter, D. A. R. Aedificavit."
The ground on which the monument is erected is a triangular piece at the intersection of the Continental and Western turnpike roads, and was presented to the chapter by a Mr. C. T. Gray, a patriotic citizen. Regents and officers of every chapter in the state were invited to the unveiling. Luncheon was served at 1 o’clock. Immediately afterward Mrs. Janiver La Duc, great-granddaughter of Gen. James Clinton, with a few well-chosen words, unveiled the monument. The Daughters of the American Revolution Ritual was used in full. The regent, Mrs. G. Hyde Clarke, gave the address of welcome. Miss Blanche O. Guardenier followed with a brief history of the chapter. Mrs. Wm. Harbison told us of Clinton’s march from the Mohawk river through Springfield to Otsego lake. Miss A. Elizabeth Burlingame then read a poem, “A Day With Otsego,” written by her for the occasion. Mrs. Janiver La Duc read a carefully-prepared history of the Clinton family. Mrs. Henry Roberts, state regent, made the address of the day. Mrs. Roberts is fully in touch with all chapters and told of the great work being accomplished by the Daughters of this state. She aroused the interest and enthusiasm of every one present and made every Daughter proud of her credentials.—

St. Louis Chapter (St. Louis, Missouri).—There are four hundred and sixty-two names enrolled as members of the St. Louis Chapter. On February 27th Mrs. Geo. K. Andrews read an interesting paper, entitled “Washington, the Hero, and His Generals.” Many items of historical interest were given of ancestors of our Daughters, who had served with General Washington. These were given after the reading of the paper. Miss Barbee gave some delightful negro dialect recitations and monologues. Mrs. Hinchcliffe favored us with several musical numbers. She is a talented member. March 21st one of the very best papers we have had during the season was given by Mrs. W. P. Nelson, at the home of Mrs. Thompson, on Portland place. Her subject was “Battles of Trenton, Princeton and Brandywine.” Mrs. Bartlett, Mrs. DeForest and Hinchcliffe favored us with a beautiful trio. Mrs. Barclay and two sons gave a fine trio on piano, mandolin and guitar. Mrs.
G. W. Brush, Mrs. G. H. Augustine and Mrs. W. H. Van Sickler, on May 4th, welcomed us to Mrs. Augustine's beautiful home at Oakland, she having supplied a special train. Miss Augustine opened the program with a piano selection, then reports were read by the various delegates from the Continental Congress, in Washington. One in rhyme, written by Mrs. James Brookmeyer, described the delegates' trip to Richmond. She also read a poem on the "American Flag;" at the request of the hostess, Mrs. Bartlett sang, and after refreshments were served.

May 31st was another day in the suburbs. The eight Kirkwood hostesses were Mesdames Anderson Gratz, Lorrain Jones, Thomas D. Kimball, Ashley Cabell, C. W. Barstow, C. Hart McLean, A. B. Ambler and Clement Hickman. The "Wick-i-up" where the reception was held put on its cheeriest welcome. This building was the "Oregon building" at the St. Louis world's fair and was a replica of the Lewis and Clark fort. There were Indian and Colonial furnishings. Almost two hundred had braved the rainy day and we felt sorry for those who lacked the courage. Mrs. L. F. Potter gave a piano solo and responded with an encore. Little Mary Belle Kimball, granddaughter of our historian, favored us with a recitation on George Washington's boyhood, and gave several other recitations later in the afternoon. Mrs. Wm. C. Rumsey read a paper on the "Battles of Germantown, Bennington, Saratoga and Stillwater." The Kirkwood Orpheus orchestra favored us with a medley of patriotic airs. Refreshments were served by daughters of our Daughters. We then adjourned for the summer, feeling that our social meeting had been charming.

Patriotic objects given to amounted to $411, which were: Continental Hall fund, $300; self-helping university association, $1; Mt. Vernon association, $25; educational work for the North Carolina whites, $5; San Francisco relief fund, $50; children's playground association, $20; Mary Washington memorial window at Fredericksburg, Virginia, $5; Mrs. Gray, tree for Continental Hall, $5; educational work in Ozark mountains, $50. The chapter will give $50 a year for two years for this Ozark fund.
October 31st and November 1st were given to state conferences under special committees, formed of regents of all the St. Louis chapters. A reception was given at the St. Louis woman’s club to our president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, and to Mrs. Thomas O. Towles, state regent, and Mrs. Thomas B. Tomb. The music and refreshments reflected credit on the committee in charge. On November 30th the meeting was held at the Hamilton hotel. Hostesses, Mesdames A. V. L. Brokaw, D. F. Addington, Western Bascome, Columbus Haile and John E. Cartwright. The music from our new books of national songs seemed especially good. Mrs. McCandless sang several selections. Mrs. T. D. Kimball read a paper on “Our Flag,” written by Mrs. A. O. Armstrong shortly before her death, just a year ago. After the reading, Mrs. J. A. Ockerson presented a beautiful flag to the chapter, with a pleasing address. “The Star Spangled Banner” was sung. Refreshments were served. December 28th Mesdames Philemon Chew, W. L. Kline, William Clegg and Mrs. Wm. A. VanSlyke were hostesses at the Hamilton hotel. Mrs. Krum sang two solos. Mrs. Wm. Clegg, Jr., read a fine paper on “Valley Forge, Battle of Monmouth, Massacre of Wyoming.”

On January 17th we met to celebrate the wedding anniversary of George and Martha Washington again, having the boards of Laclede and Jefferson chapters and many invited guests with us. We had a musical and literary program under the direction of Mrs. Barclay, acting chairman of our musical committee. Our opening ode was “America.” There were solos by Mrs. Wallace Capen and Miss Mary Dierkes. A reading was given from Mrs. Pitman’s book, the authoress being one of our own Daughters. She gives fine pictures of old southern life. In the readings Mrs. Clegg gave the French and negro dialect. The high school Mandolin and Guitar Club favored us with several selections and we adjourned.—Mrs. Belle Campbell Kimball, Historian.

The Old South Chapter (Boston, Massachusetts) was organized ten years ago, with Mrs. Laura Wentworth Fowler as founder and regent. There were sixty charter members and the number has increased to a few more than one hundred and
thirty, at the present time. From the beginning the chapter has been very active and has been favored with four competent regents who are ardent workers for patriotic movements. The fourth regent, Mrs. Frank D. Ellison, was elected last May. She is also a member of the Massachusetts society of Mayflower descendants. Mrs. Ellison has shown marked enthusiasm in the fulfillment of her duties, and, as a result, the chapter has experienced one of its busiest years. The regent began almost immediately to raise money with which to celebrate the chapter's tenth anniversary in a fitting way. Through the zeal of various members and the generosity of members in general, a liberal sum was raised.

On the 10th of December, a reception was given the charter members, many of whom, not being present, sent letters to be read at this gathering. Those who were present read many interesting papers and one original poem was read.

On December 17th, the tenth anniversary was celebrated in the Old South meeting house, from which the chapter took its name. This wonderful old building had been simply but effectively decorated with our national colors, and on the walls hung portraits of many of our heroes of Revolutionary fame. On the platform were Governor Guild, of Massachusetts; our honored president general, Mrs. Donald McLean; our state regent, Mrs. Charles Masury; vice-president general of Massachusetts, Mrs. Theodore Bates; vice-president general of Rhode Island, Mrs. Barker; Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Grace Le Baron Upham, E. A. Horton, D. D., and a prominent member from nearly every patriotic society in Massachusetts. In the body of the church, nearly every Daughters of the American Revolution chapter in the state was represented by its regent or some other officer.

Mrs. Ellison, the regent, gave an address of welcome to the guests, in which she mentioned the old meeting house as a guide to patriotism and good work on the part of those who had chosen it as a name for their chapter. With words of praise for the founder, Mrs. Ellison then introduced Mrs. Fowler, who conducted the exercises from that point.

Governor Guild paid a high tribute to patriotic women, commending the great work they have accomplished, mentioning
the power they have in government affairs even though they have not been given the ballot, and also spoke of the great work they still have to do. Other intensely interesting addresses were made by men prominent in patriotic societies, but there is not space to mention all.

The most thrilling moment came when Julia Ward Howe rose to recite her “Battle Hymn of the Republic.” Not one in the house remained seated, but rose in unison to greet her and express their admiration and respect.

Mrs. Grace LeBaron Upham, an honorary member of the chapter, read her sonnet, entitled “Pro Patria,” which she wrote for the first anniversary of the chapter, and which she has dedicated to the Daughters of the American Revolution. Mrs. McLean then responded to the welcome given her. She told of her extended tour through the west, and of the work being done in different states by the Daughters of the American Revolution society. She made an eloquent appeal for the earnest coöperation of every chapter in the work of building Continental Memorial Hall. Mrs. Williams sang “The Star Spangled Banner” and the “Marseillaise,” and a chapter member, Mrs. Flora Barry, conducted a chorus of ladies that sang other patriotic songs. At the close all joined in singing “America.” All who were present felt the inspiration of such a patriotic meeting that had aroused within them sentiments closely akin to those experienced by the heroes of early days.

Chapter members, together with many of the speakers and invited guests, went to Hotel Lenox, where an informal luncheon was served. Later Mrs. Ellison presented guests and members to Mrs. McLean, whom everyone was anxious to meet.

There have been many delightful affairs this year. One was a chapter birthday party, given in the beautiful home of Mrs. Evelyn Stillings, early in the season. In January a “Colonial tea” was given, in one of the fashionable hotels, to celebrate the wedding anniversary of George and Martha Washington. The rooms occupied were decorated in the national colors, as was the refreshment table, with its large wedding cake. The officers of the chapter comprised the receiving party. They were
all in elaborate Colonial costume, also the ushers and many guests wore gowns and jewelry of “ye olden time.”

Several whist parties have been given and on Valentine’s day a party was given. The proceeds of these parties go toward the column for Massachusetts in Continental Hall. One hundred and fifty dollars has been pledged for that.

One of the “Real Daughters,” an active member in the chapter, died last summer. Miss Sophronia Fletcher, M. D., would have been one hundred years of age had she lived till September. Mrs. Joanna Beman Fletcher, the only surviving “Real Daughter” in the chapter, celebrated her ninety-fifth birthday in October. Mrs. Ellison called on her and the chapter sent ninety-five pinks.—JEANNETTE M. MITCHELL, Historian.

**Pilgrim Chapter** (Iowa City, Iowa).—The work of Pilgrim Chapter during the year that has passed since our last annual letter, may be divided into two distinct halves. The first six months may be said to have been wholly given to the raising of funds and preparation for the seventh annual state convention and the Mississippi Valley convocation, this being completed, our regular educational and social chapter work again assumed sway.

The official report of the convention has already been given in this magazine, and it is not the purpose of this letter to repeat any part of that report. There are a few things in regard to the entertainment of the convention which we desire to publish in order that other small chapters may not feel themselves too insignificant in number to assume the responsibility pertaining to any large undertaking. It is not the original number but the multiples of largeness of spirit, devotion to a cause, time, courage and cash which count. Of the latter we began with but little, but by several entertainments and gratuitous gifts from members, all expenses were paid, a balance left in the treasury, and no per capita tax with its unequal burden imposed.

It has been our experience in all work that a committee of from one to three is much more responsive than one increased to several times that number. If the work is too heavy for a small committee, divide the work.
Our social functions were three—on the night of the arrival of our guests an introductory reception was tendered the president general, Mrs. McLean, the chapter, daughters and visitors. This was followed on succeeding days by a luncheon at the Berkley Imperial hotel and a formal reception at the home of Mrs. Arthur John Cox, with the chapter as hostess.

Pilgrim Chapter was unusually fortunate in one respect—we had the resources of the state university cordially placed at our disposal. The assembly room of the hall of liberal arts was used as the place of our meetings, there Pallas Athene sat enthroned amid American flags, palms and chrysanthemums. Four able addresses broke the tedium of routine business. These were given by president George E. McLean, Dean Gregory of the college of law, Prof. W. A. Wilcox of the chair of history, and Prof. B. F. Shambaugh of the chair of political economy. Those fortunate enough to remain until the evening following the last program were given an opportunity to witness a sight possible only in a college town—a mass meeting of two thousand students, preparing to cheer their heroes to victory on the football field on the morrow. The wonderment of the visitors achieved by the class yell masters was only equaled by the wide-eyed attention with which the student body listened to a stirring and patriotic address given by Mrs. McLean. At the close of it a sophomore lassie, sitting near the writer, turned to her companion saying, “Did you ever dream a woman could make a speech like that?”

The demand for our year books, of which mention was made last spring, so far exceeded the supply that a mention of this year’s work may not be out of place, as our supply of this year’s programs was exhausted by the convention.

The subject for the year is “Our Natural Sources of Wealth—How we have Used and Abused Them.” For those interested in the subject the following sub-topics are given: “Typographical America,” “The American Farm,” “Game and Game Laws,” “Ores and Mines,” “Rivers and Harbors,” “American Birds,” “Fisheries,” “Natural Beauty as an Asset.” The subject of “Forests” is to be presented at our annual parlor lecture by Prof. Bohumil Shimek, of the United States forest commission.

Hoping these suggestions may be of benefit, I am, very cordially—ELEANOR STARTSMAN BIGGS, Historian.
GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

No greater calamity can happen to a people than to break utterly with its past.—Gladstone.

Inquirers are requested to observe the following suggestions:
1. Write plainly, especially all proper names.
2. Give, when possible, dates or approximate dates, localities, or some clue to the state in which the ancestor lived.
3. Inquiries for ancestors who lived during or near the Revolutionary period will be inserted in preference to those of an earlier period.
4. Enclose stamp for each query.
5. Give full name and address that correspondence when necessary may be had with inquirers.
6. Queries will be inserted as early as possible after they are received, but the dates of reception determinate the order of their insertion.
7. Answers, partial answers or any information regarding queries are urgently requested and all answers will be used as soon as possible after they are received.

Mrs. Lydia Boiles Newcomb,
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
New Haven, Connecticut.

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4.

ANSWERS.

841. LrX.—I am a descendant of Daniel Lee, but whether he was the son of Jeptha or son of Daniel (Samuel) I am not sure. The pension papers say that he enlisted at Newburgh, N. Y., and according to “G. W. D.” Jepthah went to Newburgh. Our family records give the birthplace of Daniel Lee at Worcester, Mass., 1762. The following is my line:


853. DEVoe.—The name of Jacob Devoe appears on the treasurer’s paybook in 13th regiment, Albany Co. militia (New York in Rev., p. 123). Inquiry of the Comptroller, Albany, New York, may obtain definite information of his Rev. services.


873. BROWN.—Clarissa Brown was the daughter of Samuel and Mary (Polly) (Kellogg) Brown of East Hampton (Chatham), Conn. Samuel Brown was b. in Chatham Feb. 14, 1761; married Oct. 13, 1783, Mary Kellogg. She d. Feb. 22, 1796, aged 33 years. He married second Sibyl Cowdrey, widow, who d. Oct. 9, 1825, aged 88 years. Samuel Brown d. April 8, 1833. He and his two wives are buried in the Lake Cemetery, East Hampton, Conn. He was a Rev. soldier and served five months in Col. Wolcott’s regiment, and at different times, 1779-1781. At the age of 71 years he applied for a pension, and his claim was allowed and paid to his children—Samuel, William A., Arminda Brown of Conn., and Cyrus Brown, Clarissa Hale and Polly Bevins of New York.—G. A. D.

908. BATTLE OF GERMANTOWN.—The names of soldiers who died at Battle of Germantown can probably be found in Pa. Archives. The monument referred to was erected in Verona Park, Germantown Road. It has engraved on it a plan of the battle and Washington’s report to Congress. There are no names. Possibly the inquirer has confused this monument with the one in Market Square, Germantown, erected to the memory of the soldiers of the Civil War which has names of those in local companies who were killed in the war or have died since the close.—M. B. C.


d. in Sunderland, Vt., 1783. He married second Mrs. Frances (Montazun) Buchanan. (Vermont Gazette.) A correspondent writes that in the cemetery at East Poultney, Vt., Heber Allen is buried. On the marble slab over his grave is the inscription, "This grave contains the remains of Major Heber Allen who with his brothers assisted in the struggle for the independence of this and the United States. He was one of the earliest settlers in this town, and died as he lived and as expressed by his brother Ethan, 'the noblest work of God,' on the 10th day of April, 1782, aged 38 years." In the history of E. Poultney, Vt., mention is made of Heman, a son of Heber Allen "who was b. in Poultney, Vt., and after his father's death was adopted into the family of his uncle Ira Allen in Colchester, Vt." Ira Allen d. 1814. Gen. Ethan Allen was buried in Green Mount Cemetery, Burlington, Vt., where the state has erected a shaft and statue to his memory.—A. C. H.

935. (By error 921.) Cozart.—Jacob Cozart b. 1723-4, married Mary Sutton b. 1725-6, who d. 1756. Their sixth son was Jacob b. 1755, d. at Fairfield, O., Aug. 22, 1827. He married Jan., 1776, Mary Woodward, daughter of William and Esther (Ruckman) Woodward of N. Jersey, b. 1756, d. May 18, 1835, at Fairfield, O. If "A. J. B." will write to Mr. John C. Cox, Dayton, O., she can probably learn of the Rev. services.—J. C. F.

942. Lytle.—The Rev. services of Capt. John Lytle can be found in the Penn. Archives, Vol. XIV. He died a bachelor. His brother was the ancestor of the Gen. Lytle who wrote "I am dying, Egypt, dying." One of his sisters, Eleanor, married Peter Patterson who came to America about 1732 and lived in Paxtang township, Lancaster Co., Penn. He was exempt from military service because of infirmities of age. His sons William, Peter, James and Robert were soldiers in Rev. War. The children of Peter and Eleanor (Lytle) Patterson were: Peter, Jr., married Ann Montgomery; Eleanor married Matthew Brown; William m. Mary McCormack; James m. Mary Stewart; Elizabeth m. Josiah Espy; Robert m. Eleanor Porter; Jane m. William Montgomery. Matthew Brown, who married June 21, 1760, Eleanor Patterson was b. July 15, 1732, lived in Lancaster Co., Pa., d. Apr. 22, 1777, and his will is recorded in Sunbury. He settled near Carlisle and went in 1774 to Northumberland Co. He was the father of a large family. He was a Rev. soldier and a member of the Committee of Safety (not in Conn.), but in Penn. 'He and his wife Eleanor are buried in Union Co., Penn. John Lytle left all his land to Eleanor (Lytle) Brown, as all the other relatives had moved west. Another sister of John Lytle married Humphrey Fullerton and their descendants are still living in Ohio. Josiah Espy, Jr., in his journal of a trip through Ohio speaks of his cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Humphrey Fullerton, and Mrs. Morehead, in her little memoir of Prof. James Espy, speaks of their cousins, Matthew and Alexander Brown of Canonsburg College, Penn.—F. M. E.

I have an oil portrait of James Badger painted in Boston about one hundred and twenty years ago, when he was apparently eight or ten years old. I, too, am desirous of tracing the connection of James Badger with Hon. George E. Badger of N. Car.—J. E. B.

BROWER.—John Brower was in Albany Co. militia. Also from his home in New York City leads were taken from the windows of his house to make bullets during the Rev. War. (New York in Revolution, Supplement, p. 65.)

QUERIES.

972. (1) HOWE—PORTER.—Information desired of the ancestry of Rosanna Howe, b. 1759, who married Benjamin Porter. She d. March, 1830. Was she a descendant of Edward Howe who came from Eng., 1635, in the ship "True Love" and settled in Lyme, Mass.?

(2) BROWN.—Also the ancestry of Lucy Brown, b. July 29, 1786, at Lully, Mass., daughter of Azariah and Ruth (Hitchcock) Brown. Other children were Azariah, John, Ruth and Charlotte.

(3) PORTER—HOWE.—Also the ancestry of Benjamin Porter, a Rev. soldier, 1777-1778. He d. Aug. 1841, aged eighty-two years. The family removed to Batavia, N. Y., prior to 1802. The inscription on his tombstone reads: "He made the first public prayer and conducted the first religious service held west of the Genessee river, New York." He married Rosanna Howe. Their children were Levi, b. Jan. 1781; Deborah, 1785; Philo, b. June 1787; Anna, b. Sept. 1789; Benjamin, b. Nov. 1793; Lucy, b. 1798. Was he a descendant of Robert Porter, who settled at Farmington, Conn., 1640, and married Ann Scott, of Hartford?—M. H. H.

973. DOBYS.—Can any one give me information of the Dobyns family of Ky.? My father was Thomas Jefferson Dobyns, b. in Summer Co., Tenn., in 1801 or 1802. He had two brothers, James and Walter, but both died without issue. My father had relatives in Tenn. named Dillard. His mother may have been Susan Anthony. After the death of my father's father, his mother married ——— Johnston, or Johnson, who about 1870-1880, kept a girls' school in Henderson, Ky.—J. D. A.

974. STEPHENS—TIPTON.—Giles Stephens, who served in Rev. war under Major Robert Cluggage in Penna., was born near Baltimore, Md., 1747. He lived in Bedford Co., Penna. in 1778, and died in Huntingdon Co., Penna., in 1833. His pension record states that he married a sister of Meshak Tipton. What is known of his ancestry or of his brothers or sisters? What can I learn of the Tiptons?—O.
975. (1) Gilman—Merrill.—Wanted, the ancestry of Joanna Gilman, b. Dec. 28, 1797, Acton, Me., supposed to have married about 1819, James G. Merrill. Her father, Jonathan Gilman, b. April 9, 1754; d. Nov. 9, 1828; married Joanna Bean, b. Dec. 29, 1763; d. Oct. 21, 1838.

(2) Merrill—Gilman.—Ancestry of James G. Merrill, b. Acton, Me., date not known. They had children, Asa, Hannah and James Gilman.—Mrs. F. H. K.

976. (1) Gilman—Clough.—Ancestry of Peter Gilman, b. in Exeter, N. H., 1754. He was a Rev. soldier. His wife was Martha Clough, b. in Kingston, July, 1749. Who were her parents? Was Peter Gilman a descendant of Edward Gilman who came to America in 1638?

(2) Simmons—Williams.—Ancestry and dates of birth and death of Samuel Simmons, of Conn. His wife was Elizabeth Williams of Maquoit Bay, Me. They had a son John, b. 1783.—G. A. H.

977. Brower—Chapman—Waite.—The Revolutionary record or any information of the following names is desired: John Brower from New York City. Nathan (or Nathaniel) Chapman is thought to have been an officer in a Springfield, Mass., regiment. Jonathan Waite of Conn. “He is said to have been probably engaged in the manufacture of military stores, guns,” etc.—C. P. O.

978. (1) Stevenson—Buchanan.—When York Co., Penn., was organized in 1749 George Stevenson was appointed one of the officers to open the County Courts. In 1764 he removed to Carlisle. Can some one give me the names of his parents and of his children. I am still seeking James Stevenson who married in 1769-70 Jane Buchanan.

(2) Bush—Chamberlain.—Would like the ancestry of Dr. Eleazur Bush who died in Rochester, N. Y., about 1840. Also the ancestry of his wife, Maria Chamberlain, b. Jan. 24, 1770, and drowned at Rochester by falling through a bridge.

(3) Anderson—Hunton.—The ancestry of John Anderson who married Susan Hunton whose mother was Anna Willard Huntoon. They lived in Orange Co., Vt. Dates of birth and death are especially desired.—W. I. N.


(2) Barlow—Lobdell.—Also of Abigail Barlow who married about 1773, John Lobdell b. Sept. 21, 1746—all of Fairfield Co., Conn. Possibly Abigail had a brother Nehemiah.

(3) Northrup.—Also of Clara Northrup b. July 29, 1782, at Ridgefield. She married first Denis Barlow Lobdell; second, Elijah Barnum. She died at Bridgeport, Conn., about 1870.

The regular monthly meeting of the National Board of Management of the Children of the American Revolution was held at headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia, at 10 o'clock on the morning of the 14th of February, 1907.

Members present: Mrs. Dubois, Mrs. Hamlin, Mrs. Bond, Mrs. Darwin, Mrs. Tweedale, Mrs. Janin, Miss Hooper, Miss Hetzel, Miss Tulloch.

The chaplain offered prayer, after which the minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The Corresponding secretary's report of letters written and supplies issued was read and accepted.

The registrar reported 84 applicants for membership in the society and on motion the secretary was instructed to cast the ballot for their admission provided all dues had been paid. This was accordingly done and the report accepted.

The treasurer's report was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Balance January 1, 1907,</td>
<td>$42 56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receipts to February 1,</td>
<td>471 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total,</td>
<td>$514 06</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disbursed,</td>
<td>371 40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance February 1,</td>
<td>$142 66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments—Notes,</td>
<td>$2,000 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bank,</td>
<td>202 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest,</td>
<td>2 02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$2,204 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continental Hall,</td>
<td>$882 53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest,</td>
<td>8 77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$891 30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The treasurer asked permission to add $8.70 from the balance on hand to the amount for Continental Hall in order to raise it to an even $900. On motion the request was granted and the report accepted.

The vice-president in charge of organization presented the following names for confirmation:

Mrs. Margaret Hamilton for president of Patty Endicott Society of Pueblo, Colorado, to succeed Mrs. Eleanor Wigton Hoch.

Mrs. John Frederick Duggen, of Auburn, Alabama, for local president.


The name of Philipse Mann for society forming at Yonkers, New York under Mrs. H. J. Howison, and the name Fort Herkimer for society which for some time has been organizing at Little Falls, New York, under Miss Clara Rawdon.

Letters received, 16; written, 8.

On motion these names were confirmed and the report accepted.

As chairman of the printing committee Mrs. Darwin reported that the postal cards ordered at the last meeting to be printed and distributed are ready for issue, and will be sent to the local presidents at once.

She advised having a list of the names of the local societies which form the national organization printed, said list to include the names and addresses of the local presidents. This plan met with the favor of the board and Mrs. Darwin was authorized to have 500 copies of such list printed.

A letter from Mrs. Huntington, of Omaha, Nebraska, and one from Mrs. Townsend, of New York, asking for information relative to the way of joining the society were read, and referred to the corresponding secretary.

The secretary read a communication from Miss Mickley from whom the society's headquarters is rented, stating that she will give up her present office on May 1st.

In view of this fact the president and treasurer were appointed a committee to search for a place where the furniture belonging to the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution may be stored during the summer.

The president stated that she had been asked by the president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution to speak on the subject of the Children of the American Revolution at the coming congress.

She suggested that it was advisable to formulate plans as early as possible for the Children of the American Revolution convention, which will be held at the same time as the Daughters of the American Revolution congress, and accordingly the following committees were appointed to make the arrangements:

Sunday services, Mrs. Hamlin.
Program, Mrs. Darwin, Miss Tulloch, Mrs. Bond.
Badges and flags, Miss Hooper, Mrs. Marsh.
Entertainment of guests, Mrs. Howard, Miss Hetzel, Mrs. Marsh, Miss Yeatman, Mrs. Bryant.
Reception, Mrs. Dubois, Mrs. Tweedale, Mrs. Paul, Miss Yeatman.
Chairman of nominating committee, Mrs. Dubois.

The corresponding secretary was instructed to write Mrs. McLean asking the time and nature of the Daughters of the American Revolution participation in the exercises at Jamestown in order that the Children of the American Revolution may make its plans to join with the parent society if possible.

Mrs. Dubois reported that she had purchased a solid mahogany desk chair as instructed and that it is now in use.

A vote of thanks was given Mrs. Bond for her work in preparing matter relating to the society for the Smithsonian Report.
There being no further business to consider the board adjourned.

Respectfully submitted,

ELIZA COLMAN TULLOCH,
Secretary.

In a circular sent out by Mrs. Charles C. Darwin, national vice-president general in charge of organization, Children of the American Revolution, it is announced that one of the chapters has issued souvenir postal cards, from the sale of which they hope to raise money for Memorial Continental Hall. The chapter asks the cooperation of the Children of the American Revolution in bringing this matter to the public notice. The cards represent the south and east fronts of the Hall and will be sold at five cents each, but in packages of fifty or more, they will be sold at a slight reduction to the “Children” so that the young folks may realize a small profit for the benefit of the fund which they are raising for the “Children’s Room.”

The annual convention of the Children of the American Revolution was held in Washington, District of Columbia, April 14-19, inclusive.

The president General stated, during her report as chairman of Continental Hall committee, that in her opening address she spoke only of her long connective trip of the past autumn and during this report she would mention her peculiar appreciation of the loyal welcome accorded her and the splendid work undertaken by the states of Delaware, New Jersey, Rhode Island and the “Empire state.”
IN MEMORIAM

MRS. CAROLINE CLARKE INGERSOLL, Onondago Chapter, Syracuse, New York, died February 23, 1907, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Nellis M. Rich. Mrs. Ingersoll was nearly 89 years old and was a woman of many noble qualities and high birth.

Deaths in St. Louis Chapter for 1906:

MRS. MARGARET R. SHIELDS.
MRS. WILLIAM E. JONES.
MRS. R. COLEMAN PRICE.
MRS. ALMEDA K. DOUGLAS.
MRS. ARMSTRONG.
MRS. MARY WEED GREGORY, charter member, Wenonah Chapter, Winona, Minnesota, died February 25, 1907. Helpful and loyal to every demand placed upon her, the chapter passed resolutions lamenting her loss.

SARAH A. HUNTINGTON, Faith Trumbull Chapter, Norwich Town, Connecticut, died Feb. 14, 1907, at the ripe age of 94 years. Her father, the Rev. Joshua Huntington, was pastor of the Old South Church, Boston.

MRS. JANE A. WALKER, “Real Daughter,” Fort Atkinson Chapter, Fort Atkinson, Wisconsin, passed to the life eternal. Resolutions of deep regret were passed by the chapter.

MISS MARTHA HUNTINGTON MATEWIS, New Connecticut Chapter, Painesville, Ohio, died January 29, 1907. Miss Mathews was the principal and business manager of Hosmer Hall, a preparatory school of St. Louis, Missouri, which institution she helped to found. Her home being in Painesville, she placed her name on the membership list of New Connecticut Chapter. A committee was appointed to express their recognition of her praiseworthy life and character and the sorrow that pervades them at her loss. The St. Louis papers spoke of her death as “a loss to the city of the present and to the city of the future.” A memorial service was held in St. Louis. A telegram of heartfelt sympathy was sent from Lake Erie College to Hosmer Hall to be read at this service.

MISS CARRIE A. BROWNING, Scranton, Pennsylvania, died January 5, 1907. Hers was a full, well-rounded life and all who were privileged to know her deeply mourn her loss.

MRS. BELINDA WEBSTER MERRIMAN, chaplain Greysolon du Lhut Chapter, Duluth, Minnesota, died March 9, 1907, at the age of 85 years. She was a grandniece of Daniel Webster and a remarkable woman impressing her personality upon all.

MRS. HARRIET E. PAGE, charter member and past regent, Faneuil
Hall Chapter, Wakefield, Massachusetts, died at her home in Melrose, February 1, 1907. Mrs. Page was an earnest worker and devoted Daughter and the chapter passed beautiful resolutions, expressing their regret at her death.

Mrs. Mary R. T. Whitbeck, "Real Daughter," Hendrick Hudson Chapter, Hudson, New York, died November 19, 1906, after attaining the age of ninety-four years. She was a very interesting woman and took a deep interest in the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Charles F. T. Beale, Hendrick Hudson Chapter, Hudson, New York, died February 21, 1907. Resolutions of deep sympathy and regret were, unanimously adopted by the chapter in which "her presence was a blessing radiating sunshine, and her memory is a benediction."

Miss Helen Headley, Morristown Chapter, Morristown, New Jersey, died in February, 1907. Miss Headley was a descendant of Miles Standish.

Deaths in Mary Silliman Chapter, Bridgeport, Connecticut:

Mrs. Ella Belcher Bullard, historian, Mary Silliman Chapter, Bridgeport, Connecticut, died February, 1907. Of noble character and sterling worth, she was loved and esteemed by all and the chapter adopted and placed on file a testimonial of her high worth.

Mrs. Bessie (Hatch) Barnum, died Nov. 30, 1905, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. Her quiet presence spoke words of cheer to all. Descendant of Moses Hatch.


Mrs. Julia A. (Tomlinson) Bishop died October 9, 1906, at Lenox, Massachusetts. She was the first vice-regent and the second of the twenty-three charter members of the Mary Silliman Chapter. Descendant of Samuel Hitchcock.


Mrs. Frances Cummins Wordin died January 14, 1907, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. She was a person of fine mind and very great literary attainments. Descendant of Benjamin Walker and Major James Crawford.

Mrs. Ella (Belcher) Bullard died January 19, 1907, at Bridgeport, Connecticut. She was appointed the historian of the chapter May, 1905. Descendant of Capt. William Belcher and Surgeon Elisha Belcher.

Deaths in the Harrisburg Chapter, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania:

Mrs. Elizabeth U. Bergner entered into rest February 1, 1907.

Mrs. Nancy Macomber Hawkins, a "Real Daughter," died March 29, 1907, in her 80th year. She was the daughter of Zenas Macomber, a surgeon during the Revolution.
BOOK NOTES

THE ANCESTORS OF MY CHILDREN AND OTHER RELATED CHILDREN OF THE GENERATIONS LIVING IN THE MORNING OF THE TWENTIETH CENTURY, by the late William Copeland Clark. Copies may be obtained of Hugo Clark, attorney-at-law, Bangor, Maine.

This is a genealogy of Joseph and Alice (Pepper) Clark and of Lawrence and Lydia (Townsend) Copeland with their various alliances with other old and historic names. Joseph Clark was born in Suffolk county, England, in 1597 and, according to "Clarke's Kindred Genealogies," was among the first settlers of the Dorchester Company, who came to this country with the Winthrop party in 1630 in the ship Mary and John. "The record embraces some of the early founders, and, in later generations, workmen upon the State Structure in America." The author modestly disclaims that he presents a complete history of the family or one that meets his own ideal, and adds in his preface: "In order that much of the material collected might be more surely preserved than it would be likely to be, if left in promiscuous manuscripts, it occurred to me that I would arrange a partial history of the ancestors of my own, and quite a goodly number of other nearly related children, tracing, in the arrangement, as many lines back as I could and have them as single, straight lines, complete, that is to say with no generations missing. Hence, the following compilation. In it are traced some fifty-four lines, from the youngest generations now living, to some one of their immigrant ancestors, who were of the earliest settlements in America." The book contains many family portraits and pictures of old homesteads, among the latter of which is the home of John and Priscilla (Mollins) Alden whose unique courtship has been so charmingly preserved for us by the poet, Longfellow. A strong and helpful feature of the work are four indexes, an index to names, one to family lines and one to places, and a miscellaneous index.

BESIEGED—A Drama of the Revolution, by Helen Kane. This play is a dramatization, by the author, of the prize story, published by the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE in 1903, under the title of "The Lovers of Mistress Ruth."

The work has been done by request, and is dedicated to the
President General; having been prepared with special reference to entertainments for the benefit of Continental Hall. For trms, apply to Mrs. H. P. Kane, D. A. R. Office, 902 F street, Washington, D. C.

Mrs. George A. Lawrence, regent of the Rebecca Park Chapter, has just sent twelve subscriptions for the American Monthly Magazine. Mrs. W. E. Stanley, state regent of Kansas, has sent the names of ten subscribers. Mrs. L. D. Childs, of Columbia, has sent in an advertisement amounting to thirty-five dollars. Mrs. Richard Jackson Barker, vice-president general from Rhode Island, has sent an advertisement amounting to sixty-five dollars. Let the good work go on.

A magazine not so well known as it should be and one that deserves to be more generally read, especially for its many historical articles, is the American Monthly Magazine, published at Washington, D. C., by the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and edited by Mrs. Elroy M. Avery. Many of its pages are devoted to the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution and the proceedings of the several state and local chapters of this organization, which is doing so much to preserve the records of American family and general history and for the marking of historic sites. The magazine also has departments of Revolutionary records, notes and queries on genealogical subjects and many other articles of general historic interest. Especially noticeable in the April number is the opening article of ten pages on Colonial Bookplates, accompanied by seven reproductions of examples of fine old historic bookplates. (Annual subscription, $1.00; single number, 10 cents.)—Bangor (Maine) Daily Commercial, April 6, 1907.

A full report of the Proceedings of the Sixteenth Continental Congress will be given in later issues, beginning with the June number.
NOTES OF THE SIXTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

The Sixteenth Continental Congress met in Memorial Continental Hall, April 15th to April 20th, 1907. Mrs. Donald McLean, president general, presided. Her address of welcome was received with great enthusiasm. It was responded to by representatives from the different sections:

- Mrs. Robert E. Park, of Georgia.
- Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, of Illinois.
- Mrs. Richard J. Barker, of Rhode Island.
- Mrs. John McLane, of New Hampshire.
- Mrs. Ellenore D. Key, representing Mrs. Stephen C. Langworthy, of Nebraska.

The following is the list of officers elected by the Sixteenth Continental Congress:

- President General,
  MRS. DONALD MCLEAN.

- Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters,
  MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN.

- Vice-Presidents General,
  - MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, Alabama.
  - MRS. CHARLES H. DEERE, Illinois.
  - MRS. WALLACE DELAFIELD, Missouri.
  - MRS. ALEXANDER E. PATTON, Pennsylvania.
  - MRS. CHARLES H. TERRY, New York.
  - MRS. A. A. KENDALL, Maine.
  - MRS. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, District of Columbia.
  - MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tennessee.
  - MRS. LINDSAY PATTERSON, North Carolina.
  - MRS. BALDWIN DAY SPILMAN, West Virginia.

- Chaplain General,
  MRS. ESTHER F. NOBLE.
Mrs. Elroy M. Avery and Miss Lilian Lockwood were unanimously re-elected respectively editor and business manager of the American Monthly Magazine.

Amendment to the By-Laws:

Article XI, Section 5, was amended by substituting the phrase “the first of March” whenever the phrase “the first of February” occurred. It reads:

Each Chapter shall elect a Regent, Secretary, Registrar, Treasurer, other officers, and local board of management, at that time of year that best suits its convenience; but the delegates must be elected on or before the first of March preceding the Continental Congress. A Regent may be empowered by her Chapter to fill any vacancy arising in her delegation from illness, or other cause, after the first of March, from alternates duly elected for that purpose on or before the first of March.

The report of the Treasurer General, Mrs. M. E. S. Davis, showed receipts and expenditures as follows:

April 1, 1906, to March 30, 1907.

Current Fund.

Balance in bank at last report, March 31, 1906, $29,305 23

Receipts.

Annual dues ($49,750.00 less $1,148.00 refunded), 48,602 00
Initiation fees ($4,804.00 less $239.00 refunded), 4,565 00
Other receipts, ........................................... 4,018 15

57,185 15

$86,490 38
NOTES OF THE SIXTEENTH CONGRESS.

Expenditures.

Total expenses, ........................................ $39,114 21
Rosette account transferred to Permanent Fund, 9 10
Amount transferred to Permanent Fund by order of Fifteenth Continental Congress, ........... 10,000 00

Balance March 30, 1907— ......................
In National Metropolitan Bank, ................ $7,261 13
Washington Loan and Trust Bank, ............ 30,105 94

................................................. 37,367 07
................................................. 49,123 31
................................................. $86,490 38

Permanent or Building Fund.

Balance in bank at last report, March 31, 1906, ........... $53,356 21

Receipts.

Charter fees, ........................................ $181 00
Continental Hall Committee badges, ............... 26 00
Continental Hall Committee spoons, ............... 180 25
Life membership fees, ............................. 2,362 50
Permanent interest on cash in banks, ............. 937 09
Permanent interest on Union Pacific Railroad bonds, ........................................ 200 00
Rent of chairs and benches, ....................... 135 00
Commissions, ...................................... 191 85
Rosettes, amount transferred from Current Fund, 9 10
Amount transferred from Current Fund by order of Fifteenth Continental Congress, .......... 10,000 00
Continental Hall contributions, ................... 31,953 10

................................................. 14,322 79
................................................. 31,953 10
................................................. 45,275 89

Expenditures.

First payment on account of the construction of the two front corner sections, ................ $10,000 00
Second payment on account of the construction of the two front corner sections, ........... 9,899 00
Third and final payment on account of the construction of the two front corner sections, .... 4,515 00
First payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections, ................ 4,850 00
Second payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections, .............. 4,980 00
Third payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections, ................ 4,530 00

................................................. 99,632 19
Fourth payment on account of the construction of the two rear corner sections, 3,570 00
First payment on account of the heating plant, 4,200 00
Second payment on account of the heating plant, 2,850 00
Third payment on account of the heating plant, 1,240 00
Architect on completion of the work done, 1,720 80
Inspecting material used in construction of Memorial Continental Hall from Oct. 29, 1906, to March 13, 1907, inclusive, 348 00
1,610 mahogany chairs for Memorial Continental Hall, 8,855 00
Life membership fee returned, Mrs. Ethel A. Taber, of Minnesota, 25 00
Turned over to J. E. Caldwell & Co., on account of Continental Hall committee spoons, 617 50

Total expenses, ........................................... $62,200 30

Disbursed for purchase of bonds for investment as follows:
5,000 par value Chicago and Alton 3% railroad bonds ........................................ $4,000 60
10,000 par value Baltimore and Ohio 4% railroad bonds, ........................................ 10,150 00
10,000 par value Union Pacific 4% railroad bonds, ........................................ 10,326 50

24,477 10

Balance in banks (American Security and Trust Bank, Washington Loan and Trust Bank, and National Safe Deposit Savings and Trust Bank) March 30, 1907, ........................................... 12,954 79

$99,632 19

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, the vice-president in charge of organization, reported 797 organized chapters, an increase of 43 during the year. The admitted membership is now 60,698, and the actual membership is 49,553, an increase for the year of 4,647. She announced the death of the state regent of Michigan, Mrs. Irene Williams Chittenden, one of our most valued officers.

Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson, registrar general, stated that 4,653 new members had been admitted during the year; 2,373
permits for the insignia had been issued and 1,049 for the recognition pin.

Mrs. J. P. Dolliver, the historian general, reported that volumes XXIII and XXIV of the Lineage Books were now completed and ready for distribution.

Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, the assistant historian general, reported proof being read on the Ninth Report of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution.

Miss Aline E. Solomons, the librarian general, reported 4,042 volumes in the library, of which 392 have been added during the past year.

The dedicatory exercises of the Memorial Portico, to be erected on the east side of the Hall, took place at the close of the exercises of the morning session of April 17th. The president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, appointed the state regents of the thirteen original states to act as a guard of honor. Dr. Needham, president of George Washington University, made the address of the day. The president general, in a few touching and elevating words, dedicated this portico to the memory of the past and the patriotic and Christian work of the future.

The special order of business on Wednesday afternoon was the report of Mrs. Donald McLean, the chairman of the Continental Hall committee. The scene was inspiring and was followed by generous contributions for Continental Hall:

Cash, .................................. $25,231 82
Pledges, .................................. 2,984 44
Voted by Continental Congress, .... 15,000 00

Total, .................................. $42,216 26

The amount in the permanent fund was $37,431.89. Adding to this the money received during the afternoon makes a total
in the Continental Hall fund of $77,663.71. The pledges bring the amount to the goodly sum of $80,648.15. General contributions continued to come in during the week, the exact total of which will appear in a later issue. The total amount of cash actually turned in is the greatest given at any congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution, a most gratifying condition of affairs.

The president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, was elected chairman of the Continental Hall committee. The president general was authorized to order the payment of funds, as they became necessary in the completion of contracts for Continental Hall.

All business was suspended Thursday morning while the Congress expressed its profound grief at the death of the Rev. Teunis Hamlin and their sympathy with Mrs. Hamlin, our honored and beloved chaplain general. A committee of three was appointed to prepare suitable resolutions.

The Congress was called to mourn the death of several valued members, who have held high positions in the society—Mrs. J. O. Moss, Mrs. Lee Blair, Mrs. Elizabeth Bryant Johnson, Mrs. Irene Chittenden, Mrs. Distin, Mrs. Iredell.

The Roll of Honor Book presented to the society by Mrs. Lothrop, of Massachusetts, has already netted $1,500 for Continental Hall.

Thursday evening was devoted to the reports of the state regents. They will appear in full in a later issue.

Captain Hobson was presented to the Congress by the president general on Monday, and addressed them as a messenger
from the Peace Congress then being held in New York City. Resolutions were presented replying to his address. After recalling the continued interest manifested by the Daughters of the American Revolution, extending over many years, the Sixteenth Congress

Resolved, That the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution assembled in Continental Congress in the City of Washington, hereby approve and endorse the resolutions proposed by the Hon. Richard Bardholt, and adopted at the London Conference of the Inter-parliamentary Union at London in 1896.

Resolved, That the president general be, and hereby is, authorized to appoint a committee to present to the Peace Congress at New York a copy of these resolutions and also to present to Mr. Andrew Carnegie, the great peace flag tendered to him in appreciation of his services to the cause of peace, and furthermore

Be it Resolved, That the society advocates the proposition (alluded to in the Continental Congress of 1906 by the president general) in regard to the nations contributing to the cause of peace at least one-tenth of one per cent. of the sum donated to war, and endorse as well the peace pilgrimage recently suggested by William T. Stead of London.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Captain Hobson for his eloquent and inspiring address.

The Sixteenth Continental Congress authorized the printing of a new directory of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The preparation of the report of the Daughters of the American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution, for presentation to the senate of the United States, according to the charter, was placed in the hands of Mrs. Mary Lockwood.

The railroad committee was requested to investigate the rates and secure, if possible, one-fare rates for the next congress.

The Daughters of the American Revolution, in congress assembled, voted to urge upon the national congress of the United States that the complete orders of General George Washington during the war of the Revolution be gathered
together, copied, properly indexed, printed and distributed to members of congress, public libraries, historical societies, and that a certain number be placed on sale.

The question of an appropriate marker for the graves of Revolutionary soldiers was referred to a committee to investigate and report to the next congress.

The Sixteenth Continental Congress passed resolutions protesting against child labor in all forms, which is pursued at the expense of education and health, and requested every state regent to investigate laws, absence of laws, and enforcement of laws in her state that pertain to child labor and report the same to the Seventeenth Continental Congress. A copy of this resolution is to be sent to the president of the United States and to each governor.

A resolution of thanks was sent to the supreme court of the United States for their recent decision in upholding the dignity of the national emblem—the Stars and Stripes.

The reports offered by the chairmen of the different committees, to whom has been committed important work for the society, were of great interest. They will appear in full in a later issue.

The committee on recommendations of national officers reported the following for the consideration of the congress:

Recommended, That an amendment to the constitution be formulated which will enable the society to create an office for the purpose of organizing chapters in foreign countries, said amendment to be acted upon by the Seventeenth Continental Congress. (Mrs. Main.)

Recommended, That the insignia be protected by a proper amendment to the by-laws. (Miss Pierce.)

Many of the reports contained no recommendations. Others were referred to the board, for action; still others were rejected. The above recommendations were adopted by the congress.

The Sons of the American Revolution of the District of Columbia invited the congress to a patriotic celebration at the
Congregational church. It was an enjoyable and inspiring occasion.

The announcement of the re-election of Mrs. Donald McLean as president general was received with wild applause. She was escorted to the platform and in a few but telling words expressed her appreciation. The floral tributes were many and of great beauty. The president general was also presented with a magnificent silver chalice from the vice-presidents general.

A reception at the Congressional library was one of the most pleasant affairs of the week. Many hundred Daughters took the opportunity of paying their respects to their honored chief.

The benefit for Memorial Continental Hall, under the auspices of the Mary Washington Chapter, District of Columbia, Belasco theatre, Saturday evening, April 13, was a great success, and netted the chapter over six hundred dollars for Continental Hall.

Musical reception by Memorial Continental Hall committee, benefit general building fund, was held at New Willard hotel, Monday evening. It was attended by a brilliant assemblage of Daughters, and Continental Hall benefited thereby. An informal reception to the president general closed a delightful evening.

The President of the United States and Mrs. Roosevelt received the Daughters of the American Revolution at the White house on Friday afternoon. Mrs. Donald McLean, the president general, presented each Daughter by name, about fifteen hundred in all.
A warm expression of appreciation to the president general for her conduct of affairs during the arduous week was passed with much enthusiasm.

An artistic and unique loving-cup was presented her as a slight token of love and admiration.

The Sixteenth Continental Congress adjourned at 5.30 p. m. Saturday afternoon.

In the evening many friends tendered the president general a complimentary banquet at the New Willard.

Mrs. Edith Darlington Ammon, of Pennsylvania, was chairman of the tellers. Miss Janet Richards was the official reader. The following were chairmen of important committees for the comfort and convenience of the Sixteenth Continental Congress:

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, chairman of credential committee.

Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, chairman of program committee.

Mrs. Howard L. Hodgkins, chairman of house committee.

Mrs. Charles H. Terry, chairman of house committee.

Mrs. Truman H. Newberry, chairman of reception committee.

Mrs. Amos G. Draper, chairman of souvenir committee.

Mrs. Mary Lawrence Martin, chairman of decoration committee.

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, chairman of music committee.

Mrs. Kate K. Henry, chairman of railroad committee.

Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, chairman of committee on pages.

Special services were held Sunday, April 21st, in St. John’s church for the delegates to the congress who are still in the city.
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SOCIETY, S. A. R.,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20, 1907.

Mrs. Donald McLean,
President General, D. A. R.,
The New Willard.

MY DEAR MRS. MCLEAN:

First I want to congratulate you upon the splendid endorsement given you by the "Daughters" in practically electing you unanimously for another term as their president. While there was never any doubt of this, nevertheless it must be gratifying, and I am sure I voice the sentiments of every "Son," when I say that we rejoice in all the honors shown you.

Your patriotic, brilliant and lovely talk to us last evening was an inspiration, and that I had the honor, with the assistance of my committee, of getting up an entertainment for you and your "Daughters" will long be a pleasant memory. Call on us whenever we can serve you, and accept my thanks for contributing so greatly to the success and pleasure of the occasion.

I cannot close this note without saying that I greatly appreciate the further honor conferred upon me by accepting my invitation and going with me to our Masonic fair. The fraternity holds you in high esteem, for no good Mason can be other than a patriotic citizen.

With assurances of personal esteem, I am,

Very cordially,

JNO. SPEED SMITH,
Chairman.
THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Daughters of the American Revolution
Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1905.

President General.
MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York; and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.
MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C., and
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.

MRS. JOHN R. WALKER, Missouri,
The Holland, Norfolk, Va.

MRS. MARY WOOD SWIFT, California,
824 Valencia St., San Francisco, Cal.

MRS. CHARLES H. DEERE, Illinois,

MRS. ORLANDO J. HODGE, Ohio,
1906 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

MRS. FLORENCE GRAY ESTEY, Vermont,
Brattleboro, Vermont.

MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tennessee,
237 East Terrace, Chattanooga, Tenn.

MRS. LINDSAY-PATTERSON, N. C.,
Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

MRS. JOHN CUNNINGHAM HAZEN, N. Y.,
Pelham Manor, New York.

MRS. GEORGE W. NICHOLLS, S. C.,
Spartanburg, South Carolina.

MRS. FRANKLIN E. BROOKS, Colorado,
1324 North Nevada Avenue,
Colorado Springs, Colorado.
(Term of office expires 1908.)

MRS. ROBERT EMORY PARK, Georgia, 48 Merritts Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.
MRS. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, R. I., Tiverton, Rhode Island.
MRS. TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY, Mich., 1315 16th St., Washington, D. C.
MRS. WILLIAM D. KEARFOTT, N. J., Montclair, N. J.
MRS. ROBERT EMORY PARK, Georgia, 48 Merritts Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.
MRS. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, R. I., Tiverton, Rhode Island.
MRS. TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY, Mich., 1315 16th St., Washington, D. C.
MRS. WILLIAM D. KEARFOTT, N. J., Montclair, N. J.

Miss Clara Lee Bowman, Conn., Bristol, Connecticut.
Mrs. Drayton W. Bushnell, Ia., 127 Bluff St., Council Bluffs, Iowa.
Mrs. Sallie Marshall Hardy, Ky., 701 W. Chestnut St., Louisville, Ky.
Mrs. Ira H. Evans, Texas, Austin, Texas.
Mrs. A. E. Henneberger, Va., Harrisonburg, Virginia.

Chaplain General.
Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin,
1316 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General.
Miss Elisabeth F. Pierce,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Registrar General.
Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Historian General.
Mrs. Jonathan P. Dolliver,
1415 Massachusetts Avenue,
Washington, D. C.

Miss Virginia Miller,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Treasurer General.
Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Assistant Historian General.
Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Librarian General.
Miss Aline E. Solomons,
1205 K St., Washington, D. C.

(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)

State Regents and State Vice-Regents.

Alabama, Mrs. J. Morgan Smith, South Highlands, Birmingham.
Mrs. Aurora P. McClellan, Athens.

Alaska, Mrs. Walter Talbot, 503 7th St., Phoenix.
Mrs. Frederick C. Brown, 939 West Washington St., Phoenix.

Arizona, Mrs. John McClure, Little Rock.
Mrs. Mattie Knox Hayman, Van Buren.

Arkansas, Mrs. Harry N. Gray, 2334 Steiner St., San Francisco.

California, Mrs. John Campbell, 1401 Gilpin St., Denver.
Mrs. O. W. Mallaby, 1707 Lake Ave., Pueblo.

Connecticut, Mrs. Sara Thomson Kinney, 46 Park St., New Haven.
Mrs. Tracy B. Warren, 504 Seaview Ave., Bridgeport.

Delaware, Mrs. Clarence Draper Sypherd, Dover.
Mrs. Juliet Acnes Cummings, Smyrna.

(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)
Dist. of Columbia, Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, 416 5th St., Washington.

Florida, Mrs. Howard L. Hodgens, 1830 T St., Washington.

Georgia, Mrs. James A. Rounsaville, Rome.

Idaho, Mrs. P. G. Woodsby, Coquitz.

Illinois, Mrs. Benjamin A. Fessenden, Highland Park.

Indiana, Mrs. William A. Guther, Dupont, and 317 N. Penn St., Indianapolis.

Iowa, Mrs. Rowena Edson Stevens, Boone.

Kansas, Mrs. W. E. Stanley, "Riverside," Wichita.

Kentucky, Mrs. Joseph N. McCormack, State St., Bowling Green.

Louisiana, Mrs. Charles W. Irion, 1131 Post St., Ottawa.

Maine, Mrs. William A. Guthrie, Dupont, and 317 N. Penn St., Indianapolis.

Maryland, Mrs. J. Pembroke Thom, 238 Park Ave., Baltimore.

Massachusetts, Miss Helen Shaw, Anamosa.

Michigan, Mrs. Charles H. Masury, 48 Elm St., Danvers.

Minnesota, Mrs. George L. Munn, 2 Northampton St., Easthampton.

Mississippi, Mrs. James P. Brayton, 328 S. College Ave., Grand Rapids.

Missouri, Mrs. John Edson Bell, 2401 Park Ave., Minneapolis.

Missouri, Mrs. Thomas O. Towles, Jefferson City.

Montana, Mrs. Thomas B. Tomb, 619 East 9th St., Kansas City.

Nebraska, Mrs. Stephen C. Langworthy, Seward.

New Hampshire, Mrs. John McLane, Milford.

New Jersey, Miss Ellen Mecum, Salem.

New Mexico, Mrs. L. Bradford Prince, 200 Palace Ave., Santa Fe.

New York, Mrs. Henry Roberts, 14 Clinton Place, Utica.

North Carolina, Mrs. George Phifer Erwin, Morganton.

North Dakota, Mrs. Sara M. Lounsberry, Fargo.

Ohio, Mrs. James L. Botsford, 654 Wick Ave., Youngstown.

Oregon, Mrs. Mary Phelps Montgomery, 253 7th St., Portland.

Oklahoma, Mrs. J. P. Carpenter, 312 West 19th St., Oklahoma City.


Mrs. Ellis Lewis Campbell, Waynes.
Rhode Island, Miss
MRS.
South Carolina, MRS.
MRS.
South Dakota, MRS.
Tennessee, MRS.
Miss
Texas, MRS.
Utah, MRS.
Vermont, MRS.
Virginia, MRS.
Washington, MRS.
West Virginia, MRS.
Wisconsin, MRS.
Wyoming, MRS.

OFFICIAL.

ELIZABETH H. Swizume, 115 Pelham St., Newport.
STEPHEN F. Fisk, 14 Main St., Pawtucket.
ROBERT M. BRATON, Guthriesville.
THOMAS C. ROBERTSON, 1310 Senate St., Columbia.
MRS. CRAIG S. THOMAS, Vermillion.
MRS. MARY BOYCE TEMPLE, 316 W. Cumberland St., Knoxville.
MRS. SUSIE GENTRY, Franklin.
MRS. SEABROOK W. SYDNOR, Houston.
MRS. THOMAS J. GROCE, 3112 Avenue O, Galveston.
MRS. MARY M. FERRY ALLEN, Park City.
MRS. F. STEWART STRANAHAN, St. Albans.
MRS. C. CLAYTON NELSON NORTH, Shoreham.
MRS. SAMUEL W. JAMISON, 1016 Franklin Road, Roanoke.
MRS. JOHN D. HORSLEY, 203 Federal St., Lynchburg.
MRS. THOMAS H. McCOUGHTRY, 511 North C St., Tacoma.
MRS. BALDWIN DAY SPILMAN, Parkersburg.
MRS. DOUGLAS E. NEWTON, Hartford.
MRS. THOMAS HOYT BROWN, 182 14th St., Milwaukee.
MRS. OGDEN H. FETHERS, 51 St. Lawrence Place, Janesville.
MRS. FRANK W. MONDELL, New Castle.
MRS. H. B. PATTEN, 238 West 22nd St., Cheyenne.

HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION, who is of the age of eight-teen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, provided the applicant is ac-ceptable to the Society. Family tradition alone in regard to the ser-vices of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the National So-ciety, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the “Corre-sponding Secretary General” at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washing-ton, D. C.

Applications should be made out in duplicate, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chap-ter should one be joined.

The application must be endorsed by at least one member of the So-ciety. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to “Registrar General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.”

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented.
to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances should be made to the Treasurer General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C. By a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, D. A. R., the following motion was unanimously passed:

"Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the American Monthly Magazine: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of addresses and list of officers.'"

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NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S. D. A. R.

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Wednesday, March 6, 1901.

The regular meeting of the National Board of Management was held on Wednesday, March 6th, 1907, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F street, Washington, District of Columbia. The meeting was called to order on Wednesday morning, by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

After prayer by the Chaplain General, the President General announced the following deaths which had occurred since the last meeting of the Board: Mrs. Richard R. Kenney, wife of ex-United States Senator Kenney, of Delaware, and a former chapter officer; Mrs. Robert Iredell, of Pennsylvania, who had been prominently identified with the Continental Hall work; Mrs. Washington Morton, of New York, one of the charter members of the New York City Chapter, and Mrs. Thomas Meagher, of New York, one of the most distinguished members of the Society. The President General paid her tribute of respect and sorrow at the loss of these valued members, and upon motion, the Board directed that resolutions of condolence be sent to the families of the deceased members.

The roll call was then made.

Members present: Mrs. McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs.
Hamlin, Chaplain General. Vice-Presidents General: Mrs. Brooks, Colorado; Mrs. Newberry, Michigan. State Regents: Mrs. Sypherd, Delaware; Mrs. Mussey, District of Columbia; Mrs. Thom, Maryland; Miss Mecum, New Jersey; Mrs. Patton, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Jamison, Virginia. State Vice-Regents: Mrs. Robertson, South Carolina, and Miss Cummins, Delaware, at the morning session; Mrs. Davis, Treasurer General; Mrs. Jamieson, Registrar General; Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General; Miss Solomons, Librarian General and Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and upon motion approved, with a few corrections.

The President General read telegrams from Mrs. Barker and Mrs. Bates, sending regrets for this meeting of the Board,—the latter being detained at home by illness; also announced the receipt of a letter from the State Regent of Minnesota conveying the news of the birth of a little daughter.

Mrs. Newberry moved: That an expression of congratulation be sent to the State Regent of Minnesota, Mrs. John Edson Bell, upon this happy event.

Motion carried.

The President General stated that she had many things of interest to bring to the attention of the Board, but these being principally the matter of the Jamestown Exposition and other questions that would require full and free discussion, she would now proceed without delay to the reports of officers.

REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Following the instructions of the Board, I notified the chairman of the various committees of the additions made to their respective committees, at the same time sending addresses; also sent letters of condolence on the part of the Board to the families of the deceased members, as announced at the February meeting, and acknowledged the invitations received to all State conferences. The reinstated members were promptly notified of their restoration to membership in the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, and the various departments of the office notified of the action of the Board bearing on their respective duties.

Immediately upon the adjournment of the Board I wrote to Mrs. Purcell, Chairman of the Jamestown Committee, transmitting the action of the Board in the matter of the proposed Daughters of the American Revolution building at Jamestown Island. To this letter I have not yet received a reply. I am constantly in receipt of communications relative to accommodations for the Jamestown Exposition, all of which will doubtless be useful to those members who propose visiting the Exposition at the time of the Continental Congress. These com-
munications, therefore, will be carefully preserved and filed at Memorial Continental Hall during the week of the Congress.

Number of letters and postals written, 90. Original application papers signed, 513; supplemental papers, 149; certificates of membership, 500; notification cards of membership issued from my department, 513.

Letters of regret for this meeting have been received from the following: Mrs. McCormack, State Regent of Kentucky; Mrs. Morgan Smith, Alabama; Mrs. Roberts, New York; Mrs. Sydnor, Texas; Miss Baldwin, Maine; Mrs. Guthrie, Indiana; Miss Boyce, Tennessee; Mrs. Bell, Minnesota; Miss Swinburne, Rhode Island; Mrs. Cook, Florida; Mrs. Chittenden, Michigan; Mrs. Estey, Vice-President General of Vermont; Mrs. Barker, Rhode Island; and Mrs. Bates of Massachusetts.

During this second month of the new year all America has been celebrating the birthdays of Washington, Lincoln and Longfellow,—a rich calendar month indeed, it has been! The contemplation of these lives has been an uplift and help in the daily routine of our February office work. What inspiration for service in freedom's cause was the life of the immortal Lincoln! Doubtless the fact that Craigie House, Cambridge, Longfellow's home, had been General Washington's headquarters added impetus to the patriot and poet in his poems of "Excelsior" and the noble "Ship of State." So, may we not in our Daughters of the American Revolution work pass on an inspiration as suggested in the lines of another patriot poet:

"As one lamp lights another, nor grows less,
So nobleness enkindleth nobleness."

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) Elisabeth F. Pierce,
Recording Secretary General.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: For the month of February, 1907, I have to report the following supplies sent out from my office: Application blanks, 3,419; Constitutions, 337; Circulars "How to become a Member," 304; Officers Lists, 251; Committee Lists, 251; Miss Lee's paper, 253; Circulars for same, 253; transfer cards, 115; letters received, 234; letters written, 221.

An amendment to the by-laws offered at the Continental Congress of 1906, to be acted upon at the Congress of 1907, was sent to State Regents and Chapter Regents (numbering 839) February 13th, in accordance with Article 17 of the by-laws, viz: "Amendments shall be
sent to all Chapters at least sixty days before the meeting of the Congress at which they are to be voted upon."

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) VIRGINIA MILLER,
Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT of THE REGISTRAR GENERAL: Madam President General and members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following for the past month: Applications for membership presented, 565; applications verified awaiting dues 87; applications examined, but incomplete, 134; applications received since February 25th, unexamined, 162; applications of "Real Daughters" presented 1. Permits for Insignia issued 200; permits for Recognition Pins issued 97; permits for Ancestral Bars issued 45. Certificates issued 87. Letters written 297; postals written 68.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) ELEANOR W. JAMIESON,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

Upon motion, duly seconded and carried, the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the 565 members presented in the Report of the Registrar General and the Chair declared them duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

The President General stated that there had been, upon figures received from the Registrar General's department, 7,943 members received into the Society since April, 1905, making about 8,000 acquisitions to the rolls of membership in the past two years.

The Registrar General requested permission for the purchase of two new sections for the Card Catalogue.

Mrs. Patton moved: That the request of Mrs. Jamieson for two sections of the Card Catalogue be granted, and referred to the Purchasing Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Newberry. Motion carried.

Mrs. Mussey spoke of the necessity of taking some measures for the protection of the Daughters of the American Revolution Insignia, and suggested that a recommendation on the subject be made to the next Continental Congress. This being endorsed by the Board, the President General appointed Mrs. Mussey a committee of one to look into the legal phase of this matter and report to the Board at the April meeting, with a view to presenting a recommendation to the Continental Congress.

The Registrar General presented the case of two members who had lost their certificates and asked permission to have them come in as new members after their resignation. This was granted by the Board.
REPORT OF VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: In accordance with the Congressional statute, passed February, 1896, Mrs. Agnes M. Cook is reappointed State Regent of Florida, upon the unanimous endorsement of the Chapters of her State, to fill the unexpired term of 1906-7, and confirmation of the National Board is hereby requested.

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented for confirmation:

Mrs. Eva Carey Woodbridge Victor, Alpena, Michigan; Mrs. Agnes S. Soule, Billings, Montana; Mrs. Ella C. Chambers, Aurora, Nebraska; Mrs. Maud Ellen Klotz, Huntington, Long Island; Mrs. Myra Price Vreeland, Salamanca, New York; Miss Louise Roberts, Hobart, Oklahoma; Mrs. Inez Green Howard, Tulsa, Oklahoma; Mrs. Lucilla S. Evans Magenat, Amarillo, Texas; Mrs. Kate Beatty Wheeler, Victoria, Texas; Mrs. Carrie Winchell Pember, Wells, Vermont; Mrs. Elizabeth Linnard Hildebrun Janeway, Oaks P. O., Pennsylvania; Mrs. Margaret F. Rose, Rutherford, New Jersey.

The following Chapter regencies have expired by limitation: Mrs. Adelaide S. Woods, Sacramento, California; Mrs. Emma C. P. Fowler, Chicago, Illinois; Mrs. Izelle B. B. Smith, Gloucester, Massachusetts; Mrs. Victoria S. Moone, Sherman, Texas.

Charter applications issued, 9; charters being engrossed, 6; Regents' Commissions issued, 6. Letters received, 150; letters written, 119.

In connection with the Card Catalogues there have been: Members' cards, 513; ancestors' cards, 566; corrections, 342; marriages, 136; deaths, 53; resignations, 27; dropped, 6; re-instated, 4.

Admitted membership, February 6, 1907, 59,607; actual membership, February 6, 1907, 48,570.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Main read a letter from Miss Brewer, tendering her resignation, and suggested that Miss Brewer be given her full salary for the month of February, in consideration of her long and faithful service in the department of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Miss Mecum moved: That Miss Brewer's resignation be received with much regret. Motion carried.

Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Thom, Miss Solomons, Miss Mecum and others added their tribute of appreciation to the faithful work of Miss Brewer in her ten years' service at the Daughters of the American Revolution Rooms, and Mrs. Newberry moved: That the residue of salary to Miss Brewer for the month of February be increased to $25.00.

Seconded by Mrs. Mussey. Motion carried.

Mrs. Main explained the work that had been done by Miss Brewer
in her department and stated that Mrs. Kane, who had been associated in this work, was the one most capable of filling the vacancy caused by Miss Brewer's resignation.

Miss Mecum moved: That Mrs. Kane be promoted to the position of Miss Brewer, with the same salary. Seconded by Mrs. Mussey, who, as Chairman of the Supervision Committee, announced that this was heartily endorsed by her Committee. Motion unanimously carried.

Mrs. Main, as Chairman of the Credential Committee, asked permission to have printed certain circulars giving information as to the method of procuring badges for the Continental Congress of 1907, and requested that this be attended to by the Printing Committee.

Mrs. Patton moved: That the Printing Committee be empowered to have 1,000 circulars printed as requested by Mrs. Main. Seconded by Miss Cummins. Motion carried.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.
February 1—28, 1907.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, Jan. 31, 1907, $13,230 42.

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues, $11,385; less $125 refunded, $11,260 00
Initiation fees, $609; less $14 refunded, 595 00
Certificates, 4 00
Exchange, 10
-
-
11,859 10.
-
-
$25,089 52.

EXPENDITURES.

Office of President General.

Telegrams, $8 00
Telephone messages, 2 00
Messenger service, 5 10
Furnishing material and adjusting drop light in office of President General, 2 25
Clerical services, 58 00
-
-
75 35.

Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

Expressage, $0 60
Engrossing 3 charters and 12 Chapter Regent's Commissions, 3 70.
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<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Recording Secretary General.</strong></td>
<td>Expressage, Telegrams, Engrossing ink and paper, Extra clerical service, Clerical service, stenographer</td>
<td>$0 80</td>
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<td><strong>Office of Corresponding Secretary General.</strong></td>
<td>Printing 3,000 application blanks, Printing 3,000 facsimile application blanks, Clerical service</td>
<td>$10 25</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Registrar General.</strong></td>
<td>Binding 3 vols. records, Printing 500 postals, 1,000 seals and 2 tin boxes, Car fare to Library, Extra clerical service, and use of typewriter, Clerical service</td>
<td>$9 00</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Office of Treasurer General.</strong></td>
<td>Telegram, Car fare to bank, Extra clerical service, Clerical service</td>
<td>$0 59</td>
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**OFFICIAL.**

**Office of Historian General (Lineage).**

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**Magazine.**

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<td>6 half-tone plates, 1 etching and 1 duplicate (magazine cover)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Publishing and mailing February number</td>
<td>$295.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Editor’s salary</td>
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<td>Business Manager’s salary</td>
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<td>1 copy of D.C directory</td>
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<tr>
<td>2 doz. blotters, soap powder, janitor, cartage, ice, towel and water service</td>
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<tr>
<td>Messenger service</td>
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<td>Clerical service</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$113.32</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Continental Hall.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Watchman for February, 1907</td>
<td>$8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$8.00</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sixteenth Continental Congress.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postage on amendments to the By-Laws</td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage for Credential Committee</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24 days’ clerical service for Credential Committee</td>
<td>$24.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 rubber stamp for Railroad Committee</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$46.25</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Certificates.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>$30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engrossing 897 certificates</td>
<td>$67.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$97.28</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Postage.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>President General’s office</td>
<td>$28.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters’ office</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recording Secretary General’s office</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Registrar General’s office</td>
<td>$3.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treasurer General’s office</td>
<td>$1.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Office</td>
<td>$2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On blanks and constitutions</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$63.47</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Support of “Real Daughters.”

Support of nine “Real Daughters,” ........... $72 00
Rent of telephone for February, 1907, and 1 toll
message in December, 1906, .................. $8 15
Rent of offices for February, 1907, ............ $229 65

Total expenses, ................................ $2,652 18

Balance February 28, 1907—
In National Metropolitan Bank, ............... $5,575 67
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank, ......... 16,861 67

$22,437 34

Fort Crailo Fund.
Balance in bank at last report, ................ $54 15

PERMANENT FUND.
Balance in bank at last report, Jan. 31, 1907, .... $22,506 27

REceIPTS.

Charter Fees.
Sarah Whitman Hooker Chapter, Connecticut, .... $5 00
Emily Nelson Chapter, District of Columbia, ...... 5 00
Ann Haynes Chapter, Missouri, .................. 5 00

$15 00

Life Membership Fees.
Mrs. Gertrude M. Beans, at large, California, ...... $25 00
Miss Nellie K. Bauserman, Denver Chapter, Colorado, ................ 12 50
Miss Anne W. Wilson, Mary Washington Chapter, District of Columbia, ........ 12 50
Mrs. Anita B. Dawson, Kettle Creek Chapter, Georgia, .................. 12 50
Mrs. Anna D. Hughes, Mary Hammond Washington Chapter, Georgia, ........ 12 50
Mrs. Eva J. C. Maple, Lucretia Leffingwell Chapter, Illinois, ................ 12 50
Mrs. Edith W. Colville, Rebecca Parke Chapter, Illinois, .................. 12 50
Miss Elwinor Cartwell Brown, Council Bluffs Chapter, Iowa, ............... 12 50
Miss Elva D. Bond, Denison Chapter, Iowa, ............ 12 50
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Chapter/Chapter</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Miss Margaret King</td>
<td>Denison Chapter</td>
<td>Iowa</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Marie B. Bowie</td>
<td>Baltimore Chapter</td>
<td>Maryland</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Helen M. Ramsdell</td>
<td>Col. Loammi Baldwin Chapter</td>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Ella L. T. Baldwin</td>
<td>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter</td>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Fannie M. Bullock</td>
<td>Mercy Warren Chapter</td>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Sarah S. Brayton</td>
<td>Quequechan Chapter</td>
<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Elizabeth Blocher Crump</td>
<td>at large, Mexico</td>
<td></td>
<td>25 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Annette Richards</td>
<td>Sophie de Marsac Campau Chapter</td>
<td>Michigan</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Lulu Van Horn</td>
<td>Charter Oak Chapter</td>
<td>Minnesota</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Mary Lee Lockwood</td>
<td>Charter Oak Chapter</td>
<td>Minnesota</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Ethel Arnold Taber</td>
<td>at large, Minnesota</td>
<td></td>
<td>25 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Emily Munro Seymour</td>
<td>Onondaga Chapter</td>
<td>New York</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Elizabeth Croghan Kennedy</td>
<td>Col. George Croghan Chapter</td>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Eliza Le Brun Miller</td>
<td>Columbus Chapter</td>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Nella Marguerita Simth</td>
<td>George Clinton Chapter</td>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Althea Moore Smith</td>
<td>George Clinton Chapter</td>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Elizabeth Alice Oldham</td>
<td>Muskingum Chapter</td>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Tarbell</td>
<td>Western Reserve Chapter</td>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss H. Taylor</td>
<td>Western Reserve Chapter</td>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Mary Templin Jarden</td>
<td>Chester County Chapter</td>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Sarah E. I. Van Tassel</td>
<td>Ft. McClure Chapter</td>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Mary Harris Pearson</td>
<td>Harrisburg Chapter</td>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Margaret Haldeman</td>
<td>Harrisburg Chapter</td>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Elizabeth Burt Mellor</td>
<td>Pittsburgh Chapter</td>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Jean McLean Swan Clark</td>
<td>Pittsburgh Chapter</td>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Martha Souder</td>
<td>Quaker City Chapter</td>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>12 50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Mrs. Annie Lee Steele Adams, Pawtucket Chapter, Rhode Island, 12 50
Miss Anna R. Whitney, Pawtucket Chapter, Rhode Island, 12 50

Continental Hall Contributions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chapter</th>
<th>Contribution</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anne Brewster Fanning Chapter, Connecticut</td>
<td>$5 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fanny Ledyard Chapter, Connecticut</td>
<td>30 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Helen Pooke Kane, District of Columbia</td>
<td>1 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Lilliam R. Messenger, commission on sale of “The Heroine of the Hudson,” District of Columbia</td>
<td>1 60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Faneuil Hall Chapter, Massachusetts</td>
<td>15 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hannah Goddard Chapter, Massachusetts</td>
<td>25 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Old Colony Chapter, Massachusetts</td>
<td>50 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benjamin Franklin Chapter, Mexico</td>
<td>68 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anthony Wayne Chapter, Minnesota</td>
<td>5 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laclede Chapter, Missouri</td>
<td>8 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Caroline V. Lewis, Missouri</td>
<td>2 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Harriet Rowley, Missouri</td>
<td>2 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rumford Chapter, New Hampshire</td>
<td>25 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York City Chapter, New York, on account of Museum</td>
<td>500 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Sarah K. Fellows, of New York City Chapter, New York, on account of Museum</td>
<td>5 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lagonda Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td>15 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Martha Pitkin Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td>25 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Du Bois Chapter, for the grounds, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>50 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canadohta Chapter, on account of front vestibule, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>25 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Col. William Montgomery Chapter, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>9 82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spirit of Liberty Chapter, Utah</td>
<td>25 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Commission on Recognition Pins, 11 40

$500 00

Expenditures.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Third payment on account of rear pavilions</td>
<td>$4,530 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second payment on account of heating contract</td>
<td>2,850 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$7,380 00

Cash balance on deposit in banks, Feb. 28, 1907, $16,545 24

Permanent Investment.

5,000 par value Chicago & Alton R. R. 3% bonds, $4,000 60
Since closing the books for February, I have paid bills out of the Permanent Fund to the extent of $4,810.00, as follows:

- On account of rear pavilions, $3,570.00
- On account of heating contract, 1,240.00

This reduces our cash balance in banks to $11,735.24, which is distributed as follows:

- American Security & Trust Co., $1,701.92
- Washington Loan & Trust Co., 5,016.66
- National Safe Deposit Savings & Trust Co., 5,016.66

As we have only $1,701.92 in the American Security & Trust Co., and as all bills for the construction of Continental Hall are paid by check on that bank, I would respectfully ask the National Board of Management for instructions as to how to meet the next bills presented for payment.

At the conclusion of the reading of the report of the Treasurer General the question was brought up as to the possibility of any occasion arising which might require the expenditure of further moneys, and Mrs. Lockwood suggested that some provision be made for this.

The Chair stated that so far as she was aware there would be no payment necessary for Continental Hall before the 1st of April, but at the same time it might be well to guard any possible contingency, and act upon Mrs. Lockwood's suggestion.

As chairman of the Finance Committee, Mrs. Main moved: That in case an emergency arises, the Treasurer General is hereby instructed to transfer from the National Savings and Trust Company's Bank to the American Security and Trust Company's Bank. Seconded by Mrs. Mussey. Motion carried.

The Treasurer General read the list of reinstated members. It was moved and carried that these members be restored to the rolls of membership of the Society, also read the resignations, which were, upon motion, accepted.

After the announcement of the deaths, the Board, at the suggestion of the President General, arose in token of respect.

It was then moved and carried that the report of the Treasurer General be accepted.
Members of the National Board of Management: It is with very deep regret that I find I am unable to be present with the National Board for the March meeting. This is unavoidable and I therefore send my very cordial greeting to each member.

The twenty-third and twenty-fourth volumes of the Lineage Book have been read, corrected, and are now at the printer's. The work has been much retarded by failure of members to reply when requests for further information have been sent. However, with the completion of these volumes, there has been great satisfaction that so much data has been acquired. The work of the office has progressed most satisfactorily, and lest the opportunity may not present itself again before my retirement from office I wish to commend most heartily the untiring and most effective work of the compiler, Mrs. Johnston. I would personally feel gratified if at the close of my administration you would consider the promotion of Mrs. Johnston, who has been in our service eleven years, and during that time has received but one promotion, and that six years ago.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

LOUISE P. DOLLIVER,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

It was moved and carried that the report of the Historian General be accepted and the recommendation therein contained be referred to the Committee on Supervision.

Mrs. Lockwood made a short oral report of her work as Compiler of the Report of the National Society to the Smithsonian Institution, and brought to the attention of the Board the photograph of Memorial Continental Hall, which, according to the action of the Board, at the previous meeting, had been taken for a frontispiece of the Report. This was the work of Miss Frances Johnston, and was submitted to the Board. It gave universal satisfaction and was highly commended for its artistic worth.

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management, I have the honor to present the following report of the accessions to the library since the February meeting:

BOOKS.


Vital Records of Lynn, Mass., to 1850. Vol. 1. Published by Essex Institute, 1905.


Vital Records of Wenham, Mass., to 1850. Published by Essex Institute. Salem, 1904.


Pamphlets.

Oration delivered at the Centennial commemoration of the Battle of Blue Licks. By John Mason Brown.

History of Old South Church. Boston, 1876.


The above three pamphlets were presented by Elizabeth B. Johnston.


History of Stowe, Vt., to 1869. From Miss Hemenway’s Vermont Historical Gazetteer, vol. 2.


Year books have been received from 8 chapters.

Periodicals.

Bulletin New York Public Library, .........................February
Connecticut Magazine, ...................................No. 1, vol. 11
Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography, ............October
Old Northwest Genealogical Quarterly, .......................January

The above accessions comprise 30 books, 8 pamphlets and 4 periodicals. 11 books were presented, 15 received in exchange and 4 purchased. 7 pamphlets were presented and 1 received in exchange.

Respectfully submitted,

ALINE E. SOLOMONS,
Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

The Recording Secretary General presented the case of Mrs. Mary Matilda Burch of Washington, District of Columbia, for a pension, Mrs. Burch being an indigent “Real Daughter.”

Miss Mecum moved that a pension be granted this “Real Daughter.” The case of three others were then brought to the Board, viz: Mrs. Mary B. Dudley, Plattsburg, Missouri; Mrs. Mary G. Hurlbert, New York, and Mrs. Ann Prentice, of Massachusetts.

The necessary data and affidavits having accompanied these requests for a pension, it was moved and carried that the Treasurer General
be authorized to give a pension of eight dollars per month to the above “Real Daughters.”

The President General expressed her gratification at the care and assistance given by the Society to its needy “Real Daughters” and spoke of this as being one of the most commendable features of the Society’s work.

At a quarter to one o’clock Mrs. Thom moved to take a recess until half past two.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, March 6, 1907.

The adjourned meeting was called to order on Wednesday afternoon by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean, who requested the reports of committees.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE: Madam President and Ladies of the National Board of Management: Your Finance Committee reports the authorization of bills for February to the amount of $2,700.98, of which the largest items were:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pay roll</td>
<td>$1,088 77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing magazine (January)</td>
<td>344 47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing Magazine (February)</td>
<td>295 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent</td>
<td>229 65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Chairman Finance Committee.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE AUDITING COMMITTEE: This was presented in the form of the following letter from the Auditor:

Mrs. Theodore C. Bates,
Vice-President Gen. N. S. D. A. R., and
Chairman Auditing Committee,
Washington, D. C.

MADAM: I have examined the accounts of the Treasurer General of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution for the Month of February, 1907, and so far as the work has progressed, have found the books in good condition.

I have examined the account with the National Metropolitan Bank, and find that, after deducting from the balance as shown upon the bank deposit book the outstanding checks not yet presented for payment, amounting in all to $1,601.28, the balance agrees with that shown upon the Treasurer-General’s Cash Book, namely: $5,575.67, with the exception that there is twenty cents more on deposit in the bank than the Treasurer General’s books call for due to the error which occurred a year or more ago, and to which I have referred before.

I am at the present time in the midst of the examination of the ac-
counts with the other banks, together with the remaining work necessary to complete the audit for the month of February. Owing to the very few days intervening between the first of the month and the date of the Board meeting, it has been impossible to finish the work in this brief period.

It is my intention to report to the Board in the month of April a summary of the results of the audit of the accounts of the Treasurer General for the six months ending March 31, 1907.

Very respectfully,

(Signed) J. E. BATES, Auditor.

Report accepted.

Miss Solomons, on the part of the Printing Committee, reported that she had visited the printing house of Mr. George E. Howard, to ascertain what plates of the Society he had in his possession, and he had promised to write to the Committee, furnishing this information.

The President General addressed the Board as follows:

You will remember that at the last meeting of the Board there was a long discussion, in which I was obliged to relate the fact that up to that time the Daughters of the American Revolution building at Jamestown had not been commenced, and we felt that this placed us in an embarrassing position, for fear the building might not be finished in time for the Exposition. Of course the Raleigh House was given up, for the reasons that had been stated by the Chairman of the Committee. We then discussed this in full and the issue was a telegram sent on the Wednesday evening, upon the adjournment of the Board,—as requested by the Board,—to the Chairman, Mrs. Purcell, requesting her to answer by Thursday morning. The minutes of that meeting show there was no answer and I did not receive a reply to the telegram promptly. You will remember that Mrs. Mussey offered a resolution to the effect that if no contract had been signed that this matter be postponed until the Continental Congress, and at the suggestion of Mrs. Lockwood this resolution was embodied in a letter sent to Mrs. Purcell on this subject. It was some time before I received a reply; but I will read you the answer to this letter. (The President General then read the letter to the Board.) Mrs. Purcell stated that she was not at home when the telegram arrived and she received the letter and telegram at the same time. Of course we can do nothing further, as we discussed this matter in full at a previous meeting. The Chairman of the Committee says it is expected the building will be ready by May 11th. In connection with this Jamestown matter, I would state that I have received formal announcement from the Exposition authorities that this will be open on April 26th. There are two things I would like to suggest about that; one is in relation to the railroad rates. I have received telegrams from different parts of the country, asking for an extension of the tickets in order to cover the necessary time for visiting the Jamestown Exposition, and, as you know, the railroad agents are the only ones who can extend the tickets. Yesterday Mrs.
Henry, Chairman of the Committee on Transportation and Railroads, approached me and asked if I thought a method could be followed,—which I will explain to you later,—to enable us to have the round trip tickets extended so that visitors can go down on the opening day of the Exposition when I think the Daughters of the American Revolution through the Chairman, Mrs. Purcell, expect to have some ceremonies. The Chairman of the Railroad Committee has been endeavoring to obtain an extension of the tickets for this purpose and suggests the postponement of the opening of the Congress by several days; that is, instead of opening on Monday, as heretofore, to open on the 22nd. I simply present this to you as a proposition of the Chairman of the Railroad Committee.

This was discussed at length by the Board. The consensus of opinion being that a change of date in the opening of the Congress would be unwise in view of the fact that all the preliminaries have been made for the opening on Monday, April 15th, the Chair was requested to reply to the Chairman of the Railroad Committee to this effect.

The President General presented to the Board an inquiry from Mrs. Purcell as to whether the Board desired to charter a boat for transportation up and down the Island the week of the Congress, explaining this in detail, and stated that it was her intention to be present at the opening on April 26th, and hoped to see other members of the Society. No action was taken upon this suggestion of engaging the boat.

The President General also inquired if the Board desired to discuss any plans for a Daughters of the American Revolution celebration the week following the Congress, also brought to the Board a proposition that had been made for having a luncheon served each day during the Exposition, and thus bring in something for the Continental Hall fund. It was decided that all of these matters be left to the judgment of the Jamestown Committee.

The President General read to the Board a letter from the Daughters of the Confederacy extending an invitation and the hospitality of their building on the grounds of the Jamestown Exposition to the Daughters of the American Revolution during the Exposition. It was moved and carried That a vote of thanks be sent on the part of the Board for this courteous invitation.

Mrs. Mussey announced that the District Daughters had offered a prize for the best essay on the qualities for the making of an American citizen,—this to be given by Mrs. Smallwood, of the Constitution Chapter,—and the ceremonies to take place at the Franklin School at 8.30.

Mrs. Patton moved: A vote of appreciation of the action of the District Daughters of the American Revolution in offering a prize for the best essay on the making of an American citizen by a pupil in the District foreign night class. Seconded by Mrs. Newberry. Motion carried.

The President General presented a request from the Matthew Thorn-
ton Chapter of Nashua, New Hampshire, for the admission of a "Real Son of the Revolution" as an honorary member of the Chapter.

After some discussion, Mrs. Main moved: That the Chapter be notified that it is impossible for a Son of the Revolution to be made a member of this Society, but the National Board of Management sends a greeting to this Son, and suggests that he be invited to attend the Chapter meetings. Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.

Mrs. Mussey reported that she had visited the Post Office Department and inquired into the postal irregularities, causing loss of mail at the office, and that she had received every assurance that the postal authorities would use all possible effort to remedy this trouble. Mrs. Mussey hoped to report more fully at the next meeting of the Board on this subject.

Miss Mecum gave a short Report on the stationery—action thereon to be taken later.

An inquiry being made as to the contract with Caldwell & Co. for furnishing a certain quality of paper, and there being no information given on this point, the President General appointed Miss Mecum and Miss Pierce a committee of two to look into the matter of the supposed contract and report later to the Board.

Mrs. Newberry, as Chairman of the Committee to adjust the matter of the reissue of the charter of the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter, read the Committee's report to the Board.

Mrs. Patton moved that this report of Mrs. Newberry be accepted with a vote of thanks for her trouble in adjusting the matter.

Mrs. Main suggested that the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters be permitted to secure a larger parchment than is usually used, and after having it engraved from the regular plate of the Society, send it to the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter to have the names engrossed thereon; afterwards returning it to this office for examination, and if found correct, the names of the national officers be signed thereon and the seal of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution be affixed; all expenses incurred thereby to be borne by the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter.

This was ordered by general consent of the Board, and the Committee empowered to act in the matter.

Mrs. Main read a letter from a Rhode Island chapter, requesting permission to incorporate under the laws of that state, in the matter of holding certain property; also a letter from a Chapter in San Antonio, Texas, asking if the Chapters of the State have the authority to raise money for the College of Industrial Arts and Crafts.

It was moved and carried that the Chapter in Rhode Island desiring to purchase property be granted permission, as requested, to incorporate under the laws of Rhode Island.

Instructions were given to inform the Chapter in Texas that the matter they inquire about is a matter for the chapter to decide, not in a Daughters of the American Revolution capacity, but individually,
and that they cannot act officially as having the sanction of the Board in raising money for the College of Industrial Arts and Crafts.

The drawing of seats for the Continental Congress of 1907 was next taken up, the State Regent, or State Vice-Regent, or Vice-President General drawing for their respective states, when present, and in their absence the Recording Secretary General drew the numbers, except when some national officer had been requested by the State Regent to draw.

The President General called for the reading of the action of the Congress relative to the seating of delegates and the drawing was conducted in conformity with the standing rule accepted at the Fifteenth Continental Congress, on motion of Mrs. Wiles, of Illinois, as follows:

Resolved, That in seating the delegates to the Continental Congress, the numbers from one to twenty-five be placed in one lot, and the numbers from twenty-five to fifty in another lot and that the State Regents who drew the last half of the numbers for the Fifteenth Congress draw only from the first half for the Sixteenth Congress, and those who drew the first half for the Fifteenth Congress draw only from the last half.

Resolved, Further, That a similar rule of rotation be followed in future Congresses. Motion carried.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from Miss Temple, State Regent of Tennessee, sending regrets for this meeting of the Board, and stating that through a resolution endorsed by the Chapters of the State, upon her request, an appropriation for a Jamestown exhibit was carried out by the Legislature, with an amendment by Mrs. Bryan, giving $700 to the Daughters of the American Revolution for the historical and relics exhibit.

The matter of the election of the Congressional Stenographer was presented to the Board.

Mrs. Main moved: That Miss Wilcox be appointed stenographer for the Sixteenth Continental Congress at $425, as per her application.

Seconded by Miss Mecum. Motion carried.

Miss Pierce moved: That Miss Janet Richards be engaged as official reader for the Sixteenth Continental Congress at the salary of $100.

Seconded by Mrs. Main and Mrs. Lockwood. Motion carried.

Touching the matter of the expense to be incurred by the House Committee for the Continental Congress, Mrs. Mussey moved: That the Treasurer General be directed to advance the sum of $150 to the Chairman of the House Committee of the next Continental Congress for contingent funds of the Sixteenth Continental Congress.

Seconded by Mrs. Patton. Motion carried.

There being no further business before the Board, it was moved and carried at half past five o'clock to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) ELISABETH F. PIERCE, Recording Secretary General.

Report unanimously approved April 3, 1907.
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