Mrs. Donald McLean,
President General, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.
MRS. DONALD McLEAN.

President-General, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Donald McLean the newly elected President General National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, was born January 28, 1859, in Prospect Hall, Frederick, Maryland. She comes of distinguished parentage as well as of famous Revolutionary ancestry. Her father was Judge John Ritchie of the Court of Appeals of Maryland, who served in the National Congress before his elevation to the bench. He was an orator of renown. Mrs. Ritchie was widely known for her brilliant social accomplishments, and during her life filled many offices in the Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. McLean's grandfather was Judge William P. Maulsby, and her grandmother, Emily Nelson (for whom Mrs. McLean is named), was the daughter of General Roger Nelson, who was at college, a boy of sixteen, when the Declaration of Independence was signed. He ran away from the university and joined the revolutionary forces. He was commissioned lieutenant and afterward breveted brigadier general for conspicuous bravery on the field of battle. He was left for dead at the battle of Cowpens, and a British officer in passing his body wantonly struck his hand with the flat of his saber, breaking the bones of every finger. Although unconscious General Nelson was not dead and was afterwards resuscitated; he carried the marks of his wounds and a stiffened hand throughout the rest of his life, which was as distinguished in its late as in its early career, as he served in the National Congress and was afterward placed upon the bench of his native state.
Even further back in Mrs. McLean's ancestry were Judges Lynn and Beattie, two of those twelve judges known as "The Twelve Immortals," who first signed a protest against the British stamp act in 1765, ten years before the battle of Lexington, the first battle of the Revolution, thus displaying the independent fearlessness of spirit and the judicial acumen of mind which Mrs. McLean's friends think she has somewhat inherited. Lieutenant James Lackland was also an ancestor of Mrs. McLean's, as was one of the earliest deputy governors of Maryland, Governor Burgess.

Mrs. McLean was educated at what was then known as the Frederick Female Seminary, now known as the Woman's College. She was graduated at the age of fourteen, receiving a diploma, which she still possesses. She continued the study of history, the languages and music until her marriage, and, indeed, has pursued the study of the former ever since. In 1883, Emily Nelson Ritchie became Mrs. Donald McLean, marrying a lawyer of standing in New York, who has in later years become prominent not only through his legal abilities but through various distinctions in office conferred upon him by the president of the United States and the mayor of the City of New York.

Mr. McLean's grandfather came over from Scotland just in time to serve throughout the Revolutionary War. He was also the first commissary-general of the State of New York and was intimately associated with both branches of the celebrated Clinton family. The old McLean homestead is on the banks of the Hudson, and General John McLean lies buried in the cemetery at Newburg. Mr. McLean's father was Colonel George Washington McLean of the regular army.

From the time of her marriage and removal from Maryland to New York, Mrs. McLean became prominently identified with the social and professional circles of the latter city. Her father's wide acquaintance throughout the country, and her own social experiences in traveling with him, enabled her to take up her new and maturer life with ease and a natural interest in public-spirited questions and in patriotic achievements, engendered by her early life and by her association
Birthplace of Mrs. Donald McLean, Prospect
with the famous men who were her father's and grandfather's compatriots and companions.

Mr. and Mrs. McLean have three daughters born during the first six years of their married life. Just as the youngest had merged from actual babyhood, the formation of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution was discussed and eventuated in its organization. Mrs. McLean's interest was immediately aroused, and as the commission of her great grandfather, General Nelson, (as well as his portrait in the Continental uniform and bearing the order of the Cincinnati), was in the hands of the family, there was no delay in proving her eligibility; she became a charter member of the society, and from that moment to this, one of its most ardent and distinguished members. Mrs. McLean is also a charter member of the New York City Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, and assisted its regent, Mrs. Roger A. Pryor, in its earliest infancy. She served as secretary of that large chapter for a short period and was soon elected to its Regency, which office she held for ten years and until her election on April 20, 1905, to the Presidency General of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution.

As Regent of the chapter numbering nearly 500 members, and meeting in the cosmopolitan city of New York, Mrs. McLean achieved a thorough experience as a presiding officer, both in the transaction of the business of the organization and upon its social occasions where individuals of distinction from all over the country have been entertained. In addition to her recognized ability as a presiding officer, Mrs. McLean has inherited her father's gift of oratory, and has spoken upon a greater number of public occasions and in more far-reaching localities than perhaps any other woman of the country. Her first public effort in this line was in New York City, immediately after her election to the Regency of the New York City Chapter, when the Sons of the American Revolution, through Hon. Chauncey M. Depew and General Horace Porter, presented a silver loving cup, and Mrs. McLean replied to their presentation speeches. The manner of this reply was such as to
indicate a high order of inherited talent for extemporaneous speaking and a moving eloquence.

She is deeply interested in patriotic education, believing that without knowledge of the sublime unselfishness of the careers of the Revolutionary heroes and heroines of this country no child nor newcomer to its shores can fully comprehend or imbibe the highest spirit of the nation's life. Hence she has spoken on this topic before the public schools of the country, where the humblest classes are represented, as well as before collegiate audiences, and upon the same platform with presidents of the greatest and oldest colleges of the country. In Barnard College (which is the female side of the University of Columbia), there has been founded a scholarship in perpetuity named the Mrs. Donald McLean Scholarship, and supported by the Daughters of the American Revolution of the New York City Chapter. Under this scholarship an American girl with brain and ambition is provided, without cost, with four years' full tuition, having every advantage of the wealthiest student attending the college. Upon receiving her diploma this young woman may become a self-supporting, as she is a self-respecting member of society, and in teaching others enlarges the circle of American history (since she is expected to give special attention to that branch of historical study), through all coming generations. Mrs. McLean considers this a living monument to the reality of the patriotic sentiment which it has been and is her endeavor to instill.

In Memorial Continental Hall, Mrs. McLean has been interested from the first proposal of such a project. She is earnestly desirous of doing all in her power to forward its completion, and calls upon every Daughter of the American Revolution wherever living, to assist in this noble work, whereby every Revolutionary hero and heroine though being dead may speak in its monumental marble and storied relics.

She has represented the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution at the various expositions of the country since the Columbian exposition in 1893, and has spoken upon each of these occasions, as she has done upon the occasion of
several of the assembled congresses of the Sons of the American Revolution. Her career upon the floor of the Continental Congresses, of the Daughters of the American Revolution, is one of constant and devoted labor, and the clarity of her judicial mind, inherited from the long line of the judiciary before mentioned in this article, has enabled her to cut many a Gordian knot of parliamentary tangle, and the power of speech inherited from her father has enabled her to make clear to her listeners the points which her direct mind had cleared from the sometime clouds of obfuscation of prolonged parliamentary discussion.

Upon assuming the wider duties and higher honors and responsibilities which have recently been conferred upon Mrs. McLean in her election to the presidency general of the Daughters of the American Revolution, she reverts to and leans upon the advice and principles of the society’s first president general, Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, whom Mrs. McLean knew well and highly revered. With the Founders of the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, and its earliest officers Mrs. McLean has been closely associated, and she hopes to carry into effect all their best traditions, as well as to enlarge the scope of the work and the achievements of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, as commensurate with the remarkable growth and wide-spreading membership of that society.

**The Address of Mrs. Donald McLean, April 20, 1905.**

On the afternoon of April 20, it was announced that the Congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution had elected Mrs. McLean to the highest office in their gift, that of president general. Mrs. McLean was escorted to the platform amid tumultuous applause where she was welcomed by the president general, Mrs. Fairbanks. Mrs. Sternberg moved to make the election of Mrs. Donald McLean unanimous. This was seconded by Mrs. Lippitt. Mrs. McLean then delivered the following address which was interrupted by frequent and prolonged applause:
Madam President General and these national officers upon this platform, and you, Daughters of the American Revolution upon this floor, with whom and for whom I have so many years worked, the first words, I wish to say now are of my utmost appreciation of the generosity of those women, who with myself, were candidates for this office, and I wish to proffer my request that Mrs. Sternberg and Mrs. Lippitt will stand with me and be with me now, as their generous emotions have prompted them to do in their resolution to make my election unanimous.

I will say very little now. It is scarcely necessary for me to say that my heart is very full of emotion, and yet the emotion of which I am most conscious is not that of pride in my election to this office (although I feel that our organization is of such a nature, of such a character and such a representative body of women, that no woman need feel ashamed to wish to be president general); but that is not the most significant emotion. Proud and happy as I am to fill the office, I am prouder and happier to serve the organization which I joined in its infancy, and which I have seen grow to this wonderful youthful maturity, for it has not yet blossomed into its greatest achievements which come with age. But above and beyond all that is the emotion of profoundest gratitude to the friends who, in their confidence in me, have placed me in this office. There is no treasure to the human heart so precious and so unselfish as friendship. There are so many of you here, who have given it to me when I did not stand here on this platform, but when I did acquire that knowledge which I alone may claim,—however great may be and are the abilities of my illustrious predecessors in office,—I alone have achieved the knowledge to which I shall now allude (smiling). I am the only president general who knows just what it is to sit under the gallery. And to you, my friends, who supported me with your confidence when I sat there, I must say my first word of appreciation from here. It would ill become me if I should ever forget the loyalty, the devotion, the uncalculating love of those friends. I shall not forget them. There is only one thing in the whole history of this organization which I
wish to forget—and which I shall forget, and that is, the barest, far-off thought of an enemy. I have none now. I shall forget that there were any who were even accredited as such. We are all Daughters of the American Revolution. I stand as your president. I shall serve you to the end of my term as your president; and shall pay, and continue to pay, every tribute to those who have preceded me and to those who shall succeed me; and if Mrs. Sternberg shall promise to remain the chairman of the ways and means committee, I shall be the happiest president we have ever had.

We will finish Continental Hall. We shall never forget to work for Continental Hall, though no matter how grand its future may be, I question if all its polished granite and shining marble can ever so grandly encompass us as we are today encompassed by the Flags of our country.

As your president general-elect, I say now we are grateful to our retiring president general for the work she has performed here. We look forward with the utmost anticipation to our hope of finishing it; and in this matter, and in all local work, every chapter, every individual member, every great organization in every state, shall have our truest, most sincere support.

The newly-elected president general Daughters of the American Revolution, Mrs. Donald McLean, desires thus to express her warm interest in the local works of patriotism undertaken by the various states and chapters throughout the country, believing, as she does, that in such works does the organization grow and prosper; and this growth and prosperity will, in turn, enable the Society to assist enthusiastically in the completion of Memorial Continental Hall—the National Revolutionary Monument in Washington—our National Capital and our Society’s headquarters.

May 12, 1905.
The president general has received telegrams of congratulation upon her recent election by the Daughters of the American Revolution from well nigh every state in the union and cables from France, Switzerland, Russia and Panama. Of special interest is the following, coming as it does from the past-president general National Society Sons of the American Revolution, who is also the governor of Mrs. McLean's native state, Maryland:

Mrs. Warfield joins me in sincerest congratulations upon your election to the most honorable post to which an American woman can be called. Maryland is proud of her distinguished Daughter. Your great society will increase its usefulness and grow in harmonious and patriotic zeal under your leadership.

EDWIN WARFIELD,
Governor of Maryland.

This was followed by a telegram from the mayor of her native town, Frederick, (near which Francis Scott Key, author of the "Star Spangled Banner" was born and lies buried), expressing the official congratulations of her former townspeople and by a cable from Mrs. Odell, wife of the recent governor of New York.

The Continental Hall fund was increased during the week of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, April 17 to 22, 1905, by the following contributions:

- Cash contributions, $21,448.40
- Pledges, 15,881.93
- Voted by congress, 15,000.00

Total, $52,330.33

The president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, was elected chairman of the Continental Hall committee and authorized to proceed with the work.
Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.

THE DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

The National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution has members in every state and territory of the
Union, in our island possessions and in many foreign lands, in all over fifty thousand members.

The immediate cause of this great patriotic movement was the refusal of the Sons of the American Revolution to admit women to membership.

On July 30, 1890, Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, of Washington, D. C., roused by this action of the "Sons" repeated the thrilling story of Hannah Arnett, the Revolutionary heroine.

August 9, Miss Eugenia Washington, Miss Mary Desha and Mrs. Ellen Harden Walworth met and resolving there should
be a Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, effected a preliminary organization. October 11, 1890, a formal organization was effected with Mrs. Caroline Scott Harrison as the president general.

Interest grew apace. The vigorous young society adopted the dark blue and white of Washington’s staff as the colors, "Home and Country" as the motto, the figure of a woman seated at a spinning wheel as a seal, and a golden spinning wheel with distaff of silver flax as the badge.

For about a year the meetings were held at the home of Mrs. Mary Virginia Ellet Cabell, the president general presid-
MRS. CAROLINE SCOTT HARRISON.

From painting by Daniel Huntington, presented to the United States by the Daughters of the American Revolution.
Mrs. Adlai Stevenson.
The society is now in handsome offices in the Trust building and will soon occupy rooms in the Continental Hall, the memorial erected to the Revolutionary heroes and heroines.

The files of application papers for membership in the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution contain a wonderful amount of proved material relating to those who helped to found our nation in the great days of '76.

This resulted in the publication of the "Lineage Books" of the society. Twenty of these books have now been printed containing the ancestral records of 20,000 members. The value of this work increases with the passing years.
In May, 1892, it was determined to establish a monthly magazine. This was the beginning of the American Monthly Magazine, the official organ and news letter of the society, the only authorized publication of its work.

Mrs. Caroline Scott Harrison died October 25, 1892, and as a fitting tribute to her memory the Daughters of the American Revolution placed her portrait in the White House.

The grand governing body of the society is the Continental Congress which meets yearly. In the interval the work is carried on by a board of management elected by the Congress.

In 1893, Mrs. Adlai Stevenson became the honored president general. She was followed in 1895 by Mrs. John W. Foster.

The National Society of the Children of the American Revolution came into being April 5, 1895, with Mrs. Daniel Lothrop as president.
FOUNDER'S MEDAL.
Given to Miss Mary Deere, Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, and Miss Eugenia Washington.

SERVICE MEDAL.
Given to Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.
This society forms a nucleus for patriotic organizations of young people in the interests of good citizenship without reference to ancestry, as well as a never failing fount upon which the parent society can draw.

Societies of this organization are being formed wherever there are chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution. Mrs. Lothrop, the founder was followed by Mrs. George W. Sternberg, and she in turn by Mrs. J. C. Burrows. They are to have headquarters in the Continental Hall. One department in the American Monthly Magazine is devoted to the interests of the society.

The Fifty-fourth Congress of the United States of America granted a charter to the Daughters of the American Revolution. Section 3 of the charter reads as follows:

"That the said society shall report annually to the secretary of the Smithsonian Institution concerning its proceedings, and said secretary shall communicate to Congress such portions thereof as he shall deem of national interest and importance."

Since that time the government of the United States has issued annually a report of the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Fitting recognition of living benefactors is better than the erection of monuments to their memory. The Congress of 1897 decided that Miss Eugenia Washington, Miss Mary Desha, Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, and Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, should each receive a medal in token of the grateful appreciation of their early and unceasing efforts for the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Miss Eugenia Washington has passed to life eternal but her memory will ever live with the society that she helped to form. It is to be regretted that a picture cannot be given here. Her plate and picture were placed in the cornerstone of the Memorial Continental Hall that she did not live to see.

At the Continental Congress of 1898, Mrs. Daniel Manning was elected president general. April 26, 1898, war was declared with Spain and the National Society made ready for prompt, wise and efficient services. The president general ap-
MRS. DANIEL MANNING, PRESIDENT GENERAL.
pointed a special committee with Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, chairman. The surgeon-general of the army recognized this hospital corps committee officially and through their wise efforts 1,081 trained nurses were sent to the army and woman's efficiency secured recognition in a new field. Besides this the war committee of the society was constantly at work and many hundred dollars were sent to camp and field.

A steam launch costing $2,500 was presented to the hospital ship Missouri.

Hundreds of chapters were ready for work and city officers and common councils turned to them as the national channels through which to send relief.

The National Society has been represented at all the great expositions. Mrs. Daniel Manning was appointed by the President of the United States as special commissioner to the Paris exposition. The end of the Paris exposition closed a brilliant and satisfactory episode in the history of the society. The much coveted diploma of the grand prix was awarded to the society for its exhibit.

The work of the society has steadily increased. The collection of relics in the Smithsonian is most creditable.

No mention can be made of the part taken by the society in the exposition at Buffalo, at Charleston, at St. Louis; of the purchase of Meadow Garden, the home of George Walton; of the great work done in the preservation of records; of the memorial to Francisco Miranda; of the money raised for various patriotic objects; of monuments erected by the chapters; of Revolutionary soldiers' graves identified; of efforts to prevent the desecration of the flag; of the monument to the prison ship martyrs; of efforts to promote patriotism among the foreigners; and the thousand and one other good things for which this society stands. It is sufficient to say that it has become a power in the land.

After four happy and prosperous years under the administration of our beloved Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks, the congress, at the session of 1905, elected Mrs. Donald McLean to the high and honored office. Under her wise and efficient rule the society will move forward in paths of pleasantness carrying out the purposes for which the order was formed.
MEMORIAL CONTINENTAL HALL.

The address of President General, Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks, at Continental Congress, D. A. R., April, 1905.

Honored Guests and Daughters of the American Revolution:

As a part of the ceremonies of this day there comes to me one of the most grateful duties, one of the supremest pleasures I have known, for on behalf of the honored organizers of this society, on behalf of the Fourteenth Continental Congress, I welcome our distinguished visitors, those reverend gentlemen who lead us in prayer and praise and those statesmen who join us in encomiums upon the heroes, who, in the dark and troublous times of the American Revolution served the holy cause of liberty. We thrice welcome you to the dedication of Memorial Continental Hall, our society’s greatest enterprise, the symbol of its work and spirit, whose “Doorstead” we have faith to believe has a

“Lintel lowe enough
To keep out pomp and pride,
A threshold high enough to turn deceit aside,
A door band strong enough from robbers to defend,
Our door will open at a touch to welcome every friend.”

This dedication marks the realization of a resolution passed at the first meeting of our society, October, 1890; to erect a fire-proof museum for Revolutionary relics, possessions and records of the society.

Through varying fortunes and passing years, that plan has grown stronger, and with its growth become broader and more glorious in its ideals, so that to the “fire-proof museum,” has been added the archives, the offices, the auditorium, and finally, last and most beautiful, this memorial feature. The fact that a society of women erects the structure makes it unique. Its memorial feature renders it sacred and great.

It is a tribute of gratitude to the wise promoters of the War for Independence, to the heroic men who on land and sea
MRS. CHARLES WARREN FAIRBANKS, PRESIDENT-GENERAL OF THE NATIONAL SOCIETY, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.
achieved its triumphs, to those generous-hearted allies from foreign lands, whose services may not be forgotten; to those loyal, earnest women, the mothers of the Revolution, that grand reserve corps of its army which materially aided its cause. For they sowed the fields, wove the cloth, and fashioned the garments which their soldiers wore, held the fortress of the home, as a haven, to which might return those who fought the battles, which made of struggling colonies a vast Republic.

This Memorial Continental Hall which we dedicate to-day, is an acknowledgment which America owes to those who planned the mighty Revolution, those who managed its campaigns, conquered its foes, founded the greatest nation on earth and formulated the beneficent laws for its government. Their devotion, their sufferings, not for their time alone, but for the long future, deserve and now have received, the hearty, unreserved recognition of those who are glad to name themselves "Daughters of the American Revolution."

This memorial building, only partially completed, is, also, designed for the headquarters for the society, its walls to be adorned by its members with artistic delineations of the thrilling deeds of an eventful period, a repository for the interesting and sacred relics of a sacred time; an ample auditorium, where will be held the congresses of our society, a hearthstone around which shall gather Daughters from the north, the south, the east and the west, even from the islands of the sea, where each shall find a greeting, a welcome home.

The Greeks thought it a duty to build monuments of remembrance to the victors of Salamis and Thermopylae. The Daughters of the American Revolution consider it not only their duty, but have joy in the thought that in the erection of this modern, Parthenon, they render tribute to warriors, who fought, not for dominion but for the holy cause of home and country.

These dedication ceremonies mark a point upon the calendar towards which this society animated by a love of liberty, of justice and native land, has been like some mighty force of nature, quietly but resistlessly moving onward. Prayer, faith,
Memorial Continental Hall.
and work have brought it hither. This is a place from which duty's clarion note, summons us to renewed effort, concentrated thought, a more constant determination, more persistent labor, that shall not permit this stately temple to remain long unfinished. But that with union of purpose, and glowing enthusiasm, we complete this tribute of gratitude to the builders and defenders of our great Republic.

It is truly a memorial to patriots, it is also an incentive to all who behold it to keep ever living and active the principles of justice and liberty upon which it was founded. It is the mute yet eloquent protest against forgetfulness of American ideas, of American justice and American humanity. It is also the physical expression of the beliefs of the society, whose possession and pride it is, for it brings to mind the lessons of patriotism, the perpetuation of liberty which that society was founded to promulgate, whose existence arose from devotion to country and from the fear, that the additions to our country's population of subjects of despotic monarchies so imbued with hatred for government might in time substitute license for liberty, anarchy for law and order, and thus compass the fall of the mightiest Republic the world has known.

From these fears sprang the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, which with kindred patriotic organizations, is reawakening the love for liberty and is teaching its principles. It believes, that its aims are to be attained best by the diffusion of knowledge concerning the men and women of the Revolutionary period, their beliefs, and their patriotic work. These are taught by Daughters of the American Revolution in the great cities of our country to the children of foreign parentage, as well as to those who are to the manner born. Study of Revolutionary history is everywhere encouraged. It is believed that tablets and monuments erected to immortalize the lovers of freedom, serve as reminders, as admonition to all who behold them.

This society having erected all over the land tablets and monuments, has at last reared this token of its veneration and gratitude to those whose valor made this country free and great.
Reared it not only to the statesmen and leaders but to the man who carried the musket in the ranks, to the women at the spinning wheel.

The Daughters of the American Revolution have reached a time of which they long have dreamed. A place for which they long have sought, earnestly worked for and grandly achieved. The time is this day, April 17, 1905, a date significant evermore in its annals for now the representative of fifty thousand members, of this society assemble a Continental
Congress, for the first time in their own auditorium with their own roof above them, their own walls surrounding them, their own ground beneath their feet. The dream has "come true." Its reality is surpassingly fair, in good sooth, the place is almost holy ground to the true Daughter.

I dreamed that stone by stone was reared a sacred fane, a temple neither pagoda, mosque, nor church, but loftier, ampler, always open-doored to every breath from Heaven, and Truth and Peace, and Love and Justice came and dwelt therein.

APRIL SEVENTEENTH.

Gentle voice of Springtime, on all nature falling,
Bird, and blade, and blossom hasten to the calling.
On the leafless branches, sings thy herald—Robin—
And the "Pussy Willows," all their heads a bobbin',
Seem with joy to beckon from their wintry slumber,
Crocuses and snowdrops hid 'neath snowy cover.
With these hints of nature, told in April weather,
Comes the happy hour, when the "Daughters" gather
For the love of country—and to hold in keeping
Loyal true remembrance of its patriots sleeping.
From rock-ribbed New England e'en to Golden Portal,
Rest these brave defenders—by their deeds—immortal.
But Time with his fingers oft hath marred the story
Writ on shaft and boulder of these heroes' glory.
Therefore in their honor hath a "Hall" of beauty,
Built by the "Daughters," been a loving duty.
Shine, O Sun, your brightest in the April weather,
When these loyal children joyfully together
Dedicate the offering votive to their Sires,
Who e'en unto death Freedom's love inspires.

Emeline Tate Walker.
STATE REGENTS, DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

Alabama. The present state of patriotic work and interest in Alabama is cause for brighter and more confident hope and more resolute effort than of any former period. Graves of Revolutionary soldiers are located; monuments and memorials are projected; interest in Continental Memorial Hall increases and according to numerical strength Alabama chapters are contributing as generously as those of other states. The children and youth are being trained in love of their country—its founders and flag—by the various means calculated to impress their receptive minds and the hearts of our people generally have been awakened and stirred with patriotic fervor of the Society of the “Daughters of the American Revolution.” An Alabama Daughter—now residing in Mexico City—has been appointed regent and has organized a chapter.—KATE DUNCAN SMITH, State Regent.

Delaware. Much important work has been accomplished in Delaware this past year that may be briefly summarized thus: Five dollars per capita has been raised for the Continental Hall fund; also the full amount to pay for the monolithic column to represent the Diamond state; the Blue Hen's
Chickens, Children of the American Revolution, has contributed nobly to the same cause.

**Arkansas.** We have two flourishing and loyal chapters, a third being organized at Pine Bluff, a fourth at Helena, and still another at Batesville in prospect. We hope to establish more Children of the American Revolution Societies, for the children are the hope of the nation.

The oldest and largest chapter is the Little Rock Chapter, Mrs. John Barrow, regent. This chapter brought to Memorial Continental Hall twenty-five dollars to prove its love and loyalty. The memorial osage orange tree was planted in our city park with pride and ceremony.

The Ann Fuller Percival Chapter presented the Van Buren high school a framed *fac simile* of the Declaration of Independence, and will give one to the primary department the coming year. They have contributed eleven dollars to Continental Hall fund, and two dollars to state library fund.

**Florida.**—It has not been easy to engage the attention of the women of Florida toward the formation of chapters. Enthusiasm is, however, awakening in Dayton and St. Petersburg, where we expect soon to have chapters.

The Jacksonville Chapter has presented the City of Jacksonville with a handsome drinking fountain which is placed on one of the prominent thoroughfares and commemorates the heroes and heroines of the Revolution.
The Maria Jefferson Chapter, of St. Augustine, has been endeavoring to enlist the aid of the government toward repairing the fort at Matanzas, and has given money to the public library.

**Arizona.**—There is but one chapter, Maricopa, in the territory.

In Tucson, we hope in the near future to be successful.

Our work so far has been confined to our public schools—there being no local, historical work for us. Each year we have given a medal for the best essay on some given subject. This year the seventh grade wrote upon “The Flag,” and we were greatly pleased with the result.

On the evening of the 21st of February, we gave an invitation reception, which was largely attended. The house was beautifully and appropriately decorated—we had music throughout the evening, and served refreshments. We contribute to Continental Hall fund, and expect to present to the library a reliable history of Arizona—which is now nearly ready for publication.  
—Henrietta Hubbard Talbot, State Regent.

The District of Columbia has sixteen Chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution with a membership of seven hundred and twenty. During the past year they have devoted nearly all their energies toward raising money for the Memorial Continental Hall by giving musicales, lectures and
euchre parties, and have been able to bring to this congress a donation of $1,530. In addition to this, our chapters are placing money at interest as a special fund to purchase some of the furnishings of the hall when it shall be completed. Two

 Mrs. Charlotte Emerson Main,
as Martha Washington at Colonial Ball, 1904.

chapters have contributed generously toward a monument for Dorothy Spotswood Winston, a daughter of Patrick Henry. One chapter gave seventy-five dollars to relieve the sufferings of the families of the sailors who were killed by an explosion on the United States steamer "Missouri;" while another chapter has a committee engaged in the patriotic education of the children at "Neighborhood House."
California. The chapters in this state are so far from the Revolutionary centers that the interest is not so great as it would otherwise be. Contributions are sent to Continental Hall, and to the Sloat Memorial. Books, magazines and money are sent to the island possessions. The chapters are also interested in many local matters. The membership increases slowly. California was honored at the Fourteenth Continental Congress by the election of their state regent, Mrs. John R. Swift, to the position of vice-president general.

California has eight chapters and about four hundred members of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Maryland. The Maryland chapters are working to raise money for the purchase of their column. Baltimore Chapter. The young members of this chapter gave a beautiful musical comedy for the benefit of the column. The Frederick Chapter erected in the court house a tablet as a memorial to the twelve judges, who on November 23rd, 1765, repudiated the British stamp act.

The Maryland Line Chapter gave a theatrical performance for their fund for a memorial to the gallant Maryland Line soldiers.
The Peggy Stewart Tea Party Chapter supported a bed in the Emergency Hospital.

**Connecticut.** During the year, the Connecticut Daughters have raised about $3,000 for Continental Hall, and as much more for local purposes. Besides considerable money for the general building fund, the necessary amount has been contributed to cover the cost of the Connecticut Column,—which is to be a testimonial to their state regent,—and also enough to pay for two pairs of mahogany doors to be placed at the entrance of the Auditorium.

"Patriots' Daughters," the second volume of Connecticut Chapter Sketches, has been published at a cost of about $1,700. The State Chapter House, (The Ellsworth Homestead) has been further renovated, and kept open for the benefit of the public.

Several historic sites have been marked with tablets, wayside stones, and memorial gateways; the chapters are caring for the graves of the Revolutionary soldiers; several chapters are preparing for publication, full and accurate lists of such soldiers, with their military records,—and prizes continue to be given for good literary work along historical lines, to public school pupils. Reading rooms are being opened; traveling libraries started, and courses of lectures on American history, are being instituted throughout the state for the benefit of foreign citizens.
Colorado. The interest in patriotic work grows in Colorado. The outward and visible signs for the current year are: Six prizes, one flag, one tablet, the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE in a public library, a committee to erect a state memorial, especially good contribution to the Continental Hall fund, and books sent to the soldiers in far Manila.

The prizes are for an essay, "The Santa Fe Trail," open to all high school pupils in the state; for the best historical work in the class rooms of the Colorado Springs high school and the "State Institution for the Deaf and Blind."

The flag floats over the "Neighborhood House" in Denver. The tablet marks the site of the second state legislature which met in Colorado City. The magazine is in the Pueblo library.

Illinois. With regard to the work of the Daughters of Illinois, I can truly say that to aid the completion of the Continental Memorial Hall has been the keynote of all work.

And so wisely and so well have they planned, that Illinois proudly sends this year from its thirty-two chapters, a goodly sum to add to that gone before.

Aside from the many beautiful Colonial functions given to raise the necessary funds for Continental Memorial Hall (the only cause for which the Daughters appeal to the public) much grand local work has been accomplished, that of acquiring chapter houses, civic improvements, hospital work, traveling
libraries, prizes to the public school children for excelling in the study of American history, having lectures, in many ways promoting patriotism and love of country.

Old Fort Massac, at the mouth of the Ohio, erected in 1702 by M. Jougerou, by permission of King Louis XIV, and rebuilt by command of General George Washington in 1794, occupied successively by French, Spanish, and Americans, is the only Revolutionary site of Illinois. Here General George Rogers Clark formulated his plans of conquering the English forts. Here Aaron Burr came to complete his scheme to form an empire, and here he met failure, disgrace and exile. Here "Mad" Anthony Wayne broke the back of savagery. The legislature has responded to the Daughters' petition that the state purchase this honored spot making the Daughters of the American Revolution the custodians. After our marble palace of liberty is completed the Illinois Daughters will turn their thoughts and efforts to complete the work already begun at old Fort Massac, our Revolutionary relic.

Nebraska.—Industriously working along patriotic lines has been the Nebraska Chapters of the Daughters of the American Revolution. A boulder has been placed at Council Point where was old Fort Atkinson, Nebraska. Their third state conference has been held, and they are fast taking the place and position in the state to which they are entitled by our grand organization.

Under the able leadership of Mrs. S. B. Barkalow as chairman, a loan exhibition was held by the Omaha Chapter on the week when fell Thanksgiving. So altogether pleasant was the exhibition, that it has been decided to sometime repeat it.—MILDRED L. ALLEE, State Regent.

Utah. Spirit of Liberty Chapter, Salt Lake City, founded in 1897, has now fifty-two members.

State regent, Mrs. Mary M. F. Allen, Park City; honorary chapter regent, Mrs. Harriet W. Sells; chapter regent, Mrs. Minnie Williams Miller.

A prize for several years has been given for the best patri-
otic essay to the girls of the graduating class of the Salt Lake City high school. This year a contribution of $10.00 was given to the free kindergarten.

In 1904, contribution was made to the Continental Hall building fund. The chapter is now erecting a drinking fountain, to be placed in front of the free public library.

**Georgia.** Our membership has grown steadily until now we have twenty-five chapters.

Our state conference, held in Athens, Georgia, in November, 1904, was in every way satisfactory.

Nearly every chapter gives one or more prizes to encourage the study of American history.

The Thomas Jefferson Chapter, Atlanta, numbering only fifty members, awards annually three gold medals to different schools.

The Nathaniel Bacon Chapter, of Vineville, Macon, only a few weeks old, has already offered a handsome medal to one of the Macon colleges.

Chancellor Walter B. Hill, of the State University, reports that the beautiful loving cup annually awarded to that institution by the Daughters of the American Revolution of the state, has awakened an interest in the study of American history.

During our conference, the beautiful monument, erected by the Elijah Clark Chapter, to that grand old Revolutionary hero, Elijah Clark, was unveiled with appropriate ceremonies. It made a contribution of twenty-five dollars to Continental Memorial Hall and a similar amount to Oglethorpe monument.
The Brunswick, another of our small chapters, will, within a few weeks, unveil a handsome monument to Georgia's noble founder, Oglethorpe. Thus slowly but surely we are placing in enduring form the names of our noted heroes. Continental Memorial Hall, however, is our most cherished obligation, and we hope for a splendid offering this year to its fund.—Mrs. IRA YALE SAGE, State Regent.

Indiana has twenty chapters with one almost ready to organize and the interest is greater than ever before.

Our fourth annual conference was held last November in Indianapolis by invitation of the resident chapters—Caroline Scott Harrison and General Arthur St. Clair. Mrs. Fairbanks, our president general, added much to the pleasure by her presence. These yearly conferences have brought the chapters into close touch and given them added interest and enthusiasm. The fifth conference will be entertained by the Ann Rogers Clark Chapter at Jeffersonville.

We are interested in Continental Hall and are trying to send our share of funds for its completion.

The chapters have done much local work. Monuments have been erected to Revolutionary soldiers; flags and pictures have been presented to the schools: prizes given for the best essays on Revolutionary subjects. One chapter has placed a bronze tablet in the library bearing the names of the Revolutionary soldiers buried in that county. Another has made a beautiful park from an
abandoned cemetery. Still another has furnished and will maintain a room in a hospital.

Iowa has twenty-nine chapters. Eight have been added since October, 1903, with one in Mason City and one in Cedar Falls nearly ready to organize.

The interest in all is keen, the spirit fine, and the work excellent.

At the state conference in Council Bluffs, in November, 1904, standing rules for the government of the state organizations were adopted, thus assuring its permanency.

The chapters with few exceptions contributed last year to the Continental Hall fund, sums ranging from five to one hundred dollars. A committee has been appointed this year to present the claims of the Memorial and generous donations are being made. A special committee has also been named to impress upon the Iowa Daughters the benefit to be derived from the study of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE and their duty in giving it financial support, and this effort has brought most gratifying results.

The State Historical Society has honored the Iowa Daughters of the American Revolution by enrolling it as an auxiliary member of the society, and issuing to it a certificate of membership.

Mrs. Mary Fahey, a “Real Daughter,” has been admitted to membership in the Jean Espy Chapter, and Mrs. Martha Hall Moon, in the Council Bluffs Chapter. On March 1st, 1905,
Mrs. Eliza A. Melvin Schrader, a “Real Daughter,” passed away in Iowa City at the age of eighty-seven years.

The graves of two Revolutionary soldiers have been discovered in Iowa the past year, that of Nathan Winton in Wayne County and John Morgan in Burlington.—Maria Purdy Peck, State Regent.

Kansas. The interest in the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution has been growing very rapidly in Kansas the past year. One new chapter has been organized at Parsons, another chapter will probably be organized at Sterling before this issue of the monthly has been published, and still another at Independence will be organized in the early summer.

A movement is now on foot, for the organization of chapters in several other cities, in some of which regents have already been appointed.

Our state meeting was held in Lawrence and was interesting and profitable. It was decided to endeavor to secure the passage of a law to prevent the desecration of the flag. In this work we were successful. We were also successful in securing the passage of a law making an appropriation to assist in the work of marking the route of the Santa Fe trail.

Massachusetts has kept up her standard and the Old Bay State may well be proud of the work accomplished. To the
already large membership have been added 423: 192 members at large, 14 "Real Daughters," 5 new chapters and 5 regents confirmed.

The most important work during the year was the Continental bazar held in Copley Hall, Boston, for the Memorial Continental Hall fund. Every chapter in the state contributed and $4,000 was realized. The president general, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, was present and addressed the meeting. It was an occasion long to be remembered and did much for the Daughters of Massachusetts in the better acquaintance gained by the members working for a common cause.

The Samuel Adams chapter has placed a boulder with a bronze tablet. The Sarah Bradlee Fulton an inscribed boulder, as has also the General Benjamin Lincoln. The Paul Jones and the Col. Timothy Bigelow have each placed a tablet. The Mary Draper has a fountain and the South Framingham a statue of a minute man ready to dedicate. These have been in memory of the Revolutionary soldiers in the locality.

The members have been enthusiastic, the officers loyal and the state regent has been untiring.

"By their fruits shall ye know them."

Missouri Daughters maintained an attractive room in the Anthropology Building at the World's Fair, and kept a register
of all visiting Daughters. They also had an interesting exhibit of relics, portraits, photographs, etc.

Missouri has twelve organized chapters and five unorganized. Almost every chapter has contributed to Continental Hall.

The Nancy Hunter Chapter, of Cape Girardeau, the Osage, of Sedalia, the Hannibal and several others give medals every year to the school children for essays on Revolutionary subjects.

The St. Louis Chapter has erected a granite boulder in the national cemetery at Jefferson Barracks to mark the graves of the unknown dead removed from old Fort Belle Fontaine.

The Jefferson Chapter of St. Louis has placed a tablet to mark the house from which the expedition started to Fort St. Joseph, Michigan, January 2d, 1781.

The Laclede Chapter, of St. Louis, contributes to the vacation playgrounds, and instructs the foreign children to reverence our flag and to love our country.

The Jane Randolph Jefferson Chapter is interested in the Civic Improvement League of our capital city.

The Elizabeth Benton Chapter, of Kansas City, maintains an alcove in the library at Manila.

The St. Joseph Chapter is purchasing fine engravings copied from the old masters and is placing them in the public library art gallery.

The young chapters are the Columbian, of Columbia, the Lafayette-Lexington, of Lexington, and the Joplin.
New York. Another chapter in Greater New York has the honor of having formed a committee, selecting its members from the National Board, its own and other chapters in the state, called "Washington's Headquarters Committee," its object being the preservation of the mansion with the grounds about it, situated at 160th street; and used during the Revolution by Washington as his headquarters. This committee during the past year also accomplished its purpose, having induced the city authorities to purchase the property which will hereafter be used, the grounds for a public park and the mansion for a public museum of colonial and Revolutionary relics. Patriotic societies have been invited to contribute or loan such articles, while the park commissioner also extends the courtesy of the rooms to patriotic societies for holding meetings.

New York is the banner state with a membership of about seven thousand, six thousand being organized in eighty-two flourishing chapters, which have accomplished much. A chapter in Greater New York formed for the purpose of erecting a monument to the prison ship martyrs organized a society called the Prison Ship Martyrs' Monument Association in which nearly every chapter in this and many other states was represented.

The past year has witnessed the fulfillment of that chapter's pledge. The necessary amount of $200,000 is in hand, having been contributed and appropriated largely through the efforts
of the regent of the chapter. Plans have been accepted and the monument will be erected in Fort Greene Park, Brooklyn, above the tomb wherein lie the bones of more than seventeen thousand of the martyred heroes of the Revolutionary War.—FRANCES M. TERRY, State Regent.

Kentucky. In the space allotted, I can only give a brief summary of the work of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Kentucky during the past year. I report 18 chapters and 575 members. One of the chapters was organized last summer; one reinstated after some years' lack of representation, and now are much interested in the work of the organization.

Kentucky has a small membership for a state so conspicuous in patriotism, but the Daughters of the American Revolution do not forget that they represent heroes who were excelled by no others for heroic deeds, and this knowledge incites them to great zeal and desire to aid the organization in every way in patriotic effort.

The Continental Hall fund will be very good.

The state of Kentucky desires to place a memorial bust in Continental Hall, of some Revolutionary hero who was identified with the early history of the state, and nearly all the chapters here voted for Governor Isaac Shelby.—ROSA B. TODD, State Regent.
Maine. The work of the individual chapters has been of nearly all kinds, from the building of a historical library to the placing of tablets and monuments, but the united effort resulted in the presentation of a banner bearing the arms of the state to the new battleship Maine January 28th, 1905, and through that event the securing of the transfer of the remainder of the silver, presented to the first Maine by the citizens of Maine and the Maine born residents of New Orleans to the existing ship.

The day of the presentation of the banner which took place on board the ship, the captain expressed to the state regent the earnest desire of the officers of the new Maine to have the silver which had been rescued from the wreck of the ill-fated ship in Havana Harbor and was now in the National Museum. A communication was at once sent to the Secretary of the Navy with the result that the silver is now on the Maine and an appreciative letter has been received from the captain containing his thanks to the Daughters of the American Revolution.

We have voted to do something for historic Pemaquid which we think should be the ward of all historical and patriotic societies.—(Mrs. A. A.) Mayo B. Kendall, State Regent.

Vermont. Vermont has twenty chapters, most of which are enthusiastically active in patriotic work in and out of the state. Several chapters have been called to mourn over the loss of loved and valued members, among whom were a number of
“Real Daughters.” Some months ago all the chapters in Vermont were asked to unite in contributing to the support of Mrs. Esther Damon, the only widow of a Revolutionary soldier now living. For years her only support was a pension of $12 a month. Recently this sum has been supplemented by the efforts of the Daughters, and she is now more properly cared for. The National Board of Management of the Daughters of the American Revolution have voted to present her with a gold spoon.

The Vermont Daughters are planning to erect a stone or monument at St. Anne, on Isle La Motte, to mark the location of the first white settlement in the state.

**Michigan.** This state ended its first decade of Daughters of the American Revolution work June, 1904. The first state regent appointed was Mrs. J. C. Burrows.

In 1898, Mrs. Fitzhugh Edwards was appointed state regent and the first chapter of the state was organized by her in Detroit. It has never lost the impetus of her undaunted energy and enthusiasm, so that the Louisa St. Clair Chapter is nearing the three hundred mark in membership. We have chapters at Grand Rapids, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti, Lansing, Flint, St. Joseph, Muskegon, Mt. Clemens, St. Clair, Pontiac, Big Rapids, Bay City, Saginaw, Marquette, Marshall, Kalamazoo and our latest acquisition, Menominee, making a total membership of about one thousand.

Mrs. W. J. Chittenden, State Regent.
Mrs. W. J. Chittenden was elected state regent in 1901. Mrs. J. P. Brayton, state vice-regent, and both continue to hold these positions. Mrs. Brayton has done fine work for Memorial Continental Hall, imbuing the chapters with her own generosity and enthusiasm.—Irene W. Chittenden, State Regent.

New Hampshire. It is with pleasure that I report eighteen enthusiastic chapters. One new chapter has been formed this year making a total membership of about seven hundred.

One chapter has placed a bronze tablet in their public library in honor of the Revolutionary soldiers of the town. Many chapters have identified and marked the graves of Revolutionary soldiers as well as early settlers.

One chapter has erected an iron gate and stone entrance to one of the oldest burying grounds in the city. A boulder is to be erected by one of our chapters to the memory of the Revolutionary soldiers of their town and also the site of the first cabin and place of birth of the first white child. The chapters of the state generously responded to the invitation of Mollie Stark Chapter, for trees to be planted in Stark Park, Manchester, and to be known as “The Daughters of the American Revolution Avenue.” Much good has been accomplished in the presentation of volumes of American history to our public schools, and prizes offered for the best historical papers.

Nearly every chapter has contributed to a memorial hospital
at Concord. Our Daughters earnestly solicited the aid of the state legislature in appropriating the sum of two thousand dollars for the marble column to be placed in the portico of thirteen columns from the original thirteen states. Our truly loyal and patriotic legislators passed the bill, and we were made happy. Besides this, the Daughters of New Hampshire have contributed by chapter work to the building of Continental Hall. We are justly proud of our Granite State—though a small state never found wanting in pride and patriotism.—LAURA WOOD JOHNSTON, State Regent.

Minnesota. This state has taken no backward step. In increase of membership, in larger contributions to the Continental Hall fund, and in continued enthusiasm and loyalty, the chapters have acted as a unit. Some notable work has been done by individual chapters. The Grey Solon du L'hut Chapter, Duluth, have placed a beautiful Tiffany stained glass window in the public library, Duluth, commemorating the explorations of Grey Solon du L'hut.

The Colonial Chapter, Minneapolis, is doing good work along patriotic, educational lines. It is hard to distinguish when every chapter is doing its own individual work in the most loyal and enthusiastic manner.

At the state conference in October, we had the pleasure of having our well-beloved president general, Mrs. Fairbanks, with us. Minnesota is honored in having a vice-president general, Mrs. W. P. Jewett;
Montana. In December, 1904, we held our first state conference in Butte. We considered our Continental Hall, our memorial alcove in Manila, our flag and our American Monthly Magazine.

The state officers are:
Mrs. Walter S. Tallant, state regent; Mrs. William W. McCracken, state vice-regent; Mrs. Edward Morley, secretary; Mrs. Alice Fitzgerald, treasurer; Mrs. J. H. Harper, registrar, and Miss Ethel Bruce, historian.

Silver Bow Chapter, in Butte, is the oldest, Mrs. Ella K. Haskell, regent. They are erecting a fountain to cost $2,000 to the boys who fell in the late war; have given $5 to the Sacajawea monument in Portland, and $25.00 to Continental Hall.

Yellow Stone Park Chapter, Livingston, Mrs. H. Millio, regent, sends magazines to Manila alcove and has given $14 to Continental Hall, one dollar for each member.

Ravalli Chapter, Hamilton, Mrs. Crutchfield, regent, sent $25 to Continental Hall, and magazines to Manila.

Oro Fino Chapter, Helena, Mrs. E. Glenn, regent, placed framed copies of the Declaration of Independence in the schools and sent magazines to Manila.

Mrs. E. Broox Martin, regent, Bozeman, gave copies of
the Declaration to the schools, magazines to Manila, and $5 to Continental Hall.

The state regent, Mrs. Tallant, sent $25 to Continental Hall.

**New Jersey.** There are twenty-six chapters in New Jersey doing effective work, and two that are without regents and therefore somewhat hampered.

There are several old houses in the state, which they have been largely instrumental in rescuing from oblivion, and have contributed generously to making repairs and furnishings. "Rocky Hill House," in which General Washington wrote his farewell address to his army; "The Wallace House," Somerville, where he with Mrs. Washington spent the winter of 1779; "The Old Barracks," Trenton, occupied by both colonial and Revolutionary troops, and the "Old Tavern House" at Haddonfield, used by the colonial legislature and in which the state declared its independence.

Prizes are generally given to the public schools for the best essays on United States history. One chapter gives a Daughters of the American Revolution gold spoon to each baby born to its members. Another has established a circulating library, and gives entertainments of music and lectures for the Italian and colored population, also has in summer a playground with a skilled instructor and several assistants, for the children.
Many tablets have been placed on historical spots, as New
Jersey is so full of them. Paulus Hook Chapter erected a
monument. Two hundred and seventy-five dollars has been
raised towards placing an impoverished lady of Revolutionary
ancestry in the "Mary Fisher Home" at Tenafly.

The work of copying old gravestones for record in the New
Jersey historical society has been accomplished by many
chapters.—Mary N. Putnam, State Regent.

Mississippi. Each one of the four chapters has steadily
progressed in the past twelve months, gaining new members
and increasing the sphere of influence. In accession to their
rolls, new life and energy have come into the chap-
ters and each one of them report good work done and
plans for more extended usefulness. They are mak-
ing their presence felt in their cities, teaching great-
er patriotism, a higher standard of citizenship, and
the observance of historic days.

They are placing fac-
simile copies of the Decla-
ration of Independence in
the public schools, giving
medals for the best essays
on colonial and Revolu-
tionary history, and having
addresses given on patri-
otic subjects to the child-
ren. Mississippi has discovered one "Real Daughter," who is
proudly claimed as a member of the David Reese Chapter of
Oxford.—Alice Quitman Lovell, State Regent.

New Mexico. In the heart of the Sangre de Cristo range
of the Rocky mountains, at Santa Fe, the oldest capital in the
United States, the first chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution in the southwest was formed.

While the work was slow in its growth in the beginning, yet now this society has three vigorous chapters and two embryo ones.

The parent chapter keeps loyally at its work. The Jacob Bennett Chapter, of Silver City, has accomplished much. It has lately been presented with two log cabins, whose history is associated with the early days of the territory, where tragedy was often interwoven with the making of a home.

The Lew Wallace Chapter, at Albuquerque, is composed of women who are bright, loyal and energetic.

It is hoped that chapters will also be organized at Las Vegas, Raton and Roswell.—MARY C. PRINCE, State Regent.

North Dakota has but one chapter, the William Mason Chapter, named in honor of my ancestor who came over in the "Constitution." While we have but one chapter, still North Dakota is a most loyal state. The stars and stripes float from every school building, and the schools opened with the oath of allegiance to our country, and with the Star spangled Banner of America, they march to and from their school room.—SARAH R. LOUNSBERY, State Regent.

North Carolina. Interest in the National Society has never been greater in North Carolina than at present, altho the work
of the order is, of necessity, slow, North Carolina having no large cities where chapters containing hundreds are the rule, and not the exception as with us.

The organized chapters number nine, with two in process of formation, with a total membership of less than three hundred.

The question of greatest moment to each Daughter in the state is securing the two thousand dollars for our memorial column, which it is our privilege to give as one of the "Thirteen Original States." To raise this amount, the combined efforts of the chapters are now bent, and they hope to be able to report to the next Continental Congress that success has crowned their efforts.

The chapters will, also, present several gifts of historic value to Continental Hall, which will keep in constant remembrance the glorious part taken by the "Old North State" in the struggle of '76.

It was decided at the last state congress to publish a book entitled, "Five Decisive Revolutionary Battles in North Carolina," Mr. Conner, the foremost historian in the state having consented to undertake the work.—MARY LOVE STRINGFIELD WULBERN, State Regent.

South Carolina. During the six years of the regency of Mrs. Henry Warren Richardson the advancement of the work of our society in South Carolina has been the object of her constant thought and labor. Five new chapters have been
added and the seventeen chapters now in South Carolina have been thoroughly organized, the outcome being our annual state conference.

The two important objects in Mrs. Richardson's administration have been South Carolina's contribution to Continental Hall building fund and the erection of the state monument to our trinity of heroes, Marion, Sumter, and Pickens. Besides inspiring the best efforts of each and every chapter for these objects, for the latter she has obtained from the state legislature the sum of five hundred dollars. The Daughters of the American Revolution will invoke the assistance of our next assembly in aid of the South Carolina memorial column for Continental Hall.

The brilliant success of the Daughters of the American Revolution day during the Charleston exposition, is another evidence of Mrs. Richardson's executive ability.

Mrs. Richardson has inherited executive ability and a fine judicial mind from her distinguished father, Judge Alfred Proctor Aldrich—"South Carolina's Historic Judge."—Alice Hart Young, Secretary Columbia Chapter.

Virginia. Committees for raising funds for Continental Hall and Virginia column, are composed of one member from each chapter. The chapters are pledged for the column. State membership, seven hundred. One chapter has been organized and two others almost ready. Through the efforts of the Virginia Daughters of the American Revolution, the state building, representing Monticello, Thomas Jefferson's home, was built at the St. Louis exposition.

Through the efforts of Mount Vernon Chapter, Pohick church, General Washington's parish church, is being restored.

Our "Real Daughters" are lovingly remembered, on their birthdays, at Christmas and Easter, with gifts, letters and flowers. A souvenir card is being sold for benefit of Continental Hall by Mount Vernon Chapter.

Virginia has donated ten dollars to library for purchase of books, and books have been given by chapters. The sum of
$176.00 has been sent to Continental Hall, and $626.75 raised towards Virginia column.

Chapters are collecting books for Manila library, and money for tablet for the Virginia alcove. Interest increases steadily in patriotic, memorial and educational work, as shown by study of history, presenting framed copies of Declaration of Independence to high schools, medals for historic essays, erection of tablets and establishing school and public libraries.—
ELEANOR S. WASHINGTON HOWARD, State Regent.

Ohio with its thirty-seven chapters, can boast of a steady increase in numbers and patriotic work. They have all aided in raising funds for Continental Hall. Most of them are giving prizes for the best work done by pupils of the public schools along the lines of history and biography. Some chapters are seeking for graves of Revolutionary soldiers and preserving old records bearing upon our early state history, which, with incidents and anecdotes, often establish links back to those who served in the War of the American Revolution.

One chapter has been restoring the old “Powder House” of an early fort near Hamilton, so that it can be used as a “Chapter House” for its meetings. Some chapters fill alcoves in libraries with historical and genealogical books, and others endow beds in hospitals and devote themselves to philanthropic work. The Cincinnati Chapter, having established a scholarship in the college, is holding neighborhood patriotic meetings for the women of the poorer dis-

Mrs. O. J. Hodge, State Regent.
tricts, is having its clubs of "Children of the Republic" trained in military tactics, and has organized a drum corps among them. Eight of these clubs have been formed in Cleveland, and besides giving a course of lectures for the College for Women, the Western Reserve Chapter has kept up its annual work among its foreign population, in giving illustrated lectures to them, in their own tongues, trying to reach a class who come to work in our foundries and factories when they are too old to be impressed into our public schools, and who settle in communities and learn little of the history of our country and principles of its government.

Columbus Chapter, last June, unveiled a tablet commemorating the "Peace Treaty" between the Indians and the early settlers of that part of our country.

May it stand for "Universal Peace" for which I hope the Daughters of the American Revolution will ever strive!—Virginia Shedd Hodge.

Wisconsin. It is a pleasure to testify to the earnest, untiring labor of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Wisconsin, and to point with pride to the splendid results obtained.

Many of the chapters give annual prizes to the pupils of the public schools for essays upon colonial or Revolutionary objects, thus encouraging the study of early American history. Some chapters have presented to the schools facsimiles of the Declaration of Independence, while still others are extending patriotic education by placing historical books and papers in public libraries.

A unique work undertaken by one chapter is that of caring for one of the few Indian mounds which remain unmutilated. Another chapter has established a department in the local library devoted to books upon the early and later day history, literature and customs of this country and in connection with this department a collection of historical relics is being made.

The expenses of the committee "to prevent the desecration of the American flag" have been borne annually by one of the chapters of the state.

The Daughters of the state are actively engaged in locating
the graves of Revolutionary soldiers, and during the past year one has been found at Johnstown.

I beg to assure you that Wisconsin Daughters are advancing and extending the powerful influence of our honored society, Daughters of the American Revolution.—Alice L. Brown, State Regent.

Texas. Our contribution to the Continental Hall fund is larger than ever before. We are collecting a fund for a memorial to our late state regent, Mrs. John Lane Henry, to be erected in Continental Memorial Hall. All obligations, state and national dues have been promptly paid and each chapter has some especial work besides. The Lady Washington and Jane Douglas Chapters furnish historical works to the public libraries of their respective cities. Rebecca Crockett Chapter offers prizes to the school children writing the best articles on American history, besides giving spoons to all Daughters of the American Revolution babies.

George Washington Chapter is to erect a memorial. Thankful Hubbard Chapter has just given a banquet to the Sons of the American Revolution on their annual meeting in the city of Austin.

Our greatly increased Continental Hall fund is due to the work of our state vice-regent, Mrs. Thomas J. Groce. Our state historian, Miss Kate Daffan, is doing splendid work and
reports quite a fine collection of Revolutionary relics and curios.

Miss Anne Yocum, our untiring efficient state secretary, is the right hand of the state regent with her ever ready pen and unfailing patience.

Our state treasurer, Mrs. Warren V. Galbreath, always responds to our demands for funds.—E. Hutchins Sydnor, State Regent.

**Tennessee.** The State regent reports much patriotic and instructive work during the past year. One new chapter has been organized and a second in process of formation.

The principal work recommended to chapters has been to raise funds for Continental Hall, and for a state monument for the Revolutionary soldiers buried in Tennessee. Over one hundred graves have been authenticated by the state historian, Miss Gentry, and the legislature has been petitioned for assistance in erecting the monument.

The state regent has a petition before the joint assembly for the preservation and care of state archives and we hope soon to have a suitable building for that purpose.

Every chapter in the state was represented in St. Louis on National Daughters of the American Revolution day.

The Mary Lockwood Liberty Tree was planted in Memphis under the supervision of the state regent and the ceremony was witnessed by a large gathering.
Rhode Island. The Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Rhode Island now numbers about eight hundred and seventy-five members, divided into nine chapters. Individually the chapters are giving lectures in their native languages to foreigners; restoring and beautifying old landmarks; inaugurating such civic reforms as a curfew law and a more dignified observance of Independence Day; erecting memorials to General Nathaniel Greene, and steadily marking
graves of Revolutionary soldiers. Historic persons and incidents are being studied, and prizes are offered by every chapter for meritorious historic essays in the schools. Collectively, the chapters have made a stand of silk colors as a gift to the battleship Rhode Island when she shall go into commission, and $2,000 has been recently raised proportionately for the Rhode Island column at Continental Hall. In addition to its own share in this project Flintlock and Powder Horn Chapter have individually presented a beautiful brass lecutrn and Bible to Memorial Continental Hall and the National Society.—MARGARET B. F. LIPPITT, State Regent.

**Washington.** The history of the Daughters of the American Revolution of Washington for the past year proves that the organization is flourishing.

The paramount event was the state assembly held in Tacoma, June 18th, when the representatives of the seven chapters were royally entertained by Mary Ball Chapter. An interesting program was enjoyed and matters of importance to state and society profitably discussed.

The annual colonial balls of Ranier and Lady Stirling Chapters, the whist tournament held under the auspices of Robert Gray Chapter, also the Washington's birthday banquet of Esther Reed Chapter were brilliant social events.

Of work undertaken, the most important is that of raising five hundred dollars for the purchase of a portrait bust of Washington, to be placed
by the Daughters of the American Revolution of the state which bears his name in Memorial Continental Hall. Lady Stirling Chapter is arranging to place a boulder of native granite on the site of the battle of Seattle, when the United States sloop of war Decatur saved the little village from annihilation.

The one new chapter organized has been named Sacajawea, in honor of the brave Indian woman who so materially assisted Lewis and Clarke in their perilous expedition.—Blanche Burnett Parker, State regent.

West Virginia. James Wood Chapter, regent, Mrs. Henry Jackson, Parkersburg, is engaged in hunting up the graves of Revolutionary soldiers, so that they may be marked in memory of their brave deeds. This chapter sent a contribution of $350 to the Continental Hall fund.

The Col. Charles Lewis Chapter, Point Pleasant, Mrs. Delia McCulloch, regent, is in good financial condition, all dues paid in Washington, and has received one life member; contributed $16 to Continental Hall. It was through the efforts of this chapter the monument to Col. Charles Lewis, at Point Pleasant, was erected.

The William Henshaw Baldwin Spilman, Chapter, Hedgesville, Miss Valley Virginia Henshaw, regent. The chapter is in good financial condition, all dues paid, and has in its treasury $75 for a memorial of some kind.

The Elizabeth Ludington Hagans Chapter, Morgantown, Mrs. R. H. Edmondson, regent, has the only "Real Daughter" in the state, in the person of Mrs. Susanne Guseman Cobun. It has also done good work for Continental Hall, obtaining the
permission from the Board of Management of the National Society to sell glassware bearing the insignia of the Daughters. As a result a contribution of $35 was sent for Continental Hall.

Wyoming. There are two chapters in the state, Jacques Laramie and Cheyenne. The former has placed books, magazines and pictures in the public schools. The Cheyenne Chapter has placed framed copies of the Declaration of Independence in the schools with appropriate exercises. They have also given a loan exhibit, which was a surprise that so many Revolutionary relics could be brought together so far from the war center. With the proceeds, a tablet was placed in the woman's room in the Carnegie library to the memory of the late Helen M. Warren, our beloved state regent, and founder of both the chapters.

I am one of those who hold to the safety which flows from honest ancestors and the purity of blood.—Henry Clay.

Mrs. F. W. Mondell, State Regent.
REVOLUTIONARY RECORDS

This department is intended for hitherto unpublished or practically inaccessible records of patriots of the War of American Independence, which records may be helpful to those desiring admission to the Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution and to the registrars of chapters. Such data will be gladly received by the editor of this magazine.

Martha's Vineyard Chapter, (Edgartown, Massachusetts), has erected a monument in memory of those residents of Edgartown who served in the War of the Revolution but died away from home. This monument consists of a granite base surmounted by a block of pure white marble. On the four sides are cut the names of seventeen soldiers, with dates and place and manner of death.—HARRIET MARSHAL PEASE, Historian.
PARLIAMENTARY LAW TALKS

By Mary Belle King Sherman.

In the Parliamentary Law Department of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE the principles of Parliamentary Law, as suited to the everyday needs of ordinary deliberative bodies, will be set forth. These principles will be illustrated by short drills in which the making, stating and general treatment of motions will be shown. Questions by subscribers will be answered. Roberts' Rules of Order will be the standard of authority. Address 4614 Lake Avenue, Chicago.

This department has been of great benefit to the chapters, in that they have been given simple and clear rules of procedure. Some of the subjects already considered have been organization, duties of officers, committees, including committee of the whole, reports, motions, reconsideration and secret sessions.

The next talk will be about the previous question, the intent and effect of which will be clearly stated.

Daughters are urged to bring their parliamentary questions to the editor of this department. They will meet with prompt attention.

Reason is the life of the law; nay, the common law itself is nothing else but reason.—Sir Edward Coke.
GENEALOGICAL NOTES AND QUERIES

This is a very good land to fall in with, and a pleasant land to see.—Sir Henry Hudson's Log-book, 1609.

Contributors are requested to observe carefully the following regulations:

1. Write on only one side of the paper.
2. Give full name and address of the writer.
3. All proper names should be written with great plainness.
4. When possible give dates, and the places of residences of ancestors for whom the inquiry made.
5. Enclose a two cent stamp for each query. When a personal answer on a doubtful point is desired send extra stamp.

A special request is made for answers or partial answers to queries that the value of the department may be enhanced to all subscribers. All answers will be inserted as soon as received.

Queries will be given in the order of the dates of their reception.

Mrs. Lydia Bolles Newcomb.

Over six hundred queries have appeared in this department, although it has been impossible to print as fast as they were received.

The June issue of this magazine will contain answers to queries 406, Ingell; 490, Lord; 533, Van Blarcom; 543, Bee-son, and several others.

Our ancestry, a gallant Christian race, Patterns of every virtue, every grace.—Cowper.
NOTES ON THE FOURTEENTH CONTINENTAL CONGRESS, 
DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

The Fourteenth Continental Congress met in Memorial 
Continental Hall April 17 to 22, 1905.

The president general, Mrs. Charles Warren Fairbanks, 
presided. She delivered the address of welcome, which was 
responded to by 
Mrs. William M. Liggett, state regent of Minnesota, 
Mrs. Henry W. Richardson, state regent of South Carolina, 
Mrs. Alfred A. Kendall, state regent of Maine, 
Mrs. Abraham Allee. state regent of Nebraska.

The following is the list of officers elected by the Fourteenth 
Continental Congress:

President General. 
MRS. DONALD MCLEAN.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters. 
MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN.

Vice-Presidents General.

Mrs. John R. Walker, Missouri. 
Mrs. John F. Swift, California. 
Mrs. Charles H. Deere, Illinois. 
Mrs. O. J. Hodge, Ohio. 
Mrs. Julius J. Estey, Vermont. 
Mrs. H. S. Chamberlin, Tennessee.

Chaplain General. 
Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin.

Recording Secretary General. 
Miss Mary Desha.

Corresponding Secretary General. 
Miss Virginia Miller.

Treasurer General. 
Mrs. M. E. S. Davis.

Mrs. Lindsay Patterson, North Carolina. 
Mrs. John C. Hazen, New York. 
Mrs. George W. Nicholls, South Carolina. 
Mrs. Franklin E. Brooks, Colorado.

Registrar General. 
Mrs. J. Stuart Jamieson.

Historian General. 
Mrs. J. P. Dolliver.

Assistant Historian General. 
Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood.

Librarian General. 
Miss Aline Solomon.
AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Honorary President General.
MRS. CHARLES WARREN FAIRBANKS.

Honorary Vice-Presidents General.
MRS. JULIA K. HOGG, MRS. MARY S. LOCKWOOD.

AMENDMENT TO THE BY-LAWS.

The following by-laws were amended to read as given below:

Article II, Section 3. In order to preserve uniformity and prevent conflict of authority, all information regarding rules and regulations governing the National Society and the formation and organisation of Chapters shall be sent out by the Officers under whose jurisdiction such questions may belong. All such information shall be submitted to the Board of Management for approval before distribution.

Article IV, Section 3. The Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters shall have authority to nominate one State Regent for the first year, to be elected by the Board. When Chapters organise through the State Regent the application shall be presented by the State Regent to the Vice-President General in Charge of Organisation of Chapters, who shall apply to the National Board of Management for formal authorisation to form such a Chapter. When a Chapter organises under Article VII, Section 1 of the Constitution, the Vice-President General in Charge of Organisation of Chapters shall confer with the State Regent in whose jurisdiction the proposed Chapter will be before bringing such application to the National Board of Management for formal authorisation to organise.

Article VII. Registrar General.—The Registrar General shall keep a register of the names and dates of the election of all members of the several Chapters and of the National Society at large and shall have the care and custody of all applications for membership, duplicates of which, properly approved by the National Officers, shall be retained by the registrars of the Chapters. The Registrar General shall examine all applications for membership, and approve the same if the applicant is found eligible; if not, she shall return the same for correction, pointing out its defects. She shall make all corrections to Ancestors' records and carry on all correspondence connected with this, as well as with all other genealogical matters pertaining to the duties of the Registrar General's office. She shall report all applications to the National Board of Management for final action.

Article X, Section 2. Pay to the Treasurer General, on or before the 22nd day of March, the sum of one dollar for each active member thereof, accompanied by a typewritten alphabetical list of its members.
Article XI. Librarian General.—The Librarian General shall have the care and custody of all books, magazines, pamphlets and manuscripts of which the National Society may become possessed, and shall catalogue and arrange the same. She shall have charge of soliciting gifts, negotiating exchanges and purchasing new volumes for the Library. She shall have the power, subject to the approval of the National Board of Management, of rejecting any volumes offered to the Library which she deems unsuited to the character of the collection. She shall carry on the correspondence of the Library and shall have complete supervision of its administration.

Article XV. Discipline.—Any member conducting herself, either at the Chapter meetings or elsewhere, in a way calculated to disturb the harmony of the Society, or to impair its good name or prosperity, or to injure the reputation of any member thereof, may, after thorough investigation, be reprimanded, suspended, or expelled, as the National Board of Management may decide.

No complaint or charge against any member or Chapter shall be considered by the National Board or its Executive Committee until such complaint has been made in writing, signed by at least three members of the Society, and the person, or Chapter, complained against shall have been notified, and given at least three weeks opportunity for answer or defense, which defense shall be made by the person complained of, or by her representative.

In order to further elucidate the rules regarding the formation of a chapter, the Congress authorized the insertion of the words: “After formal authorization by the National Board of Management” after the word “locality” in the first line of the second paragraph of the footnote on page 11 of the Constitution, in order that the footnote may correctly and completely quote the Constitution above, and thus avoid confusion.

The vice-president, Mrs. Amanda B. Tulloch, in charge of organization, reported 740 chapters, an increase of 52 during the year. The admitted membership to April 4, 1905, was 51,662, the actual membership was 42,804.

The report of the treasurer general, Mrs. M. E. S. Davis, showed the receipts and expenditures as follows:
CURRENT FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, March 31, 1904, ............... $34,383 99

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues ($43,248.00, less $1,014.00 refunded) $42,234 00
Initiation fees ($4,291.00, less $127.00 refunded), 4,164 00
Other receipts, ........................................... 3,197 46

$49,595 46

EXPENDITURES.

Total expenses, .............................................. $38,024 83

Amount transferred to Permanent Fund by order
of the Thirteenth Continental Congress, .......... $15,000 00
Rosette account transferred to Permanent Fund, ...... 20 65

$15,020 65

$53,045 48

Balance March 31, 1905—
In National Metropolitan Citizens Bank, .......... $2,709 43
In Washington Loan and Trust Bank, ............ 28,224 54

30,933 97

$83,979 45

FORT CRAILO FUND.

Balance in bank at last report, .......................... $51 00
Interest, ...................................................... 1 03

$52 03

PERMANENT OR BUILDING FUND.

Balance in bank at last report March 31, 1904, ............ $38,108 79

RECEIPTS.

Amount transferred from Current Fund by order
of Thirteenth Continental Congress, ............... 15,000 00
NOTES ON THE CONGRESS.

Proceeds from sale of U. S. Bonds, held as permanent investment, ......... $57,670 53
Other receipts, ............................................. 5,084 95
Continental Hall Contributions, ............................................. 18,679 59

Total, .................................................................. $134,543 86

EXPENDITURES.

Ceremonies of the laying of the Corner Stone, .. $1,550 94
Foundation as per contract, ............................................. 28,779 05
On account of Auditorium, ............................................. 74,437 65
Other expenses, .................................................................. 3,032 84

Total expenses, ............................................. $108,800 48

Balance in bank (American Security & Trust Co.)
March 31, 1905, ............................................. $25,743 38

$134,543 86

The librarian general, Mrs. Edward B. Rosa, reported 3,200 volumes in the library, of which 648 have been added during the past year.

The historian general, Mrs. J. P. Dolliver, reported the Volumes XIX and XX of the Lineage Books were now completed, showing a record of 2,500 ancestors.

The registrar general, Mrs. Augusta Danforth Geer, stated that 4,198 members have been admitted the past year, of which twenty are daughters of Revolutionary soldiers. 2,258 permits have been issued for the insignia, and 817 for the recognition pin.

The following motions were also passed:

To authorize the Board of Management to appropriate a sum of money towards the erecting of a building at Jamestown for the preservation of the relics.

To place a bust of John Paul Jones in Continental Hall.
To remove, if practicable, that part of the galleries which overhung the delegates.

To petition congress to print the census of 1790.

To petition congress to print the pension records.

Mrs. Elroy M. Avery,
Editor American Monthly Magazine.

To refer the printing of the records of Augusta county, Virginia, to the Board of Managers with power to print.

To urge upon congress prompt action with regard to debarring from the house and senate a member of the Mormon hierarchy.

Congress gave a hearty vote of thanks to Miss Wilmuth Gary for her generous offer of one-half the net proceeds of the
Miss Lilian Lockwood,
Business Manager American Monthly Magazine.
sales of photographs and half-tones of historical oil painting entitled "Rodney's Ride." Special attention is called to the advertisement in another column. This beautiful painting will undoubtedly pass into the possession of the government, as a bill to purchase has been introduced into the United States senate. Thus do the individual Daughters add to the fame of the society.

Mrs. Elroy M. Avery and Miss Lilian Lockwood were unanimously re-elected respectively editor and business manager of the AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

The president general, Mrs. Donald McLean, was elected chairman of the Continental Hall committee and authorized to proceed with the work.

The new directory of the Daughters of the American Revolution has been issued. The price is one dollar.

Miss Janet Richards was the official reader. Mrs. Mary Belle King Sherman was the parliamentarian. Mrs. Elroy M. Avery was chairman of the tellers. Mrs. Robert E. Parke, Mrs. Harriet E. Simpson and Miss Mary E. Law were inspectors of election.

In behalf of the many Daughters and admirers of Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, Mrs. John Miller Horton, of Buffalo, presented the full-length, artistic portrait of the president general. This admirable picture is the work of the artist, F. Carl Smith, and will adorn the walls of Continental Hall.
Notes of the Congress. 455

Mrs. Fairbanks entertained the Daughters at a delightful reception at her home Wednesday evening, April 19.

The jubilee exercises, Monday evening, April 17, under the auspices of Memorial Continental Hall committee, were a great success. All rejoiced that they were at last in their own home and the thank offering testified their gratitude.

The scene at the announcement of the election of Mrs. Donald McLean to the high office of president general was one of unprecedented enthusiasm. She was escorted to the platform amid the greatest applause. Mrs. George M. Sternberg moved to make the election unanimous. This motion was seconded by Mrs. Charles Warren Lippitt. The president-elect then made a splendid address full of energy and patriotism, and all present united in expressions of honor and fealty. Thereafter during the sessions the president general-elect occupied a chair at the right hand of the president general.

The thanks of the congress are especially due to Mr. Frederick Denison Owen, who had the general charge of the decorations. They were beautiful and symbolical. The insignia with its bars, each represented by the name of a president general, had the place of honor at the back of the stage.

The unique and picturesque minute men formed the escort of honor to the president general.

After thanking the many who had contributed to the interest and pleasure of the week the congress adjourned April 22, at 11 p. m.

Many Daughters hastened to the reception at the Ebbitt House to greet the president general, Mrs. Donald McLean.
The National Society of the Children of the American Revolution was incorporated under the laws of Congress applicable to the District of Columbia, April 11, 1895, and by such incorporation "The Headquarters, or chief office, of said National Society, was fixed in the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia."

The tenth annual convention of the National Society of the Children of the American Revolution met in the Church of the Covenant, April 18th, the president, Mrs. J. C. Burrows in the chair. The reports of the officers showed a flourishing condition.

Mrs. J. C. Burrows was made honorary president; Mrs. Frederick T. Dubois was elected president.

The loving cup offered by Mrs. John Miller Horton to the society raising the largest sum of money for Continental Hall, went to "The Little Men and Women of '76," they having given $218.00. The emblem for the state having the greatest number of societies was secured by New York. Mrs. George W. Baird offered a loving cup to the organization securing the largest amount for Continental Hall the coming year.

In the afternoon a social meeting was held, and on Wednesday the annual pilgrimage to Mount Vernon took place with appropriate ceremonies.

The childhood shows the man,
As morning shows the day.—Milton.

The Society of the Children of the American Revolution opened the week of their tenth annual convention with religious exercises in the Church of the Covenant. The Rev. Teunis S. Hamlin made a noble address on "Patriotism in Education."

Monday, April 17, the headquarters of the society, 902 F street, were opened for reception, registration, delivery of badges and to give information relating to convention week.
St. Mary Undercroft

Reader, when you visit Canterbury, do not fail to go below and see St. Mary Undercroft. If you have already seen it, see it again. There, in crypt and chapel, you may wander through nave and aisle and look upon vaulted ceilings, sweeping arches, delicate tracery, twisted columns, sculptured monuments, while beneath your feet lies the dust of men forgotten before Columbus sailed out into the trackless west.

The first volume of Avery's "History of the United States" is crypt and undercroft to the author's cathedral. Here, in the work of both author and publisher, you may look upon arches, tracery, columns, sculpture, and memorials of the dead, unnamed and unnumbered, in recorded and unrecorded time. Really, this is a sumptuous volume. The mechanical execution is of the first order, the maps and cuts especially. To compare the vignettes, for instance, with those of Doyle in his "Official Baronage" would do no injustice to Doyle; and better work than that had never been done. Indeed, on second thought, this hardly does justice to Avery; his vignettes as a whole are even better than Doyle's.

The author's text bears the mark of conscientious study, and is set forth in a style of rare literary excellence. The book is readable; no one will wish to lay it down in

the midst of a chapter, which is a test of merit in a book of history. Not a dull page has been found in the volume—scarce a page that did not awaken interest.

The volume deals with primordial as well as historical America; geology and the first Americans, the Northmen, the navigators of the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, and the Indian races—these make up the bulk of the volume. Some of the chapters are particularly noteworthy. It would be hard to find elsewhere the tangled tale of the Cabots so brightly and yet so quickly told. The story takes but a few pages. What became of John Cabot is a question that might be labored in the answer, but to what end? The author neatly cuts it short. "He quietly disappears, a historic meteor." That is true even if he lived to return from his second voyage, as very likely was the fact. What became of Sebastian? Better answer could not be given. "With characteristic elusiveness, he died we know not just when, and was buried we know not where." Balboa and Magellan are names to conjure with; in these pages they come and go—whence and whither?—at the word of the magician.

But to catalogue scroll and flower and tracery would tax one's time; gentle reader, go thyself to St. Mary Undercroft.

Melville M. Bigelow.

Boston, April 19, 1905.
OFFICIAL.

THE NATIONAL SOCIETY
OF THE
Daughters of the American Revolution
Headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

National Board of Management
1905.

President General.
MRS. DONALD McLEAN, NEW YORK.

Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.
MRS. CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
2009 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Vice-Presidents General.
(Term of office expires 1906.)
MRS. GREENLIEF W. SIMPSON, Mass., MRS. ALTHEA RANDOLPH BEDLE, N. J.,
108 Longwood Ave., Brookline, Mass. 112 Summit Ave., Jersey City, N. J.
MISS CLARA LEE BOWMAN, Connecticut, MRS. JOHN N. CAREY, Indiana,
Bristol, Connecticut. 1150 N. Meridian Street,
Indianapolis, Indiana.
MISS LUCRETIA HART CLAY, Kentucky, MRS. A. E. HENEBERGER, Virginia,
Box "466," Lexington, Kentucky. Harrisonburg, Virginia.
MRS. HENRY E. BURNHAM, N. H., MRS. ROBERT E. PARK, Georgia,
1911 Elm St., Manchester, N. H. 48 Merritt's Ave., Atlanta, Georgia.
MISS ELIZABETH CHEW WILLIAMS, Md., MRS. J. V. QUARLES, Wisconsin,
407 W. Lanvale St., Baltimore, Md. 286 Juneau Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.
HOW TO BECOME A MEMBER

Any woman is eligible for membership in the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, who is of the age of eighteen years, and is descended from a patriot man or woman who aided in establishing American Independence, provided the applicant is acceptable to the Society. Family tradition alone in regard to the services of an ancestor, unaccompanied by proof will not be considered.

All persons duly qualified, who have been regularly admitted by the National Board of Management, shall be members of the National Society, but for purposes of convenience, they may be organized into local Chapters (those belonging to the National Society alone being known as members-at-large).

Application Blanks and Constitutions will be furnished on request by the State Regent of the State in which you reside, or by the "Corre-
sponding Secretary General" at headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

Applications should be made out in duplicate, one of which is kept on file at National Headquarters and one returned to file with a Chapter should one be joined.

The application must be endorsed by at least one member of the Society. The application, when properly filled out, should be directed to "Registrars General, D. A. R., Room 52, 902 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C."

The initiation fee is One Dollar; the annual dues are Two Dollars.

The sum of three dollars, covering the initiation fees and the annual dues for the current year, must accompany each application presented to the National Society direct for members-at-large. The sum of two dollars, covering the initiation fee and one-half the annual dues for the current year, shall accompany each application forwarded to the National Society, through any local Chapter. All remittances should be made to the Treasurer General, D. A. R., 902 F Street, Washington, D. C. By a check or money order. Never in currency.

NATIONAL BOARD OF MANAGEMENT, NATIONAL SOCIETY DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

TUESDAY, March 7th, 1905.

The regular monthly meeting of the National Board of Management was held Tuesday, March 7th, at Daughters of the American Revolution headquarters, 902 F Street, Washington, D. C.

The meeting was called to order at ten o'clock by the President General, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks.

After prayer by the Chaplain General, the roll call was made by the Recording Secretary.

Members present: Mrs. Fairbanks, President General; Mrs. Tulloch; Vice-President General in charge of Organization of Chapters; Mrs. Simpson, Vice-President General, Massachusetts; Mrs. Burnham, New Hampshire; Miss Bowman, Maryland; Mrs. Estey, Vermont; Mrs. Weed, Montana; Mrs. Brooks, Colorado; Miss Williams, Maryland; Mrs. Geer, Registrar General; Mrs. Davis, Treasurer General; Mrs. Mann, Corresponding Secretary General; Mrs. Rosa, Librarian General; Mrs. Lockwood, Assistant Historian General; Mrs. Fuller, Recording Secretary General. State Regents: Mrs. Lippitt, Rhode Island; Mrs. Howard, Virginia; Mrs. Thom, Maryland; Mrs. Pennypacker, Pennsylvania, and Mrs. Main, of the District. State Vice-Regents: Mrs. Charles A. West, Massachusetts. Mrs. Ellen Hardin Walworth, one of the Founders of the Society, was also present.

The Recording Secretary General read the minutes of the previous meeting.
After some discussion Mrs. Lockwood moved: "That we accept the minutes of the meeting up to the last session and that they be deferred until a later session of this Board."
Seconded by Mrs. Geer. Motion carried.

Mrs. Lockwood also moved that this portion of the minutes be referred to a committee to be appointed by the President General.
Mrs. Simpson was requested to take the Chair.
The reports of officers followed.

REPORT OF RECORDING SECRETARY GENERAL: Madam President and Members of the National Board of Management.
Since the last meeting of the Board in February I have to report
that I have attended to all the matters assigned to me at that time. Notifications were sent to the Treasurer General's and the Registrar General's departments of the later action of the Board in regard to the requirements for the admission of the members of the Society of the Children of the American Revolution to the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution; also to the Curator, in fixing the price of the new Daughters of the American Revolution Directory to one dollar; notifications were sent to the Committee on Dedicatory Exercises for Memorial Continental Hall. These members have consented, with a very few exceptions, to serve on this committee.

I have signed 885 certificates of membership and 546 application papers. Number of letters and postals written, 160.

Letters of regret for this meeting of the Board have been received from the following: Mrs. Richardson, State Regent of South Carolina; Mrs. Kinney, of Connecticut; Mrs. Delafield, of Missouri; Mrs. Morgan Smith, of Alabama; Mrs. Sage, of Georgia; Mrs. Hodge, of Ohio;
Mrs. Heneberger, Vice President General of Virginia; Mrs. Foster, of Washington State, and a telegram of regret from Mrs. Bedle, of New Jersey.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) CLARA H. FULLER, Recording Secretary General.

Report accepted.
Miss Williams was requested to take the Chair.

REPORT OF VICE-PRESIDENT GENERAL IN CHARGE OF ORGANIZATION OF CHAPTERS: Madam President and Members of the National Board of Management: The following Chapter regencies have expired by limi-
Jamison Henry, Cleburne, Texas, and Mrs. Emma Warren Shores, Ashland, Wisconsin.

Through their respective State Regents the following Chapter Regents' appointments are presented for confirmation: Mrs. Frances McGill Goodrich, Independence, Kansas; Mrs. Charlotte Sayre Boorman, New York City, New York, and Mrs. Victoria Shannon Moone, Sherman, Texas; also the re-appointment of Mrs. Elizabeth C. Langworthy, Seward, Nebraska.

The Dorothy Walton Chapter of Pensacola, Florida, and the Thronateeska Chapter, of Albany, Georgia, desire to be dissolved, and the members placed at large. Upon the recommendation of the State Regents of Florida and Georgia, I herewith ask the National Board of Management to declare these Chapters null and void.


Charters in the hands of the engrosser, 3; letters written, 175; letters received, 162.

In connection with the Card Catalogues there have been 418 new members cards; 230 ancestors cards (half of February meeting), 190 corrections; 38 marriages; 37 deaths; 26 resignations; 4 dropped for non-payment of dues; 10 re-instatements.


Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCK, Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters.

It was moved and carried that the names presented in the report of the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters be confirmed by the Board and that the report be accepted.

REPORT OF THE REGISTRAR GENERAL: Applicants presented for membership, 523; applications verified awaiting dues, 90; applications examined but incomplete, 159; applications received since February 25th, 203; Real Daughters presented for membership, 1; resignations from the Society, 15; re-instated, 9; deaths, 54. Permits issued for Insignia, 182; permits issued for bars, 35; permits issued for the Recognition Pin, 59. Letters written, 185; postals, 72.

Respectfully submitted,
(Signed) AUGUSTA DANFORTH GEER, Registrar General.

It was moved and carried that the Recording Secretary General cast the ballot for the new applicants.
The Recording Secretary General announced that the ballot had been cast for the applicants presented in the report of the Registrar General and declared them duly elected members of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution.

Upon motion, the resignations were accepted, and the announcement of the deaths received with regret.

The report of the Registrar General was then accepted.

REPORT OF THE CORRESPONDING SECRETARY GENERAL:

Madam President and Members of the National Board of Management: For the month of February I have to report the following: Application blanks sent out, 3,202; copies of the Constitution, 397; Officers’ lists, 284; Circulars “How to become a member,” 299; miniature blanks, 299; circulars for same, 299; transfer cards, 293. Letters received, 155; letters written, 154.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) FRANCES INGRAHAM MANN,

Corresponding Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report accepted.

The Assistant Historian General, Mrs. Lockwood, reported that the Seventh Report of the National Society Daughters of the American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution has passed the United States Congress and has been ordered printed; also that the Report is very full.

Mrs. Lockwood announced that the new Daughters of the American Revolution Directory has arrived and will be ready for distribution, upon receipt of price for same.

In connection with this Directory, Mrs. Lockwood spoke of the admirable work of Miss Stone, the compiler, and stated that there would
be no actual compensation to Miss Stone for the labor of compiling
the Directory, after paying her assistants from the fund allowed for
this purpose, and proposed that the matter be placed before the Congress,
leaving it optional with that body as to voting anything for the services
of the compiler.

Mrs. Augusta Danforth Geer,
Registrar General.

Mrs. Lockwood also, explained the delay in the completing of the
Directory, the same having been caused by the printers.

The President General spoke highly of the work and the large amount
of labor and research in preparing a Directory of the National Society,
which numbers over forty thousand, and where from three to five
hundred names are being presented monthly for acceptance to the
National Board, and called the attention of the Board to the fact that
since the Directory was completed many members have entered the So-
ciety, but that the book is as perfect as it is possible to make it with
a constantly increasing membership.
REPORT OF THE TREASURER GENERAL.

February 1-28, 1905.

CURRENT FUND.

Cash in bank at last report, Jan. 31, 1905, .......... $11,572 78

RECEIPTS.

Annual dues, $11,310, less $61 refunded, .......... $11,249 00
Initiation fees, $525, less $7 refunded, ............ 518 00
Exchange, ........................................... 10

$11,767 10

EXPENDITURES.

Office President General.

Letter book and 100 sheets carbon paper, .......... $5 60
Clerical service, .................................... 50 00

$55 60

Office Vice-President General in Charge of Organiza-

Clerical service, .................................... $120 00

Office Recording Secretary General.

2,000 white seals, .................................. $3 60
1,000 printed postals, ................................ 12 00
One ream letter paper, telegram, key and carbon
paper, .................................................. 5 35
Nine days extra clerical service, ....................... 9 00
Clerical service, stenographer, ......................... 100 00

$129 95

Office Corresponding Secretary General.

1,000 printed postals, ................................ $12 00
Paste and wrapping paper, ........................... 2 10
Clerical service, .................................... 30 00

$44 10

Office Registrar General.

1,000 printed postals, ................................ $13 00
Two M. mailing tubes, ................................ 23 00
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFICIAL.</th>
<th>469</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Pencils, key, car fare to library and messenger, 1 25
Clerical service, 255 00

**Office Treasurer General.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5,000 Chapter report blanks</td>
<td>$16 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5,000 transmittal blanks</td>
<td>49 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,000 at large receipts</td>
<td>13 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,000 check slips</td>
<td>2 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 mimeographed letters</td>
<td>2 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two dozen oil boards and one dozen eureka cloths</td>
<td>1 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repairing safe and furnishing new lock</td>
<td>13 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auditing accounts Nov., Dec. 1904, Jan. 1905</td>
<td>30 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telegrams and car fare for messenger</td>
<td>1 04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>240 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Office Librarian General.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>History of Saco Families</td>
<td>$5 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>History of New Paltz, N. Y.</td>
<td>5 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One copy of Waddel’s Annals of Va.</td>
<td>2 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One copy Graham’s Revolutionary Papers</td>
<td>2 15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two vols. Westchester Co., N. Y.</td>
<td>5 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One vol. Edson’s Genealogy</td>
<td>2 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conn. marriages</td>
<td>1 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Genealogical Quarterly</td>
<td>3 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expressage, letter book and file</td>
<td>5 47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>60 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**General Office.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One copy City Directory</td>
<td>$5 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ice, towel service, ink, pens and car fare for messenger</td>
<td>11 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Messenger service</td>
<td>14 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>85 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Office Historian General—Lineage.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,000 printed postals</td>
<td>$12 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expressage on proof, 1 doz. pads and rubber bands</td>
<td>2 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical service</td>
<td>30 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Compiler</td>
<td>80 00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>292 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>368 39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>92 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>115 30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>124 50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
470 AMERICAN MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Magazine.

2,000 subscription blanks, ........................................ $4 75
One picture Memorial Continental Hall, .......................... 1 25
Nine half-tone plates, .............................................. 18 24
One rubber stamp pad and ink, .................................. 1 60
Publishing and mailing February number, ......................... 236 01
Auditing accounts, Nov., Dec. 1904, Jan. 1905, ................. 10 00
Editor's salary, .................................................... 83 33
Business Manager's salary, ....................................... 75 00
Genealogical Department, .......................................... 20 00

D. A. R. Report to Smithsonian Institution

Purchasing and mailing Second and Third Reports to Germany, ..... $1 50
Writing pads and car fare for messenger, ........................ 1 25

Directory.

Expressage on proof, ............................................... $2 29
Postage, .............................................................. 15 00

Certificate.

Engrossing 658 certificates, ...................................... $65 80
Postage, .................................................................. 30 00

Postage.

Recording Secretary General, ..................................... $ 50
Registrar General, .................................................. 2 32
Treasurer General, ................................................... 50
General Office, ....................................................... 25
Librarian General, ................................................... 1 60
On Application Blanks and Constitutions, ......................... 20 00
10,000 stamped envelopes, ....................................... 216 00

State Regent's Postage.

Colorado, .............................................................. $5 00
Kansas, ................................................................. 5 00
Kentucky, .............................................................. 5 00
Maryland, ............................................................... 3 00
Michigan, .............................................................. 5 00

Total ................................................................. 450 18

Total ................................................................. 2 75

Total ................................................................. 17 29

Total ................................................................. 95 80

Total ................................................................. 241 17

Total ................................................................. 23 00
### OFFICIAL

**Ways and Means Committee.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>500 printed postals,</td>
<td>$650</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,000 circulars,</td>
<td>$1750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,000 envelopes,</td>
<td>$750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 1/2 days' clerical service,</td>
<td>$350</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fourteenth Continental Congress.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,500 envelopes for badges,</td>
<td>$260</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postage on Railroad circulars,</td>
<td>$2850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 dozen sheets carbon and 1 box rubber bands for Credential Committee</td>
<td>$225</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rent of offices for February,</td>
<td>$22965</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rent of telephone for February,</td>
<td>$700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Balance February 28, 1905:**

- In National Metropolitan Citizens Bank,                           | $2787 14 |
- In Washington Loan and Trust Bank,                                 | $18075 34 |

**Fort Clailo Fund.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fort Clailo Fund,</td>
<td>$5203</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PERMANENT FUND.**

**Receipts.**

- **Charters.**
  - Kokomo Chapter, Indiana,                                          | $500  |
  - Yellowstone Park Chapter, Montana,                                 | 500   |
  - Owasco Chapter (reissue), New York,                                | 200   |
  - Mary Slocumb Chapter, North Carolina,                              | 500   |
  - Wooster-Wayne Chapter, Ohio,                                        | 500   |
  - Olympia Chapter, Washington,                                       | 500   |

**Life Membership Fees.**

- Mrs. Donald Frick, Eschscholtzia Chapter, California,                | $1250 |
- Miss Mary Francis, Ruth Wyllys Chapter, Connecticut                  | 1250  |
Mrs. Marie S. H. Smith, of Illinois, ........................................ 25 00
Mrs. Jessie Carpenter Kershner, Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, Indiana, ................................................................. 12 50
Miss Sarah G. Marshall, Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, Indiana, ................................................................. 12 50
Mrs. Zoe W. Ross, Council Bluffs Chapter, Iowa, ................................................................. 12 50
Mrs. Harriet E. Fay, Col. Timothy Bigelow Chapter, Massachusetts, ................................................................. 12 50
Mrs. Sarah L. Davenport, Baron Steuben Chapter, New York, ................................................................. 12 50
Mrs. Eliza G. Doane, Mohawk Chapter, New York, ................................................................. 12 50
Mrs. B. W. Jenness, Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio, ................................................................. 12 50
Miss Leonie Wagar, Western Reserve Chapter, Ohio, ................................................................. 12 50
Miss Sarah E. Bissell, Pittsburg Chapter, Pennsylvania, ................................................................. 12 50
Mrs. Emily Craft, Eaton, Pittsburg Chapter, Pennsylvania, ................................................................. 12 50
Mrs. Margaretta W. Shafer, Pittsburg Chapter, Pennsylvania, ................................................................. 12 50
Miss Agnes C. Way, Pittsburg Chapter, Pennsylvania, ................................................................. 12 50
Mrs. Eugenia Lewis Babcock, Phebe Greene Ward Chapter, Rhode Island, ................................................................. 12 50
Mrs. Jessie B. W. Bull, Moultrie Chapter, South Carolina, ................................................................. 12 50
Mrs. Florence M. D. Post, of West Virginia, ................................................................. 25 00
Mrs. Mary Stevens Ghaston, Fay Robinson Chapter, Wisconsin, ................................................................. 12 50

Continental Hall Contributions.

California Chapter, California, ................................................................. $50 00
Santa Isabel Chapter, California, ................................................................. 15 00
Geneseo Chapter, Illinois, ................................................................. 15 00
Rochelle Chapter, Illinois, ................................................................. 50 00
Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks of Caroline Scott Harrison Chapter, Indiana, ................................................................. 250 00
Mrs. Alice L. Cilley Weist, of Indiana, ................................................................. 25
Deborah Sampson Chapter, Massachusetts, ................................................................. 50 00
Charter Oak Chapter, Minnesota, ................................................................. 20 00
Ravalli Chapter, Montana, ................................................................. 25 00
Mrs. Daniel Boone, of Elizabeth Benton Chapter, Missouri, in memory of her father, Mr. Wm. H. Lusk, ................................................................. 25 00
Laclede Chapter, Missouri, .................................................. 12 25
St. Louis Chapter, Children of the American Revolution, Missouri, ........................................ 10 00
Quivira Chapter, Nebraska, .................................................... 10 00
Amsterdam Chapter, New York, .............................................. 5 00
Baron Steuben Chapter, New York, ......................................... 25 00
Mrs. George Sage of Mary Washington Colonial Chapter, New York, ........................................ 5 00
Monroe Chapter, New York, .................................................... 25 00
Nathaniel Woodhull Chapter, New York, .................................... 25 00
Saratoga Chapter, New York, ................................................... 50 00
Seneca Chapter, New York, ..................................................... 10 00
Mary Washington Chapter, Ohio, .............................................. 10 00
Col. William Montgomery Chapter, Pennsylvania, ..................... 30 00
Philadelphia (Three key-stones) Chapter, Pennsylvania, ............. 500 00
Venango Chapter, Pennsylvania, .............................................. 10 00
Jane Douglas Chapter, Texas, ................................................... 10 00
Rebecca Crockett Chapter, Texas, ............................................. 10 00
Hampton Chapter, Virginia, .................................................... 21 00
Wau Bun Chapter, Wisconsin, .................................................. 10 00
Commission on Recognition Pins, ............................................ $8 20 8 20
Interest, ................................................................. 82 50 82 50
Proceeds from sale of U. S. Registered Bonds, .......................... 57,670 53 57,670 53

$78,336 98

Expenditures.

Fourth payment on account of Auditorium, ............................. $19,942 21
Clerk of works, ................................................................. 104 00
4 reams letter paper for Filing Committee, ............................. 8 00
1 binder for Committee on Laying Corner-Stone, ........................ 85
Life Membership fee returned, Joseph Habersham Chapter, Georgia, ....................... 12 50

$20,067 56

Balance February 28, 1905, .................................................. 58,269 42

$78,336 98

Balance in bank, February 28, 1905, ...................................... $58,269 42

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. S. Davis,
Treasurer General.

Report accepted.
REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN GENERAL: Madam President General and Members of the Board of Management, National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution, I have to report the following accessions to the library since the last meeting of the Board, February 7, 1905:

Books.


Genealogy of the Tapley Family. By Harriet Silvester Tapley. Danvers, 1900.


Genealogical History with Short Sketches and Family Records of the Early Settlers of West Simsbury, now Canton, Conn. By Abiel Brown. Hartford, 1896. (Reprinted New York, 1899.)


History of Barrington, R. I. By Thomas W. Bicknell. Providence, 1893.

History of the Big Spring Presbyterian Church, Newville, Pa., 1737-1898. By Gilbert Ernest Swope.

History of Castine, Penobscot, and Brookville, Maine, Including the

History of Delaware County, Ohio. Chicago, 1830.


History of Franklin County, Ohio. By William T. Martin. Columbus, 1858.


History of the Middle Spring Presbyterian Church, Middle Spring, Pa., 1738-1900. By Belle McKinney Hays Swope. Newville, 1900.


Minutes of the Council of the Delaware State from 1776 to 1792. Wilmington, 1887.


Index to volumes 1-10 of New Jersey State Archives, First Series. Newark, 1888.


Year Book of the Connecticut Society, Sons of the American Revolution, for the years 1897-1898 and 1899. New Haven, 1900.

Year Book of the Connecticut Society, Sons of the American Revolution, for the years 1900-1901-1902 and 1903. New Haven, 1904.


Census of Rhode Island, 1895. Providence, 1898.


Records of Inscriptions in the Old Town Burying Ground, Newburgh, N. Y. Newburgh, 1898. No. 5, Historical Papers of Newburgh Historical Society.


Pamphlets.


In Memoriam—Amelia Davie Bicknell, 1830-1896.

Story of the Memorial in Honor of the Founders of the Town of Milford, 1889.
Year Book of the John Bell Chapter of Madison, Wisconsin, 1904-1905. Presented by the Chapter.
Year Book of the Boston Tea Party Chapter, 1904-1905. Presented by the Chapter.
Year Book of the Gaspee Chapter, 1904-1905. Presented by the Chapter.

The following thirteen pamphlets are Papers of the Historical Society of Delaware.

Diary of Captain Thomas Rodney, 1776-1777. Wilmington, 1888.
Crane Hook Church, Predecessor of the Old Swedes Church, Wilmington, Del. By Pennock Pusey. Wilmington, 1895.
Bombardment of Lewes by the British, April 6th and 7th, 1813, By William M. Marine. Wilmington, 1901.
Proceedings at the Unveiling of the Monument at Cooch's Bridge, Sept. 3rd, 1901.
History of Lewes, Delaware. By Pennock Pusey. Wilmington, 1903.
William Penn and his Province. By Manlove Hayes. Wilmington, 1899.
Farmington two Hundred Years ago; An Historical Address by Julius Gay. Hartford, 1904. Presented by the Author.

Periodicals.

Bulletin of the New York Public Library, ......................... January
Cavalier, The, Nos. 1, 2, 3, ............................. February, January
Gulf State Historical Magazine, .................... January
North Carolina Booklet, .......................... November, December, January
Register of the Kentucky State Historical Society, .......................... January

The above list comprises 75 books, 20 pamphlets, and 7 periodicals.
29 books were presented, 35 were received in exchange, 1 for review
and 10 purchased. 4 pamphlets were presented, and 16 received in ex-
change.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY EVANS ROSA,
Librarian General.

March 7th, 1905.
Report accepted.

Mrs. John R. Walker,
Vice-President General.

REPORT OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE: Madam President and Members
of the National Board of Management: During the month of Febru-
ary I have approved bills to the amount of $2,474.40. Of this amount
the largest items have been, as usual, for the current expenses of the Society; such as rent of rooms, $229.65; printing, $163.75; pay roll, $1,075.00; publishing Magazine, $236.01. From the permanent fund I have approved bills to the amount of $20,054.21. $19,942.21 to Richard-

Mrs. Addison Foster,  
Vice-President General.

son & Burgess on account of work on auditorium; $104.00 to George F. Sacrey, for service as Clerk of Works, and $8.00 for type-writing paper for filing committee.

Respectfully submitted,  
(Signed)  
MIRANDA BARNEY TULLOCH,  
Chairman, Finance Committee.

REPORT OF THE AUDITING COMMITTEE: To the Chairman of the Auditing Committee, National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution. Madame: I have the honor to report that I have completed the examination of the receipts and disbursements of the Society as shown by the account of the Treasurer General for the month of February and find them accounted for correctly.
I am still engaged in verifying the posting of the ledger, and the condition of the bank accounts, both of which I apprehend will be found correct. All of the work, including the examination of the accounts of the manager of the Magazine, will be completed in a few days.

Respectfully,

(Signed) 

E. T. BUSHNELL, 
Auditor.

Report accepted.
Mrs. Crosman, Chairman of the Committee on Patriotic Education, reported that there had been much correspondence and great interest evinced in this subject, but no meeting of the committee had been held since the last report; that it was her intention to call a meeting, but the State Regents, who expected to be present next month, desired it deferred until that time, when the committee would have a full report for two months to present to the Board.

**Report of the Supervising Committee:** The Committee report that all the departments have the year's work well in hand and every Officer will be ready at the Fourteenth Congress to give full and complete reports of all the work accomplished in their respective offices. The Committee wish to commend the faithfulness of every Officer and of all the Clerks in the Offices at the headquarters, who have so faithfully performed their work and helped in making the wonderful record of so much excellent work accomplished.

We wish we could, in some form, convey a tithe of all the work done at headquarters to the members of this Society.

We congratulate our President General upon the complete, faithful and conscientious Board of active Officers. The Committee recommend the purchase of two dozen chairs for the Board Room and different offices.

Respectfully submitted,

MARY S. LOCKWOOD,
CLARA H. FULLER,
AUGUSTA D. GEER.

Report accepted.

**Report of the Insignia Committee:** Madam President and Members of the Board of Management: The Insignia Committee met, with the Legislative Committee on February 10th, and put under way the work ordered by the Thirteenth Continental Congress. The carrying out of the work as planned rests with the Legislative Committee and has been taken in hand by Mrs. Burnham of that Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) HELENA HILL WEED,
Committee Chairman.

For the Committee.
Report accepted.

**Report of Committee on Chapter By-Laws:** Madam President and Members of the National Board: During the past month the Committee on Chapter By-Laws has examined and corrected twenty-one copies of Chapter By-Laws. Out of this number only one was found entirely in harmony with the National Daughters of the American Revolution Constitution. A letter was written to each Regent, explaining correc-
tions and citing the authority therefor. There are now forty-five copies of By-Laws on hand awaiting examination.

We find in some of them the statement that when application papers had been approved by the Registrar and accepted by the Local Board of Management, their names shall be enrolled as members of said Chapters without any mention of the fact that applicants must be accepted members of the National Society before they could be enrolled as members of Chapters. Some Chapters require $2.00 initiation fee, contrary to Section 1, Article VIII, while many have Constitutions made up in large part from the National Constitution, with an Article defining how said Constitution might be amended by the Chapter.

Mrs. John Murphy,
Vice-President General.

These Chapters are referred to Section 3, Article VIII and are reminded that the National Constitution cannot be amended except by the Continental Congress. There are very few of them that would not be improved by the addition of fuller details; but that does not fall within the province of this Committee, our duty being fulfilled when we see that there is nothing radically wrong, or contrary to the spirit and letter of our National Constitution.

Respectfully submitted.

(Signed) Charlotte Emerson Main,
Chairman,

Report accepted.

Clara H. Fuller.

At half past twelve o'clock it was moved and carried to take a recess until two p. m.
TUESDAY AFTERNOON, March 7, 1905.

The adjourned meeting was called to order at two o'clock by the President General, Mrs. Fairbanks.

The Chair called for unfinished business.

The Recording Secretary General read a letter from Caldwell & Co., official jewelers to the National Society, requesting the return of the bill in equity which had been sent to the Board some months previous, and taken by that body under advisement.

After due consideration of the subject, Mrs. Mann moved: “That the Recording Secretary General return papers sent by Caldwell & Co. for signature of members of the National Board.”

Seconded by Mrs. Geer. Motion carried.

At half past two o'clock the Board went into informal session, Miss Williams in the Chair.

At quarter of three o'clock the Board resumed its regular deliberations, and the following resolution was presented:

“Moved, that the communication under consideration be answered, expressing the regret of the Board that such circumstances should have arisen, but does not consider it necessary to take cognizance of anony-

Mrs. James R. Mellon.
mous letters.” Seconded by Mrs. Burnham and Mrs. Pennypacker. Motion carried.

The President General resumed the Chair.

Mrs. Geer read a request for assistance for a “Real Daughter” in Georgia.

Mrs. Estey brought to the attention of the Board the fact that a widow of a Revolutionary soldier is living in Vermont, who is in destitute circumstances, and stated that her case had been presented at a conference held in Vermont last September, and that an appropriation had been made for her by the Legislature.

The Chair invited discussion, expressing sympathy for those who have helped to make our country what it is, and are now left in need and want.

Mrs. Rosa stated that many chapters are supplying the wants of “Real Daughters,” and that this work seemed to be peculiarly appropriate for the Chapters to take up.

Mrs. Main informed the Board that these cases are usually referred to the State Regents.

Mrs. Terry called the attention of the Board to a motion made at a previous Congress, directing any one whose attention has been called to a “Real Daughter” in need, to bring the matter to the Chapter of which such Daughter is a member.

The Chair expressed the opinion that it seemed advisable to refer these cases to the respective States in which they exist.
The Registrar General spoke of temporary assistance being needed in her department previous to the Congress, probably for two or three days in the week, and suggested the name of Miss Huchon, who had assisted in the work of compiling the Daughters of the American Revolution Directory.

Upon motion this was referred to the Supervising Committee.

The following was presented:

The Supervising Committee recommend that temporary assistance in the office of Registrar General be granted from March 8th until Congress convenes.

(Signed) MARY S. LOCKWOOD, Chairman, MIRANDA B. TULLOCH, CLARA H. FULLER, AUGUSTA' D. GEEJ.

Upon motion, this recommendation was accepted.

The Treasurer General read to the Board a letter bearing on the matter of delinquent dues.

Mrs. Terry moved that this matter be referred to the Chairman of the Credential Committee. Seconded by Mrs. Weed. Motion carried.

Mrs. Weed moved: "That the members of the Society be notified through the columns of the next magazine, that the Board cannot authorize the Credential Committee to act contrary to Article X, Section 5 of the By-Laws and Article V, Section 3 of the Constitution, National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, which read as follows: Article X, Section 5 of the By-Laws: 'Each Chapter shall elect a Regent, Secretary, Registrar, Treasurer, other officers, and a Local Board of Management, at that time of year that best suits its convenience but the delegates must be elected on or before the first of February preceding the Continental Congress.'

A Regent may be empowered by her Chapter to fill any vacancy arising in her delegation, from illness or other cause, after the first of February, from alternates duly elected for that purpose, on or before the first of February.

Article V, Section 3 of the Constitution: 'Each Chapter shall be entitled to be represented at the Continental Congress by its Regent or her Alternate.

The Chapters shall be entitled to be represented by their Regent and one delegate for the first fifty members; when one hundred members are attained, to still be represented by but one delegate; this to apply to all Chapters.

After the first hundred the representation shall be in the ratio of one delegate to every subsequent hundred.

An alternate shall be elected for each Chapter Regent and delegate. Only members who have paid their dues for the official year then current shall be entitled to representation.'"

Seconded by Mrs. Terry. Motion carried.
The Chair presented to the Board the State Vice-Regent of Massachusetts, Mrs. Chas. A. West, who was cordially received.

Mrs. West brought to the attention of the Board the fact that she had been elected by her Chapter a delegate to the Fourteenth Continental Congress, and that she is also the alternate of the State Regent. Having heard it asserted that the State Vice-Regent can hold no place on the floor of the Congress, Mrs. West asked for an opinion of the Board on this subject, so that her position might be clearly defined previous to the Congress, and thus avoid any complications at that time.

The argument against a State Vice-Regent holding a place on the floor of the Congress as delegate or alternate seemed to have been based on the rule preventing an officer from holding two offices at the same time.

Mrs. West stated that she had written to the Chairman of the Credential Committee on this subject and had received a favorable reply. The Chair asked for an expression of opinion from the Board. The consensus of opinion seemed to be that it was permissible for the State Vice-Regent to act as delegate or alternate, inasmuch as the rule applies only to holding two active offices at the same time.

Mrs. Mann, Corresponding Secretary General, read to the Board a letter, offering for sale to the Society a portrait of Francis Scott Key. The Chair announced that this matter would properly come before the Committee on Continental Hall.

Mrs. Clara Lee Bowman, Vice-President General.
Mrs. Lockwood asked that certain expenses for the House Committee of the Congress be decided upon at this meeting.

Mrs. Terry moved: "That the House Committee be authorized to incur all legitimate expenses in preparing for the coming Congress and that the Treasurer General be and hereby is authorized to pay such expenses from the current fund."

Seconded by Mrs. Mann. Motion carried.

Mrs. Rosa moved: "That the various committees appointed to prepare for the Fourteenth Continental Congress be allowed to expend the necessary funds for carrying on the work of the committees."

Seconded by Mrs. Tulloch. Motion carried.

Mrs. Lockwood read to the Board a letter prepared by herself and Miss Desha in regard to the consideration by the Board of the best means of raising money for the completion of Continental Hall, this letter to be sent to State Regents and members of the Board and considered at the special meeting on April 15th.

This was approved by the Board and ordered to be sent out April 1st as the notice of the Board special meeting for April.

The Chair requested that the drawing for the seats of the States at the Fourteenth Continental Congress should now be made.

The roll of States was then called and the drawing took place, the State Regents to be notified of their respective numbers by the Recording Secretary General.

There being no further business before the Board, it was moved and carried at quarter of five o'clock to take a recess until Wednesday morning at ten o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, March 8, 1905.

The adjourned meeting was called to order at ten o'clock by the President General, who in the absence of the Chaplain General requested the members to unite in the Lord's Prayer.

The Recording Secretary General read the motions of the previous day, which were approved.

The Regent of the Potomac Chapter was presented to the Board for the purpose of extending an invitation to an entertainment to be held at her house, when Mrs. Shaw, the President of the National Congress of Mothers would deliver an address. This was received with thanks.

Mrs. Weed read the following circular that had been ordered to be issued by the Board:

Madam President and Members of the Board: The following circular has been sent out by your committee during the past month: In accordance with the following motion—"I move that a Committee be appointed to-day to prepare at once a revision of the By-Laws of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution, in so far as they
relate to the duties of National Officers, so that the printed By-Laws will agree with the established customs of this office, said report to be sent out at once by the Printing Committee to the National Officers, State and Chapter Regents, in order to secure action on the revision at the coming Congress”—passed by the National Board of Management.

Mrs. Henry E. Burnham,
Vice-President General.

National Society Daughters of the American Revolution, on February 8, 1905, the Committee appointed begs leave to submit the appended report, into which has been incorporated, by order of the Board of Management, one other amendment to the By-Laws (Curator of the Museum), proposed and seconded in due form and submitted to the proper authorities for distribution, in accordance with Article XVI, Section 1, of the By-Laws.

It will be observed that no changes in the present administration of the offices are contemplated by these amendments, but that the By-Laws are simply re-worded, so that changes brought about in past years, by changed conditions and by statutes made when the Board was a legislative body, shall be incorporated into our printed By-Laws.
In submitting this report, the Committee desires to state that it presents these amendments after earnest consultation with all the National Officers, and each and every revised By-Law bears the unqualified approval and endorsement of the Officer affected by it.

Respectfully submitted,

HELENA HILL WEED, Chairman,
ELEANOR S. WASHINGTON HOWARD,
CHARLOTTE EMERSON MAIN,
SARA COOLIDGE BROOKS,
FRANCES A. M. TERRY.

February 14, 1905.

ARTICLE II.

Strike out the footnote on page 15 and insert the following, to be known as Section 3:

Section 3. "In order to preserve uniformity and prevent conflict of authority, all information regarding rules and regulations governing the National Society and the formation and organization of Chapters shall be sent out by the Officers under whose jurisdiction such questions may belong. All such information shall be submitted to the Board of Management for approval before distribution."

ARTICLE IV.

Amend Section 3 by inserting, after the first sentence the following:

"When Chapters organize through the State Regent the application shall be presented by the State Regent to the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters, who shall apply to the National Board of Management for formal authorization to form such a Chapter. When a Chapter organizes under Article VII, Section 1, of the Constitution, the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters shall confer with the State Regent in whose jurisdiction the proposed Chapter will be before bringing such application to the National Board of Management for formal authorization to organize."

Insert after the word "Regent" in the last sentence of Section 3 the following words:

"She shall supervise the work on the Card Catalogue of members and ancestors."

Strike out Section 6 (which was in 1899 transferred to the Constitution) and re-number Section 7 as Section 6.

In order to further elucidate the rules regarding the formation of a Chapter, the Vice-President General in Charge of Organization of Chapters asks that the Congress will authorize the insertion of the words:

"After formal authorization by the National Board of Management"
after the word "locality" in the first line of the second paragraph of the footnote on page 11 of the Constitution, in order that the footnote may correctly and completely quote the Constitution above, and thus avoid confusion.

**ARTICLE VII.**

Strike out the words "resignation or death" in line 2, as this information is kept up to date in the Treasurer General's office.
Insert after "defects" in the next to the last line, the following sentence:

```
Miss Elizabeth Chew Williams,
Vice-President General.
```

"She shall make all corrections to Ancestors' records and carry on all correspondence connected with this, as well as with all other genealogical matters pertaining to the duties of the Registrar General's office."
Insert the footnote on page 20 in its proper place in this Article.

**ARTICLE VIII.**

Strike out the first sentence entirely, as this work is done by the Librarian General, and insert in its place the following:
"The Historian General shall be charged with the work of preparing the Annual Report, required by Section 3 of the Articles of Incorporation of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution to the Smithsonian Institution."
This, the truly historical work of the Society, is now the work of the Assistant Historian General.

Insert at the end of the last sentence the following:

"And shall also prepare, from time to time, for publication in the American Monthly Magazine and the daily press, articles relating to the current history of the Society."

Re-number Article IX as Article X.

**ARTICLE IX.**

Instead of electing an "Assistant" Historian General, re-name this official "Genealogist," and place under her the truly genealogical work now done by the Historian General.

Insert as Article IX the following:

**GENEALOGIST.**

"The Genealogist shall be charged with the preparation and publication of the Lineage Books, published by the National Society, and shall carry on all the correspondence relating to them."

If the above amendment is carried, the paid genealogist employed by the Society might then be known as the Genealogical Clerk.

**ARTICLE XI.**

Insert as Article XI the following:

**LIBRARIAN GENERAL.**

"The Librarian General shall have the care and custody of all books, magazines, pamphlets and manuscripts of which the National Society may become possessed, and shall catalogue and arrange the same. She shall have charge of soliciting gifts, negotiating exchanges and purchasing new volumes for the Library. She shall have the power, subject to the approval of the National Board of Management, of rejecting any volumes offered to the Library which she deems unsuited to the character of the collection. She shall carry on the correspondence of the Library and shall have complete supervision of its administration."

**ARTICLE XII.**

Insert as Article XII the following:

**CURATOR OF THE MUSEUM.**

"The Museum shall be under the care and custody of the Curator of the Museum, who shall be a member of the National Board of Manage-
ment, and shall be elected biennially by the Continental Congress. She shall be assisted in the work of collecting articles for the Museum by the Revolutionary Relics Committee, of which she shall be Chairman, ex officio.

"The membership of this committee shall be appointed by the President General, and shall consist of one member from each State and Territory and the District of Columbia, and one member from each locality outside the United States in which a Chapter of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution exists."

Re-number Articles X to XVI as XIII to XIX, respectively.

On page 21, Article X, Section 2, strike out "February" and insert "March," as indicated in the footnote.

On page 22, Section 5, strike out "February" where it occurs and
Attention is called to the fact that the Continental Congress should authorize the insertion in Article IV, Section 1, of the Constitution, of the proper titles of the Officers, created since the original list was made, under the provision of the last clause of the first paragraph of Section 1.

Mrs. Burnham was requested to take the Chair.

The Chair invited discussion on the circular read by Mrs. Weed.

It was stated that as the Continental Congress will deal with this, it was not necessary for the Board to consider it at this time, with a view to action.

The Chair called for unfinished business.

Mrs. Davis, Treasurer General, brought up again for the consideration of the Board, the matter of the member of the Lady Stirling Chapter, which had been discussed at several previous meetings. Mrs. Davis stated that the requirements had been complied with which were called for by the motion of Mrs. Clark, of Georgia, in regard to this member of the Lady Stirling Chapter, and she now desired instructions from the Board, as the time for final action had arrived.

The President General resumed the Chair.

The Treasurer General made a detailed statement of the case to the Chair of the subject under consideration.

The Chair said: "We will waive the discussion of this matter until this afternoon, and will now hear the report of the Chairman of the Program Committee."

Mrs. Rosa, Chairman of the Program Committee, made a verbal report which was unanimously endorsed by the Board.

In regard to the order of arranging the names on the Program, Mrs. Rosa suggested the usual method of placing the names, that is, alphabetically. This met with the approval of the Board.

The Recording Secretary General read the following letter:

To the National Board of Management, Daughters of the American Revolution: It having been brought to my attention by one of your members that I am charged with attacking the Board as a body, asserting corruption and making a campaign for Mrs. McLean on this issue, I wish to state:

1. The attacks I have made upon the methods of a few have been based either upon my own knowledge (as in the Baird-Huey case) or upon statements made by national officers and prominent members from their own experience.

I have no personal controversies with any of the members of the Board. I attack their official record whenever I think it deserves attack, and I would be derelict to every claim of duty were I to pass such record over in silence. But in my criticisms I stand on individual responsibility, authorized by none, encouraged by none, instructed by none; and the fact that an effort is being made to place this respons-
ibility any where else than on my own shoulders is only another ex-
ample of the very thing which I have characterized as corrupt.

Very respectfully,

(Signed) HELEN M. BOYNTON.
March 8, 1905.

At half past twelve o'clock it was moved and carried to go into in-
formal session, Mrs. Estey in the Chair.
At one o'clock the Board resumed its regular deliberations.
Mrs. West moved: "That the communication presented to the Board

Mrs. Lucy Bailey Heneberger,
Vice-President General.

from Mrs. Boynton be laid upon the table."
Seconded by Mrs. Davis. Motion carried.
A short discussion followed the action of the Board regarding this
letter.
At quarter past one o'clock it was moved and carried to take a recess
until half past two o'clock.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, March 8, 1905
The adjourned meeting was called to order at half past two o'clock.
In the absence of the President General, Mrs. Estey was nominated
to the Chair.
The Treasurer General brought to the Board again the matter of the
member of the Lady Stirling Chapter, which had been left unsettled at the morning session.

The Chair invited discussion.

It appearing to be the consensus of opinion of the Board that the motion made in regard to this matter at a previous meeting should stand, the Treasurer General was instructed to act in conformity with this resolution, which had been unanimously carried.

The Treasurer General also asked for instructions in regard to the resignation of Miss Pancoast from the Declaration of Independence Chapter of Philadelphia.

After some discussion, Mrs. Davis moved: "That the matter of the transfer of Miss Pancoast be referred back to the State Regent of Pennsylvania.

Seconded by Mrs. Main. Motion carried.

The President General resumed the Chair.

The matter of the acceptance of the minutes of the February meeting which had been held in abeyance pending the return of the President General was taken up for consideration.

The minutes were then accepted with certain eliminations.

Mrs. Howard, Chairman of the House Committee for the Fourteenth Continental Congress, submitted some of the details of the work of this committee to the Board, and made certain suggestions which were approved; also requested that a safe and telephone be procured for purposes of convenience.

Mrs. Tulloch moved: "That the Chairman of the House Committee, Mrs. Howard, be authorized to furnish a safe and telephone for the use of the National Society, Daughters of the American Revolution Congress to be held in April next."

Seconded by Mrs. Davis. Motion carried.

At quarter past four o'clock it was moved and carried to take a recess —for a meeting of the Continental Hall Committee meeting;—the Board to reconvene on Thursday morning at ten o'clock.

THURSDAY, March 8, 1905.

The adjourned meeting was called to order by the President General at ten o'clock, who, in the absence of the Chaplain General, requested the members present to unite in the Lord's Prayer.

The motions of the previous day were read by the Recording Secretary General, and approved.

Mrs. Howard, State Regent of Virginia, presented on the part of two Virginia Chapters, a request for permission to send out certain postal cards, relating to Memorial Continental Hall, asking the exclusive right for this, and that they be not duplicated in any way.

The Chair replied that if no objection was offered the request of the
Virginia Chapters for these special postal cards would be granted. It was so ordered, there being no objection, and the State Regent was requested to communicate with the Chapters on the subject.

Announcement was made of the death of the son of Mrs. Julian Richards, Vice-President General of Iowa, which occurred a few months previous.

Mrs. Tulloch moved: “That an expression of condolence from this Board be sent to Mrs. Julian Richards in her recent bereavement, in the death of her son.”

Seconded by Mrs. Estey and Mrs. Howard. Motion carried.

The death of Mrs. Ellen Mason Colton, a former Vice-President General from California, was also announced to the Board.
Mrs. Howard moved that a letter of sympathy be sent to the family of the late Mrs. Ellen Mason Colton. Seconded by Mrs. Estey, and carried.

Mrs. Simpson was requested to take the Chair.

Some arrangements for the Congress were brought up, and the matter of having badges for the members of Continental Hall Committee, which had been previously considered, was presented.

Mrs. Lockwood moved: “That the Board recommend to the Continental Hall Committee that they adopt badges for the Continental Congress, and that the Credential Committee be authorized to furnish the same.”

It was decided that this be done by common consent of the Board.

The Recording Secretary General read to the Board the Following:

Mrs. Walter Harvey Weed begs to present herewith her resignation as Chairman of the Insignia Committee; said resignation to take effect April 1st.

In turning over the papers, letters, etc., placed in her hands as Chairman of this Committee, and those that came into her hands after she assumed this position, she submits also a sworn statement, which is in every particular verified by appended certified copies of our official records, letters, documents, etc., which statement is necessary to a clear understanding of the very complicated condition which confronted your Insignia Committee in the past year. This statement should always be available for reference, should questions arise in future (after the present members of your Committee retire from the Board), regarding these perplexing problems with which your Committee has had to deal, and with which it has dealt faithfully, earnestly and loyally, and with absolute harmony and unanimity.

Respectfully submitted,

(Signed) HELENA HILL WEEDE.

March 9th.
The Chair invited discussion, and said: “This seems almost an unnecessary proceeding, as the term of the Chairman of the Insignia Committee will expire in April.”

Mrs. Weed replied that there is work before the Insignia Committee at the present time.

The President General resumed the Chair.

Upon motion, the Board went into informal session.

At quarter before twelve o’clock the Board resumed its regular deliberation.

Mrs. Estey offered the following: “I reluctantly move at the earnest request repeatedly made by the Chairman of the Insignia Committee, Mrs. W. H. Weed, that her resignation as such be accepted by the Board.” Seconded by Mrs. Terry. Motion carried.

Mrs. Lockwood, as Chairman of the Supervising Committee, recommended that the wages of the messenger of the office be increased fifty cents a week.

Some discussion followed this recommendation, when it was decided that this recommendation take effect after the Congress, contingent upon the services of the messenger proving satisfactory, in which case the increase, making his wages $4.00 per week, would take effect and begin March 1st.

A letter was read to the Board, addressed to Mr. Frederic Dennison Owen, from the President General, regarding the decoration of the Hall for the Fourteenth Continental Congress, it being the desire of the President General that Mr. Owen should attend to this matter.

The Board approving of the selection of Mr. Owen, the Recording Secretary General was instructed to notify Mr. Owen that he was requested to act as General Director of Decorations for the Fourteenth Continental Congress, Mrs. Main being Chairman of the Committee on Music and Decoration.

There being no further business before the Board, it was moved and carried, at twelve o’clock, to adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

CLARA H. FULLER,
Recording Secretary General, N. S. D. A. R.

Report approved by the Board.