Memorial Continental Hall, February, 1907.
An Easter Greeting

say the deepest, truest Easter joys come to all! Exultant faith regnant over despairing death; Easter sun after winter gloom; vital pulses after rigid lethargy. Life! life! life!—and all it means of endeavor now and fruition to come!

Your President General

Emily Nelson Ritchie McLean

April, nineteen hundred and seven
COLONIAL BOOKPLATES.

By Helen Frances Brockett, Orange Mountain Chapter.

Of all forms of bookplates, the simplest is the printed name. This shows the bookplate’s principal mission, to proclaim the ownership of the book in which it is seen. The old type-set labels, with quaint borders of ornamental scrolls and vines, served the less pretentious of our ancestors of New England, who harbored prejudices against coats of arms and all things pertaining to royalty. Some owners considered it necessary to have added to their names, cautions against improper handling of books:

If thou are borrowed by a friend
    Right welcome shall he be
To read, to study, not to lend,
    And to return to me.

The southern colonies contained more men of wealth and leisure. They brought their books and musical instruments
with them from England; ordered their clothing and the luxuries of life from their far-a-way home, retaining their connection by correspondence, visits, and by sending their sons to English universities and law schools to be educated. Their bookplates having been made in England were better in design than those of the north and were heraldically correct.

In time the northern colonists forgot many of their early prejudices against English customs and their pride of ancestry became apparent. The prominent families of the north appropriated the armorial plates of their ancestors because it recalled “the days of yore when armored knight and steed went forth to right the wrongs that cried out for redress.”

In England in the fifteenth century while reading and writing were not universal, but confined to the clergy, lawyers, men of education and women of literary tastes, families of wealth and high degree were distinguished by their emblems of heraldry—their coats of arms served as their names in picture-writing. These were blazoned on their shields and banners in tournaments, on their equipages, furniture, table silver, costumes, bookcovers, and finally on paper pasted into their books.

The northern colonists, with the true independent spirit, had their plates made by American engravers, who were self-taught, inferior artisans, having no proper tools, and were deficient in the knowledge of the fundamental laws of heraldry.
Therefore the difference is strongly marked between these plates and the English-made plates of the southern colonists.

The earliest dated American plate is 1679, and belonged to the Rev. John Williams, the first minister in Deerfield, Massachusetts, who was carried, with his wife and children, into captivity by the Indians. On his return he wrote "The Redeemed Captive." The next plate was that of the Rev. John Murray, the father of American Universalism, who, though welcomed in New York, was greeted with a shower of stones when he first preached in Boston.

William Penn, the Quaker, governor of Pennsylvania, used his coat of arms, with the motto "While I hold to glory, let me hold to right."

Theodore Atkinson, secretary of New Haven Colony; John Franklin and his brother, Benjamin; John Rutherford, a proprietor of East Jersey; Thomas Pownall, lieutenant governor
of United Jersey; William Denney and William Keith, both governors of Pennsylvania; Joseph Dudley, governor of Massachusetts; Jonathan Belcher, governor of both Massachusetts and New Hampshire—all of these and many other Colonial governors owned plates, which have been preserved through the years of strife and conflict.

The Harvard, William and Mary, Princeton and Yale libraries all suffered the loss of books, while many private collections were also ruthlessly demolished by the British during the Revolution. John Pintard used to remark that he had seen the British soldiers carrying away books from King's College to barter for grog. Myles Cooper, the second president of that college, was a royalist, and became involved, in 1774, in a political controversy with Alexander Hamilton, an undergraduate. Cooper hastily fled to England. His house and property with books and plates were confiscated—as were all goods belonging to tories. The King's College buildings were seized by the committee of safety for hospital purposes, and the institution reopened in 1784, under a state charter as Columbia College.

A prominent royalist and refugee, who owned a plate, was John Vassal, whose mansion at Cambridge was confiscated and used as headquarters by General Washington and later became the home of the poet, Longfellow.

In the belfry of the old South Church, Boston, Pastor Thomas Prince stored his valuable books, which were considered the finest private library known in Colonial times—each book contained his plate. The British wantonly destroyed most of these books—the few remaining ones may be seen in the Boston public library.

The New York society library was founded in 1758. Their bookplate is of Chippendale style, with four quarterings, representing Astronomy, Geography, Mathematics and Literature. Mercury and Minerva support the frame; Apollo sits above and beneath appears the city of Athens, suggesting that New York was a modern Athens.

Even more depredations were committed in the southern cities by the English soldiers. They despoiled many buildings,
both public and private, ruining books, records and paintings—so that the early American bookplates, at first not very numerous, were reduced by the wholesale.

On the bookplates in possession of fortunate collectors, we find the names of patriots, orators, statesmen, officials of state and nation, members of congress and signers of the Declaration of Independence. Among the latter are John Adams, Charles Carroll and George Wythe, of Virginia; William Hooper, from North Carolina; George Taylor and Benjamin Rush, from Pennsylvania; Samuel Chase, from Maryland; Thomas Hayward, from South Carolina; Oliver Wolcott, Connecticut; Francis Hopkinson and Richard Stockton, from New Jersey.

Through Longfellow, we have heard of the “Midnight Ride of Paul Revere,” and a few cherished pieces of silverware have remained to us of his trade, but we have been slow to realize
the remarkable abilities and attainments of this ardent patriot, the extent and importance of the services he rendered in the cause of liberty previous and subsequent to his memorable ride. His sphere was outside that of the great leader of state-craft and battle, but it was none the less effective and indispensable. Paul Revere learned the trade of goldsmith and silversmith at his father's shop. The varied operations of such work at a time when appliances were few and primitive, developed his mechanical powers. Revere made the tools and presses by hand, his ability as a graver led to his being employed in printing the paper money for the commonwealth of Massachusetts. Pictorial illustration, in those days was limited to a very few processes. Wood engraving had been highly developed by only a few great masters, and as commonly practiced was crude and unsatisfactory.

The bookplates by Paul Revere are valuable to-day, not on account of the artistic workmanship, which is quite poor, but because every American loves the memory of the man who rode throughout the night to awaken every Middlesex village and farm, and thus by his heroism and self-denial to save the life of our nation.

Closely connected with this account, is the plate of Robert Jenkins, one of the warders of Christ Church, in which were hung Paul Revere's lanterns, "one if by land, and two if by sea."

In Connecticut there were but three engravers on metal prior to the Revolution. The earliest of these was Amos Doolittle, who during the battle of Concord and Lexington was a member of the second company of the governor's "Foot Guards." Five bookplates signed by him are known, besides many engraved portraits of Washington, Jonathan Trumbull, other noted men, and views and maps.

The second, Connecticut engraver was the versatile Joel Allen, who assisted his father in a store, kept the books, repaired clocks, watches and pipe organs. In the Revolution, he served as a fifer in the company of Noahdiah Hooker.

The third Connecticut engraver, Richard Brunton, used his skill in counterfeiting paper money and was sent to Newgate
prison for two years. While there, he turned his talent to engraving various views of the jail, surroundings, and the likeness of the keeper of the prison, Major Reuben Humphreys, who received his rank at the battle of Long Island.

Last September, I visited Newgate and saw the prison built round the shaft of the abandoned copper mine. Fifty feet below the surface I climbed, and surrounded by the ever-dripping walls of rock, saw the cells, where the tory prisoners, always wearing shackles, mined the copper.

Richard Brunton engraved a bookplate for Elijah Backus, who sold his island in the Ohio river to Herman Blennerhassett, the friend of Aaron Burr.

Another plate engraved by Brunton was that for the son of Colonel James Frye, one of the heroes of the battle of Bunker Hill.

Other plates by Brunton were for Timothy Hall, who served as surgeon in the Revolutionary war and witnessed the execution of André; for Jonathan Knight, who served in the Continental Army as surgeon’s mate of the fourth regiment of Connecticut line; for Captain Gideon Leavenworth, who was wounded at the battle of White Plains; for the Rev. Daniel Waldo, who was imprisoned in the old Sugar House; in New
York, but unlike the other prisoners confined there his health was not impaired, as he lived to be 101 years old.

Philip Brasher was another prisoner in the Sugar House who owned a bookplate, but his was not by Brunton.

Among other soldiers of the Revolution owning bookplates were the New York men, Charles Read and his son Colonel Read; Dr. John Beatty, who rose to rank of colonel during the Revolution and was a delegate to the Continental Con-

gress; Major Joseph Bloomfield, at one time governor of New Jersey; Beasley; Ogden; Trenchard; the Hon. Joseph Wallace; Elias Boudinot, who was appointed commissary general of the prisons, during the Revolutionary war, was president of congress in 1782, and in that capacity was sent to sign the treaty of peace; James Bayard, a Delaware statesman, leader of the Federal party and one of the negotiators of the treaty of Ghent. There was Dr. John Jeffries, the surgeon, who recognized the body of General Joseph Warren after the battle of Bunker Hill. There were Colonels Varick, Wood, Preston and Elliot; James Swan, a member of the Boston Tea Party, afterwards wounded in the battle of Bunker Hill; Major William Jackson; Major General John Sullivan; Dr. John Lamb, who became a general; Jonathan Mason, a witness of
the Boston Massacre; Morgan Lewis, one of the staff of General Gates; Eli Forbes, chaplain during the Revolution and missionary to the Indians; Captain Isaac Hayne, who was brutally hanged by the British at Charleston; the gallant General Hugh Mercer, who suggested to Washington, the daring plan of crossing the river and who was killed at the battle of Princeton; Major General Philip Schuyler; John C. TenBroeck, a soldier of ability, who was with Washington at Vailey Forge.

The war of the Revolution naturally affected the native production of bookplates. But when a few years afterward, Bos-

![George Washington's Book Plate](image)
sign is the pure Chippendale style; the arms are displayed on a shield of shell-like form, with sprays and rose branches to ornament the sides of the escutcheon and the motto, “The end shows the deed,” is given in Latin on a ribbon at the base of the shield; his name is engraved in facsimile of his signature.

There is a question as to whether this plate was engraved in England— or in America. Washington, like other Virginia gentlemen, before the Revolution was in the habit of ordering goods every year from London. Washington was a very methodical man, and the fact that no entry of an expense for a bookplate is found among the papers existing of his London orders and his household accounts, leads us to believe that it was a gift; and the workmanship of the coat of arms of the bookplate differing from the London-made seal and ring, gives rise to the belief that an American artisan engraved the bookplate for the “Father of his Country.”

OUR EMBLEM.

CLARA TREADWAY WEIR.

Our emblem is a golden wheel,
Banded with deepest blue;
Each shining spoke tipped with a star,—
The distaff showing through.
The only jewel in the world
That money cannot buy,
Without such proof of ancestry,
As no one can deny.

It glows on many a bosom
(In silken garments dressed),
Of many a proud-faced daughter,
More favored than the rest.
They gladly do it honor,
And give it place to shine,
In all its blue, gold beauty
And simple, quaint design.
It shines on many a bosom
Of daughters, who, each day,
Must toil and strive with hand and brain,
Upon life's weary way.
Untold, the pride and pleasure
And honor which they feel,
In wearing that which levels all,—
The distaff and the wheel.

That emblem tells a story
Each one can understand,
This woman has descended
From a hero of our land;
From one of those who fought and bled
And died, perchance, that we
Should reap of his great sacrifice,
A Nation's liberty.

It tells of Washington and those
Whom he inspired on earth;
Of how those patriots fought and died,
To give our land its birth,—
Starving, ill-clad, they struggled,
Upon the land and sea,
The God of battle granted them
Triumphant victory.

And now our flag we love so well,
In glorious beauty waves,
Over the land which holds and guards
So many patriot graves.
Their daughters wear this emblem
And with steadfast faith they pray
That for our Nation's honor,
We be brave and true, as they.

The New Jersey Daughters of the American Revolution, at their annual meeting held March 5, 1907, adopted resolutions expressing their deep appreciation of the services of Mrs. Donald McLean as their president general and most heartily endorsed her for a second term.
LETTER OF MARTHA WASHINGTON.

Mount Vernon, December 31st, 1799.

SIR:

While I feel with keenest anguish
the late Disposition of Divine Providence, I
cannot be insensible to the mournful tributes
of respect and veneration which are paid to
the memory of my dear deceased Husband—and
as his best services and most anxious wishes
were always devoted to the welfare and happiness
of his country—to know that they were truly
appreciated and gratefully remembered affords
no inconsiderable consolation.

Taught by the great example which
I have so long had before me never to oppose my
private wishes to the public will—I must
consent to the request made by congress—
which you have had the goodness to transmit
to me—and in doing this I need not—I
cannot say what a sacrifice of individual
feeling I make to the sense of public duty.

With grateful acknowledgement
and unfeigned thanks for the personal
respect and evidences of condolence expres-
sed by congress, and your self,

I remain, very respectfully

Your most obedient & humble

servant,

Martha Washington.

The above is an exact copy of what is reasonably considered
to be the only letter and signature of Martha Washington in
existence. It was lately discovered at the national capitol, by
W. H. French, a clerk of the department of files. It was
found hidden away, among other musty archives, and is given
verbatim, in spelling, punctuation, and arrangement of words
and lines.

Louise Snow,
Tioga Chapter.
REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War for American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

In 1901 a committee was appointed by the Frances Dighton Williams Chapter, of Bangor, Maine, to hunt up the records and to identify the graves of soldiers of the Revolutionary war, who might be laid to rest in this vicinity.

Thirty-nine have thus far been marked, and we hope to carry on the good work in the future.

Markers placed in 1901 were as follows:

CAPTAIN WILLIAM HAMMOND, who was born in Newton, Massachusetts, July 14, 1740, died in Bangor, Maine, March 30, 1814. He was a sergeant on the Lexington alarm roll of Capt. Wiswell’s Co., which marched April 19, 1775, from Newton.

He appears with rank of captain, as commissary on muster and pay roll of field and staff officers of Colonel Whitney’s regiment, his commission being signed by John Hancock. He organized a company of which he was captain, fitting it out at his own expense. He was one of the selectmen of Newton, loaning the town large sums of money to pay the soldiers. On November 30, 1797, he was elected an agent to the general court of Massachusetts by the town of Bangor, Maine.

MAJOR PARK HOLLAND was born in Shrewsbury, Massachusetts, in 1752—died in Bangor, Maine, May, 1849.

He held the rank of sergeant, lieutenant and paymaster in the Revolutionary army. He was a member of the famous society of the “Cincinnati.”

He and Jonathan Maynard surveyed large tracts of land in the state of Maine, including the east branch of the Penobscot river and the town of Bangor. Many of his plans and surveys are still used for reference.

A monument, erected by the Society of the Cincinnati, marks his resting place.

CAPTAIN WILLIAM FORBES was born in Westboro, Massachusetts, in 1762, died in Bangor, May 15, 1843. He moved to Bangor in 1799, and
REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS.

lived in the first frame house built in this town. He was postmaster in 1804, also one of the founders of the Unitarian society in this city. One of his daughters was the wife of Hon. Albert G. Wakefield, another married Rev. Richard Woodhull of the Bangor Theological seminary. He rendered valuable service to his country during the Revolutionary war. A headstone marks this grave.

Benjamin Rose was born in 1751. He lived at the Rose tavern, Bangor. He died there in 1849; enlisted under Washington, coming this way with the “Penobscot Expedition.” He is buried in the Stiles lot at Mt. Hope. There is no stone, but a marker with nameplate has been placed at his grave.

Captain John Harlow was born in Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1761, and was one of the minute men of April 19, 1775. His pay roll is dated September 27th, 1782. He came with his brother, Nathaniel, to Bangor, in 1789.

He was captain of the packet running between Bangor and Boston from which he probably got the title of captain. He died in Bangor, February, 1836; a headstone marks his grave.

James Mayhue was born in 1759. Bought lot No. 63 in Bangor in 1786. He served in the Revolutionary war with the rank of matross, died in Bangor in 1840, and is buried in lot No. 550, Mt. Hope cemetery. There is no stone but a nameplate is on the marker.

Major Nathaniel Parsons, resident of Massachusetts, died in Bangor, Maine, October 11, 1822. He was ensign and adjutant in Colonel Marshall’s regiment; return of field and staff officers commissioned for January, 1779, dated West Point. Appointed November 1, 1777.

Robert Mann, born 1788. He was in the war of 1812, buried at Mt. Hope cemetery, lot No. 566. There is no headstone, a nameplate is placed on the marker.

Peter Perham, who rests in the cemetery at Brewer, Maine, was born in 1751—died 1840. He served in the War of the Revolution, afterward coming to Brewer. He was the father of the well known Judge Perham. No stone marks his grave—a nameplate is on the marker.

Colonel Jonathan Lowder, buried in the little cemetery at Veazie, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, 1731—died in Bangor, January 28, 1814. He served at Fort Pownal or Fort Point, Maine. He was captain in Colonel Goldthwait’s regiment, and was also lieutenant colonel in Col. Josiah Brewer’s regiment; agent for the Penobscot Indians and clerk for Major Robert Treat for many years. Through his influence the Indians were prevented from enlisting in the English ranks, and were kept loyal to the American cause. He was one of the original settlers of Bangor, owning a lot of one hundred acres of land just above Mt. Hope, where the substantial brick house, recently demolished, used to stand; a headstone marks his resting place.
THE HONORARY VICE-PRESIDENTS GENERAL.

"Lest we forget."

Many of the daughters of later days hardly know the names of those who did heroic work when we were young. Such will be glad to read brief sketches of the honorary vice-presidents general, who have been elevated to their high position through virtue of services rendered.

MRS. J. HARVEY MATHES.

Among the first to be enrolled with the Daughters of the American Revolution, was Mrs. J. Harvey Mathes, who has proved herself a power in the organization from its incipiency and has shown herself an able, powerful and popular leader.

Hers is the unusual ability of drawing women of fine mind and character to her side, of inspiring them with confidence in their own attainments and thus making them give their best to the chapter and the society, and hers the unselfish disposition that is ever pushing others forward and modestly keeping in the background herself, but she is still "the power behind the throne." She was recognized as a leader by her confreres in Washington as soon as she joined, was appointed state regent at once, served seven years, forming and naming all the chapters in the state, with her own hand made out the papers of all the prominent women now in the work in Tennessee, and still does most of that work, not only for her own chapter, Commodore Perry, but any one in the city. Her work has not been confined to Tennessee, by any means, but she has assisted in forming chapters in Mississippi, Arkansas, and even as far off as South Dakota.

Through George Reade she has traced her lineage, in unbroken line, to Alfred, the Great; is a member of the Royal Governors through four prominent lines, West, Drummond, Gooch, and Spotswood, all clustered round historic Jamestown; is member of Colonial Dames through many illustrious lines; has her record ready to join the Daughters of 1812;
very prominent member of the Daughters of the Confederacy, and the most important chapter in Memphis is named for her husband, Capt. J. Harvey Mathes, a beloved veteran, now gone; she is state regent of the Pocahontas Association and by her influence and untiring energy has formed a large circle here.

Being a member of all these chapters, she constantly aids their growth by assisting others to unravel their pedigrees, find missing links, or join those already found, so they too, can enjoy the privileges of the various societies. Some people are really gifted in being able to remember names, have a talent for unraveling the tangled strands of a genealogy and delight
in seeing the lines grow straight, link join link under their luminous knowledge as a painter sees his picture unfold beneath his skillful brush. Mrs. Mathes is pre-eminently such a genealogist, for she seems to know by intuition and also long practice, exactly where to go to find the man or woman who will make the chain complete and so give pleasure to a descendant by enabling her to join the chapter of her choice.

She is honorary vice-president for life of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, having been elected when she was in California with her sick husband, all unconscious of the honor bestowed upon her; she is honorary president and organizer of Commodore Perry Chapter, the largest and most influential chapter of the state, and she is also adviser and the inspiration of most of the good works of the chapter's in Memphis. Her bright mind and ready knowledge is ever at the service of her friends.

Mrs. Mathes is a true, loyal friend, an enthusiastic patriot and an honored and beloved woman.

MRS. ELEANOR HOLMES LINDSAY.

Mrs. Eleanor Holmes Lindsay, honorary vice-president general, National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, has been active in the work of this society for many years. We take pleasure in presenting in this issue a portrait of Mrs. Lindsay made from a miniature painted by Miss Katherine Helm. Mrs. Lindsay was born in Daviess county, Kentucky. She spend the earlier years of her life in Georgia and received her education at Wesleyan College, Nord Seminary, Louisville, and the Cincinnati Conservatory of Music. Her father, Dr. George N. Holmes, was a surgeon and medical director in General Wheeler's corps of cavalry. Dr. Holmes was a son of Colonel James Lewis Holmes, who was born in Virginia and whose ancestors came from Massachusetts. Colonel Holmes served as captain in the war of 1812 and, with a company from Kentucky, did active work in the revolution which resulted in the independence of Texas, which services
were recognized by that republic by large grants of land. Mrs. Lindsay's mother was the granddaughter of a Revolutionary soldier of the North Carolina line.

Mrs. Lindsay married the Hon. William Lindsay, former chief-justice of Kentucky and for several terms United States senator.

Since her identification with the National Society, Mrs. Eleanor Holmes Lindsay has served as chairman on many important committees and her superb reports bear testimony to her untiring zeal. Among these were the Revolutionary relics committee, the medal committee, and the architectural committee for Continental Hall. Her work on the latter gave the plans for our memorial building.
The David Reese Chapter is called upon to mourn the death of its oldest member, Mrs. Jane Rankin Eades, "Real Daughter," who died at Oxford, Mississippi, at the advanced age of eighty-nine years. She was born in Guilford county, North Carolina, August 1st, 1817, and moved to Bethel Springs, Tennessee, when fourteen years old. She was the thirteenth of the fourteen children of her parents, Robert and Mary Rankin. She was married December, 1836, to Robert Eades and came at once to Lafayette county, Mississippi, ten miles from
Oxford. During the Revolution, her father fought with the North Carolina troops under General Rutherford. He was actively engaged in the siege of Yorktown and was present at the surrender of Lord Cornwallis.

Mrs. Eades lived for years in the town of Oxford, where she was universally loved and respected. At her death, the whole community united in sympathizing with her estimable family in their great bereavement. "Happy he who with bright regard, looks back upon his father's fathers, who with joy recounts their deeds of grace, and in himself values the latest link in the fair chain of noble sequences."—Historian.

MRS. CAROLINE REED STONE.

Caroline Reed Stone, daughter of Ebenezer Reed and Polly Dickinson Reed, was born in Olean, Cattaraugus county, New York, February 18, 1823. In 1855 she married Eli Stone. Her home was surrounded by a large orchard, which was later destroyed by the building of the Genesee Canal.

Soon after their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Stone went to Minnesota, where two daughters, Belle and Alma, were born. They again returned to western New York, locating in Portville, where was born another daughter, Amy. They remained there until about 1865, when they moved to Pine Island, Minnesota. In 1904 they again moved farther west to South Park, Washington, near Seattle, where they reside at present with their only surviving daughter, Alma. Mrs. Stone has been a member of the Baptist church for many years. She is still in the possession of all her faculties and unusually active. She became a member of the Olean Chapter, November 22, 1898, and soon after was presented with a gold spoon, the customary gift to all "Real Daughters" from the National Society.

Her father, Ebenezer Reed, was born in Connecticut in 1760. He left his home (his father being a Tory) at the age of sixteen years, and enlisted with the patriots at Stamford, Connecticut, a part of the time serving under Captain Bell and
Colonel Silliman. On the 3d of October, 1832, he was granted a pension for over two years’ actual service in the Connecticut troops.

He was one of the earliest settlers in Olean. His wife’s maiden name was Hannah Jones, and their family was a numerous one, consisting of twelve sons and two daughters. Not long after moving to Olean, Mrs. Reed died. In 1820 Ebenezer Reed married for his second wife, Polly Dickinson, daughter of Major Daniel Dickinson and Mary Palmer, his wife. By this marriage there were two children, Caroline and Edward. He became the first settler in what is now the town of Allegany, building a tavern at the mouth of the Five-Mile Run in 1820.

Ebenezer Reed resided in Olean until his death in January, 1845, aged 85 years. He is one of the three Revolutionary soldiers buried in this vicinity.
Mrs. Reed’s maternal grandfather, Major Daniel Dickinson, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, 1737. He was appointed first major of the thirteenth New York regiment, in 1775, organized by Col. John McCrea, and served throughout the war of the Revolution. He died at Stillwater, New York.—Maud D. Brooks, Historian.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
November 7, 1906.

Mrs. Donald McLean,
President General, N. S. D. A. R.

My Dear Mrs. McLean:

As the conference of the District of Columbia does not meet until April, we the undersigned, active officers and regents in the District of Columbia, present to you the following testimonial.

We desire to endorse the expressions of loyalty and appreciation, embodied in the resolutions adopted by Illinois and other states; and to assure you of our cordial support in all that you may undertake for the Society, and our most earnest hopes that you will be our leader and honored president general for another term.

Faithfully yours,

(Signed by the vice-president in charge of organization of chapters, the recording secretary general, the registrar general, the state regent and state vice-regent of the District of Columbia and the regents of the Dolly Madison, Martha Washington, Continental, Columbia, Elizabeth Jackson, Constitution, American, Mary Bartlett, Lucy Holcombe, Katherine Montgomery, Potomac, Captain Molly Pitcher and Our Flag Chapters.)

The Chapters of Illinois feel honored that Mrs. Charles H. Deere again allows them to place her name before the Congress for re-election as vice-president general. Mrs. Deere needs no introduction to the many Daughters, having served the organization as regent of the Moline Chapter and state regent of Illinois and one term as vice-president general with distinction and zeal of which we are justly proud.

Peace is the offspring of Power.—Bayard Taylor.
WORK OF THE CHAPTERS

Below are given the abstracts of the recent chapter reports. The great number has made it impossible to print them in full in this issue. Attention is called to the great number of valuable work done by the chapters.

Pasadena Chapter (Pasadena, California).—The annual meeting of Pasadena Chapter was held at the home of Mrs. W. D. Turner, and the regent, Mrs. Clara Baker Burdette was re-elected.

An interesting program contained a reading by the hostess and a paper giving a history of the origin and development of Thanksgiving customs, as the meeting took place at that season.

St. Joseph Chapter (St. Joseph, Missouri) has devoted its energy the past year to raising money for Continental Hall. For that purpose, we taxed each member a small sum, gave a card party, and, on February 22, gave the ever attractive Colonial ball. The home of the regent, Mrs. Woodson Hundley, was beautifully decorated for the ball with flags, pictures of George and Martha Washington and flowers in the national colors. There was an interesting program of music, a short eulogy of Washington, and the stately minuet, danced by eight young ladies and gentlemen. In the dining room, Mrs. R. A. Brown and Mrs. Milton Tootle served refreshments. There was a miniature cherry tree for the center of the table, candies in the form of hatchets and other symbols of the day. The minuet was such a success that it was repeated to raise funds for the San Francisco sufferers.

The regent gave a report of the congress in Washington at the May meeting and, like all Daughters, was loud in praise of the brilliant oratory of the president-general, Mrs. McLean.

The chapter is having the lineage books and the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE bound and placed in the public library.
 Copies of the Daughters of the American Revolution ritual have been used with much profit and pleasure. The regent offered the Daughters of the American Revolution pin to the

member securing the greatest number of new members during her term of office. Souvenir Daughters of the American Revolution spoons have been presented to the three babies born to officers of this chapter in the past year. They

MRS. ELIZABETH HILL HUNDLEY, REGENT.
Eustis Hill Hundley.
are Henrietta Braxton Wyeth, daughter of Mrs. Parker Wyeth, vice-regent; Edwin Ruthven McDonald, son of Mrs. Albert McDonald, secretary; and Joseph Calvin Hull, son of Mrs. Curtis Hull, treasurer. The chapter has presented, with fitting ceremonies, a large silk flag to the Young Women's Christian Association of this city. A medal is offered to the first grade students in the high school for the best essay on a patriotic subject. A society of the Children of the Republic is to be formed soon.

**Tioga Chapter** (Athens, Pennsylvania) held an open meeting on the evening of Washington's birthday.

The program opened with a piano solo by Mrs. Dunham. This was followed by a reading, by Mrs. Bishop, of an "Eulogy on Washington," delivered by Gen. Richard Minot, of Boston, in 1800. Added interest centered in this, as it was read from one of the original copies printed at that date, and distributed among the citizens of Boston. Mrs. Kellogg read an instructive paper on "American Patriotic Songs," written by Mrs. Jones of the Ithaca Chapter. The illustrations, consisting of "My Country 'Tis of Thee," "Hail Columbia," "Yankee Doodle," "Tenting on the Old Camp Ground," "The Star Spangled Banner," etc., were rendered by a ladies quartet consisting of Mrs. Blackmore, of Waverly, the Misses Corbin and Stimson, of Athens, and Mrs. Hill, of Sayre.

As the membership of Tioga Chapter consists principally of Waverly (New York) and Sayre and Athens (Pennsylvania) ladies, the chapter offers, annually, forty-five dollars in prizes, of ten and five dollars to the two pupils in each of the three high schools who write the best essays on the different historical subjects assigned them. The proceeds of this entertainment, which was well attended, will be used for the prize fund.—Mary E. Finch, Assistant Historian.

**Shelby Chapter** (Shelbyville, Tennessee).—We feel there is renewed interest in our chapter work. We have several new members, with a good prospect of others. We are studying Colonial history. Our program for the present year is as follows:

Baron Steuben Chapter (Bath, New York).—It is the custom of Baron Steuben Chapter to keep its February meeting for a patriotic observation, a special committee being appointed by the regent to arrange the program and furnish the refreshments. As Washington’s birthday was observed last year, the committee decided to hold the meeting on Lincoln’s birthday this year. The programs for the other meetings of the year being carried out entirely by the members of the chapter, at this meeting for the purpose of variety the speakers and some singers are invited from outside, and besides the one guest which each Daughter has the privilege of inviting, the speakers and other prominent citizens are invited by the chapter. It was as brilliant an assemblage as has been brought together on any occasion the past year.

The meeting was held in the spacious residence of Mrs. Edwin R. Curtis. Flags were in evidence on every side. In accordance with the wishes of the regent, Mrs. Charles F. Kingsley, that the arrangement, as far as possible, should suggest the dual holidays of the month, the chapter’s picture of Washington framed in wood from Baron Steuben’s burial plot was displayed beside a picture of Lincoln; and while the centerpiece of the refreshment table was a triangle of lichen-covered “rail” fence, the rails of which might have been split by the boy, Abraham Lincoln, the napkins displayed cherries, which might have grown on the cherry tree cut down by the hatchet of the youthful George Washington. One of the guests, Captain William S. Burns, sported a campaign medal of 1860 showing Lincoln on one side and Hamlin on the other.
The meeting was formally opened by the regent, Mrs. Kingsley, who in brief introductory remarks referred to the fact that since the Washington memorial meeting a year ago the chapter has lost its first member by death, Mrs. A. J. McCall. The roll call was answered by the Daughters with quotations from some of Lincoln's most noted addresses.

The formal program, in charge of Miss Charlotte Sedgwick, was opened by a piano duet, "1863" by Miss Florence Sedgwick and Miss Evelyn Fay. Then followed an admirable address on "Lincoln, the Man," by Humphrey McMaster, Esq., in which many interesting sidelights were thrown upon Lincoln's public life. After a piano solo, "Chopin's Polonaise," by Mrs. Charles Noble Frost, "The Many Sidedness of Lincoln" was discussed by the Rev. Charles Noble Frost in an able paper, in which he analyzed the qualities that made Lincoln great. Prof. J. S. Fox sang "My Queen," and after his solo Mr. Henry W. Bowes spoke on "Lincoln as a Story Teller," entertaining the company with interesting discussion and pointed story. This was followed by Lincoln's Gettysburg speech by Carter R. Kingsley, Esq., and Whitman's "O Captain, My Captain," by Miss Mary Kingsley Robie. The program was concluded by the singing of Kipling's "Recessional" by a quintet, Misses Katharine McMaster, Mary W. Scafford, Evelyn Fay, and Messrs. J. S. Fox and E. F. Smith.

Ann Haynes Chapter (Kirksville, Missouri).—Mrs. Thomas O. Towles, state regent, has organized a chapter at Kirksville, with sixteen members. The chapter is named for Ann Haynes, a woman of the Revolutionary period, and who is an ancestor of the chapter regent.

The following are the officers: Regent, Mrs. R. M. Ringo; first vice-regent, Miss Alta Ringo; second vice-regent, Mrs. Geo. Loughlin; recording secretary, Mrs. M. D. Campbell; corresponding secretary, Miss Clara Spencer; treasurer, Mrs. L. V. H. Gerdine; historian, Miss Catherine Harrington; official reporter, Mrs. Sarah T. Hall.—MRS. SARAH T. HALL. Official Reporter.
George Clinton Chapter (Wilmington, Ohio) celebrated the one hundred and seventy-fifth anniversary of the birth of Washington at the home of the regent, Mrs. Amy Fuller Hale. The committee in charge of the affair, was Mesdames Wood, Burnett, Swaim, Heuffman and the regent. The rooms had been decorated with flags, evergreens and flowers. Pictures of Washington and Mt. Vernon emphasized the spirit of the celebration. After a social hour, came music, under the leadership of Mrs. Stella West and Professor Walter G. Fisher. The dining room was decorated in the national colors and the menu was very elaborate. Little silk flags, painted hatchets and flag-embossed programs, were dainty souvenirs of the occasion. The genial host, Dr. Hale, assisted by his son and daughters, did much to add to the pleasures of the evening. Certainly patriotism is cultivated by these associations and our chapter is extremely fortunate in having a record, from its organization for good citizenship and patriotism.—Elizabeth A. De Nel, Historian.

Columbus Chapter (Columbus, Ohio) met February 22, 1907, at the residence of Mrs. Herman M. Hubbard.

The exercises began with the reading of a poem by Mrs. Orton, regent of the chapter. This poem was entitled "For Washington's Birthday," and was written by Harvey M. Watts, of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Orton then introduced Hon. Henry C. Taylor, who addressed the chapter on "Washington at Valley Forge." Mr. Taylor gave the subject thoughtful, careful consideration and was most interesting. He said in part:

"The ground occupied by the Continental army under the command of General Washington in the winter of 1777-78 at Valley Forge, has become one of the most historic places in our country. * * * In the days of the Revolution there were but a very few houses in that vicinity, and for a time Washington and his officers occupied such huts as could be temporarily provided. After the huts were built for the soldiers, Washington established his headquarters at the house of Isaac Potts, and there remained until the spring of the year 1778. * * * This house has been preserved and well cared for, and is in many respects in the same condition that it was when occupied by Washington."
"Valley Forge has become a park and belongs to the state of Pennsylvania. It is under the control of a commission known as the Valley Forge Park commission, and has been cared for under its supervision for the past fourteen years. * * *

"The depressions in the earth known as hut holes or cellars can still be seen. In the immediate vicinity of these cellars stands a hut erected by the Daughters of the Revolution, and above the door is a tablet which bears the following inscription:

On this spot stood one of the huts
Occupied by the Soldiers of
Washington's Camp,
During the Winter of 1777-1778.
This Reproduction was Erected by
Colonial Chapter of Philadelphia,
Daughters of the Revolution,
May, 1905.

"There have also been new buildings added, the most noteworthy being the Washington Memorial Chapel, built in the gothic style."

At the close of Mr. Taylor's delightful address, Mrs. Orton introduced Mrs. Robert W. Buchanan, of the Cincinnati Chapter Daughters of the American Revolution, whose ancestors wintered with General Washington at Valley Forge. Mrs. Buchanan gave the following valuable historical account of him and his services:

"My great-grandfather, William Tarbell, born in Groton, Massachusetts, was only a lad of seventeen, when he enlisted and served during the war. He was only a 'private' but was often especially honored. He was a good penman and an amateur artist and Major General Prescott, who commanded the Massachusetts department of the army, used to detail him to do writing at headquarters."

An enjoyable social hour followed.

Our Flag Chapter (Washington, District of Columbia) held its January meeting at the residence of Miss Emery, the regent, Mrs. A. G. Wilkinson, presiding. Following the regular business Miss Duncanson, chairman of the program committee, introduced the especial guest of the afternoon, Miss McCleary, who read her paper on "The Continental Congress, 1774-1789," for which she received the gold medal given by
the Daughters of the American Revolution to the student of the George Washington University writing the best essay on any topic of American history connected with the Revolutionary period.

The presentation of this medal is made by the state regent, Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, on behalf of the District of Columbia Daughters of the American Revolution on the university commencement day of each year.

The historian, Miss Polkinhorn, gave items of interest of the work of the national society, particularly on the line of patriotic education, in which many of the chapters in the different states are taking an active part. A social hour followed, and refreshments were served.

Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, vice-president in charge of organization of chapters, Daughters of the American Revolution, read, at the February meeting of the chapter, a paper on the history of our flag. The paper was written for and dedicated to the chapter.

The meeting was held at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Polkinhorn, the regent, Mrs. Wilkinson, presiding. A resolution was offered by Mrs. H. A. Semmes regarding the unpublished orders of General Washington while commander-in-chief of the Continental army. The historian, Miss Polkinhorn, gave a history of the chapter for the ten months past.

The chairman of the entertainment committee, Miss Duncanson, related incidents connected with the flag. The decorations and souvenirs of the evening were in commemoration of Washington’s birthday.

**Little Rock Chapter** (Little Rock, Arkansas) is the oldest and largest chapter in Arkansas. It was organized in December, 1893, by Mrs. Clifton R. Breckenridge.

The first state regent was Mrs. W. A. Cantrell of this chapter and the first Little Rock Chapter regent was Mrs. Frederick Hanger.

The Little Rock Chapter has made several contributions to Memorial Continental Hall fund, and it has a small, but growing, library, embracing volumes on American history, Ameri-
can biography, American art, American literature and American genealogy. The chapter has voted to purchase the comprehensive "History of Arkansas," by Mrs. Myra McAlmont Vaughan, a charter member, and to present it to the Arkansas historical association.

MRS. JOHN McCLURE,
State Regent, Arkansas.

The chapter has contributed sums to aid in the building of a pike to "Monticello," Thomas Jefferson's home in Virginia, and to aid in preserving the home of Paul Revere in Boston, and to aid in the erection of a monument to the memory of the brave nurses sent out by Daughters of the American Revolution, who died in line of duty during the Spanish-American
war. The chapter has voted to place a tablet in memory of the Revolutionary soldiers who died in Arkansas, in the new state capitol. Provision has also been made to secure markers from the government, to be placed on graves of all Revolutionary soldiers buried in Arkansas. A sum has been sent to aid in the prevention of the destruction of Niagara Falls for commercial purposes. Quite recently the chapter subscribed $50 toward the new Carnegie library fund; the library will probably be erected in Little Rock ere long. The chapter sends delegates to the Continental Congress of the order, held each year in Memorial Continental Hall in Washington, District of Columbia, during the week in which falls April 19, the day of the battle of Lexington, "when the shot was fired that was heard around the world." -The Little Rock Chapter has been honored by having its members invited to deliver patriotic addresses before their chapters at various times, at Memphis, St. Louis, Annapolis, Iowa City, and Pine Bluff.

The present state regent is Mrs. John McClure of Little Rock, state vice-regent, Mrs. Martha Knox Hayman of Van Buren. The new regent is Miss Mary Gatlin.

John McAlmont Chapter (Pine Bluff, Arkansas) was the first chapter organized in Jefferson county. Our natal day will be the twelfth of May, 1907. We organized with a charter membership of sixteen, at the home of the regent, Mrs. Julia McAlmont Noel, Mrs. John Barrow, regent of Little Rock Chapter, being present.

Mrs. Barrow made an address, presenting the chapter with a gavel made of cherry, with a silver band bearing the inscription "John McAlmont Chapter, D. A. R., from Katherine Braddock Barrow."

The chapter was unanimously named from the great grandfather of the regent, John McAlmont, who had been given a large tract of land for his services in the Revolution. Though not a year old, there has been increasing interest and enthusiasm in the work, and the chapter has become a recognized organization among the local interests of the city.
American Monthly Magazine.

We meet the second Saturday in each month at the homes of the members. After the business meeting we have a social hour. We are studying Colonial history, have had some good and instructive papers, pride ourselves on having a descendant of Elizabeth Steele in the chapter, two great-great-great-granddaughters of Cecil Calvert, Lord Baltimore.

At our next meeting the chapter charter will be presented by Dr. J. I. Norriss, pastor of First Presbyterian church, a suitable and interesting program having been arranged.

Mary Fuller Percival Chapter (Van Buren, Arkansas).—Mrs. Martha Knox Hayman was appointed chapter regent at Van Buren by Mrs. Frederick Hanger in 1898. She organized a chapter, which, out of courtesy to her, was named for her great-great-grandmother, Mary Fuller Percival, a heroine of the Revolution. The chapter was chartered in 1900, with a membership of seventeen, in the administration of Mrs. Helen M. Norton, as state regent. Among the charter members was one “Real Daughter,” Mrs. Catherine Robardt Stirman, of Fayetteville, Arkansas.

Mrs. Martha Knox Hayman served two years as regent and was succeeded by Miss Clara B. Eno, who served two terms. She was succeeded by Mrs. Georgia L. Faber, who is now serving her third term.

Mrs. Philip D. Scott of the Mary Fuller Percival Chapter was the first state vice-regent of Arkansas; she was succeeded by Mrs. Martha Knox Hayman in 1905.

The membership is now 23, with several applications pending. The charter has a beautiful and highly-prized gavel, presented by Rear Admiral Sampson, United States Navy, made from the wood of Admiral Dewey’s flagship. It bears a silver plate, with the name “Olympia” carved upon it.

We are much interested in the public school work, and are giving prizes for the writing of essays on American history, thus encouraging the study of history and fostering a spirit of patriotism. Last year we offered a prize—a handsome book—for the best essay on John Paul Jones, Paul Revere, Putnam or Lafayette, and hope to continue this good work.
We have so far contributed $35 to the Continental Hall fund, and also made a contribution to the state historical society.

We know that Arkansas has several Revolutionary soldiers buried on her soil, and we are trying to locate those in this portion of the state to mark them suitably.

**Tidioute Chapter** (Tidioute, Pennsylvania) held its regular monthly meeting February 22d, in the Conewango Club, the Warren members uniting as hostesses. The place cards for the occasion deserve especial mention, being a gift from Mrs. A. Louise Long, instructor in art at the state hospital. They were portraits of Mary Washington, tinted by Mrs. Long's skilled brush.

At the conclusion of the luncheon the ladies adjourned to the ball room which was decorated with flags and bunting.

The program for the afternoon opened with the use of the Daughters of the American Revolution ritual, closing with "America," after which the members responded to roll call by patriotic selections.

Then followed the customary business and the reading of a letter of greeting from Mrs. J. B. White, historian of the Kansas City Chapter.

The first number of the program proper was a vocal solo, "Whispering Vows," by Mrs. Jane Orr Pickett of Warren, accompanied by Mrs. O. W. Ensworth.

Mrs. L. L. Hunter, of Tidioute, gave an interesting history of the chapter, beginning with its organization in 1900.

Not less interesting was the account of her home chapter, given by Mrs. Margaret Manning of Chicago.

Mrs. H. B. Porterfield, of Tidioute, next read a patriotic poem appropriate to the day.

The meeting of January 17th, held in Tidioute, celebrated the one hundred and forty-seventh anniversary of George Washington's wedding and Mrs. L. M. Breitenstein read a paper on "The Youth of Washington," which she kindly gave again at this celebration of his birthday.

Mrs. Pickett again sang, giving from "Mother Goose" a musical rendering of the famous cherry tree story, with details and a sequel not generally known.
In her "Pen Sketch of the Conewango Valley," Mrs. Long proved herself as thorough an artist with her pen as with her brush.

Their friends were surprised to find that seven of the Warren ladies had developed talent in an unexpected direction, as was evidenced by their presentation of William Dean Howell's farce "The Mouse Trap." These performers, at the close of the play, presented Miss Mary O. King with a cluster of beautiful roses as an expression of their appreciation of her efforts in drilling, directing and prompting them.

The program closed with singing "Flag of the Free" after which a rising vote of thanks was given the Warren members.

**Spirit of Liberty Chapter** (Salt Lake City, Utah) celebrated Washington's birthday with their annual luncheon.

Mrs. Seth Warner Morrison, regent of the association, introduced the toast-mistress, Mrs. Lee Charles Miller, who spoke in a delightful manner of the many things that Washington's birthday recalls to our minds.

"Our Emblem; What It Means to Us," was responded to by Mrs. Thomas Weir, delegate at the Continental Congress held last year in Washington, who read the original and charming little poem, entitled "Our Emblem."

"The worst wheel in the wagon creaks the loudest." Mrs. Clesson Kinney responded to the above toast and, with the aid of a number of cleverly-told stories, related how the very air these past few days had been vibrant with patriotism, the pictures of Washington in the schoolroom, the work at the high school for the medal given by the Daughters for the best patriotic oration, and even the work of the little folks in the kindergarten, who learn in their own way of the facts of history that will stand out so bright in the years to come in their memories.

"The wheel is always in motion, and the spoke which is uppermost will soon be under, therefore mix trembling with all your joy." Mrs. Clement of Fort Douglas responded to the above quotation and in brief said how important it was that we must not forget that it is the spoke of the little as well as the
large ones that bears the weight of the whole machine, and that
in the wheel there are thirteen of these spokes, so were there
thirteen colonies.

Ye stars which are the poetry of heaven,
If in your bright leaves we could read the fate
Of men and empire, 'tis 'to be forgiven.

Mrs. Margaret Zane Witcher responded to the toast in a
delightful manner. The stars seem to stand for so many
things, for even the most ignorant person is attracted and
fascinated by the wondrous ones that appear in the heavens.

"There is always work and tools to work withal, for those
who will." It is impossible in so short a space to tell of all
the good things that Mrs. Brown said about the ideal home
life. It was from the opening until the closing phrases a plea
for the best home life that can be lived.

"In the language of the flowers: flax means domestic in-
dustry." Miss Margaret Connell responded in patriotic
eulogy of the women of 1776.

"The Unlucky thirteen. Superstition is part of the poetry
of life." Mrs. H. C. Wallace responded to the quotation and
told of the many superstitions that seemed to hang about the
number thirteen.

The program closed with the guests standing and singing
"America," with a violin accompaniment by Miss Allen.

Aurautia Chapter (Riverside, California) held its regular
meeting at the house of Mrs. Homer Plimpton in January,
1907. Ten members were present and various items of busi-
ness transacted, after which the annual election of officers was
held, resulting in the election of Mrs. John M. Macrae as
regent.

The regent then laid before the chapter, a paper from the
management at Washington, containing instructions to the
chapter by which to govern themselves in the matter of repre-
sentation at the meeting of the Continental congress, in April
of the current year. It was voted that Miss Mary Hart, of
New Haven, Connecticut, be appointed to represent the chap-
...
ter at said Continental Congress, in the capacity of regent's alternate.

The chapter then adjourned to meet in February.—JULIA MARIA TALLMAN, Historian.

**Phebe Greene Ward Chapter** (Westerly, Rhode Island).—The past year has been one of changes with Phebe Greene Ward Chapter. At the beginning we started with six new officers instead of half that number as heretofore. There have been fifteen new names added to our roll, one transferred to another chapter, and death has claimed one, making our present membership one hundred and six.

For nearly ten years the chapter meetings were held in the Memorial building, but our increasing membership made it necessary to find a larger room; Brunswick hall was leased for one year, where we hope to remain until a permanent home is secured. Beside the routine of business a very interesting paper entitled “Puritans—Home Life, Character and Social Customs,” by Mrs. Jos. L. Peacock and the reading of Rhode Island’s Declaration of Independence by Mrs. Frank Larkin were enjoyed by all.

At the February meeting the chapter was entertained at the Dixon House by Mrs. G. H. Utter, Mrs. F. C. Pagan, Mrs. A. L. Chester and Mrs. H. R. Segar. Among the guests was Mrs. Richard J. Barker, then regent of Gaspee Chapter, and who has since been elected vice-president general of the National Society. Recitations by Miss Mary Whipple and music by the Ideal orchestra constituted the program.

On March 1st three of the members entertained the chapter at the home of Mrs. Thos. O. Wilcox, at which time the high school prize essay was read. In April the chapter met again at the Dixon House with eight young ladies as hostesses. A very fine musical program was rendered also an original poem by Miss Grace Wheeler.

In May the chapter was the guest of eight other young ladies at the home of one of their number. The Lyric quartette, of New London, furnished music. Questions and answers on the early history of Rhode Island was the program...
for the June meeting. In July the chapter and guests enjoyed
the hospitality of the vice-regent, Miss Mattie P. Babcock,
when an interesting paper on "Colonial Music" was read.

The August meeting was held at Watch Hill, where several
members have summer homes. Papers on "Colonial Dress"
and "Colonial Women," also fine music, made up the program.

Mrs. Florence E. Youngs, historian of Putnam Hill Chapter,
of Greenwich, Connecticut, gave an interesting address at the
September meeting, and papers on "The Home Life of George
Washington" and "Daughters of Liberty," were read.

In October the Board of Management entertained the chap-
ter in its new home. The November meeting was the tenth
anniversary of the organization of Phebe Greene Ward Chap-
ter, and the program committee arranged a "Birthday Party"
to celebrate the event. Miss Mary A. Greene, regent of Gas-
pee Chapter, of Providence, and honorary state regent, and
who organized this chapter, was present and addressed the
meeting in her usual happy manner.

Miss Greene presented the chapter with a large American
flag and gave two reasons for choosing a flag for her gift.

First—Because she was born on the anniversary of the
adoption of the Stars and Stripes.

Second—Because the flag is the symbol that all Daughters
stand for, namely—order, light, liberty and peace.

Miss Greene was made honorary regent of Phebe Greene
Ward Chapter.

Mrs. E. R. Allen, our first regent, spoke of the early his-
tory of the chapter and gave an interesting sketch of the life
of Phebe Greene Ward, for whom the chapter was named.

There have also been a number of other meetings, some
social and others for the purpose of increasing our finances.
During last winter a series of four whists was given, netting
the chapter $50.

Washington's birthday was celebrated by a supper called
the "Feast of the Seven Tables," followed by an entertainment
entitled "National Holidays."

The affair was an elaborate one and the proceeds, amount-
ing to $128.50 were set aside as a fund to be used only for
local patriotic work, commemorative of our Revolutionary an-
ccestors or for marking historic spots.

A salad supper in September added $29 to the treasury.

June 14th (Flag day) was observed by a picnic at the home
of Mrs. E. M. Dunn, our oldest member. The land now
owned by Mr. and Mrs. Dunn was purchased by Mrs. Dunn's
great-great-grandfather of Ninigret, chief of the Niantic tribe
of Indians.

Although we have accumulated quite a sum of money dur-
ing the past year, our treasurer's report shows that we have
not hoarded our gains, but have given much of it for educa-
tional and charitable purposes.

For several years past this chapter has offered prizes to pu-
pils in the public schools for the best historical essays. This
year a senior in the high school was awarded the prize of $10,
for an essay on the subject, "Washington, the Man, Patriot
and Christian," and a pupil in grade IX, the $5 prize, his sub-
ject being "Nathaniel Greene."

We have given $25 to the public library, also continued our
subscription to the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE for the
library. Fifty dollars was contributed toward the relief of the
San Francisco sufferers, and markers were placed at the
graves of seven Revolutionary soldiers.

We trust that the coming year may be one of continued
prosperity. "Surely, enrolled under the old flag, with the
Declaration of Independence as a foundation, with the lessons
that come to us from the past we should bear in our hearts
the one thought, let us be worthy of our name."—TAClE E. L.
StilLMaN, Historian.

The Filson Chapter (Louisville, Kentucky).—Tuesday, No-
ember 13th, 1906, seventeen Daughters of the American
Revolution met at the home of Mrs. Howard Morton Gris-
wold to organize a new chapter. The following board was
unanimously chosen: Mrs. Neville Bullitt, regent; Mrs. Luke
P. Blackburn, vice-regent; Miss Anna Bailey, secretary; Miss
Ruth Murray, registrar; Mrs. Howard Morton Griswold, his-
torian; Mrs. John A. Larrabee, chaplain; Mrs. William Preston McDowell, chapter poet.

The initial meeting of the chapter was held at the home of the regent, Mrs. Neville Bullitt.

The regent of the Fincastle Chapter, Mrs. Alex. P. Humphrey, and board, were the guests of honor.

The meeting was called to order by the regent, Mrs. Neville Bullitt, and opened with prayer by Mrs. John A. Larrabee. The vice-regent, Mrs. Luke P. Blackburn, made a speech of welcome. The national hymn was sung by the chapter. Mrs. William Preston McDowell read a charming original poem, the theme "Kentucky," patriotism and high ideals in every line.

"The Star Spangled Banner" was beautifully rendered by Miss Bessie B. Slaughter. The historic and literary work was led by Miss Ruth Murray, who read an interesting paper upon "Delaware," the first of the thirteen states to ratify the constitution. The subject was discussed by other members of the chapter.

The chapter was named in honor of John Filson, the first historian of Kentucky, his history having been first published in Wilmington, Delaware, in 1784. So the new chapter was launched upon its career for good we earnestly hope.

We are one great organization, daughters of one family, one mother, our country, with our state motto ever before us, "United we stand, divided we fall."

At the close of the meeting refreshments were served by the regent, and we all felt that the gathering together of such earnest women was most auspicious.—ANNA CLIFTON GRANT GRISWOLD, Historian.

The Lady Washington Chapter (Houston, Texas) was entertained at the home of the regent, Mrs. D. F. Stuart, on the anniversary of George Washington's wedding day. Her drawing room was the scene of a brilliant assemblage, stately dames in Colonial dress recalling the fashions of the days when our country was young.

Cabinets held Colonial relics, a band of musicians discoursed
the old-time melodies, and roses and sweet pinks, suggestive of formal gardens and queenly grandmothers who loved them, perfumed the air. Indeed nothing was lacking to proclaim the manor and its accustomed festivity except the presence of the noble George himself.

Among the distinguished visitors present were the Texas poetess, Mrs. Mary Hunt Affleck, whose membership is with the Lady Washington Chapter; Mrs. Cornelia Branch Stone, president of the Texas Woman's Press Association and historian of the George Washington Chapter, of Galveston, and Mrs. Stewart, of the Island City. Refreshments were served.

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever."

ABBIÉ FRANK SMITH.

James Wood Chapter (Parkersburg, West Virginia) sent out the following quaint invitation for its February meeting:

Ye James Wood Chapter, D. A. R., will meet February ye 22d, at three of ye clock, at ye residence of Ye Historian.

Being ye solemn seasone of Lente, no frivolities will be engaged in. Ye members will discuss ye life of ye first Presidente, and musick of ye godly sorte will be rendered.

Ye voluntarie contribution will be taken to aid in putting in ye memoriale window in ye ancient church of St. George in ye town of Fredericksburg, Virginia, to Mary, ye Mother of Washington.

The exercises were participated in by the members in form of a symposium of the history of George Washington from the cradle to the grave. "Music of ye godly sort" was rendered.

Rate letters were read by Miss Kate Harris and the historian. The regent, Mrs. H. C. Jackson, read "The Life of Mary Ball," Miss Florence Trevor, Mary Washington's will.

The psalm read at the first Continental Congress, the 35th, and prayers for the sick and afflicted of our chapter, were read by the historian, from an old prayer book of Col. James Goodwin, of Virginia, dated 1728. Historic pictures were exhibited.

Fourteen dollars were donated to the memorial window to Mary the mother of Washington.—KINNIE E. SMITH, Historian.
THE OPEN LETTER

It is proposed that each state historian shall be requested to secure a list of the places of historic interest of the Revolutionary period, as yet unmarked in her state, and send such information to the chairman of the committee on "Preservation of Historic Spots."

The object is this: After Memorial Continental Hall is completed there will be a grand rally to the preservation of historic spots and buildings. In localities where there are chapters, such chapters either have taken care of, or will take care of, their own responsibilities, either by doing the work, or securing sufficient assistance from other chapters to have the work accomplished.

In many localities there are no chapters and in some where there are "historic spots" there are chapters too small to meet the obligation alone.

If each state would during the building of Continental Hall, secure all of the data relating to this subject, such a place, ownership, possibility of marking or purchasing the same, make and mature plans for the work involved, then we would not be losing so much time in this branch of our work, and taking our chances of having more historic spots pass out of our reach or meet with destruction.

It is suggested that these lists should be sent to the chairman of the committee on "Preservation of Historic Spots," because there should be a headquarters for the filing of such information, and from which information can be obtained. Then, too, there are possible cases where the National Society would be interested in assisting or in doing the work as in Meadow Garden Farm and other places.

MRS. MATTHEW T. SCOTT,
Bloomington, Illinois.

Chairman Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots.

Mrs. Matthew T. Scott wishes to give Mrs. Samuel M. Ammon, of Pittsburg, credit for the valuable suggestions that appear in the above letter.
GEgenealogical Notes and Queries

"After years the tale shall tell
Who bravely fought, who nobly fell."—Mrs. Daniels.

Inquirers are requested to observe the following suggestions:
1. Write plainly, especially all proper names.
2. Give, when possible, dates or approximate dates, localities, or some clue to the state in which the ancestor lived.
3. Inquiries for ancestors who lived during or near the Revolutionary period will be inserted in preference to those of an earlier period.
4. Enclose stamp for each query.
5. Give full name and address that correspondence may be had with inquirers.
6. Queries will be inserted as early as possible after they are received, but the dates of reception determine the order of their insertion.
7. Answers, partial answers or any information regarding queries are urgently requested and all answers will be used as soon as possible after they are received.

Mrs. Lydia Bolles Newcomb,
Genealogical Department, American Monthly Magazine,
New Haven, Connecticut.

Attention is called to rules 3 and 4

Answers.

844. Haley.—In Joseph Habersham Chapter "Hist. Collection" are the following: Dr. John Haley married 1763 Mrs. Mary Shaw (page 262). Mrs. (Halie) Day, widow, married Rev. Matthew Talbot who d. 1785 (page 541). Marlin Hailey and Betsey Jennings married 1808 (page 362).

848. Ingersoll.—Jonathan Ingersoll b. in Westfield, Mass., May 10, 1681, settled in Milford, Conn., and married Sarah Newton, daughter of Samuel and Sarah (Felton) Newton. Their children were: Rev. Jonathan, b. 1714, d. Oct. 2, 1778; Sarah bapt. June 3, 1716; Mary bapt. Dec. 14, 1718; David bapt. Sept. 4, 1720; Jared bapt. June 3, 1722; Sarah bapt. Oct. 23, 1726. On July 6, 1712, Jonathan was admitted to the church. (First Church records, Milford, Conn.)

855. Smart.—1. Roger Smart of Wiltshire, Eng.
2. Isaac Smart b. in Eng. 1658, came to America in the ship Griffith in 1675, and married 1683 Elizabeth Thompson, b. 1666 in Ireland (daughter of Andrew and Isabella Thompson). He d. in 1700 and
his widow Elizabeth married 2nd Nov. 26, 1701, Edward Keasbey. Isaac* and Elizabeth Smart had five daughters and one son.

3. Nathan b. June 20, 1690, married 1713 Deborah —.


It seems quite possible that Isaac* may be the one inquired for as it is stated that the children of Isaac and Rebecca moved westward.

In the organization 1679 of the Friends Society in Fenwick Colony, Salem, N. J., the names of Isaac Smart, Edward, Robert and Samuel Wade are closely associated. (From "Fenwick Colony.")

Mrs. Myra C. Glick, Marshalltown, Ia., is a descendant of Isaac Smart and may be able to give more information.

872. WOODRUFF.—A few years ago I made a search for the Rev. services of Josiah Woodruff of N. J. After several communications with the adjutant general’s office of N. J., I learned that Josiah Woodruff was credited with services in various years of the war, and showed that he was b. Feb. 22, 1762, d. July 22, 1836. This was not the Josiah Woodruff in whom I was interested, but information may be of interest to the querist 872.—E. J. W.

885. CLARK.—Thomas Clark, father of Rebecca Clark, lived in Reading, Vt., Aug., 1797 on which date Rebecca married Andrew Bevins. According to the town records of Reading two of his children died there in 1790 and 1793, and these deaths are recorded as those of the children of Thomas Clark and Jane his wife. I do not think this Thomas Clark was the one who was wounded at Stillwater. That one enlisted at Hanover, N. H., in what was called a College company Nov. 22, 1775. Capt. Stephen Clark (See Rev. Rolls N. H.)

The Thomas Clark of Amherst, N. H., was in the battle of Bunker Hill. The “Hist. of Amherst” says “One Thomas Clark of Sonhegan West (adjoining Amherst) May 13, 1747, signs with others a petition to the Assembly for soldiers for their defence. He was chosen Feb. 27, 1760, one of the selectmen of the town. In 1761 he was one of the constables of the town, and in 1776 signed the Association Test. He was in the battle of Bunker Hill. I desire very much the dates of his birth and death, and places. Can “E. B. A.” help on these points?—H. L. B. K.

916. CHEW.—John Chew of Hogg Island, Vir., came from Eng. in ship "Charitie," was Burgess from Hogg Island 1623-1629 and Burgess from York Co. 1642-43-44, and Justice of York Co. 1634-1652. In 1657, in view of his intended marriage to Mrs. Rachel Constable, he makes a deed for certain land recorded in York Co. In 1668 he appears to be deceased. His first wife was Sarah. They had sons—Samuel b. 1625, d. 1677, married 1659 Anne Ayres of Nansemond Co., Vir., and Joseph who married as early as 1648 Mary Smith of "Herrington" on Herring Bay. He d. 1715 or 16.—L. A. R.

927 (by error 913). (3) FLOWER—SMITH.—Lamerick Flower (Flowers) b. in Eng. 1650, settled in Hartford prior to 1685, d. after Nov. 4, 1718, married Lydia Smith b. Feb. 14, 1666 (?) in Hartford. They had four sons and four daughters. Lydia Smith was daughter of Joseph and Lydia (Huit) Smith who were married April 16, 1656.

Lydia Huit was daughter of Rev. Ephraim Huit (Hewitt) of Windsor, Conn., (from Eng. 1639) where he d. Sept. 4, 1644, and wife Isabell. Joseph Smith had brothers—Simon, Christopher, William, and sister Mary who married William Partridge.—M. E. F. and L. A. B.

My grandmother, Anna Watson (Flower) Brackett, was the daughter of William Flower, son of Lamerick and Mehitable (Goodwin) Flower, grandson of Lamerick, and Lydia (Smith) Flower. I should be glad to receive information of the early Flower family.—A. H. P.

The inventory of the estate of Joseph Smith of Rocky Hill (Hartford), Aug. 28, 1673, amounts to £441. 7s. 6d. Children were: Lydia, age nineteen (this would give her birth date 1654 instead of 1666 as above), Joseph, age 13, Jonathan, Samuel 7.

Administration is "granted to Lydia the Relict" Nov. 1673, "to Lydia the Relict £46 forever, and one-third of the profits of the real estate during life," to the eldest son £150, to the two younger sons £90 each and to the daughter £59. (From Manwaring's Digest, Vol. I.)


In the old Windsor graveyard is an oblong, flat stone erected 1648 that marks the burial place of Rev. Ephraim Huit, with the following inscription:

"Here Lyeth Ephraim Huit,
Sometimes teacher to ye church of Windsor.
Who dyed September 4, 1644.
Who when hee lived wee drew our vital breath,
Who when hee dyed, his dying was our death,
Who was ye stay of State, ye churches staff
Alas! the times forbid an epitaph".

(From Conn. Magazine, Nov., 1900).—L. B. N.

948. FOWLER.—Samuel Fowler b. 1720 married Charlotte (Strang)
Purdy. Children were: Mary, married George Menet, Jr.; Elizabeth, m. Samuel Clark; Charlotte, m. Daniel Gedney; Martha, m. Reuben —?; Abigail, m. — Flewelling; Glorianna, m. John Fowler, Jr.; Rev. Samuel b. 1758, d. Jan. 22, 1830, founder of Methodism in Newburg, married 1st Rebecca Gedney.

Samuel⁰ was son of John⁰ b. in Flushing, 1686, married 1719 Abigail, daughter of Joseph Drake, Sr., of East Chester, granddaughter of John Drake of Windsor, Conn.

John⁰ was son of William⁰ and wife Mary Thorne (dau. of John and Mary (Parcel) Thorne) married 1680.

William⁰ d. May, 1714.

William⁰ was son of Joseph⁰ b. in Derbyshire, Eng., before 1610, (John⁰).

Joseph⁰ married Sarah, daughter of Richard Betts, Sr., of Hempstead Co., Eng., and sister of Richard Betts, one of the patentees of Newton, L. I., and magistrate 1656-7.

Samuel⁰ Fowler (John⁰, William⁰, Joseph⁰, John⁰) served in the Ulster Co. militia as private in Col. Levi Paulding's regiment. He d. Oct. 13, 1789; his wife Charlotte d. July 30, 1791, aged 74 years, 10 months.

The name Strang indicates Huguenot descent.—K. S. McC.

(From a rare book, "The Fowler Family in America," by Wharton Dickinson.)

QUERIES.

956. SANDFORD.—I want to learn of a Gov. Sanford, connected in some way with Anne Hutchinson. One of his daughters married —— Mason. Gen. John Sanford Mason had a son, John Sanford Mason, Jr., whose mother was a daughter of Gen. E. O. C. Ord, whose mother was Rebecca Cresap. D. A. R. eligibility through these lines is desired.—A. C. K.

957. WILBURGER.—Ancestry proof of Rev. service of John Wilburger (or Whilburger). He married Margaret ——. They had two sons, John and Jacob, and two daughters, Sally and Elizabeth. They lived in a German colony in Rockingham Co., Vir. John Wilburger, Jr., married Anne Pugh. In 1799 they moved to Bourbon Co., Ky., where were born ten children—the oldest b. 1800, married Josiah Pugh Wilburger. In 1825 they moved to Pike Co., Mo. He married, 1827, Margaret Barker, and moved to Texas, where he d. 1845. John Wilburger, Jr., d. 1835 on his farm in Mo.

958. GATES—SMITH.—Jonah Gates, b. in Chatham, Conn., Sept. 30, 1769, died in E. Haddam, Sept. 20, 1842; married Feb. 25, 1790, Esther Smith, of E. Haddam. Information of ancestry and Revolutionary service is desired.—C. E. F.

959. WIESE.—Information is asked about my ancestor, Daniel Wiese of Capt. Jacob Sckalts, Co. of Penn. Was near Philadelphia, 1776.—G. M. K.
960. DINKINS—SCOTT.—Ancestry of Henry Lewis Dinkins, of Fairfield District, S. Car. He married (Eliza?) Scott, who had a sister, Hester Scott, who married —— Thomson and moved to Ga. Henry Lewis Dinkins had four children, viz.—Eliza Scott, Sam., William and Paul. In 1717 Henry Dinkins with wife Lucy and his brothers, Paul and Sam., came from Londonderry, Ireland, to Charleston, S. Car. One of these brothers was the ancestor of Henry Lewis Dinkins, and may have been in the Rev. War. In Weem’s “Hist. of Marion” there is mention of a Sam. Dinkins. Is anything known of his descendant?

(2) SCD.—Ancestry of Eliza and Hester Scott of S. Car. Eliza (?) Scott had one child b. about 1798.

(3) HOUSE—CHANDLER.—Ancestry of Reuben House of Richland District, S. Car. He married Mary Chandler, and they had six children—Jesse; John, married Sarah Woodard; Elizabeth, married Dr. Ogilvie; Mary b. 1801, married —— Patterson; Reuben, married Eliza Scott Dinkins; Hester, b. 1803, married Dr. R. J. Lawrence. Rev. record desired of the father of Reuben House.

(4) HAGERTY.—Ancestry of Abel Hagerty, b. 1777, of S. Car. His brothers and sisters were Sarah b. 1753, Joanna, Mary, Nancy, Dennis, John, Jonathan, William and Joshua. Abel married Anne Buchanan and lived in Ga., later moved to Alabama.

(5) BUC—Ancestry of Anne Buchanan b. 1785 in Ga., probably Greene Co. There were four sisters—Anne m. Abel Hagerty; Sarah m. Larkin Cleveland; Elizabeth m. 1st in 1807 Abram McAfee, 2nd in 1814 Jesse Robertson; Jane m. 1st — Parrick, 2nd — Baldwin.

(6) Ancestry of James P. Buchanan, Rev. soldier of Jasper Co., Ga. Also names of his wife and children.

(7) ROOKE.—Information of the Rooke family. In my father’s library is a set of books in eleven volumes that have as book plate the Rook coat-of-arms with name George Rooke, Esq. I would like to correspond with members of the Rooke family.—E. H. D.

961. NELSON.—James Nelson who lived in Rev. times married as his second wife Hannah McConnell. Afterward they lived in W. Vir. Record of any Rev. service is desired. His son James Nelson married Susan Nelson, his cousin. Who were her parents? Rev. service desired.—L. B. A.

962. HAMILTON.—Wanted the ancestry of John Brown Hamilton b. 1783 or 4 in Vir. or Tenn. His father’s name was James Hamilton. His mother, Margaret Porter, had an uncle John Hamilton who was an officer; also an uncle Thomas Porter. John Brown Hamilton had two brothers, James and Franklin.—T. B. W.

963. SYDENBOTHAM.—I wish to learn something of Peter Sydenbotham, father of a Rev. soldier. John Sydenbotham b. 1750 in Vir. He enlisted in Prince William Co. under Capt. Briscoe.—E. C. S.

964. CHASE.—Can I get information of the Rev. or Colonial service,
and dates, of Aquila Chase, or of his descendants in the line—Aquilla, Thomas married Rebecca Follansbee, Roger m. Abigail Morrison, Matthew m. Polly Hankson, Abigail m. William Carson, Polly Carson mar. Sargent Jewell, Harriet Jewell m. George Hunter.—H. C. S.

Greene.—Wanted ancestry of Jarvis Greene, killed at the battle of Blue Licks, Ky., by the Indians. He left two sons, John and William, and a daughter Frankie who married Armstrong. John Greene married Rachel Mackey and became a prominent Baptist minister in Tennessee.—Mrs. E. M. A.

966. (1) Barnes—Rich.—I have been trying for some time to trace the parentage of Thomas Barnes, who married Adeline Rich, of East Chester, N. Y. He had brothers William, Moses, Joshua, Gilbert. The latter was at one time a Universalist minister in New York city.

(2) Pratt.—James Pratt, b. 1790, supposed to have lived in Conn., but his parents and place of birth are not known. His brothers and sisters were Shubal, William, Aurelius, George, Lemuel, John, Harvey, Prudence, Adelia, Sarah and Louisa. Any Pratt records of the family will be appreciated.—K. A. H.

Antisell—Armstrong.—Lawrence Antisell (Antisdel, Antisdale, Tisdell) was in Norwich (now Franklin), Conn., in 1731. Married Mary Armstrong, daughter of Benjamin. The births of six children are recorded in Norwich and Windham, but there were six more of whom there seems to be no official record. In 1752 Lawrence Antisell bought land of Hopestill Tyler, of Preston, in Willington, Conn., where the family lived. One record says he followed the sea and was a captain. He is said to have come from Eng. about 1700, a lad of ten or twelve years. Can anyone give information about him?—L. W.

Dennis—Crandall.—I wish to inquire for the ancestry of Thomas Dennis, a Rev. soldier who enlisted Nov. 1775 at Tiverton, R. I. He married Sept. 10, 1780, Lydia Crandall. He d. Aug. 13, 1838.—L. D. C.

Howell—Gould.—My ancestor, Jedediah Howell, b. 1713, married at Catchogue, L. I., Elizabeth, daughter Rev. Ebenezer and Mary Ann (Brewster) Gould. Who were her parents, and was she related to Elder William Brewster?

Walton—Jennings.—What was the parentage of George Walton, who married, June 20, 1758, in Vir., Elizabeth Jennings. Was he a cousin of George Walton the signer of the Dec. of Independence?—M. M. R.

Wanzer.—Mary Wanzer was my grandmother, but we cannot learn her ancestry. In some way the Wanzers and Mooneys are connected. I should be glad to correspond with any descendants of the Wanzer family. We are trying to find Rev. records for the Baron Steuben Chapter in New York.—W. A. L.

Allen.—Information wanted of the relationship of Asaph Allen, b. 1752, a Rev. soldier of Mass. and Ethan Allen of Ticonderoga fame.—P. A. L.
MARY WASHINGTON CHAPTER MEMORIAL SERVICE.

Washington, D. C.

The Mary Washington Chapter held a solemn and sweet memorial service, at the Woman's Club House, on Wednesday evening, February 12th, 1907, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood in the chair, the exercises being opened with a few appropriate remarks by the chairman, who read the list of those who had "Crossed the Bar" since September, 1906, beginning with that of Mrs. Elizabeth Blair Lee, chapter regent for fourteen years. Others were: Mrs. Virginia G. McBlair Smith, Mrs. Jane Elizabeth Arnold Augur, Mrs. Lucy B. Harris Lindsley, Mrs. Sarah H. Wilson, Mrs. Virginia T. Marshall Peacock, Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, Miss Emilie M. Halstead, Mrs. Isadore L. Truell. Beautiful flowers were furnished for the occasion by friends.

A fine and well selected musical program was rendered at intervals during the speaking, which like that was of an impromptu character, devoid of pretense. Mrs. N. N. Potts was musical director, and also took part, singing the last number, a musical setting by Picolomini of Tennyson's poem, "Crossing the Bar." Her assistants were Mr. D. Armer Yeatman, who rendered the "Stabat Mater," from Rossini, with much feeling; violin, by Miss Jeannie Benson, of New York, accompanied by Miss Yeatman.

Miss Virginia Miller read an able and appreciative paper giving a graphic character sketch or reminiscences of her distinguished kinswoman, the late chapter regent, Mrs. Elizabeth Blair Lee. It will be impossible to give all of this interesting paper, but in the main Miss Miller said: "My distinguished kinswoman served this chapter for fourteen years, although of late her total blindness prevented her being with us. From the first meeting which was held in the Riggs House, her interest never abated, and it is with feelings of deepest reverence that I come this evening to pay my tribute of respect and affection to the memory of our late beloved regent, who on the 13th of last September peacefully fell asleep in the 89th year of her age.

* * * I will only refer to a few incidents in her life, but speak mostly of her share in our organization and her relations to the chapter. Mrs. Lee was born at Frankfort, Kentucky, June 20th, 1818, and was the daughter of Hon. Preston Blair, Sr., and Miss Violet Gist, whose grandfather, Christopher Gist, was the early explorer of Kentucky and the friend of Daniel Boone. On her mother's side, Mrs. Lee was also descended from the Howards of Maryland and the Carys of Virginia, coming directly from a sister of Archibald Cary, the well-known statesman and patriot of Revolutionary days. Mrs. Lee's father was the close personal and political friend of Andrew Jackson,
and she grew up in intimate fellowship with the great men of our country, and in her early womanhood became the bride of a gallant sailor, the grandson of Richard Henry Lee, who was the first to move in the Continental Congress 'That these Colonies are and of right ought to be free and independent states.' It was natural then that when the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was organized, Mrs. Lee should be one of its early charter members, her national number being 171, and she is also one of the incorporators. Some of us here to-night, I am sure, can recall the night of organization at the Riggs House. She was greatly interested when it was suggested to organize a chapter in Washington and it was with her full approval that she accepted the name selected, 'Mary Washington Chapter,' since it was designed to give particular honor to women of the Revolution, and at that time she was elected our regent, with a goodly band of Daughters, some 230 or 240, I think, on our charter roll. We had three of the founders' names on our roll, with that of one president general, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison. So it was with promise of good assistance that Mrs. Lee began her reign, and from that time until the terrible affliction of blindness overtook her she presided over our meetings, and over the local board, with dignity and ability, and even after her affliction. * * * As one of the officers of the new board, I was thrown much with Mrs. Lee, and though of course I cannot recall the time when I did not know her, I feel that in this constant intercourse I learned to know and love her better, and to appreciate the strength which lay back of her gentleness, and I have been particularly impressed with the heroism with which she bore the terrible trial of loss of sight;—she who was so fond of reading and studying faces as well as books, to be denied it all and shut in with thoughts and memories for companions; sweet thoughts and memories I am sure, as I have often been entertained by her delightful accounts of the past. * * * Mrs. Lee was deeply interested in every work our chapter undertook, and a liberal giver. The last year I was your vice-regent when I told her of the great effort we were making to raise at least a $1,000 for Continental Hall, that I had urged that instead of fairs and dances that each member should endeavor to give or raise at least $5 she immediately said, 'I am so glad, and my subscription must be $20.' You all know how successful our effort was, and the pride with which we gave five hundred dollars to the fund. Mrs. Lee always headed our delegation at the congresses, and was urged at one time to accept the position of state regent for the District, but she declined. I wish I could bring Mrs. Lee before those of our chapter who did not know her, with the vividness she appears to me,—gentle, courteous, low voiced, full of anecdote and humor. I recall how some years ago at one of our entertainments after several papers by or from various members, and one by Miss Bell, on 'A Calendar Year of American History;' another by Mrs. Nancy Otis
Winston, and her rendering of ‘Rochambeau and the Rose;’ and an
impromptu address by Miss Richards, on ‘Lafayette,’ Mrs. Lee, who
was presiding, gave a charming talk on her recollections of preparations
made to entertain Lafayette by her parents in 1825, and of how a favorite
white rose-bush covered with bloom was transplanted to a marque on
the lawn where the distinguished visitor was to be received. At this
same meeting one of our ‘Real Daughters’ spoke of seeing and shaking
hands with Lafayette. Mrs. Lee was full of sympathy with all human
suffering, and was for years president of the Protestant Orphan
Asylum, president of the Ladies' Washington Club, and a leader in
social life, but above all an humble, consistent Christian. All this fills
up the record of a life of which her friends may well be proud; glad
to have her at our head for so many years. For her we may be sure
there could have been no sadness of farewell, only a sinking to rest
with the assurance of an awakening in that bright to-morrow.”

The chairman then paid a brief tribute to the lives of the late Daugh-
ters, Mrs. Augur, Mrs. Lindsley, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Peacock and Mrs.
Truell. Miss Aline Solomons referred with high appreciation of Mrs.
Truell and Miss Halstead’s good work as recording secretary of the
chapter.

The chairman called upon Mrs. Sarah Brown Hall Johnston as the
one who probably knew Elizabeth Bryant Johnston better than anyone
else as she had been associated with her for over thirty years with
all the intimacy of family life. In response Mrs. Johnston spoke of
Elizabeth Bryant’s amiable disposition, as of one “thinking no evil,”
and of her great intellectual gifts, which were highly cultivated al-
though she had not enjoyed great school advantages; she was well
informed on all topics. This she illustrated with an anecdote to her
own disadvantage. Mrs. Johnston said, that on her return from
Europe some years ago, she had anticipated astonishing Elizabeth with
the stories she could tell of the galleries she had visited and the world-
wide famous pictures she had seen, but she soon discovered that Eliza-
beth, without having seen had about as clear ideas of the best Europe
had to show as she herself had after a trip. This experience opened
her eyes as to sister Elizabeth’s attainments.

After Elizabeth Bryant’s death on looking over her effects she dis-
covered a very remarkable picture of which she had never heard.
It was of Elizabeth sitting with three of the most eminent artists of
the day, a picture and article Elizabeth had never mentioned to any
of her family although it had been published in a magazine! Mrs.
Johnston later read a letter received from Mrs. Fairbanks soon after
Elizabeth Bryant’s death which was most appreciative, and spoke
particularly of her interest in Continental Hall where some of her
suggestions were now being built in, as much of a “monument” to her
as to those Mothers of the Revolution, since it was her idea to have a
southern portico supported by thirteen columns representing the original thirteen colonies.

Miss Janet Richards spoke of the high place Miss Johnston occupied in literature, but which had scarcely been duly appreciated during her lifetime. Miss Richards illustrated one of Miss Johnston's characteristics by relating an anecdote of herself and Miss Johnston. She said that on one occasion they took opposite sides of a question on something appealing especially to Miss Richards and Miss Elizabeth Bryant said some very sharp things to her in so much that she was greatly disturbed lest it become an estrangement of their long friendship. But happily, when next they met, she was greatly relieved and rejoiced to receive the usual cordial greeting, and henceforth they respected each other even although they might differ.

Mrs. Frances A. Johnston said that one Elizabeth Bryant's most pronounced characteristics has not been mentioned, doubtless because it was known only to her family. It was her unfailing optimism, which persistently looked at the bright side of things. As has been said she did not receive adequate recognition for merited reward for her literary contributions although they were renowned and valued by her peers the world over. But the failure of her high hopes never embittered her, and she had no word of blame for anyone, meeting undaunted and with a brave heart and smiling face each misfortune and disappointment: such blows of fate as would have staggered a less well balanced nature.

Another trait was loyalty to friend and family, the Scotch Kentucky clan feeling which rebelled at the word sister-in-law to designate the wives of her brothers. They were sisters in as close a tie as though indeed of kindred blood.

Miss Frances Benjamin Johnston referred to her aunt's love of flowers, her special fondness being for apple blossoms, and when Miss Johnston first began work as a journalist she adopted "Sweetbriar" as her nom de plume. This plant was really typical of her character, for as the sweetbriar growing wild and thorny, is fragrant not only in its blossoms but its leaves, so Miss Johnston had a piquancy of expression which was often sharp but never left a wound. Miss Johnston's courage and cheerfulness in meeting disappointments showed the inherited spirits of those women who followed across the Blue Ridge from Virginia to Kentucky the fortunes of the "Traveling Church," and those others at Bryant Station, who, when the stockade, where the settlers had taken refuge, was surrounded by Indians, went calmly to an outside spring for water, although they well knew that murderous and relentless foes lurked behind every bush and tree, who would not reveal their ambush by firing on the women, thus exposing themselves to the aim of the deadly Kentucky riflemen. Miss Richards resumed the floor to add that Miss Johnston always retained her youthful feeling, and that she was either "A very young old woman, or a very old young
woman,” whichever way you choose to put it. Mrs. Henry, chapter regent, and Mrs. Davis, treasurer of the national society, each had a word to say of Miss Johnston’s useful life and influence in the Daughters of the American Revolution Society. One spoke of her as being in charge of the medal awarded by the chapter to the high school pupils for the best historical essays, annually, and her happiness in making the presentation.

Mrs. Davis also said that Elizabeth Bryant Johnston would be greatly missed from the National Congress where she had so often sat, but seldom saying anything, but when she did her dignified bearing always commanded attention, and most likely her “point” would be made.

Mrs. Elizabeth Gadsby then read a paper. Miss Desha referred to Miss Johnston as historian general of the national society, and their friendship in which there was perfect harmony save only upon one subject, they differed in politics, she herself being what Miss Johnston always called her, a “rebel,” and Miss Johnston for the Union, but for all that, they had much in common, as both hailed from Kentucky, which is of itself enough to form the basis of a lasting friendship.

Mrs. Emily Sherwood Ragan stated, briefly, that so much matter of unusual interest had been presented relative to Elizabeth Bryant Johnston’s eminently useful and many-sided expression of character, first, as a Daughter, she having served as historian general of both the National Society and of the Mary Washington Chapter; as the enthusiastic and capable chairman of the prize medal offered by the chapter to pupils of the Washington high schools for best annual essay on American or Revolutionary history; as a woman of high literary attainments testified to in her standard books on “Washingtonia”; and her position and influence in the literary and social life of the Capital City, where her acquaintance with Miss Johnston began—they having first met at a reception at Vice-President Morton’s during the Harrison administration, when she chaperoned her niece, a distinguished vocalist, Marie Decca; and her standing and influence in other circles, as a charter member of the Columbia Historical Society; and an honored member of the most exclusive “Literary Society” of Washington, all of these things impressed her as so many reasons why this interesting symposium should find a more permanent expression than merely this evening’s exercises.

Miss Aline Solomons said she agreed, perfectly, with what the last speaker had stated; and she presented a resolution: “That Emily Lee Sherwood Ragan be assigned the task of preparing a report of this memorial meeting for the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE,” which resolution was unanimously adopted.

I enjoy the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE very much.—EDITH MILLER STEPHENS, Point Pleasant, West Virginia.
MISS ELIZABETH BRYANT JOHNSTON.

Elizabeth Bryant Johnston was born in Mason county, Kentucky, July 12, 1833. She was the daughter of Dr. Wm. Bryant Johnston, and Asenath Craig.

Her father was a noted surgeon in the war of 1812, one of whose exploits was to capture a grenadier, unaided.

Her grandfather, William Johnston, came from Dumfries, Scotland, as lieutenant in the British army. He became convinced of the
righteous course of the Colonies and resigned his commission and became a chaplain in the Virginia militia, where he served until the surrender of Yorktown. On the night of his arrival home in Washington, Kentucky, his son, William, was born, the father of Elizabeth.

On her maternal side, she descended from Lewis Craig, who was the celebrated Baptist preacher, of the “Traveling Church,” the pioneer friend of Daniel Boone. Hundreds of people followed him in his journeys through the wilderness to Kentucky, upheld in their dangers and privations by his faith and brave spirit.

Among the heroes and heroines of Bryant Spring Station, Kentucky, were several ancestors of Miss Johnston, Capt. John Craig, being in command when attacked by the English General Caldwell, and his Indian allies. The fort was 600 feet long and 150 feet wide, enclosing 20 log cabins, and 4 block houses, as shown from the original plan of Gen. George Rogers Clarke. No water was within the enclosure, but in rifle range was a fine spring, a branch of the Elkhorn; it was however surrounded by a thick growth of underbrush, where the Indians were lying in ambush. Not a man dared leave the fort. Captain Craig suggested that the women and girls should go for the water as Caldwell would not allow an attack on a few helpless women and so lessen his chance of capturing the fort. He surmised rightly. They did not fire a shot at the women. Semina Suggett Johnston led the way, followed by twenty women and girls. Polly Hawkins Craig, the oldest woman in the fort carried a bucket on her head, and one in each hand. Thus the lives of the fighters were saved, and all the fort from massacre, by the undoubted spirit of the women and girls, on that burning hot day, August 15, 1782. The Lexington Chapter has erected a memorial wall around Bryant Spring.

Miss Johnston's life proved that every drop of blood in her was born of patriotism. Rarely has one woman of the present day been enabled to carry out her ideas of loyal service in times of peace.

Her girlhood was spent in Kentucky, where lie the scenes of many of her dialect stories and negro songs. She came to Washington thirty-five years ago, and was associated with the literary and social life of the capital, while her charm of manner and brilliant mind ever made her a welcome guest. She spent several times, some years in Europe, and became an authority on historic art.

She was a charter member of the Columbia Historical Society, and one of its directors from its organization in 1894. Her choice of a seal for the society was the one chosen for its unique design and artistic merit. She was selected as one of the experts on the likeness of Washington with W. E. Marshall, Daniel Huntington, and Wilson Macdonald. She was an authority on the Houdon bust, as Clark Mills had told her personally of its gift to himself, by Col. John Augustine Washington in 1849. This bust of General Washington was made by Houdon in 1785.
Colonel Bangs, chief of railway postal service, asked Miss Johnston for a suitable head for the national two-cent stamp. She suggested the head of Washington from the Houdon bust as being the most perfect. It was adopted and to her we owe the fine reproduction of our national hero in the first Washington profile stamp.

The flag of her country was a sacred emblem to her and through her influence the "Star Spangled Banner" first waved over the government buildings. Meeting Col. Amos Webster, chief clerk of the treasury, she asked him "why the flag did not float over every public building?" She then interested the secretary of the treasury, Mr. Folger, who issued the order during the Arthur administration in 1882, since which time from the capital of the nation to every little hamlet in our far-away possessions each government building if it be only a little school-house in the distant Philippines, proudly unfurls its "Stars and Stripes."

She was a member of the board of the Garfield hospital, and through her was established the first training school for nurses in Washington.

Miss Johnston was a writer of great versatility, and for many years wrote under the nom de plume of "Sweet Briar."

She compiled the Guide Book to Mt. Vernon. From that she became familiar with much of General Washington's life, and her works on the first president are treasures of historical knowledge to the literary world, and rank with the modern classics in their fine diction and record of facts, showing throughout her high trend of thought and charming personal characteristics.

Her large quarto volume of "Original Portraits of Washington" is accepted authority, and was so favorably received in England that Queen Victoria sent the author an autograph letter of her approval. It was published in 1882 by the Osgood Co., Boston. A resolution was offered in the United States senate and house of representatives, to order a large number of the books for the government. It passed both senate and house, but was held up by Samuel J. Randall, speaker. Thus was lost to Washingtonia literature the most valuable and thorough history of Washington portraits and statues ever collaborated. Miss Johnston had revised and prepared a second edition, which was to have been published this year.

Her "George Washington Day by Day" was a labor of love and research. It is a very unique work and original in its style, giving the great chief's doings "day by day." There is a quotation from some eminent author on every page, expressive of their opinion of General Washington, comprising in all three hundred and sixty-five quotations. Her dedication is a strong expression of her hope for her country's future. "To the children of my country the army which Washington said could never be conquered." The illustration on the cover shows her pride in the rank and file. "In their ragged garments stood the old Continentals, yielding not." On the cover of the book
is a medallion in gold, after a miniature by John Ramage. In the
back of this miniature, when found by his family was inserted “A lock
of my Lady’s hair, G. W.”

Her preface is a breathing, living faith in the power of patriotism
and love of country. “A deeper reverence to the law, and a greater
devotion to our national institutions, are the lessons of the day; the
very life of the nation depends on sustaining the majesty of the law,
and instilling into the hearts of American children an earnest rever-
ence for its sacred power.” And this beautiful sentiment—“Let love
of country become a part of our religion, that part which rises above
all theories, philosophies and creeds uniting us, if in nothing else, in
love of country.” This book is used as a text book in our public
schools.

In “The Days That Are No More,” she brings to our minds quaint
stories of ante-bellum days, with a vein of humor, a touch of pathos
in those graphically told tales of kind masters and faithful slaves of her
own and neighboring Kentucky plantations.

Miss Johnston was associate editor of the American Monthly
Magazine, with Mrs. Lothrop, Mrs. Coe and Miss Welch, for over two
years, at the expiration of which time, 1897, she was elected historian
general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and established
the “Lineage Book” on such a firm basis, and fine lines, that few
changes have been made since her edition of the second volume. It is
now an accepted authority. Her beautiful thought of the thirteen col-
umns for the south portico of our Memorial Hall, to be given by the
thirteen original states has been carried out.

Her thought for a “Book of Remembrance” to be placed in Conti-
nental Memorial Hall “for the names of all donors to be inscribed
therein,” will be carried out as a memorial by the Daughters to her.
Each person subscribing a small sum to the last copy of her book,
“George Washington Day by Day,” a sum will be realized to purchase
the handsome large “Book of Remembrance” she desired for Conti-
nental Memorial Hall. To speak of her Christian character, her de-
lightful optimism, her tender, loving spirit, her loyal friendship, is to tell
what we all know of her, who passed on to her reward, January 13,
1907, and of that which is most sacred in our own hearts.—Elizabeth
Gadsby.

Reports from the following chapters will appear in the May
number: James Woods Chapter, Faneuil Hall Chapter, Luc-
cinda Hinsdale Stone Chapter, John Marshall Chapter, Illini
Chapter, Sarah Hooker Whitman Chapter, John Paul Chapter,
besides others, whose reports are not yet in type.
IN MEMORIAM

MRS. ANNIE STARK MALLORY, Fanny Ledyard Chapter, Mystic, Connecticut, died at her home in Mystic, January 17, 1907. The chapter passed beautiful resolutions testifying to her high worth.

MRS. ELLEN BURFREE FARR, charter member of Pasadena California Chapter, died January 5, 1907, at Naples, Italy. Mrs. Farr was prominent in philanthropic and in club circles, and was an artist of ability. Her late husband was at one time United States senator. Suitable resolutions were sent to her only child, Mrs. Edwin Miller, Westfield, Massachusetts.

MISS AMANDA JACOBS, charter member, Mahoning Chapter, Youngstown, Ohio, died August 11, 1906.

MISS MARY B. TAYLOR, Sharon, Pennsylvania, Mahoning Chapter, Youngstown, Ohio, died December 13, 1906.

MRS. MARY PEERLES HITCHCOCK, charter member, Mahoning Chapter, Youngstown, Ohio, died January 1, 1907. As treasurer-registrar and regent, Mrs. Hitchcock was particularly identified with the growth of the chapter. While as Ohio state registrar she did much to broaden the organization.

MRS. MARY B. VAN DUSEN, Kanesio Valley Chapter, Hornell, New York, died Feb. 27, 1907.

Deaths in the Mary Silliman Chapter, Bridgeport, Connecticut:

MRS. MARY A. (BEARDSLEY) BARTRAM, died June 4, 1904, in New York City. Descendant of Ensign Benjamin Beardsley.

MRS. JUSTINE H. (BELLOWS) BUCKINGHAM, died September 18, 1905, at Bridgeport, Conn. She was a member of the Stratfield Burying Ground Committee, and an active worker. Descendant of John Bellows.

MRS. CAROLINE (PINTO) HUBBELL, a “Real Daughter,” died October 22, 1905, at Bridgeport, Conn. She was the last of our three living links connecting the present with the historic past. Descendant of William Pinto.

The Magazine is always full of interest to me.—MARY J. KEARFOTT, Vice-President General, New Jersey.

The battle of Thicketty Fort was fought July 30, 1780, not 1870, as inadvertently printed on page 101, February issue.
BOOK NOTES

An Historic Guide to Cambridge, compiled by members of the Hannah Winthrop Chapter, and published by the chapter at Cambridge, Massachusetts.

In presenting this volume through its pilgrimage committee, the Hannah Winthrop Chapter hopes to be of service to all those, both stranger and resident, who are interested in the history of Cambridge, one of the earliest settled towns of New England, the home for nearly three centuries of Harvard College, and the first camp of the American army of the Revolution. The work fulfills its mission admirably and reflects great credit on its compilers. To those who go back to old Cambridge for an ancestor, it must be a source of interest and delight, for on every page appear names that are inseparably linked with the history of our country. The work contains many fine pictures of old houses and of Harvard College, in various stages of its development, and several helpful maps. The frontispiece is a beautiful picture of the Washington Elm. For the convenience of strangers, a map of Cambridge of the present time is printed on the inside front cover. The volume is bound in cloth and well indexed. It is a valuable addition to any library from an historic point of view, as county records and private papers have been carefully read, and the utmost accuracy of statement sought. As far as possible, dates have been verified by reference to wills, deeds, histories and biographies. To the tourist who wishes to get the most out of his visit, it is indispensable.

The prize of $5, in gold, offered to the “foreign class” of the Franklin night school, Washington, District of Columbia, by the Daughters of the American Revolution of the District, was won by William Dembrobsky, a young Russian, who had been in this country only eight months. The prize was donated by Mrs. Smallwood and the subject was “The Making of an American Citizen.” Mrs. Ellen Spencer Mussey, regent of the Daughters of the American Revolution for the District of Columbia, and a member of the board of education, presented the prize in a brief address. Mrs. Hodgkins, vice-regent of the District, also made a short address.

The May number will contain full notes on the Sixteenth Continental Congress.
PROGRAMME
OF
The Sixteenth
Continental Congress
OF THE
National Society
OF THE
DAUGHTERS
OF THE
AMERICAN
REVOLUTION

April 15 to 20, 1907
Memorial
Continental Hall
WASHINGTON, D. C.
General Information

Roll call will be answered by State Regents for their delegations, the Chapter Regents responding for their respective Chapters.

All motions must be made in writing, signed by the mover and by one or more persons seconding the motion.

A mover of a motion is requested to rise, announce her name and State and to send her written motion to the Recording Secretary General.

Roberts' Rules of Order will be the accepted authority on Parliamentary Law.

A Question of Privilege shall be entertained only when it relates to the rights and privileges of the organization or to one of its members.

A request to do something that is out of order at the time is not a Question of Privilege.

Special business sessions may be held during the Congress.

State delegations may meet at their convenience for the election of their State Regents and State Vice-Regents.

Notices will be read immediately at the close of each session and posted on the bulletin board.

Orders will be taken for the American Monthly Magazine, the Lineage Book, the Directory, the Smithsonian Report, and the Insignia at Memorial Continental Hall and the office of the National Society, 902 F street, which are open daily from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m. during the Congress.

Entertainment by Memorial Continental Hall Committee. Benefit General Building Fund. Saturday evening, April 13th, 1907, at New Willard Hotel, from 9 to 11 p.m.
PROGRAMME

Monday, April 15, 1907

10.30 o'clock, a. m.

Sixteenth Continental Congress called to order by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

Prayer by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

Music.

Address of Welcome by the President General.

Brief Responses.

Music.

2 o'clock, p. m.

Report of Credential Committee, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main, Chairman.

Roll Call.

Report of Program Committee, Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, Chairman.

Evening

Announcement.

Benefit for Memorial Continental Hall under the auspices of Mary Washington Chapter, D. C. Belasco Theater.
Tuesday, April 16, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.
Prayer.
Music.
Reading of the Minutes.
Announcement by the President General of the Committees on the Recommendations of National Officers.
Reports of National Officers:
- The President General as Chairman of the National Board of Management, Mrs. Donald McLean.
- The Vice-President General in Charge of the Organization of Chapters, Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main.
- The Chaplain General, Mrs. Tennis S. Hamlin.
- The Recording Secretary General, Miss Elizabeth F. Pierce.
- The Corresponding Secretary General, Miss Virginia Miller.
- The Registrar General, Mrs. J. Stewart Jamieson.
- The Treasurer General, Mrs. M. E. S. Davis.

Followed by report of the Auditing Committee.
- The Historian General, Mrs. Jonathan P. Dolliver.
- The Assistant Historian General, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.
- The Librarian General, Miss Aline E. Solomons.

Reports of the Editor, Business Manager and Magazine Committee of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE:
- The Editor, Mrs. Elroy M. Avery.
- The Business Manager, Miss Lilian Lockwood.
- The Magazine Committee, Mrs. Robert E. Park, Chairman.

5 o'clock, p. m.

State Meetings may be held if desired.

8 o'clock, p. m.

Report of Standing Committees:
- Committee on Revolutionary Relics for Memorial Continental Hall, Mrs. A. A. Kendall, Chairman.
- Committee on National University, Mrs. Alexander Ennis Patton, Chairman.
- Committee on Preservation of Historic Spots, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, Chairman.
- Committee on Patriotic Education, Miss Ellen Mecum, Chairman.
- Committee to Prevent Desecration of Flag, Mrs. Walter Kempster, Chairman.
- School City Committee, Mrs. John A. Murphy, Chairman.
- Committee on “Real Daughters,” Mrs. Wm. L. Peel.
- Committee on Prison Ship Martyrs, Mrs. S. V. White, Chairman.
- Report of Jamestown Committee, Mrs. Lydia Pleasants Purcell, Chairman.
Wednesday, April 17, 1907

10.30 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.
Prayer.
Music.
Dedication of Memorial Portico, Memorial Continental Hall.
Reading of the Minutes.

2.30 o'clock, p. m.

Special order of business.
Report of the Memorial Continental Hall Committee, Mrs. Donald McLean, Chairman.
Contributions to Memorial Continental Hall Building Fund.

9 to 11 o'clock, p. m.

Reception at Congressional Library.
Thursday, April 18, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.
Prayer.
Music.
Reading of the Minutes.
Nominations and Elections:
   President General.
   Ten Vice-Presidents General.
   Chaplain General.
   Recording Secretary General.
   Registrar General.
   Historian General.
   Corresponding Secretary General.
   Treasurer General.
   Assistant Historian General.
   Librarian General.
   Editor of the American Monthly Magazine.
   Business Manager of the American Monthly Magazine.

8 o'clock, p. m.

Announcements of Elections:
   President General.
   Ten Vice-Presidents General.
   Chaplain General.
   Recording Secretary General.
   Registrar General.
   Historian General.
   Corresponding Secretary General.
   Treasurer General.
   Assistant Historian General.
   Librarian General.
   Editor of the American Monthly Magazine.
   Business Manager of the American Monthly Magazine.

State Regents, Reports:
   Limited to 3 minutes.
Friday, April 9, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.
Prayer.
Music.
Reading of the Minutes.
Amendments to the By-Laws.
Unfinished business.
New business.

8.30 o'clock, p. m.

Patriotic Celebration.
Music.
Saturday, April 20, 1907

10 o'clock, a. m.

The Congress called to order by the President General.
Prayer.
Music.
Reading of the Minutes.
Unfinished business.
New business.
Benediction.
The adjournment of the Sixteenth Continental Congress.
OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Daughters of the American Revolution
Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1905.

President General.
MRS. DONALD McLEAN,
186 Lenox Avenue, New York, and
902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.
MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
902 F Street, Washington, D. C., and
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.
(Term of office expires 1907.)

MRS. JOHN R. WALKER, Missouri,
The Holland, Norfolk, Va.
MRS. MARY WOOD SWIFT, California,
824 Valencia St., San Francisco, Cal.
MRS. CHARLES H. DeERE, Illinois,
MRS. ORLANDO J. HodGE, Ohio,
1096 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.
MRS. FLORENCE GRAY ESTEY, Vermont,
Brattleboro, Vermont.

MRS. H. S. CHAMBERLAIN, Tennessee,
237 East Terrace, Chattanooga, Tenn.
MRS. LINDSAY-PATTERSON, N. C.,
Winston-Salem, North Carolina.
MRS. JOHN CUNNINGHAM HAZEN, N. Y.,
Pelham Manor, New York.
MRS. GEORGE W. NICHOLES, S. C.,
Spartanburg, South Carolina.
MRS. FRANKLIN E. BROOKS, Colorado,
1324 North Nevada Avenue,
Colorado Springs, Colorado.
(Term of office expires 1908.)

MRS. ROBERT EMOBY PARK, Georgia, 48 Merritts Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.
MRS. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, R. I., Tiverton, Rhode Island.
MRS. TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY, Mich., 1315 16th St., Washington, D. C.
MRS. WILLIAM D. KEARFOTT, N. J., Montclair, N. J.
MRS. ROBERT EMORY PARK, Georgia, 48 Merritts Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.
MRS. RICHARD JACKSON BARKER, R. I., Tiverton, Rhode Island.
MRS. TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY, Mich., 1315 16th St., Washington, D. C.
MRS. WILLIAM D. KEARFOTT, N. J., Montclair, N. J.

Chaplain General.
MRS. TEUNIS S. HAMLIN, 1316 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C.

Recording Secretary General.
MISS ELISABETH F. PIERCE, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Registrar General.
MRS. J. STEWART JAMIESON, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Historian General.
MRS. JONATHAN P. DOLLIVER, 1415 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Librarian General.
MISS ALICE E. SOLOMONS, 1205 K St., Washington, D. C.

(state Regents and State Vice-Regents.
Alabama, MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, South Highlands, Birmingham.
Miss ALINE E. SOLOMONS, 1205 K St., Washington, D. C.
Alabama, MRS. J. MORGAN SMITH, South Highlands, Birmingham.
Miss ALINE E. SOLOMONS, 1205 K St., Washington, D. C.

(All official mail to be sent to 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Address</th>
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<tr>
<td>Dist. of Columbia</td>
<td>Mrs. ELLEN SPENCER MUSSEY, 416 5th St., Washington.</td>
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<td>Florida</td>
<td>Mrs. HOWARD L. HODGES, 1830 T St., Washington.</td>
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<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Mrs. JAMES A. ROUNDSAVILLE, Rome.</td>
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<td>Idaho</td>
<td>Mrs. F. W. GODFREY, Covington.</td>
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<td>Illinois</td>
<td>Mrs. DAVID H. TATE, Teton.</td>
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<td>Kansas</td>
<td>Mrs. FLOYD LESLIE MOORE, Harpster.</td>
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<td>Kentucky</td>
<td>Mrs. J. PEMBROKE THOM, 828 Park Ave., Baltimore.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Louisiana</td>
<td>Mrs. APOLLO TEBault, 623 Lafayette Sq., New Orleans.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Maine</td>
<td>Mrs. CHARLOTTE AUGUSTA BALDWIN, 135 Cedar St., Bangor.</td>
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<td>Maryland</td>
<td>Mrs. CHARLES A. CREIGHTON, Thomaston.</td>
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<td>Massachusetts</td>
<td>Mrs. CHARLES H. MASURY, 48 Elm St., Danvers.</td>
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<td>Missouri</td>
<td>Mrs. THOMAS O. TOWLES, Jefferson City.</td>
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<td>Montana</td>
<td>Mrs. ELEANOR MURDOCH JOHNSON, Frederick.</td>
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<td>Nebraska</td>
<td>Mrs. ROBERT T. CARPENTER, 212 West 15th St., Oklahoma City.</td>
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<td>New Hampshire</td>
<td>Mrs. JOHN McLANE, Milford.</td>
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<td>New Jersey</td>
<td>Mrs. STEPHEN C. LANGWORTHY, Seward.</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>Mrs. MARY PHELPS MONTGOMERY, 253 7th St., Portland.</td>
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<tr>
<td>New York</td>
<td>Mrs. R. J. SHEPARD, Derby.</td>
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<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>Mrs. JOHN EDSON BELL, 2401 Park Ave., Minneapolis.</td>
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<tr>
<td>North Dakota</td>
<td>Mrs. CHARLES A. CREIGHTON, Thomaston.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ohio</td>
<td>Mrs. GEORGE PHIFER ERWIN, Morganton.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oregon</td>
<td>Mrs. R. J. SHEPARD, Derby.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oklahoma</td>
<td>Mrs. GEORGE L. MUNGER, 361 7th St., Oklahoma City.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pennsylvania</td>
<td>Mrs. CONRAD HOLLAND, 606 E. Military Ave., Fremont.</td>
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### HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the **National Society Daughters of the American Revolution**, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the National Society, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the “Corresponding Secretary General” at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in duplicate, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be endorsed by at least one member of the Society. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to the “Registrar General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.”

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars. The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented...
OFFICIAL

The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances should be made to the Treasurer General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C. By a check or money order. Never in currency.

No application will be considered until this fee is paid. If not accepted this amount will be returned.

At the April meeting of the National Board of Management, D. A. R., the following motion was unanimously passed:

"Resolved, That the following notice be inserted in the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE: 'Chapters shall send to headquarters, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C., notice of deaths, resignations, marriages and all changes of addresses and list of officers.'"

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, N. S. D. A. R.

Wednesday, February 6, 1907.

The regular monthly meeting of the National Board of Management was held Wednesday, February 6, 1907, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, District of Columbia.

The meeting was called to order Wednesday morning by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

Prayer by the Chaplain General, Mrs. Hamlin, followed by the roll-call. Members present: Mrs. McLean, President General; Mrs. Main, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs. Deere, Vice-President General, Illinois; Mrs. Barker, Rhode Island; Mrs. Newberry, Michigan; Mrs. Bates, Massachusetts; Mrs. Lindsay Patterson, North Carolina; Mrs. Brooks, Colorado; Mrs. Evans, Texas; Mrs. Hamlin, Chaplain General; Mrs. Jamieson, Registrar General; Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Davis, Treasurer General; Mrs. Dolliver, Historian General; Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General; Miss Solomons, Librarian General; Miss Pierce, Recording Secretary General. State Regents: Mrs. Roberts, New York; Mrs. Patton, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Mussey, District of Columbia. State Vice-Regent: Mrs. Robertson, South Carolina.

The Minutes of the previous meeting were read and upon motion approved.
Miss Miller announced the death of Mrs. James D. Wynkoop, an ex-Vice-President General of the Society, which occurred on February 2nd, at her home in Hurley, New York.

It was moved and carried that an expression of sympathy on the part of the Board be sent to the family of Mrs. Wynkoop. Mrs. Roberts, State Regent of New York, requested that a letter of condolence be sent to Mrs. Gregory, the sister of Mrs. Wynkoop, and Regent of the Mohawk Chapter. This was granted.

Reports of Officers were called.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT GENERAL: We have only been separated about three weeks. The January meeting having been held somewhat later on account of the New Year coming in, has brought it quite near to this month’s meeting. After the last meeting I returned to New York and gave my energies to one of a series of entertainments for the benefit of Memorial Continental Hall. A large sum of money was realized, part of which I will present to the Continental Hall Committee at the meeting to-morrow. Our receipts are not all in yet. Some of the members of the New York City Chapter will be with us to-morrow and present this money—several hundred dollars. This was one of a series of entertainments which we believe will bear fruit, not only in raising money for the hall, but in stimulating interest, and we hope for greater results later on. I have made two visits to two States—New Jersey and Delaware. In New Jersey the Daughters, with other public-spirited citizens of East Orange, have organized a valuable series of lectures. This is undertaken by the Womens’ Club, with the assistance of some of the leading men of the State. These lectures are presumably by experts, and as I was regarded in that light on the subject of patriotic education, the Chairman, Mrs. Robert Hawksworth, invited me to lecture the last week in January. The management offered, very generously, to divide the sum taken in, giving half for Continental Hall fund. It was said to be the largest audience they have ever had. One of their distinguished men spoke, as well as the State Regent and the Vice-President General of New Jersey, and we hope to report some monetary gain.

To Wilmington, Delaware, the Daughters had asked me to come some time ago. The Regent of the Caesar Rodney Chapter, Mrs. Knowles, was about leaving with her husband, who has been appointed United States Consul to Roumania and Servia, and the members of the Chapter took this occasion to honor the Regent and welcome their President General at the same time. I had left New York on Monday noon, and while the weather was not balmy, there were no snow flakes to be seen. I arrived in Wilmington in a blizzard and the streets were almost impassible. We were taken to the building of the Historical Society—one of the oldest in this country—and the whole building redolent of its associations. It was most interesting. I was surprised
that so many had traveled, and there was a large attendance from all over the State. I promised the Delaware Daughters to bring a special greeting to the Board and to tell you with what interest they are keeping up their work. We will now proceed with the reports of Officers.

REPORT OF THE RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: It is my pleasure to report that the instructions given me at the January meeting of the Board were promptly carried out. Letters of condolence were sent to the families of the deceased members, as indicated at that meeting; also to Mrs. Angus Cameron, a former Vice-President General, of Wisconsin, upon her restoration to health after a dangerous illness. The reinstated members were notified of their renewed membership in the National Society; a letter of acknowledgement sent to Mrs. Lounsberry, former State Regent of North Dakota, of the relics presented by her to Memorial Continental Hall. All action of the Board bearing on the respective departments of the Office transmitted, upon the adjournment of the meeting.

At the request of the President General, second notices of members' appointments to the Jamestown Committee were issued, there appearing to be some misunderstanding on this subject among certain members as to their retention on the Committee. Additional appointments to committees have been sent out as soon as received from the President General, and the respective Chairmen furnished with the new names and addresses.

I am happy to report, in connection with the Jamestown Committee, that much interest is expressed by the State Regents and others serving on the Committee. Many letters have been received in regard to their proposed work to make the matter a success, all of which have been answered, and later referred to the Chairman of the Committee, Mrs. Benjamin L. Purcell.

I would like to call the attention of the Board to the following Statute: "Resolved, That the Recording Secretary General be not held responsible for any but written motions and reports."

As far as the written motions are concerned, this statute has usually been observed, but it often happens that reports are not handed in to the Recording Secretary in writing, being made verbally. This colloquial form does not appear well in print, and I would therefore ask that the above statute be strictly observed in future, with the exception of the report of our President General.

Since the last meeting of the Board I have signed 470 original application papers, 111 supplemental papers, 198 certificates of membership, and issued 470 notification cards. Letters and postals written, 60.

Regrets for this meeting of the Board have been received from the following: Mrs. Stevens, State Regent of Iowa; Mrs. Guthrie, Indiana; Miss Baldwin, Maine; Miss Mecum, New Jersey; Mrs. Chittenden,
Michigan; Mrs. Sypherd, Delaware; Mrs. Erwin, North Carolina; Miss Swinburne, Rhode Island; Mrs. Jamison, Virginia; Mrs. Thorn, Maryland; Mrs. Keafott, Vice-President General, New Jersey; Mrs. Park, Georgia; Mrs. Chamberlain, Tennessee; Mrs. Bushnell, Iowa; Mrs. Heneberger, Virginia, and Mrs. Bratton, State Regent of South Carolina, who writes that she is about to start on a trip to many points in the State endeavoring to organize chapters and arouse interest in Daughters of the American Revolution work.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) ELIZABETH F. PIERCE,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: The report of supplies sent from the office of the Corresponding Secretary General during January, 1907, is as follows: Application blanks, 3,855; copies of the Constitution, 638; Circulars “How to become a Member,” 371; officers’ lists, 287; Committee lists, 287; Miss Lee’s paper, 231; Circulars for same, 281; Transfer cards, 281.

Letters received, 202; letters written, 217.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) VIRGINIA MILLER,
Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

February 6, 1907.

Report accepted.

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: I have the honor to report the following for the past month: Application blanks, 3,855; presented, 512; applications examined, but incomplete, 119; applications received since January 25, unexamined, 248; applications of “Real Daughters” presented, 3. Permits for Insignia issued, 234; permits for ancestral bars issued, 51; permits for Recognition Pins issued, 121; Certificates issued, 166. Letters written, 290; postals written, 85. Applications verified awaiting dues, 75.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) ELEANOR W. JAMIESON,
Registrar General, N. S. D. A. R.

The Registrar General read a letter from a member in Philadelphia, suggesting certain changes in the form of application blanks for membership.

It was moved and carried, That the President General appoint a committee to consider this matter.
It was moved and carried, *That the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the applicants presented by the Registrar General.*

The Recording Secretary General announced that the ballot had been cast for the 512 applicants and the Chair declared them duly elected members of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution. The report was then, upon motion, accepted.

The Registrar General asked for a new section for the Card Catalogue.

Mrs. Newberry moved: *That the request be granted and that the matter of the section for the Card Catalogue be referred to the Purchasing Committee.*

Seconded by Mrs. Bates. Motion carried.

**REPORT OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS:** Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Mrs. Ogden H. Fethers resigned as State Vice-Regent of Wisconsin in October but notice of such resignation was not received at this office until after the January Board meeting. Mrs. Frances S. Kempster was elected State Vice-Regent of Wisconsin at the State conference in October, subject to the confirmation of the National Board of Management.

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented for confirmation: Mrs. Clara Kern Bayliss, Macomb, Illinois; Miss Addie May Potter, Waucoma, Iowa; Mrs. Haidie Trigg Dickinson, Glasgow, Kentucky; Mrs. Lulu Belle Hemphill Quinby, Onancock, Virginia; Mrs. Louise Christine Mahon Furbee, Mannington, West Virginia; and Mrs. May Jackson Taylor, Elkins, West Virginia, and the re-appointments of Mrs. Mary Celia Burton-Bennett, New City, Kansas, and Mrs. Emma Page Tracy, Chillicothe, Missouri.


In connection with the Card Catalogues there have been 470 new members' cards; 640 ancestors' cards; 321 corrections; 57 marriages; 28 deaths; 2 dropped for non-payment of dues, and 5 reinstatements. Admitted membership, January 9, 1907, 59,094; actual membership, January 9, 1907, 48,139.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)

**CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,**

*Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, N. S. D. A. R.*

Report accepted.
REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

January 1-31, 1907.

CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, Dec. 31, 1906, $9,341 23

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RECEIPTS</th>
<th></th>
<th>EXPENDITURES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual dues ($5,106, less $163 refunded)</td>
<td>$4,943 00</td>
<td>Office of President General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initiation fees ($643, less $19 refunded)</td>
<td>624 00</td>
<td>Telegrams,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certificates</td>
<td>2 00</td>
<td>Messenger service,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current interest</td>
<td>99 29</td>
<td>Clerical service,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exchange</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Life member's certificate</td>
<td>5 00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Magazine</td>
<td>823 11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$6,496 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>$15,837 73</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office of Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

500 mailing tubes, $4 00
Typewriter ribbon, 75
Clerical service, 125 00
129 75

Office of Recording Secretary General.

Engrossing ink, record ribbon, and repairing lock on desk, $1 70
Extra clerical service, 5 00
Clerical service (stenographer), 100 00
106 70

Office of Corresponding Secretary General.

Printing 1,000 application blanks, $7 75
Printing 1,000 transfer cards, 4 50
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Repairing typewriter</td>
<td>740</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 record ribbon</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>35 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>55 40</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office of Registrar General.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Binding 3 volumes records and rebinding 1 volume records</td>
<td>$11 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairing typewriter</td>
<td>7 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engrossing ink and repairing lock on desk</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Car fare to Library</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra clerical service and use of typewriter</td>
<td>35 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>260 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>314 45</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office of Treasurer General.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Printing 1,000 vouchers</td>
<td>$9 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing 6 receipt books</td>
<td>14 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mimeographing 200 circular letters</td>
<td>2 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 files</td>
<td>1 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Car fare to bank</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra clerical service</td>
<td>7 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>265 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>300 00</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office of Librarian General.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expressage</td>
<td>$ 55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Binding 29 volumes</td>
<td>21 80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History of Mattituck</td>
<td>1 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History of Redding, Connecticut</td>
<td>4 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 volume “Lewis and Kindred Families,”</td>
<td>3 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 steel eraser</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>65 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>96 60</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office of Historian General.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service, revising Vol. 1 of the Lineage books, and use of typewriter</td>
<td>$40 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>30 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compiler</td>
<td>80 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>150 00</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Lineage.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service, revising Vol. 1 of the Lineage books, and use of typewriter</td>
<td>$40 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>30 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compiler</td>
<td>80 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>150 00</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### American Monthly Magazine

**Magazine.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Copyright fee for 1907</td>
<td>$6.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Publishing and mailing December number,</td>
<td>355.57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing 4,000 folders,</td>
<td>12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage for editor,</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office expenses from December 1, 1906, to January 28, 1907</td>
<td>13.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Editor's salary,</td>
<td>83.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Business Manager's salary,</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genealogical Department</td>
<td>30.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>581.27</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**General Office.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Expressage,</td>
<td>$1.53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 copy Postal Guide,</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ledger, telephone book, cartage, locks, ink pads, 2 dozen blotters, 18 quarts ink, 6 steel erasers, furnishing material and adjusting drop light, ice, towel and water service,</td>
<td>27.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500 envelopes for committee of the Children of the Republic,</td>
<td>4.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing 50 circular letters for Jamestown Committee,</td>
<td>2.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Messenger service,</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service,</td>
<td>85.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>138.75</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Continental Hall.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Watchman for January, 1907</td>
<td>$8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sixteenth Continental Congress.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service, for Credential Committee,</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Certificates.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engrossing 340 certificates</td>
<td>$25.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>25.40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Postage.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Office of the President General</td>
<td>$12.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters</td>
<td>1.47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of the Recording Secretary General</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Amount</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of the Registrar General</td>
<td>4.93</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of the Treasurer General</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of the Librarian General</td>
<td>1.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Office</td>
<td>4.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7,000 stamped envelopes</td>
<td>152.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On blanks and constitutions</td>
<td>25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patriotic Education Committee</td>
<td>16.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children of the Republic Committee</td>
<td>7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>228.34</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

State Regents' Postage.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Colorado</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Michigan</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North Carolina</td>
<td>5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>15.00</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Office Furniture.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Repairing 15 chairs and furnishing 2 sets of castors</td>
<td>$9.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desk chair for Treasurer General’s office</td>
<td>5.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>15.00</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Daughters of the American Revolution Report to Smithsonian Institution.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Postage</td>
<td>$0.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paste and typewriting paper</td>
<td>1.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>40.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>42.20</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Patriotic Education Committee.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Printing 3,000 reports</td>
<td>$17.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Printing 3,000 circular letters</td>
<td>17.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expressage</td>
<td>80.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>3.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>37.80</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Support of "Real Daughters."

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Support of eight &quot;Real Daughters,&quot;</td>
<td>64.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent of telephone for January, 1907</td>
<td>8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent of offices for January, 1907</td>
<td>229.65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total expenses</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,607.31</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Balance, January 31, 1907—
In National Metropolitan Bank, $5,366 85
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank, 7,863 57

$13,230 42

*Fort Crailo Fund.*

Balance in bank at last report Dec. 31, 1906, $53 61
Interest, 54

$54 15

**PERMANENT FUND.**

Balance in bank at last report, December 31, 1906, $29,051 30

**RECEIPTS.**

*Charter Fees.*

*Orlando Chapter, Florida,* $5 00
*Muskogee Chapter, Indian Territory,* 5 00
*Washington Chapter, Iowa,* 5 00
*Filson Chapter, Kentucky,* 5 00
*Col. Loammi Baldwin Chapter, Massachusetts,* 5 00

$25 00

*Life Membership Fees.*

Mrs. Grace M. F. Bonner, *Oakland Chapter,* California, $12 50
Mrs. Wilhelmina Ashford, *Sarah McIntosh Chapter,* Georgia, 12 50
Mrs. Nellie B. Appleton, *Prudence Wright Chapter,* Massachusetts, 12 50
Miss Angie Marie Jordan, *Prudence Wright Chapter,* Massachusetts, 12 50
Mrs. Hattie B. H. Norris, *Joplin Chapter,* Missouri, 12 50
Mrs. Carrie H. W. Hussey, *Mary Torr Chapter,* New Hampshire, 12 50
Miss Mary B. Alden, *Irondequoit Chapter,* New York, 12 50
Mrs. Charles Perkins, *Mahwenawasigh Chapter,* New York, 12 50
Mrs. Sanford D. Stockton, *Mahwenawasigh Chapter,* New York, 12 50
Miss E. Learning, *Western Reserve Chapter,* Ohio, 12 50
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Chapter/State</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Mary V. Rowley</td>
<td>Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio</td>
<td>$12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Minnie Logue Callear</td>
<td>Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>$12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Harriette D. Foster</td>
<td>Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>$12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Carrie Stranathan Lawrence</td>
<td>Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>$12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Carrie Stranathan Lawrence</td>
<td>Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>$12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Rose Guthrie Marsh</td>
<td>Pittsburgh Chapter, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>$12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Harriet A. Emerick</td>
<td>Warrior Run Chapter, Pennsylvania</td>
<td>$12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Emma W. Ivey</td>
<td>Blue Ridge Chapter, Virginia</td>
<td>$12.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Continental Hall Contributions.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>$212.50</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Mattie F. B. Campbell</td>
<td>Alaska Chapter, Alaska</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Mary A. C. W. Mills</td>
<td>Alaska Chapter, Alaska</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Martha J. Smith</td>
<td>Alaska Chapter, Alaska</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Miss Anna B. Vanderbilt</td>
<td>Alaska Chapter, Alaska</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Clarendon Smith</td>
<td>Maricopa Chapter, Arizona</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eschscholtzia Chapter, California</td>
<td></td>
<td>$100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. R. C. Du Bois</td>
<td>Continental Hall pictures, District of Columbia</td>
<td>$63.87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Helen P. Kane</td>
<td>District of Columbia</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cedar Falls Chapter, Iowa</td>
<td>Iowa</td>
<td>$15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mrs. Theodore C. Bates</td>
<td>Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Massachusetts</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sea Coast Defence Chapter, Massachusetts</td>
<td></td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buntin Chapter, New Hampshire</td>
<td></td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gen. Lafayette Chapter, New Jersey</td>
<td></td>
<td>$20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orange Mountain Chapter,</td>
<td></td>
<td>$7.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>proceeds from sale of “Patriotic Calendar,”</td>
<td>account New Jersey</td>
<td>$5.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>room, New Jersey</td>
<td></td>
<td>$100.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minisink Chapter, New York</td>
<td></td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mohawk Valley Chapter, New York</td>
<td></td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Chester County, Delaware County, Independence Hall, Philadelphia and Quaker City Chapters, on account of front vestibule, Pennsylvania, .......... 1,111 84
Germantown Chapter, account of front vestibule, Pennsylvania, .................................. 25 00
Woonsocket Chapter, account “Rhode Island column,” Rhode Island, ............................... 120 03
State of Washington, on account of bust of “Washington,” Washington, ......................... 25 00
Col. Charles Lewis Chapter, on account of “West Virginia Room,” West Virginia,............... 42 00

Commission on Recognition Pins, ........................................... $8 10 8 10

Permanent interest—
On cash balance in banks, .............................................. 414 13
On investments, ............................................................ 200 00

............................................................. 614 13

$31,686 27

EXPENDITURES.
Second payment on account of rear pavilions, ... $4,980 00
First payment on account of heating contract, .... 4,200 00

............................................................. 9,180 00

Cash balance on deposit in banks, ............... $22,506 27

Permanent Investments.
5,000 par value Chicago & Alton Railroad 3% bonds, ........................................... $4,000 60
10,000 par value Baltimore & Ohio Railroad 4% bonds, ...................................... 10,150 00
10,000 par value Union Pacific Railroad 4% bonds, ............................................ 10,326 50

............................................................. 24,477 10

Total Permanent Fund, cash and investments, ........ $46,983 37

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. S. DAVIS,
Treasurer General, N. S. D. A. R.
Upon the announcements of the deaths in the report of the Treasurer General the Board arose as a tribute of respect.

The resignations were read and accepted; also the dropped and the reinstated members, and the latter restored to membership in the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Lockwood announced the death of Miss Elizabeth Bryant Johnston, which occurred January 13th, and spoke of her faithful services to the Society. The President General expressed her personal sorrow at learning of this loss to the Society.

Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Barker, Miss Miller, Miss Solomons and other members added their testimonial to the noble character, and patriotic work of Miss Johnston.

Miss Miller read an invitation from the State Regent of New Hampshire to the President General and National Board of Management to the State Conference to be held in Manchester on February 12th, and moved: That the Recording Secretary General send an acknowledgment of this invitation. Motion carried.

REPORT OF HISTORIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: It is a great pleasure to me to be again able to greet the members of this Board. I have felt a deep concern that I have been unavoidably kept from attendance upon these Board meetings. I have, however, kept the work of the office well in hand through correspondence and I can report that the work on the two volumes of the Lineage Book is further advanced at this time than in former years.

The twenty-third volume of the Lineage Book is ready for printing and will be sent this week to the publisher. For volume twenty-four, one hundred and forty-six letters have been written, to which sixty replies have been received. Nine hundred national numbers have been revised, edited and typewritten.

Before my term of office expires I would ask permission of the Board to have an Errata printed for the volumes already published. This would save much extra work in the office for correction of the volumes as they are sent out. I would ask only a thousand copies, the cost of which would be slight.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) Louise P. Dolliver,
Historian General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General, reported that the 9th volume of Report of the National Society to the Smithsonian Institution is ready, having already been accepted by the Board, and the Report is entirely satisfactory, except in a few instances where reports have not been received from the State Regents. Mrs. Lockwood ex-
plained the classification of the Report and the manner of compila-

In connection with this Report the subject of the preservation of his-
torical spots was discussed, and Mrs. Lockwood suggested that there
be an article written on the historical spots of the country that are
under the auspices of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Deere, Vice-President General of Illinois, stated that the
Moline Chapter of Illinois had undertaken the building of a monument
to Lieut. Campbell, which is to be dedicated shortly.

Mrs. Bates promised to send a list of the historical spots of which she
is aware.

Upon the request of Mrs. Lockwood to use as a frontispiece a pho-
tograph of Continental Hall, Miss Pierce moved: That the Assistant
Historian General be authorized to secure the most satisfactory photo-
graph of Memorial Continental Hall up to date for frontispiece to the
next number of the Report of the National Society, Daughters of the
American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution.”

Seconded by Miss Miller. Motion carried.

REPORT OF LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and
Members of the National Board of Management: I have to report
the following accessions since the meeting of January 9th, 1907:

Books.

Life of George Dewey and Dewey Family History. Westfield,

North.

Revolutionary Journal of Col. Jeduthan Baldwin, 1775-1778. Bangor,
1906. Presented by Miss Charlotte Baldwin.

Indianapolis, 1897.

The Prindle Genealogy, Embracing the Descendants of William
Pringle, the First Settler, in part, and also the ancestors and descend-
ants of Zalmon Prindle for ten generations. Compiled by Franklin

Descendants of William Scott of Hatfield, Mass., and of Jacob Scott

The Wideners in America. By Howard A. Widener. Chili, N. Y.,
n. d.

National Year Book, Sons of the American Revolution, 1906. Balti-
more, n. d. Received through Mr. Zebina Moses.

Slovaks of Hungary, Slavs and Pan-Slavism. By Thomas Capek.
New York, 1906. Presented by the National Slavonic Society, U. S. A.

Report National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution,


*Parish Register of Christ Church, Middlesex Co., Va., from 1653 to 1812.* Richmond, 1897. Presented by Virginia Daughters of the American Revolution.


**Pamphlets.**


*Year books have been received from five chapters.*


**Periodicals.**

*Annals of Iowa,* January

*Bulletin New York Public Library,* January

*Iowa Journal of History and Politics,* January

*New York Genealogical and Biographical Record,* January

*North Carolina Booklet,* January

*Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly,* October

*William and Mary College Quarterly,* January

The above list comprises 27 accessions, viz: 13 books, 7 pamphlets, and 7 periodicals. 7 books were presented, 5 received in exchange and 1 purchased. 7 pamphlets were presented.

Respectfully submitted,

ALINE E. SOLOMONS,

*Librarian General, N. S. D. A. R.*

February 6, 1907.

The Treasurer General read a letter asking for assistance in the case of Mrs. Ann Prentice, a "Real Daughter."

The data accompanying this request not being considered sufficient by the Board, the Treasurer General was instructed to refer the letter to the Chairman of Committee on "Real Daughters," to obtain fuller information.

Miss Miller presented the case of Mrs. Jane E. Hoyt, a "Real Daughter," of Kansas, with the affidavits establishing her claim to assistance from the Society.
Mrs. Bates moved: That the "Real Daughter," Mrs. Hoyt, of Kan-sas, be granted the usual pension of eight dollars a month. Seconded by Mrs. Newberry. Motion carried.

The following letter was read by Miss Miller:

Miss Virginia Miller, Corresponding Secretary General.

DEAR MISS MILLER: Your letter in answer to mine concerning application for Mrs. Alfred Ward's pension, at hand. Thank you for referring me to Mrs. Peal, of Georgia; but shortly after writing, Mrs. Thomas Hoyt Brown, our "Real Daughter," received through the death of a friend, an insurance which will undoubtedly be sufficient to keep her from want or dependence on the Chapter for the remainder of her days. We desire, however, to express our great appreciation of this noble charity, and thank the National Society for what we know would have been granted Mrs. Ward under other circumstances.

Very cordially yours,

(Signed) CAROLINE M. BURNELL,
Chairman of Committee, Ward Pension.
Oshkosh, Wisconsin, January 28, 1907.

The President General read a letter from the Chairman of the New York City Committee on "Real Daughters," acknowledging the favorable action of the Board on the application of Mrs. Phoebe Colegrove for a pension.

At half past twelve o'clock it was moved and carried to take a recess until two o'clock.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, February 6, 1907.

The adjourned meeting was called to order by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

The reports of Committees were called.

REPORT OF FINANCE COMMITTEE: Madam President General and Members of the National Board of Management: Your Chairman of the Finance Committee reports that during the month of January bills to the amount of $2,591.01 have been authorized, of which the largest items were, as usual, pay roll, $1,120; rent, $229.65; publishing AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, $368.07, and postage, $152.60.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
Chairman of Committee.

Report accepted.

Mrs. Main, Chairman of the Credential Committee, called the attention of the Board to Statute 21, which reads as follows:

"Moved, that upon the arrival of a State Regent, or some one ap-
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pointed for the purpose, the badges will be distributed for the Congress through the State Regent or her official representative."

Upon the statement of the Chairman of the Credential Committee that she had been in consultation with the Chairman of the House Committee for the Seventeenth Continental Congress, and that they had decided some better arrangement might be made for the giving out of the badges for the Congress, Mrs. Lockwood moved That Statute 213 be rescinded.

Seconded by Mrs. Barker. Motion carried.

REPORT OF AUDITING COMMITTEE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 5, 1907.

Mrs. Theodore C. Bates,
Vice-President Gen., N. S. D. A. R.,
Chairman, Auditing Committee,
Washington, D. C.

DEAR MADAM: I have audited the accounts of the Treasurer General for the month ending January 31, 1907, both the current fund and permanent fund, and find their balances in bank correct, agreeing with the balances shown in the two funds as appearing on the books, with the exception of an error of twenty cents.

I have examined the bank accounts, both as to checks paid and deposits made, and find the balances to be correct, after making proper deduction for outstanding checks, with the exception of the above error, which was made about a year ago.

The balances in the current fund as appearing upon the Cash Book Jan. 31, 1907, was $13,284 57 all of which was on deposit in two banks, viz:

National Metropolitan Bank, $5,366 85
Washington Loan & Trust Co., 7,917 72

13,284 57

The cash balance in the permanent fund Jan. 31, 1907 was 22,506 27 which was deposited in the following trust companies:

American Security & Trust Co., $12,472 95
National Safe Deposit Savings & Trust Co., 5,016 66
Washington Loan & Trust Co., 5,016 66

22,506 27

A number of vouchers still outstanding for January disbursements yet remain to be examined.

Respectfully yours,

(Signed) J. E. BATES,
Public Accountant and Auditor.

Report accepted.
Mrs. Newberry presented to the Board a communication from the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter relative to their charter, which had not proved satisfactory, and asked for a reconsideration of this matter by the Board.

Mrs. Lockwood moved a reconsideration of the matter pertaining to the charter of the Sarah Caswell Angell Chapter.

After a prolonged discussion, upon motion of Mrs. Main, duly seconded and carried, the President General appointed Mrs. Newberry chairman of a committee to investigate this matter and report at the next meeting of the Board,—the other members of the committee to be appointed after consultation with Mrs. Newberry. The Chair also requested Mrs. Newberry to state to the Chapter in Michigan that it was her desire, as well as that of the Board, to adjust the matter of reissue of their charter in a manner perfectly satisfactory to the Chapter.

The President General read a letter from Mrs. Boynton, President General of the National Society of Daughters of Founders and Patriots of America, acknowledging the courtesy granted by the National Society for the use of the Daughters of the American Revolution Building during the Jamestown Exposition.

REPORT OF THE BUSINESS MANAGER OF THE MAGAZINE was read, as follows:

AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE, per Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution, in account with Lilian Lockwood, Business Manager.

RECEIPTS.

December 1st, 1906, to January 31, 1907.

Subscriptions, as per vouchers and Cash Register, .......... $649.30
Sale of extra copies, .................................. 7 72
Net advertising receipts, .................................. 158.04
Cuts paid for by individuals, .............................. 8 05

$823 11

OFFICE EXPENSES.

December 1st, 1906, to January 31, 1907.

Mailing extra copies, 2nd class matter, as per vouchers, ........ $1.41
Postage, ................................................. 7.04
Expressage, ......................................... 1.75
Freight and cartage on extra numbers from Harrisburg, ........ 87
Notary's fee on advertising bill to H. C. Burch estate, .......... 25
Commissions returned on 5 subscriptions, Nos. 24720, 24721,
25361, 25497, 25601, ........................................... 1.00
Bills presented to Treasurer General for payment:

- Printing and mailing December number, including postage: $355.57
- Salary, Editor, December and January: $166.66
- Salary, Business Manager, December and January: $150.00
- Salary, Editor Genealogical Department, December and January: $60.00
- Printing, 4,000 advertising folders: $12.50
- Printing, 500 bill heads: $2.25
- Copyright fees, 1907: $6.00
- Halftone cu’s: $11.55
- Postage for Editor: $5.00
- Office expenses, as per itemized account rendered and attached: $13.87

Total: $783.40

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) LILIAN LOCKWOOD.

Report accepted.

Miss Lockwood announced that two good advertisements had been secured for the Magazine through the efforts of Mrs. Barker, Vice-President General of Rhode Island; also called the attention of the Board to the trouble caused in the office by the loss of mail recently.

Mrs. Brooks moved: That a committee of three be appointed by the Chair to investigate the matter of these losses in the office, with power to act.

Seconded by Miss Solomons. Motion carried.

The President General brought to the attention of the Board the proposed Daughters of the American Revolution building on Jamestown Island.

After a prolonged discussion, it was moved and carried that a telegram be sent Mrs. Purcell from the Board.

The following is a copy of the telegram sent:

Mrs. Benjamin Purcell,
Glen Allen, Virginia.

Have you signed contract for our building, and is building started? Please wire answer. Imperative I hear to-morrow, Thursday morning.

(Signed) EMILY N. R. McLEAN,

The President General announced the appointment of the following Chairmen for the Committees of the Sixteenth Continental Congress:
Mrs. Patton, Chairman of Program Committee; Mrs. Hodgkins, House Committee; Mrs. Newberry, Reception Committee; Mrs. Terry, Entertainment Committee; Mrs. Henry, Committee on Hotels and Railroads; Mrs. Mussey, Press Committee; Mrs. Main, Music Committee. Mrs. Main had previously been appointed Chairman of the Credential Committee.

The Chair also stated that the National Board of Management will be a Committee on Arrangements, as last year.

At 5:40 p.m. it was moved and carried to take a recess until Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

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**THURSDAY, February 7, 1907.**

The adjourned meeting was called to order Thursday morning by the President General, Mrs. Donald McLean.

The matter of the proposed building at Jamestown Island was again taken up for discussion, and the Chair requested a full expression of opinion.

A long discussion ensued.

Mrs. Mussey then offered the following motion: That in case a contract for a permanent memorial at Jamestown Island has not yet been signed, the National Board recommends that the Jamestown Committee defer further action until the meeting of the next Continental Congress. Seconded by Miss Miller. Motion carried.

It was stated by the President General that she had received no reply to the telegram sent to Mrs. Purcell on this subject yesterday.

The matter of procuring costumes for the Daughters of the American Revolution exhibit at the Jamestown Exposition was taken up for consideration, and discussed at length.

The Chair stated that she had previously appointed Mrs. Lockwood a committee of one to procure costumes for the Smithsonian exhibit at the Jamestown Exposition, as the Smithsonian had requested, through Mrs. Lockwood, such assistance. There had been no intention, at any time to interfere with the work of the recognized Jamestown Committee, Mrs. Benjamin Purcell, Chairman. However, to avoid any possible confusion, it was decided that Mrs. Lockwood, committee of one, limit its work to the obtaining of costumes of the early period, and that the letters written, asking for relics of silver and glass be withdrawn, with the statement that it will not be necessary to solicit any additions of that kind.

Miss Miller, Corresponding Secretary General, asked that her department be furnished with the proposed amendments to be acted on at the next Continental Congress, in order that they may be sent out to the Chapters within the prescribed time.

It was so ordered.
Mrs. Barker extended to the Board an invitation to attend the Rhode Island State conference, to be held in Providence on February 14th. This was received with thanks.

At a quarter to one o'clock it was moved and carried to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed)  

ELISABETH F. PIERCE,  
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.
THE POAG REAL ESTATE COMPANY

WAS ORGANIZED AND INCORPORATED WITH

$50,000 CAPITAL STOCK

OF $100.00 PER SHARE

For the purpose of buying some of the money-
making propositions which are often presented
through our extensive advertising. We are glad

to have subscribers for this Stock in different

sections, so as to make friends and influence

business.

This Company started small, same as our

Brokerage Business, hoping to make it grow in

the same proportion.

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For literature and information in regard to this Company address

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